

	Input	Expected	Got	
4	a11472o5t6	0210111100	0210111100	~
~	1w4n88j12n1	0210100020	0210100020	~
4	1v888861256338ar@ekk	1112012050	1112012050	4

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 1.00

P Flag question

Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

Innut

The first line consists of an integer T denoting the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of only one string, each character of string denoting the alphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

Output:

For each test case, print the count in a new line.

Constraints:

1 ≤ T ≤ 10

 $1 \le length of string \le 10^5$

SAMPLE INPUT

2

nBBZLaosnm

JHklsnZtTL

SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

1

Input	Expected	Got	
2 nBBZLaosnm 3HkIsnZtTL	100	2 1	~
/ 2 nBBZLaosnm 3HkIsnZtTL	100	2	~

Marked out of 1,00 Input Format
The first and only line contains a sentence, s.

Constraints

1 ≤ len(s) ≤ 1000

Output Format

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Sample Input 0

This is C

Sample Output 0

This is C

Explanation 0

Given a sentence, s, print each word of the sentence in a new line.

In the given string, there are three words ["This", "is", "C"]. We have to print each of these words in a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

^	This is C	This is C	This is C	~
,	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C 15 fun	~

Ouestion 4 Correct Marked out of 1.00 V Flag question

Input Format

You are given two strings, a and b, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of a and b respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating a and b (a + b).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, σ' and b', σ' and b' are the same as σ and b, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

Sample Input

abcd ef

Sample Output

42

abcdef

ebcd af

Explanation

a = "abcd"

b = "ef" |a| = 4