2、 有一文本文件(scores.txt)包含的内容如下

```
#name subject 1 ... subject 8
appropriated 89 83 94 79 89 92 94 94
enfeebling 89 83 89 92 75 91 92 89
instancing 88 84 92 87 71 90 94 93
meticulous 89 83 94 94 91 80 94 94
```

编写程序,完成如下功能:读取文本文件的内容,并计算平均分,按照总分从大到小的顺序排列,并把结果输出到文件(scoresort.txt)中。输出文件内容如下:

```
#name avg subject 1 ... subject 8
meticulous 87.6 89 83 94 94 91 80 94 94
appropriated 87.4 89 83 94 79 89 92 94 94
instancing 87 88 84 92 87 71 90 94 93
enfeebling 86.8 89 83 89 92 75 91 92 89
```

参考代码:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <fstream>
class Student{
public:
    std::string name;
    std::vector<int> scores;
    int total;
    float avg;
    Student(std::vector<std::string> words) {
         std::vector<std::string>::iterator it = words.begin();
         name = *it:
         ++it;
         total = 0:
         while(it!=words.end()) {
              int sc = atoi( (*it).c str() );
              scores. push back(sc);
              ++it;
              total += sc;
         avg = total /scores.size();
    }
```

friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Student& astu);</pre>

```
};
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Student& astu)
     std::string SEP="\t";
     os<< astu.name << SEP << astu.avg << SEP;
     for(int i=0;i<astu.scores.size();i++)</pre>
          os<<astu.scores[i] << SEP;
    return os;
}
class Students{
     std::vector<Student> items;
public:
    Students(){
          std::string line;
          std::ifstream fin("z:\\scores.txt");
          while(getline(fin, line)) {
               std::vector<std::string> words = Split(line, "\t");
               items.push_back(Student(words));
          fin.close();
     void Sort() {
          if (items.size()<2) return;</pre>
          for(size_t i=0;i<items.size();++i){</pre>
               for(size_t j=i+1; j<items. size();++j)</pre>
               {
                   if(items[i].total<items[j].total) {</pre>
                         Student temp = items[i];
                         items[i] = items[j];
                         items[j] = temp;
          };
    };
     std::vector<std::string> Split(const std::string& s, const std::string& c) {
          std::vector<std::string> v;
          std::string::size_type pos1, pos2;
          pos2 = s.find(c);
```

```
pos1 = 0;
         while(std::string::npos != pos2) {
              v.push_back(s.substr(pos1, pos2-pos1));
              pos1 = pos2 + c.size();
              pos2 = s.find(c, pos1);
         if(pos1 != s.length())
              v. push_back(s. substr(pos1));
         return v;
    }
    friend std::ostream& operator<<((std::ostream& os, const Students& list);</pre>
};
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Students& list)
    for(size_t i=0;i<list.items.size();++i)</pre>
         os<<li>ist.items[i] << "\n";
    return os;
考核要点:
```

- 1) 书写多个完整类的能力;
- 2) 文件操作;
- 3)输出重载;
- 4) 基本算法: 排序;
- 5)基本输入输出组织能力。