

alexander eckert kerolos khalil jessica ortega benen kim

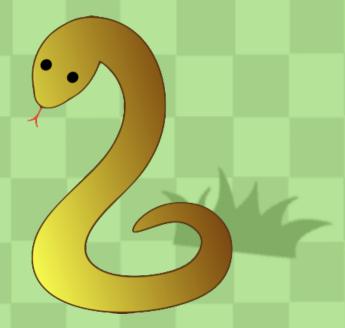


Four Main Parts

- -drawing gameboard
- -updating the gameboard
- -receiving player input
- -additional features

Orawins Game Board

- -background
- -borders
- -snake
- -apples
- -everything the player sees



Bitmap

Display



Bitmap Display, Version 1.0

Unit Width in Pixels

Unit Height in Pixels

Display Width in Pixels

Display Height in Pixels

512

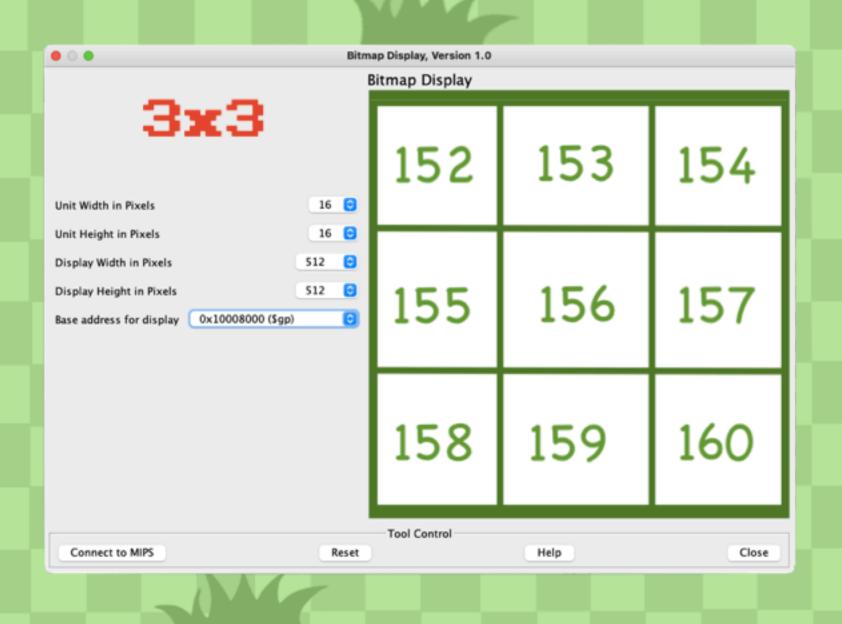
0x10008000 (\$gp)



Tool Control

Connect to MIPS Reset Help Close

Display in Memory



\$9P

-\$9P = 9Lobal Pointer
-refers to base address
-152 in our example
-each pixel represented
by one word in memory



152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160

Mario in Memory

Drawins a Pixet

```
GetPixelAddress:
                               #Store screen width into $v0
        lw $v0, screenWidth
                               #multiply by y position
       mul $v0, $v0, $a1
       add $v0, $v0, $a0
                               #add the x position
       mul $v0, $v0, 4
                               #multiply by 4
                               #add global pointer from bitmap display
        add $v0, $v0, $gp
                               # return $v0
       jr $ra
DrawPixel:
        sw $a1, ($a0)
                               #$a0 is the address of the pixel to color, $a1 is the color to draw the pixel
        jr $ra
                               #return
```

- -Every pixet is 1 word in memory
- -Every word is 4 bytes
- -An address refers to 1 byte
- -The first byte is the rixel's color



Gerdating Game Board

- -movine the snake
- -turning the snake
- -drawing new food
- -checking for collisions

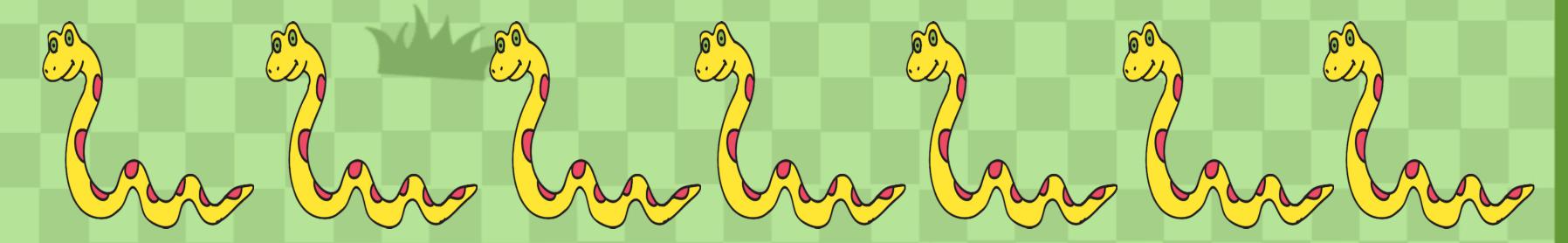
system call 32 for sleep

```
li $v0, 32
la $a0, 60
syscall
```

#syscall value for sleep #sleep for 60 milliseconds #program will sleep for whatever \$a0 is set to

- -call after every same board urdate
- -if \$a0 is 60, the program will sleep for 60 milliseconds between updates
- -1000 milliseconds in a second, so this will sive 16 frames per second
- -our snake moves l tile per frame///
- -the shorter the program steeps between frames, the faster the snake moves

Movins the Snake



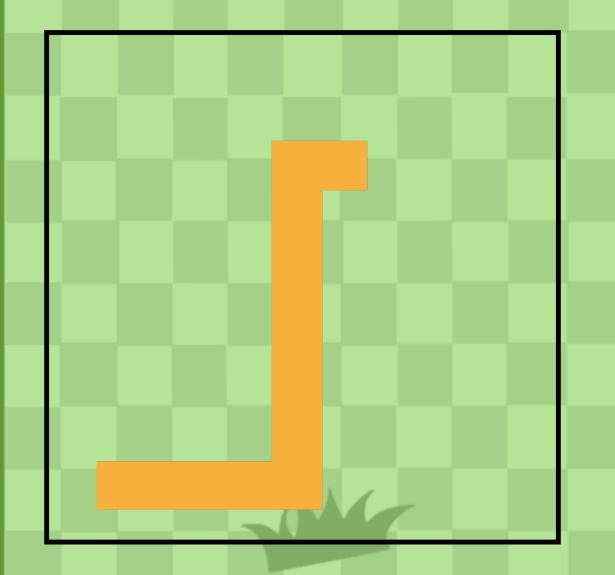
-the snake's body and tail must follow the same rath taken by the head

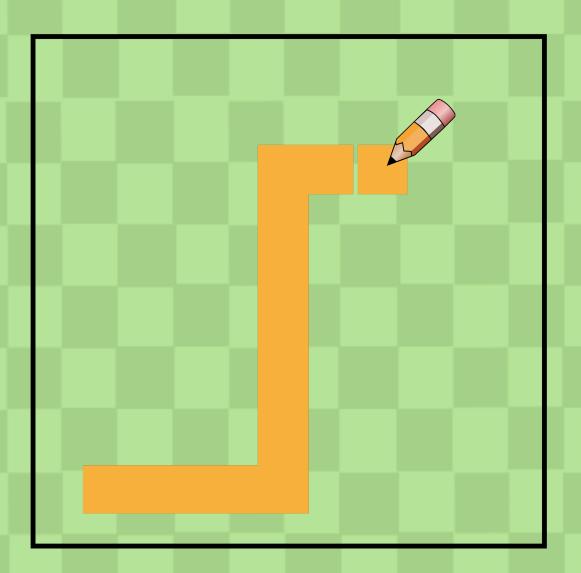
-we use two arrays, one keeps track of the head's direction changes and the other keeps track of the coordinates those changes happened

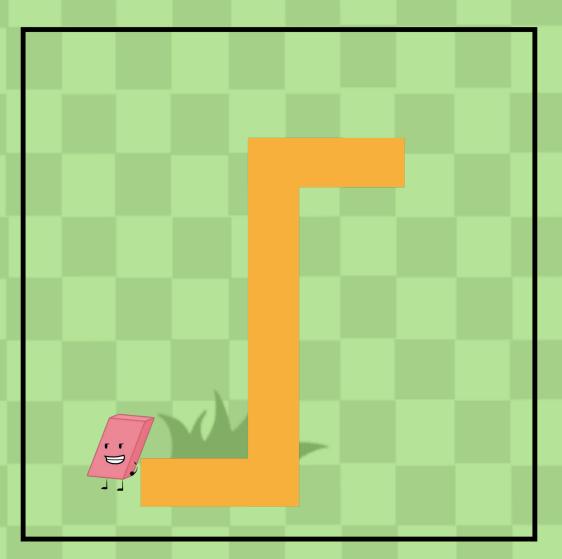
Movins the Snake

1. Snake

- 2. Draw head 3. Erase Tail





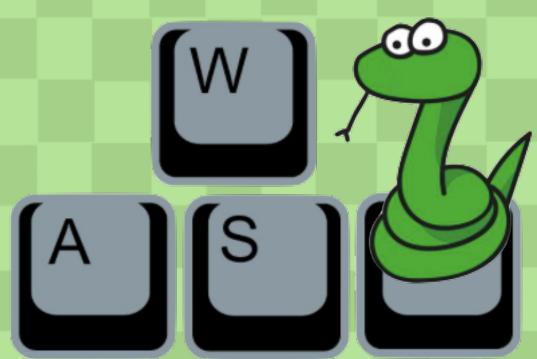


-if the snake consumed an apple, we simply don't erase the tail

Receiving Player Input

-this is how the player interacts with the same

-'w' 'a' 's' and 'd' for up Left down and right



Keyboard and Display MMIO Simulator



ALL character input is saved to address 0xFFFF0004

Check For Input

w	=	100
ц.	<u>. </u>	97
а	т.	٠,
s	=	115
d.	=	100

ASCII TABLE

Decimal	Hav	Char	Decimal	Hov	Char	Decimal	Hov	Char	Decimal	Hov	Char
	nex.	(NULL)	32	20		64	40	Cilai	96	60	Cilai
0	1	(START OF HEADING)	33	21	[SPACE]	65	41	A	97	61	a
2	2	[START OF TEXT]	34	22		66	42	B	98	62	b
3	3	[END OF TEXT]	35	23		67	43	c	99	63	c
4	4	[END OF TRANSMISSION]	36	24	5	68	44	D	100	64	d
5	5	[ENQUIRY]	37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	e
6	6	[ACKNOWLEDGE]	38	26	6	70	46	F	102	66	ť
7	7	[BELL]	39	27	7	71	47	G	103	67	a
8	8	[BACKSPACE]	40	28	(72	48	н	104	68	h
9	9	[HORIZONTAL TAB]	41	29)	73	49	1	105	69	ï
10	Α	(LINE FEED)	42	2A		74	4A	J	106	6A	i
11	В	(VERTICAL TAB)	43	28	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
12	C	[FORM FEED]	44	2C		76	4C	L	108	6C	1
13	D	[CARRIAGE RETURN]	45	2D		77	4D	M	109	6D	m
14	E	[SHIFT OUT]	46	2E		78	4E	N	110	6E	n
15	F	(SHIFT IN)	47	2F	1	79	4F	0	111	6F	0
16	10	[DATA LINK ESCAPE]	48	30	0	80	50	P	112	70	p
17	11	[DEVICE CONTROL 1]	49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
18	12	[DEVICE CONTROL 2]	50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
19	13	[DEVICE CONTROL 3]	51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
20	14	[DEVICE CONTROL 4]	52	34	4	84	54	т	116	74	t
21	15	[NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE]	53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
22	16	[SYNCHRONOUS IDLE]	54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	v
23	17	[ENG OF TRANS. BLOCK]	55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
24	18	[CANCEL]	56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	X
25	19	[END OF MEDIUM]	57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	У
26	1A	[SUBSTITUTE]	58	3A	:	90	5A	z	122	7A	z
27	1B	[ESCAPE]	59	3B	;	91	5B	I .	123	7B	{
28	1C	[FILE SEPARATOR]	60	3C	<	92	5C	1	124	7C	
29	1D	[GROUP SEPARATOR]	61	3D	-	93	5D	j ,	125	7D	}
30	1E	[RECORD SEPARATOR]	62	3E	>	94	5E	_	126	7E	~
31	1F	[UNIT SEPARATOR]	63	3F	?	95	5F	-	127	7F	[DEL]

Chanse Direction

Additional Features

- -score
- -cheat codes
- -sounds
- -colors and aesthetic

- -made a score counter to urdate whenever snake consumes an arrle
- -did not have time to make live score counter
- -used system call 56 to display score after game

```
li $v0, 56
la $a0, gameOver
lw $a1, score
syscall
```

#syscall value for java prompt #get message #get score

Cheat Codes

-wanted to add a way to change the snake's speed

-used '+' to increase speed, '-' to decrease speed, and '=' to reset speed

-ASCII values

Using System Call 31, we added sounds for eating food, game over, and game restart

```
#game restart sound
li $v0, 31
li $a0, 45
li $a1, 400
li $a2, 13
li $a3, 127
syscall
```

```
#system call for sound
#type of noise
#DURATION
#instrument number
#volume
```


-used hex values for colors

```
#Colors
```

snakeColor: .word 0xC29979 #Set snake color

bgColor: .word 0xCDEAC0 #Set background color

gridColor: .word 0xB6E697 #set grid color

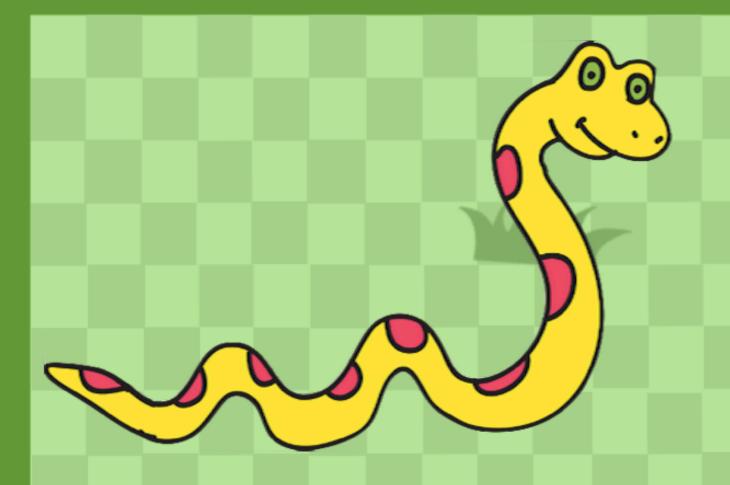
borderColor: .word 0x50723C #Set wall color

appleColor: .word 0xE7471D #Set apple color

saveColor: .word 0xCDEAC0 #mutable color

-created a checkered background (huge headache)

-game size 32 x 32 pixels



Demor

704

