含运算放大器电路的分析



4. 减法器

$$u_{\rm n1} = u_{\rm n2} = \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} u_2$$

$$i_2 = i_1 = \frac{u_1 - u_{n1}}{R_1} = \frac{u_1 - u_{n2}}{R_1}$$

$$u_{o} = -R_{2}i_{2} + u_{n2} = \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} \frac{(1 + R_{1} / R_{2})}{(1 + R_{3} / R_{4})} u_{2} - \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} u_{1}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{44}}{=} \frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{R_4}{R_3} = A \quad \Longrightarrow \quad u_0 = A(u_2 - u_1)$$

