

PROJECT DOCUMENTATION

Implementation of compiler IFJ21 Team 132, variant II.

Oleg Trofimov, xtrofi00: 30% Maxim Gerasimov, xgeras00: 30% Sláma Ondřej, xslama32: 0%

Contents

1	Lexical anylisis	1													
2	Parser2.1 Recursive descent2.2 Precedence	2 2 2													
3	Table of symbols	2													
4	Code generating														
5	Work in team 5.1 Versioning system	3 3 3 3													
6	Deterministic finite automaton	4													
7	Precedence table	5													
8	LL grammar	5													
9	I.I. – table	8													

Introduction

This project should test students teoretical knowledge about finite automats, languages and compilers and their application to practice. Project goal was implementation of compiler for language IFJ21, which is subset of language Teal/Lua, to three adress code IFJcode21.

1 Lexical anylisis

When creating a compiler, we started with the implementation of lexical analysis. Lexical analysis is implemented, including additional support functions and structures, in the source file scanner.c.

The main function of this analysis is read_token, which reads character by character from the source file and passes this to the token structure. For the correct operation of this function, which will be an automaton, the following functions will be used:

- struct String for Representation of dynamic string
- funkce str_init for initialization of memory
- funkce str_free for freeing up memory
- funkce extend_buffer for memory expansion
- funkce str_add_char for saving read characters
- Token_data union data, which token contains
- struct Token contains data and type of token
- funkce create_token alocate memory for token
- funkce add_str_to_token add identif to data.str
- funkce delete_token freeing up memory data.str if was a mistake

The token consists of types and data. Token types can be *keywords*, *identifiers*, *integers*, *floating point numbers*, *strings*, *operators*, *EOF*, and other characters that can be used in the language IFJ21. The union type is used to write data. If the token type is a string or an identifier, then the data will be stored as a string. If the token type is a number (integer or floating point) then the data will be stored as a number (integer or floating point).

The entire lexical analyzer is implemented in the form of a deterministic finite automaton. The state machine sequentially reads the symbol and, depending on the symbol, enters the corresponding state as indicated in the diagram 1. If an incorrect character is read in this case, the program will terminate and give an error. Otherwise, we read the characters until we get a token that we will return and terminate the program.

To process escape sequences in a string, an array of size 3 was created, which is sequentially filled with read numbers of type $' \setminus ddd'$ in the range 000-255, which we will later convert to a number corresponding to a character in an ASCII table.

2 Parser

Parser functions were implemented in three files:

parser.c, parser_recursive_descent.c, parser_precedence.c

For expressions were assigned precedence analysis. All other constructions were processed by recursive descent. In parser.* are defined functions and data structures, which are used in both approaches.

Comunication between parser parts, was implemented by passing pointer on data structure parser_data_t, where were stored all information about analysis state and loaded data. Precedence analysis processed tokens dermined for expression, generated instructions for calculations and with function push_precedence_token added precedence token at the end of data->expression_list, and returned control to recursive descent. After that, recursive descent continued in program processing.

Lexical analyzator was called with function read_token, which returned pointer on structure of token, which was on standart input.

2.1 Recursive descent

Recursive descent is implemented based on LL(1) grammar 8 and LL-table 9. For each non-terminal was created function, which simulate that non-terminal. In this function is sequence of comparing lexical tokens from lexical analysis and deciding, which rule should be used for generating new non-terminals or terminals. Unfortunatelly, there are two cases, which we can not decide only by LL(1) grammar. It is when we got token representing identifier, when we are in terminal <assignment> or <init2>. Identifier can be start of function call or identifier of local variable. In this case we used help of semantic analysis, we searched in global table of symbols and if we find function, we generate function call. If we did not find, we generate non-terminal for expression.

Alongside with syntax analysis, there are semantics controls and semantics actions, such as generating instructions or type controls. All function return bool value, true means all is ok, false error occured. As parameter they all have pointer on structure parset_data_t, which contains all information needed for analysis.

2.2 Precedence

Main body of precedence evaluating is in parser_precedence.c, mainly function precedence.

After initialized buffer, precedence table and rule table. Three main functions are check_rule, precedence_compare and reduce_fnc.

Firstly check_rule controles if such combination of tokens exists. Secondly, depending on what precedence is, precedence_compare returns commands: push, reduce or no precedence. And last reduce_fnc creates instruction for code generator and popping out reduced tokens.

My actions are writen in table 2

3 Table of symbols

Our task was implement table of symbols as hash table. Our hash table was implemented as structure, which contains item counter (size), array of pointers on lists of synnonyms (array), array size (arr_size) and pointer on next hash table. For deciding index, where item will be stored is used sdbm hash function, which is used in berkley database [?].

There are two hash tables pointers in parser_data_t. One for global frame, where are stored data only about functions. Second, contains data about local variables. Table for local variables is implemented by stack hierarchy. For each scope is created new hash table and pushed on the top of the stack. When we are trying to add variable, we search only on top of stack, if there is variable with same name. When we are looking for variable, we search item in top level, when we can not find it, we continue in lower level, until we are out of levels. When we are leaving from scope, we pops top level hash table.

Hash table stores one type of structure in lists, which is same for functions and local variables, but data, which contains are different.

Item which represents function, contains key, pointer on list of parameters, pointer on list of return types. This lists use datastructure data_token_t. When function is declared, parameter list contains only data types as return list. Defined function have parameter names stored in parameter list. Type of item is set to function_declared or function_defined. Item have pointer on next item or NULL, if there is none and frame_ID is undefined value.

Item which represents local variable have set key, data type (string, number, integer) and frame_ID, where was defined. Pointers on lists are set on NULL.

4 Code generating

At the beginning of project we wanted implement only one – pass compiler, but there was problem with definitions of variables inside while loop. So we decided, that we create list of instructions, which is stored inside parset_data_t. So we added instruction at the end of list, except variable definitions. If parser recognize, that on the input is loop construction, he made special pointer to the list, where was inserted all instructions for defining variable. In parset_data_t is another special list, which contains

At the end of analysis, parser called function generate_code, which printed instructions and freed memory.

5 Work in team

5.1 Versioning system

As version system we were using Git, with hosting on Github. Every team member worked in own branch. When feature was created, branch was pulled to main branch and used by others.

5.2 Communication

For communication we used own Discord server with specialized chat thread for IFJ project. In case of some big problem, we used voice rooms for call and and solved problem with screen sharing.

All team members had access to this server, including Ondřej Sláma, but he did not respond. Team leader and other members send him some messages, with work to do, but he did not show any effort or any work. In the end, 3.12.2021 he wrote message to team leader and offered help, but by this time, all work was almost done or devided to other members.

5.3 Distribution of points

We divided the work on the project taking into account its complexity and labor intensity. Thus, everyone received a percentage rating in the amount indicated in the table 1.

Team member	Accomplished work						
	team management, organization of work, control over the execution of work,						
Ondřej Keprt, xkeprt03: 40%	consultation, project structure, testing, documentation,						
Ondrej Keprt, xkeprtos. 40%	syntax and semantic analysis \Rightarrow recursive descent, hash table, code generating \Rightarrow						
	prepared functions, design, generating program flow, function calls						
Oleg Trofimov, xtrofi00: 30%	lexical analysis, testing, documentation						
Maxim Gerasimov, xgeras00: 30%	syntax and semantic analysis \Rightarrow precedence, generating expressions,						
Waxiiii Gerasiiiov, xgerasoo. 50%	testing, documentation						
Sláma Ondřej, xslama32: 0%	nothing is done						

Table 1: Distribution of work in the team

6 Deterministic finite automaton

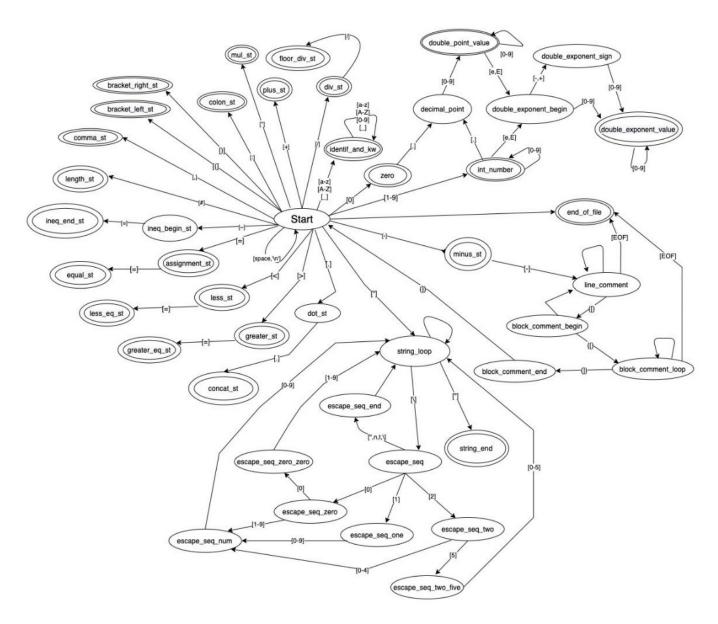


Figure 1: Deterministic finite automaton

7 Precedence table

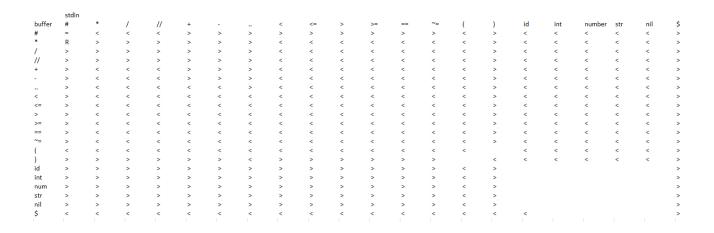


Figure 2: Precedence table

8 LL grammar

```
1. <intro>\rightarrow <prolog> <prog>
 2. < prog> \rightarrow < fce_decl> < prog>
 3. < prog> \rightarrow < fce_def> < prog>
 4. cprog> → identif <call_fce>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               
 5. prog>\rightarrow \epsilon
 6. <prolog>→require "ifj21"
 7. <fce_decl>→global identif : function ( <type_list> ) <ret_list>
 8. <type_list>\rightarrow \epsilon
 9. <type_list>→<type><type_list2>
10. \langle type\_list2 \rangle \rightarrow, \langle type \rangle \langle type\_list2 \rangle
11. <type_list2>\rightarrow \epsilon
12. <ret_list>→: <type><type_list2>
13. \langle \text{ret\_list} \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon
14. <fce_def>→function identif ( <param_def_list> ) <ret_list> <st_list> end
15. <param_def_list>\rightarrow \epsilon
16. \param_def_list> \rightarrow \param_def_list2>
17. \param_def_list2>\rightarrow, \param> \param_def_list2>
```

- 18. <param_def_list2> $\rightarrow \epsilon$
- 19. <param>→identif : <type>
- 20. $\langle st_list \rangle \rightarrow \langle statement \rangle \langle st_list \rangle$
- 21. $\langle \text{st_list} \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon$
- 22. <statement>→local identif:<type><init>
- 23. $\langle \text{init} \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon$
- 24. $\langle init \rangle \rightarrow = \langle init 2 \rangle$
- 25. <init2>→identif<call_fce>
- 26. <init2> \rightarrow <expression>
- 27. <statement>→identif <after_id>
- 28. $\langle after_id \rangle \rightarrow \langle call_fce \rangle$
- 29. $\langle after_id \rangle \rightarrow \langle identif_list \rangle = \langle assignment \rangle$
- 30. <identif_list>→, identif<identif_list>
- 31. <identif_list> $\rightarrow \epsilon$
- $32. < assignment > \rightarrow < expression > < expression_list2 >$
- 33. <assignment>→identif<call_fce>
- 34. <expression_list $> \rightarrow <$ expression><expression_list2>
- 35. $\langle expression_list \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon$
- 36. $\langle expression_list2 \rangle \rightarrow$, $\langle expression \rangle \langle expression_list2 \rangle$
- 37. <expression_list2> $\rightarrow \epsilon$
- $38. < \text{statement} \rightarrow \text{if} < \text{expression} \rightarrow \text{then} < \text{st_list} \rightarrow \text{else} < \text{st_list} \rightarrow \text{end}$
- 39. <statement>→while<expression>do<st_list>end
- 40. $\langle st_list \rangle \rightarrow return \langle expression_list \rangle$
- 41. $\langle \text{call_fce} \rangle \rightarrow (\langle \text{value_list} \rangle)$
- 42. <value_list> $\rightarrow \epsilon$
- 43. <value_list>→<value><value_list2>
- 44. <value_list2>→, <value><value_list2>
- 45. <value_list2> $\rightarrow \epsilon$
- 46. <value>→integer_value
- 47. <value>→number_value

- 48. <value>→string_value
- 49. <value> \rightarrow identif
- 50. $\langle value \rangle \rightarrow nil$
- 51. <type>→integer
- 52. <type>→number
- 53. <type>→string

9 LL – table

 ∞

	do	else	end	function	global	if	integer	local	nil	number	require	return	string	then	while	()	:	,	=	integer value	number value	string value	EOF	identif	#
<intro></intro>											1															
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>				3	2																			5	4	
<pre><pre>cprolog></pre></pre>											6															
<fce decl=""></fce>					7																					
<type list=""></type>							9			9			9				8									
<type list2=""></type>			11	11	11	11		11				11			11		11		10					11	11	
<ret list=""></ret>			13	13	13	13		13				13			13			12						13	13	
<fce def=""></fce>				14																						
<pre><param def="" list=""/></pre>																	15								16	
<pre><param def="" list2=""/></pre>																	18		17							
<param/>																									19	
<st list=""></st>		21	21			20		20				40			20										20	
<statement></statement>						38		22							39										27	
<init></init>		23	23			23		23				23			23					24					23	
<init2></init2>									26							26					26	26	26		25/26	26
<identif list=""></identif>																			30	31						
<expression list=""></expression>		35	35						34							34					34	34	34		34	34
<expression list2=""></expression>		37	37			37		37				37			37				36						37	
<call fce=""></call>																41										
<value list=""></value>									43								42				43	43	43		43	
<value list2=""></value>																	45		44							
<value></value>									50												46	47	48		49	
<type></type>							51			52			53													\perp
<assigment></assigment>									32							32					32	32	32		32/33	32
<expression></expression>																										
<after id=""></after>																28			29	29						

Figure 3: LL-table created from LL(1) grammar

There are 2 places, where we can not decide only on LL(1) grammar, here we use semantics check for help