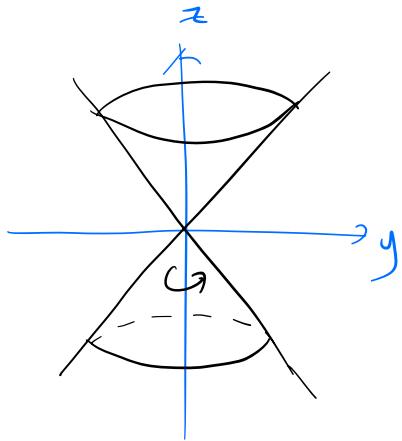


一般地) $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = -1$

3. 椭圆面

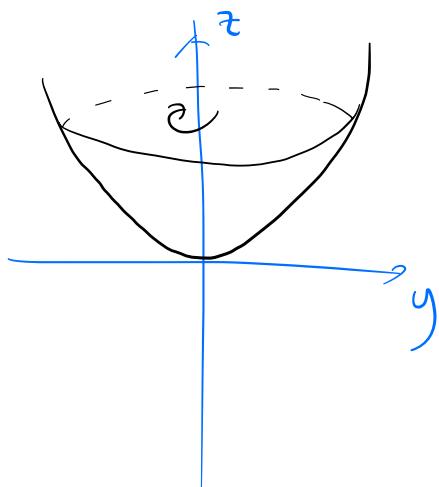


$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{z^2}{b^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2+y^2}{a^2} - \frac{z^2}{b^2} = 0$$

一般地, $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$.

三、抛物面



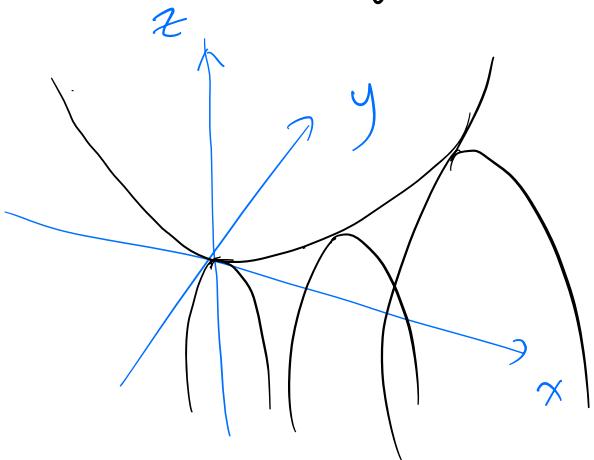
$$z = \frac{y^2}{a^2}$$

$$z = \frac{x^2+y^2}{a^2}$$

1. 双曲形抛物面 一般地: $z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}$

2. 双曲抛物面

$$z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2}$$



例：求直线 $L: \begin{cases} x=2t \\ y=k \\ z=t \end{cases} \quad k \neq 0$, 绕 z 轴旋转一周生成

旋转曲面方程

$$y=k, \quad x=2t$$

$P_0(x_0, y_0, z_0) \in L$, 旋转到 $P(x, y, z)$

$$x_0^2 + y_0^2 = x^2 + y^2, \quad z = z_0$$

$$x_0 = 2t, \quad y_0 = k, \quad z_0 = t$$

$$\tilde{x}^2 + \tilde{y}^2 = (2t)^2 + k^2$$

$$= (2z_0)^2 + k^2$$

$$= 4\tilde{z}^2 + k^2$$

$$\frac{x^2}{k^2} + \frac{y^2}{k^2} - \frac{z^2}{\frac{k^2}{4}} = 1 \quad : \text{单叶双曲面}$$