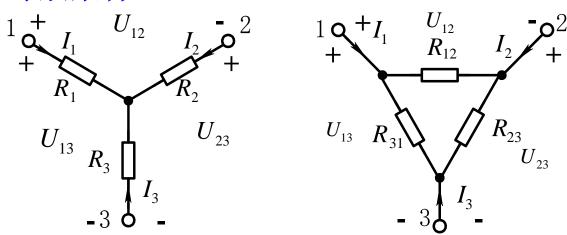


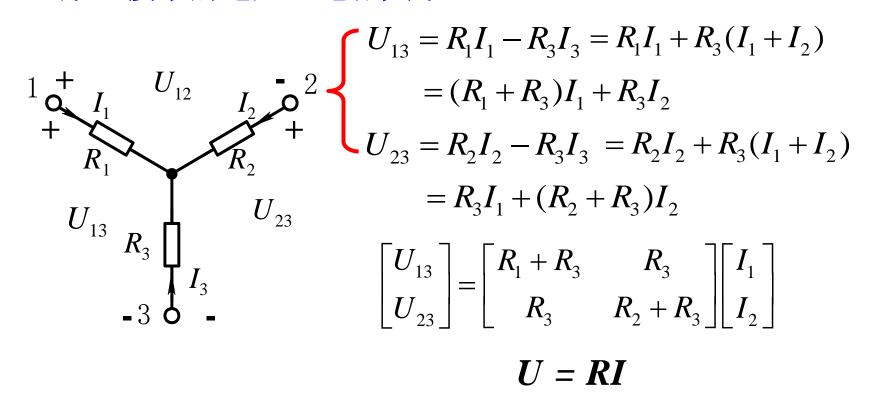
#### 等效条件:



分析:将星形联接转换成三角形联接时,将减少三个行点,)但要增加三个四路,,而将三角形联接转换成星形联接时,将减少一个回路,但要增加一个节点。

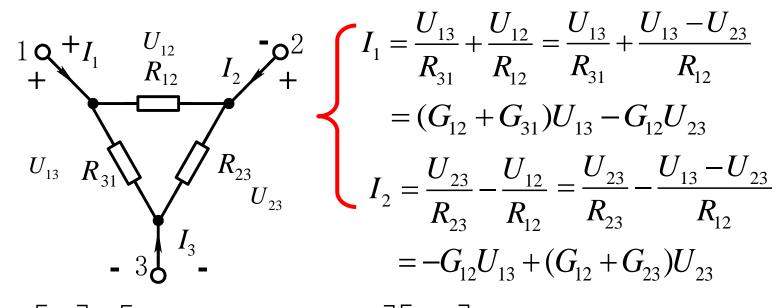


#### 星形连接中的电压、电流关系





### 三角形连接中的电压、电流关系



$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} G_{12} + G_{31} & -G_{12} \\ -G_{12} & G_{12} + G_{23} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_{13} \\ U_{23} \end{bmatrix} \qquad I = \mathbf{G}U \qquad \mathbf{U} = \mathbf{G}^{-1}\mathbf{I}$$

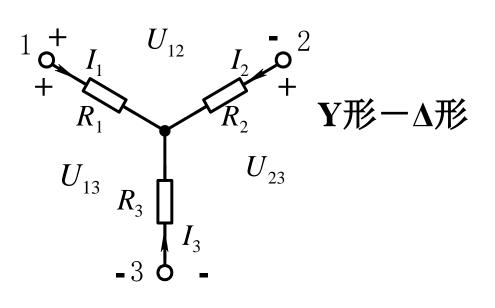


#### 由此得二者之间的等效条件是 $R = G^{-1}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_1 + R_3 & R_3 \\ R_3 & R_2 + R_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} G_{12} + G_{31} & -G_{12} \\ -G_{12} & G_{12} + G_{23} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$



### 由此得二者之间的等效条件是



$$R_{12} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_3}$$

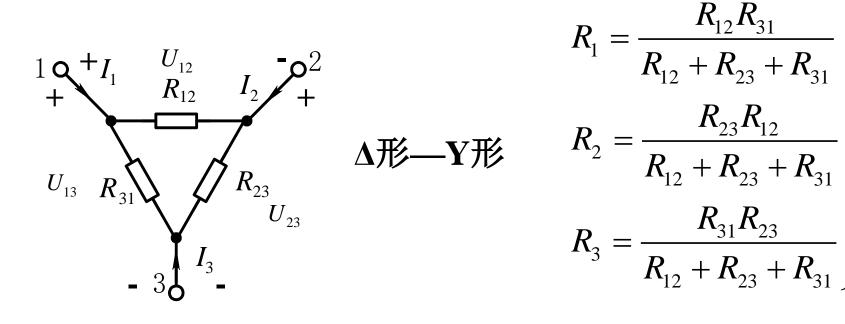
$$R_{23} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_1}$$

$$R_{31} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_2}$$

 $R = G^{-1}$ 



#### 由此得二者之间的等效条件是 $R = G^{-1}$





### 三个相等的电阻接成Y形或 $\Delta$ 形时的等效变换是:

$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_Y$$
 $R_{12} = R_{23} = R_{31} = R_{\Delta} = 3R_Y \Longrightarrow R_Y = \frac{1}{3}R_{\Delta}$ 
Y形一A形
 $\Delta$ 形—Y形

$$R_{12} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_3} \begin{vmatrix} A_{12} - Y_{12} \\ R_{12} - R_{12} - R_{12} - R_{12} \end{vmatrix} = \frac{R_{12} R_{31}}{R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31}} \begin{vmatrix} R_{12} - R_{23} + R_{31} \\ R_{23} - R_{23} - R_{23} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$R_{23} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_1}$$

$$R_{31} = \frac{R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1}{R_2} \left[ R_3 = \frac{R_{31} R_{23}}{R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31}} \right]$$

$$R_1 = \frac{R_{12}R_{31}}{R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31}}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{R_{23}R_{12}}{R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31}}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{R_{31}R_{23}}{R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31}}$$