## <u>Assignment 6</u>

```
// 1. WAP in C to count the digits of a given number using
recursion.
#include <stdio.h>
int count = 0;
int countDigits(int n){
    if(n!=0){
        n = n/10;
        count = count + 1;
        countDigits(n);
    }
    else{
        return count;
    }
}
int main(){
    int number;
    printf("Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    printf("Number of digits : %d", countDigits(number));
    return 0;
```

```
Output :-

Enter a number : 125

Number of digits : 3
```

```
// 2. WAP in C to print the array elements using
recursion.
#include <stdio.h>
int index = 0;
int arrayValueThrower(int array[]){
    printf("%d\n", array[index]);
    index += 1;
    if(index<5){</pre>
        arrayValueThrower(array);
    }
    else{
        return 0;
    }
}
int main(){
    int arr[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
    arrayValueThrower(arr);
    return 0;
```

```
Output :-
1
2
3
4
```

5

```
3. WAP in C to print the fibonacci series using recursion.
#include <stdio.h>
int new = 0;
int printTerm(int a, int b, int index){
    new = a+b;
    printf(" %d", new);
    a=b;
    b=new;
    if(index>1){
        index -= 1;
        printTerm(a, b, index);
    }
    else{
        return 0;
    }
}
int main(){
    int terms;
    printf("No. of terms : ");
    scanf("%d", &terms);
    if(terms>=3){
        printf("0 1");
        printTerm(0, 1, terms-2);
    }
    return 0;
```

```
Output :-
No. of terms : 10
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
```

```
Establish indirect recursion between these two separate functions.
#include <stdio.h>
void fun1(int n);
void fun2(int n);
void fun2(int n)
{
    if(n==10){printf("\n");}
    if (n ==0){return;}
    else if(n<=10)</pre>
    {printf("# ");fun1(n-1);}
    else{printf("* ");fun1(n - 1);}
}
void fun1(int n)
    if(n==10){printf("\n");}
    if (n ==0){return;}
    else if(n<=10){printf("# ");fun2(n-1);}</pre>
    else{printf("* ");fun2(n - 1);}
}
int main()
{
    fun1(20);
    return 0;
```