Orthogonalisation m=0

```
l = 3;
      m = 1;
      Nb = 100;
      (**)
      p = 1;
      h = 1;
 In[0] := I1[p1_, p2_] := Beta[p1+1, p2-p1-1] *2^{(p1-p2+1)};
      I2[p1_, p2_] := I1[p1, p2 + 1];
      (**)
      C0[n] := 8 * n^2;
      C1[n_{-}] := 2 (1 + 2 * n * (n + 1) - 3 (2 n + 1));
      C2[n_{-}] := 2 (1-2 (n+1));
      (**)
      K[k_{n}] :=
        -Which[n = 0 \&\&m = 0, C1[n] * I1[k+n, k+n+2p+2] + C2[n] * I1[k+n+1, k+n+2p+2] -
            l(l+1) I1[k+n, k+n+2p], n > 0 && m == 0, C0[n] * I1[k+n-1, k+n+2p+2] +
            C1[n] * I1[k+n, k+n+2p+2] + C2[n] * I1[k+n+1, k+n+2p+2] -
            l(l+1) I1[k+n, k+n+2p], n > 0 \& m > 0, C0[n] * I1[k+n-1, k+n+2p+2] +
            C1[n] * I1[k+n, k+n+2p+2] + C2[n] * I1[k+n+1, k+n+2p+2] -
            l(l+1) I1[k+n, k+n+2p] - m^2 * I2[k+n-1, k+n+2p];
      DotC[k_{-}, n_{-}] := Which[k = 0 \& n = 0, K[0, 0] + pK[0, 1] + pK[1, 0] + p^2 K[1, 1],
         k = 0 \& n > 0, K[0, n+1] + pK[1, n+1], k > 0 \& n = 0,
         K[k+1, 0] + pK[k+1, 1], k > 0 & n > 0, K[k+1, n+1]];
 In[@]:= (*https://reference.wolfram.com/language/ParallelTools/tutorial/
        ParallelEvaluation.html*)
      n0 = If[m == 0, 0, 1];
      MatC = ParallelTable[DotC[k, n], {k, n0, Nb}, {n, n0, Nb}];
      invdet = (1 / Det[MatC]) // N
      (*https://mathematica.stackexchange.com/questions/52367/how-
        to-estimate-the-matrix-condition-number-in-the-2-norm*)
      (*k2=First@#/Last@#&@SingularValueList[MatC]//N*)
Out[0]=
      1.430228866844276 \times 10^{5930}
 In[*]:= R1 = CholeskyDecomposition[MatC];
      Y1 = Inverse[R1];
```

Potential basis

Orthonormal basis

```
In[\cdot]:= fbare[x_, n_] := If[n > 0, (x) ^n, 1];
       ft[x_{n}] := If[n = 0, fbare[x, 0] + p fbare[x, 1], fbare[x, n + 1]];
       (**)
       fGS[x_, n_] := Module[{y, z}, Clear[y];
           Clear[z];
           y = ParallelSum[Y1[k+1-n0, n+1-n0] * ft[x, k], {k, n0, n}];
           z = y // Simplify;
           Return[z]];
 In[ \circ ] := \xi[x_] := (1 + h x) / (1 - x);
       Nr = Nb;
       fg = fGS[x, Nr] / (\xi[x] + h);
       nbx = Max[Nr * 100, 100];
       tab = ParallelTable[\{i \mid nbx, If[i < nbx, fg /. x \rightarrow i / nbx, 0]\}, \{i, 0, nbx\}] // N;
 In[•]:= ListPlot[tab, Joined → True, ImageSize → Full,
        PlotRange → {{0, 1}, All}, ImageSize → Full]
Out[0]=
        0.10
        0.08
        0.06
        0.04
        0.02
       -0.02
       -0.04
```

Interpolate basis

```
In[*]:= TabSingle[Nr_] := Module[{fg, nbx, tab}, Clear[fg];
        Clear[nbx];
         fg = fGS[x, Nr] / (\xi[x] + h);
        nbx = Max[Nr * 100, 100];
        tab = ParallelTable[\{i / nbx, If[i < nbx, fg /. x \rightarrow i / nbx, 0]\}, \{i, 0, nbx\}] // N;
         Return[tab]];
     TabAll[Nmax_] := Table[TabSingle[Nr], {Nr, n0, Nmax}];
  Store interpolated basis
In[0]:= nmax = Nb;
     tabAll = TabAll[nmax];
In[*]:= (*https://sites.psu.edu/charlesammon/2017/07/05/writing-
       data-to-simple-hdf5-files-with-mathematica/*)
     Do[Export[NotebookDirectory[] <> "h_1/l_" <> ToString[l] <> "/m_" <> ToString[m] <>
         "/F_l_" <> ToString[l] <> "_m_" <> ToString[m] <> "_n_" <> ToString[n] <> ".hdf5",
```

tabAll[n+1-n0], {"Datasets", "InterpolationTable"}], {n, n0, nmax}]