Parallel and Distributed Computation

Introduction

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https://kevinsuo.github.io/

Outline

- Why study parallel and distributed computation?
- What to learn?
- Course structure
- Course policy
- An example of parallel and distributed computation

Self Introduction

- Kun Suo, Ph.D.
 - Homepage, https://kevinsuo.github.io/



Research interests:

- Cloud computing and virtualization;
- Parallel and Distributed Computation, containers and kubernetes;
- Software defined network (SDN) and network function virtualization (NFV)
- Big data systems and machine learning systems

Projects you may be interested in:

- Several projects in Cloud & Data & Edge
- https://kevinsuo.github.io/code-lab.html

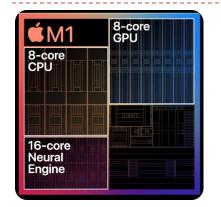


Now it's your turn

- Name, program/year, where from
- https://www2.eecs.berkele
 y.edu/Research/Areas/CS/
- Your interests in Computer Science
- Have you ever used or heard of parallel and distributed system? Can you name some of them? What do you expect from this course?

If you are in the online course, introduce yourself in D2L, Discussions → Self-Introduction

Example of parallel and distributed system







personal computer

internet

cloud



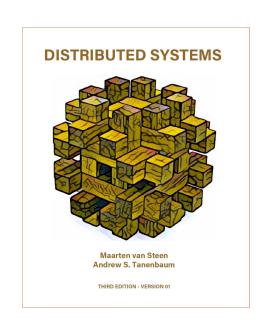
Course Information

- Instructor: Dr. Kun Suo
- Office: J-318
- Email: ksuo@kennesaw.edu
 - Only reply to e-mails that are sent from KSU student email accounts and title the course number [CS4504]
- Office Hours:
 - Email or Microsoft Teams
 - By appointment
- Course Materials
 - Homework assignments, lecture slides, and other materials will be posted in the webpage (https://kevinsuo.github.io/teaching.html) and D2L.

Reference Book

 "Distributed Systems 3rd edition (2017)" by M. van Steen and A.S. Tanenbaum:

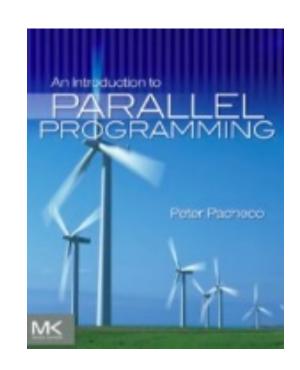
- ISBN-13: 978-1543057386
- You can get a digital copy of this book for free: https://www.distributed-
 systems.net/index.php/books/ds3/



Reference Book

 "An Introduction to Parallel Programming (2011)" by Peter S. Pacheco:

- ISBN-13: 978-0-12-374260-5
- You can get a digital copy of this book for free: http://www.e-
 tahtam.com/~turgaybilgin/2013-2014 guz/ParalelProgramlama/ParallelProg.pdf



Prerequisites

Computer basics that are supposed to covered in (CS 3502) Operating Systems and (CS 3503) Computer
 Organization and Architecture course.

 C programming (code reading, kernel development and debugging). (<u>Famous projects in C</u>)

 Linux command line environment (compiling, Makefile, debugging, simple shell programming).

For C and Linux beginners

C tutorial

- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cprogramming/
- https://www.learn-c.org
- https://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial/c-tutorial.html

Linux tutorial

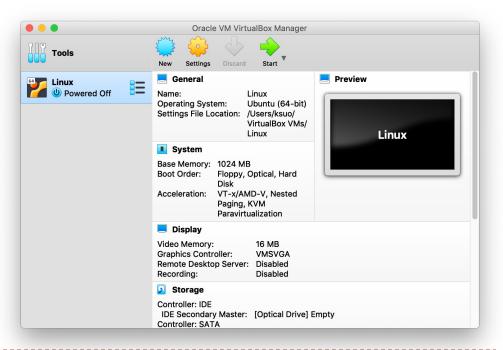
- https://ryanstutorials.net/linuxtutorial/
- http://www.ee.surrey.ac.uk/Teaching/Unix/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/unix/

Project Environment

Recommend project environment (local)



https://www.virt ualbox.org/ https://ubuntu. com/download /desktop



Project Environment

- Recommend project environment (local)
 - VirtualBox + Ubuntu + Linux
- New to VirtualBox?
 - https://oracle-base.com/articles/vm/virtualbox-creating-a-new-vm
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sB_5fqiysi4
 - https://youtu.be/GDoCrfPma2k (MacOS)

- You can access to VMs in KSU data centers (cloud) through https://cseview.kennesaw.edu/,
 - username: administration; password: linuxadmin

Why study parallel and distributed computation?

- Most computer systems today are a certain form of parallel/distributed systems
 - Internet, datacenters, super computers, mobile devices
 - Most of the applications are parallel or even distributed apps (example: debug decompress file app, <u>link</u>, starts at 2:33)
- To learn useful techniques to build large systems
 - A system with 10,000 nodes is different from one with 100 nodes
- How to deal with imperfections
 - Machines can fail; network is slow; topology is not flat

What to learn

Parallel:

Library (Pthread, OpenMP, MPI)

• Distribute:

- Architectures
- Processes
- Communication
- Synchronization
- Consistency and replication
- Fault tolerance and reliability
- Distributed file systems, distributed scheduling systems, ...

Expected Outcomes

 Familiar with popular parallel programming libraries (Pthread, OpenMP, MPI)

Familiar with fundamentals of distributed systems

- The ability to
 - Evaluate the performance of parallel and distributed systems
 - Write simple parallel and distributed programs
 - Understand the tradeoffs in distributed system design

Course Structure

Lectures

- Time/Location
- D2L/Course website

Projects

- 4 programming assignments
- 1 paper/project presentation
- Exams (open books)
 - Midterm: online D2L, TBA.
 - Final: online D2L, TBA

Course Policy

Grading scale

Percentage	Grade
90 - 100	А
80 - 89	В
70 - 79	С
60 - 69	D
Below 60	F

Grading Policy (cont.)

Grading percentage

- Projects (x4): 40%
- Presentation: 10%, including project or paper presentation
- Midterm: 20%
- Final exam: 30%

Late submission policy: late submission will not be accepted and no credits

Academic Integrity

Academic dishonesty

https://scai.kennesaw.edu/KSU_Codes of Conduct 2019-2020.pdf

- Cheating
- Plagiarism
- Collusion

Receiving, attempting to receive, knowingly giving or attempting to give unauthorized assistance...

Do not upload course documents to 3rd party website without author's permission

- The submission for credit of any work or materials that are attributable in whole or in part to another person
- Taking an examination for another person
- Any act designed to give unfair advantage to a student or the attempt to commit

Where to go for help?

Ask questions in class

- Ask questions outside class
 - Classmates and friends

- Attend office hours
 - Send Dr. Kun Suo emails or leave message on teams

- Search on the web
 - Stand on the shoulder of giants

An example of parallel and distributed computation: Matrix multiplication

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS7172/blob/master/matrix.c

```
int main()
        initMatrix();
        double time_spent = 0.0;
        clock_t begin = clock();
        matrixMultiply();
        clock_t end = clock();
        time_spent += (double)(end - begin) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
        printf("Time elpased is %f seconds", time_spent);
        return 0;
```

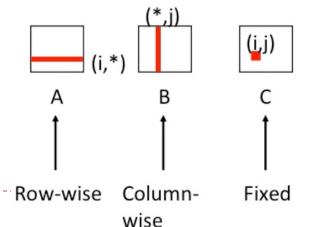
Matrix multiply

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS7172/blob/master/matrix.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define N 1000
double A[N][N], B[N][N], C[N][N];
void initMatrix()
        for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
                for (j = 0; j < N; j++) {
                        A[i][j] = rand() \% 100 + 1; //generate a number between [1, 100]
                        B[i][j] = rand() \% 100 + 1; //generate a number between [1, 100]
```

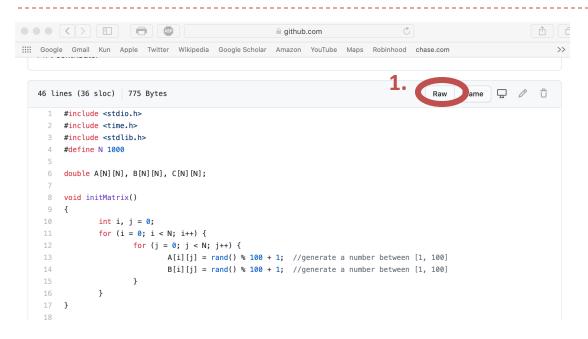
https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS7172/blob/master/matrix.c

Inner loop:

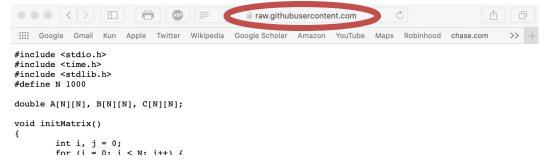


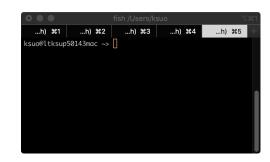
Matrix multiply

https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS7172/blob/master/matrix.c



2. Copy the URL





3. \$ wget URL

\$ gcc filename.c -o filename.o

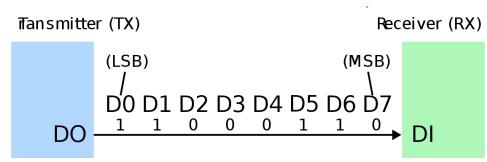
\$./filename.o

(if no wget/gcc, \$ sudo apt install wget, gcc)

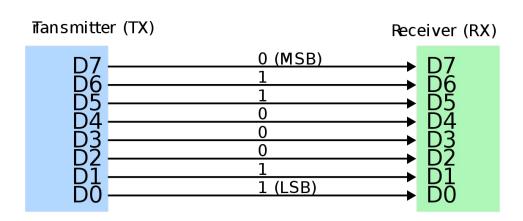
Matrix multiply



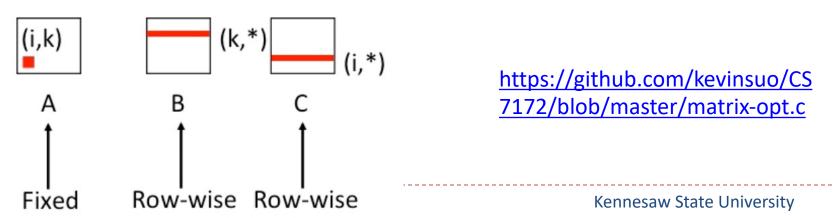
How to run it faster?



- 1. Accelerate serial execution Reduce unnecessary steps
- 2. Accelerate in parallel



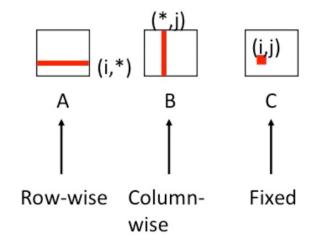
Inner loop:



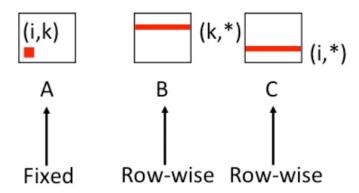
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> ./a.o
Time elpased is 67.452589 secondsd
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
tsuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> ./a2.o
Time elpased is 18.149353 secondsd

N=2000 3.7x

Inner loop:

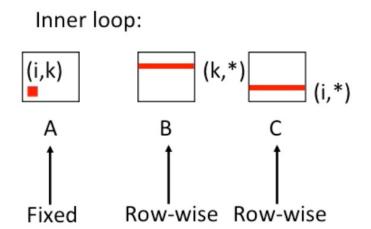


Inner loop:



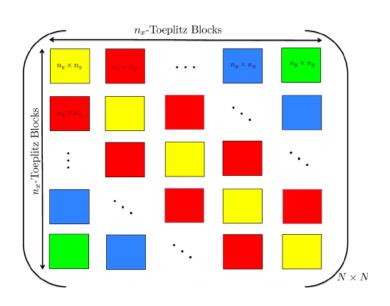
Temporal locality

Every inner loop reuse the value of A[i, k]



Spatial locality

 Divide the large matrix into smaller ones and put it inside the cache during calculation



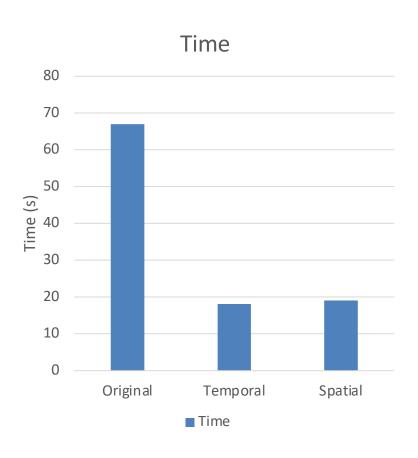
```
void matrixMultiply() {
        int i, j, k = 0;
                                                         https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS7
        int i2, j2, k2 = 0;
                                                         172/blob/master/matrix-opt2.c
                                                         N = 2000
        for (k2 = 0; k2 < N; k2+=BLOCK_SIZE) {
                for (i2 = 0; i2 < N; i2+=BLOCK_SIZE) {
                         for (j2 = 0; j2 < N; j2+=BLOCK_SIZE) {
                                 //inside each block
                                 for (k = k2; k < k2+BLOCK_SIZE; k++) {
                                          for (i = i2; i < i2+BLOCK_SIZE; i++) {</pre>
                                                  for (j = j2; j < j2+BLOCK_SIZE; j++) {
                                                           C[i][j]_{+} = A[i][k] * B[k][j];
                                                                0
         Computer Science
```

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ \hline a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{pmatrix} \implies \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}, A_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{23} & a_{24} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{21} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} \end{pmatrix}, A_{22} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{43} & a_{44} \end{pmatrix}$$





```
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172> ./a.o
Time elpased is 67.845517 seconds=
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
ksuo@ksuo-VirtualBox ~/cs7172>
Time elpased is 19.115410 seconds=
```

Optimal 2: Optimization using parallel

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{1,1} & A_{1,2} \\ A_{2,1} & A_{2,2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} B_{1,1} & B_{1,2} \\ B_{2,1} & B_{2,2} \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} C_{1,1} & C_{1,2} \\ C_{2,1} & C_{2,2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(a)$$

$$\text{Task 1: } C_{1,1} = A_{1,1}B_{1,1} + A_{1,2}B_{2,1}$$

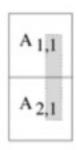
$$\text{Task 2: } C_{1,2} = A_{1,1}B_{1,2} + A_{1,2}B_{2,2}$$

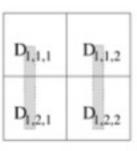
$$\text{Task 3: } C_{2,1} = A_{2,1}B_{1,1} + A_{2,2}B_{2,1}$$

$$\text{Task 4: } C_{2,2} = A_{2,1}B_{1,2} + A_{2,2}B_{2,2}$$

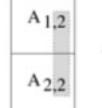
Optimal 2: Optimization using parallel

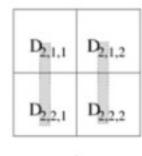


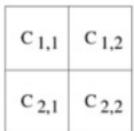




Thread 2:







Optimization and Speedup

	N=200	N=400	N=800	N=1600
matrix				
matrix- opt1				
matrix- opt2				

	N=200	N=400	N=800	N=1600
matrix				
matrix- opt1				
matrix- opt2				

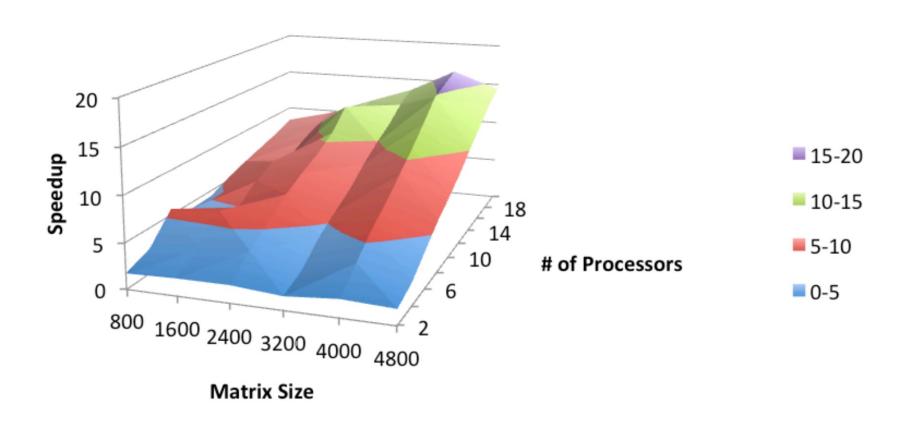
Single thread app demo



Multi-thread app demo

```
fish /home/administrator
           fish /home/administrator/Downloads (ssh)
                                                                                                                  #2
                                                       #1
                                                                           fish /home/administrator (ssh)
See 'snap info htop' for additional versions.
administrator@ubuntu1804vm ~> sudo apt install htop -y
                                                                                                      Multi-thread
[sudo] password for administrator:
No logon servers
Reading package lists... Done
                                                                                                           program
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 efibootmgr libegl1-mesa libfwup1 libllvm9 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.4.0-42 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.0-45
 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.4.0-47 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.4.0-48 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.4.0-51
 linux-hwe-5.4-headers-5.4.0-52
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 htop
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 88 not upgraded.
Need to get 80.0 kB of archives.
After this operation, 221 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 htop amd64 2.1.0-3 [80.0 kB]
Fetched 80.0 kB in 0s (554 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package htop.
(Reading database ... 288356 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../htop_2.1.0-3_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking htop (2.1.0-3) ...
Setting up htop (2.1.0-3) ...
Processing triggers for desktop-file-utils (0.23-1ubuntu3.18.04.2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.8.3-2ubuntu0.1) ...
Processing triggers for gnome-menus (3.13.3-11ubuntu1.1) ...
Processing triggers for mime-support (3.60ubuntu1) ...
administrator@ubuntu1804vm ~> htop
administrator@ubuntu1804vm ~>
```

Optimal 2: Optimization using parallel



https://www.cse.unr.edu/~fredh/class/415/Nolan/matrix_multiplication/writeup.pdf

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Sorting on a single machine, e.g., Database

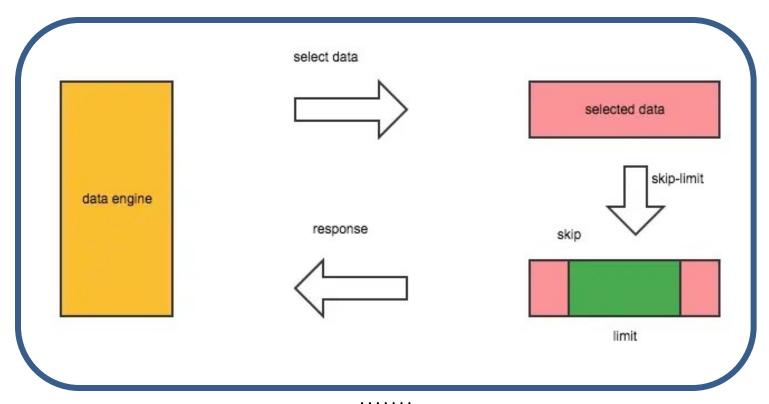
```
select field_a from table_b order by field_a limit 100, 10;
```

```
db.collection_b
.find()
.sort({"field_a":1})
.skip(100)
.limit(10);
```

		field _a	field _b	field _c
_			_	
ł	100			
	110			
_			<u>.</u>	

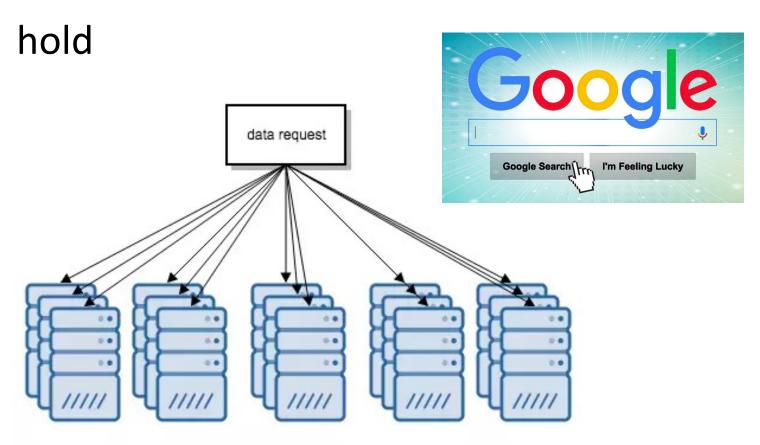
From line 100 to the next 10 lines of data

Workflow on a single node





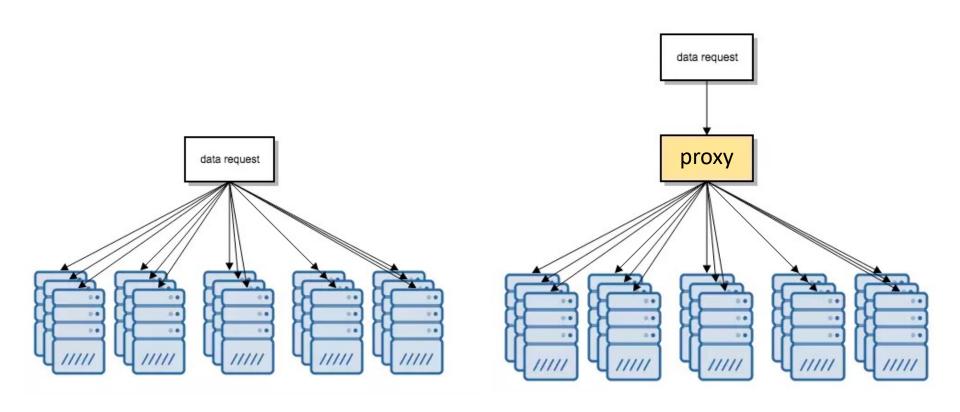
If the data is too much and single node cannot



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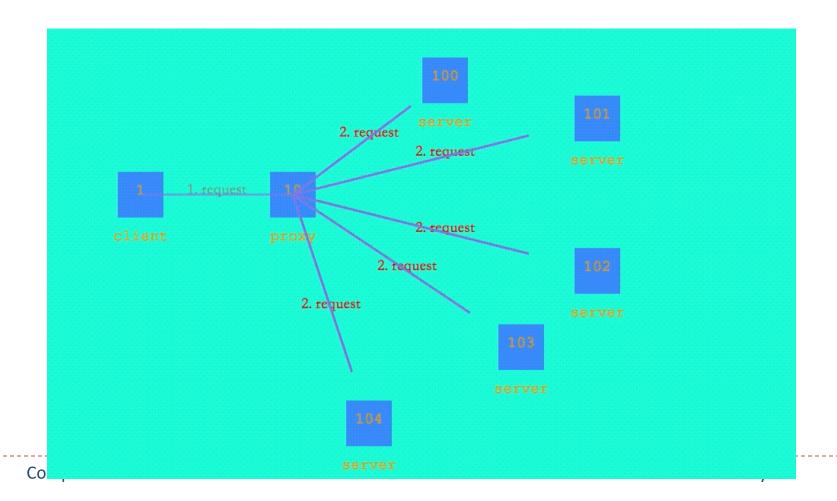
Choose a node for merge processing



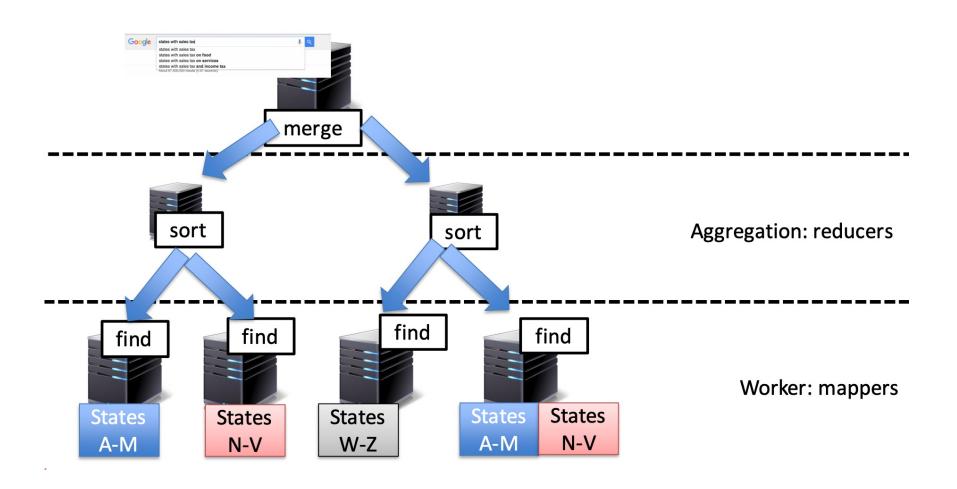
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Workflow



How Do Request Get Processed in a Data Center



- How Google Search Works
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0eKVizvYSUQ



Conclusion

- Why study parallel and distributed computation?
- What to learn?
- Course structure
- Course policy
- An example of parallel and distributed computation