



# Image Processing & Computer Vision

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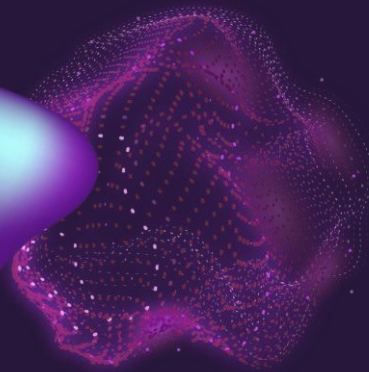
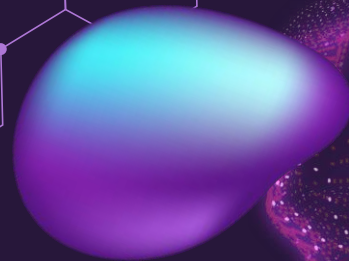
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01

# Introduction



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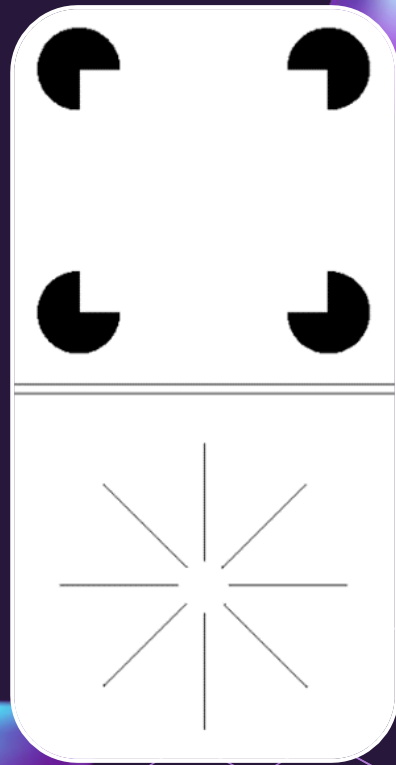
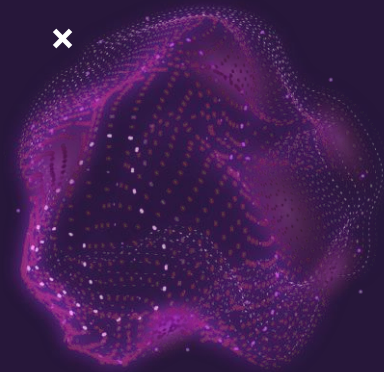


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# Vision VS Computer Vision

The human vision system is made to “understand” the scene, not just measure the light.





**Computers can  
“See”** Using cameras, sensors, etc...

**But can they  
understand?**

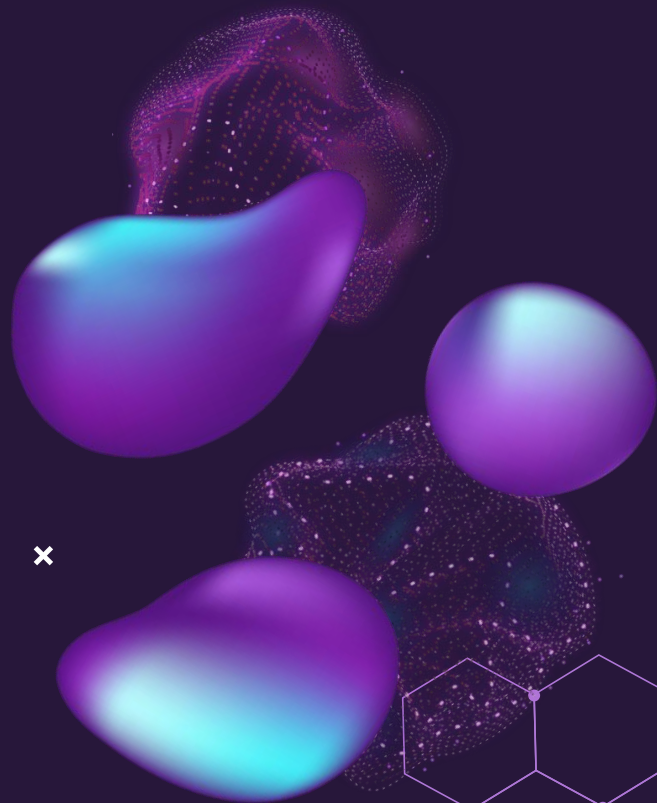


# Digital Image Processing

Attempts to make computers understand what they see

## → Computer Vision

- ❑ Where are the cars ?
- ❑ Where are the humans ?
- ❑ How far is that tree ?
- ❑ What is the plate number of this car ?

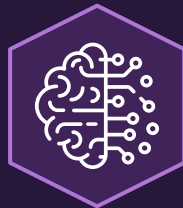


# Using What?

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**Image  
formation**



**Transformation  
Algorithm**



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**Filtering  
Algorithm**

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**And others...**

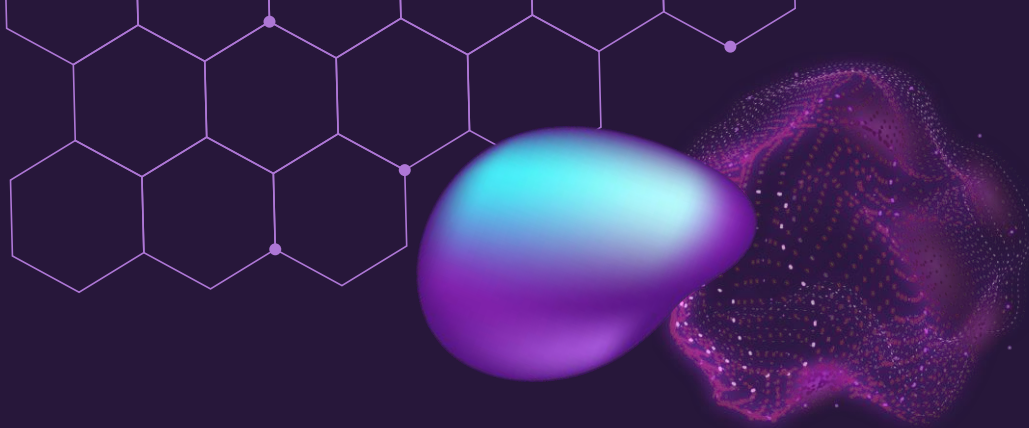


02

# Image Formation



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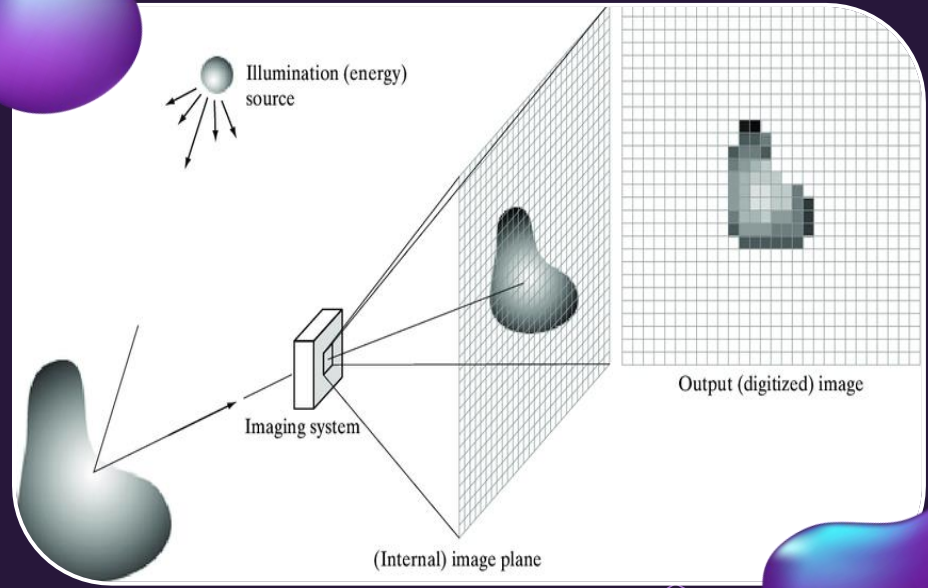


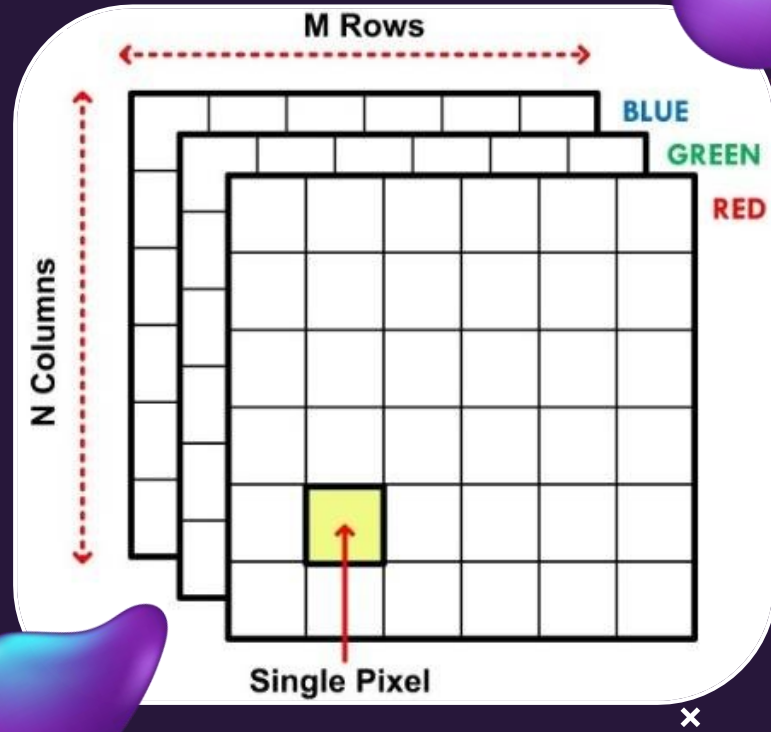
x





# Process of capturing and representing visual information in the form of digital images





# Digital Image

## - 2D Function

- > Position  $\rightarrow$  Intensity (0-255)
- >  $(x,y) \rightarrow f(x,y)$

## - Matrix for each color

- > RGB  $\rightarrow$  3 Matrixes
- > Grayscale  $\rightarrow$  1 Matrix

03

# Image Transformation



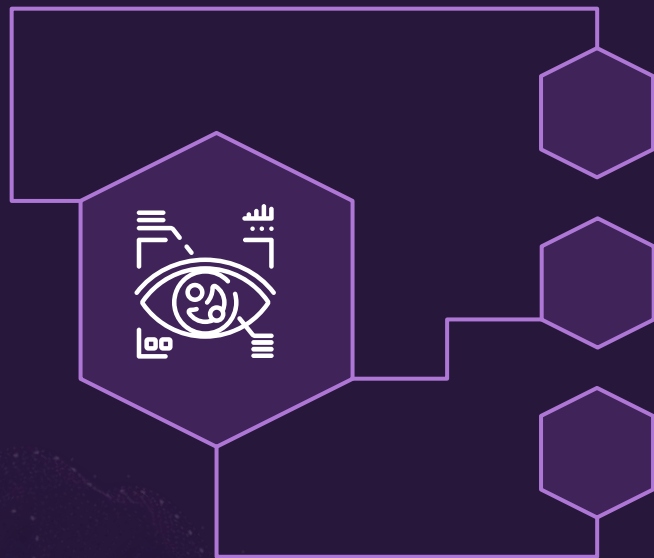
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# Image Transformation

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## Image Negative

Reverse Colors for greyscale images

## Thresholding

Binarization: Black and White

## Histogram Equalization

Used for contrast enhancement

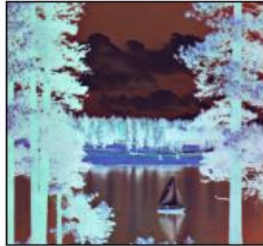
x



coloured



coloured-negative



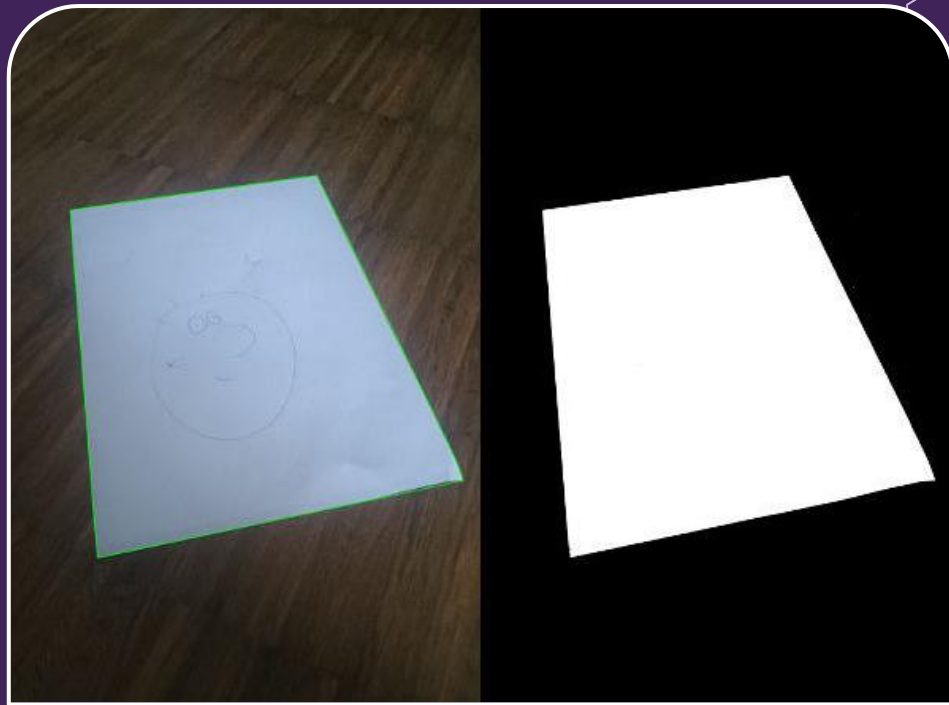
gray



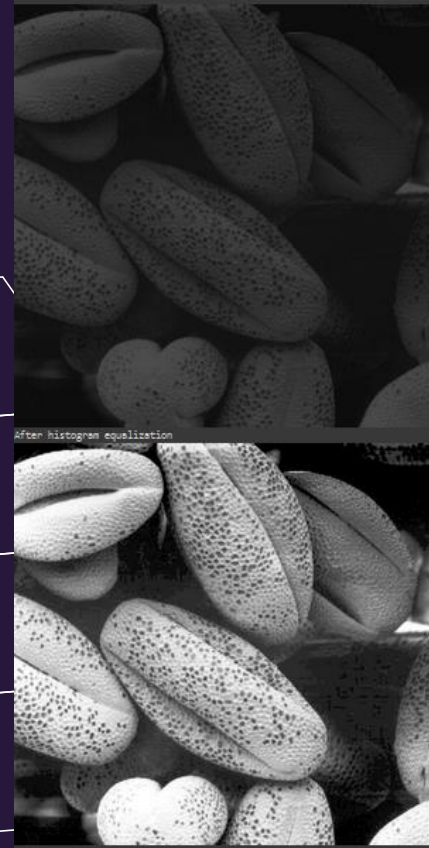
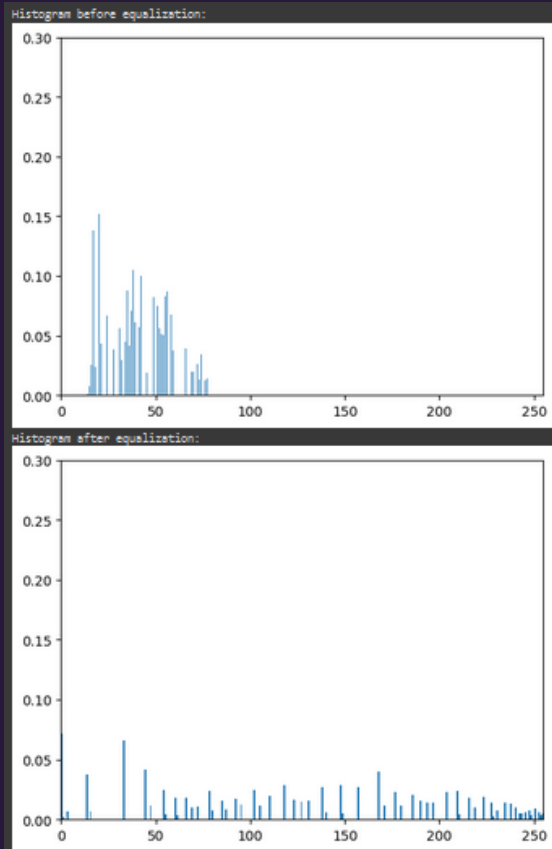
gray-negative



# Negative Image



# Thresholding



# Histogram Equalization

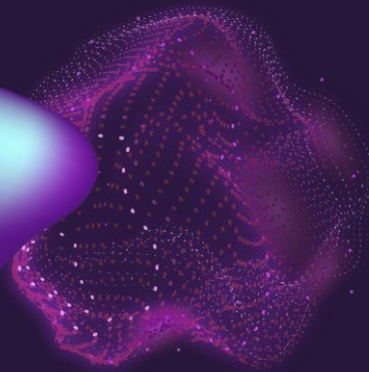
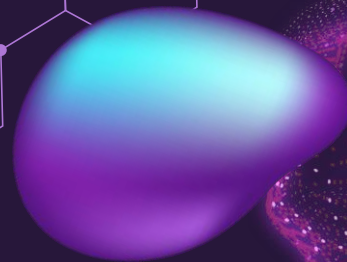


04

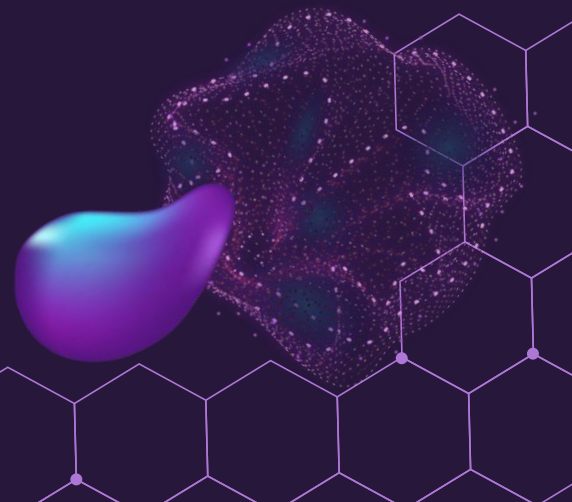
# Image Filtering



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# Convolution

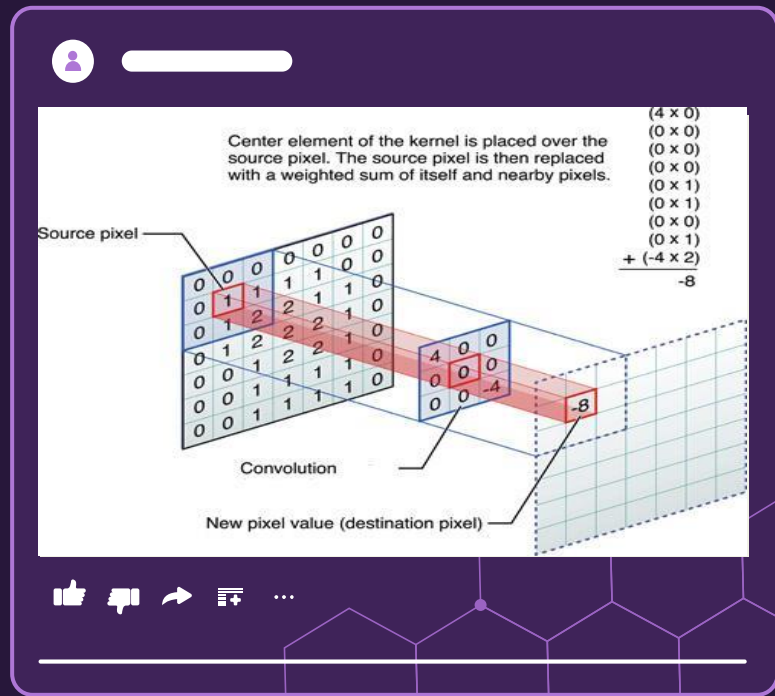
**An image kernel is a small matrix used to apply effects**

**→ as blurring, sharpening, outlining....**

**Also used in machine learning for 'Feature Extraction'**

**→ a technique for determining the most**

x



# Image kernel

blur		
0.0625	0.125	0.0625
0.125	0.25	0.125
0.0625	0.125	0.0625

**De-emphasizes  
differences**

sharpen		
0	-1	0
-1	5	-1
0	-1	0

**emphasizes  
differences in  
adjacent pixel  
values**

outline		
-1	-1	-1
-1	8	-1
-1	-1	-1

**Highlight large  
differences in pixel  
values**



# 05


## Code & Demo

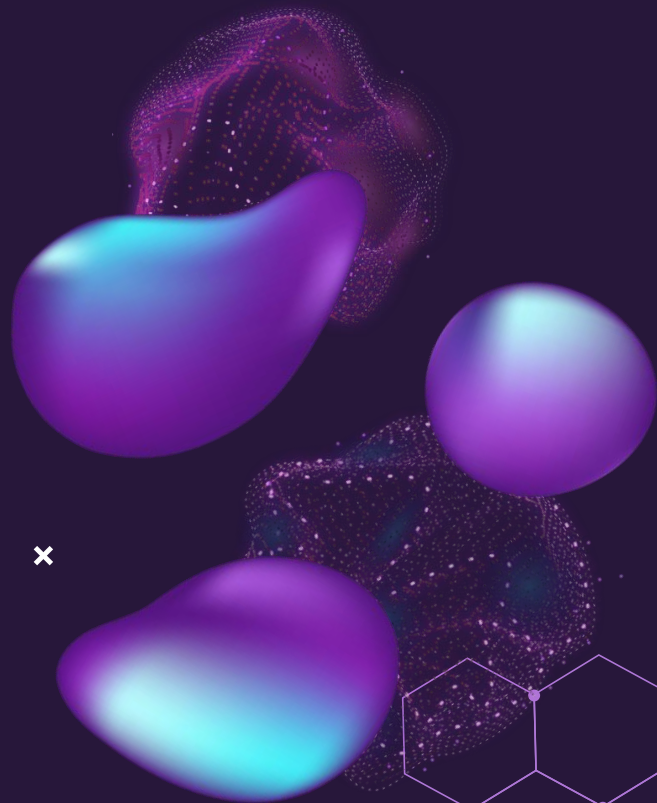
Plate number recognition program



# Text detection and recognition in images

According to Chen, Odobez & Bourlard (2004), the method is split into two main parts:

- ◆ the detection of text lines,
  - ◆ followed by the recognition of text in these lines.
- 



# Our Libraries



## OpenCV

Real-time optimized  
Computer Vision library,  
tools, and hardware.



## EasyOCR

Python package that  
allows to perform Optical  
Character Recognition.

# Plate Number Recognition Road Map

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Contour and edge  
detection for  
potentiel plate

Analysing obtained  
data and showing  
result



## Step 1

Image reading and  
processing  
(trans to gray,  
blurring)

## Step 2



## Step 3

Processing each  
region using OCR  
(easyOCR)

## Step 4



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# References

- Basavarajaiah, M. (2019). 6 basic things to know about convolution. Retrieved from <https://medium.com/@bdhuma/6-basic-things-to-know-about-convolution-daef5e1bc411>
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