CSE 250A. Assignment 8

Out: Tue Nov 21 Due: Tue Nov 28

8.1 EM algorithm for binary matrix completion

In this problem you will use the EM algorithm to build a simple movie recommendation system. Download the files $hw8_movies.txt$, $hw8_ids.txt$, and $hw8_ratings.txt$. The last of these files contains a matrix of zeros, ones, and missing elements denoted by question marks. The $\langle i,j\rangle^{\text{th}}$ element in this matrix contains the i^{th} student's rating of the j^{th} movie, according to the following key:

- 1 recommended,
- 0 not recommend,
- ? not seen

(a) Sanity check

Compute the mean popularity rating of each movie, given by the simple ratio

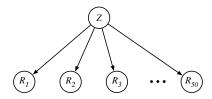
number of students who recommended the movie

number of students who saw the movie

and sort the movies by this ratio. Print out the movie titles from least popular (*The Last Airbender*) to most popular (*Inception*). Note how well these rankings do or do not corresponding to your individual preferences.

(b) Likelihood

Now you will learn a naive Bayes model of these movie ratings, represented by the belief network shown below, with hidden variable $Z \in \{1, 2, ..., k\}$ and partially observed binary variables $R_1, R_2, ..., R_{76}$ (corresponding to movie ratings).



This model assumes that there are k different types of movie-goers, and that the $i^{\rm th}$ type of movie-goer—who represents a fraction P(Z=i) of the overall population—likes the $j^{\rm th}$ movie with conditional probability $P(R_j=1|Z=i)$. Let Ω_t denote the set of movies seen (and hence rated) by the $t^{\rm th}$ student. Show that the likelihood of the $t^{\rm th}$ student's ratings is given by

$$P\left(\left\{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_{t}}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{k} P(Z = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_{t}} P\left(R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)} \middle| Z = i\right).$$

1

(c) E-step

The E-step of this model is to compute, for each student, the posterior probability that he or she corresponds to a particular type of movie-goer. Show that

$$P\left(Z = i \left| \left\{ R_j = r_j^{(t)} \right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \right) = \frac{P(Z = i) \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(R_j = r_j^{(t)} \middle| Z = i \right)}{\sum_{i'=1}^k P(Z = i') \prod_{j \in \Omega_t} P\left(R_j = r_j^{(t)} \middle| Z = i' \right)}.$$

(d) M-step

The M-step of the model is to re-estimate the probabilities P(Z=i) and $P(R_j=1|Z=i)$ that define the CPTs of the belief network. As shorthand, let

$$\rho_{it} = P\left(Z = i \left| \left\{ R_j = r_j^{(t)} \right\}_{j \in \Omega_t} \right.\right)$$

denote the probabilities computed in the E-step of the algorithm. Also, let T denote the number of students. Show that the EM updates are given by

$$P(Z=i) \leftarrow \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \rho_{it},$$

$$P(R_{j}=1|Z=i) \leftarrow \frac{\sum_{\{t|j\in\Omega_{t}\}} \rho_{it} I(r_{j}^{(t)},1) + \sum_{\{t|j\notin\Omega_{t}\}} \rho_{it} P(R_{j}=1|Z=i)}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} \rho_{it}}.$$

(e) Implementation

Download the files $hw8_probZ_init.txt$ and $hw8_probR_init.txt$, and use them to initialize the probabilities P(Z=i) and $P(R_j=1|Z=i)$ for a model with k=4 types of movie-goers. Run 256 iterations of the EM algorithm, computing the (normalized) log-likelihood

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \log P\left(\left\{R_{j} = r_{j}^{(t)}\right\}_{j \in \Omega_{t}}\right)$$

at each iteration. Does your log-likelihood increase (i.e., become less negative) at each iteration? Fill in a completed version of the following table, using the already provided entries to check your work:

iteration	log-likelihood ${\cal L}$
0	-29.3276
1	-18.1393
2	
4	
8	
16	-13.8581
32	
64	
128	
256	

¹There is nothing special about these initial values or the choice of k=4; feel free to experiment with other choices.

(f) Personal movie recommendations

Find your student PID in hw8_ids.txt to determine the row of the ratings matrix that stores your personal data. Compute the posterior probability in part (c) for this row from your trained model, and then compute your expected ratings on the movies you haven't yet seen:

$$P\left(R_{\ell}=1\left|\left\{R_{j}=r_{j}^{(t)}\right\}_{j\in\Omega_{t}}\right)\right. = \sum_{i=1}^{k} P\left(Z=i\left|\left\{R_{j}=r_{j}^{(t)}\right\}_{j\in\Omega_{t}}\right)P(R_{\ell}=1|Z=i) \quad \text{for } \ell\not\in\Omega_{t}.$$

Print out the list of these (unseen) movie sorted by their expected ratings. Does this list seem to reflect your personal tastes better than the list in part (a)? Hopefully it does (although our data set is obviously *far* smaller and more incomplete than the data sets at companies like Netflix or Amazon).

Note: if you didn't complete the survey in time, then you will need to hard-code your ratings in order to answer this question.

(g) Source code

Turn in a hard-copy printout of your source code for all parts of this problem. As usual, you may program in the language of your choice.