NumPy INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON



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Lists Recap

- Powerful
- Collection of values
- Hold different types
- Change, add, remove
- Need for Data Science
 - Mathematical operations over collections
 - Speed

Illustration

```
height = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79]
height
```

```
[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79]
```

```
weight = [65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7]
weight
```

```
[65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7]
```

```
weight / height ** 2
```

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for ** or pow(): 'list' and 'int'



Solution: NumPy

- Numeric Python
- Alternative to Python List: NumPy Array
- Calculations over entire arrays
- Easy and Fast
- Installation
 - In the terminal: pip3 install numpy

NumPy

```
import numpy as np
np_height = np.array(height)
np_height
array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
np_weight = np.array(weight)
np_weight
array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
bmi = np_weight / np_height ** 2
bmi
array([21.85171573, 20.97505669, 21.75028214, 24.7473475 , 21.44127836])
```



Comparison

```
height = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79]
weight = [65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7]
weight / height ** 2
```

```
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for ** or pow(): 'list' and 'int'
```

```
np_height = np.array(height)
np_weight = np.array(weight)
np_weight / np_height ** 2
```

```
array([21.85171573, 20.97505669, 21.75028214, 24.7473475 , 21.44127836])
```



NumPy: remarks

```
np.array([1.0, "is", True])
array(['1.0', 'is', 'True'], dtype='<U32')</pre>
```

NumPy arrays: contain only one type

NumPy: remarks

```
python_list = [1, 2, 3]
numpy_array = np.array([1, 2, 3])

python_list + python_list

[1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3]

numpy_array + numpy_array
```

array([2, 4, 6])

• Different types: different behavior!

NumPy Subsetting

```
bmi
array([21.85171573, 20.97505669, 21.75028214, 24.7473475 , 21.44127836])
bmi[1]
20.975
bmi > 23
array([False, False, False, True, False])
bmi[bmi > 23]
array([24.7473475])
```



Let's practice!

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2D NumPy Arrays

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Type of NumPy Arrays

```
import numpy as np
np_height = np.array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
np\_weight = np.array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
type(np_height)
numpy.ndarray
type(np_weight)
numpy.ndarray
```



2D NumPy Arrays

np_2d.shape

```
(2, 5) # 2 rows, 5 columns
```

```
np.array([[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79],
        [65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, "68.7"]])
```

```
array([['1.73', '1.68', '1.71', '1.89', '1.79'],
['65.4', '59.2', '63.6', '88.4', '68.7']], dtype='<U32')
```



Subsetting

```
0 1 2 3 4

array([[ 1.73,  1.68,  1.71,  1.89,  1.79],  0
      [ 65.4,  59.2,  63.6,  88.4,  68.7]]) 1
```

```
np_2d[0]
```

```
array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
```

Subsetting

```
0 1 2 3 4

array([[ 1.73,  1.68,  1.71,  1.89,  1.79],  0
      [ 65.4,  59.2,  63.6,  88.4,  68.7]]) 1
```

```
np_2d[0][2]
```

```
1.71
```

```
np_2d[0, 2]
```

```
1.71
```

Subsetting

```
0
                        2
                               3
array([[ 1.73, 1.68,
                       1.71, 1.89,
                                    1.79],
      [ 65.4, 59.2,
                                    68.7]])
                       63.6,
                              88.4,
np_2d[:, 1:3]
array([[ 1.68, 1.71],
      [59.2 , 63.6 ]])
np_2d[1, :]
array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
```

Let's practice!

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NumPy: Basic Statistics

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Data analysis

- Get to know your data
- Little data -> simply look at it
- Big data -> ?

City-wide survey

```
import numpy as np
np_city = ... # Implementation left out
np_city
```

NumPy

```
np.mean(np_city[:, 0])
```



NumPy

0.1992

- sum(), sort(), ...
- Enforce single data type: speed!

Generate data

- Arguments for np.random.normal()
 - distribution mean
 - distribution standard deviation
 - number of samples

```
height = np.round(np.random.normal(1.75, 0.20, 5000), 2)
weight = np.round(np.random.normal(60.32, 15, 5000), 2)
np_city = np.column_stack((height, weight))
```

Let's practice!

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