Case Study: "Rivermount Energy & Utilities" (REU)

Company snapshot

- Industry: Regulated electric & gas utility (generation, transmission, distribution; growing wind/solar)
- Workforce: 9,200 employees; 40% field crews/contractors; multiple JV partners and OEM vendors

Data estate (high level):

- Microsoft 365: Exchange Online, SharePoint Online, OneDrive, Teams, Viva Engage, Power BI
- Azure: ADLS Gen2 (smart-meter/telemetry landings & reports), Azure SQL (asset & work mgmt marts)
- Other clouds / on-prem: AWS S3 (vendor engineering drops), on-prem file shares/NAS (as-built drawings, substation one-lines, project docs), ESRI ArcGIS
- OT/ICS: SCADA/DCS historian networks (segmented; not governed by Purview policies directly)
- Regulatory drivers: NERC CIP, FERC/CEII, state PUC rules, PCI (bill pay), SOX (public company), OSHA/EPA retention, GDPR if EU vendors

Risk posture & pain points:

- Excess anonymous/external links to project sites with CEII (Critical Energy Infrastructure Information)
- Customer PII (account/meter IDs) shows up in email/Teams during outage coordination
- o Contractors syncing engineering folders to personal cloud/USB
- Inconsistent retention for engineering drawings, outage reports, and incident investigations
- Limited visibility across multi-cloud where sensitive data actually resides

Recent fictional incidents:

1. A substation **one-line diagram** shared via anonymous SharePoint link.

- 2. A planning analyst exported **AMI meter reads** to a personal Gmail to "model quickly."
- 3. A Power BI dashboard with **customer addresses** shared to a vendor tenant.
 - Current controls (fragmented):
 - o Some **sensitivity labels** (no encryption); inconsistent label policies
 - Standard Audit only; short audit retention
 - No Endpoint DLP; no AWS scanning; ad-hoc eDiscovery (Standard)
 - Constraints & goals:
 - Don't slow field safety/outage restoration workflows
 - Phase controls with measurable risk reduction
 - o Clear separation of duties across CIP Compliance, Security, Legal, Data
 - o Build a unified governance operating model in 12 months

Your challenge (for students)

Design a 90-day rollout + 12-month roadmap using **Microsoft Purview** (compliance portal + governance portal) and adjacent Microsoft security. You must:

- 1. **Discover & map** sensitive data (CEII, customer PII, contracts) across M365, Azure, AWS, and on-prem file shares.
- 2. **Protect & govern** with minimal friction for field and project teams.
- 3. **Detect & investigate** exfiltration/misuse; enable incident response.
- 4. Comply with retention & legal holds (engineering, safety, regulatory).
- 5. Measure success with clear KPIs.

Deliverables: high-level architecture, role model, prioritized controls, 3–5 KPIs.

Discussion Prompts & Mini-Exercises (with what good answers include)

1) Discover & Map (Governance)

Prompt A: How will you identify where **CEII** and customer **PII** live (M365, Azure, AWS, onprem)?

Good answers:

- Purview governance portal: register & scan ADLS Gen2, Azure SQL, Power BI, AWS
 S3, and file shares; organize with Collections; assign Data Source
 Admin/Reader/Curator.
- Use **built-in classifications** + custom rules for CEII terms (e.g., "one-line," "protection relay settings"); **Data Estate Insights** heatmaps; **Business Glossary** (e.g., "CEII—Substation One-Line").
- In **compliance portal**: **Content Explorer** for label/SIT distribution, **Activity Explorer** for label/DLP activity.
- Note **OT** is segmented; only derived/replicated data in IT zones is scanned.

Prompt B: What governance roles and separation of duties fit a NERC environment? **Good answers:**

- Distinct governance roles (Collection Admin, Data Curator, Data Reader) and compliance roles (Compliance Admin, eDiscovery Manager, Insider Risk, Communication Compliance).
- Include CIP Compliance Officer as approver/auditor; least privilege throughout.

2) Labeling & Protection (Information Protection)

Prompt C: Propose a **sensitivity label taxonomy** with encryption decisions. **Good answers:**

- Public → Internal → Confidential-PII → Confidential-CEII → Restricted-Engineering.
- Encrypt top tiers; scoped **label policies** to engineering, planning, and vendor groups; **auto-labeling** in Exchange/SPO/OneDrive for PII/CEII patterns; default labels in critical project sites.
- Power BI: label inheritance (dataset→report→dashboard) and user guidance.

Prompt D: How to roll out without breaking outage response? **Good answers:**

 Pilot with recommend actions; watch Activity Explorer; then enforce for engineering repositories. • **Mandatory labeling** for engineering sites; clear exception process and job aids; avoid blocking critical OT flows.

3) Data Loss Prevention (DLP)

Prompt E: Design DLP for PII/CEII leaving via email, Teams, and endpoints. **Good answers:**

- M365 DLP for Exchange, SharePoint, OneDrive, Teams (chat/channel).
- **Endpoint DLP** for USB/print/clipboard/sync on Windows/macOS; user prompts with business justification.
- Use built-in SITs (PII/PCI) + custom SITs (regex/keyword for substation names, project codes) + EDM for customer/account/meter master; alerts to SOC/Compliance.
- Stage: Audit → Block with override → Block; prioritize engineering project sites and outage channels.

Prompt F: When to use **EDM** or **trainable classifiers**? **Good answers:**

- EDM for precise customer/account/meter IDs; reduces false positives.
- **Trainable classifiers** for documents like outage investigation narratives or engineering change notes.

4) Insider Risk & Adaptive Protection

Prompt G: Reduce contractor exfiltration before/after offboarding.

Good answers:

- **Insider Risk Management** with HR signals (contract end date), anomalous activity, exfil vectors (USB, personal cloud).
- Adaptive Protection: elevate user risk ⇒ stricter DLP automatically.
- Reviewer privacy controls, coaching messages, and case workflows.

5) Communication Compliance

Prompt H: A one-line diagram was posted in a public Teams channel. What now? **Good answers:**

• **Communication Compliance** policy scanning Teams/Exchange/Viva Engage for CEII/PII; **reviewers** (CIP/Compliance), escalation rules, and coaching; documented remediation and education.

6) eDiscovery & Legal Holds

Prompt I: A regulator requests preservation for a blackout investigation (mail, Teams "war room," SharePoint project site, **ADLS telemetry**). Your plan?

Good answers:

- eDiscovery (Premium) case; custodial (mail, OneDrive, Teams of named users) + non-custodial locations (project SharePoint, shared mailboxes).
- Legal hold, review sets, analytics/dedupe/OCR; export with chain-of-custody.
- Coordinate with governance team to identify ADLS containers and document export paths.

7) Audit & Investigations

Prompt J: What telemetry would you pull to investigate the AMI export to Gmail? **Good answers:**

- Advanced Audit (longer retention + richer events like item access/mailbox items accessed).
- Unified **audit log**: file access/sharing, label changes, DLP events; correlate with **Endpoint DLP** alerts and IRM signals; forward high-severity to SIEM.

8) Lifecycle: Retention & Records

Prompt K: Propose retention for engineering, outage, safety, and customer records. **Good answers:**

- Retention labels/policies by BU/location; event-based retention (asset decommission, project close, incident closure).
- Records Management with disposition reviews; proof of deletion; legal hold precedence understood.

9) Operating Model & KPIs

Prompt L: What are your first-90-day KPIs?

Good answers:

 % of target data sources scanned/classified; % of engineering/project sites with labels; drop in anonymous links; DLP false-positive rate; MTTR for DLP incidents; reviewer SLA adherence.

Short "Answer-Key" Rubric (quick scoring)

- **Discovery & Governance (A–B):** Governance scans & Data Map, Collections/roles, Content/Activity Explorer, glossary; OT explicitly segmented.
- Labels (C–D): Tiered taxonomy with encryption; scoped publishing; phased rollout with metrics.
- **DLP (E–F):** M365 + Endpoint coverage; SITs + **EDM/trainables**; staged enforcement; alert routing & tuning loop.
- Insider Risk (G): HR signals, adaptive enforcement, reviewer privacy.
- Comm Compliance (H): Policies, reviewers, coaching, auditability.
- **eDiscovery (I):** Premium workflow; custodial/non-custodial holds; review sets; export; governance tie-in for ADLS.
- Audit (J): Advanced Audit value; correlation; evidence handling.
- **Retention (K):** Labels/policies, event triggers, records/disposition, hold interactions.
- **KPIs (L):** Measurable, risk-centric, time-bound.

20 Sample Quiz / Reflection Questions (energy-focused)

- 1. Compliance vs governance portals—what goes where for REU?
- 2. Three ways to locate CEII in M365 content right now?
- 3. Why encrypt CEII but not "Internal" project comms?
- 4. Two scenarios where EDM outperforms regex for REU.
- 5. Where Endpoint DLP adds controls beyond M365 DLP in field operations.
- 6. How Adaptive Protection tightens DLP for expiring contractors.
- 7. Define custodial vs non-custodial locations for a blackout case.

- 8. How retention labels interact with legal holds during a FERC inquiry.
- 9. Example of event-based retention in energy (give the event).
- 10. When to choose Advanced Audit vs Standard Audit for investigations.
- 11. One change to reduce anonymous link sprawl without hurting collaboration.
- 12. Where to tune DLP to lower false positives (specific levers).
- 13. Reviewer workflow goals in Communication Compliance for CEII.
- 14. How Power BI labeling/inheritance protects operational reports.
- 15. How to scope label publishing to engineering and vendor JVs safely.
- 16. Two 90-day KPIs that demonstrate risk reduction for CIP stakeholders.
- 17. Which Purview capability exposes lineage across ADLS/Power BI?
- 18. Separation of duties you'd enforce for investigations and CIP oversight.
- 19. Escalation path when DLP blocks legitimate outage coordination.
- 20. Day-one end-user artifact you'd ship to engineering & field teams.