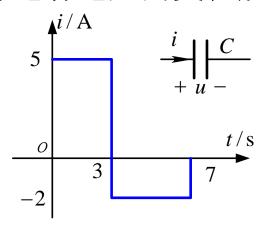
电容元件

例1 设0.2F电容流过的电流波形如图所示,已知u(0)=30V。试计算电容电压的变化规律并画出波形。



解: 电容电压计算如下

(1) $0 \le t < 3s$: i = 5A > 0 电容充电

$$u = u(0) + \frac{1}{C} \int_0^t i(\xi) d\xi$$

= 30V + $\frac{1}{0.2F} \int_0^t 5Ad\xi = 30V + 25t$

并且
$$u(3s) = (30 + 25 \times 3)V = 105V$$

(2)
$$3s \le t < 7s$$
: $i = -2A < 0$

电容元件



$$u = u(3s) + \frac{1}{C} \int_{3s}^{t} i(\xi) d\xi = 105 + \frac{1}{0.2} \int_{3s}^{t} (-2) d\xi = (135 - 10t) V$$

并且 u(7s) = 65V

(3)
$$t \ge 7s$$
: $i = 0A$

电容电压保持不变

$$u(t) = u(7s) = 65V$$

