#### **General Instructions**

- Maintain a proper observation of the experiments you perform in lab sessions.
- Keep your code with proper hierarchical structure for your future reference.
- Do not write your own C file. Build on the starter code provided.

#### Experiment 1

Write a recursive function to find the sum of cubes of the first 'n' natural numbers. Verify the result using the formula below.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^3 = \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right)^2$$

### Experiment 2

Write a recursive function that evaluates a polynomial of degree 'n'  $(p(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} a_i x^i)$ . The coefficients of the polynomial are stored in an array. The recursive function must have the coefficient array as a pointer.

 $\P$  Modify the function such that you perform only 2n multiplications.

## Experiment 3

Repeat the same experiment of LAB-5 Experiment-1, place all functions inside a header file and reproduce the result.

# Experiment 4 (OPTIONAL)

Write a C program that stores an array of positive numbers using the structure provided below. Then, write a recursive function that checks whether an element is in the array or not. To implement the recursive function, you need only the address of the first structure, which has a link to the next element. The address of the last element is kept as NULL.

```
struct Arr_Elem {
    int val;
    struct Arr_Elem *Next_Elem;
};
typedef struct Arr_elem element;
```

In the above structure, the pointer Next Elem stores the address of the next element in the array.

 $\mathbf{\hat{V}}$  This method of storing data is known as a Linked List, which will be studied in detail during your next semester.