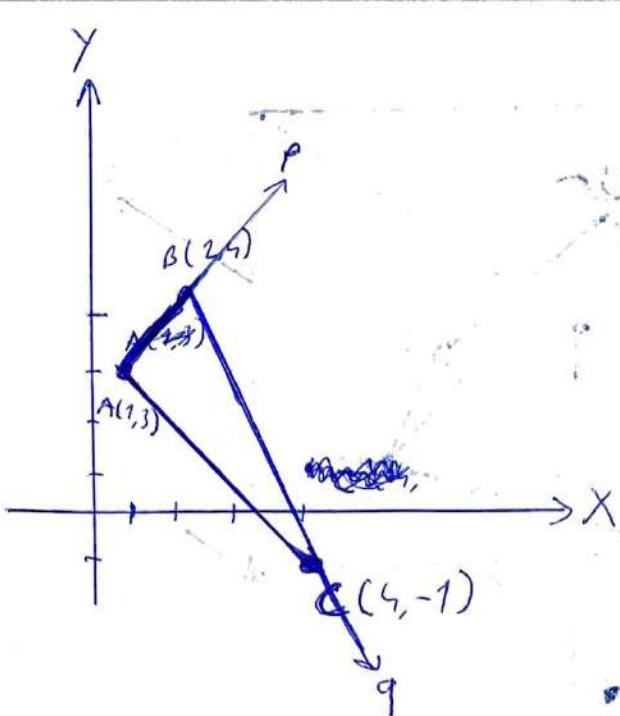


8)



$$\text{proj}_q(p) = \frac{p \cdot q}{|q|^2} \cdot q$$

$$\text{Distance} = \vec{BA} - \text{proj}_{BC}(\vec{BA})$$

$$p = \vec{AB} = B - A = (1, 1) \quad |p| = \sqrt{2}$$

$$q = \vec{BC} = C - B = (2, -5) \quad |q| = \sqrt{29}$$

Projection of p onto q

$$\frac{p \cdot q}{|q|^2} \cdot q = \frac{(2-5)}{\sqrt{29}^2} \cdot (2, -5) = \frac{-3}{29} \cdot (2, -5) = \left(\frac{-6}{29}, \frac{15}{29} \right)$$

$$\text{proj}_q(p) = \left(\frac{-6}{29}, \frac{15}{29} \right)$$

Distance of A to $q(\vec{BC})$

$$\vec{BA} = A - B = -p = (-1, -1)$$

$$\vec{BA} - \text{proj}_q(\vec{BA}) = \vec{BA} - \text{proj}_q(-p) = \vec{BA} - \left(\frac{+6}{29}, \frac{-15}{29} \right) = (-1, -1) - \left(\frac{+6}{29}, \frac{-15}{29} \right) = \left(\frac{-35}{29}, \frac{-14}{29} \right)$$

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{-35}{29} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{-14}{29} \right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1421}{29^2}} = \frac{7\sqrt{29}}{29}$$

Area

$$\text{Distance} \times |\vec{BC}| \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{7\sqrt{29}}{29} \times \sqrt{29} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2} = \boxed{3.5}$$