

CS 3502

Operating Systems

Project 2 Lab

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<https://kevinsuo.github.io/>

Project 2

- Read and write parallel program using Pthread
- Learn to use Pthread functions
- User level projects, not kernel code



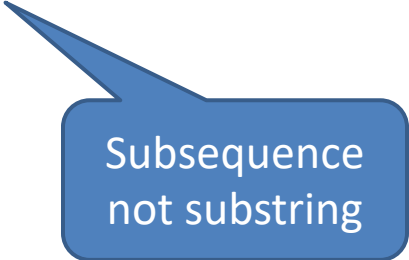
Assignment 1

- Given two character strings s1 and s2. Write a Pthread program to find out the number of substrings, in string s1, that is exactly the same as s2.
- <https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/project-pthread.c>



Assignment 1 Examples

- `number_substring("abcdab", "ab") = 2,`
- `number_substring("aaa", "a") = 3,`
- `number_substring("abac", "bc") = 0.`



Subsequence
not substring



Assignment 1

- Input file:

<https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/strings.txt>

[illegible]

```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;
    readf(fp);
    count = ham_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}

```

Use strlen(s2)-1
Because there exist a
'\n' at the end of s2

```

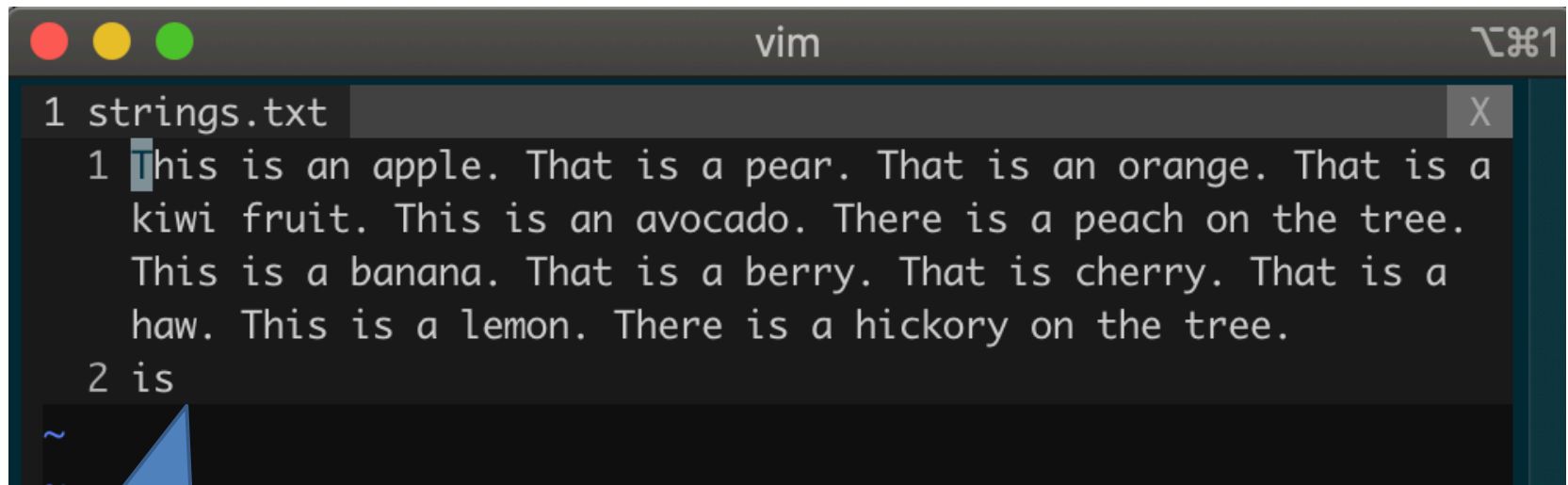
int total = 0;
int n1, n2;
char *s1, *s2;
FILE *fp;

int readf(FILE *fp)
{
    if((fp=fopen("strings.txt", "r"))==NULL){
        printf("ERROR: can't open string.txt!\n");
        return 0;
    }
    s1=(char *)malloc(sizeof(char)*MAX);
    if(s1==NULL){
        printf("ERROR: Out of memory!\n");
        return -1;
    }
    s2=(char *)malloc(sizeof(char)*MAX);
    if(s2==NULL){
        printf("ERROR: Out of memory\n");
        return -1;
    }
    /*read s1 s2 from the file*/
    s1=fgets(s1, MAX, fp);
    s2=fgets(s2, MAX, fp);
    n1=strlen(s1); /*length of s1*/
    n2=strlen(s2)-1; /*length of s2*/

    if(s1==NULL || s2==NULL || n1<n2) /*when error exit*/
        return -1;
    return 0;
}

```

'\n' at the end of s2



```
vim 1
1 strings.txt X
1 This is an apple. That is a pear. That is an orange. That is a
  kiwi fruit. This is an avocado. There is a peach on the tree.
  This is a banana. That is a berry. That is cherry. That is a
  haw. This is a lemon. There is a hickory on the tree.
2 is
```

Use `strlen(s2)-1`
Because there exist a
'EOF' at the end of s2



```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;

    readf(fp);
    count = num_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}

```

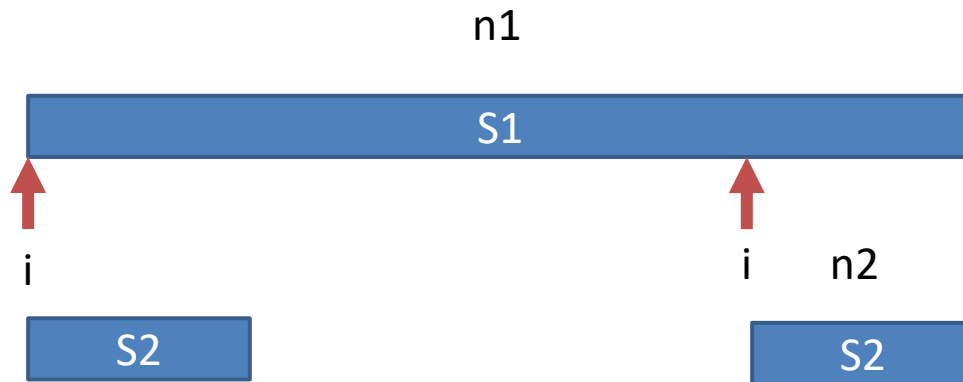
```

int num_substring(void)
{
    int i,j,k;
    int count;

    for (i = 0; i <= (n1-n2); i++){
        count=0;
        for(j = i,k = 0; k < n2; j++,k++){ /*search for the next
string of size of n2*/
            if (*(s1+j)!=*(s2+k)){
                break;
            }else{
                count++;
            }

            if(count==n2){
                total++;          /*find a substring in this
step*/
            }
        }
    }
    return total;
}

```




```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;

    readf(fp);
    count = num_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}

```

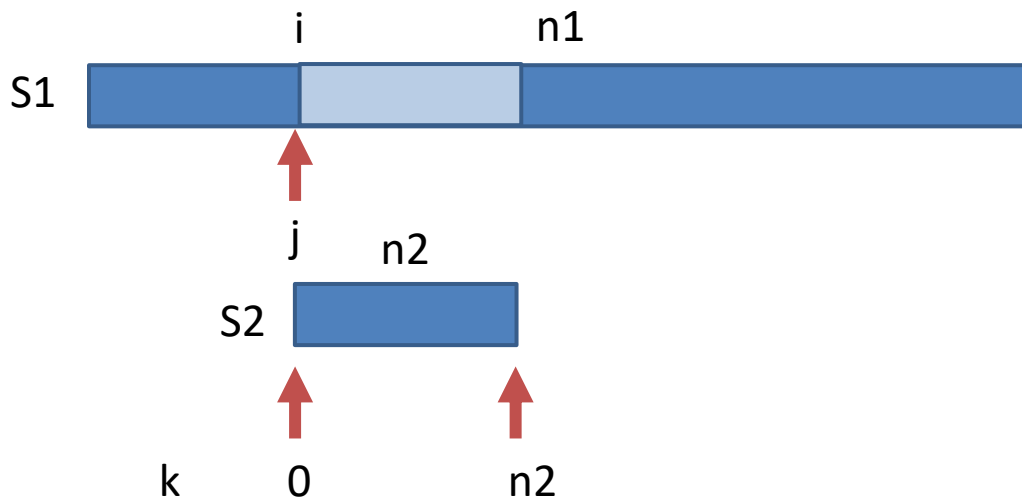
```

int num_substring(void)
{
    int i,j,k;
    int count;

    for (i = 0; i <= (n1-n2); i++){
        count=0;
        for(j = i,k = 0; k < n2; j++,k++){ /*search for the next
string of size of n2*/
            if (*(s1+j)!=*(s2+k)){
                break;
            }else{
                count++;
            }

            if(count==n2){
                total++;          /*find a substring in this
step*/
            }
        }
    }
    return total;
}

```



```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;

    readf(fp);
    count = num_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}

```

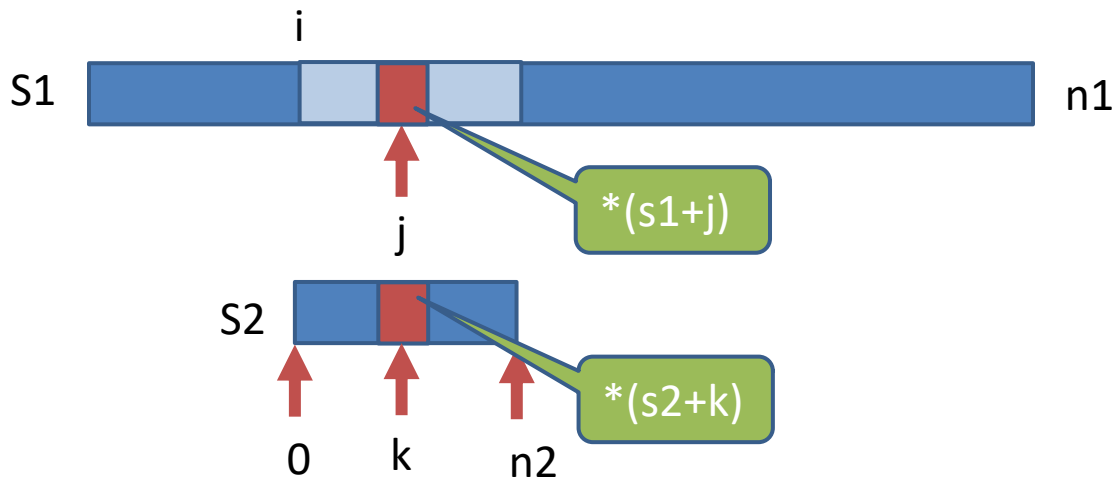
```

int num_substring(void)
{
    int i,j,k;
    int count;

    for (i = 0; i <= (n1-n2); i++){
        count=0;
        for(j = i,k = 0; k < n2; j++,k++){ /*search for the next
string of size of n2*/
            if (*(s1+j)!=*(s2+k)){
                break;
            }else{
                count++;
            }

            if(count==n2){
                total++;          /*find a substring in this
step*/
            }
        }
    }
    return total;
}

```



```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;

    readf(fp);
    count = num_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}

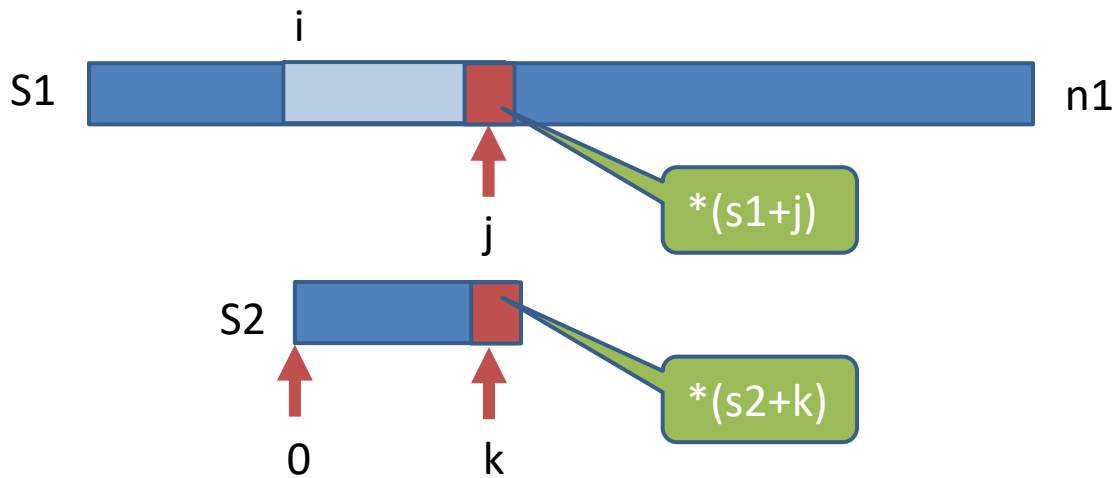
```

```

int num_substring(void)
{
    int i,j,k;
    int count;

    for (i = 0; i <= (n1-n2); i++){
        count=0;
        for(j = i,k = 0; k < n2; j++,k++){ /*search for the next
string of size of n2*/
            if (*(s1+j)!=*(s2+k)){
                break;
            }else{
                count++;
            }
        }
        if(count==n2){
            total++; /*find a substring in this
step*/
        }
    }
    return total;
}

```



Assignment 1

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int count;

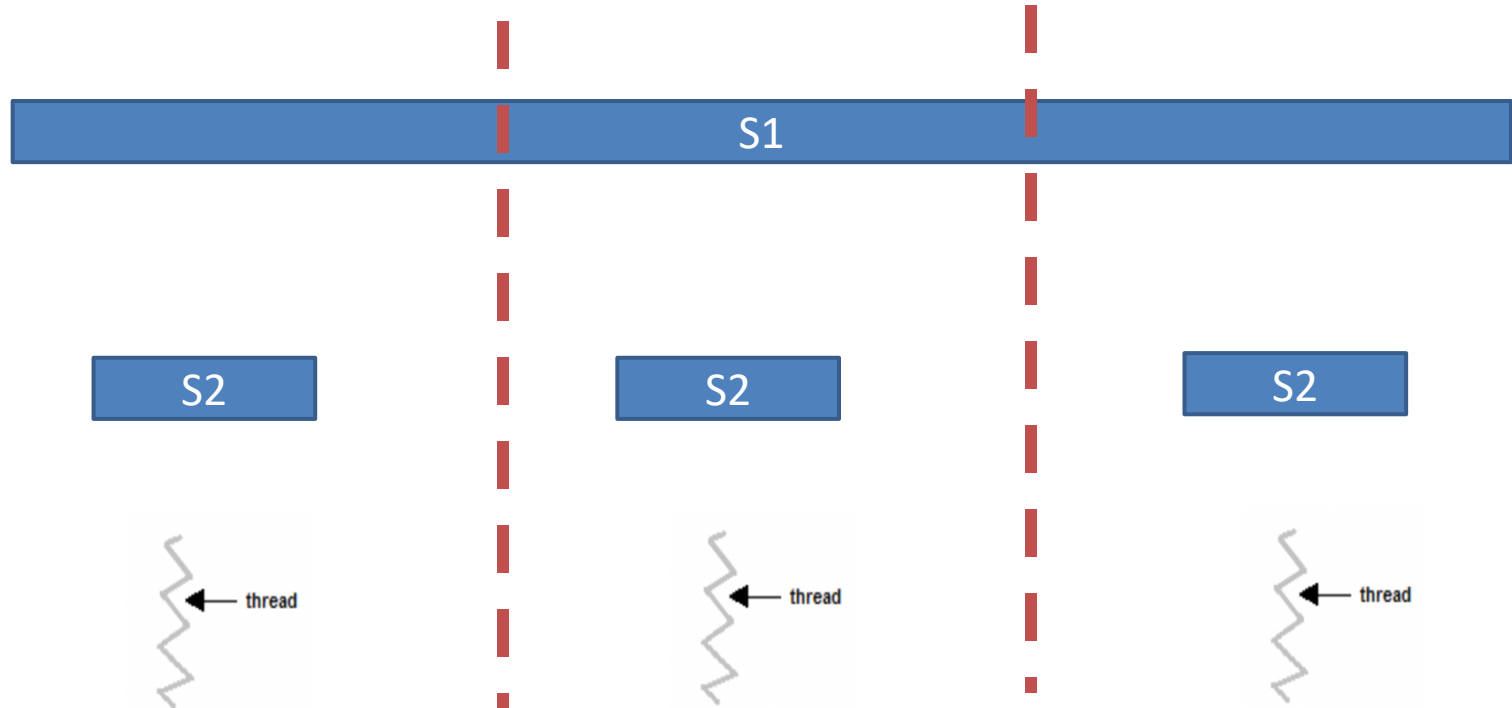
    readf(fp);
    count = num_substring();
    printf("The number of substrings is: %d\n", count);
    return 1;
}
```



```
ksuo@LinuxKernel2 ~> ./project-pthread.o
The number of substrings is: 320
```

Assignment 1

- Write a parallel program using Pthread based on this sequential solution.



Assignment 1

pthread_create(thread, attr, start_routine, arg)

- creates a thread and makes it executable;
- 1st parameter: pointer to the thread
- 2nd parameter: set attributes to threads, usually NULL
- 3rd parameter: the function for the thread to run
- 4th parameter: parameter for thread function

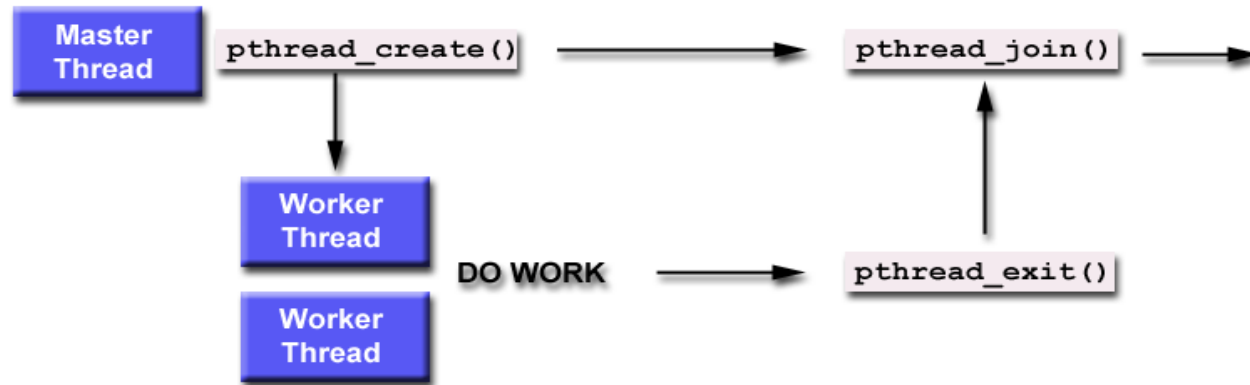
pthread_exit(status)

- If **main()** finishes before the threads it has created, and exists with the **pthread_exit()**, the other threads will continue to execute. Otherwise, they will be automatically terminated when **main()** finishes



Assignment 1

<https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/parallel-template.c>



```
Main()
{
```

```
//create multiple threads
pthread_create
```

```
//wait thread to finish in main
pthread_join
```

```
//sum up the number from each thread
sum = num[0]+ num[1]+ ... num[k]
```

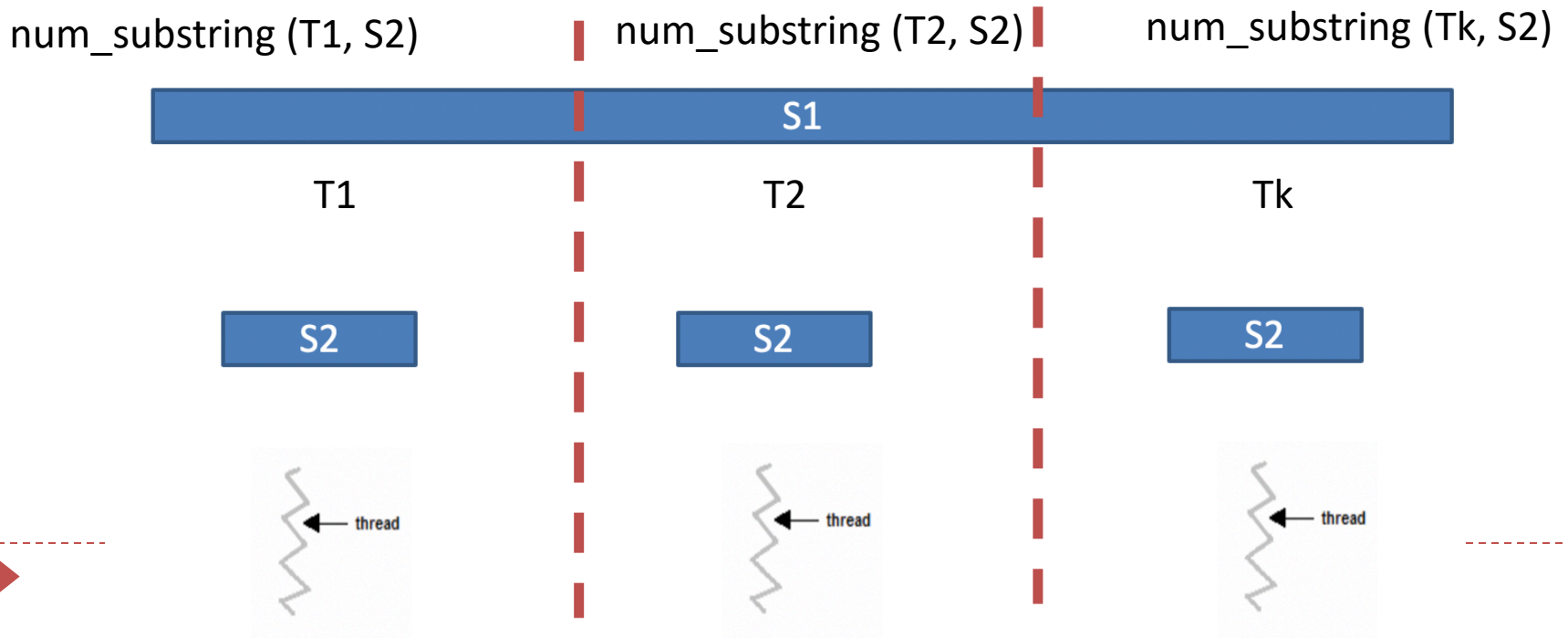
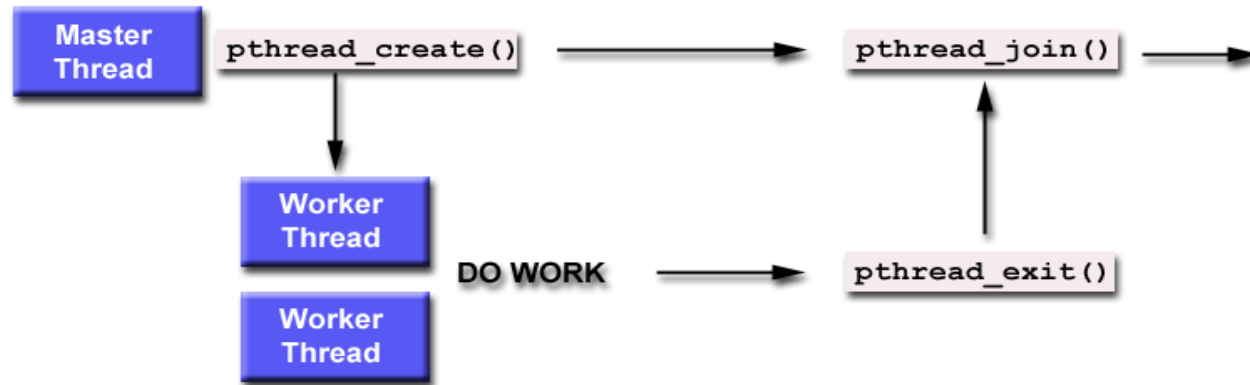
```
}
```

```
thread()
{
```

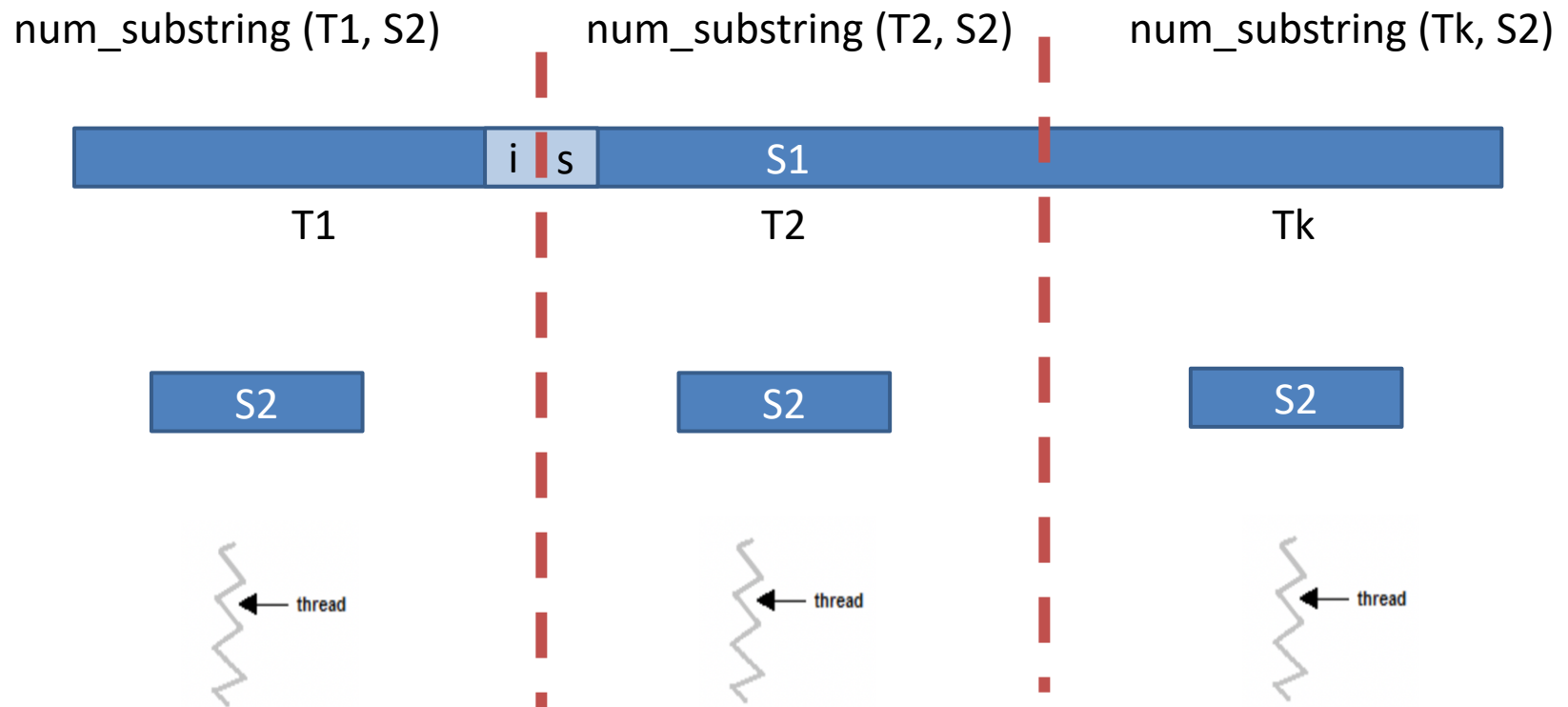
```
//do something
```

```
}
```

Assignment 1



Corner Case in Assignment 1



Verify whether your parallel thread is correct

- Modify the strings.txt by yourself
- Compare the sequential and parallel program results that whether they are the same

```
ksuo@LinuxKernel2 ~> ./project-pthread.o
The number of substrings is: 320
ksuo@LinuxKernel2 ~> ./project-pthread-parallel.o
This is thread 0
This is thread 2
This is thread 3
This is thread 1
This is thread 4
The number of substrings is: 320
```



Submission

1. source code
2. output screenshot of your parallel code
3. a report describe your code logic



Questions

- T/Th 3-4pm, J-318
- Send me emails or make appointments

