Stat 177 Final Project

Table 1: Data Dictionary

Variable Grouping	Variable Name	Description	Notes	Colomn number
Data Identifiers	Row Label	A unique label for each row. It could be used as a pandas Row Index.		Index
	Five-digit FIPS	Unique numerical identifier for each county	FIPS code is a Federal standard for identifying counties in the US	0
	State FIPS	State identification code	A two digit code identifying States in the US	1
	County FIPS	County identification code	A within state numeric county identifier	2
	State Abbreviation	2-character code		3
	County Name	Name of county		4
Outcome Variable 1	Poor Health	Proportion of county that has a poor health status		5
Outcome Variable 2	Election.Results.2016	Which party, Democrat or Republican received the most votes in the 2016 Presidential Election		6
Access / Quality of Care	Uninsured	Proportion of county that that does not have health insurance		7
	Primary Care Physicians Per 1000	Number of providers in county per 1000 people.	Example: for a county with 2,000 people a value of 1 would indicate there are 2 providers in the county.	8
	Mental Health Providers Per 1000	Same as primary care provider variable.		9
Social Determinants of Health – Behavioral	Adult Obesity	Pr oportion of adults in the county that that are medically obese	Don't let the fact that this is specifically for adults get in the way of the analysis.	10
	Proportion of Smokers	Proportion of smokers in the county		11
	High School Graduation	County-level graduation rate		12
	Insufficient Sleep	Proportion of adults in the county that that are medically obese		13

Physical Inactivity	Proportion of population physically inactive		14
Excessive Drinking	Proportion of population involved in excessive drinking		15
Median Household Income	County-wide median income		16
Severe Housing Problems	County-wide proportion		17
Unemployment	County-wide unemployment rate		18
Food Insecurity Quintile	County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least food insecure and 5 being the most		19
Income Inequality Quartile	County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least unequal and 4 having the largest disparity		20
Percent Rural	Proportion of a county that is considered rural		21
Over 65	Proportion of a county that is Over 65 years of age		22
Percent Females	The percentage of females in the county		23
Life Expectancy	Average number of years a person can expect to live		24
Population	2018 Census population estimates		25
	Excessive Drinking Median Household Income Severe Housing Problems Unemployment Food Insecurity Quintile Income Inequality Quartile Percent Rural Over 65 Percent Females Life Expectancy	Physical Inactivity physically inactive Excessive Drinking Proportion of population involved in excessive drinking Median Household Income County-wide median income Severe Housing Problems County-wide proportion Unemployment County-wide unemployment rate County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least food insecure and 5 being the most County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least unequal and 4 having the largest disparity Percent Rural Proportion of a county that is considered rural Over 65 Percent Females The percentage of females in the county Average number of years a person can expect to live 2018 Census population	Physical Inactivity physically inactive Excessive Drinking Proportion of population involved in excessive drinking Median Household Income County-wide median income Severe Housing Problems County-wide proportion Unemployment County-wide unemployment rate County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least food insecure and 5 being the most County-wide bucketed metric, with 1 being the least unequal and 4 having the largest disparity Percent Rural Proportion of a county that is considered rural Over 65 Proportion of a county that is Over 65 years of age Percent Females The percentage of females in the county Average number of years a person can expect to live 2018 Census population