**Kennesaw State University**

**Parallel and Distributed Computing**

**Project - Pthread**

Given two character strings s1 and s2. Write a Pthread program to find out the number of substrings, in string s1, that is exactly the same as s2.

For example, suppose number\_substring(s1, s2) implements the function, then number\_substring(“abcdab”, “ab”) = 2,

number\_substring(“aaa”, “a”) = 3,

number\_substring(“abac”, “bc”) = 0.

The size of s1 and s2 (n1 and n2) as well as their data are input by users. Assume that

n1 mod NUM\_THREADS = 0

and

n2 < n1/NUM\_THREADS.

The following is a sequential solution of the problem. read\_f() reads the two strings from a file named “string.txt and num\_substring() calculates the number of substrings.

<https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/project-pthread.c>

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#define MAX 10240

**int** total = **0**;

**int** n1,n2;

**char** \*s1,\*s2;

**FILE** \*fp;

**int** **readf**(**FILE** \*fp)

{

**if**((fp=fopen("strings.txt", "r"))==NULL){

printf("ERROR: can't open string.txt!**\n**");

**return** **0**;

}

s1=(**char** \*)malloc(**sizeof**(**char**)\*MAX);

**if**(s1==NULL){

printf("ERROR: Out of memory!**\n**");

**return** -**1**;

}

s2=(**char** \*)malloc(**sizeof**(**char**)\*MAX);

**if**(s1==NULL){

printf("ERROR: Out of memory**\n**");

**return** -**1**;

}

/\*read s1 s2 from the file\*/

s1=fgets(s1, MAX, fp);

s2=fgets(s2, MAX, fp);

n1=strlen(s1); /\*length of s1\*/

n2=strlen(s2)-**1**; /\*length of s2\*/

**if**(s1==NULL || s2==NULL || n1<n2) /\*when error exit\*/

**return** -**1**;

}

**int** **num\_substring**(**void**)

{

**int** i,j,k;

**int** count;

**for** (i = **0**; i <= (n1-n2); i++){

count=**0**;

**for**(j = i,k = **0**; k < n2; j++,k++){ /\*search for the next string of size of n2\*/

**if** (\*(s1+j)!=\*(s2+k)){

**break**;

}

**else**

count++;

**if**(count==n2)

total++; /\*find a substring in this step\*/

}

}

**return** total;

}

**int** **main**(**int** argc, **char** \*argv[])

{

**int** count;

readf(fp);

count = num\_substring();

printf("The number of substrings is: %d**\n**", count);

**return** **1**;

}

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

You can find an example of the “string.txt” here:

string.txt: <https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/strings.txt>

To compile the program with Pthread, use:

$ gcc project-pthread.c -o project-pthread.o -pthread

Current output:

A close up of a sign

Description automatically generated

(Different text files output is also different. For the strings.txt, the output is 55)

Download the string.txt:

$ wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/master/strings.txt

Write a parallel program using Pthread based on this sequential solution. Please set the thread number as 10 in your code. You can start with this template code:

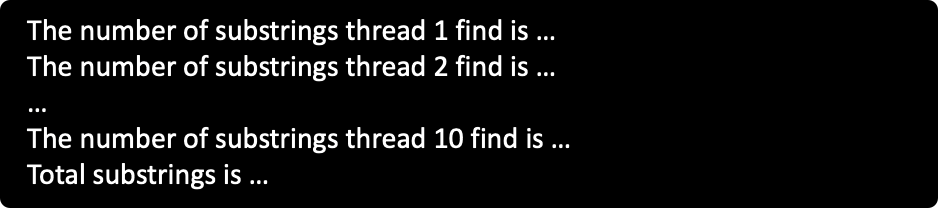
<https://github.com/kevinsuo/CS3502/blob/master/parallel-template.c>

To compile the program with Pthread, use:

$ gcc file.c -o file.o -pthread

Here file refers to your source code name.

Expected output:



HINT: Strings s1 and s2 are stored in a file named “string.txt”. String s1 is evenly partitioned for *NUM\_THREADS* threads to concurrently search for matching with string s2. After a thread finishes its work and obtains the number of local matchings, this local number is added into a global variable showing the total number of matched substrings in string s1. Finally, this total number is printed out. Please make sure the number of substrings of parallel program is the same as the serial program.

**Submission**

Submit your assignment through D2L using the appropriate link. Please submit the ***source code***, ***output screenshot of your parallel code*** and ***a report describe your code logic***.