

Introduction to Math Outline

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Outline for “Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Political Science Graduate Students”

1. Introduction

- **Purpose of the Document**
 - Overview of the primer’s role in preparing students for graduate-level research.
 - Brief explanation of why quantitative methods are essential in political science.
 - **What to Expect**
 - Structure of the document: starting with basics and building toward more advanced concepts.
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2. Basic Mathematical Concepts

- **Arithmetic Review**
 - Fractions, decimals, percentages.
 - Order of operations (PEMDAS).
 - **Algebra Fundamentals**
 - Variables, constants, expressions, and simple equations.
 - Solving linear equations.
 - Basic functions (e.g., linear, quadratic) and graphing.
 - **Intro to Exponents and Logarithms**
 - Definition and use of exponents.
 - Logarithmic functions and their relevance in data analysis (e.g., log scales, growth rates).
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3. Introduction to Common Notation

- **Understanding Symbols**
 - Summation notation (Σ).
 - Product notation (Π).
 - Factorials (!).
 - Basic set notation (e.g., ϵ , \mathbf{X} , \subset).
- **Common Statistical Symbols**
 - Mean (μ), standard deviation (σ), variance (σ^2).
 - Population parameters vs. sample statistics.
 - Correlation (r), regression coefficients (β).
- **Introduction to Probability Notation**
 - Probability of an event (P).
 - Conditional probability ($P(A|B)$).
- **Greek Letters and Common Symbols**
 - Table of Greek letters

- Table of Common Math Symbols
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4. Descriptive Statistics

- **Measures of Central Tendency**
 - Mean, median, and mode.
 - **Measures of Dispersion**
 - Range, variance, and standard deviation.
 - Concept of distributions (normal, skewed).
 - **Frequency Distributions**
 - Histograms, bar charts, and frequency tables.
 - **Introduction to Probability**
 - Basic probability concepts: events, outcomes, likelihood.
 - Probability distributions (normal, binomial, etc.).
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5. Research Design Concepts

- **What is Quantitative Research?**
 - Differences between qualitative and quantitative research.
 - Importance of data in empirical research.
 - **Key Research Design Terms**
 - Population vs. sample.
 - Independent and dependent variables.
 - Causality vs. correlation.
 - Operationalization of concepts.
 - **Types of Research Designs**
 - Cross-sectional studies.
 - Longitudinal (panel) studies.
 - Experimental vs. observational research.
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6. Introduction to Data in R

- **What is R?**
 - Brief introduction to R and RStudio.
 - Explanation of its utility for political science research.
 - **Basic R Syntax**
 - Data structures (vectors, matrices, data frames).
 - Loading and viewing datasets.
 - Using basic functions in R (e.g., `summary()`, `mean()`, `sd()`).
 - **Basic Data Manipulation**
 - Subsetting data.
 - Cleaning data (e.g., dealing with missing values).
 - **Basic Visualizations**
 - Plotting data (histograms, bar charts, scatterplots).
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7. Inferential Statistics

- **Basic Concepts in Inference**
 - Sampling distributions and the Central Limit Theorem.

- Hypothesis testing: null vs. alternative hypotheses.
 - Type I and Type II errors.
 - P-values and significance levels.
 - **Common Statistical Tests**
 - T-tests.
 - Chi-square tests.
 - ANOVA (Analysis of Variance).
 - Simple linear regression (basic introduction).
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8. Introduction to Regression Analysis

- **What is Regression?**
 - Understanding the concept of regression.
 - Difference between correlation and causation.
 - **Simple Linear Regression**
 - Interpreting the coefficients.
 - Goodness of fit (R-squared).
 - **Multiple Regression (Brief Overview)**
 - Introduction to the idea of controlling for multiple variables.
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9. Conclusion and Next Steps

- **Connecting to Graduate Coursework**
 - How these concepts relate to upcoming research methods classes.
 - **Recommended Resources**
 - Books, tutorials, and online resources for further learning.
 - **Encouragement for Self-Study**
 - Importance of continued practice with R and statistical concepts before and during coursework.
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10. Appendix: Additional Resources

- **Useful Websites**
 - Links to online tutorials, forums, and resources for learning R and statistics.
- **Recommended Books**
 - List of textbooks and reference materials for further study.
- **Sample Datasets**
 - Links to datasets for practice and exploration.