1 Basic

1.1 data range

```
int (-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned int(0 to 4294967295)
long(-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned long(0 to 4294967295)
long long(-9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807)
unsigned long long (0 to 18446744073709551615)
```

1.2 IO fast

```
i ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
cin.tie(0);
```

2 DP

2.1 KMP

```
int n = s.length();
      int q, k;
       next[0] = 0;
       for (k = 0, q = 1; q < n; q++)
           while (k > 0 \&\& s[k] != s[q])
               k = next[k];
           if (s[k] == s[q])
               k++;
          next[q] = k;
12
   void KMPMatcher(string text, string pattern)
       int n = text.length();
       int m = pattern.length();
       int next[pattern.length()];
      ComputePrefix(pattern, next);
       for (int i = 0, q = 0; i < n; i++)
           while (q > 0 && pattern[q] != text[i
                                                  11
               q = next[q];
                                                  12
           if (pattern[q] == text[i])
               q++;
                                                  13
           if (q == m)
               cout << "Pattern occurs with
                    shift " << i - m + 1 << endl
```

1 void ComputePrefix(string s, int next[])

2.2 Knapsack Bounded

```
1 \mid const int N = 100, W = 100000;
2 int cost[N], weight[N], number[N];
3 \mid int c[W + 1];
  void knapsack(int n, int w)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           int num = min(number[i], w / weight[
           for (int k = 1; num > 0; k *= 2)
11
12
                if (k > num)
13
                    k = num:
                num -= k;
14
               for (int j = w; j >= weight[i] *
15
                      k; --j)
16
                    c[j] = max(c[j], c[j -
                         weight[i] * k] + cost[i]
                          * k);
17
18
       cout << "Max Prince" << c[w];</pre>
19
```

2.3 Knapsack sample

```
1 | int Knapsack(vector<int> weight, vector<int>
       value, int bag Weight)
     // vector<int> weight = {1, 3, 4};
     // vector<int> value = {15, 20, 30};
     // int bagWeight = 4;
      vector<vector<int>> dp(weight.size(),
          vector<int>(bagWeight + 1, 0));
      for (int j = weight[0]; j <= bagWeight;</pre>
          dp[0][j] = value[0];
     // weight數組的大小就是物品個數
      for (int i = 1; i < weight.size(); i++)</pre>
          for (int j = 0; j <= bagWeight; j++)</pre>
          { // 遍歷背包容量
              if (j < weight[i]) dp[i][j] = dp</pre>
                   [i - 1][j];
              else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j]
                   ], dp[i - 1][j - weight[i]] 30|}
                   + value[i]);
```

2.4 Knapsack Unbounded

```
const int N = 100, W = 100000;
int cost[N], weight[N];
int c[W + 1];
void knapsack(int n, int w)

memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));

for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
for (int j = weight[i]; j <= w; ++j)
c[j] = max(c[j], c[j - weight[i]; ] + cost[i]);

cout << "最高的價值為" << c[w];
</pre>
```

1 int LCIS len(vector<int> arr1, vetor<int>

2.5 LCIS

```
arr2)
       int n = arr1.size(), m = arr2.size();
       vector<int> table(m, 0);
       for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
           table[j] = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           int current = 0;
            for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
12
13
14
                if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
15
16
                    if (current + 1 > table[j])
                        table[j] = current + 1;
18
                if (arr1[i] > arr2[j])
                    if (table[j] > current)
20
21
                        current = table[i]:
22
       int result = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
25
            if (table[i] > result)
                result = table[i];
       return result;
```

2.6 LCS

```
1 int LCS(vector<string> Ans, vector<string>
       int N = Ans.size(), M = num.size();
       vector<vector<int>>> LCS(N + 1, vector<</pre>
            int>(M + 1, 0));
       for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i)
           for (int j = 1; j <= M; ++j)
               if (Ans[i - 1] == num[j - 1])
                   LCS[i][j] = LCS[i - 1][j -
                         1] + 1;
               else
                   LCS[i][j] = max(LCS[i - 1][j
                         ], LCS[i][j - 1]);
       cout << LCS[N][M] << '\n';</pre>
       //列印 LCS
       int n = N, m = M;
17
       vector<string> k;
18
19
       while (n && m)
20
21
           if (LCS[n][m] != max(LCS[n - 1][m],
                LCS[n][m - 1]))
22
23
               k.push back(Ans[n - 1]);
24
               n--;
25
26
27
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n - 1][m])
28
29
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n][m - 1])
30
31
       reverse(k.begin(), k.end());
32
       for (auto i : k)
33
           cout << i << " ";
34
       cout << endl;</pre>
       return LCS[N][M];
```

2.7 LIC

```
maxPos = i:
                                                                                                         if (c[limit]) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
                                                                                                         else cout << "NO\n";</pre>
                                                            int x = 0;
                                                                                                  10
                                                                                                                                                   13
                                                            while ((s[i - x] == s[i + x]) \&\& (i
                                                                                                 11 }
                                                                                                                                                          T ori(const point<T> &p) const
15
                                                                                                                                                   14
16
                                                                 -x >= 0) && (i + x < n)) //odd
                                                                                                 12 // 湊得某個價位的湊法總共幾種
                                                                                                                                                          { //點和有向直線的關係, >0左邊、=0在線上
17
       num = max;
                                                                                                  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
      pos = maxPos;
                                                               x++;
                                                                                                  14 {
                                                                                                                                                              return (p2 - p1).cross(p - p1);
19
                                                                                                  15
                                                                                                         vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                                                                                                                                   17
   int LIS(vector<int> &LISTbl)
                                                            if (2 * x + 1 > maxlen)
20
                                                 11
                                                                                                         c[0] = true;
                                                                                                  16
                                                                                                                                                          T btw(const point<T> &p) const
21
                                                 12
                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                  17
                                                                                                                                                          { //點投影落在線段上<=0
      if (LISTbl.size() == 0)
22
                                                                maxlen = 2 * x + 1;
                                                 13
                                                                                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              return (p1 - p).dot(p2 - p);
                                                                                                                                                   20
23
          return 0;
                                                               1 = i - x;
                                                 14
                                                                                                                  ++j)
                                                                                                                                                   21
       vector<int> LISLen(LISTbl.size(), 1);
                                                               r = i + x:
24
                                                                                                  19
                                                                                                                 c[j] += c[j - price[i]];
                                                                                                                                                   22
                                                                                                                                                          bool point on segment(const point<T> &p)
       for (int i = 1; i < LISTbl.size(); i++)</pre>
25
                                                 16
                                                                                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                                  20
26
                                                 17
                                                            x = 0:
                                                                                                                                                          { //點是否在線段上
                                                                                                                                                   23
27
           for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
                                                            while ((s[i - x] == s[i + 1 + x]) \&\&
                                                                                                 22 | // 湊得某個價位的最少錢幣用量
                                                                                                                                                              return ori(p) == 0 && btw(p) <= 0;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                   24
                                                                 (i - x >= 0) \&\& (i + 1 + x < n) \frac{23}{23}  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
28
                                                                                                                                                   25
               if (LISTbl[i] < LISTbl[i])</pre>
                                                                ) //even length
                                                                                                  24 {
                                                                                                                                                          T dis2(const point<T> &p, bool
                                                                                                                                                   26
                   LISLen[i] = max(LISLen[i],
                                                 19
                                                                x++;
                                                                                                         vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                                                                                  25
                                                                                                                                                              is segment = 0) const
                       LISLen[j] + 1);
                                                 20
                                                            if (2 * x > maxlen)
                                                                                                         c[0] = true;
                                                                                                  26
                                                                                                                                                          { //點跟直線/線段的距離平方
31
                                                21
                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              point < T > v = p2 - p1, v1 = p - p1;
32
                                                 22
                                                                maxlen = 2 * x;
                                                                                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                  28
                                                                                                                                                              if (is_segment)
                                                               1 = i - x + 1:
33
                                                 23
                                                                                                                 ++i)
       int maxlen = *max element(LISLen.begin()
                                                24
                                                               r = i + x:
                                                                                                                 c[j] = min(c[j], c[j - price[i]]
                                                                                                                                                                  point < T > v2 = p - p2;
           , LISLen.end());
                                                 25
                                                                                                                      + 1);
                                                                                                                                                                  if (v.dot(v1) <= 0)
       int num, pos;
                                                                                                                                                   32
35
                                                 26
                                                                                                  30
                                                                                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                                                                                      return v1.abs2();
36
       vector<int> buf:
                                                 27
                                                                                                  31 }
                                                                                                                                                                  if(v.dot(v2) >= 0)
                                                                                                                                                   34
       getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen,
                                                        cout << maxlen << '\n'; // 最後長度
                                                                                                  32 | // 湊得某個價位的錢幣用量,有哪幾種可能性
                                                                                                                                                   35
                                                                                                                                                                      return v2.abs2();
                           numeric limits<int
                                                        cout << 1 + 1 << ' ' << r + 1 << '\n';
                                                                                                    void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                               >::max(),
                                                            //頭到尾
                                                                                                  34
                                                                                                                                                              T tmp = v.cross(v1);
                                                                                                                                                   37
                           maxlen, LISTbl.size
                                                30 }
                                                                                                  35
                                                                                                         vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                                                                                                                                              return tmp * tmp / v.abs2();
                               () - 1, num, pos
                                                                                                                                                   38
                                                                                                  36
                                                                                                         c[0] = true:
                                                                                                                                                   39
                                                                                                  37
                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                          T seg_dis2(const line<T> &1) const
       buf.push back(num);
                                                                                                                                                   40
                                                                                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
       for (int len = maxlen - 1; len >= 1; len
                                                                                                                                                          { //兩線段距離平方
                                                          Max subarray
                                                                                                                 ++i)
                                                                                                                                                              return min({dis2(l.p1, 1), dis2(l.p2
           --)
                                                                                                                 c[j] |= c[j-price[i]] << 1; //
                                                                                                  39
                                                                                                                                                                   , 1), l.dis2(p1, 1), l.dis2(p2,
42
                                                                                                                      錢幣數量加一,每一種可能性都
43
          int tnum = num;
                                                                                                                                                                   1)});
                                                  1 /*Kadane's algorithm*/
44
           int tpos = pos;
                                                                                                                                                   43
                                                  1 int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
                                                                                                                                                          point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)
           getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen,
                                                        int local max = nums[0], global_max =
                                                                                                         for (int i = 1; i <= 63; ++i)
                               tnum, len, tpos
                                                                                                  41
                                                                                                                                                              const
                                                            nums[0]:
                                                                                                             if (c[m] & (1 << i))
                                                                                                  42
                                    - 1, num,
                                                                                                                                                          { //點對直線的投影
                                                        for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                 cout << "用" << i << "個錢幣可湊
                                    pos);
                                                                                                  43
                                                                                                                                                              point<T> n = (p2 - p1).normal();
                                                            local max = max(nums[i], nums[i]+
                                                                                                                      得價位" << m;
          buf.push back(num);
                                                                                                                                                   47
                                                                                                                                                              return p - n * (p - p1).dot(n) / n.
                                                                local max):
48
                                                                                                                                                                   abs2();
                                                            global_max = max(local_max,
49
       reverse(buf.begin(), buf.end());
                                                                global max);
       for (int k = 0; k < buf.size(); k++) //</pre>
                                                                                                                                                          point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p) const
            列印
                                                        return global max;
                                                                                                          Geometry
                                                                                                                                                              //點對直線的鏡射,要先呼叫pton轉成一
          if (k == buf.size() - 1)
                                                                                                                                                                   般式
              cout << buf[k] << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              point<T> R:
                                                                                                                                                   53
                                                                                                                                                              T d = a * a + b * b:
                                                                                                     3.1 Line
55
               cout << buf[k] << ",";</pre>
                                                    2.10 Money problem
                                                                                                                                                              R.x = (b * b * p.x - a * a * p.x - 2
56
                                                                                                                                                                    * a * b * p.y - 2 * a * c) / d;
       return maxlen:
                                                                                                                                                              R.y = (a * a * p.y - b * b * p.y - 2
                                                                                                   1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                                                                                    * a * b * p.x - 2 * b * c) / d;
                                                  1 / / 能否湊得某個價位
                                                                                                   2 struct line
                                                                                                                                                   56
                                                                                                                                                              return R:
                                                 void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                                                                                                                   57
                                                                                                         line() {}
                                                                                                                                                          bool equal(const line &1) const
                                                        vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
  2.8 LPS
                                                                                                         point<T> p1, p2;
                                                                                                                                                          { //直線相等
                                                        c[0] = true;
                                                                                                         T a, b, c; //ax+by+c=0
                                                        for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              return ori(1.p1) == 0 && ori(1.p2)
                                                                                                         line(const point<T> &x, const point<T> &
                                                                 // 依序加入各種面額
                                                                                                              y) : p1(x), p2(y) {}
1 void LPS(string s)
                                                            for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                         void pton()
                                                                                                                                                          bool parallel(const line &1) const
                                                                 ++i) // 由低價位逐步到高價位
                                                                                                         { //轉成一般式
       int maxlen = 0, 1, r;
```

a = p1.y - p2.y;

b = p2.x - p1.x;

c[j] = c[j] || c[j - price[i]];

// 湊、湊、湊

int n = n;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

```
3.2 Point
           return (p1 - p2).cross(l.p1 - l.p2)
                == 0;
65
                                                  1 template <typename T>
       bool cross seg(const line &1) const
                                                  2 struct point
           return (p2 - p1).cross(l.p1 - p1) *
                                                        T x, y;
                (p2 - p1).cross(1.p2 - p1) <= 0;
                                                        point() {}
                 //直線是否交線段
                                                        point(const T &x, const T &y) : x(x), y(
       int line_intersect(const line &1) const
                                                        point operator+(const point &b) const
       { // 直線相交情況·-1無限多點、1交於一
            點、a不相交
                                                                                                  11
                                                            return point(x + b.x, y + b.y);
           return parallel(1) ? (ori(1.p1) == 0
                                                                                                  12
                                                                                                  13
                ? -1 : 0) : 1;
                                                        point operator-(const point &b) const
                                                 11
                                                                                                  14
                                                 12
       int seg_intersect(const line &1) const
74
                                                                                                  15
                                                            return point(x - b.x, y - b.y);
                                                 13
                                                                                                  16
                                                 14
           T c1 = ori(l.p1), c2 = ori(l.p2);
                                                 15
                                                        point operator*(const T &b) const
           T c3 = 1.ori(p1), c4 = 1.ori(p2);
                                                                                                  17
                                                 16
           if (c1 == 0 \&\& c2 == 0)
                                                                                                  18
                                                            return point(x * b, y * b);
                                                 17
           { //共線
                                                                                                  19
               bool b1 = btw(1.p1) >= 0, b2 =
                                                                                                  20
                                                        point operator/(const T &b) const
                                                                                                  21
                    btw(1.p2) >= 0;
                                                                                                  22
               T = 3 = 1.btw(p1), a4 = 1.btw(p2)
                                                            return point(x / b, y / b);
                                                                                                  23
               if (b1 && b2 && a3 == 0 && a4 >=
                                                        bool operator==(const point &b) const
                                                                                                  24
                     0)
                                                 24
                                                                                                  25
                   return 2;
                                                            return x == b.x && y == b.y;
               if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 ==
                     0)
                                                 27
                                                        T dot(const point &b) const
                   return 3;
                                                                                                  27
               if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 >=
                                                            return x * b.x + y * b.y;
                                                                                                  28
                                                 30
                   return 0;
                                                 31
                                                        T cross(const point &b) const
                                                                                                  29
               return -1; //無限交點
                                                 32
                                                            return x * b.y - y * b.x;
                                                 33
                                                                                                  30
           else if (c1 * c2 <= 0 && c3 * c4 <=
                                                                                                  31
                                                        point normal() const
                                                 35
               return 1;
                                                 36
                                                        { //求法向量
                                                                                                  32
           return 0: //不相交
92
                                                 37
                                                            return point(-y, x);
93
94
       point<T> line intersection(const line &l
                                                        T abs2() const
                                                                                                  33
           ) const
                                                        { //向量長度的平方
                                                                                                  34
       { /*直線交點*/
                                                            return dot(*this);
                                                                                                  35
           point < T > a = p2 - p1, b = 1.p2 - 1.
                                                                                                  36
                p1, s = 1.p1 - p1;
                                                        T rad(const point &b) const
           //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
                                                 44
                                                        { //兩向量的弧度
                                                                                                  37
           return p1 + a * (s.cross(b) / a.
                                                            return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),
                                                 45
                                                                                                  38
                cross(b));
                                                                 dot(b)));
                                                                                                  39
       point<T> seg_intersection(const line &1) 47
                                                                                                  40
100
                                                        T getA() const
             const
                                                                               //對x軸的弧度
                                                 48
       { //線段交點
101
                                                            T A = atan2(y, x); //超過180度會變負
                                                 49
           int res = seg_intersect(1);
102
           if (res <= 0)
103
                                                            if (A <= -PI / 2)
                                                 50
                                                                                                  43
               assert(0);
104
                                                                A += PI * 2;
                                                 51
           if (res == 2)
105
                                                 52
                                                            return A;
106
               return p1;
                                                 53
           if (res == 3)
                                                                                                  45
107
                                                 54 };
                                                                                                  46
108
               return p2;
           return line_intersection(1);
109
                                                                                                  47
110
                                                    3.3 Polygon
111 };
```

```
1 template <typename T>
2 struct polygon
                                              51
     polygon() {}
                                              52
     vector<point<T>> p; //逆時針順序
                                              53
     T area() const
                                              54
                                              55
     { //面積
                                              56
         T ans = 0;
         for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
              < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
             ans += p[i].cross(p[j]);
         return ans / 2:
     point<T> center_of_mass() const
     { //重心
                                              61
         T cx = 0, cy = 0, w = 0;
                                              62
         for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
                                              63
              < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
             T = p[i].cross(p[i]);
             cx += (p[i].x + p[j].x) * a;
             cy += (p[i].y + p[j].y) * a;
         return point<T>(cx / 3 / w, cy / 3 /
     char ahas(const point<T> &t) const
     { //點是否在簡單多邊形內,是的話回傳1、
          在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
                                              71
         bool c = 0:
         for (int i = 0, j = p.size() - 1; i
              < p.size(); j = i++)</pre>
             if (line<T>(p[i], p[j]).
                                              74
                  point_on_segment(t))
                 return -1;
             else if ((p[i].y > t.y) != (p[j
                  ].y > t.y) &&
                      t.x < (p[j].x - p[i].x) 78
                            * (t.y - p[i].y) /
                            (p[j].y - p[i].y)
                          + p[i].x)
                 c = !c;
         return c;
     char point_in_convex(const point<T> &x)
                                              83
         int l = 1, r = (int)p.size() - 2;
         while (1 <= r)
         { //點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1
               、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
             int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
             T = (p[mid] - p[0]).cross(x -
                   p[0]);
             T a2 = (p[mid + 1] - p[0]).cross 88
                  (x - p[0]);
             if (a1 >= 0 && a2 <= 0)
                 T res = (p[mid + 1] - p[mid]
                     ]).cross(x - p[mid]);
                 return res > 0 ? 1 : (res >=
                       0 ? -1 : 0);
```

```
else if (a1 < 0)
                                r = mid - 1;
                                1 = mid + 1;
          return 0;
vector<T> getA() const
                                                   // 凸包邊對x軸的夾角
           vector<T> res; //一定是遞增的
           for (size_t i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i</pre>
                     res.push_back((p[(i + 1) \% p.
                                 size()] - p[i]).getA());
           return res:
bool line_intersect(const vector<T> &A,
             const line<T> &1) const
{ //O(logN)
          int f1 = upper bound(A.begin(), A.
                        end(), (l.p1 - l.p2).getA()) - A
                        .begin();
          int f2 = upper bound(A.begin(), A.
                        end(), (1.p2 - 1.p1).getA()) - A
                        .begin();
          return 1.cross seg(line<T>(p[f1], p[
                       f2]));
polygon cut(const line<T> &1) const
{ //凸包對直線切割,得到直線1左側的凸包
          polvgon ans:
           for (int n = p.size(), i = n - 1, j
                        = 0; j < n; i = j++)
                     if (l.ori(p[i]) >= 0)
                                ans.p.push_back(p[i]);
                                if (l.ori(p[j]) < 0)</pre>
                                           ans.p.push back(1.
                                                        line intersection(
                                                        line<T>(p[i], p[j]))
                                                        );
                      else if (l.ori(p[j]) > 0)
                                ans.p.push back(1.
                                             line_intersection(line<T
                                             >(p[i], p[j])));
          return ans;
static bool graham cmp(const point<T> &a
             , const point<T> &b)
{ //凸包排序函數 // 起始點不同
          // return (a.x < b.x) || (a.x == b.x) || (a.
          && a.y < b.y); //最左下角開始
return (a.y < b.y) || (a.y == b.y &&
                          a.x < b.x); //Y最小開始
void graham(vector<point<T>> &s)
{ // 凸包 Convexhull 2D
           sort(s.begin(), s.end(), graham cmp)
          p.resize(s.size() + 1);
           int m = 0:
```

```
// cross >= 0 順時針。cross <= 0 逆
                 時針旋轉
                                                    146
            for (size_t i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i 147</pre>
                                                    148
                                                    149
                while (m >= 2 \&\& (p[m - 1] - p[m]^{150})
                      - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                                   151
                     2]) <= 0)
                                                    152
99
                    --m;
                                                    153
100
                p[m++] = s[i];
101
                                                    154
102
            for (int i = s.size() - 2, t = m +
                                                    155
                 1; i >= 0; --i)
                                                    156
                                                    157
103
104
                while (m >= t && (p[m - 1] - p[m 158])
                      - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                                   159
                     2]) <= 0)
                                                    160
                    --m:
106
                p[m++] = s[i];
                                                    161
107
                                                    162
            if (s.size() > 1) // 重複頭一次需扣
108
109
                 --m;
                                                    165
            p.resize(m);
110
                                                    166
111
112
       T diam()
       { //直徑
113
                                                    167
114
            int n = p.size(), t = 1;
                                                    168
115
            T ans = 0;
                                                    169
116
            p.push_back(p[0]);
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
117
                                                    170
118
                                                    171
119
                point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
                                                    172
                while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
120
                     ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))^{173}
121
                    t = (t + 1) \% n;
                                                    175
122
                ans = max(ans, (p[i] - p[t]).
                     abs2());
                                                    176
123
                                                    177
124
            return p.pop back(), ans;
125
                                                    178
126
       T min_cover_rectangle()
127
        { //最小覆蓋矩形
                                                    179
            int n = p.size(), t = 1, r = 1, 1;
128
129
            if (n < 3)
                return 0; //也可以做最小周長矩形 181
130
131
            T ans = 1e99:
            p.push_back(p[0]);
132
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
133
134
135
                point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
                                                    183
                while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
136
                     ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i])) 184
137
                    t = (t + 1) \% n;
138
                while (now.dot(p[r + 1] - p[i])
                                                    187
                     > now.dot(p[r] - p[i]))
                                                    188
                    r = (r + 1) \% n;
139
                                                    189
                if (!i)
140
                    1 = r;
141
                while (now.dot(p[l + 1] - p[i])
142
                     <= now.dot(p[1] - p[i]))
143
                    1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
                T d = now.abs2();
144
                T tmp = now.cross(p[t] - p[i]) * ^{193}
145
                      (now.dot(p[r] - p[i]) - now 194
```

```
.dot(p[1] - p[i])) / d;
                                           195
        ans = min(ans, tmp);
                                           196
                                           197
    return p.pop back(), ans;
                                           198
                                           199
T dis2(polygon &pl)
                                           200
                                           201
{ //凸包最近距離平方
    vector<point<T>> &P = p, &Q = pl.p;
                                           202
    int n = P.size(), m = Q.size(), l =
                                           203
         0, r = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                           204
        if (P[i].y < P[1].y)</pre>
                                           205
            1 = i:
                                           206
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
                                           207
         if (Q[i].y < Q[r].y)
                                           208
            r = i;
    P.push_back(P[0]), Q.push_back(Q[0])
                                           209
                                           210
    T ans = 1e99:
                                           211
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                           212
        while ((P[1] - P[1 + 1]).cross(Q 213 | };
             [r + 1] - 0[r] < 0
            r = (r + 1) \% m;
        ans = min(ans, line<T>(P[1], P[1
              + 1]).seg dis2(line<T>(0[r
             ], Q[r + 1]));
        1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
    return P.pop back(), Q.pop back(),
static char sign(const point<T> &t)
    return (t.v == 0 ? t.x : t.v) < 0:
static bool angle cmp(const line<T> &A,
     const line<T> &B)
    point < T > a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2 -
          B.p1:
    return sign(a) < sign(b) || (sign(a)</pre>
          == sign(b) && a.cross(b) > 0);
int halfplane_intersection(vector<line<T</pre>
     >> &s)
                                            16
                                            17
                                            18
     //半平面交
    sort(s.begin(), s.end(), angle_cmp);
          //線段左側為該線段半平面
    int L, R, n = s.size();
                                            21
    vector<point<T>> px(n);
                                            22
    vector<line<T>> q(n);
    q[L = R = 0] = s[0];
                                            23
    for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)</pre>
                                            24
                                            ^{25}
        while (L < R && s[i].ori(px[R -
             1]) <= 0)
             --R;
        while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[L])
             <= 0)
             ++L;
        q[++R] = s[i];
        if (q[R].parallel(q[R - 1]))
```

```
--R;
                                                  31
                  if (q[R].ori(s[i].p1) > 0)
                                                  32
                       q[R] = s[i];
                                                  33
              if (L < R)
                                                  34
                  px[R - 1] = a[R - 1].
                       line intersection(q[R]);
          while (L < R \&\& g[L].ori(px[R - 1])
               <= 0)
              --R:
          p.clear();
          if (R - L <= 1)
              return 0:
          px[R] = q[R].line\_intersection(q[L])
                                                   1 /*SPA - Bellman-Ford*/
          for (int i = L; i \leftarrow R; ++i)
              p.push_back(px[i]);
          return R - L + 1;
  3.4 Triangle
                                                  11
                                                  12
1 template <typename T>
                                                  13
2 struct triangle
                                                  14
      point<T> a, b, c;
      triangle() {}
      triangle(const point<T> &a, const point<</pre>
           T> &b, const point<T> &c) : a(a), b( 17
           b), c(c) {}
                                                  18
      T area() const
                                                  19
                                                  20
          T t = (b - a).cross(c - a) / 2;
                                                  ^{21}
          return t > 0 ? t : -t;
                                                  22
                                                  23
      point<T> barycenter() const
      { //重心
                                                  24
          return (a + b + c) / 3;
                                                  25
      point<T> circumcenter() const
                                                  26
      { //外心
                                                  27
          static line<T> u, v;
          u.p1 = (a + b) / 2;
          u.p2 = point < T > (u.p1.x - a.y + b.y,
               u.p1.v + a.x - b.x;
                                                  30
          v.p1 = (a + c) / 2:
          v.p2 = point < T > (v.p1.x - a.y + c.y,
               v.p1.v + a.x - c.x);
                                                  33
          return u.line intersection(v);
                                                  34
      point<T> incenter() const
      { //內心
```

T A = sqrt((b - c).abs2()), B = sqrt 37

return point<T>(A * a.x + B * b.x +

c.v) / (A + B + C);

b).abs2());

((a - c).abs2()), C = sqrt((a - 38))

C * c.x, A * a.v + B * b.v + C * 41

42

```
return barycenter() * 3 -
    circumcenter() * 2;
```

point<T> perpencenter() const

Graph

{ //垂心

4.1 Bellman-Ford

```
2 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
 #define inf 99999 //define by you maximum
       edges weight
  using namespace std;
  vector<vector<int> > edges;
  vector<int> dist:
  vector<int> ancestor;
  void BellmanFord(int start,int node){
      dist[start] = 0:
      for(int it = 0; it < node-1; it++){</pre>
          for(int i = 0; i < node; i++){</pre>
               for(int j = 0; j < node; j++){
                   if(edges[i][j] != -1){
                       if(dist[i] + edges[i][j]
                             < dist[j]){
                           dist[j] = dist[i] +
                                 edges[i][j];
                           ancestor[j] = i;
              }
      }
      for(int i = 0; i < node; i++) //</pre>
           negative cycle detection
          for(int j = 0; j < node; j++)</pre>
              if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] < dist[</pre>
                   j])
                   cout<<"Negative cycle!"<<</pre>
                   return;
 int main(){
      int node;
      cin>>node;
      edges.resize(node, vector<int>(node, inf))
      dist.resize(node,inf);
      ancestor.resize(node,-1);
      int a.b.d:
      while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
          /*input: source destination weight*/
          if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
              break;
          edges[a][b] = d;
```

```
bottleneck[s] = inf;
       int start:
                                                 45
                                                             edges.push back(pair<int, int>(a, b)
                                                                                                    3 #define inf INT MAX
       cin>>start;
                                                                                                    4 using namespace std;
                                                                                                                                                     13
                                                                                                                                                            queue<int> q;
       BellmanFord(start, node);
                                                                                                    5 vector<vector<int> > weight;
                                                                                                                                                            q.push(s);
46
                                                 46
                                                                                                                                                     14
       return 0;
                                                 47
                                                         vector<int> result(node, -1);
                                                                                                    6 vector<int> ancestor;
                                                                                                                                                     1.5
                                                                                                                                                            vector<int> pre(n+1, 0);
                                                        BFS(result, edges, node, 0);
                                                                                                      vector<int> dist;
                                                                                                                                                            while(!q.empty() && bottleneck[t] == 0){
                                                 48
                                                                                                                                                     16
                                                  49
                                                                                                      void dijkstra(int start){
                                                                                                                                                     17
                                                                                                                                                              int cur = q.front();
                                                 50
                                                        return 0:
                                                                                                          priority queue<pair<int,int> ,vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                     18
                                                 51 }
                                                                                                               pair<int,int> > ,greater<pair<int,</pre>
                                                                                                                                                              for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                     19
                                                                                                               int> > > pq;
                                                                                                                                                                if(bottleneck[i] == 0 && capacity[
  4.2 BFS-queue
                                                                                                          pq.push(make_pair(0,start));
                                                                                                                                                                      cur][i] > residual[cur][i]){
                                                                                                   10
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                          while(!pq.empty()){
                                                                                                                                                                  q.push(i);
                                                                                                                                                     21
                                                    4.3 DFS-rec
                                                                                                               int cur = pq.top().second;
                                                                                                                                                                  pre[i] = cur;
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                                     22
1 /*BFS - queue version*/
                                                                                                                                                                  bottleneck[i] = min(bottleneck[cur
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                               pq.pop();
                                                                                                                                                     23
2 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
                                                                                                   14
                                                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < weight[cur].size</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                       ], capacity[cur][i] - residual
3 using namespace std;
                                                  1 /*DFS - Recursive version*/
                                                                                                                   (); i++){}
                                                                                                                                                                       [cur][i]);
4 void BFS(vector<int> &result, vector<pair<int 2 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                                                   if(dist[i] > dist[cur] + weight[ 24
                                                                                                   15
       ,int> > edges,int node,int start){
                                                  3 using namespace std:
                                                                                                                        cur][i] && weight[cur][i] != 25
       vector<int> pass(node, 0);
                                                   4 map<pair<int,int>,int> edges;
                                                                                                                        -1){
                                                                                                                                                            if(bottleneck[t] == 0) break;
       queue<int> q;
                                                    vector<int> pass;
                                                                                                                       dist[i] = dist[cur] + weight 27
                                                                                                   16
                                                    vector<int> route:
                                                                                                                                                            for(int cur = t; cur != s; cur = pre[cur
       queue<int> p;
                                                                                                                            [cur][i];
       q.push(start);
                                                     void DFS(int start){
                                                                                                                       ancestor[i] = cur;
                                                                                                   17
                                                        pass[start] = 1;
                                                                                                                       pq.push(make_pair(dist[i],i) 29
                                                                                                                                                                residual[pre[cur]][cur] +=
       int count = 1:
                                                                                                   18
10
       vector<pair<int, int>> newedges:
                                                        map<pair<int,int>,int>::iterator iter;
                                                                                                                            );
                                                                                                                                                                     bottleneck[t];
       while(!q.empty()){
                                                        for(iter = edges.begin(); iter != edges. 19
                                                                                                                                                                residual[cur][pre[cur]] -=
                                                                                                                                                                     bottleneck[t];
12
           pass[q.front()] = 1;
                                                             end(); iter++){
                                                                                                   20
13
           if((*iter).first.first == start &&
                                                                                                          }
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                                                                     31
                                                                  (*iter).second == 0 && pass[(*
                                                                                                   22 }
                                                                                                                                                     32
                                                                                                                                                            ans += bottleneck[t];
               if(edges[i].first == q.front()
                                                                 iter).first.second] == 0){
                                                                                                   23 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                     33
                    && pass[edges[i].second] == 12
                                                                 route.push_back((*iter).first.
                                                                                                          int node;
                                                                                                   24
                                                                                                                                                     34
                                                                                                                                                          return ans;
                                                                      second);
                                                                                                   ^{25}
                                                                                                          cin>>node;
                                                                                                                                                     35
                   p.push(edges[i].second);
                                                                 DFS((*iter).first.second);
                                                                                                   26
                                                                                                          int a,b,d;
                                                                                                                                                        int main(){
                                                  13
                   result[edges[i].second] =
                                                                                                          weight.resize(node, vector<int>(node, -1))
                                                                                                                                                          int testcase = 1;
                                                 14
                        count;
                                                 15
                                                             else if((*iter).first.second ==
                                                                                                                                                          int n;
                                                                                                          while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                  start && (*iter).second == 0 && 28
                                                                                                                                                          while(cin>>n){
               else if(edges[i].second == q.
                                                                  pass[(*iter).first.first] == 0){29}
                                                                                                               /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                                                                                                                            if(n == 0)
                                                                                                                                                     40
                    front() && pass[edges[i].
                                                                 route.push back((*iter).first.
                                                                                                               if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                     41
                                                                                                                                                              break;
                                                                                                   30
                    first] == 0){
                                                                      first);
                                                                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> capacity(n+1, vector
                                                                                                   31
                                                                                                                   break:
                                                                                                                                                     42
                   p.push(edges[i].first);
                                                                 DFS((*iter).first.first);
                                                                                                   32
                                                                                                               weight[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                                                                                 <int>(n+1, 0));
20
                   result[edges[i].first] =
                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                                                                            int s, t, c;
                                                  18
                                                                                                                                                     43
                        count;
                                                                                                                                                            cin >> s >> t >> c;
                                                  19
                                                                                                   34
                                                                                                          ancestor.resize(node,-1);
                                                                                                          dist.resize(node,inf);
                                                                                                                                                            int a, b, bandwidth;
                                                 20 }
                                                                                                   35
                                                                                                                                                     45
               else
                                                 21 int main(){
                                                                                                          int start;
                                                                                                                                                            for(int i = 0 ; i < c ; ++i){</pre>
22
                                                                                                   36
                                                                                                                                                              cin >> a >> b >> bandwidth;
                   newedges.push_back(edges[i])
                                                 22
                                                        int node;
                                                                                                   37
                                                                                                          cin>>start;
                                                         cin>>node;
                                                                                                          dist[start] = 0;
                                                                                                                                                              capacity[a][b] += bandwidth;
                                                                                                   38
                                                 23
                                                         pass.resize(node,0);
                                                                                                          dijkstra(start);
                                                                                                                                                              capacity[b][a] += bandwidth;
                                                 24
                                                                                                   39
                                                                                                                                                     49
           edges = newedges;
                                                 25
                                                         int a,b;
                                                                                                   40
                                                                                                          return 0;
                                                                                                                                                     50
26
           newedges.clear();
                                                 26
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                                                                            cout << "Network " << testcase++ << endl
                                                 27
                                                             if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1)
           q.pop();
           if(q.empty() == true){
                                                                                                                                                            cout << "The bandwidth is " <<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 getMaxFlow(capacity, s, t, n) << "."</pre>
29
               q = p;
                                                 29
                                                             edges.insert(pair<pair<int,int>,int
                                                                                                      4.5 Edmonds karp
                                                                  >(pair<int,int>(a,b),0));
30
               queue<int> tmp;
                                                                                                                                                                  << endl;
                                                                                                                                                            cout << endl;</pre>
31
               p = tmp;
                                                 30
                                                                                                                                                     53
32
               count++;
                                                 31
                                                        int start;
                                                                                                                                                     54
                                                 32
                                                         cin>>start;
                                                                                                    1 /*Flow - Edmonds-karp*/
                                                                                                                                                          return 0;
34
                                                 33
                                                         route.push back(start);
                                                                                                    2 /*Based on UVa820*/
                                                                                                    3 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
35
                                                 34
                                                        DFS(start);
   int main(){
                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                    4 #define inf 1000000;
                                                  35
                                                                                                    5 using namespace std;
       int node:
       cin >> node;
                                                                                                                                                        4.6 Flovd-warshall
       vector<pair<int, int>> edges;
                                                                                                      int getMaxFlow(vector<vector<int>> &capacity
                                                                                                          , int s, int t, int n){
       int a, b;
                                                     4.4 Dijkstra
       while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                        int ans = 0;
           /*a = b = -1 means input edges ended
                                                                                                        vector<vector<int>>> residual(n+1, vector
                                                                                                                                                      1 /* SPA - Floyd-Warshall*/
                                                                                                                                                      2 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
                                                                                                             int>(n+1, 0)); //residual network
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1)
                                                  1 /*SPA - Dijkstra*/
                                                                                                        while(true){
                                                                                                                                                      3 #define inf 99999
44
               break;
                                                  2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                                          vector<int> bottleneck(n+1, 0);
                                                                                                                                                      4 using namespace std;
```

```
5 void floyd warshall(vector<vector<int>>&
                                                               union set[x] = find(union set[x],
                                                                                                              friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b</pre>
                                                                                                                                                          1 int find(int x, vector < int > & union set){
       distance, vector<vector<int>>& ancestor,
                                                                                                                                                                 if(union set[x] != x)
                                                                   union set);
                                                                                                                                                                     union_set[x] = find(union_set[x],
                                                          return union set[x];
                                                                                                                  return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                   15
                                                                                                      10
       for (int k = 0; k < n; k++){
                                                                                                                                                                          union set); //compress path
                                                   16 }
                                                                                                      11
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                   17 void merge(int a,int b,vector<int>&
                                                                                                      12 };
                                                                                                                                                                 return union set[x];
               for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
                                                                                                         void Prim(vector<vector<int>> gp,int n,int
                                                           union set){
                    if(distance[i][k] + distance 18
                                                           int pa = find(a, union set);
                                                                                                                                                             void merge(int x.int v.vector<int> &
                         [k][j] < distance[i][j]) 19
                                                          int pb = find(b, union_set);
                                                                                                              vector<bool> pass(n,false);
                                                                                                                                                                  union set, vector <int> &rank){
                                                                                                      14
                                                                                                              int edge = 0;
                                                          if(pa != pb)
                                                                                                      15
                                                                                                                                                                 int rx, ry;
                        distance[i][j] =
                                                               union set[pa] = pb;
                                                                                                      16
                                                                                                              int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
                                                                                                                                                                 rx = find(x,union set);
                                                   21
                             distance[i][k] +
                                                   22 }
                                                                                                      17
                                                                                                              priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                                                                                                                                 ry = find(y,union set);
                             distance[k][j];
                                                   void kruskal(priority queue<edges> pa,int n)
                                                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                                 if(rx == rv)
                        ancestor[i][j] =
                                                                                                                  if(gp[start][i] != inf){
                                                                                                      19
                                                                                                                                                          11
                                                                                                                                                                 /*merge by rank -> always merge small
                             ancestor[k][i]:
                                                   24
                                                          vector<int> union set(n, 0);
                                                                                                      20
                                                                                                                      edges tmp:
                                                   25
                                                          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                                                      21
                                                                                                                      tmp.from = start:
                                                                                                                                                                      tree to big tree*/
13
                                                   26
                                                               union set[i] = i;
                                                                                                      22
                                                                                                                      tmp.to = i;
                                                                                                                                                          13
                                                                                                                                                                 if(rank[rx] > rank[ry])
                                                   27
                                                           int edge = 0:
                                                                                                                      tmp.weight = gp[start][i];
                                                                                                                                                                     union set[ry] = rx;
14
                                                                                                      23
                                                                                                                                                          14
                                                          int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
                                                                                                                      pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                                                                                 else
15
                                                   28
                                                                                                      ^{24}
                                                                                                                                                          15
                                                          while(!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1){</pre>
16
                                                   29
                                                                                                      25
                                                                                                                                                          16
   int main(){
                                                               edges cur = pq.top();
                                                                                                                                                                     union set[rx] = ry;
                                                   30
                                                                                                      26
                                                                                                                                                          17
       int n;
18
                                                   31
                                                               int from = find(cur.from, union set)
                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                              pass[start] = true;
                                                                                                                                                          18
                                                                                                                                                                     if(rank[rx] == rank[ry])
       cin >> n:
                                                                                                              while(!pq.empty() && edge < n-1){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                         ++rank[ry];
19
                                                                                                                                                          19
                                                                                                                  edges cur = pq.top();
20
       int a. b. d:
                                                   32
                                                               int to = find(cur.to, union set):
                                                                                                      29
                                                                                                                                                          20
       vector<vector<int>> distance(n, vector
                                                               if(from != to){
                                                                                                                  pq.pop();
                                                                                                                                                          21
                                                   33
                                                                                                      30
            int>(n,99999));
                                                                   merge(from, to, union set);
                                                                                                                  if(!pass[cur.to]){
                                                                                                                                                             int main(){
                                                                                                      31
                                                                                                                                                          22
       vector<vector<int>> ancestor(n, vector
                                                                   edge += 1:
                                                                                                      32
                                                                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                          23
                                                                                                                                                                 int node:
22
                                                   35
                                                                                                                                                                 cin >> node; //Input Node number
            int>(n,-1));
                                                                   cost += cur.weight;
                                                                                                      33
                                                                                                                          if(gp[cur.to][i] != inf){
                                                                                                                                                          24
                                                   36
       while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                      34
                                                                                                                               edges tmp;
                                                                                                                                                          25
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<int> union set(node, 0);
23
                                                   37
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<int> rank(node, 0);
24
                                                                                                      35
                                                                                                                               tmp.from = cur.to;
                                                                                                                                                          26
                                                   38
                                                               pq.pop();
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
25
               break:
                                                   39
                                                                                                      36
                                                                                                                               tmp.to = i;
                                                          if(edge < n-1)
26
           distance[a][b] = d;
                                                   40
                                                                                                      37
                                                                                                                               tmp.weight = gp[cur.to][
                                                                                                                                                         28
                                                                                                                                                                     union set[i] = i;
                                                                                                                                                                 int edge;
27
           ancestor[a][b] = a;
                                                   41
                                                               cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                   i];
28
                                                                                                                               pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                                                                          30
                                                                                                                                                                 cin >> edge; //Input Edge number
                                                   42
                                                                                                      38
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                               cout << cost << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 for(int i = 0; i < edge; i++)</pre>
29
                                                   43
                                                                                                      39
                                                                                                                          }
                                                                                                                                                          31
30
           distance[i][i] = 0;
                                                   44 }
                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                                          32
                                                                                                                                                                 {
       floyd_warshall(distance, ancestor, n);
                                                   45 int main(){
                                                                                                      41
                                                                                                                      pass[cur.to] = true;
                                                                                                                                                          33
31
                                                                                                                                                                     int a, b;
                                                          int n;
32
       /*Negative cycle detection*/
                                                   46
                                                                                                      42
                                                                                                                      edge += 1;
                                                                                                                                                          34
                                                                                                                                                                     cin >> a >> b;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                          cin >> n;
                                                                                                                      cost += cur.weight;
33
                                                   47
                                                                                                      43
                                                                                                                                                          35
                                                                                                                                                                     merge(a, b, union_set,rank);
34
           if(distance[i][i] < 0){</pre>
                                                          int a, b, d:
                                                                                                      44
                                                                                                                                                          36
                                                   48
               cout << "Negative cycle!" <<</pre>
                                                          priority_queue<edges> pq;
                                                                                                                                                          37
                                                                                                                                                                 /*build party*/
35
                                                   49
                                                                                                      45
                    endl;
                                                          while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                              if(edge < n-1)
                                                                                                                                                          38
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<vector<int> > party(node, vector<</pre>
                                                   50
                                                                                                      46
                                                   51
                                                               if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                  cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                      int>(0));
               break;
                                                                                                      47
36
                                                                   break;
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
37
                                                   52
                                                                                                       48
                                                                                                              else
                                                               edges tmp;
                                                   53
                                                                                                       49
                                                                                                                  cout << cost << endl:</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     party[find(i, union set)].push back(
38
                                                   54
                                                               tmp.from = a;
                                                                                                      50 }
       return 0;
39
                                                                                                                                                                          i);
                                                   55
                                                               tmp.to = b;
                                                                                                      51 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                          41 }
                                                   56
                                                              tmp.weight = d;
                                                                                                      52
                                                                                                             int n;
                                                   57
                                                               pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                      53
                                                                                                              cin >> n;
                                                                                                              int a, b, d;
                                                   58
  4.7 Kruskal
                                                                                                              vector<vector<int>> gp(n,vector<int>(n,
                                                          kruskal(pq, n);
                                                   59
                                                                                                      55
                                                                                                                                                                  Mathematics
                                                   60
                                                          return 0;
                                                                                                      56
                                                                                                              while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
1 /*mst - Kruskal*/
                                                                                                      57
                                                                                                                  if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                             5.1 Combination
2 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
                                                                                                      58
                                                                                                                      break:
3 using namespace std;
                                                                                                      59
                                                                                                                  if(gp[a][b] > d)
                                                      4.8 Prim
4 struct edges{
                                                                                                      60
                                                                                                                      gp[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                                                                           1 /*input type string or vector*/
       int from;
                                                                                                      61
       int to:
                                                                                                              Prim(gp,n,0);
                                                                                                                                                           2 for (int i = 0; i < (1 << input.size()); ++i</pre>
                                                                                                       62
                                                    1 | /*mst - Prim*/
                                                                                                       63
                                                                                                              return 0;
       friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b
                                                   2 #include < bits / stdc++.h>
                                                    3 #define inf 99999
                                                                                                                                                                 string testCase = "";
           return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                    4 using namespace std;
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int j = 0; j < input.size(); ++j)</pre>
```

4.9 Union find

if (i & (1 << j))

testCase += input[i];

5 struct edges{

int from;

int weight;

int to;

11 };

int find(int x, vector < int > & union set){

if(x != union set[x])

5.2 Extended Euclidean

pair<long long, long long> extgcd(long long

1 // ax + by = gcd(a,b)

a, long long b) **if** (b == 0) return {1, 0}; long long k = a / b; pair<long long, long long> p = extgcd(b, a - k * b); //cout << p.first << " " << p.second << //cout << "商數(k)= " << k << endl << endl; return {p.second, p.first - k * p.second }; 11 12 int main() int a, b; cin >> a >> b; pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(a , b); //(x0,y0) cout << xy.first << " " << xy.second << endl; cout << xy.first << " * " << a << " + " << xy.second << " * " << b << endl; return 0; 22 // ax + by = gcd(a,b) * r /*find |x|+|y| -> min*/ int main() 25 long long r, p, q; /*px+qy = r*/int cases; cin >> cases: while (cases--) cin >> r >> p >> q;pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(q, p); //(x0,y0) long long ans = 0, tmp = 0; double k, k1; long long s, s1; k = 1 - (double)(r * xy.first) / p;s = round(k);ans = llabs(r * xy.first + s * p) +llabs(r * xy.second - s * q); k1 = -(double)(r * xy.first) / p;s1 = round(k1): /*cout << k << endl << k1 << endl; cout << s << endl << s1 << endl;</pre> tmp = llabs(r * xy.first + s1 * p) +llabs(r * xy.second - s1 * q); ans = min(ans, tmp): cout << ans << endl;</pre> return 0;

5.3 Hex to Dec

```
1 int HextoDec(string num) //16 to 10
       int base = 1;
       int temp = 0:
       for (int i = num.length() - 1; i = 0; i
           if (num[i] = '0' && num[i] = '9')
               temp += (num[i] - 48) base;
               base = base 16;
           else if (num[i] = 'A' && num[i] = 'F
               temp += (num[i] - 55) base;
14
               base = base 16;
15
16
17
      return temp:
19 }
void DecToHex(int p_intValue) //10 to 16
21
       char 1 pCharRes = new (char);
       sprintf(l_pCharRes, % X, p_intValue);
       int l intResult = stoi(l_pCharRes);
       cout 1 pCharRes n;
       return 1 intResult;
27 }
```

5.4 Mod

```
1 int pow mod(int a, int n, int m) // a ^ n
       mod m;
 2 { // a, n, m < 10 ^ 9
      if (n == 0)
          return 1:
      int x = pow mid(a, n / 2, m);
      long long ans = (long long)x * x % m;
      if (n \% 2 == 1)
          ans = ans * a % m;
      return (int)ans;
12 // 加法: (a + b) % p = (a % p + b % p) % p;
13 // 減法: (a - b) % p = (a % p - b % p + p) %
14 // 乘法: (a * b) % p = (a % p * b % p) % p;
15 // 次方: (a ^ b) % p = ((a % p) ^ b) % p;
16 // 加法結合律:((a + b) % p + c) % p = (a +
       (b + c)) \% p;
17 // 乘法結合律:((a * b) % p * c) % p = (a *
       (b * c)) % p;
18 // 加法交换律: (a + b) % p = (b + a) % p;
19 // 乘法交换律: (a * b) % p = (b * a) % p;
20 // 結合律:((a + b) % p * c) = ((a * c) % p
       + (b * c) % p) % p;
```

28 // 放大縮小模數: k図Z+, a ≡ b (mod m) 図 k 図 a

5.5 Permutation

 $\equiv k \square b \pmod{k \square m}$

```
1 // 全排列要先 sort !!!
2 // num -> vector or string
3 next_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
4 prev_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
```

5.6 PI

```
1 #define PI acos(-1)
2 #define PI M_PI
3 const double PI = atan2(0.0, -1.0);
```

5.7 Prime table

```
1 const int maxn = sqrt(INT MAX);
 vector<int> p;
 3 bitset<maxn> is notp;
 4 void PrimeTable()
       is notp.reset():
       is_notp[0] = is_notp[1] = 1;
       for (int i = 2; i <= maxn; ++i)</pre>
           if (!is notp[i])
10
               p.push back(i);
11
           for (int j = 0; j < (int)p.size();</pre>
                ++i)
               if (i * p[j] > maxn)
                   break;
               is notp[i * p[j]] = 1;
               if (i % p[j] == 0)
17
                   break;
18
19
```

5.8 primeBOOL

```
2 // n < 1122004669633 chk = [2, 13, 23,
       1662803]
 3 // n < 2^64
                         chk = [2, 325, 9375]
        28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022]
  long long fmul(long long a, long long n,
       long long mod)
       long long ret = 0;
       for (; n; n >>= 1)
           if (n & 1)
               (ret += a) %= mod;
11
           (a += a) \% = mod;
12
13
      return ret;
14
15
  long long fpow(long long a, long long n,
       long long mod)
17
       long long ret = 1LL:
18
       for (; n; n >>= 1)
19
20
           if (n & 1)
21
               ret = fmul(ret, a, mod);
22
23
           a = fmul(a, a, mod);
24
25
      return ret;
26
  bool check(long long a, long long u, long
       long n, int t)
28
29
      a = fpow(a, u, n);
30
       if (a == 0)
           return true;
31
32
       if (a == 1 || a == n - 1)
           return true;
34
       for (int i = 0; i < t; ++i)
35
           a = fmul(a, a, n);
36
           if (a == 1)
37
               return false;
38
           if (a == n - 1)
39
40
               return true;
41
42
      return false;
43
  bool is_prime(long long n)
      if (n < 2)
           return false;
47
       if (n \% 2 == 0)
           return n == 2;
      long long u = n - 1;
      int t = 0;
       for (; u & 1; u >>= 1, ++t)
       for (long long i : chk)
           if (!check(i, u, n, t))
               return false;
       return true;
```

1 // n < 4759123141

chk = [2, 7, 61]

25

26

30

31

32 }

```
5.9 二分逼近法

**define eps 1e-14
void half_interval()
double L = 0, R = /*區間*/, M;
while (R - L >= eps)

M = (R + L) / 2;
if (/*函數*/ > /*方程式目標*/)
L = M;
else
```

5.10 四則運算

13

R = M:

printf("%.31f\n", R);

```
1 string s = "": //開頭是負號要補0
2 long long int DFS(int le, int ri) // (0,
       string final index)
      int c = 0;
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
          if (s[i] == ')')
              C++:
          if (s[i] == '(')
          if (s[i] == '+' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) + DFS(i +
          if (s[i] == '-' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) - DFS(i +
                   1. ri):
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
16
          if (s[i] == ')')
          if (s[i] == '(')
          if (s[i] == '*' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) * DFS(i +
                   1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '/' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) / DFS(i +
                   1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '%' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) % DFS(i +
                   1, ri);
      if ((s[le] == '(') && (s[ri] == ')'))
          return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除刮 38 }
```

```
k

if (s[ri] == ' ')
    return DFS(le, ri - 1); //去除右邊空
    k

long long int num = 0;
for (int i = le; i <= ri; i++)
    num = num * 10 + s[i] - '0';
</pre>
```

1 void toans(vector<vector<int>> &ans, vector

5.11 數字乘法組合

return num;

32

33

34

35

36

37

39

40

```
int > com)
       // sort(com.begin(), com.end());
       ans.push back(com);
       // for (auto i : com)
       // cout << i << ' ':
       // cout << endl;</pre>
   void finds(int j, int old, int num, vector
        int> com, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       for (int i = j; i <= sqrt(num); i++)</pre>
11
12
           if (old == num)
13
14
                com.clear();
            if (num % i == 0)
               vector<int> a;
                a = com;
               a.push back(i);
19
                finds(i, old, num / i, a, ans);
               a.push_back(num / i);
                toans(ans, a);
24
25
   int main()
27
       vector<vector<int>> ans;
       vector<int> zero;
       finds(2, num, num, zero, ans);
       // num 為 input 數字
       for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
33
            for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() -</pre>
                1; j++)
                cout << ans[i][j] << " ";
            cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
                 endl;
37
```

5.12 數字加法組合

```
1 | void printCombination(vector<int> const &out
       , int m, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       for (int i : out)
           if (i > m)
               return:
       ans.push back(out);
   void recur(int i, int n, int m, vector<int>
       &out, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       if (n == 0)
11
12
           printCombination(out, m, ans);
13
       for (int j = i; j <= n; j++)
14
15
           out.push_back(j);
           recur(j, n - j, m, out, ans);
16
           out.pop_back();
20 int main()
21
22
       vector<vector<int>> ans:
       vector<int> zero;
       recur(1, num, num, zero, ans);
```

for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>

for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() -</pre>

cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>

cout << ans[i][j] << " ";</pre>

5.13 羅馬數字

// num 為 input 數字

1; j++)

```
1 int romanToInt(string s)
       unordered map<char, int> T;
       T['I'] = 1;
      T['V'] = 5;
       T['X'] = 10;
       T['L'] = 50;
       T['C'] = 100:
       T['D'] = 500;
       T['M'] = 1000;
       int sum = T[s.back()];
       for (int i = s.length() - 2; i >= 0; --i 25
           if (T[s[i]] < T[s[i + 1]])
               sum -= T[s[i]];
17
18
               sum += T[s[i]];
19
       return sum;
```

5.14 質因數分解

21 }

```
1 | void primeFactorization(int n) // 配合質數表
       for (int i = 0; i < (int)p.size(); ++i)</pre>
           if(p[i] * p[i] > n)
               break;
           if (n % p[i])
               continue;
           cout << p[i] << ' ';
           while (n % p[i] == 0)
11
               n /= p[i];
12
13
       if (n != 1)
           cout << n << ' ';
14
       cout << '\n';</pre>
```

6 Other

6.1 Weighted Job Scheduling

```
1 struct Job
      int start, finish, profit;
5 bool jobComparataor(Job s1, Job s2)
      return (s1.finish < s2.finish);</pre>
  int latestNonConflict(Job arr[], int i)
       for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)
           if (arr[j].finish <= arr[i].start)</pre>
               return j;
14
15
       return -1;
17
  int findMaxProfit(Job arr[], int n)
       sort(arr, arr + n, jobComparataor);
      int *table = new int[n];
       table[0] = arr[0].profit;
       for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
           int inclProf = arr[i].profit;
           int 1 = latestNonConflict(arr, i);
27
           if (1 != -1)
               inclProf += table[1];
           table[i] = max(inclProf, table[i -
                1]);
       int result = table[n - 1];
      delete[] table;
```

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

```
return result;
  6.2 數獨解法
int getSquareIndex(int row, int column, int
       n)
       return row / n * n + column / n;
  bool backtracking(vector<vector<int>> &board
       , vector<vector<bool>> &rows, vector<</pre>
       vector<bool>> &cols.
                     vector<vector<bool>> &boxs
                         , int index, int n)
       int n2 = n * n;
       int rowNum = index / n2, colNum = index
           % n2:
       if (index >= n2 * n2)
12
          return true:
13
14
      if (board[rowNum][colNum] != 0)
15
          return backtracking(board, rows,
               cols, boxs, index + 1, n);
       for (int i = 1; i <= n2; i++)
17
18
19
          if (!rows[rowNum][i] && !cols[colNum
               [i] && !boxs[getSquareIndex(
               rowNum, colNum, n)][i])
               rows[rowNum][i] = true;
               cols[colNum][i] = true;
               boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
                    colNum, n)][i] = true;
               board[rowNum][colNum] = i;
25
               if (backtracking(board, rows,
                   cols, boxs, index + 1, n)
                   return true:
               board[rowNum][colNum] = 0;
               rows[rowNum][i] = false;
               cols[colNum][i] = false;
               boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
                   colNum, n)][i] = false;
31
32
       return false;
33
35 /*用法 main*/
36 int n = sqrt(數獨邊長大小) /*e.g. 9*9 n=3*/
  vector<vector<int>> board(n * n + 1, vector<</pre>
       int>(n * n + 1, 0));
  vector<vector<bool>> isRow(n * n + 1, vector
       <bool>(n * n + 1, false));
39 vector<vector<bool>> isColumn(n * n + 1,
       vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
  vector<vector<bool>> isSquare(n * n + 1,
```

vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));

```
42 | \text{ for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i)}
43
       for (int j = 0; j < n * n; ++j)
44
45
           int number;
46
47
           cin >> number;
48
           board[i][j] = number;
           if (number == 0)
49
50
                continue;
           isRow[i][number] = true;
           isColumn[j][number] = true;
           isSquare[getSquareIndex(i, j, n)][
53
                number] = true;
54
55 }
   if (backtracking(board, isRow, isColumn,
        isSquare, 0, n))
       /*有解答*/
58 else
       /*解答*/
59
```

7 String

7.1 Sliding window

```
1 | string minWindow(string s, string t) {
       unordered map<char, int> letterCnt;
       for (int i = 0; i < t.length(); i++)</pre>
            letterCnt[t[i]]++;
       int minLength = INT MAX, minStart = -1;
       int left = 0, matchCnt = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)</pre>
            if (--letterCnt[s[i]] >= 0)
10
                matchCnt++;
            while (matchCnt == t.length())
11
12
13
               if (i - left + 1 < minLength)</pre>
14
                    minLength = i - left + 1;
15
                    minStart = left:
16
17
                if (++letterCnt[s[left]] > 0)
18
19
                    matchCnt--;
20
               left++;
21
22
       return minLength == INT_MAX ? "" : s.
23
            substr(minStart, minLength);
24 }
```

7.2 Split

8 data structure

if ("" == str)

while (p)

return res:

return res;

strcpy(strs, str.c str());

strcpy(d, delim.c_str());

char *p = strtok(strs, d);

res.push back(s);

p = strtok(NULL, d);

string s = p;

char *strs = new char[str.length() + 1];

char *d = new char[delim.length() + 1];

41

42

43

44

45

46

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48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

8.1 Bigint

```
1 // 台大
                                                   61
2 struct Bigint{
       static const int LEN = 60;
                                                   62
       static const int BIGMOD = 10000:
                                                   63
       int s;
                                                   64
       int v1, v[LEN];
                                                   65
       // vector<int> v;
                                                   66
       Bigint() : s(1) \{ vl = 0; \}
       Bigint(long long a) {
                                                   67
           s = 1; v1 = 0;
10
                                                   68
           if (a < 0) \{ s = -1; a = -a; \}
11
                                                   69
12
           while (a) {
                                                   70
               push back(a % BIGMOD);
13
                                                   71
               a /= BIGMOD;
14
                                                   72
                                                   73
15
16
17
       Bigint(string str) {
           s = 1; v1 = 0;
18
           int stPos = 0, num = 0;
19
           if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-') { 76
20
21
               stPos = 1;
22
               s = -1;
                                                   77
23
           for (int i= str.length() - 1, q=1; i 79
                >=stPos; i--) {
25
               num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
               if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD) {
26
27
                    push back(num);
28
                    num = 0; q = 1;
29
30
31
           if (num) push back(num);
32
           n();
33
       int len() const {
34
           return vl;//return SZ(v);
35
```

```
bool empty() const { return len() == 0;
void push_back(int x) {
    v[v]++] = x; //v.PB(x);
void pop back() {
    vl--; //v.pop back();
int back() const {
    return v[vl-1]; //return v.back();
void n() {
    while (!empty() && !back()) pop_back
void resize(int nl) {
    vl = nl; //v.resize(nl);
    fill(v, v+vl, 0); //fill(ALL(v), 0);
void print() const {
    if (empty()) { putchar('0'); return;
    if (s == -1) putchar('-');
    printf("%d", back());
    for (int i=len()-2; i>=0; i--)
         printf("%.4d",v[i]);
friend std::ostream& operator << (std::</pre>
    ostream& out, const Bigint &a) {
    if (a.empty()) { out << "0"; return</pre>
         out; }
    if (a.s == -1) out << "-";
    out << a.back();</pre>
    for (int i=a.len()-2; i>=0; i--) {
        char str[10];
        snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i])
        out << str;
    return out;
int cp3(const Bigint &b)const {
    if (s != b.s) return s - b.s;
    if (s == -1) return -(-*this).cp3(-b
    if (len() != b.len()) return len()-b
         .len();//int
    for (int i=len()-1; i>=0; i--)
        if (v[i]!=b.v[i]) return v[i]-b.
             v[i];
    return 0;
bool operator<(const Bigint &b)const</pre>
{ return cp3(b)<0; }
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b) const
{ return cp3(b)<=0; }
bool operator==(const Bigint &b)const
{ return cp3(b)==0; }
bool operator!=(const Bigint &b)const
{ return cp3(b)!=0; }
bool operator>(const Bigint &b)const
{ return cp3(b)>0; }
bool operator>=(const Bigint &b)const
{ return cp3(b)>=0; }
Bigint operator - () const {
    Bigint r = (*this);
```

```
8.3 Trie
                                                                                                                     que[head] = s;
            r.s = -r.s:
                                                    151
                                                                s = b2.s = r.s = 1:
                                                                for (int i=r.len()-1; i>=0; i--) {
                                                                                                                     while (head <= tail)
94
            return r;
                                                    152
                                                    153
                                                                     int d=0, u=BIGMOD-1;
95
                                                                                                         41
                                                                                                                         for (int i = first[que[head]]; i 1 // biginter字典數
        Bigint operator + (const Bigint &b)
                                                    154
                                                                     while(d<u) {</pre>
                                                                                                         42
                                                                         int m = (d+u+1)>>1;
                                                                                                                               != -1; i = next[i])
                                                                                                                                                              2 struct BigInteger{
                                                    155
            if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)+(-b))
                                                                                                                                                                     static const int BASE = 100000000;
                                                   156
                                                                         r.v[i] = m;
                                                                                                         43
                                                                                                                             if (vi[v[i]] != tim && cap[i
                                                                         if((r*b2) > (*this)) u = m
                                                                                                                                                                     static const int WIDTH = 8:
            if (b.s == -1) return (*this)-(-b);
                                                                                                                                  ] > flow[i])
                                                                                                                                                                     vector<int> s;
98
                                                                              -1;
                                                                                                                                                                    BigInteger(long long num = 0){
99
            Bigint r;
                                                    158
                                                                         else d = m;
                                                                                                         45
            int nl = max(len(), b.len());
                                                                                                                                  vi[v[i]] = tim;
                                                                                                                                                                         *this = num;
100
                                                    159
                                                                                                         46
101
            r.resize(nl + 1);
                                                    160
                                                                    r.v[i] = d;
                                                                                                         47
                                                                                                                                  dis[v[i]] = dis[que[head
            for (int i=0: i<nl: i++) {</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                    BigInteger operator = (long long num){
102
                                                    161
                                                                                                                                       ]] + 1;
                if (i < len()) r.v[i] += v[i];</pre>
                                                                s = oriS;
                                                                                                                                 que[++tail] = v[i];
                                                                                                                                                                         s.clear();
103
                                                    162
                                                                                                         48
                                                                                                                                                             10
                if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] += b.v[i 163
104
                                                                r.s = s * b.s:
                                                                                                         49
                                                                                                                                                             11
                                                    164
                                                                r.n();
                                                                                                         50
                                                                                                                                                             12
                                                                                                                                                                             s.push back(num % BASE);
                if(r.v[i] >= BIGMOD) {
                                                    165
                                                                return r;
                                                                                                         51
                                                                                                                         ++head;
                                                                                                                                                             13
                                                                                                                                                                             num /= BASE;
105
                    r.v[i+1] += r.v[i] / BIGMOD: 166
                                                                                                                                                                         }while(num > 0):
106
                                                                                                         52
                                                                                                                                                             14
                    r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                            Bigint operator % (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                                                                     return vi[t] == tim;
                                                                                                                                                                         return *this;
107
                                                    167
                                                                                                         53
                                                                                                                                                             15
                                                                return (*this)-(*this)/b*b;
108
                                                    168
                                                                                                         54
                                                                                                                                                             16
                                                                                                                ll dfs(int x, ll a)
                                                                                                                                                                     BigInteger operator = (const string& str
109
                                                    169
                                                                                                         55
                                                                                                                                                             17
110
            r.n();
                                                    170 };
                                                                                                         56
                                                                                                         57
                                                                                                                     if (x == t || a == 0)
                                                                                                                                                                         s.clear():
111
            return r;
                                                                                                                                                             18
112
                                                                                                         58
                                                                                                                         return a:
                                                                                                                                                                         int x, len = (str.length() - 1) /
113
        Bigint operator - (const Bigint &b)
                                                                                                         59
                                                                                                                    11 flw = 0, f;
                                                                                                                                                                              WIDTH + 1;
                                                        8.2 MFlow
                                                                                                                     int &i = cur[x];
                                                                                                                                                                         for(int i = 0; i < len;i++){</pre>
             const {
                                                                                                         60
            if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)-(-b))
                                                                                                         61
                                                                                                                     for (i = first[x]; i != -1; i = next 21
                                                                                                                                                                             int end = str.length() - i*WIDTH
114
                                                                                                                          [i])
                                                                                                                                                                             int start = max(0, end-WIDTH);
            if (b.s == -1) return (*this)+(-b);
                                                     1 | typedef long long 11;
115
                                                                                                         62
            if ((*this) < b) return -(b-(*this))</pre>
                                                     2 struct MF
116
                                                                                                         63
                                                                                                                         if (dis[x] + 1 == dis[v[i]] && ( 23
                                                                                                                                                                             sscanf(str.substr(start, end-
                                                                                                                              f = dfs(v[i], min(a, cap[i]
                                                                                                                                                                                  start).c_str(), "%d", &x);
            Bigint r:
                                                            static const int N = 5000 + 5:
                                                                                                                              - flow[i]))) > 0)
                                                                                                                                                                             s.push back(x);
117
                                                                                                                                                             24
118
            r.resize(len());
                                                            static const int M = 60000 + 5;
                                                                                                                                                             25
                                                                                                         64
            for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
                                                            static const 11 oo = 100000000000000LL:
                                                                                                                             flow[i] += f:
                                                                                                                                                                         return *this:
119
                                                                                                         65
                                                                                                                                                             26
                r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                                                                                             flow[i ^ 1] -= f;
                                                                                                                                                             27
120
                                                                                                         66
                if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] -= b.v[i</pre>
                                                            int n, m, s, t, tot, tim;
                                                                                                         67
                                                                                                                             a -= f;
                                                                                                                                                             28
121
                                                            int first[N], next[M];
                                                                                                                             flw += f:
                                                                                                                                                             29
                                                                                                                                                                     BigInteger operator + (const BigInteger&
                     1;
                                                                                                         68
                if (r.v[i] < 0) {</pre>
                                                            int u[M], v[M], cur[N], vi[N];
                                                                                                         69
                                                                                                                             if (a == 0)
                                                                                                                                                                          b) const{
122
                                                     10
                                                            11 cap[M], flow[M], dis[N];
                                                                                                                                                                         BigInteger c;
123
                    r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
                                                     11
                                                                                                         70
                                                                                                                                 break;
                                                                                                                                                             30
                    r.v[i+1]--;
                                                     12
                                                            int que[N + N];
                                                                                                         71
                                                                                                                                                             31
                                                                                                                                                                         c.s.clear();
124
                                                                                                                                                                         for(int i = 0, g = 0;;i++){
                                                                                                         72
                                                                                                                                                             32
125
                                                     13
                                                            void Clear()
                                                                                                                     return flw;
                                                                                                                                                             33
                                                                                                                                                                             if(g == 0 && i >= s.size() && i
126
                                                     14
                                                                                                         73
            r.n();
                                                     15
                                                                                                                                                                                  >= b.s.size()) break;
127
                                                                                                         74
                                                                tot = 0:
                                                                                                                11 MaxFlow(int s, int t)
128
            return r;
                                                     16
                                                                                                         75
                                                                                                                                                             34
                                                                                                                                                                             int x = g;
                                                                tim = 0:
                                                                                                                                                             35
                                                                                                                                                                             if(i < s.size()) x+=s[i];</pre>
                                                     17
129
                                                                                                         76
        Bigint operator * (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                                                                         77
                                                                                                                     this -> s = s;
                                                                                                                                                             36
                                                                                                                                                                             if(i < b.s.size()) x+=b.s[i];</pre>
130
                                                     18
                                                                                                                     this->t = t;
131
            Bigint r;
                                                     19
                                                                    first[i] = -1;
                                                                                                         78
                                                                                                                                                             37
                                                                                                                                                                             c.s.push back(x % BASE);
            r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
                                                    20
                                                                                                                    11 \text{ flw} = 0:
                                                                                                                                                             38
                                                                                                                                                                             g = x / BASE;
132
            r.s = s * b.s;
                                                            void Add(int from, int to, ll cp, ll flw
                                                                                                                     while (bfs())
                                                                                                                                                             39
133
                                                    21
            for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
134
                                                                                                                                                             40
                                                                                                                                                                         return c;
                for (int j=0; j<b.len(); j++) {</pre>
                                                                                                                         for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
135
                                                                                                         82
                                                                                                                                                             41
                    r.v[i+j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
                                                                u[tot] = from;
                                                                                                                             cur[i] = 0;
136
                                                    23
                                                                                                         83
                                                                                                                                                             42
                    if(r.v[i+j] >= BIGMOD) {
                                                                                                                         flw += dfs(s, oo);
137
                                                    24
                                                                v[tot] = to;
                                                                                                         84
                                                                                                                                                             43
                         r.v[i+j+1] += r.v[i+j] /
                                                                cap[tot] = cp;
                                                                                                                                                                ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
138
                                                                                                         85
                               BIGMOD;
                                                     26
                                                                flow[tot] = flw;
                                                                                                                     return flw;
                                                                                                                                                                     BigInteger& x){
139
                         r.v[i+j] %= BIGMOD;
                                                    27
                                                                next[tot] = first[u[tot]];
                                                                                                         87
                                                                                                                                                                     out << x.s.back();</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i--){
140
                                                     28
                                                                first[u[tot]] = tot;
                                                                                                         88 };
                                                     29
                                                                ++tot;
                                                                                                         89 // MF Net;
                                                                                                                                                             47
                                                                                                                                                                         char buf[20];
141
                                                                                                         90 // Net.n = n;
                                                                                                                                                                         sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
142
                                                     30
                                                                                                                                                             48
                                                                                                         91 // Net.Clear();
                                                                                                                                                                         for(int j = 0; j< strlen(buf);j++){</pre>
143
            r.n();
                                                    31
                                                            bool bfs()
                                                                                                                                                             49
144
            return r:
                                                     32
                                                                                                                                                             50
                                                                                                                                                                             out << buf[i]:
                                                                                                         92 // a 到 b (注意從1開始!!!!)
145
                                                     33
                                                                ++tim:
                                                                                                         93 // Net.Add(a, b, w, 0);
                                                                                                                                                             51
146
        Bigint operator / (const Bigint &b) {
                                                     34
                                                                dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                                         94 // Net.MaxFlow(s, d)
                                                                                                                                                             52
                                                                                                                                                                    }
147
            Bigint r:
                                                                vi[s] = tim;
                                                                                                                                                             53
                                                                                                         95 // s 到 d 的 MF
            r.resize(max(1, len()-b.len()+1));
148
                                                     36
                                                                                                                                                                     return out;
            int oriS = s;
                                                                int head, tail;
                                                                                                                                                             55
149
                                                     37
            Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                                head = tail = 1;
```

```
57 istream& operator >> (istream &in,
                                                          int find(const char* s){
                                                  115
                                                                                                      35 };
                                                                                                                                                             Rational c:
                                                                                                         istream & operator >> (istream & input, Rational 84
        BigInteger& x){
                                                  116
                                                              int u = 0;
                                                                                                                                                             c.m denominator = this->m denominator * a.
        string s;
                                                              int n = strlen(s);
                                                                                                                                                                   m denominator;
                                                  117
59
       if(!(in >> s))
                                                  118
                                                              for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                                                      37
                                                                                                                                                             c.m numeitor = (this->m numeitor * a.
           return in;
                                                                                                           char temp;
                                                                                                                                                                  m denominator) - (a.m numeitor * this
60
                                                  119
                                                                                                      38
61
                                                  120
                                                                   int index = getIndex(s[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                  ->m denominator);
62
                                                  121
                                                                  if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                      40
                                                                                                           input >> test.m numeitor:
                                                                                                                                                             c.reduce():
       x = s:
                                                                                                           input >> temp;
63
       return in;
                                                  122
                                                                       return -1;
                                                                                                      41
                                                                                                                                                        87
                                                                                                                                                             return c;
64
                                                  123
                                                                                                      42
                                                                                                           input >> test.m denominator;
                                                                                                                                                        88
                                                                  u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                           Rational final(test.m numeitor, test.
                                                                                                                                                           Rational Rational::operator*(const Rational&
65
                                                  124
66
   struct Trie{
                                                  125
                                                                                                                m denominator); //final用來告訴使用者
       int c[5000005][10]:
                                                              return val[u];
67
                                                  126
                                                                                                                這數字符不符合!
                                                                                                                                                        90
       int val[5000005];
68
                                                  127
                                                                                                                                                        91
                                                                                                                                                             Rational c;
                                                                                                          if (test.m denominator < 0 || test.</pre>
69
       int sz:
                                                  128
                                                                                                                                                             c.m denominator = this->m denominator * a.
                                                                                                                m denominator == 0) //不符合(再輸入
70
       int getIndex(char c){
                                                                                                                                                                  m denominator:
71
           return c - '0';
                                                                                                                                                             c.m numeitor = this->m numeitor * a.
                                                                                                      45
72
                                                                                                                                                                  m numeitor:
                                                      8.4 分數
                                                                                                      46
                                                                                                             while (test.m_denominator < 0 || test.</pre>
       void init(){
73
                                                                                                                                                             c.reduce();
                                                                                                                  m denominator == 0) //有可能輸入的
           memset(c[0], 0, sizeof(c[0]));
74
                                                                                                                                                             return c;
                                                                                                                  東西還是不符合,所以用迴圈
75
           memset(val, -1, sizeof(val));
                                                                                                                                                        96
76
           sz = 1;
                                                    1 class Rational
                                                                                                      47
                                                                                                                                                           Rational Rational::operator/(const Rational&
                                                                                                               cout << "Enter another Rational number
77
                                                    2
                                                                                                      48
                                                                                                                     (n/d): ";
78
                                                        friend istream &operator>>(istream &,
                                                                                                                                                        98
       void insert(BigInteger x, int v){
                                                             Rational & ):
                                                                                                      49
                                                                                                               input >> test.m numeitor;
                                                                                                                                                             Rational c;
79
                                                                                                                                                        99
                                                        friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &,</pre>
                                                                                                               input >> temp;
80
           int u = 0:
                                                                                                      50
                                                                                                                                                        100
                                                                                                                                                             c.m denominator = this->m denominator * a.
           int max len count = 0;
                                                             const Rational & );
                                                                                                      51
                                                                                                               input >> test.m denominator;
                                                                                                                                                                  m numeitor:
81
                                                      public:
                                                                                                               Rational final(test.m_numeitor, test. _{101}
           int firstNum = x.s.back();
                                                                                                      52
                                                                                                                                                             c.m numeitor = this->m numeitor * a.
82
           char firstBuf[20];
                                                        Rational() //constructor one
                                                                                                                                                                  m denominator:
83
                                                                                                                    m_denominator); //final用來告訴使
           sprintf(firstBuf, "%d", firstNum);
                                                                                                                                                             c.reduce();
84
                                                                                                                    用者這數字符不符合!
           for(int j = 0; j < strlen(firstBuf);</pre>
                                                          m numeitor = 0;
                                                                                                                                                        103
                                                                                                                                                             return c;
                                                                                                      53
                                                          m denominator = 1;
                                                                                                                                                        104
                                                                                                      54
                                                                                                             return input:
                int index = getIndex(firstBuf[j
                                                   10
                                                                                                                                                           bool Rational::operator==(const Rational& a)
                                                                                                                                                        105
                                                                                                      55
                                                        Rational(int a, int b) //constructor two
                                                   11
                                                                                                                                                        106
                                                                                                      56
                                                                                                           else
               if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                                                                        107
                                                                                                                                                             if (m numeitor == a.m numeitor)
                                                   12
                                                                                                      57
                                                                                                             return input;
                    memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof(c[
                                                          if (b < 0 \mid | b == 0) //avoids negative
                                                                                                      58 }
                                                                                                                                                        108
                                                               denominators. && prevents a 0
                                                                                                                                                                if (m denominator == a.m denominator)
                         sz]));
                                                                                                        ostream & operator << (ostream & output, const
                                                                                                                                                        109
                                                                                                      59
                    val[sz] = v;
                                                               denominator
                                                                                                                                                                 return true;
                                                                                                              Rational &test )
                                                                                                                                                        110
90
                    c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                   14
                                                                                                                                                        111
                                                                                                                                                               else
                                                                                                      60
                                                   15
                                                            cout << "This Rational number can't be</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 return false:
                                                                                                                                                        112
                                                                                                           output << test.m_numeitor;</pre>
                                                                                                     61
                                                                  used.\n\n":
92
                u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                                                                        113
                                                                                                           if(test.m numeitor == 0)
                max_len_count++;
                                                            m numeitor = 0:
93
                                                                                                                                                        114
                                                                                                                                                             else
                                                   16
                                                                                                             return output;
                                                            m denominator = 0;
                                                                                                                                                               return false;
                                                   17
94
                                                                                                           if (test.m denominator == 1)
                                                                                                                                                        115
                                                                                                      64
95
                                                   18
                                                                                                                                                        116
                                                                                                      65
                                                                                                             return output;
           for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i
                                                          else
                                                                                                                                                           void Rational::reduce()
                                                   19
                                                                                                                                                        117
                                                                                                      66
                                                                                                           else
                --){
                                                   20
                                                                                                                                                        118
                                                                                                      67
                                                            cout << "This Rational number can be
                char buf[20];
                                                   21
                                                                                                                                                        119
                                                                                                                                                             int i;
                                                                                                             output << "/";
                                                                                                      68
                sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                 used.\n\n";
                                                                                                                                                             int max:
                                                                                                                                                        120
                                                                                                             output << test.m_denominator;</pre>
                                                                                                      69
                for(int j = 0; j < strlen(buf)</pre>
                                                            m numeitor = a;
                                                                                                                                                             if(m numeitor> m denominator)
                                                   22
                                                                                                                                                        121
                                                                                                      70
                                                            m denominator = b;
                    && max_len_count < 50; j++){
                                                   23
                                                                                                                                                               max = m numeitor;
                                                                                                      71
                                                                                                           return output;
                    int index = getIndex(buf[j])
                                                   ^{24}
                                                                                                                                                        123
                                                                                                                                                             else
                                                                                                      72
                                                   25
                                                                                                        Rational Rational::operator+(const Rational& 124
                                                                                                                                                                max = m denominator;
                    if(!c[u][index]){
                                                        Rational operator+(const Rational& a); //
                                                   26
                                                                                                                                                        125
                                                                                                                                                              for (i = 2; i <= max; i++)
102
                        memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof
                                                                                                                                                        126
                             (c[sz]));
                                                        Rational operator-(const Rational& a); //
                                                                                                                                                        127
                                                                                                                                                                if (m_denominator % i == 0 && m_numeitor
                                                   27
                                                                                                     75
                                                                                                           Rational c;
                        val[sz] = v;
                                                                                                                                                                      % i == 0)
                                                                                                           c.m_denominator = this->m_denominator * a.
                        c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                                                                        128
104
                                                        Rational operator*(const Rational& a); //
                                                                                                                m denominator; //通分(同乘)
                                                                                                                                                                  m denominator /= i;
105
                                                                                                                                                        129
                                                                                                           c.m numeitor = (this->m numeitor * a.
                    u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                                                                                  m numeitor /= i;
106
                                                                                                                                                        130
                                                        Rational operator/(const Rational& a); //
                                                                                                                m denominator) + (a.m numeitor * this
                                                   29
107
                    max_len_count++;
                                                                                                                                                        131
                                                                                                                                                                 i = 1;
                                                                                                                ->m denominator);
                                                                                                                                                        132
                                                                                                                                                                  max = m denominator:
108
                                                                                                           c.reduce();
                                                        bool operator==(const Rational& a); //相
109
                if(max len count >= 50){
                                                                                                                                                        133
                                                                                                                                                                  continue;
                                                                                                           return c;
110
                    break;
                                                                                                                                                        134
                                                        void reduce(); // 化簡
                                                                                                                                                        135
                                                                                                        Rational Rational::operator-(const Rational&
112
                                                      private:
113
                                                        int m numeitor;
                                                                                                      82
                                                        int m denominator;
```

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