

2019品管第一次期中考答案

1.

$$(a) \bar{X} = \frac{\sum \bar{X}}{m} = \frac{157.85175}{35} = 4.51005$$

$$\bar{R} = \frac{\sum R}{m} = \frac{2.18750}{35} = 0.0625$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_x = \frac{\bar{R}}{d_2} = \frac{0.0625}{2.326} = 0.02687016$$

$$UCL = \bar{X} + \frac{3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.51005 + \frac{3(0.02687016)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.5461$$

$$\bar{X} \text{ Chart: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} CL = \bar{X} = 4.51005 \\ LCL = \bar{X} - \frac{3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.51005 - \frac{3(0.02687016)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.474 \end{array} \right.$$

$$LCL = \bar{X} - \frac{3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.51005 - \frac{3(0.02687016)}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.474$$

$$UCL = \bar{R} + 3d_3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right) = 0.0625 + 3(0.864)(0.02687016) = 0.132147$$

$$R \text{ Chart: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} CL = \bar{R} = 0.0625 \\ LCL = \bar{R} - 3d_3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right) = 0.0625 - 3(0.864)(0.02687016) = -0.00714 \end{array} \right.$$

$$LCL = \bar{R} - 3d_3\left(\frac{\bar{R}}{d_2}\right) = 0.0625 - 3(0.864)(0.02687016) = -0.00714$$

(負不合) $\therefore LCL = 0$

$$(b) P(LSL < X < USL | \hat{\mu} = \bar{X} = 4.51005, \hat{\sigma}_x = 0.02687016)$$

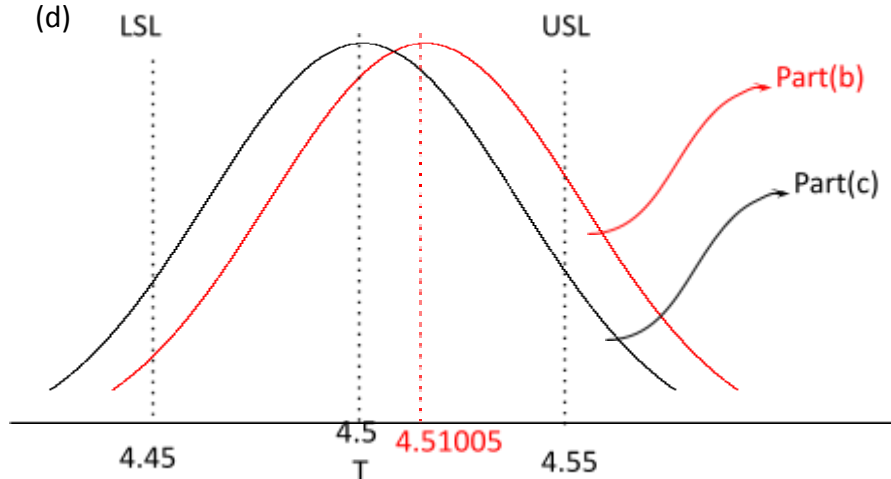
$$= P\left(\frac{4.45 - 4.51005}{0.02687016} < Z < \frac{4.55 - 4.51005}{0.02687016}\right)$$

$$= P(-2.234821 < Z < 1.486779) = 0.9187 \approx 0.919 = 91.9\%$$

$$(c) P(LSL < X < USL | u = T = 4.5, \hat{\sigma}_x = 0.02687016)$$

$$= P\left(\frac{4.45 - 4.5}{0.02687016} < Z < \frac{4.55 - 4.5}{0.02687016}\right) = 0.93722 \approx 0.9372 = 93.72\%$$

(d)



2. n=4, N=25

$$(a) A_3 = 1.628, B_4 = 2.266, \bar{X} = \frac{13050}{25} = 522, \bar{S} = \frac{660}{25} = 26.4$$

$$\bar{X} \text{ Chart: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} UCL = CL + A_3\bar{S} = 522 + 1.628 \times 26.4 = 564.9792 \\ CL = 522 \\ LCL = CL - A_3\bar{S} = 522 - 42.9792 = 479.0208 \end{array} \right.$$

$$S \text{ Chart: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} UCL = B_4\bar{S} = 2.266 \times 26.4 = 59.8224 \\ CL = 26.4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$LCL = 0$$

$$\hat{\sigma} = \frac{26.4}{C_4} = \frac{26.4}{0.921} = 28.66$$

$$(b) P(x < 450) = P\left(Z < \frac{450-522}{28.66}\right) = P(Z < -2.51221) = 0.5 - 0.494 = 0.006$$

3. μ and σ are known, $n = 2$

$$\bar{X} \text{ Chart: } \begin{cases} UCL = \mu_0 + \frac{3\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}} \\ CL = \mu_0 \\ LCL = \mu_0 - \frac{3\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \text{Power} &= 1 - \left[\beta = 1 - P\left(\mu_0 - \frac{3\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}} \leq \bar{X} \leq \mu_0 + \frac{3\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}} \mid \mu_1 = \mu_0 - \sigma_0\right) \right] \\ &= 1 - P\left(\frac{\left(\mu_0 - 3\frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}\right) - (\mu_0 - \sigma_0)}{\frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}} \leq Z \leq \frac{\left(\mu_0 + 3\frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}\right) - (\mu_0 - \sigma_0)}{\frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}}\right) \\ &= 1 - P(-3 + \sqrt{n} \leq Z \leq 3 + \sqrt{n}) \\ &= 1 - P(-3 + \sqrt{2} \leq Z \leq 3 + \sqrt{2}) \\ &= 1 - P(-1.585 \leq Z \leq 4.41) = 1 - 0.943601 = 0.05639 = 5.639\% \end{aligned}$$

(b) $n=4$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Power} &= 1 - \beta = 1 - P(-3 + \sqrt{4} \leq Z \leq 3 + \sqrt{4}) \\ &= 1 - P(-1 \leq Z \leq 5) = 1 - 0.8413445 = 0.1586555 \approx 15.865\% \end{aligned}$$

$n=8$

$$\text{Power} = 1 - \beta = 1 - P(-3 + \sqrt{8} \leq Z \leq 3 + \sqrt{8}) = 0.4318867 \approx 43.188\%$$

(c) 當 n 愈大, 偵測到製程平均偏移的機率愈大

\Rightarrow as $\beta = \text{type II error decrease}$, $\text{power} = 1 - \beta \text{ increase}$

4.

(a) $\bar{X} = 64.75$, $\sigma = 0.15$

$$\begin{aligned} P(64.775 \leq \bar{X} \leq 65.225) &= P\left(\frac{64.775 - 64.75}{\frac{0.15}{\sqrt{4}}} \leq Z \leq \frac{65.225 - 64.75}{\frac{0.15}{\sqrt{4}}}\right) \\ &= P(0.33 \leq Z \leq 6.33) = 0.5 - 0.1293 = 0.3707 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) P(x > 65.5) + P(x < 64.5) &= P\left(Z > \frac{65.5 - 64.75}{0.15}\right) + P\left(Z < \frac{64.5 - 64.75}{0.15}\right) \\ &= P(Z > 5) + P(Z < -1.67) = 0.5 - 0.4525 = 0.0475 \end{aligned}$$

(c) $65.5 - 64.5 = 1$

$$C_p = \frac{1}{6 \times 0.15} = 1.11$$

$$C_{pk} = \left\{ \frac{64.75 - 64.5}{3 \times 0.15}, \frac{65.5 - 64.75}{3 \times 0.15} \right\} = \{0.56, 1.67\} = 0.56$$

$$\text{or } |C_a| = \left| \frac{64.75 - 65}{0.5} \right| = 0.5, C_{pk} = (1 - 0.5) \times 1.11 = 0.55$$

5.

$$(a) C_{pk} = \left[\frac{USL - \bar{X}}{3\sigma}, \frac{\bar{X} - LSL}{3\sigma} \right] \geq 1.25$$

$$\frac{0.0015}{3\sigma} \geq 1.25, \sigma \leq \frac{0.0005}{1.25} = 0.0004 = \frac{1}{2500}$$

$$(b) \frac{0.001}{3\sigma} \geq 1.25, \sigma \leq \frac{0.001}{3 \times 1.25} = 0.000267 = \frac{1}{3750}$$

$$(c) C_p = \frac{USL - LSL}{6\sigma} \geq 1.25, \sigma \leq \frac{0.003}{6 \times 1.25} = 0.0004 = \frac{1}{2500}$$

$\bar{\bar{X}} = 0.301$, and $\bar{\bar{X}} = 0.298$ 沒影響

(d) C_p 指標不會被平均偏移影響

6.

$$(a) P(X = 0) = \frac{\binom{1000}{0} \binom{900}{25}}{\binom{1000}{25}} = 0.069396$$

$$(b) p = 0.1$$

$$P(X = 0) = \binom{25}{0} (0.1)^0 (0.9)^{25} = 0.0717898$$

$$(c) \lambda = np = 25 \times 0.1 = 2.5$$

$$P(X = 0) = \frac{2.5^0 e^{-2.5}}{0!} = e^{-2.5} = 0.082085$$