## Explanation of variable names in the dataset cityhomes

## **Esben Høg** Aalborg Universitet

## 15 predefined variables in the dataset

**Pris\_Salg**: Sales price in Dkr. **Areal\_Bolig**: Area of house in  $m^2$  **Areal\_Grund**: Ground area in  $m^2$ 

**Ejd\_AntalRum**: Number of rooms

Salgsaar: Year of sale

**StorGrund**: 1 if ground area is larger than 1500  $m^2$  **Dist\_skole**: Distance in km to nearest school **Dist\_raadhus**: Distance in km to nearest town hall

**Alder**: Age in years of the house

KommuneNavn: Name of municipality

**Sogn**: Name of parish (or area) in the municipality<sup>1</sup> **Velhavende**: 1 if the area is "wealthy" and 0 otherwise

Trend: Year of sale minus 2010

Salgsmaaned: Character string denoting the sales month

**Afstemningsomraade**: Voting area (which is a unit in DAGI (Danmarks Administrative Geografiske

Inddeling))

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In each municipality there are data from one "wealthy" area and one not so wealthy area