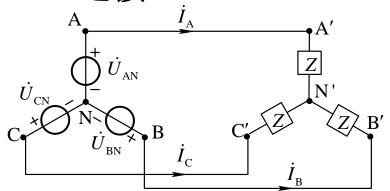
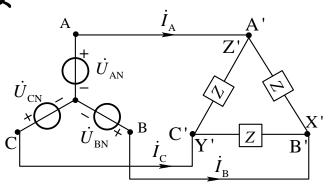
对称三相电路的计算 -端线无阻抗



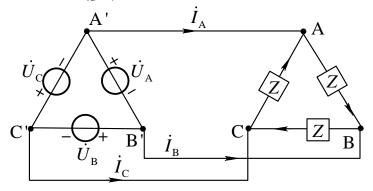




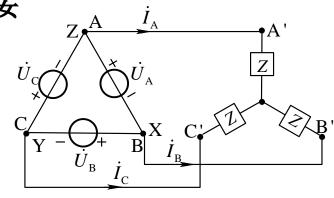
Y-Δ连接



Δ - Δ 连接



Δ -Y连接



对称三相电路的计算 -端线无阻抗



例1 图示对称三相电路已知 $\dot{U}_A = 220 \angle 0^{\circ} V$,负载阻抗 $Z = (6 + j8)\Omega$ 。求负载每相电压、电流及线电流的相量值。

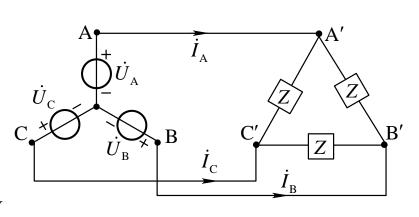
解: 由星形连接相线电压关系

$$\dot{U}_{A'B'} = \dot{U}_{AB} = \sqrt{3}\dot{U}_{A}\angle30^{\circ} \approx 380\angle30^{\circ} V$$

由对称性得其它线电压

$$\dot{U}_{B'C'} \approx 380 \angle (30^{\circ} - 120^{\circ}) V = 380 \angle -90^{\circ} V$$

$$\dot{U}_{C'A'} \approx 380 \angle (30^{\circ} + 120^{\circ}) V = 380 \angle 150^{\circ} V$$



对称三相电路的计算 -端线无阻抗



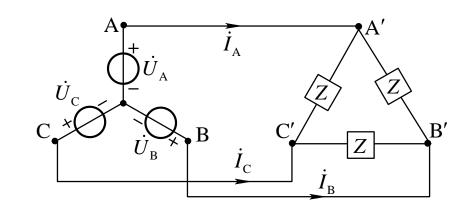
根据欧姆定律求得负载相电流

$$\dot{I}_{A'B'} = \frac{\dot{U}_{A'B'}}{Z} = \frac{380\angle 30^{\circ}}{10\angle 53.13^{\circ}} = 38\angle -23.13^{\circ} A$$

由对称性得其它相电流

$$\dot{I}_{B'C'} = 38\angle(-23.13^{\circ} - 120^{\circ})A = 38\angle -143.13^{\circ}A$$

$$\dot{I}_{C'A'} = 38\angle(-23.13^{\circ} + 120^{\circ})A = 38\angle96.87^{\circ}A$$



由三角形连接线相电流关系

$$\dot{I}_{A} = \dot{I}_{A'B'} - \dot{I}_{C'A'} = \sqrt{3}\dot{I}_{A'B'} \angle -30^{\circ} \approx 38\sqrt{3}\angle (-23.13^{\circ} - 30^{\circ})A \approx 65.8\angle -53.13^{\circ}A$$

由对称性得其它线电流

$$\dot{I}_{\rm B} \approx 65.8 \angle -173.13^{\circ} \,\text{A}$$

 $\dot{I}_{\rm C} \approx 65.8 \angle 66.87^{\circ} \,\text{A}$