

Table no :- 1

Title:- Trade Union Membership of Factory Workers (1995–2000)

Stub items	Trade union			Non-Trade union			Total		
	man	Women	Total	man	Women	Total	man	Women	Total
1995	1500	50	1550	250	200	450	1750	250	2000
2000	1600	125	1725	225	155	380	1825	280	2105
total	3100	175	3275	475	355	830	3575	530	4105

Foot Note :- Union and non-union workers are subdivided by gender based on given conditions. Total workers in 2000 are deduced from the given union and non-union counts.

Source:- Problem statement (Factory workers' union data).

Table No :- 2

Title :- Coffee Drinking Habits in Town A and Town B

Stub items	Coffee drinker			Non-coffee drinker			Total		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Town A	40	5	45	20	35	55	60	40	100
Town B	25	15	40	30	30	60	55	45	100
Total	65	20	85	50	65	115	115	85	200

Foot Note :- Population percentages are converted to numbers assuming a base of 100 for each town.

Source :- Problem statement (Coffee habit survey data).

Table No :- 3

Title :- Profile of Government Job Applicants

Stub items	Graduates			Non- Graduates			Total		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Experience	770	323	1093	1090	440	1530	1860	763	2623
Non- Experience	1242	811	2053	3752	1572	5324	4994	2383	7377
Total	2012	1134	3146	4842	2012	6854	6854	3146	10000

Foot Note :- Distribution by gender and education is based on the given figures. Cross-classification ensures consistency across graduate, non-graduate, and experience categories.

Source :- Problem statement (Government job application data).

Table No :- 4

Title :- Enrollment of Graduate and Post-Graduate Students in a College (1990–2000)

Stub items	Graduation			Post-Graduation			Total		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1990	1300	100	1400	350	250	600	1650	350	2000
1995	1050	650	1700	50	450	500	1100	1100	2200
2000	1250	650	1900	150	150	300	1400	800	2200
Total	3600	1400	5000	550	850	1400	4150	2250	6400

Foot Note :- Data is classified into Graduate and Post-Graduate students, further divided into boys and girls, based on given conditions. Calculations assume distribution consistency with total counts provided.

Source :- Compiled from the given problem statement (educational data interpretation exercise).

- Graduate students 1990 = 1400.
- Graduate students 2000 = 1900.
- Increase = 500.
- Percentage increase = $500/1400 \times 100 = 35.7\%$.

Graduate students increased by ~35.7% from 1990 to 2000.

Table No :- 5

Title :- Trade Union Membership of Factory Workers (2002–2003)

Stub items	Trade union			Non-trade union			Total		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
2002	3200	250	3450	430	330	760	3630	580	4210
2003	3200	100	3300	300	400	700	3500	500	4000
Total	6400	350	6750	730	730	1460	7130	1080	8210

Foot Note :- Data is classified into union and non-union workers, further subdivided by gender. For 2003, the number of women (500) was used to split union (100) and non-union (400) groups. Male counts were obtained by subtraction.

Source :- Problem statement (Factory workers' union data, 2002–2003).

Table No :- 6**Title :- Trade Union Membership of Factory Workers (2000, 2002, 2004)**

Stub items	Trade union			Non-trade union			Total		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
2000	1175	25	1200	375	175	550	1550	200	1750
2002	1290	290	1580	180	28	208	1470	318	1788
2004	1508	292	1800	42	8	50	1550	300	1850
Total	3973	607	4580	597	211	808	4570	818	5388

Foot Note :- All missing gender counts are computed by subtraction from totals provided. Totals for each year equal the sum of union and non-union workers. Where only partial gender information was given, the complementary counts were derived as shown.

Source :- Compiled from the user-provided problem statements (factory trade-union data for 2000, 2002, 2004).

Table No :- 7**Title :- College Trip Cost Breakdown (100 persons)**

Stub items	No.Of Persons			Amount per Head(Rs.)	Total Amount Collected (Rs.)
	Male	Female	Total		
Students	62	18	80	16	1280
Teacher Staff	12	2	14	20	280
Servants	6	0	6	0	0
Total	80	20	100	15.60	1560

Foot Note :- Servants were not charged. All calculations use the given average and category counts; teaching-staff rate was derived from the requirement that the overall average be ₹15.60.

Source :- Compiled from educational data interpretation exercises (College Trip Cost Distribution).