CS 4504 Parallel and Distributed Computation

Message Passing Interface (MPI)

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Outline

- MPI introduction
 - Helloworld of MPI

Performance evaluation

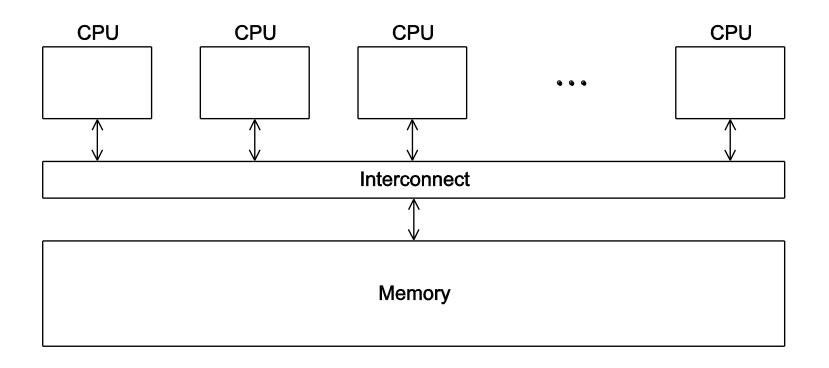
- Example: how to solve problems in MPI
 - Trapezoidal problem

What is MPI?

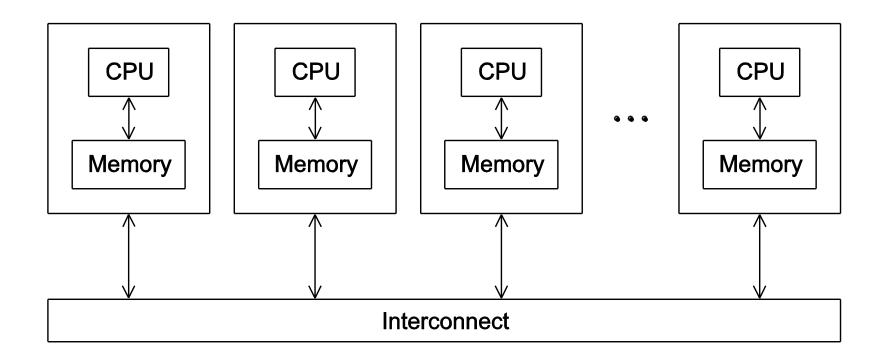


Message Passing Interface
 (MPI) is a standardized library
 for parallel computing

A shared memory system



A distributed memory system



Hello World!

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
   printf("hello, world\n");
   return 0;
}
```

helloworld-mpi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    // Initialize the MPI environment
    MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
    // Get the number of processes
    int world_size;
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
    // Get the rank of the process
    int world_rank;
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
    // Get the name of the processor
    char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
    int name_len;
    MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
    // Print off a hello world message
    printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
           processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
    // Finalize the MPI environment.
    MPI_Finalize();
```

MPI Programs

- Written in C.
 - Has main.
 - Uses stdio.h, string.h, etc.
- Need to add mpi.h header file.

```
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
```

- Identifiers defined by MPI start with "MPI_".
- First letter following underscore is uppercase (e.g., MPI_Init).
 - For function names and MPI-defined types.
 - Helps to avoid confusion.

MPI Components

- MPI_Init
 - Tells MPI to do all the necessary setup.

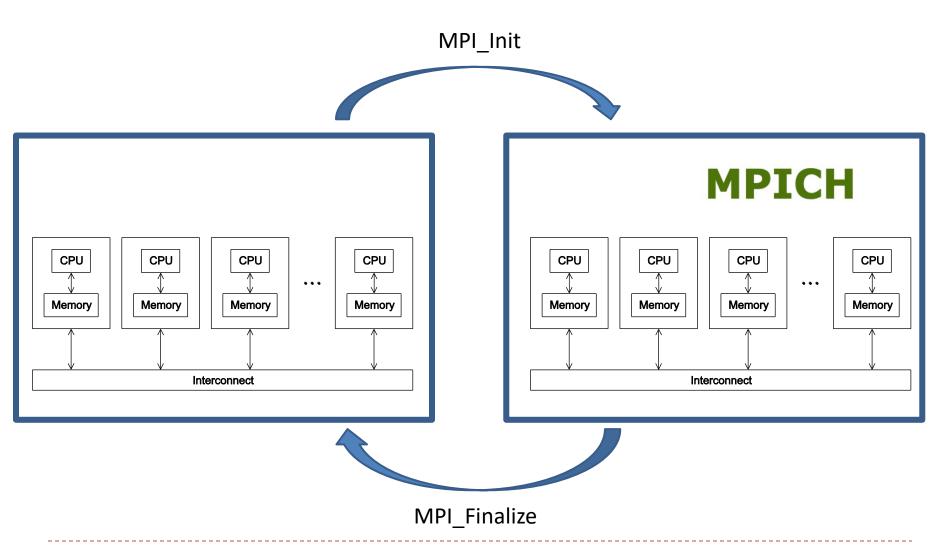
- MPI_Finalize
 - Tells MPI we're done, so clean up anything allocated for this program.

```
int MPI_Finalize(void);
```

Basic Outline

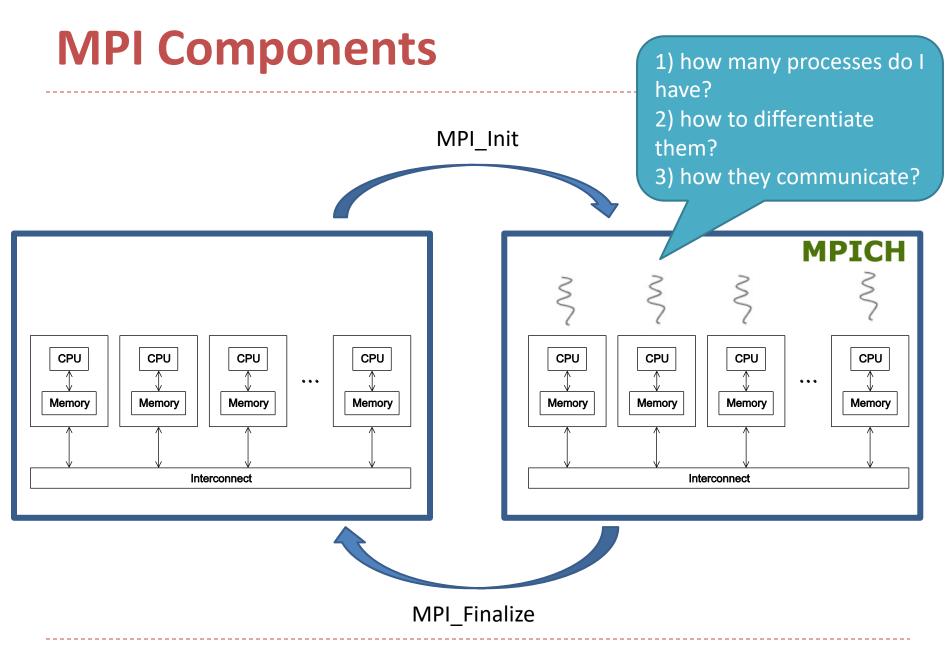
```
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    ...
    /* No MPI calls before this */
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    ...
    MPI_Finalize();
    /* No MPI calls after this */
    ...
    return 0;
}
```

MPI Components



helloworld-mpi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   // Initialize the MPI environment
   MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
   // Get the number of processes
   int world_size;
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
   // Get the rank of the process
   int world_rank;
   MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
   // Get the name of the processor
   char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
   int name_len;
   MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
   // Print off a hello world message
   printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
           processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
   // Finalize the MPI environment.
   MPI_Finalize();
```



Communicators

 A collection of processes that can send messages to each other.

 MPI_Init defines a communicator that consists of all the processes created when the program is started (defined by user).

Called MPI_COMM_WORLD. → Number of process

helloworld-mpi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   // Initialize the MPI environment
   MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
   // Get the number of processes
   int world_size;
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
   // Get the rank of the process
   int world_rank;
   MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
   // Get the name of the processor
   char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
   int name_len;
   MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
   // Print off a hello world message
   printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
           processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
   // Finalize the MPI environment.
   MPI_Finalize();
```

Communicators

```
int MPI_Comm_size(
     MPI_Comm comm /* in */,
     int* comm_sz_p /* out */);
```

number of processes in the communicator

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master/helloworld-mpi.c

helloworld-mpi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                                                            MPICH
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    // Initialize the MPI environment
    MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
    // Get the number of processes
                                                                  CPU
                                                                            CPU
                                                                                     CPU
                                                                                                  CPU
    int world_size;
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
                                                                 Memory
                                                                           Memory
                                                                                    Memory
                                                                                                 Memory
    // Get the rank of the process
    int world_rank;
                                                                                Interconnect
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
    // Get the name of the processor
    char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
    int name_len;
    MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
    // Print off a hello world message
    printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
           processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
    // Finalize the MPI environment.
    MPI_Finalize();
                                                                               ributed Computation
```

MPI_Get_processor_name(char *name,int *resultlen)

- name: your machine name string
- resultlen: your machine name string length



helloworld-mpi.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   // Initialize the MPI environment
   MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
   // Get the number of processes
   int world_size;
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
   // Get the rank of the process
   int world_rank;
   MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
   // Get the name of the processor
   char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
   int name_len;
   MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
   // Print off a hello world message
   printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
          processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
   // Finalize the MPI environment.
   MPI_Finalize();
```

Compile

wrapper script to compile source file mpicc -g -Wall -o mpi_hello mpi_hello.c produce create this executable file name debugging (as opposed to default a.out) information turns on all warnings

Execution

mpiexec -n <number of processes> <executable>

mpiexec -n 1 ./mpi_hello

run with 1 process

mpiexec -n 4 ./mpi_hello

run with 4 processes

Execution

```
mpiexec -n 1 ./mpi_hello
```

Greetings from process 0 of 1!

```
mpiexec -n 4 ./mpi_hello
```

```
Greetings from process 0 of 4!
```

Greetings from process 1 of 4!

Greetings from process 2 of 4!

Greetings from process 3 of 4!

ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 4 ./helloworld-mpi.o

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 4 processors

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 4 processors

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 2 out of 4 processors

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 3 out of 4 processors

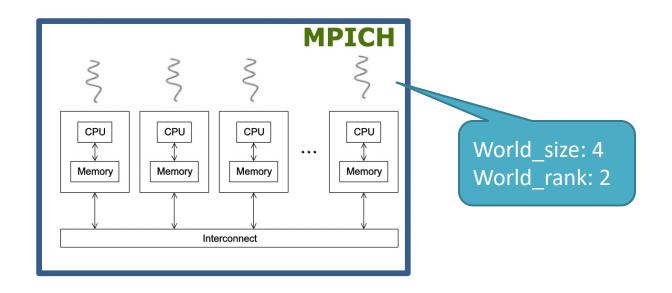
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 2 ./helloworld-mpi.o

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 2 processors

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 2 processors

ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 1 ./helloworld-mpi.o

Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 1 processors



helloworld-mpi.c

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master/helloworld-mpi.c

```
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 4 ./helloworld-mpi.o
#include <mpi.h>
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 4 processors
#include <stdio.h>
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 4 processors
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 2 out of 4 processors
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 3 out of 4 processors
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
                                                    ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 2 ./helloworld-mpi.o
    // Initialize the MPI environment
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 2 processors
    MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 2 processors
                                                    ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 1 ./helloworld-mpi.o
                                                    Hello world from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 0 out of 1 processors
    // Get the number of processes
    int world_size;
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
    // Get the rank of the process
    int world_rank;
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
    // Get the name of the processor
    char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
    int name_len;
    MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
    // Print off a hello world message
    printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
            processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
    // Finalize the MPI environment.
    MPI_Finalize();
                                                                                     Distributed Computation
```

Performance evaluation



Elapsed parallel time

 Returns the number of <u>seconds</u> that have elapsed since some time in the past.

Example

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
        double t1, t2 = \emptyset;
        MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        sleep(10);
        printf("MPI_Wtime measured a 1 second sleep to be: %1.2f\n", t2-t1);fflush(stdout);
        MPI_Finalize( );
        return 0;
```

Example

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
        double t1, t2;
       MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        t1 = MPI_Wtime();
        sleep(10);
        t2 = MPI_Wtime();
        printf("MPI_Wtime measured a 1 second sleep to be: %1.2f\n", t2-t1);fflush(stdout);
        MPI_Finalize( );
       return 0;
```

Elapsed serial time

In this case, you don't need to link in the MPI libraries.

 Returns time in <u>microseconds</u> elapsed from some point in the past.

```
#include "timer.h"
. . .
double now;
. . .
GET_TIME(now);
```



Elapsed serial time

```
#include "timer.h"
. . .
double start, finish;
. . .
GET_TIME(start);
/* Code to be timed */
. . .
GET_TIME(finish);
printf("Elapsed time = %e seconds\n", finish-start);
```

Example

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#define GET_TIME(now) { \
  struct timeval t; \
  gettimeofday(&t, NULL); \
  now = t.tv_sec + t.tv_usec/1000000.0; \
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
        double t1, t2 = 0;
       MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        sleep(10);
        printf("Elapsed time = %e\n", t2-t1);fflush(stdout);
       MPI_Finalize( );
       return 0;
```

Example

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#define GET_TIME(now) { \
   struct timeval t; \
   gettimeofday(&t, NULL); \
   now = t.tv_sec + t.tv_usec/1000000.0; \
int main( int argc, char *argv□ )
        double t1, t2;
        MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        GET_TIME(t1);
        sleep(10);
        GET_TIME(t2);
        printf("Elapsed time = %e\n", t2-t1);fflush(stdout);
        MPI_Finalize( );
        return 0;
```

Elapsed serial time in nanoseconds

```
#include <time.h>
{
    struct timespec start, end;
    clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &start);
    //... do something
    clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &end);
    u_int64_t diff = 1000000000L * (end.tv_sec - start.tv_sec) + end.tv_nsec - start.tv_nsec;
    printf("elapsed time = %llu nanoseconds\n", (long long unsigned int) diff);
}
```

Example

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
        struct timespec t1, t2;
        MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        sleep(10);
        double diff = 0;
        printf("Time = %llu nanoseconds\n", (long long unsigned int)diff); fflush(stdout);
        MPI_Finalize( );
        return 0;
```

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master /time_sample3.c

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
        struct timespec t1, t2;
        MPI_Init( 0, 0 );
        clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &t1);
        sleep(10);
        clock_gettime(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &t2);
        double diff = 1000000000L * (t2.tv_sec - t1.tv_sec) + t2.tv_nsec - t1.tv_nsec;
        printf("Time = %llu nanoseconds\n", (long long unsigned int)diff); fflush(stdout);
        MPI_Finalize( );
        return 0;
```

Run-times of serial and parallel matrixvector multiplication

	Order of Matrix				
comm_sz	1024	2048	4096	8192	16,384
1	4.1	16.0	64.0	270	1100
2	2.3	8.5	33.0	140	560
4	2.0	5.1	18.0	70	280
8	1.7	3.3	9.8	36	140
16	1.7	2.6	5.9	19	71

(Seconds)

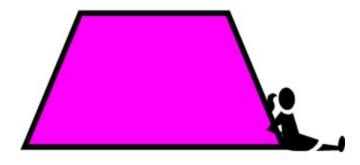
Speedup

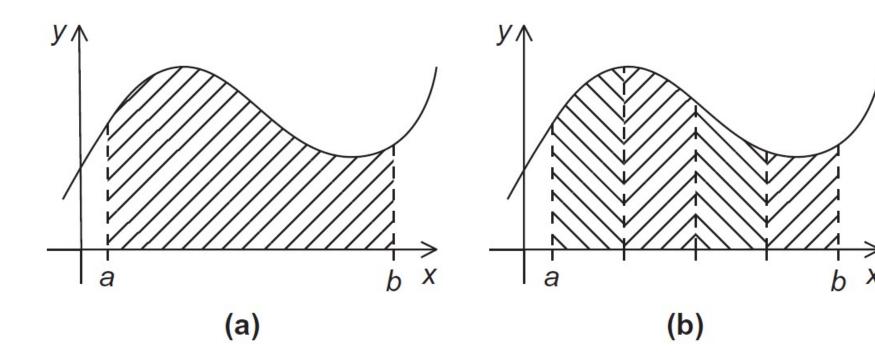
$$S(n, p) = \frac{T_{\text{serial}}(n)}{T_{\text{parallel}}(n, p)}$$

Speedups of Parallel Matrix-Vector Multiplication

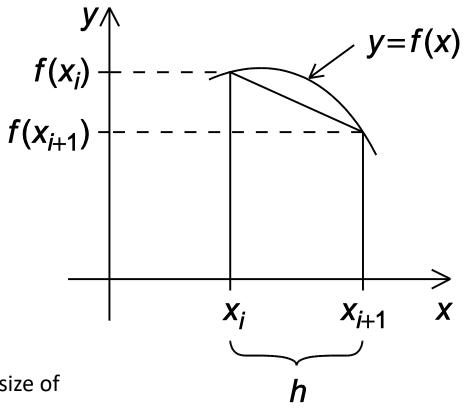
8	Order of Matrix				
comm_sz	1024	2048	4096	8192	16,384
1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
2	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0
4	2.1	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.9
8	2.4	4.8	6.5	7.5	7.9
16	2.4	6.2	10.8	14.2	15.5

Trapezoidal rule in mpi





One trapezoid



How to get the size of one trapezoid?

Area of one trapezoid
$$=\frac{h}{2}[f(x_i) + f(x_{i+1})]$$

Area of one trapezoid
$$=\frac{h}{2}[f(x_i) + f(x_{i+1})]$$

$$h = \frac{b - a}{n}$$

$$x_0 = a$$
, $x_1 = a + h$, $x_2 = a + 2h$, ..., $x_{n-1} = a + (n-1)h$, $x_n = b$

$$\frac{h}{2}[f(a) + f(x_1)] = h\left[\frac{f(a)}{2} + \frac{f(x_1)}{2}\right]$$

Area of one trapezoid
$$=\frac{h}{2}[f(x_i)+f(x_{i+1})]$$

$$x_1$$
 x_2 x_{n-1}

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$x_0 = a$$
, $x_1 = a + h$, $x_2 = a + 2h$, ..., $x_{n-1} = a + (n-1)h$, $x_n = b$

$$S = h \left[\frac{f(a)}{2} + \frac{f(x_1)}{2} + \frac{f(x_1)}{2} + \frac{f(x_2)}{2} \right]$$

Area of one trapezoid
$$=\frac{h}{2}[f(x_i) + f(x_{i+1})]$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$x_0 = a$$
, $x_1 = a + h$, $x_2 = a + 2h$, ..., $x_{n-1} = a + (n-1)h$, $x_n = b$

$$S = h \left[\frac{f(a)}{2} + \frac{f(x_1)}{2} + \frac{f(x_1)}{2} + \frac{f(x_2)}{2} + \frac{f(x_2)}{2} + \frac{f(x_3)}{2} \right]$$

Area of one trapezoid
$$=\frac{h}{2}[f(x_i) + f(x_{i+1})]$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n}$$

$$x_0 = a$$
, $x_1 = a + h$, $x_2 = a + 2h$, ..., $x_{n-1} = a + (n-1)h$, $x_n = b$

Sum of trapezoid areas = $h[f(x_0)/2 + f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \dots + f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n)/2]$

Pseudo-code for a serial program

Sum of trapezoid areas = $h[f(x_0)/2 + f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \dots + f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n)/2]$

```
(f(a) + f(b))/2
                                = (f(x_0) + f(x_n))/2
/* Input: a, b, n */
h = (b-a)/n:
approx = (f(a) + f(b))/2.0;
for (i = 1; i \le n-1; i++) {
   x_i = a + i*h;
   approx += f(x_i);
approx = h*approx;
```

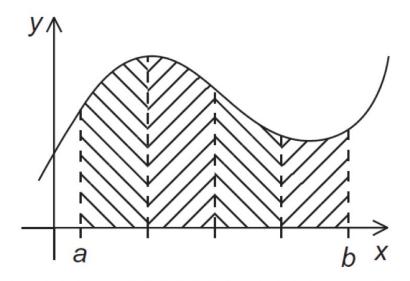
1. Partition problem solution into tasks.

2. Identify communication channels between threads.

3. Aggregate tasks into composite tasks.

4. Map composite tasks to threads/cores.

1. Partition problem solution into tasks.



What is the problem?

What is the task?

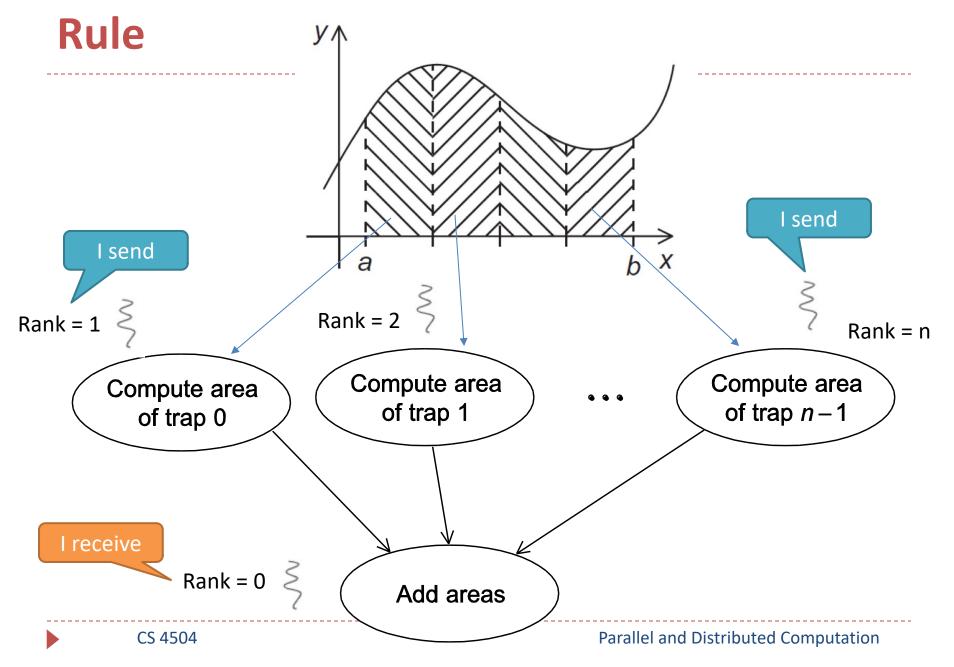
1. Partition problem solution into tasks.

```
double Trap(
                                               double left_endpt /* in */,
                                               double right_endpt /* in */,
                                                       trap_count /* in */,
                                               int
                                               double base_len /* in */) {
                                                // function logic
                                            return estimate;
                                         } /* Trap */
                          b X
Left_endpt
                   Right_endpt
      Base len
                   Trap count: how many
                                                  Parallel and Distributed Computation
                  tradezoid for each thread
```

1. Partition problem solution into tasks.

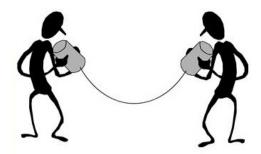
2. Identify communication channels between threads.

Tasks and communications for Trapezoidal



Communication

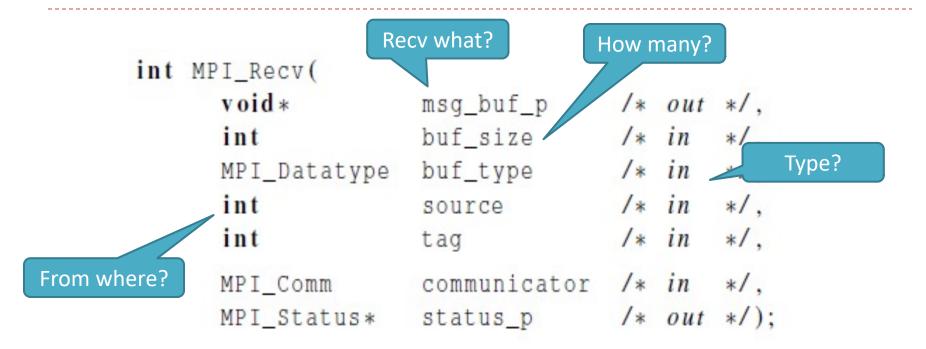
```
Send what?
                                       How many?
         int MPI_Send(
            void*
                          msg_buf_p
            int
                          msg_size
                                                       Type?
            MPI_Datatype msg_type
                                        /* in */,
            int
                          dest
                                     /* in */,
            int
                          tag
To where?
                          communicator /* in */);
            MPI_Comm
```

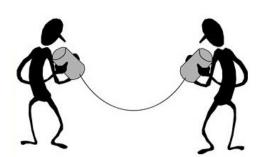


Data types

MPI datatype	C datatype
MPI_CHAR	signed char
MPI_SHORT	signed short int
MPI_INT	signed int
MPI_LONG	signed long int
MPI_LONG_LONG	signed long long int
MPI_UNSIGNED_CHAR	unsigned char
MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT	unsigned short int
MPI_UNSIGNED	unsigned int
MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG	unsigned long int
MPI_FLOAT	float
MPI_DOUBLE	double
MPI_LONG_DOUBLE	long double
MPI_BYTE	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
MPI_PACKED	

Communication





Message Sent From q to r

1. Partition problem solution into tasks.

2. Identify communication channels between threads.

3. Aggregate tasks into composite tasks.

4. Map composite tasks to threads/cores.

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

const int MAX_STRING = 100;
```

int main(int argc, char** argv) {

char greeting[MAX_STRING];

int comm_sz; //number of processes

int my_rank; //my process rank

Example: 1/2/3 send to 0 and 0 prints out messages

```
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 4 ./helloworld-mpi.o
This is process: 0, Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 4 processors
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 2 out of 4 processors
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 3 out of 4 processors
```

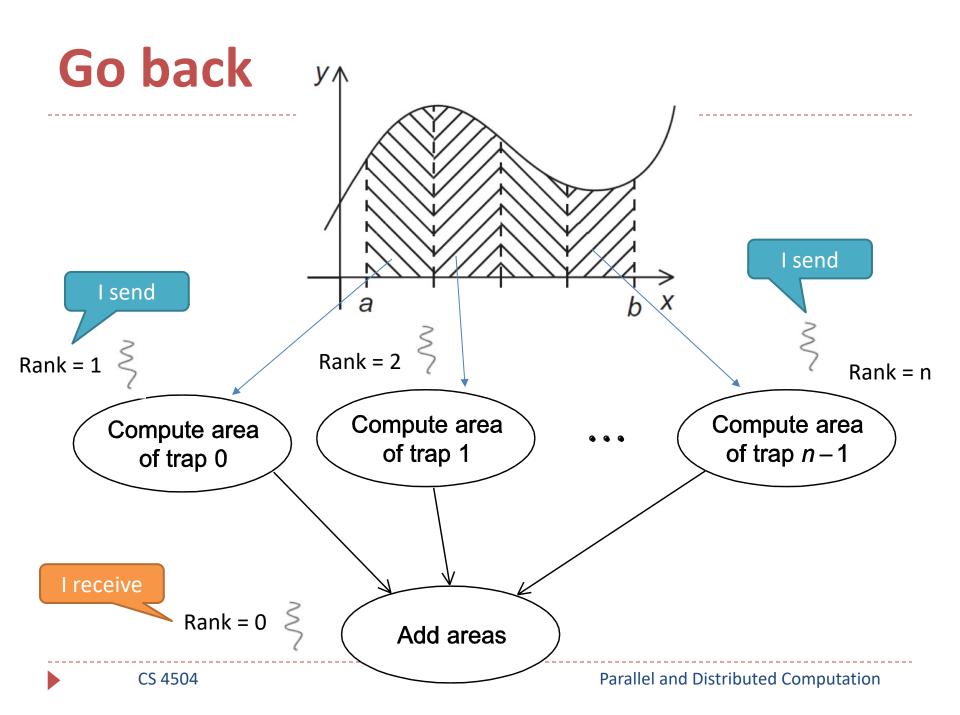
```
// Initialize the MPI environment
MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_sz);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
int name_len;
MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
if (my_rank != 0) {
        sprintf(greeting, "Greetings from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
               processor_name, my_rank, comm_sz);
        MPI_Send(greeting, strlen(greeting)+1, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        printf("This is process: %d, Greetings from processor %s\n",
              my_rank, processor_name);
        for (int q = 1; q < comm_sz; q++) {
            MPI_Recv(greeting, MAX_STRING, MPI_CHAR, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
            printf("%s", greeting);
// Finalize the MPI environment.
                                                                         Send to 0 from 1,...,comm_z-1
MPI_Finalize();
```

Sample code:

```
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 4 ./helloworld-mpi.o
This is process: 0, Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 1 out of 4 processors
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 2 out of 4 processors
Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 3 out of 4 processors
```

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master/helloworld-mpi-sample.c

```
Example: 1/2/3 send to 0 and
                                                  O prints out messages
const int MAX_STRING = 100:
                                            ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> mpiexec -n 4 ./helloworld-mpi.o
                                            This is process: 0. Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox
                                            Greetings from processor ksuo-VirtualBox, rank 3 out of 4 processors
  MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
  MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_sz);
  MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
  char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
  MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
          MPI_Send(greeting, strlen(greeting)+1, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
             MPI_Recv(greeting, MAX_STRING, MPI_CHAR, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
                                                                       Send to 0 from 1,...,comm_z-1
```



Parallel pseudo-code

```
Get a, b, n;
      h = (b-a)/n;
      local n = n/comm sz;
4
      local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h*
                                        Task
      local_b = local_a + local_n*h:
      local_integral = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
      if (mv rank != 0)
         Send local integral to process 0;
9
      else /* my_rank == 0 */
10
         total integral = local integral;
11
         for (proc = 1; proc < comm_sz; proc++) {</pre>
12
            Receive local_integral from proc;
13
            total integral += local integral;
14
15
16
      if (my_rank == 0)
17
         print result;
```

First version (1)

```
double Trap(
         double left endpt /* in */.
         double right_endpt /* in */,
         int trap count /* in */,
5
         double base_len /* in */) {
      double estimate, x;
6
      int i;
9
      estimate = (f(left endpt) + f(right endpt))/2.0;
10
      for (i = 1; i \le trap_count - 1; i++) {
         x = left_endpt + i*base len;
11
12
         estimate += f(x);
13
14
      estimate = estimate * base len;
15
     return estimate;
16
17
     /* Trap */
```

First version (2)

```
local a
   int main(void) {
                                                                 local b
      int my rank, comm sz, n = 1024, local n;
      double a = 0.0, b = 3.0, h, local a, local b;
      double local int, total int;
      int source;
      MPI Init(NULL, NULL);
                                                               local n
      MPI Comm rank (MPI COMM WORLD, &my rank);
9
      MPI Comm size (MPI COMM WORLD, &comm sz);
10
11
      h = (b-a)/n; /* h is the same for all processes */
12
      local n = n/comm sz; /* So is the number of trapezoids */
13
14
      local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
15
      local b = local a + local n*h;
16
      local int = Trap(local a, local b, local n, h);
17
18
      if (my rank != 0) {
         MPI_Send(&local_int, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0,
19
20
               MPI COMM WORLD);
```

First version (3)

```
21
      } else {
22
         total int = local int;
23
         for (source = 1; source < comm_sz; source++) {</pre>
24
            MPI_Recv(&local_int, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, 0,
25
                   MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
26
             total int += local int;
27
28
29
30
      if (my rank == 0) {
31
         printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate\n", n);
32
         printf("of the integral from %f to %f = %.15e\n",
33
              a, b, total int);
34
35
      MPI Finalize();
36
      return 0:
37
     /* main */
```

Conclusion

- MPI introduction
 - Helloworld of MPI

Performance evaluation

- Example: how to solve problems in MPI
 - Trapezoidal problem

Practice 1

```
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   // Initialize the MPI environment
   MPI_Init(NULL, NULL);
   // Get the number of processes
   int world_size;
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_size);
   int world_rank;
   MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &world_rank);
   char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
   int name_len;
   MPI_Get_processor_name(processor_name, &name_len);
   // Print off a hello world message
   printf("Hello world from processor %s, rank %d out of %d processors\n",
          processor_name, world_rank, world_size);
   // Finalize the MPI environment.
   MPI_Finalize();
```

```
Thread 0:
    print out "000000"

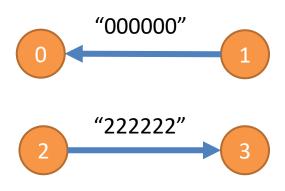
Thread 1 & 2:
    print out "121212"

Thread 3:
    print out "333333"
```

Practice 2

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master/helloworld-mpi-sample.c

```
const int MAX_STRING = 100;
   char greeting[MAX_STRING];
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_sz);
          MPI_Send(greeting, strlen(greeting)+1, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
              MPI_Recv(greeting, MAX_STRING, MPI_CHAR, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
```



Practice 3

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS4504/blob/master/helloworld-mpi-sample.c

```
const int MAX_STRING = 100;
  char greeting[MAX_STRING];
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &comm_sz);
   char processor_name[MPI_MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME];
          MPI_Send(greeting, strlen(greeting)+1, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
              MPI_Recv(greeting, MAX_STRING, MPI_CHAR, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
```

