# Coding Conventions for SWEET

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## 1 Purpose

Different developers working together have usually different coding conventions. Therefore an agreement to coding conventions has to be achieved when working together on one project for several reasons. One of the main reasons is to keep the code clean and thus to maintain a better code structure.

## 2 Coding conventions

### 2.1 Identation

Blocks and scopes have to be indented by using a single TAB for each identation.

### 2.2 Naming conventions

#### 2.2.1 Types

Types are distinguished whether they are used as a

- class,
- class with templates
- typedef followed by a specialized class
- $\bullet\,$  classes without templates
- atomic variables (int, char, float, ...)

#### 2.2.2 Variable naming

- For atomic types (int, char, float, etc.), all variables have to be written using underscores and small letters.
- For class types, the class variables have to be written without underscores

#### 2.2.3 Parameters for methods

parameters of methods are prefixed by i\_, o\_ or io\_.

- i\_ means that this parameter is accessed read/only (const).
- o\_ is used to declare this parameter as being an output reference to write some output values.
- io\_ is used to declare an input/output pointer or reference which is read and written.

Output parameters always have to be of type pointer. No references should ever be used for output parameters! Return values handed back to the calling method are still allowed and have so far no convention.

#### 2.3 Template parameters

ALL template parameters have to be prefixed with a "t\_" to differ between template types and other types.

#### 2.4 Comments

Comments are one of the most important thing in writing code. Therefore as much comments as are necessary or being requested by other developers have to be written.

Equations in comments can be e.g. written with f(x):=1+2x f. See https://www.stack.nl/ dimitri/doxygen/manual/formulas.html for examples.

```
/**
* comments preceeding functions should
* follow the doxygen (www.doxygen.org)
* code-style
```