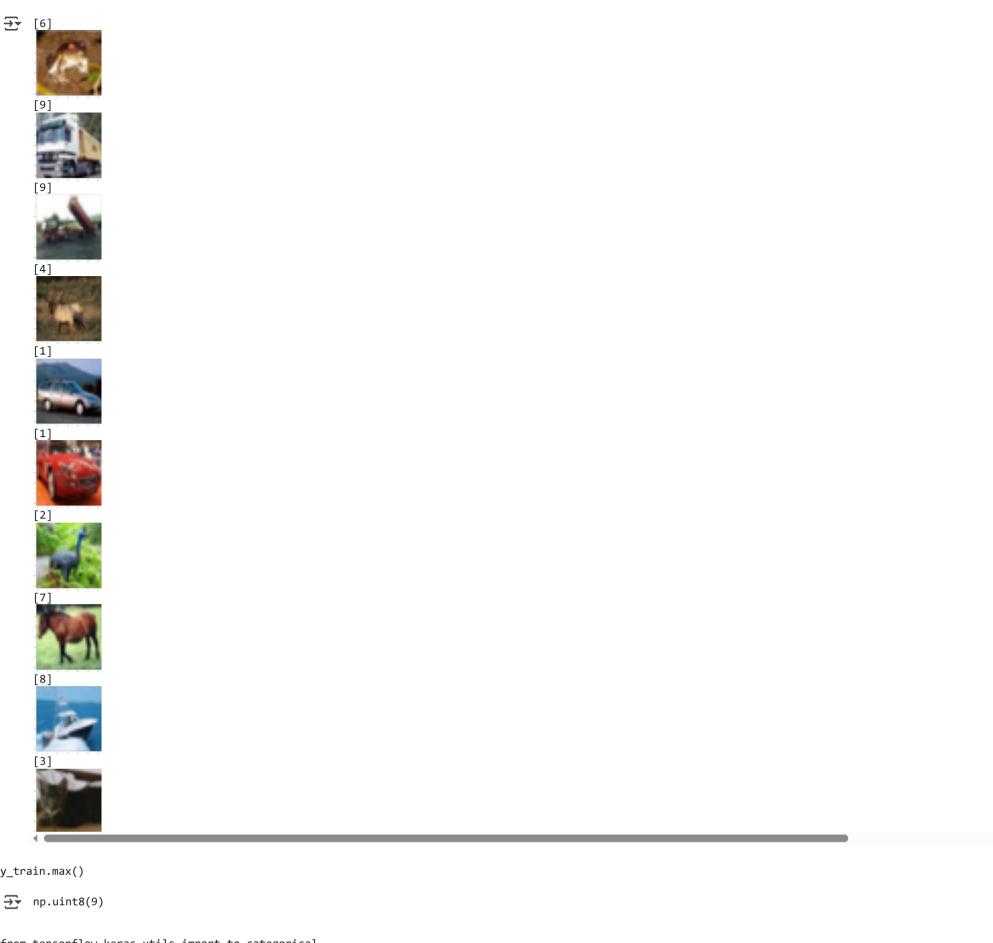
```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load CIFAR-10
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()
# # Normalize
# x_train = x_train / 255.0
\# x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test}} / 255.0
x_train.shape
→ (50000, 32, 32, 3)
x_train=x_train.reshape(-1,32,32,3)
plt.imshow(x_train[23],interpolation='bicubic')
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7ade7a883e10>
        0 -
       5
       10
      15
      20
      25
      30
                         10
                                 15
                                         20
                                                25
                                                        30
          0
img=x_train[3]
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# Suppose img is your image array with shape (height, width, channels)
height, width = img.shape[:2]
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10), dpi=10) # Set figure size proportional to image size
plt.imshow(img,interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
\overline{\Rightarrow}
y_test
→ array([[3],
            [8],
            [8],
            [5],
            [1],
            [7]], dtype=uint8)
for i in range(10):
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,10),dpi=10)
  plt.imshow(x_train[i])
  print(y_train[i])
  plt.show()
```



```
y_train.max()
\rightarrow np.uint8(9)
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from\ tensorflow.keras.activations\ import\ leaky\_relu
class cnn():
    def __init__(self, x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test):
        self.x\_train = x\_train
        self.x_test = x_test
        self.y_train = y_train
        self.y_test = y_test
    def packs(self):
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import numpy as np
        import tensorflow as tf
        from\ tensorflow.keras.utils\ import\ to\_categorical
        {\it from tensorflow.} keras. {\it models import Sequential}
        from tensorflow.keras import layers
        from\ tensorflow.keras.callbacks\ import\ EarlyStopping,\ ReduceLROnPlateau
        from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
    def eda(self):
        store = {}
        self.l = [self.x_train, self.x_test, self.y_train, self.y_test]
        self.names = ['x_train', 'x_test', 'y_train', 'y_test']
        for i, j in zip(self.1, self.names):
            store[j] = i.shape
        for i in range(4):
            if np.array_equal(self.l[i], self.x_train) or np.array_equal(self.l[i], self.x_test):
                self.x_train = self.x_train / 255
                self.x\_test = self.x\_test / 255
                self.x_train = self.x_train.reshape(-1, 32, 32, 3)
                self.x_test = self.x_test.reshape(-1, 32, 32, 3)
```

```
def labeling(self):
        self.y_train = to_categorical(self.y_train)
        self.y_test = to_categorical(self.y_test)
    def dataaugmetation(self):
        self.aug = models.Sequential([
            layers.RandomCrop(32, 32),
            layers.RandomBrightness(0.2),
            layers.RandomZoom(0.3),
            layers.RandomRotation(0.3)
        ])
    def model(self):
        self.model1 = models.Sequential([
            self.aug,
            layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(32, 32, 3)),
            layers.BatchNormalization(),
            layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
            layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
            layers.BatchNormalization(),
            layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
            layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
            layers.BatchNormalization(),
            layers.Flatten(),
            layers.Dense(128, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l1(0.01)),
            layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
            layers.Dense(32, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l1(0.01)),
            layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
        ])
    def modelmoves(self):
        {\tt from\ tensorflow.keras.optimizers\ import\ Adam}
        from \ tensorflow.keras.callbacks \ import \ Early Stopping, \ Reduce LROn Plateau
        self.adam = Adam(learning_rate=0.001)
        self.early_stopping = EarlyStopping(patience=5, restore_best_weights=True)
        self.redulr = ReduceLROnPlateau(patience=4, factor=0.1)
        self.model1.compile(optimizer=self.adam, metrics=['accuracy'], loss='categorical_crossentropy')
        self.hist = self.model1.fit(self.x_train, self.y_train, epochs=34, batch_size=128,
                                    validation_split=0.3, callbacks=[self.early_stopping, self.redulr])
    def lossplots(self):
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        plt.plot(self.hist.history['loss'])
        plt.plot(self.hist.history['val_loss'])
    def acc(self):
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        plt.plot(self.hist.history['accuracy'])
        plt.plot(self.hist.history['val_accuracy'])
    def savemodel(self):
        self.model1.save("cirf_model.keras")
        self.m=self.model1
    def model_predictions(self,path,m):
        from PIL import Image, ImageOps
        import numpy as np
        self.img = Image.open(path).convert("RGB")
        self.img = ImageOps.invert(self.img)
        self.img = self.img.resize((32, 32))
        self.img_array = np.array(self.img)
        self.img_array = self.img_array.astype('float') / 255
        self.img_array = self.img_array.reshape(1, 32, 32, 3)
        self.preds = m.predict(self.img_array)
        self.predic = np.argmax(self.preds)
        self.cofidence = np.max(self.preds)
        print(self.preds, self.cofidence, self.predic)
from keras.regularizers import 11
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ReduceLROnPlateau
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
c=cnn(x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test)
# c.packs()
# c.eda()
# c.labeling()
# c.dataaugmetation()
# c.x_train
c.packs()
c.eda()
c.x_train.shape
```

```
→ (50000, 32, 32, 3)
c.labeling()
c.dataaugmetation()
c.model()
c.modelmoves()
\overline{\mathbf{x}}
     Show hidden output
c.lossplots()
     Show hidden output
c.acc()
\overline{\Rightarrow}
     Show hidden output
from PIL import Image,ImageOps
path1='/content/download.jpeg'
c.savemodel()
c.m
<> <Sequential name=sequential_9, built=True>
c.model_predictions(path1,c.m)
                             - 0s 139ms/step
     [[0.09889804 0.10007735 0.10094159 0.09946489 0.10065495 0.09951927
       0.10058565 0.10036055 0.09990454 0.09959321]] 0.10094159 2
# c.model1.save("cirf_model.keras")
# model1=c.model1
# model_predictions(path1,model1)
plt.imshow
Start coding or generate with AI.
# # c.savemodel()
# def model_predictions(path,mod):
      from PIL import Image, ImageOps
      import numpy as np
      img = Image.open(path).convert("RGB")
      img = ImageOps.invert(img)
      img = img.resize((32, 32))
      img_array = np.array(img)
      img_array = img_array.astype('float') / 255
      img_array = img_array.reshape(1, 32, 32, 3) # Add batch dimension
#
      preds = mod.predict(img_array) # assuming model1 is accessible here
      predic = np.argmax(preds)
      cofidence = np.max(preds)
      print(preds, cofidence, predic)
store={}
1=[1,2,3,4,5]
b=['a','k','h','i','l']
```

```
for i in 1:
    store[i]=b

store

l=[2,3,4,5]
for i in range(4):
    if 1[i]==2 or 1[i]==3:
        1[i]=1[i]/4

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Start coding or generate with AI.
```