Aptitude :: Problems on Trains

Exercise : Problems on Trains - Formulas

- ☑ Problems on Trains - Formulas
- ☐ Problems on Trains - General Questions
- ☐ Problems on Trains - Data Sufficiency 1
- ☐ Problems on Trains - Data Sufficiency 2
- ☐ Problems on Trains - Data Sufficiency 3

1. km/hr to m/s conversion:

   a km/hr = $\left(a \times \frac{5}{18} \right)$ m/s.

2. m/s to km/hr conversion:

   a m/s = $\left(a \times \frac{18}{5} \right)$ km/hr.

3. **Formulas for finding Speed, Time and Distance**

4. Time taken by a train of length l metres to pass a pole or standing man or a signal post is equal to the time taken by the train to cover l metres.

5. Time taken by a train of length l metres to pass a stationery object of length b metres is the time taken by the train to cover (l + b) metres.

6. Suppose two trains or two objects bodies are moving in the same direction at u m/s and v m/s, where u > v, then their relative speed is = (u - v) m/s.

7. Suppose two trains or two objects bodies are moving in opposite directions at u m/s and v m/s, then their relative speed is = $(u + v)$ m/s.

8. If two trains of length a metres and b metres are moving in opposite directions at u m/s and v m/s, then:

   The time taken by the trains to cross each other = $\frac{(a + b)}{(u + v)}$ sec.

9. If two trains of length a metres and b metres are moving in the same direction at u m/s and v m/s, then:

   The time taken by the faster train to cross the slower train = $\frac{(a + b)}{(u - v)}$ sec.

10. If two trains (or bodies) start at the same time from points A and B towards each other and after crossing they take a and b sec in reaching B and A respectively, then:

    (A's speed) : (B's speed) = (b : a)

Quick links

Quantitative Aptitude

- Arithmetic
- Data Interpretation

Verbal (English)

- Verbal Ability
- Verbal Test

Reasoning

- Logical
- Verbal
- Nonverbal

Programming

- C Programming
- C++
- C#
- Java

Interview

- GD
- HR

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› Placement Papers

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