

Weekly Homework 1

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Introduction to Abstract Math

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Definition 2.1. An integer is even if $n=2k$ for some integer k

Definition 2.2. An integer is odd if $n=2k+1$ for some integer k

Fact 2.3.1. Sums and products of integers are integers.

Theorem 2.4. If $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ then the sum of n and $n+1$ is odd.

Proof. Let n be an integer. Notice that $n+(n+1)=2n+1$. By Definition 2.2, we see that $2n+1$ is odd. \square

Problem 2.6. Either prove, or provide a counterexample to, the statement "The sum of an even integer and an odd integer is odd."

Proof. Let n be an even integer and m be an odd integer. By Definitions 2.1 and 2.2 respectively, we can write n as $2k$ and m as $2j+1$.

$$\begin{aligned}n + m &= 2k + 2j + 1 \\ &= 2(k + j) + 1\end{aligned}$$

We know that $(k+j)$ is an integer by Fact 2.3.1. Therefore, we show by Definition 2.2 that $2(k+j)+1$ is odd for all values of k and j . \square