

LAB - 10

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Subject	Image Processing

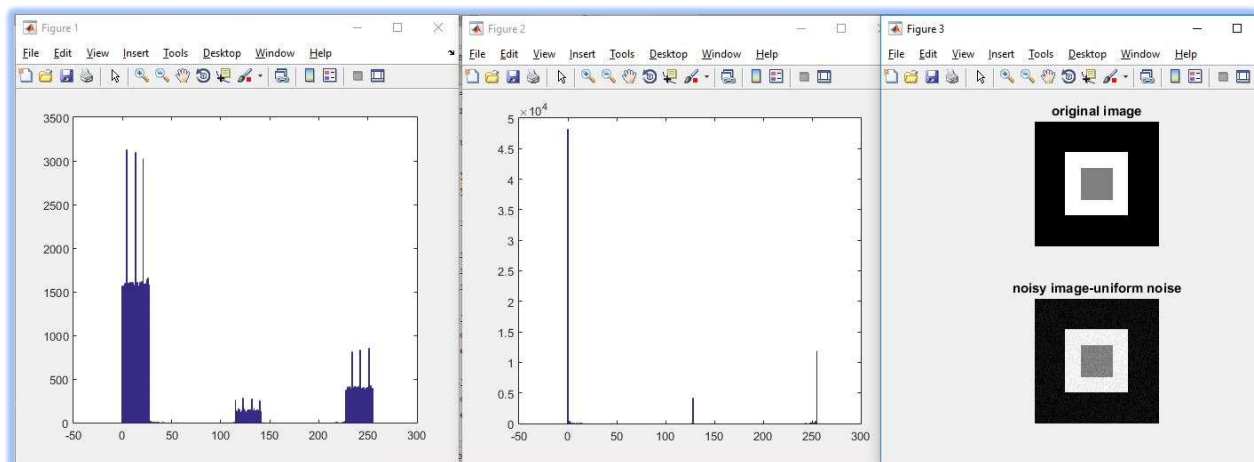
Aim: Perform following Image Restoration tasks.

Q. 1: Add Uniform Noise into the image and plot histogram of noisy image. Use 'randi' function to generate uniformly distributed noise matrix.

❖ **Code:**

```
Editor - C:\Users\user1\Desktop\CE046_IP_LAB10\ a_1.m
a_1.m x a_2.m x a_3.m x a_4.m x a_4_1.m x
1 - img = imread('Test_Image.jpg');
2 - [m, n] = size(img);
3
4 - z = uint8(randi([10, 40], m, n));
5
6 - noisy_img = double(img) + double(z);
7 - noisy = imhist(mat2gray(noisy_img));
8
9 - original = imhist(img);
10
11 - figure(1), bar(0:255, noisy);|
12 - figure(2) , bar(0:255, original);
13 - figure(3);
14
15 - subplot(2,1,1);
16 - imshow(img)
17 - title('original image');
18
19 - subplot(2,1,2)
20 - imshow(mat2gray(noisy_img))
21 - title('noisy image-uniform noise');
```

❖ **Output:**

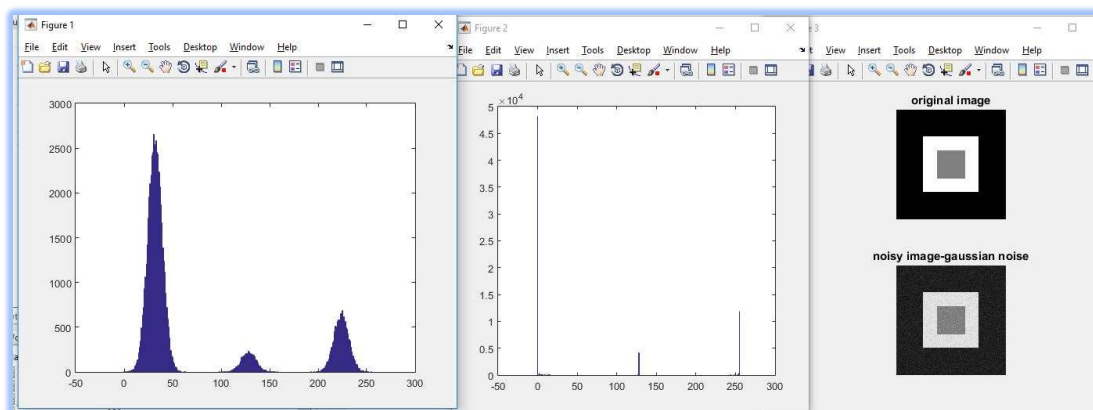


Q. 2: Add Gaussian (Normal) Noise into the image and plot histogram of noisy image. Use 'randn' function to generate Gaussian (Normal) distributed noise matrix with mean 1 and standard deviation 2.

❖ **Code:**

```
a_1.m x a_2.m x a_3.m x a_4.m x a_4.1.m x +
1 - img = imread('Test_Image.jpg');
2 - [m, n] = size(img);
3
4 - mean_img = 1;
5 - standard_deviation = 10;
6
7 - z = mean_img + standard_deviation.*randn(m, n);
8
9 - noisy_img = double(img) + double(z);
10 - noisy = imhist(mat2gray(noisy_img));
11
12 - original = imhist(img);
13
14 - figure(1), bar(0:255, noisy);
15 - figure(2), bar(0:255, original);
16 - figure(3);
17
18 - subplot(2,1,1);
19 - imshow(img);
20 - title('original image');
21
22 - subplot(2, 1, 2);
23 - imshow(mat2gray(noisy_img))
24 - title('noisy image-gaussian noise');
25
```

❖ **Output:**

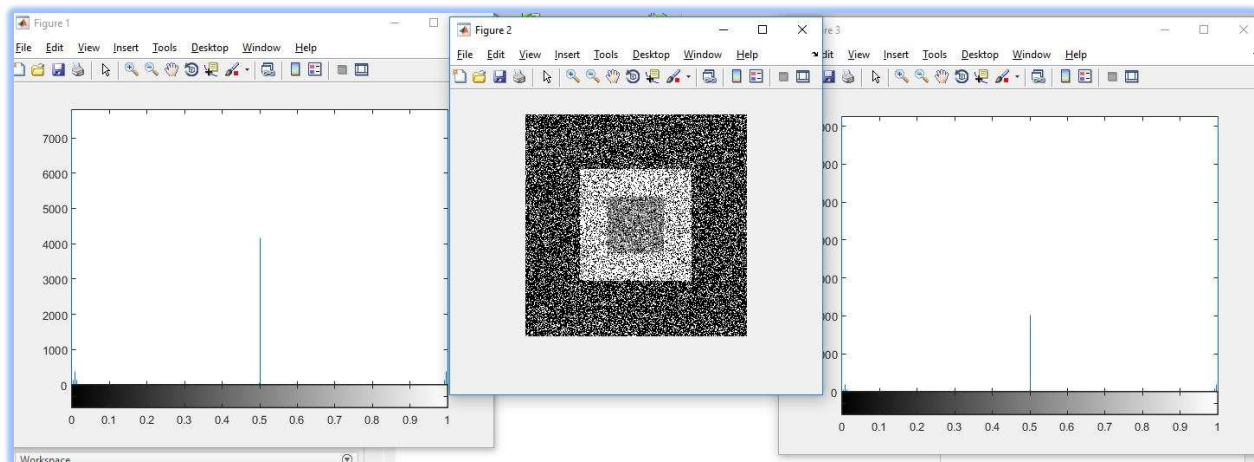


Q. 3: Using imnoise function to add 'Salt and Pepper' Noise.

❖ Code:

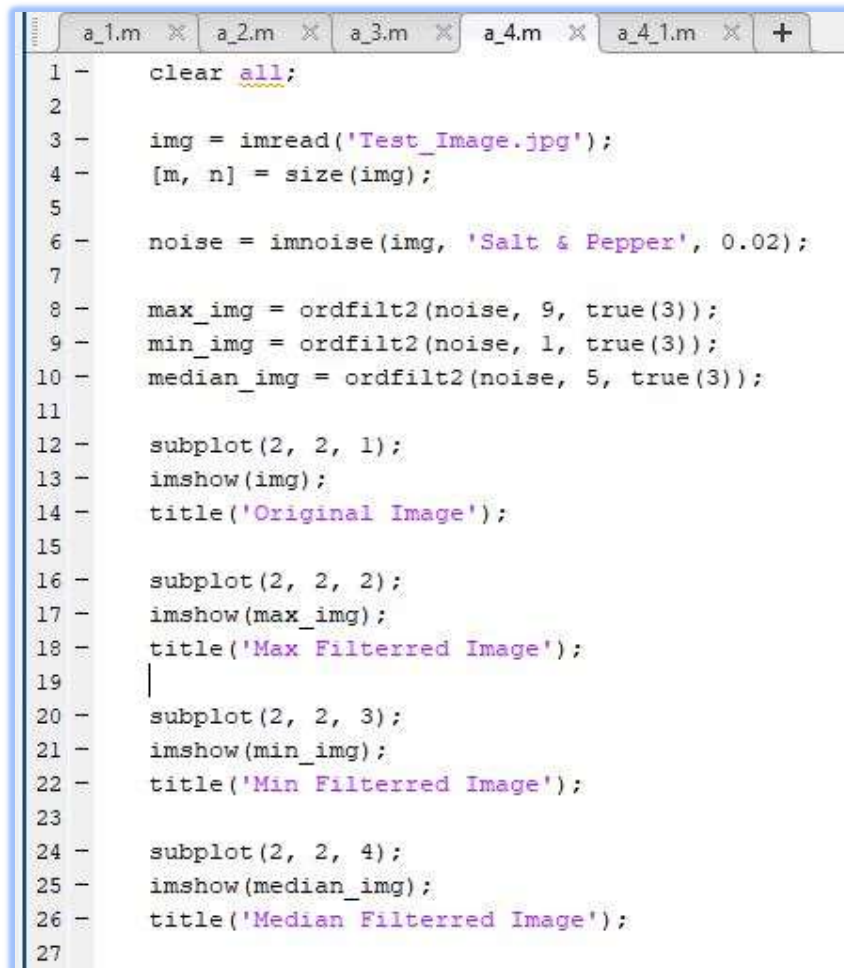
```
Editor - C:\Users\user1\Desktop\CE046_IP_LAB10\a_3.m
a_1.m x a_2.m x a_3.m x a_4.m x a_4_1.m x +
1 - clear all;
2 - img = imread('Test_Image.jpg');
3 - img = double(img);
4 - img = mat2gray(img);
5
6 - imhist(img);
7
8 - noise = imnoise(img, 'Salt & Pepper', 0.5);
9 - figure, imshow (noise);
10 - figure, imhist(noise);
```

❖ Output:



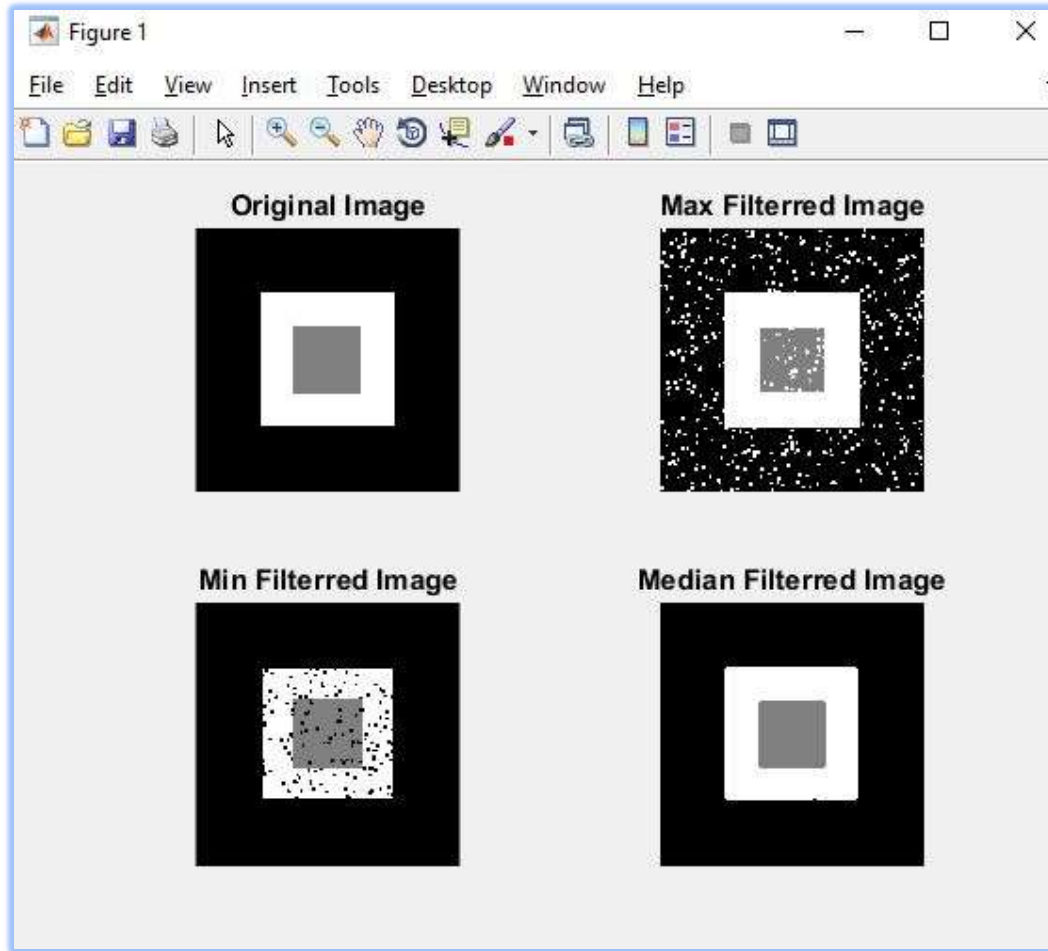
Q. 4: Implement order statistics filters : Max, Min and Median.
Compare your results with inbuilt function 'ordfilt2'.

❖ **Code using ordfilt2:**



```
1 - clear all;
2
3 - img = imread('Test_Image.jpg');
4 - [m, n] = size(img);
5
6 - noise = imnoise(img, 'Salt & Pepper', 0.02);
7
8 - max_img = ordfilt2(noise, 9, true(3));
9 - min_img = ordfilt2(noise, 1, true(3));
10 - median_img = ordfilt2(noise, 5, true(3));
11
12 - subplot(2, 2, 1);
13 - imshow(img);
14 - title('Original Image');
15
16 - subplot(2, 2, 2);
17 - imshow(max_img);
18 - title('Max Filterred Image');
19 -
20 - subplot(2, 2, 3);
21 - imshow(min_img);
22 - title('Min Filterred Image');
23
24 - subplot(2, 2, 4);
25 - imshow(median_img);
26 - title('Median Filterred Image');
27
```

❖ **Output:**



❖ Code using manual implementation:

```
a_1.m × a_2.m × a_3.m × a_4.m × a_4.1.m × +
1 - clear all;
2 - img = imread('Test_Image.jpg');
3 - [m, n] = size(img);
4 - noise = imnoise(img, 'Salt & Pepper', 0.02);
5 - radius = floor(3 / 2);
6 - img = padarray(img, [radius, radius], 0, 'both');
7
8 - for i = radius + 1 : m - radius
9 -     for j = radius + 1 : n - radius
10 -         subimg = noise((i - radius):(i + radius), (j - radius):(j + radius));
11 -         max_img(i, j) = max(max(subimg));
12 -         min_img(i, j) = min(min(subimg));
13 -         median_img(i, j) = median(median(subimg));
14 -     end
15 - end
16
17 - subplot(2, 2, 1);
18 - imshow(img);
19 - title('Original Image');
20 - subplot(2, 2, 2);
21 - imshow(max_img);
22 - title('Max Filterred Image');
23 - subplot(2, 2, 3);
24 - imshow(min_img);
25 - title('Min Filterred Image');
26 - subplot(2, 2, 4);
27 - imshow(median_img);
28 - title('Median Filterred Image');
```

❖ **Output:**

