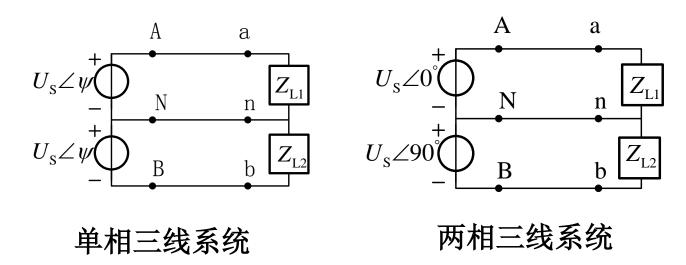
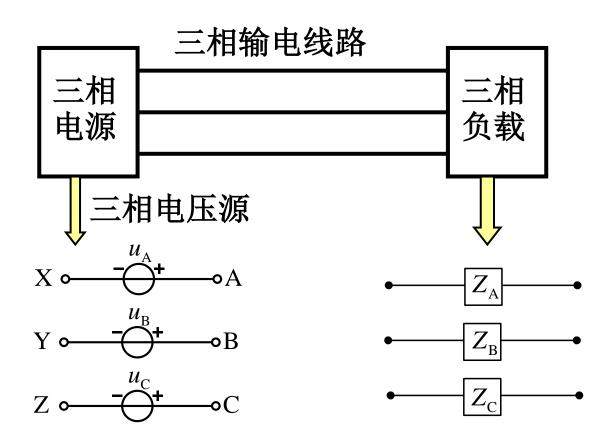


#### 多相系统

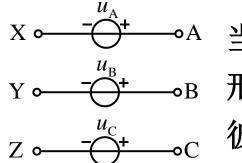
电路或系统中,交流电源工作在相同频率不同的相位下称为多相电源,有多相电源供电的体系称为多相系统。











 $X \circ - \circ \to A$  当三相电压  $u_A \setminus u_B \setminus u_C$  不仅频率、波 Y。——"B 形相同,幅值相等,而且变动进程  $z = -\frac{u_{\rm C}}{1}$  。C 彼此相差120°,称为对称三相电压。

#### 正序

$$u_{A} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t)$$

$$u_{B} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t - 120^{\circ})$$

$$u_{C} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t - 240^{\circ})$$

#### 负序

$$u_{A} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t)$$

$$u_{B} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t - 120^{\circ})$$

$$u_{C} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t - 240^{\circ})$$

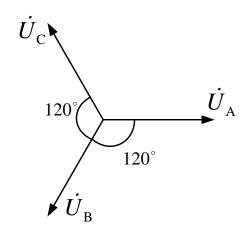
$$u_{C} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t - 240^{\circ})$$

$$u_{C} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t + 240^{\circ})$$

$$u_{C} = \sqrt{2}U\cos(\omega t + 240^{\circ})$$



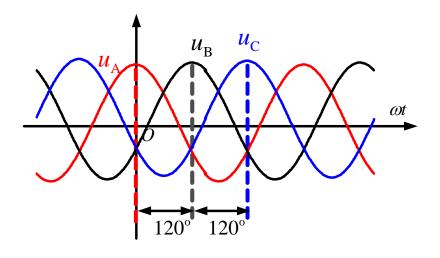
$$\begin{vmatrix}
\dot{U}_{\rm A} = U \angle 0^{\circ} \\
\dot{U}_{\rm B} = U \angle -120^{\circ} \\
\dot{U}_{\rm C} = U \angle -240^{\circ}
\end{vmatrix}$$



正序相量图

$$\dot{U}_{A} + \dot{U}_{B} + \dot{U}_{C} = 0$$

$$u_{A} + u_{B} + u_{C} = 0$$



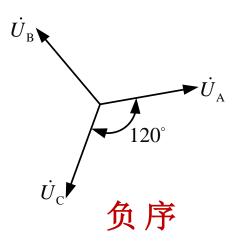
对称三相电压正序波形图



### 确定下列电源相序

$$u_{A} = 200\cos(\omega t + 10^{\circ})V$$
$$u_{B} = 200\cos(\omega t - 230^{\circ})V$$

$$u_{\rm C} = 200\cos(\omega t - 110^{\circ}) V$$



已知  $\dot{U}_{\rm B} = 110 \angle 30^{\circ} \rm V$  ,对称 三相电源相序为正序, 试确定  $u_{\rm A}$ 、 $u_{\rm C}$ 的相量。

$$\dot{U}_{A} = 110 \angle (30^{\circ} + 120^{\circ})$$
  
= 110\angle 150^{\circ}

$$\dot{U}_{\rm C} = 110 \angle (30^{\circ} - 120^{\circ})$$
  
=  $110 \angle -90^{\circ}$