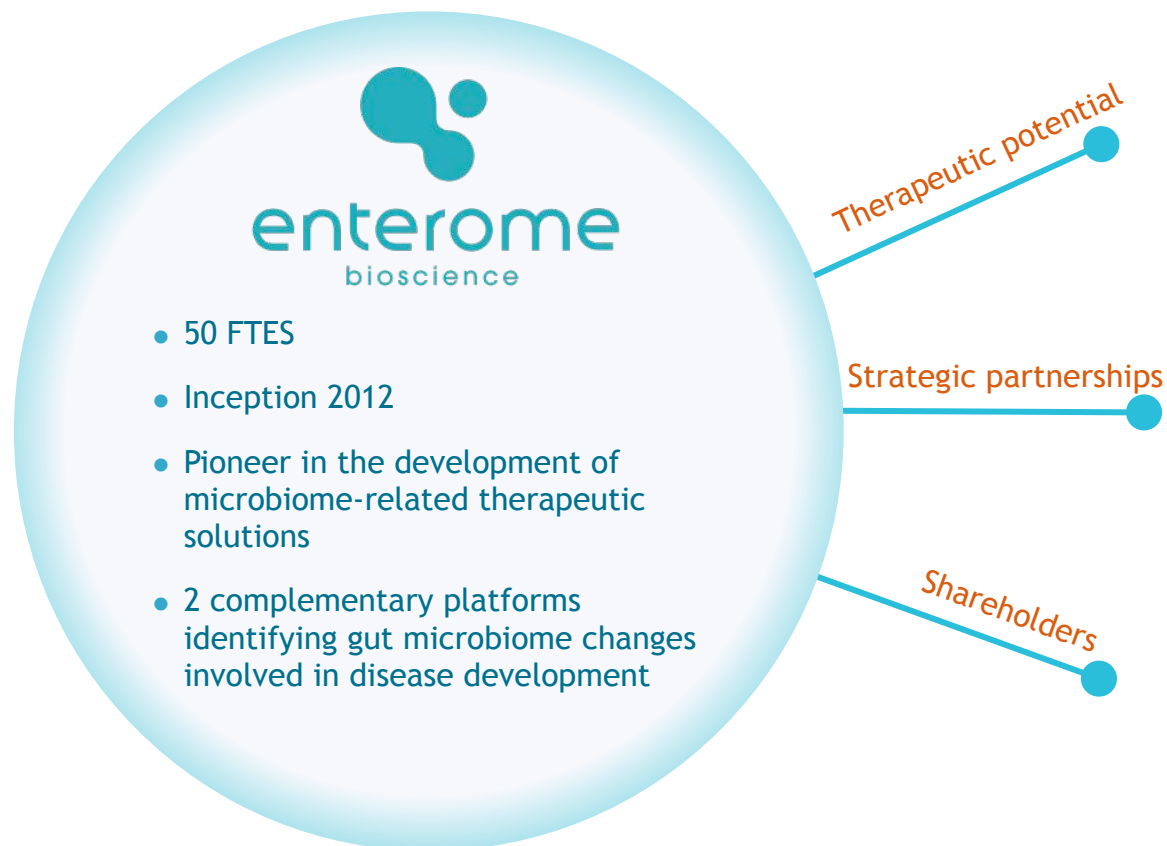


Agile pipelines with Nextflow: how to go from development to production without pain

Francesco Strozzi

Head of Bioinformatics

- Enterome core activities
- Our experience from zero to full Nextflow in production on AWS
- Lessons learned
- Spoiler alert: there have been some pain here and there

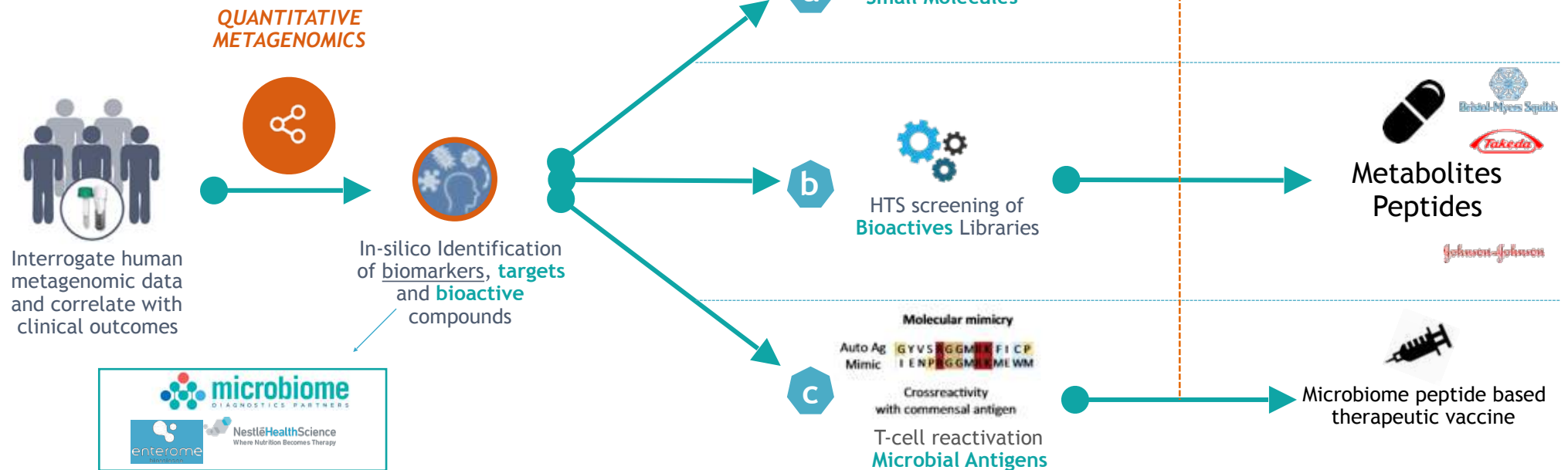


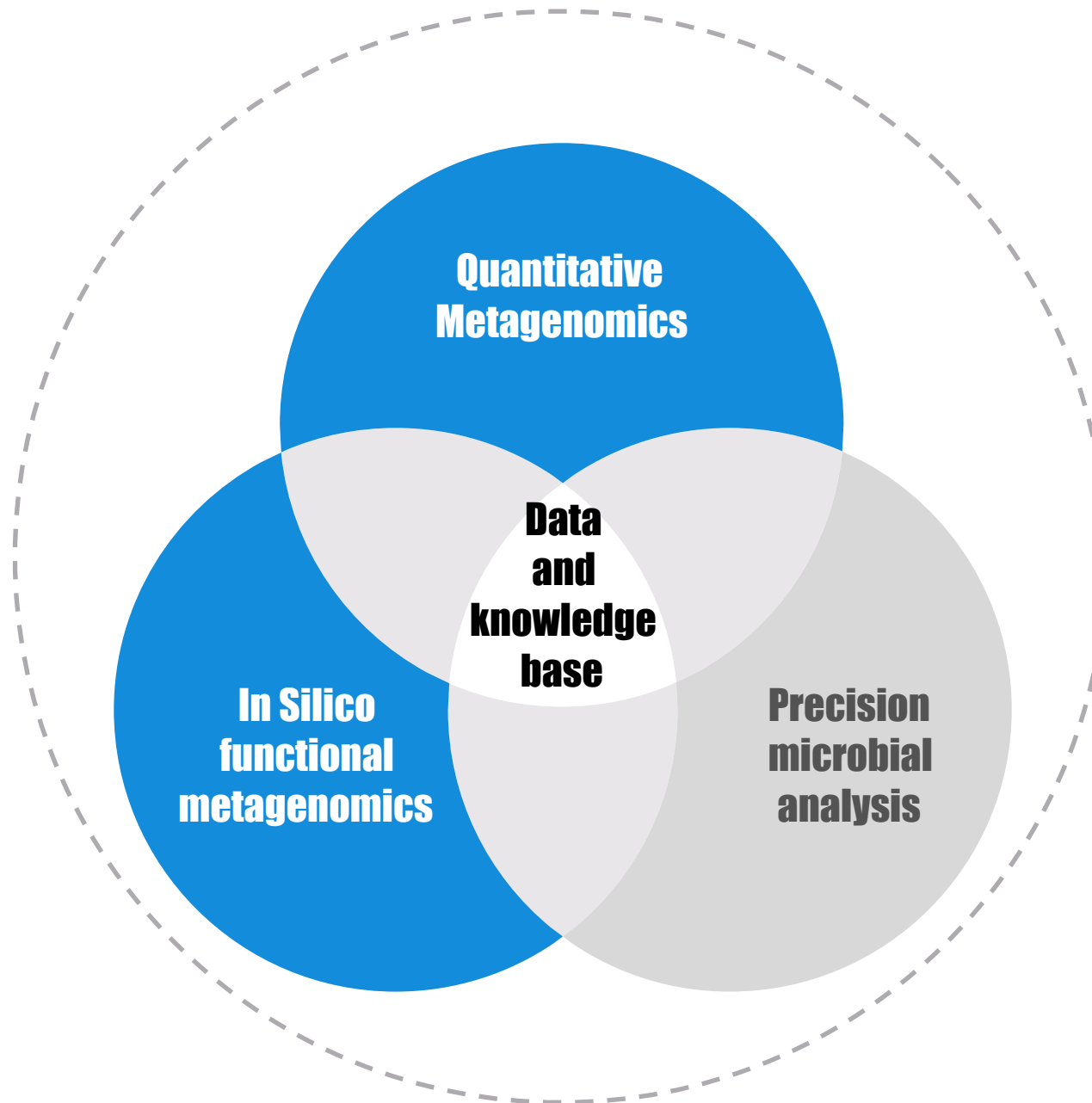
Developing microbiome related therapies
leveraging on 20+ years of pioneering gut microbiome research



A discovery engine leading to identify :

1. Druggable microbiome targets **a**
2. Microbiome-derived active molecules **b**
3. Microbiome antigens for therapeutic vaccines **c**





- We have several production bioinformatics pipelines
- Many of these pipelines have been qualified and are compliant with ISO13485
- All our pipelines have been translated in Nextflow since 2017
- We are 100% on cloud computing (AWS Batch)
 - ➔ We routinely run large workflows involving thousands of jobs
 - ➔ One workflow can easily consume at its peak usage around 5k-10k CPUs
- Our pipelines are principally focused on
 - ➔ Microbiome profiling from multiple cohort of patients to identify signatures and develop predictive biomarkers
 - ➔ Functional metagenomics analysis of the human gut microbiome to identify new candidates and targets for the drug discovery programs

- We needed an effective way to manage our analysis and to make them reproducible across multiple users
- We needed a way to describe workflows that was simple to read and powerful
- We didn't want just a language or a specification to describe workflows, but a functioning framework that could unite description AND execution under the same roof
- We were already using pipeline managers, but they were very limited in both workflows description and execution engines supported
- We needed a framework that could support multiple platforms, especially the cloud



Francesco Strozzi

@fstrozzi

When thinking how external data will be available in/out a container and on right paths for the analysis pipeline

#bioinformatics #inception



6:23 AM - 2 Aug 2017

2 Likes



1



2



Francesco Strozzi

@fstrozzi

When thinking how external data will be available in/out a container and on right paths for the analysis pipeline

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6:23 AM - 2 Aug 2017

2 Likes



1



2

6:23 AM - 2 Aug 2017

2 Likes



1



2



Rob Syme @robsyme · 2 Aug 2017

Replying to @fstrozzi

If only there was some tool that could manage all of that volume mounting and path wrangling for you... (@nextflowio)



1



1



Paolo Di Tommaso @PaoloDiTommaso · 2 Aug 2017

Oh wait .. It - could - work!!



it could work !!

I just love this line.

youtube.com



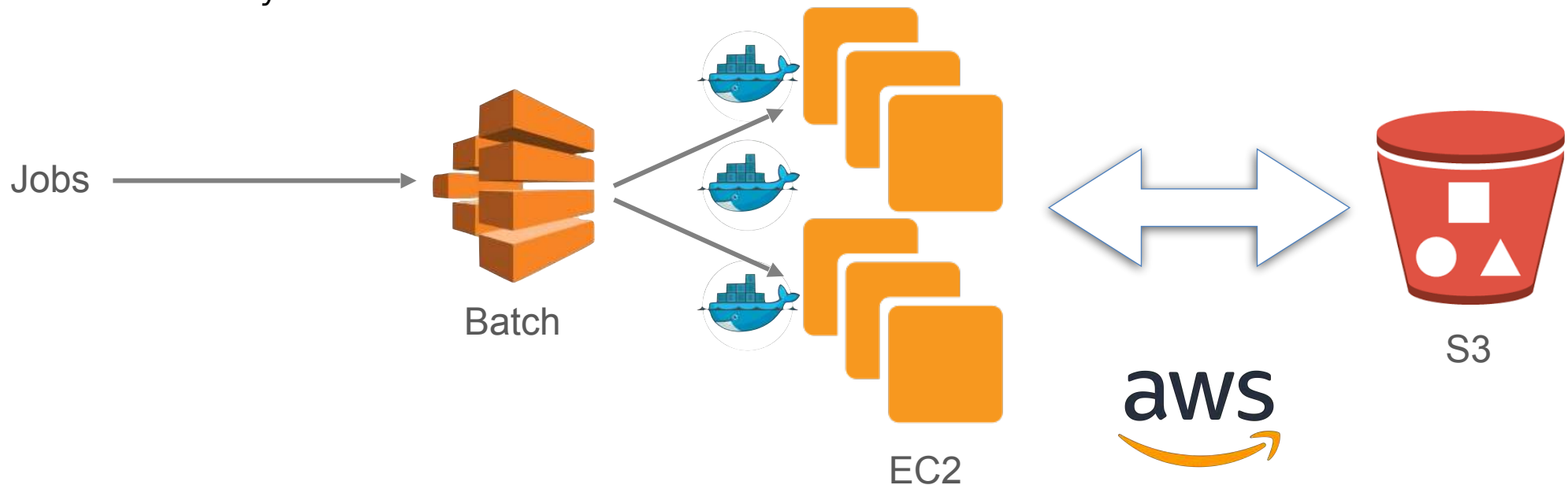
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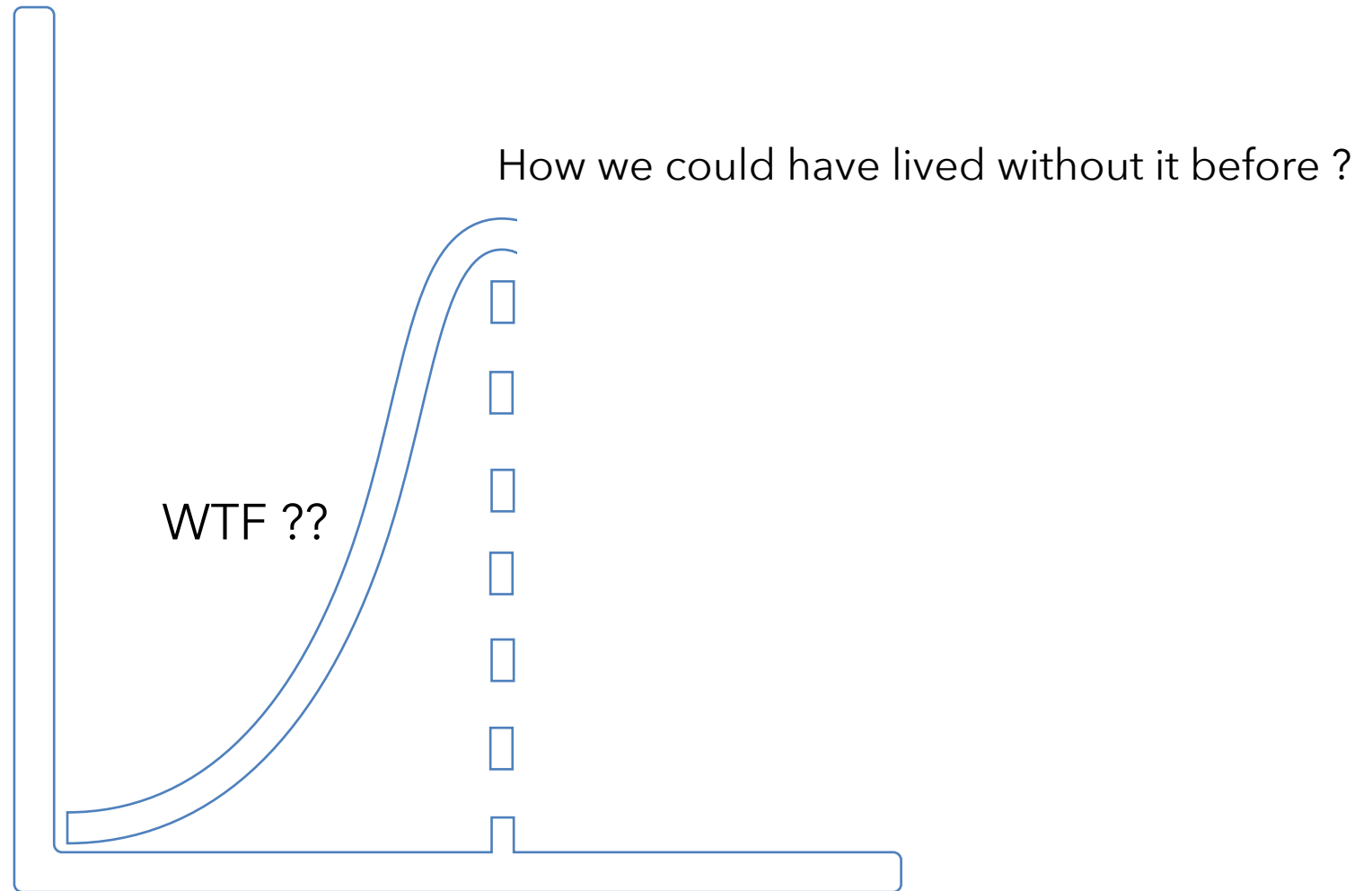
Francesco Strozzi @fstrozzi · 2 Aug 2017

Unfortunately it doesn't fit our use case and we are trying new services like AWS Batch

- Automates dynamic computing clusters creation
- Based on Docker
- Automatically optimise the EC2 instance types used depending on jobs requirements
- Using the spot instances and with the new per second billing, it has a dramatic impact on the costs for data analysis



- Available in Europe since June 2017
- First NF support introduced in September 2017, gone into stable release in November 2017
- Game changer for deployment and to run workflows at scale
- You get a full scale HPC infrastructure without having to think about the infrastructure
- Definitely one of the key component of our “agile” approach to pipelines
- Similar learning curve as Nextflow



From zero to agile pipelines



EDGE OF TOMORROW

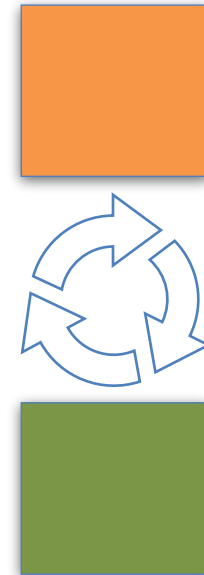
LIVE. DIE. REPEAT.

Agile techniques :

- ➡ development in small controllable units
- ➡ testing until no errors are detected
- ➡ when happy, move on

Nextflow allows to do exactly that:

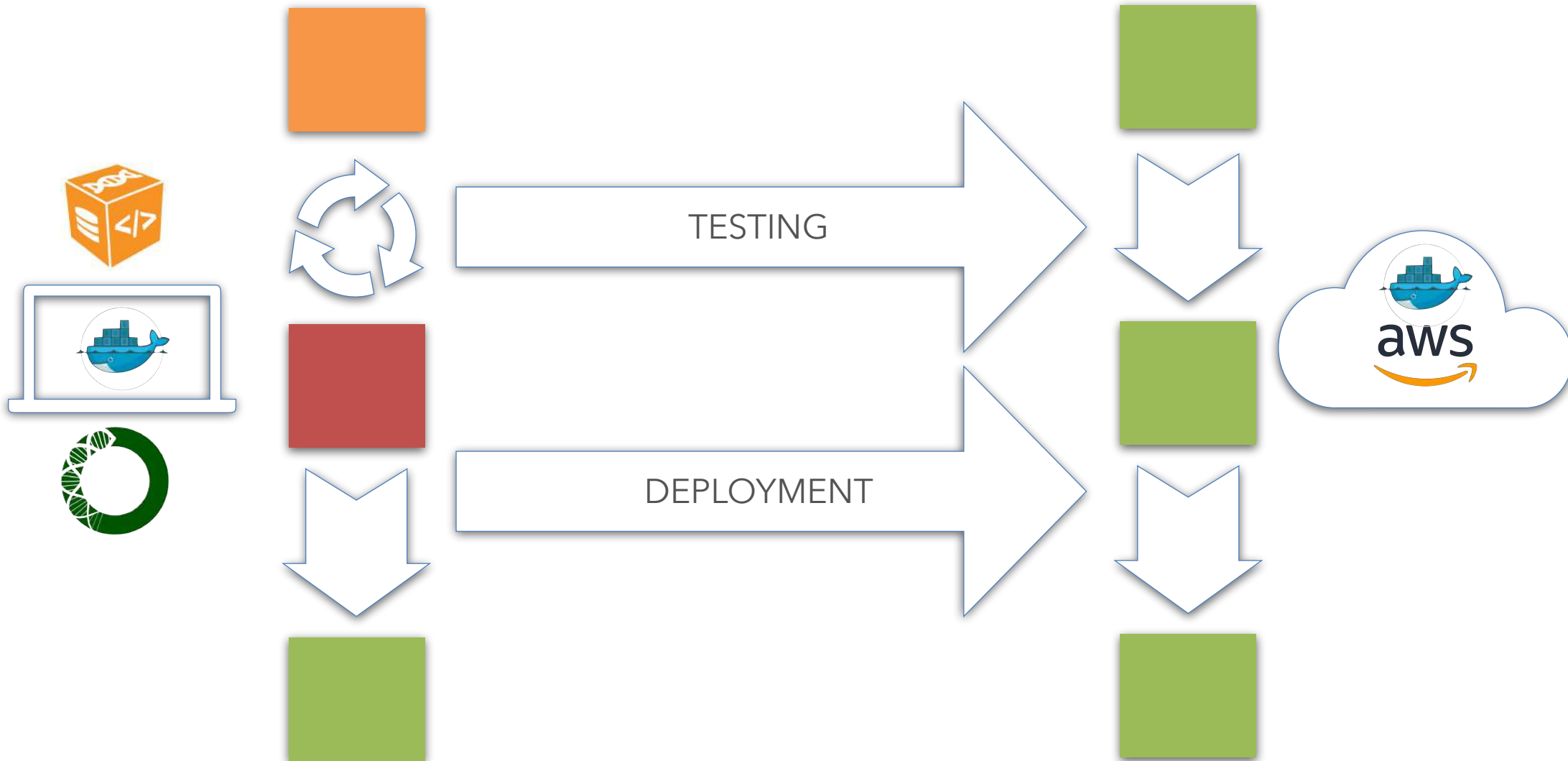
- ➡ processes are small controllable units
- ➡ we can control what gets in and what gets out
- ➡ we can check failures, fix, change and then restart the workflow
- ➡ when happy we can move on and add a new process



We have found ourselves in the same exact habit as for software development

Development

Production





Some lessons learned along the way:

- ➡ we started with monolithic containers and then we decoupled things progressively
- ➡ pipelines became more and more general, so that we could re-use components
- ➡ the number of unnecessary NF hacks dropped down with time

- Nextflow process isolation
- Portability and deployment
 - ➔ Our development cycle starts locally on our laptops using Docker
 - ➔ And evolve naturally on AWS to scale out the analysis
 - ➔ This transition is one of the least painful activities we have experienced so far
- Caching
 - ➔ It works well also on AWS and S3
- Cloud computing support
 - ➔ Using S3 as a local file system
 - ➔ All the plumbing is automatically managed by AWS and NF

- Caching
 - ➔ Sometimes successfully terminated process are re-run and we do not know why
 - ➔ No changes in the process, no changes in the input
 - ➔ On very large analysis with thousands of jobs, running through cache can take time
- Managing multiple channels with different elements can be non-intuitive sometimes
- S3 can be slow, especially when you have a lot (thousands) of files to move around
- You need to get past some initial complicate moment when learning NF and especially when configuring AWS and Batch for the first time

- Enhanced workflows “composability”
 - ➔ We found ourselves doing a lot of copy and paste of processes from one working workflow to a new development one
 - ➔ Ideally, one should have a set of general workflows from which more specified workflows could inherit processes and logic
 - ➔ Of course this is highly dependent on the application domain
 - ➔ Flowcraft is definitely going into this direction
- Workflows unit tests
 - ➔ We check our workflows with test data to ensure results are what we expect
 - ➔ NF-core introduced pipeline testing with CI
 - ➔ More fine grained tests could be useful
 - ➔ A common unit testing framework for NF would be just amazing

- We went from zero to full production usage with Nextflow in just a few months
- The combination of Nextflow and AWS Batch pushed us naturally into a more agile development of workflows
- We literally do not care any more about workflows execution, analysis scaling out and infrastructure
- We just focus on data analysis and the development of the best fit-for-the-purpose pipelines
- So in the end, way less pain

- Everyone in Enterome and particularly the bioinformatics team who followed me into this migration journey
- The Nextflow community and Paolo, who is always very receptive when discussing new implementations
- All Nextflow workshop organisers and sponsors

Thank you ! Any question ?

@fstrozzi

 fstrozzi@enterome.com

The aim of the wise is not to secure pleasure, but to avoid (unnecessary) pain
Aristotle