

(Local) In[3]:=

```
AppendTo[$Path, NotebookDirectory[]];  
<< Matte2D`
```

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## Tensor Angular Harmonics are made up of \*irreducible\* rank-n tensors

(Local) In[ ]:=

```
On[Assert];  
Assert[trace[delta] == 2]
```

These are extremely hard to find. This code was put together through blood sweat and tears.  
It is simple in concept, you can express an angular function in terms of sines and cosines.

$\text{Cos}[n \theta]$ ,  $\text{Sin}[n \theta]$

The most info I've found is in a *footnote* in this paper. <https://doi.org/10.1209/0295-5075/101/20010>

Describing how the order n harmonics are related to eigenfunctions of the rotational laplacian operator with eigenvalue  $-n^2$ .

(Local) In[7]:=

```
RotOpSqrd[ex_] :=  
Module[{j1, j2, j3}, {j1 = getNewIndex[], j2 = getNewIndex[], j3 = getNewIndex[]};  
(delta[j1, j2] - invr[2] * r[j1] * r[j2]) *  
partialr[(delta[j3, j2] - invr[2] * r[j3] * r[j2]) * (partialr[ex, j3]) // Expand //  
contract, j1] // contract];
```

Now use that small tidbit of information to get this.

Essentially take the angular laplacian of the product of  $r_i \dots r_n$  and then divide that by its eigenvalues. Somehow that seems to get the correct information.

(Local) In[8]:=

```
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[0] := 1
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[n_] := ReplaceAll[invr[x_] -> 1][
  
$$-\frac{1}{n^2} \text{RotOpSqrD}[\text{Table}[r[\text{idx}[\text{indx}]]], \{\text{indx}, 1, n\}] /. \text{List} \rightarrow \text{Times} // \text{contract} ];$$

```

(Local) In[9]:=

```
RotOpSqrD[r[idx[1]] * r[idx[2]]] // prettyprint
```

(Local) Out[9] =

$$-\frac{4 r_i r_j}{r^2} + 2 \delta_{i,j}$$

So for *any* vector  $r$ , the irreducible rank- $n$  tensor that describes it follows that formula

(Local) In[10] :=

```
unitsphereIntegral[
  (IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[2] /. idx[1] -> idx[3] /. idx[2] -> idx[4]) *
  IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[2] // Expand //
  contract] * Q[idx[1], idx[2]] // Expand // contract
```

(Local) Out[10] =

$$\frac{1}{2} \pi Q[\text{idx}[3], \text{idx}[4]]$$

(Local) In[12]:=

```
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[0] // prettyprint
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[1] // prettyprint
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[2] // prettyprint
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[3] // prettyprint
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[4] // prettyprint
IrreducibleRanknTensor2D[5] // prettyprint
```

(Local) Out[ ]:=

1

(Local) Out[ ]:=

 $r_i$ 

(Local) Out[ ]:=

$$r_i r_j - \frac{\delta_{i,j}}{2}$$

(Local) Out[ ]:=

$$r_i r_j r_k - \frac{2}{9} r_k \delta_{i,j} - \frac{2}{9} r_j \delta_{i,k} - \frac{2}{9} r_i \delta_{j,k}$$

(Local) Out[ ]:=

$$r_i r_j r_k r_l - \frac{1}{8} r_k r_l \delta_{i,j} - \frac{1}{8} r_j r_l \delta_{i,k} - \frac{1}{8} r_j r_k \delta_{i,l} - \frac{1}{8} r_i r_l \delta_{j,k} - \frac{1}{8} r_i r_k \delta_{j,l} - \frac{1}{8} r_i r_j \delta_{k,l}$$

(Local) Out[ ]:=

$$\begin{aligned} & r_i r_j r_k r_l r_p - \frac{2}{25} r_k r_l r_p \delta_{i,j} - \frac{2}{25} r_j r_l r_p \delta_{i,k} - \frac{2}{25} r_j r_k r_p \delta_{i,l} - \frac{2}{25} r_j r_k r_l \delta_{i,p} - \frac{2}{25} r_i r_l r_p \delta_{j,k} - \\ & \frac{2}{25} r_i r_k r_p \delta_{j,l} - \frac{2}{25} r_i r_k r_l \delta_{j,p} - \frac{2}{25} r_i r_j r_p \delta_{k,l} - \frac{2}{25} r_i r_j r_l \delta_{k,p} - \frac{2}{25} r_i r_j r_k \delta_{l,p} \end{aligned}$$

Go through the same steps as described in the other TensorHarmonics File to utilize.