

## Q1.

```
/*
2. Enter a number and check whether the number is an Armstrong
number or not an Armstrong number.
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(){

    int n1, n2, sumValue=0, noDigits = 0;

    printf("Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d", &n1);

    n2 = n1;

    while (n2!=0)
    {
        noDigits++;
        n2 = n2/10;
    }

    n2 = n1;

    while (n2!=0)
    {
        sumValue += powf(n2%10, noDigits);
        n2 = n2/10;
    }

    if(sumValue == n1){
        printf("Entered number is armstrong.");
    }
    else{
        printf("Entered number is not armstrong.");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

## Q2.

```
/*
2. Enter a number and check whether the number is an Armstrong
number or not an Armstrong number.
*/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(){

    int n1, n2, sumValue=0, noDigits = 0;

    printf("Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d", &n1);

    n2 = n1;

    while (n2!=0)
    {
        noDigits++;
        n2 = n2/10;
    }

    n2 = n1;

    while (n2!=0)
    {
        sumValue += powf(n2%10, noDigits);
        n2 = n2/10;
    }

    if(sumValue == n1){
        printf("Entered number is armstrong.");
    }
    else{
        printf("Entered number is not armstrong.");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

### Q3.

```
/*  
3. Enter a number and check whether the number is an Ugly-Prime  
number or not an Ugly-Prime number.  
  
Description: - The given number is ugly prime number if its prime  
factor contains only among 2, 3 or 5.  
*/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    int n;  
    printf("Enter a number : ");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    if(n==1 | n%2==0 | n%3==0 | n%5==0){  
        printf("The number is ugly-prime.");  
    }  
    else{  
        printf("The number is not ugly-prime.");  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

### Q4.

```
/*  
4. Determine the most economical quantity to be stocked for each  
product that a manufacturing company has in its inventory: This  
quantity called economic order quantity (EOQ) is calculated as  
follows:  $EOQ = \frac{2RS}{I}$ , where R= Total yearly production  
requirement, S= set up cost per order , I= inventory carrying cost  
per unit.  
*/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    float EOQ, R, S, I;  
    printf("Total yearly production requirement (R) = ");  
    scanf("%f", &R);  
    printf("Set-up cost per order (S) = ");  
    scanf("%f", &S);  
    printf("Inventory carrying cost per unit (I) = ");  
    scanf("%f", &I);
```

```
EOQ = (2*R*S)/I;  
printf("\nEconomic Order Quantity = %f", EOQ);  
return 0;  
}
```

Q5.

```
/*  
5. Find the largest number among three numbers.  
*/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    int n1, n2, n3, max;  
    printf("Enter three numbers : ");  
    scanf("%d %d %d", &n1, &n2, &n3);  
  
    max = n1;  
    if(n2>max){  
        max=n2;  
    }  
    else if(n3>max){  
        max=n3;  
    }  
  
    printf("\nLargest number among three is : %d", max);  
    return 0;  
}
```