Files and Regular Expressions

```
In [1]:
         import re
         if re.match('a.*b', 'alphabet'):
              print('match found!')
         match found!
In [2]:
         # match() only matches at beginning of string
         if re.match('l.*b', 'alphabet'):
             print('match found!')
In [3]:
         o = re.search('l.*e', 'alphabet')
             print('match found!')
         match found!
In [4]:
         o.re.pattern, o.string
         ('l.*e', 'alphabet')
In [5]:
         o.start(), o.end()
Out[5]:
In [6]:
         o.string[o.start():o.end()]
         'lphabe'
Out[6]:
In [7]:
          !cat poem.txt
        TWO roads diverged in a yellow wood,
        And sorry I could not travel both
        And be one traveler, long I stood
```

And looked down one as far as I could To where it bent in the undergrowth;

Then took the other, as just as fair, And having perhaps the better claim, Because it was grassy and wanted wear; Though as for that the passing there Had worn them really about the same,

And both that morning equally lay
In leaves no step had trodden black.
Oh, I kept the first for another day!
Yet knowing how way leads on to way,
I doubted if I should ever come back.

I shall be telling this with a sigh Somewhere ages and ages hence:
Two roads diverged in a wood, and I—
I took the one less traveled by,
And that has made all the difference.

```
In [8]:
```

```
import re
linenum = 0
with open('poem.txt') as poem:
    for line in poem:
        linenum += 1
        if re.search('the', line):
            print(f"{linenum}: {re.sub('the', '---', line)}", end='')
```

```
5: To where it bent in --- undergrowth;
7: Then took --- o---r, as just as fair,
8: And having perhaps --- better claim,
10: Though as for that --- passing ---re
11: Had worn ---m really about --- same,
15: Oh, I kept --- first for ano---r day!
22: I took --- one less traveled by,
23: And that has made all --- difference.
```

- When opening a file, can set a variable to result of open()
- Requires explicit close() to correctly manage files
- Use the with structure (as outlined above) to automatically close
- Use read() method to read file in its entirety as a string
- Provide a size "hint" to read to absorb file contents in "chunks"

```
with open('poem.txt') as file:
    data = file.read()
print(data)
```

TWO roads diverged in a yellow wood, And sorry I could not travel both And be one traveler, long I stood And looked down one as far as I could To where it bent in the undergrowth;

Then took the other, as just as fair, And having perhaps the better claim, Because it was grassy and wanted wear; Though as for that the passing there Had worn them really about the same,

And both that morning equally lay In leaves no step had trodden black. Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way, I doubted if I should ever come back.

I shall be telling this with a sigh Somewhere ages and ages hence: Two roads diverged in a wood, and I— I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.

```
In [10]:
```

```
with open('poem.txt') as file:
    while (chunk := file.read(500)):
        print(chunk, end = '')
```

TWO roads diverged in a yellow wood, And sorry I could not travel both And be one traveler, long I stood And looked down one as far as I could To where it bent in the undergrowth;

Then took the other, as just as fair, And having perhaps the better claim, Because it was grassy and wanted wear; Though as for that the passing there Had worn them really about the same, And both that morning equally lay In leaves no step had trodden black. Oh, I kept the first for another day! Yet knowing how way leads on to way, I doubted if I should ever come back.

I shall be telling this with a sigh Somewhere ages and ages hence: Two roads diverged in a wood, and I— I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.

Exercise One

- Write a Python program to read a file and count the number of occurrences of each word in the file
- Use a dictionary indexed by word, to count the occurrences
- Treat The and the as the same word when counting
- EXTRA: remove punctuation, so Hamlet, == Hamlet
- Test on Shakespeare's Hamlet (http://bit.ly/BillShak)

Exercise Two

- Let's write a function which takes a word as an argument and outputs the plural of that word
- The program should follow these rules:
 - If the word ends in 's', 'x', or 'z', the plural adds 'es', e.g., ax => axes, loss => losses
 - If the word ends in an 'h', which is not preceded by a vowel or 'd', 'g', 'k', 'p', 'r', or 't', the plural adds 'es', e.g., moth => moths, but match => matches
 - If the word ends in a 'y' which is not preceded by a vowel, then the plural strips the 'y' and adds 'ies', e.g., baby => babies, but boy => boys
 - Otherwise just add 's'
- Prompt the user for a string and pass through runction
- Output results to verify