Welcome to Week 1

# Cloud Accelerator Program

CloudFormation, IAM, and AWS SAM

**Develop**Intelligence

A PLURALSIGHT COMPANY

#### Hello



# HELLO my name is

## Allen Sanders

with DevelopIntelligence, a Pluralsight Company.

#### About me...



- 26+ years in the industry
- 21+ years in teaching
- Certified Cloud architect
- Passionate about learning
- Also, passionate about Reese's Cups!

#### Why study these subjects?

In modern software engineering, our ability to quickly deploy incremental innovation, ensure its quality, and scale to meet customer demand proves critical to our success

- Cloud is everywhere and it's not going away
- As with many topics in technology, there are multiple options and multiple dimensions to those options
- Building a deeper understanding of Cloud and its offerings helps prepare you for modern IT
- Included in that is the importance of learning about key foundational concepts like Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC) and Identity & Access Management (IAM)

### My pledge to you

#### I will...

- Make this interactive
- Ask you questions
- Ensure everyone can speak
- Use an on-screen timer

#### Agenda

- Speaking the language of Cloud
- CloudFormation one of the Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC) options in AWS
- Identity & Access Management (IAM) key to securing workloads in AWS
- The AWS SAM (Serverless Application Model) one of the newer serverless offerings available in AWS

#### How we're going to work together

- Slides and words to highlight key concepts
- Demos to bring those concepts "to life"
- Lab work (which will take place in sandboxes provided by "A Cloud Guru")
   for hands-on reinforcement
- NOTE: I welcome being interrupted if you need more info, or clarification, or anything else, just break in and ask. I am here to help you.

#### **Open Discussion**

What is "the Cloud"?

How does "the Cloud" factor into modern IT?





## Speaking the Language of Cloud

## **Infrastructure Options**

### **Infrastructure Options**



Infrastructure is the hardware & software that run our IT workloads and that provide our business users and customers a way to interface with the applications required to complete their daily jobs

### **What Are the Options?**



On-Premise (in a Data Center)



**Public Cloud** 



At the Edge



Hybrid Cloud

What do they all mean?

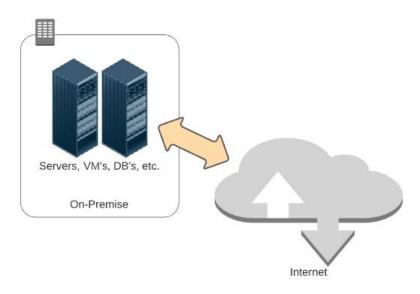
#### **On-Premise**

Can mean a few different things:

- In a wholly-owned Data Center
- In a COLO (or co-location Data Center)
- Sometimes called a "private cloud"



## **On-Premise**







- How infrastructure has traditionally been done
- With this model, companies try and estimate current & future hardware capacity needed to support business operations



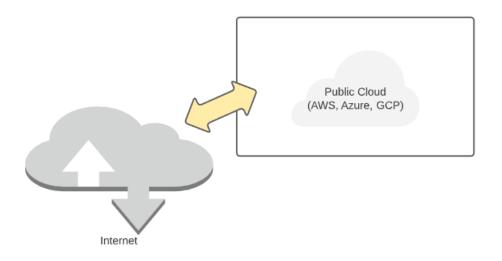




- Stakeholders plan out expected levels of consumption for the next 3 5 years (capacity to handle current volumes as well as expected growth)
- Some critical workloads may not be suitable for anything but a physical and directlymanaged implementation (e.g., mainframe)



## **Public Cloud**







- Platform using the standard "Cloud computing model" to provide infrastructure and application services
- Accessed and integrated via the Internet
- May provide a few different types of services laaS, PaaS, etc.



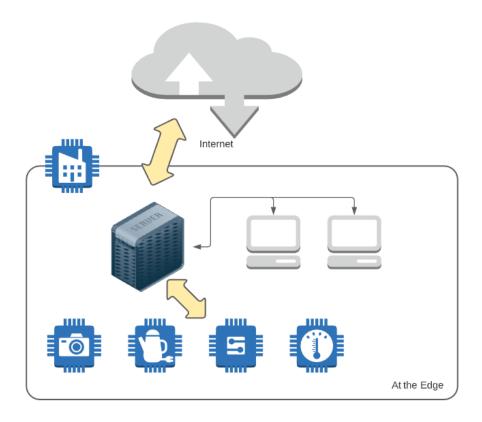




- Usually supports a subscription or "pay as you go" (on-demand) pricing model
- Largest players in this space include Azure, AWS and GCP



## At the Edge



## At the Edge

## **Can include 3 distinct layers:**





Inner or Near Edge

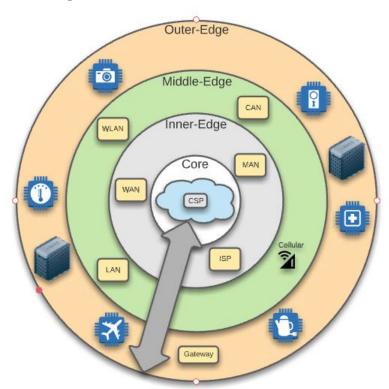


Middle Edge



Outer or Far Edge

### At the Edge – Layers



CSP – Cloud Service Provider
WAN – Wide Area Network
ISP – Internet Service Provider
MAN – Metropolitan Area Network
LAN – Local Area Network
WLAN – Wireless Local Area Network
CAN – Campus Area Network

#### At the Edge



- It's about bringing the power of Cloud computing to you
- Enables additional processing closer to the sources of data while still supporting the offload of higher order processing to the Cloud
- Often involves setting up "Cloud-in-a-box" facilities on-premise







- IoT (Internet of Things) is a good example devices in a facility reading massive amounts of data can incorporate processing at the edge to improve overall efficiency
- Helps inject lower latency, increased security and improved bandwidth into systems used to aggregate critical data for an enterprise



## **Hybrid Cloud**



- In many ways, an amalgamation of the other options
- Supports distribution of system processing across on-premise infrastructure and the public Cloud



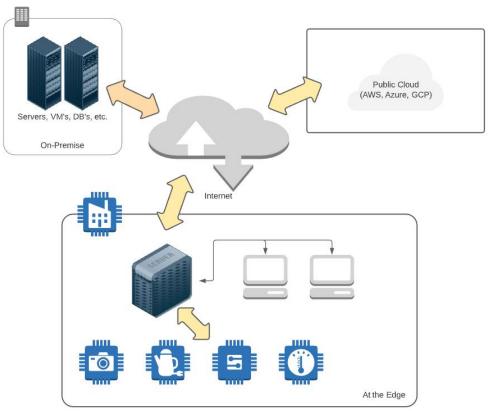
### **Hybrid Cloud**



- Allows an enterprise to keep workloads that are best-suited for on-premise running onpremise while allowing migration of components that can move to the public Cloud
- Can help make an enterprise's move to the Cloud more gradual and planful



## **Hybrid Cloud**



## **Application Hosting**

#### **Application Hosting**

By Application Hosting, we mean the target infrastructure and runtime platform used for deployment and execution of an application or system; can include compute (CPU and server resources), storage, network, data and operating system

#### **Application Hosting – An "Interesting" Example?**

Here's an example of someone thinking "outside-of-the-box" when it comes to application hosting!

https://mashable.com/article/pregnancy-test-doom/

#### What Are the Hosting Options with Cloud?

- IaaS
- PaaS
- Serverless / FaaS
- SaaS
- Containers



## What do they all mean?





- Involves the building out (and management) of virtual instances of:
  - Compute
  - Network
  - Storage
- Akin to spinning up a server (physical or virtual) in your location or data center complete with disks and required network connectivity







- The difference is in the where instead of in your data center, it is created in a data center managed by one of the public Cloud providers
- Your organization is responsible for patching the OS, ensuring all appropriate security updates are applied and that the right controls are in place to govern interaction between this set of components and other infrastructure







- Involves leveraging managed services from a public Cloud provider
- With this model, an enterprise can focus on management of their application and data vs. focusing on management of the underlying infrastructure
- Patching and security of the infrastructure used to back the managed services falls to the CSP (Cloud Service Provider)







- Many managed services support automatic scale up or down depending on demand to help ensure sufficient capacity is in place
- Can be considered synonymous with the term "Cloud native"





#### Serverless / Functions-as-a-Service (FaaS)



- Also represents a type of managed service provided by the CSP
- Cost structure is usually consumption-based (i.e., you only pay for what you use)
- Supports many different coding paradigms (C#/.NET, NodeJS, Python, etc.)





#### Serverless / Functions-as-a-Service (FaaS)

- Typically, with Serverless (and PaaS), the consumer is only concerned with the application code and data – elements of the CSP's "backbone" used to support are managed by the CSP
- Includes more sophisticated automated scaling capabilities built for Internet scale







- Subscription-based application services
- Licensed for utilization over the Internet / online rather than for download and install on a server or client machine
- Fully-hosted and fully-managed by a 3<sup>rd</sup> party

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#### Software-as-a-Service (SaaS)

- Of those discussed, often the cheapest option for service consumers
- However, also offers minimal (or no) control, outside of exposed configuration capabilities

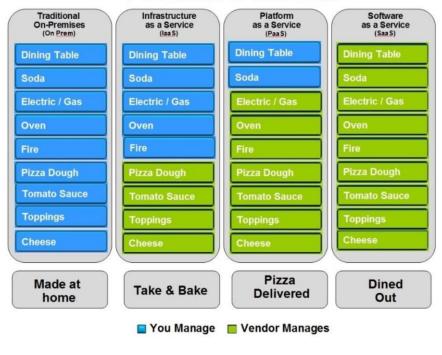
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#### Pizza-as-a-Service

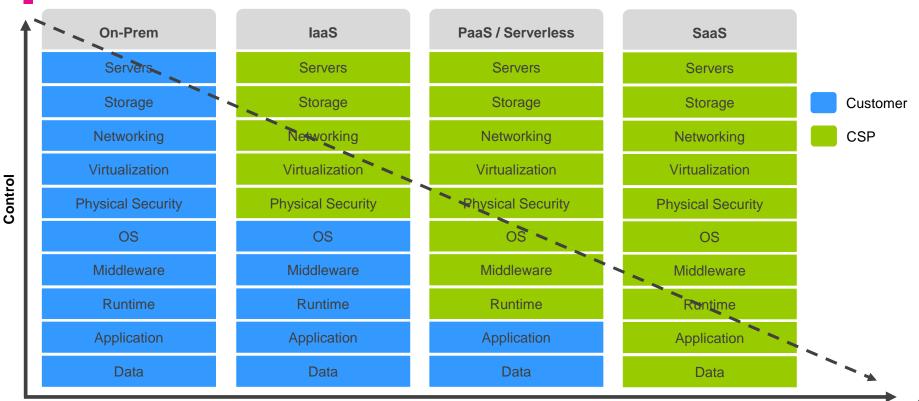
From a LinkedIn post by Albert Barron from IBM (<a href="https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/20140730172610-9679881-pizza-as-a-service/">https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/20140730172610-9679881-pizza-as-a-service/</a>)



#### Pizza as a Service



#### **Side-by-Side Comparison**



#### **Containerization in the Cloud**

- One option includes standing up VM's (laaS) and installing / managing a Kubernetes cluster on those machines or
- Another option includes leveraging a managed service (PaaS) provided by the CSP
- Options in AWS include Elastic Container Service (ECS), Elastic Container Registry (ECR), and EKS (Elastic Kubernetes Service)



#### Which One is Better?

- The answer is "it depends"
- It depends on the type of application
- It depends on the enterprise







- It depends on the skillset and expertise within the organization
- It depends on whether you have budget and opportunity to modernize an application environment (in some cases)
- The best option might be a combination of multiple approaches right tool for the right job



#### **Group Discussion:**

**Cloud Options** 

Scenario: Your company uses a sophisticated system for global scheduling of flights and flight reservations. The infrastructure used to power this critical system is currently hosted in an onpremise Data Center. This includes a mainframe for primary business functions (customer management, flight management, staff management, account management, etc.), several Web Apps (for customer and staff interaction), several Web APIs providing backend data and functionality to the UIs, and a system used to manage data feeds from several IoT devices present in the aircraft for reporting on equipment status.

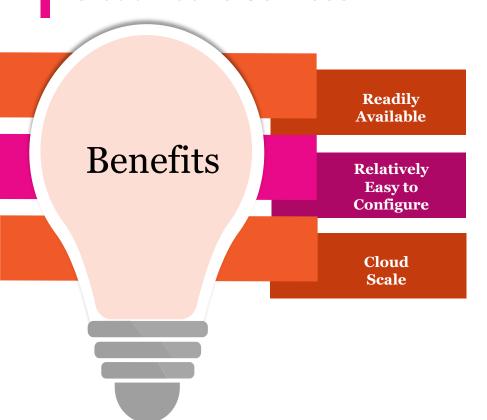
As a member of the technical staff, you have been asked to provide thoughts and recommendations on moving from the Data Center to the Cloud.

In your assigned breakout room, discuss as a group and be prepared to provide the following: 1) Potential options for infrastructure in the Cloud for the different types of workload, 2) potential options for hosting of each component type, and 3) considerations that the company should keep in mind as they make the move to ensure awareness and proactive planning.

Nominate someone (or volunteer) to share your group's ideas.

## Cloud Service Options in AWS

#### **Cloud Native Services**

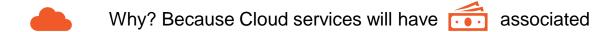


The offers much in the way of capability and services

#### **Cloud Native Services**

- Sophisticated services that bring business value
- Enable expansion of the services ecosystem of your enterprise into new areas of differentiation and segmentation
- Key thing to remember just because a service is available does not mean that you must use it (or even should use it)
- There should be an architectural vision in place for leverage of the Cloud that is directly aligned with business value

#### **Cloud Native Services**



- The must be accounted for and justified as operating expense against business drivers
- With good alignment and a good plan, sophisticated Cloud services can help accelerate business mission

## **Developing for Cloud**





Compute



Storage



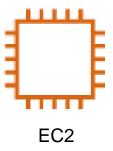
Networking



Database

## **Compute in AWS**

## Includes







Elastic Beanstalk

## **Storage in AWS**

## Includes



Simple Storage Service (S3)



Elastic Block Store (EBS)



**AWS Snowball** 

## **Networking in AWS**

## Includes



Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)/Subnets



**API Gateway** 



Route 53

### **Database in AWS**

## Includes



Relational Database Service (RDS)



DynamoDB



Aurora

#### Other in AWS

- Analytics
- Application Integration
- AWS Cost Management
- Blockchain
- Business Applications
- Compute
- Customer Enablement
- □ Database
- Developer Tools
- End User Computing
- Front-end Web & Mobile
- € Game Development
- ⊕ Internet of Things
- Machine Learning
- Management & Governance
- Media Services
- Migration & Transfer
- Networking & Content Delivery
- Quantum Technologies
- Robotics
- Satellite
- Security, Identity, & Compliance
- Storage





## CloudFormation

# Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC)





- As the name implies, the definition & configuration of our infrastructure IN code
- Instead of manually creating (inefficient) → automated in scripts that run "at the push of a button"











- If only creating a handful of resources, manual is (probably) fine
- Creating hundreds (or even thousands), not so much!
- Modern DevOps is built around automation quickly tearing down and rebuilding entire sets of infrastructure as and when required







### laC – Advantages?



Testable

Repeatable

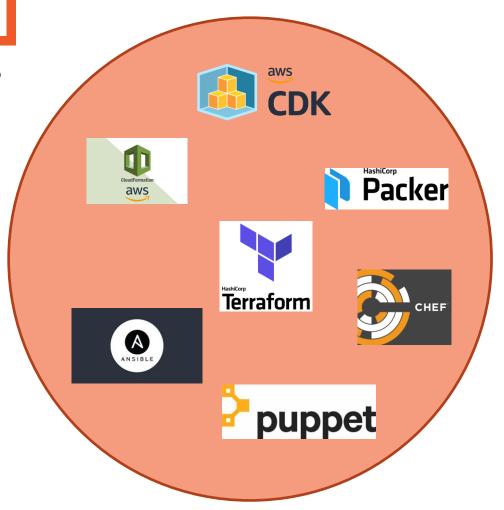
Auditable







laC – Options?







#### Works off 3 main concepts:

Templates Stacks **Change Sets** 



Formatted text files written in JSON or YAML that describe the "blueprint" for the AWS resources to be built

### Works off 3 main concepts:

Templates

Stacks

**Change Sets** 



#### Works off 3 main concepts:

**Templates** Stacks **Change Sets** 

A grouping of the complete set of resources provisioned by execution of a CloudFormation template



#### Works off 3 main concepts:

Templates

Stacks

Provides a summary of proposed changes that will be made to a set of running resources through execution of an updated template – before those updates are made

Change Sets

#### LAB:

**AWS CloudFormation** 

Execute the "Hands-On" lab available at <a href="https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/8a73c444-d5a3-461a-81fd-0cb4f0a56103">https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/8a73c444-d5a3-461a-81fd-0cb4f0a56103</a>

LAB:

**AWS CloudFormation** 

Execute the "Hands-On" lab available at <a href="https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/db9222f4-e0a0-4844-a110-d9225474c6e1">https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/db9222f4-e0a0-4844-a110-d9225474c6e1</a>

## Identity & Access Management (IAM)

#### IAM – What is it?





Source: https://aws.amazon.com/iam/

#### IAM - What is it?





## IAM – Users



jschmoe		Delete		
Summary				
ARN	Console access Disabled	Access key 1 Not enabled		
Created	Last console sign-in	Access key 2 Not enabled		
Permissions Groups (1) Tags Security credentials	Access Advisor			
User groups membership (1)  A user group is a collection of IAM users. Use groups to specify permissions for a collection of users. A user can be a member of up to 10 groups at a time.				
☐ Group name [2]	▲ Attached policies 🖸	▽		
Developers	AmazonECS_FullAccess			

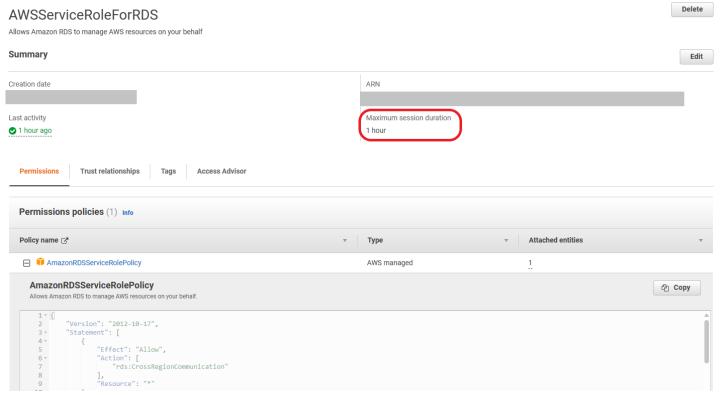




Developers			Delete
Summary			Edit
User group name Developers	Creation time	ARN	
Users Permissions Access Advisor			
Permissions policies (1) Info You can attach up to 10 managed policies.		Simulate Remove	Add permissions
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AmazonECS_FullAccess Provides administrative access to Amazon ECS resources and enables ECS fee	stures through access to other AWS service resources, including \	/PCs, Auto Scaling groups, and CloudFormation stacks.	<b>€</b> Сору
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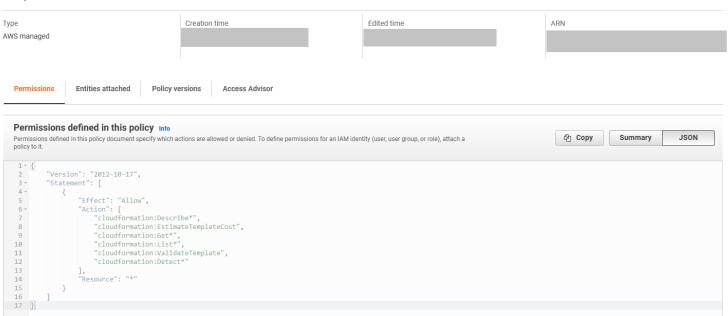
## IAM - Policies



### AWSCloudFormationReadOnlyAccess

Provides access to AWS CloudFormation via the AWS Management Console.

### Policy details



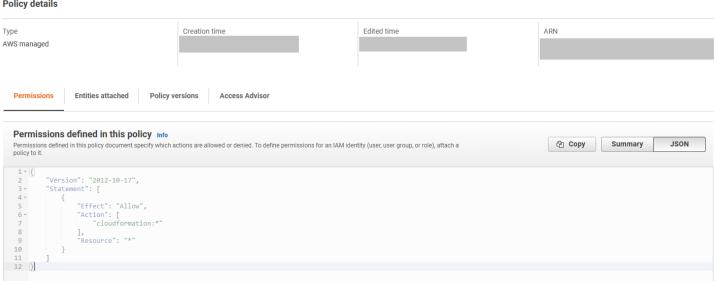
## IAM - Policies



### AWSCloudFormationFullAccess

Provides full access to AWS CloudFormation.

### **Policy details**



**AWS IAM** 

Execute the "Hands-On" lab available at <a href="https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/2b676662-301f-4797-a22a-e13d48d4ca92">https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/2b676662-301f-4797-a22a-e13d48d4ca92</a>

### **DEMO:**

**AWS CloudFormation** 

Review the examples at <a href="https://github.com/KernelGamut32/Mastering-AWS-CloudFormation">https://github.com/KernelGamut32/Mastering-AWS-CloudFormation</a>

### **DEMO:**

AWS CloudFormation – Nested Stacks

Review the examples at

https://learn.acloud.guru/handson/7e6eecaa-283a-46d2-a1ad-8ec41c198250

## **AWS SAM (Serverless Application Model)**

## AWS SAM – What is it?



AWS SAM Template Specification

AWS SAM CLI (Command-Line Interface)

### AWS SAM – What is it?



- Open-source framework
- An extension of CloudFormation
- Enables use of abstract, short-hand syntax to define infrastructure
- Transforms short-hand syntax into code to define and create resources

AWS SAM Template Specification

AWS SAM CLI (Command-Line Interface)

### AWS SAM – What is it?



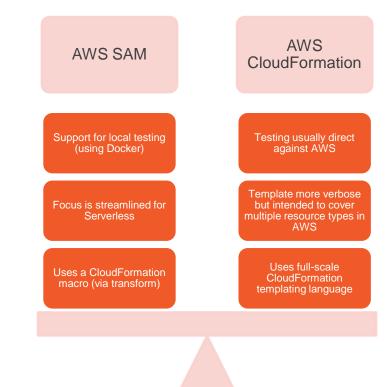
AWS SAM Template Specification

AWS SAM CLI (Command-Line Interface)

- Separately installed command line tool
- Used to initialize a new project, build, test, deploy, and monitor
- Supports sync of local changes to the Cloud
- Can be used (alongside a Docker installation) to test the application locally!



### "Differences" Between AWS SAM and CloudFormation



AWS SAM

**AWS SAM** 

Review the example at <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/serverless-application-model/latest/developerguide/serverless-example-ddb.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/serverless-application-model/latest/developerguide/serverless-example-ddb.html</a>

**AWS SAM** 

Review the example at <a href="https://docs.aws.amazon.com/serverless-application-model/latest/developerguide/serverless-example-s3.html">https://docs.aws.amazon.com/serverless-application-model/latest/developerguide/serverless-example-s3.html</a>

# Thank you!

If you have additional questions, please reach out to me at: asanders@gamuttechnologysvcs.com

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