



## **UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO, SRI LANKA**



### UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (EXTERNAL)

Academic Year 2013/2014 – 3<sup>rd</sup> Year Examination – Semester 5

IT5204: Information Systems Security
Structured Question Paper
08<sup>th</sup> March, 2014
(TWO HOURS)

To be completed by th	e candid	late	
BIT Examination	Index	No:	

### **Important Instructions:**

- •The duration of the paper is 2 (Two) hours.
- •The medium of instruction and questions is English.
- •This paper has 4 questions and 11 pages.
- •Answer all 4 questions. (All questions do not carry equal marks).
- •Question 1 (40% marks) and other questions (20% marks each).
- •Write your answers in English using the space provided in this question paper.
- •Do not tear off any part of this answer book.
- •Under no circumstances may this book, used or unused, be removed from the Examination Hall by a candidate.
- •Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper.

  If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- •Non-programmable Calculators may be used.

#### **Questions Answered**

Indicate by a cross (x), (e.g. x ) the numbers of the questions answered.

		Question	number	'S	
To be completed by the candidate by marking a cross (x).	1	2	3	4	
To be completed by the examiners:					

justify your
= "khoor elw
(02 marks)
lo bit
(02 marks)
, hence AES
(02 marks)
I remember a
(02 marks)
n users

ANSWER IN	THIS BOX (02 mar
	HMAC standard, one can convert any hash algorithm to MAC. Thus SHA cas a MAC according to the HMAC standard.
_	o Kerckhoffs's principle, errors in ciphering should not propagate and ca further information in the message.
ANSWER IN	THIS ROY
False	
	According to Shannon theory, errors in ciphering should not propagate and on of further information in the message.
) The Secure protocol.	Electronic Transaction (SET) protocol is an example of a hybrid encrypt
protocol.	(02 mar
protocol.  ANSWER IN	(02 mar
protocol.  ANSWER IN  True Justification:	(02 mar
protocol.  ANSWER IN  True Justification:	(02 mar THIS BOX  One of the most important advantages of the SET protocol is mixing the bett
ANSWER IN True Justification: of two encryp	(02 mar THIS BOX  One of the most important advantages of the SET protocol is mixing the bett
ANSWER IN True Justification: of two encryp	One of the most important advantages of the SET protocol is mixing the bett tion key techniques symmetric and asymmetric. Thus it is a hybrid protocol.

Index No:

index No:
(i) In commercial security policy, data items are associated with a particular security level while in a military security policy data items are associated by a set of programs permitted to manipulate it.
(02 marks) ANSWER IN THIS BOX
<b>False Justification:</b> In military security policy, data items are associated with a particular security level while in a commercial security policy, data items are associated by a set of programs permitted to manipulate it.
j) A zombie is a trap set to detect, deflect, or in some manner counteract attempts a unauthorized use of information systems.
(02 marks ANSWER IN THIS BOX
False
<b>Justification:</b> A honeypot is a trap set to detect, deflect, or in some manner counteract attempts at unauthorized use of information systems.
(k) A trapdoor is a malicious computer program that can copy itself and infect a computer without the permission or knowledge of the owner.  (02 marks
ANSWER IN THIS BOX
False Justification: A computer virus is a malicious computer program that can copy itself and infect a computer withou
the permission or knowledge of the owner and a trapdoor is a secret undocumented entry point into computer program.
<ol> <li>A honey token is a memory protection method that can be used to prevent one program from affecting the data and programs in the memory space of other users.</li> </ol>
(02 marks
ANSWER IN THIS BOX
<b>False Justification:</b> Fence, Relocation, Base/bounds register, Segmentation and Paging are the memory protection methods that can be used to prevent one program from affecting the data and programs in the memory space of other users.

	Index No:
n) The greatest co	mmon divisor of 46 and 68 is 1.
ii) The greatest ed	(02 marks)
<b>ANSWER IN T</b>	HIS BOX
False	
Justification:	
G	CD(46,68)
G	CD(68,46)
	CD(46,22)
	CD(22,2)
G	CD = 2
g	cd(46,68) = 2
s	
) An Attribute A	uthority trusted by one or more users is to create and sign digital certificates.
	(02 marks
ANSWER IN T	HIS BOX
	n Attribute Authority (AA) trusted by one or more users is to create and sign
	te and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create
attribute certifica and sign digital o	ate and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.
attribute certifica and sign digital o	tte and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.
attribute certification and sign digital of the certification of the certification and sign digital of the certification of the certifi	tte and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create ertificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.  (02 marks)
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attribute certifica and sign digital control of the control of the certifical of the certifical of the	tte and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.  (02 marks)  HIS BOX
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attribute certification and sign digital control of the si	tte and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.  (02 marks  HIS BOX  elatively prime numbers should not have common factors.
attribute certification and sign digital control (18, 7), (8, 5), (a)  ANSWER IN T  True  Justification: R  O) In a given information and is	tet and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.  (02 marks)  HIS BOX  elatively prime numbers should not have common factors.  rmation system, a password consist of uppercase characters of the Englis of variable length from 1 to 4 characters. The system as a whole has 45697  (02 marks)
attribute certification and sign digital control of the si	tet and Certificate Authority (CA) trusted by one or more users is to create certificates.  (16, 3) are relatively prime numbers.  (02 marks)  HIS BOX  elatively prime numbers should not have common factors.  rmation system, a password consist of uppercase characters of the Englis of variable length from 1 to 4 characters. The system as a whole has 45697  (02 marks)

e	
t <b>ification:</b> the private key x and public key X, we have the re	plotion $\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{q}^{\mathbf{X}} \mathbf{mod} \mathbf{n}$
lic key of A (X) = $3^5$ mod 13; X= 243 mod 13, X=	-9
s session key (k) = $X^y \mod n$ . = $9^7 \mod 13 = 47829$	969 mod 13 =9
ba model is a multilevel security model, where a higher or can only write objects at its level or high	
	(02 marks
SWER IN THIS BOX	
ee cification: Bell-La Padula model which is a multil only read objects at its level or higher or can only	• • •
abase views ensure that data entered into the data	
SWER IN THIS BOX	(02 marks)
6e	
ae	
<b>cification:</b> Database integrity ensures that data ent consistent.	tered into the database is accurate, valid,

(q) Suppose we want to use the Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement protocol between two end

Index No: .....

seeking them directly through queries.	marks)
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	<u></u>
<b>False Justification:</b> Inference is a way to infer or derive sensitive data from non-sensitive data direct attack, a user tries to determine values of sensitive fields by seeking them directl queries.	
(a) State what is meant by <b>Confusion</b> and <b>Diffusion</b> with respect to cryptographic algorit	hms.
·	Marks)
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	
<b>Confusion:</b> The interceptor should not be able to predict what changing one characte plaintext will do to the ciphertext	r in the
<b>Diffusion:</b> The characteristics of distributing the information from single plaintext let	ter over
the entire ciphertext is called diffusion	
(b) List two (2) symmetric key cryptography algorithms, two (2) asymmetric key cryptography algorithms and two (2) hashing algorithms.	
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	<u>Marks)</u>
Symmetric key cryptography algorithms: Data Encryption Standard – DES, Advance Encryption Standard - AES	
Asymmetric key cryptography algorithms: Ron Rives, Adi Shamir and Len Adleman - Diffie and Hellman - DH	-RSA,
Hashing algorithms: Secure Hash Algorithm – SHA, Message Digest Algorithm Vers	sion 5 -

2)

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Inc	dex No:
(c) Which mode of operation of the Advanced Encryption Standard you use to protect an image file which is in the BMP format? C your answer.	· •
	(05 Marks)
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	
Cipher Block Channing Mode destroys properties and patterns i	n the plain text. Thus it is
suitable to encrypt an image file. Some sections of the image will	appear in the cipher text in
different colour, if we use a mode such as Electronic Code Book (I	ECB).
(d) Nimal has RSA public key (n, e) = (33, 3) and private key = (n, d) public key (n, e) = (55, 7) and private key = (n, d) = (55, 23). Superstructure M=3 and then encrypts it and sends C to Kamal. Determine the	opose Nimal signs the plain
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	
Signing $S=Md \mod n$ $M=3$ , $e=7$ and $n=33$ , so that $3^7 \mod 33$ ; $S=9$	
Then he encrypts it to Kamal  C=Se mod n	
$S=9$ , $e=7$ and $n=55$ , so that $9^7 \mod 55$ ; $C=4$	
(a) List three (3) ISO security services supported by Secure Socket La	• , , •
ANOWED IN THIS DOV	(03 Marks)
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	
1. Authentication	

3)

2. Integrity

Confidentiality

q -new -x509  HIS BOX  e saved to privkey.pe	m file and self-		cate will be s	(05 Ma
e saved to privkey.pe		signed certific	cate will be s	
e saved to privkey.pe		signed certific	cate will be s	saved to host.pem
		signed certific	cate will be s	saved to host.pem
rpose of the follow	ing command	with regard	to Java key	management?
y -keyalg RSA -key	store UCSC			
				(05 Ma
HIS BOX				
ification infrastructu	re models avail	able in the co	ontext of pul	blic key distribut
HIS BOX				(00 1/20
lat model				
lierarchy model				
Veb of trust model				
	ill generate RSA Privillation infrastructure  THIS BOX  lat model	ill generate RSA Private and Public ification infrastructure models availate the model infrastructure models availate the model	THIS BOX  ill generate RSA Private and Public key pair and ill generate results and public key pair and residual in the continuous results and residual in the continuous results and residual in the continuous results are residual in the continuous results and residual in the continuous results are results ar	THIS BOX  ill generate RSA Private and Public key pair and store it in the context of public action infrastructure models available in the context of public BOX  lat model

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	Index No:
(e) In certain situations, a user has to revoke a digital certificar revocations?	te. What are the reasons for such
	(04 Marks)
ANSWER IN THIS BOX	

When a certificate authority (CA) generates a certificate, that certificate is valid for a specific amount of time. A certificate can be revoked before it has expired if:

- an employee leaves a company
- moves to a new position in the same company
- private key has been compromised
- private key has been lost

4) (a) List five (5) security services supported by IPSec protocols.

**(05 Marks)** 

# ANSWER IN THIS BOX

- Authentication
- Integrity
- Access control
- Confidentiality
- Replay protection (Partial)

(b) What is the main difference between mandatory access control and discretionary access control?

**(05 Marks)** 

ANSWER	IN	<b>THIS</b>	BOX

With mandatory access control, users do not have the ability to override the security policy and, for example, grant access to files that would otherwise be restricted. By contrast, discretionary access control, which also governs the ability of subjects to access objects, allows users the ability to make policy decisions and/or assign security attributes.

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- (c) Draw an access control matrix to represent the following conditions.
  - 1. Subjects are U1, U2, U3 and U4
  - 2. Objects are File1, File2, Program1 and Program2
  - 3. U1 can write File1 and execute Program1
  - 4. U2 can read and write File2
  - 5. U3 can read File 1 and execute Program 2
  - 6. U4 can read File 1 and File 2 and execute Program 1 and Program 2

(05 Marks)

	File1	File2	Program1	Program2
J1	W		X	
U <b>2</b>		R,W		
U3	R			X
U4	R	R	X	X

(d) Briefly describe copyright, patent and trade secret with respect to information protection.

**(05 Marks)** 

# **ANSWER IN THIS BOX**

Copyright gives the author/programmer exclusive right to make copies of the expression and sell them to the public. That is, only the author can sell copies of the author's book or software.

Patents are unlike copyrights in that they protect inventions, not works of the mind. The distinction between patents and copyrights is that patents were intended to apply to the results of science, technology, and engineering, whereas copyrights were meant to cover works in the arts, literature, and software.

The distinguishing characteristic of a trade secret is that it must always be kept secret. The owner must
take precautions to protect the secret, such as storing it in a safe, encrypting it in a computer file, or
making employees sign a statement that they will not disclose the secret.

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