Unleash the power of feature-based JS development

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http://bit.ly/feature-u-pres slides, syllabus, articles, docs, and repo!



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- Married, Father, Grandfather
- 40 yrs in software (20 yrs consulting)
- JS (since 96, es6 since 2015)
- Retired
- Be nice to the old guy :-)



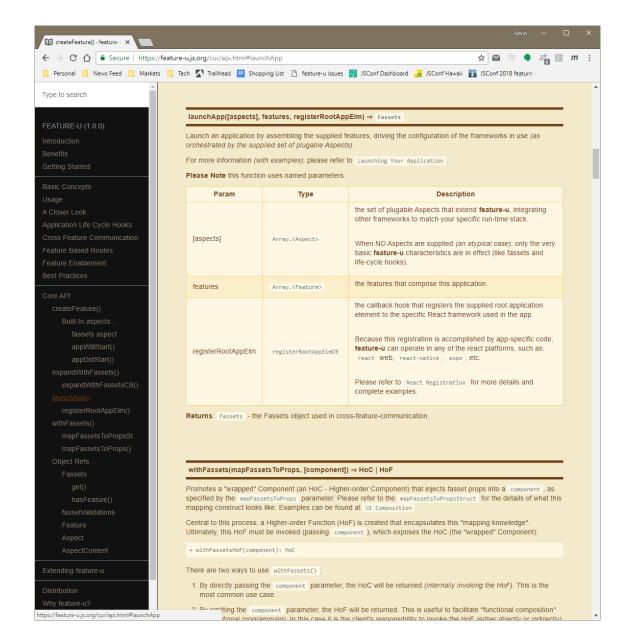
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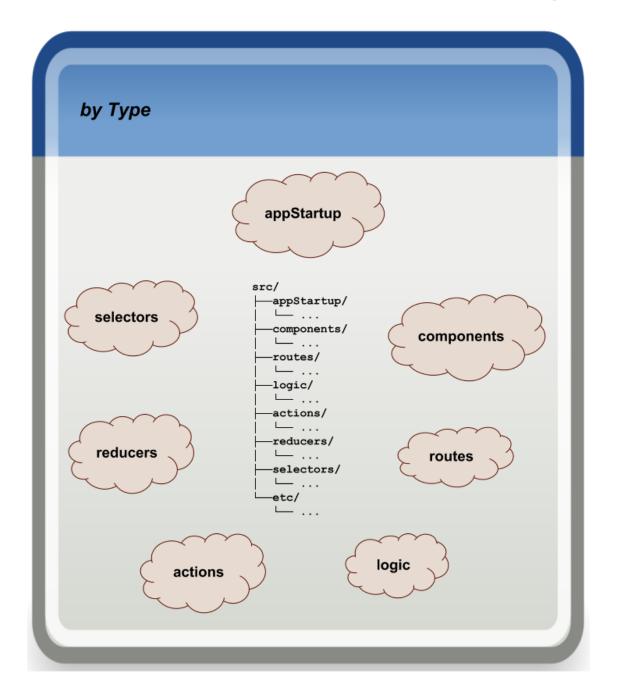


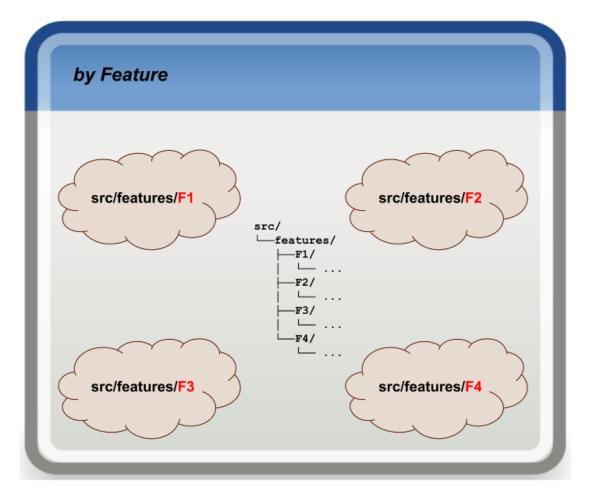
SideBar: feature-u docs

https://feature-u.js.org/

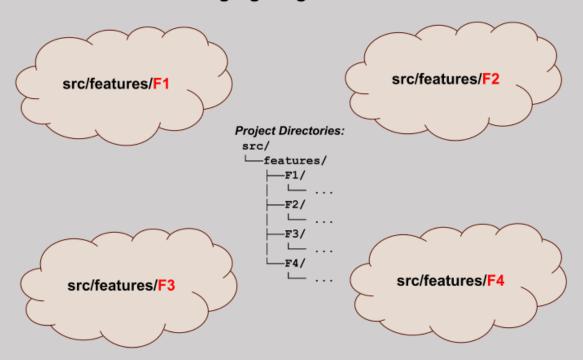


Project Organization





Segregating Features



Goals

- Requirements based
- Encapsulation
- Self Sufficient
- Plug-and-Play

Hurdles

- Isolation vs. Collaboration
- Start-Up Initialization
- Framework Configuration
- UI Composition
- Feature Enablement

In short, how do we achieve a running application from these isolated features?

Two Primary Tenets

needed to Achieve our Goal

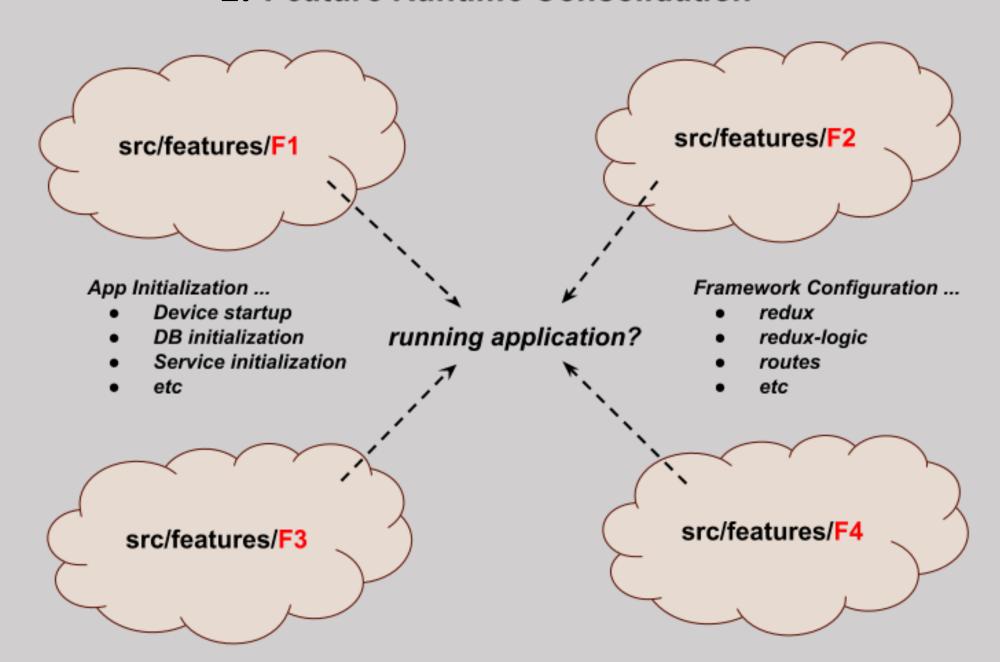


1. Feature Runtime Consolidation

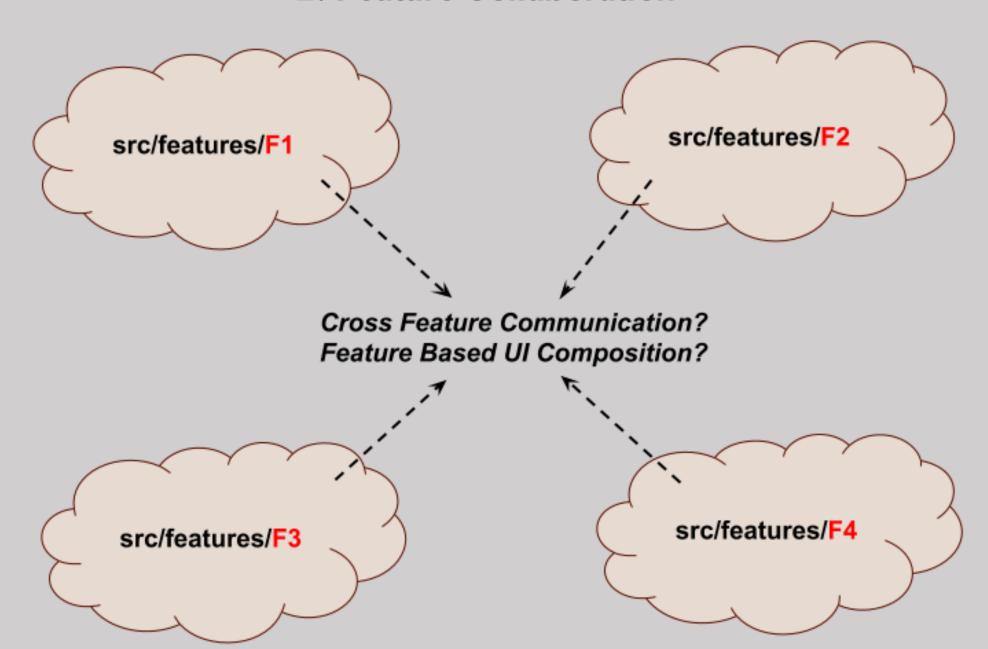


2. Feature Collaboration

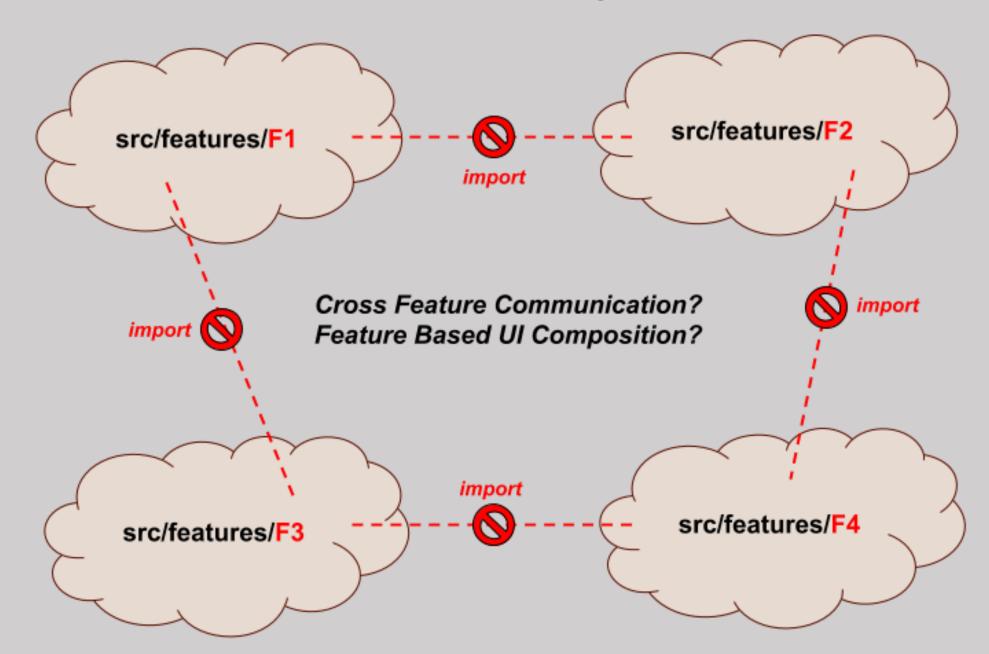
1. Feature Runtime Consolidation



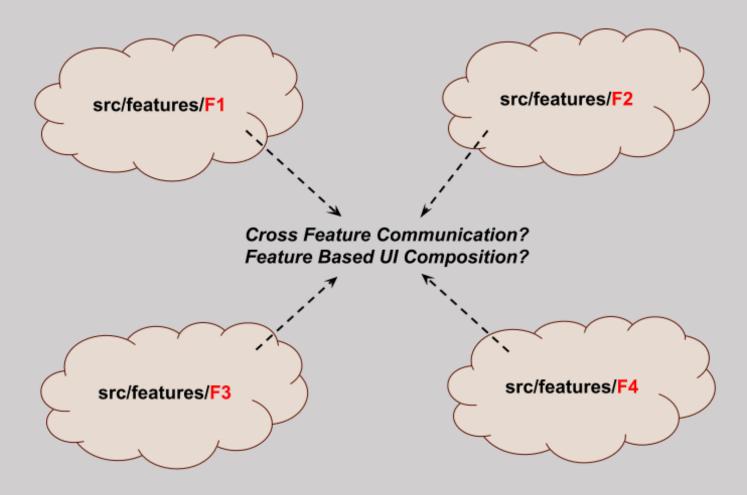
2. Feature Collaboration



Cross Feature Imports



2. Feature Collaboration

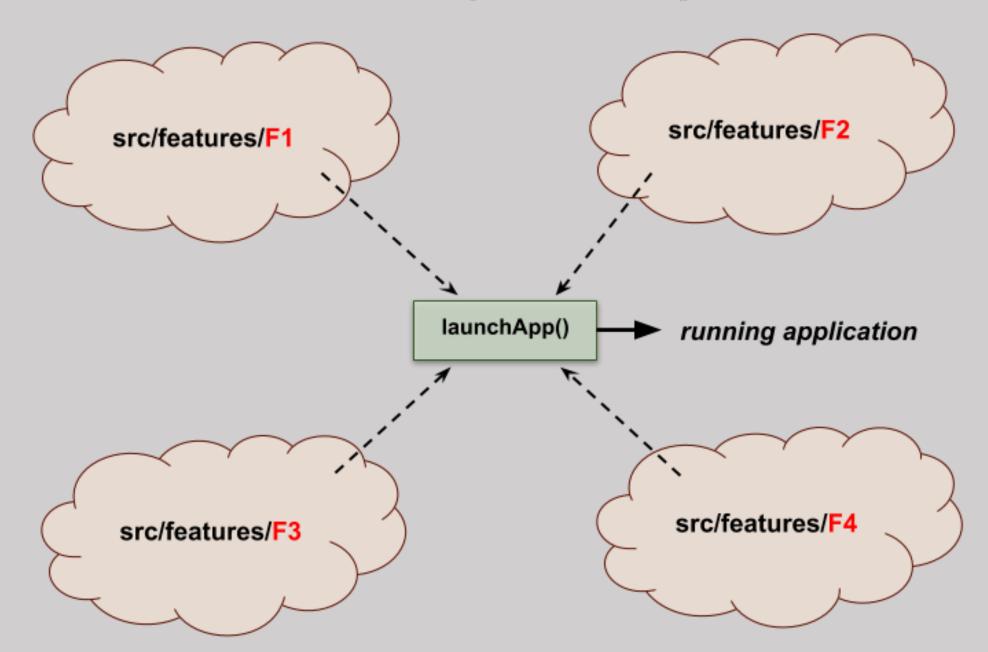


How is Cross Feature Communication achieved in a way that doesn't break encapsulation?

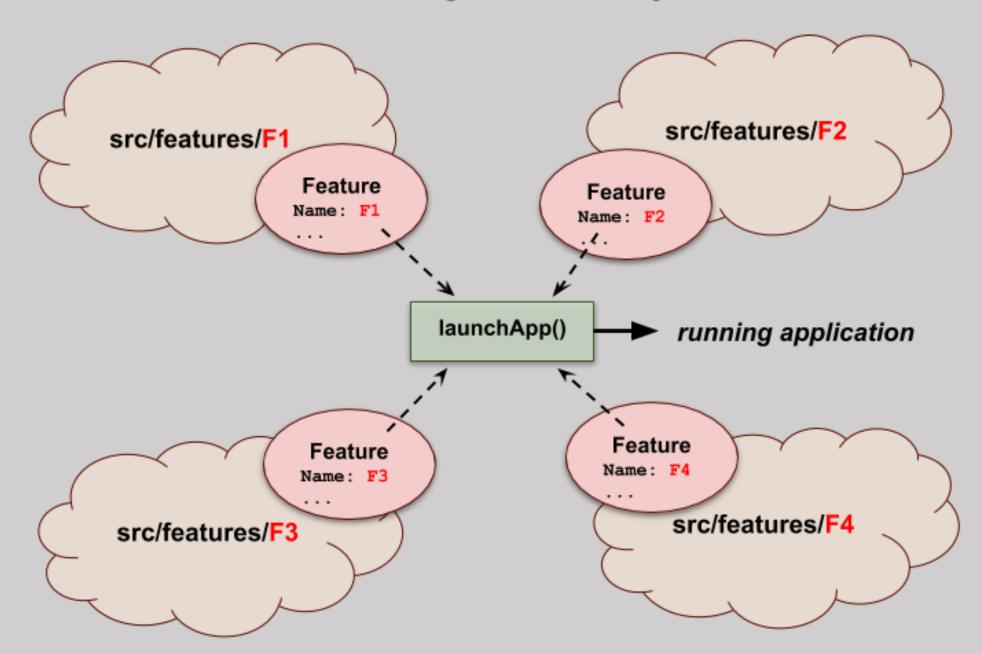


The feature-u Solution

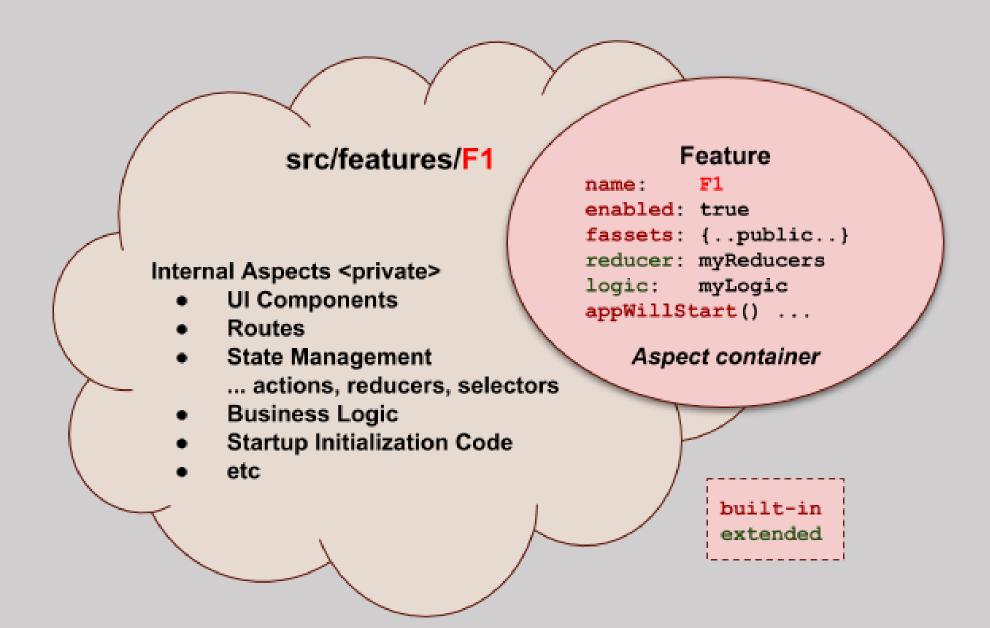
Introducing: launchApp()



Introducing: Feature Object



Introducing: aspects



How does **feature-u** accommodate:

1. FeatureRuntimeConsolidation

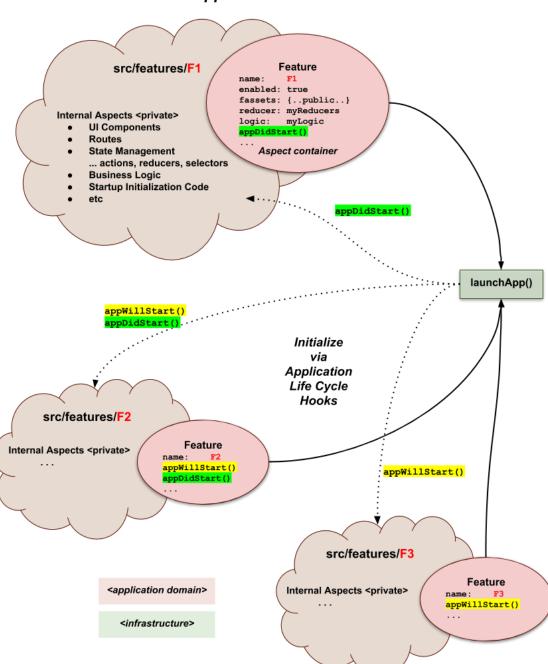






FRAMEWORK CONFIGURATION

App Initialization



Application

Life Cycle

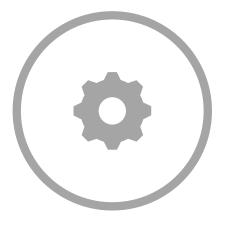
Hooks

appWillStart():

invoked one time at app startup time

appDidStart ():

invoked one time immediately after app has started



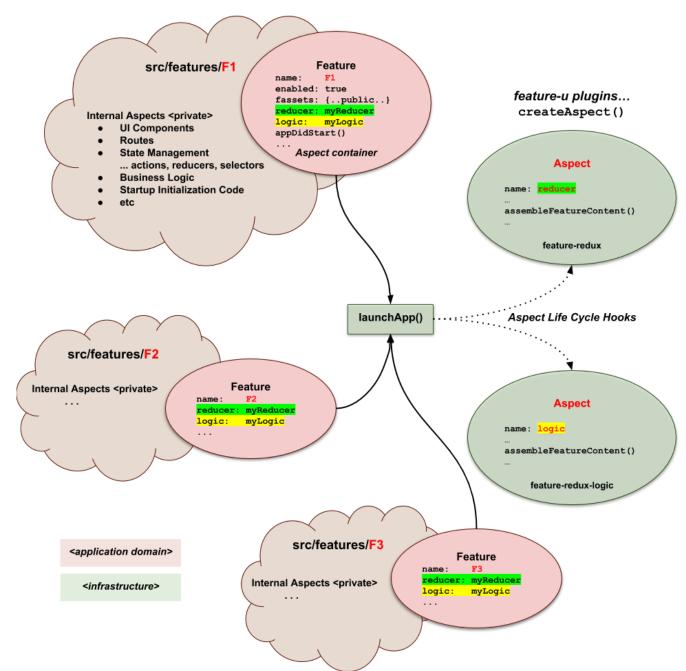
Extendable Aspect Plugins

Framework Configuration Goal

feature-u is extendable!

Extendable Aspect Plugins

Framework Configuration



1. Feature Runtime Consolidation



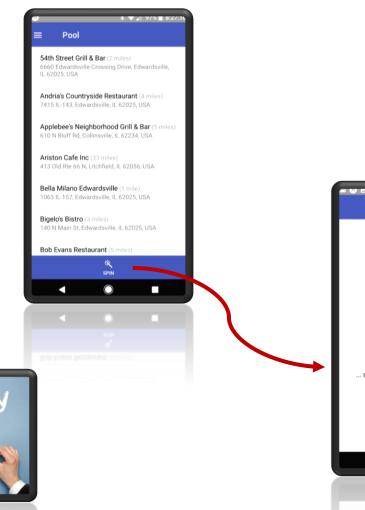
eatery-nod

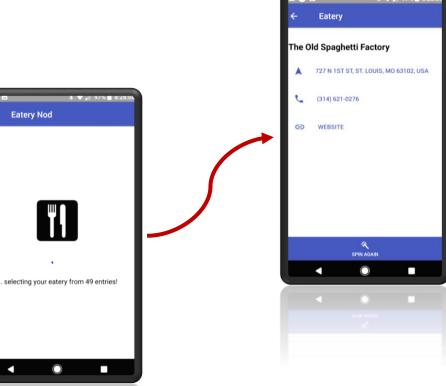


https://github.com/KevinAst/eatery-nod



1. Feature Runtime Consolidation





directory structure

```
ord order of the control of the cont
```

1. Feature Runtime Consolidation

Our App is running from

isolated/independent

features ...

- App Initialization
- Framework Configuration

src/feature/device/appWillStart.js

```
more fault

from "result"

from "result"

from "result"

from "result"

from "result (and information)"

from "result"

fro
```

src/feature/firebase/feature.js



redux auto configured by feature-redux Aspect Plugin

src/feature/leftNav/appWillStart.js



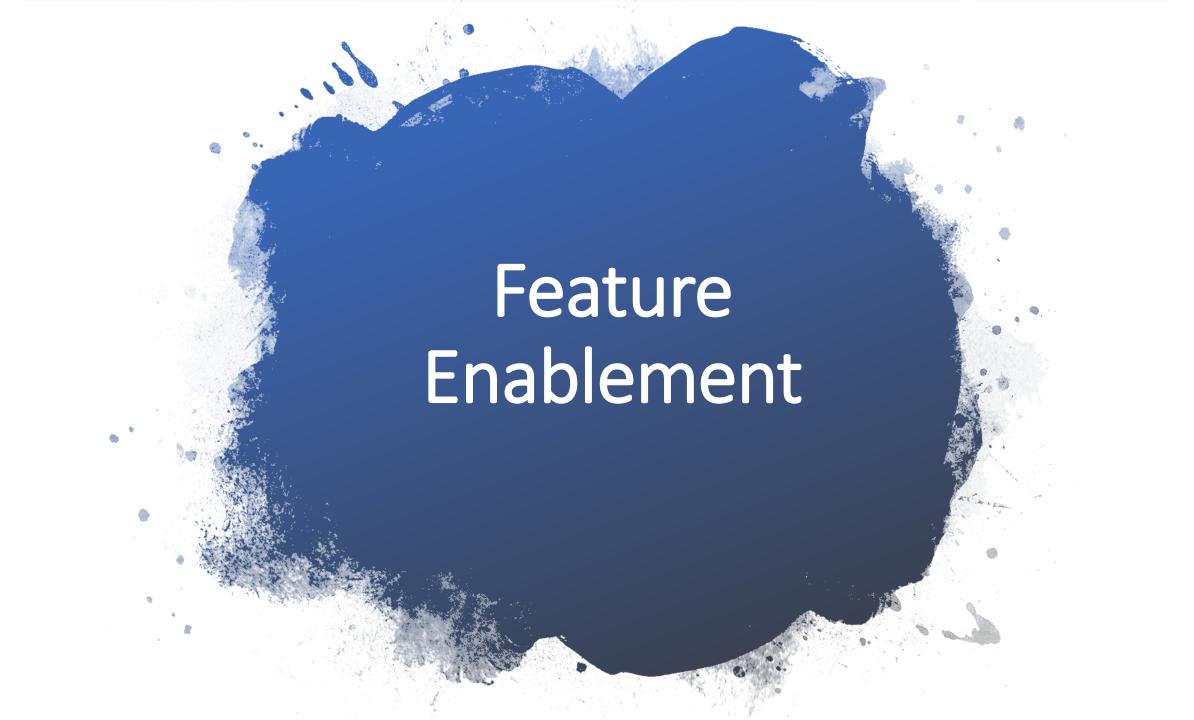
src/app.js

src/app.js

export default launchApp({
 aspects: appliancts(),
 features,
 registerHoorAppEla) {
 Lapa.registerHoorExapperanct(()+>raotAppEla);
 }
};

src/feature/device/appDidStart.js





Feature Enablement

by default all Features are active

can be disable via Feature.enabled built-in aspect

src/feature/sandbox/feature.js

```
export default createFeature({
   name: 'sandbox',
   enabled: inDevelopmentMode(),
   ... snip snip
});
```

Made possible because feature-u is in control of App Startup





How does **feature-u** accommodate:

2. FeatureCollaboration



Cross Feature Communication

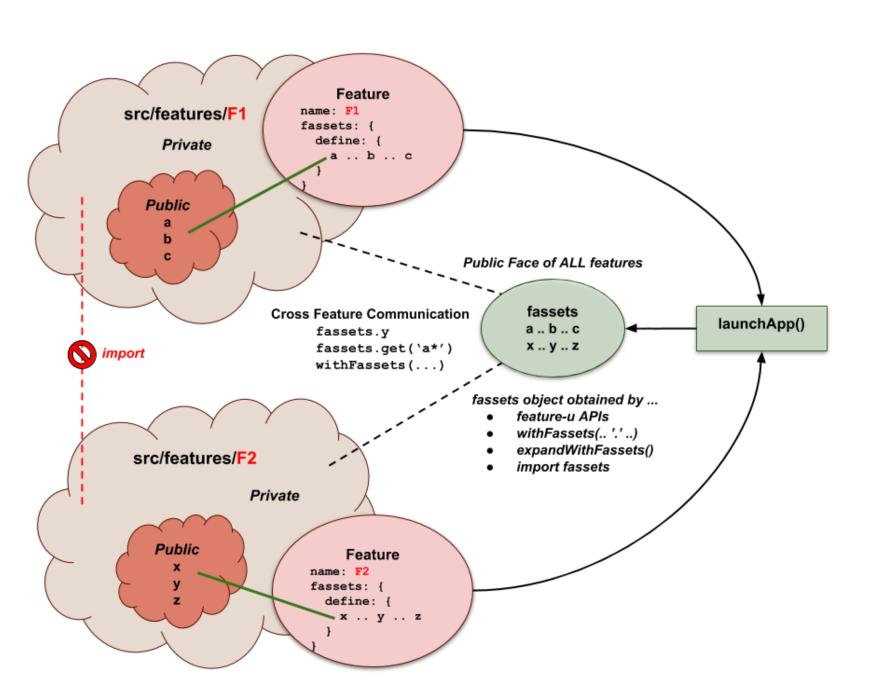


Feature Based UI Composition

Cross Feature Communication

Cross Feature Communication

fassets



code snippet ...

defining fassets

Cross Feature Communication

fassets

```
using fassets
```

```
if (fassets.sel.isDeviceReady(appState)) {
    ...
}
```

NOTE: This uses a <u>push</u> philosophy

code snippet ...

defining logo

```
export default createFeature({
   name: 'common',
   fassets: {
     define: {
       'company.logo': () => <img src="logo.png"/>, // a react component
     },
   },
   ...
});
```

Feature Based UI Composition

withFassets()

injecting fasset component properties

UI Composition can be a "contract"

Feature Based UI Composition

Resource Contracts

- Supported by additional fasset directives
 - **fassets.use**: specify a series of injection needs
 - fassets.defineUse: supply this content

NOTE: This uses a <u>pull</u> philosophy

- Wildcards (*) provide additional dynamics
 - allowing content to be **injected autonomously**

Feature Based UI Composition

Resource Contracts

src/features/<mark>main</mark>/feature.js

```
createFeature({
  name: 'main',

  fassets: {
    use: [
        'MainPage.*.link',
    ],
  });
```

code snippet ...

src/features/main/comp/MainPage.js

We have switched to a <u>pull</u> philosophy with <u>autonomous injection</u>!!

src/features/cart/feature.js

```
createFeature({
  name: 'cart',

  fassets: {
    defineUse: {
      'MainPage.cart.link': () => <Link to="/cart">Cart</Link>,
      },
    },
});
```

src/features/<mark>search</mark>/feature.js

```
createFeature({
  name: 'search',

fassets: {
    defineUse: {
       'MainPage.search.link': () => <Link to="/search">Search</Link>,
       },
    },
});
```

eatery-nod



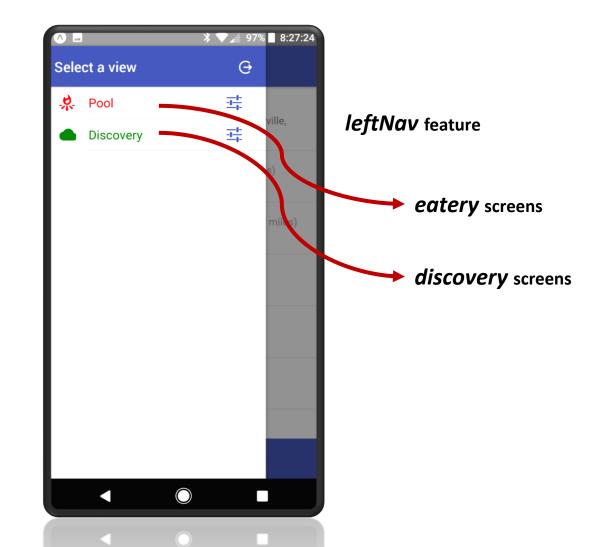
https://github.com/KevinAst/eatery-nod



UI Composition

Resource **Contracts**





A/B Testing

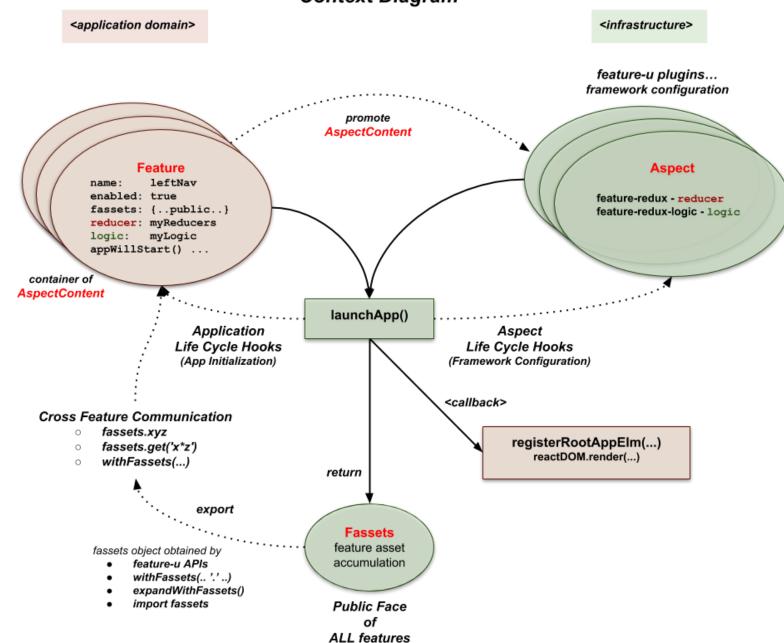
change a feature to a new version

or swap out to a mock service

or turn on a new feature in it's entirety



feature-u Context Diagram



In Summary

A final word about Feature Based Development

Features should mirror requirements

Features are a Higher Level Abstraction

- because they contain other programming paradigms
 - features are more about a "logical packaging" so they **plug-and-play**

What does this mean in terms of **feature-u**?

Question: "How does **feature-u** impact my design constructs?"

Answer: It doesn't!

feature-u is NON Intrusive!

- you employ same constructs and styles
- you use same frameworks in the same way
- *only diff*: your scope is smaller (*i.e. a feature*)

feature-u frees you up to focus your attention on the "business end" of your features!

