## TÉCNICO LISBOA

## MEIC 2018/19 Ciência de Dados

## Lab 4: Decision Trees and Random Forests

- 1. Load the <u>breast\_cancer</u> data. Train a decision tree using the C4.5 algorithm and k-fold cross validation.
  - a. What is the mean accuracy and standard deviation achieved? What confidence do you have in that estimation for the accuracy?
  - b. Change the minimum number of instances to split a node and study the accuracy.
  - c. Compare the trees discovered with and without pruning.
  - d. Study the effect of using just binary splits.
  - e. Repeat the procedures with CART.
  - f. Compare the performance of C4.5, CART and DecisionStumps.
- 2. Splitting the same dataset into train and test datasets, train a random forest.
  - a. What is the accuracy achieved with default parameters?
  - b. Change the minimum number of trees to use and study the accuracy achieved.
  - c. Change the maximum tree size to use and study the accuracy achieved.
  - d. Is there any model in overfitting?
- Load the <u>credit</u> data. Evaluate the accuracy on the training and testing datasets separately, study the overfitting of the different models trained.
  - a. Run C4.5, changing the number of instances to split a node.
  - b. Run RandomForests, changing the maximum tree size to combine in the ensembler.
- 4. Load the <u>diabetes</u> data. Study the role of each pre-processing technique when learning decision trees and random forests.
  - a. discretization.
  - b. normalization.
  - c. feature selection.