1 Basic

1.1 Basic codeblock setting

```
Settings -> Editor -> Keyboard shortcuts -> Plugins -> Source code formatter (AStyle )

Settings -> Source Formatter -> Padding 
Delete empty lines within a function or method

Insert space padding around operators 
Insert space padding around parentheses on outside 
Remove extra space padding around parentheses
```

1.2 Basic vim setting

```
/*at home directory*/
/* vi ~/.vimrc */
syntax enable
set smartindent
set tabstop=4
set shiftwidth=4
set expandtab
set relativenumber
```

1.3 Code Template

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
3 typedef long long 11;
 4 typedef unsigned long long ull;
5 #define pb push_back
6 #define len length()
7 #define all(p) p.begin(), p.end()
  #define endl '\n'
9 #define x first
10 #define y second
  #define bug(k) cout << "value of " << #k <<</pre>
       " is " << k << endl;
12 #define bugarr(k)
       for (auto i : k)
           cout << i << ' '; \
       cout << endl;</pre>
15
   int main()
16
       ios::sync with stdio(0);
       cin.tie(0);
       return 0;
```

1.4 Python

```
1 / / 輸入
2 import sys
3 line = sys.stdin.readline() // 會讀到換行
 4 input().strip()
 6 \mid array = [0] * (N) //N個0
 7 range(0, N) // 0 ~ N-1
8 \mid D, R, N = map(int, line[:-1].split()) // \%
       三個 int 變數
10 pow(a, b, c) // a ^ b % c
print(*objects, sep = ' ', end = '\n')
13 // objects -- 可以一次輸出多個對象
14 // sep -- 分開多個objects
15 | // end -- 默認值是\n
16
  // EOF break
17
18 try:
      while True:
19
          //input someithing
21 except EOFError:
      pass
```

1.5 Range data

```
int (-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned int(0 to 4294967295)
long(-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned long(0 to 4294967295)
long long(-9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807)
unsigned long long (0 to 18446744073709551615)
```

1.6 Some Function

```
// 四捨五入
1 round(double f);
                            // 進入
2 | ceil(double f);
3 floor(double f);
                            //捨去
 4|__builtin_popcount(int n); // 32bit有多少 1
  to string(int s);
                           // int to string
  set_union(all(a), all(b), back_inserter(d));
       // 聯集
 s set_intersection(all(a), all(b),
       back_inserter(c)); //交集
10 /** 全排列要先 sort !!! **/
next_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
12 prev_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
13 //用binary search找大於或等於val的最小值的位
14 vector<int>::iterator it = lower bound(v.
       begin(), v.end(), val);
15 | //用binary search找大於val的最小值的位置
16 vector<int>::iterator it = upper bound(v.
       begin(), v.end(), val);
```

```
18 /*找到範圍裏面的最大元素*/
19 max_element(n, n + len);
                               // n到n+len
      範圍內最大值
  max_element(v.begin(), v.end()); // vector
      中最大值
21 / * 找到範圍裏面的最大元素 * /
22 min element(n, n + len);
                               // n到n+len
      範圍內最小值
23 min element(v.begin(), v.end()); // vector
      中最小值
25 /*queue*/
26 queue < datatype > q;
27 front(); /*取出最前面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
28 | back(); /*取出最後面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
29 | pop(); /*移掉最前面的值*/
30 push(); /*新增值到最後面*/
31 | empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的queue*/
32 | size(); /*queue 的大小*/
34 /*stack*/
35 stack<datatype> s;
36 top(); /*取出最上面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
37 | pop(); /*移掉最上面的值*/
38 push(); /*新增值到最上面*/
39 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
40 size(); /*stack 的大小*/
41
42 /*unordered set*/
43 unordered set<datatype> s;
44 unordered set<datatype> s(arr, arr + n);
45 /*initial with array*/
46 insert(); /*插入值*/
47 erase(); /*刪除值*/
48 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
49 | count(); /*判斷元素存在回傳1 無則回傳0*/
```

1.7 Time

```
1 cout << 1.0 * clock() / CLOCKS_PER_SEC << endl;</pre>
```

2 DP

2.1 3 維 DP 思路

```
      1 解題思路: dp[i][j][k]

      2 i 跟 j 代表 range i ~ j 的 value

      3 k在我的理解裡是視題目的要求而定的

      4 像是 Remove Boxes 當中 k 代表的是在 i 之前還有多少個連續的箱子

      5 所以每次區間消去的值就是(k+1) * (k+1)
```

6 | 換言之·我認為可以理解成 k 的意義就是題目今 | 天所關注的重點·就是老師說的題目所規定的

2.2 Knapsack Bounded

```
1 \mid const int N = 100, W = 100000;
  int cost[N], weight[N], number[N];
  int c[W + 1];
  void knapsack(int n, int w)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           int num = min(number[i], w / weight[
           for (int k = 1; num > 0; k *= 2)
               if (k > num)
                   k = num;
13
               num -= k;
14
               for (int j = w; j >= weight[i] *
                     k; --j)
                   c[j] = max(c[j], c[j -
                        weight[i] * k] + cost[i]
16
17
       cout << "Max Prince" << c[w];</pre>
```

2.3 Knapsack sample

```
int Knapsack(vector<int> weight, vector<int>
        value, int bag Weight)
      // vector<int> weight = {1, 3, 4};
      // vector<int> value = {15, 20, 30};
      // int bagWeight = 4;
       vector<vector<int>> dp(weight.size(),
           vector<int>(bagWeight + 1, 0));
       for (int j = weight[0]; j <= bagWeight;</pre>
           j++)
           dp[0][j] = value[0];
      // weight數組的大小就是物品個數
      for (int i = 1; i < weight.size(); i++)</pre>
           for (int j = 0; j <= bagWeight; j++)</pre>
          { // 遍歷背包容量
               if (j < weight[i]) dp[i][j] = dp</pre>
                    [i - 1][j];
               else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j
                   ], dp[i - 1][j - weight[i]]
                   + value[i]);
17
       cout << dp[weight.size() - 1][bagWeight]</pre>
             << endl;
```

33

34

36

37

38

39

```
2.4 Knapsack Unbounded
_{1} const int N = 100, W = 100000;
1 int cost[N], weight[N];
3 \text{ int } c[W + 1];
4 void knapsack(int n, int w)
      memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
          for (int j = weight[i]; j <= w; ++j)</pre>
              c[j] = max(c[j], c[j - weight[i
                   ]] + cost[i]);
      cout << "最高的價值為" << c[w];
  2.5 LCIS
int LCIS len(vector<int> arr1, vetor<int>
      arr2)
2 {
      int n = arr1.size(), m = arr2.size();
      vector<int> table(m, 0);
      for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
          table[j] = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          int current = 0;
          for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
              if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                  if (current + 1 > table[j])
                      table[i] = current + 1;
              if (arr1[i] > arr2[j])
                  if (table[j] > current)
                      current = table[i];
      int result = 0:
      for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
          if (table[i] > result)
              result = table[i];
      return result;
```

2.6 LCS

```
int LCS(vector<string> Ans, vector<string>
      int N = Ans.size(), M = num.size();
      vector<vector<int>>> LCS(N + 1, vector<</pre>
           int>(M + 1, 0));
      for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i)
          for (int j = 1; j <= M; ++j)
```

```
if (Ans[i - 1] == num[j - 1])
            LCS[i][i] = LCS[i - 1][i -
                 1] + 1;
            LCS[i][j] = max(LCS[i - 1][j
                                          31
                 ], LCS[i][i - 1]);
cout << LCS[N][M] << '\n';</pre>
//列印 LCS
int n = N, m = M;
vector<string> k;
while (n && m)
    if (LCS[n][m] != max(LCS[n - 1][m],
         LCS[n][m - 1]))
        k.push back(Ans[n - 1]);
        m - -;
    else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n - 1][m])
    else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n][m - 1])
reverse(k.begin(), k.end());
for (auto i : k)
    cout << i << " ";
cout << endl;
return LCS[N][M];
```

2.7 LIS

13

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34

```
1 | vector<int> ans:
void printLIS(vector<int> &arr, vector<int>
        &pos, int index)
       if (pos[index] != -1)
           printLIS(arr, pos, pos[index]);
       // printf("%d", arr[index]);
       ans.push back(arr[index]);
9 void LIS(vector<int> &arr)
       vector<int> dp(arr.size(), 1);
       vector<int> pos(arr.size(), -1);
12
       int res = INT MIN, index = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); ++i)</pre>
14
15
           for (int j = i + 1; j < arr.size();</pre>
                ++j)
               if (arr[j] > arr[i])
19
20
                   if (dp[i] + 1 > dp[j])
22
                        dp[i] = dp[i] + 1;
23
                        pos[j] = i;
24
25
```

```
if (dp[i] > res)
        res = dp[i];
        index = i;
cout << res << endl: // length
printLIS(arr, pos, index);
for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
    cout << ans[i];</pre>
    if (i != ans.size() - 1)
        cout << ' ';
cout << '\n';</pre>
```

2.8 LPS

1 void LPS(string s)

int n = n:

int maxlen = 0, 1, r;

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           int x = 0;
           while ((s[i - x] == s[i + x]) \&\& (i
                -x \ge 0) && (i + x < n)) //odd
               length
               x++;
           if (2 * x + 1 > maxlen)
12
               maxlen = 2 * x + 1:
13
               1 = i - x;
15
               r = i + x;
           while ((s[i - x] == s[i + 1 + x]) \&\&
                 (i - x >= 0) \&\& (i + 1 + x < n)
                ) //even length
               x++;
20
           if (2 * x > maxlen)
21
22
               maxlen = 2 * x:
23
               1 = i - x + 1;
24
               r = i + x;
25
26
27
       cout << maxlen << '\n'; // 最後長度
       cout << 1 + 1 << ' ' << r + 1 << '\n';
            //頭到尾
```

2.9 Max subarray

```
1 /*Kadane's algorithm*/
1 int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
      int local max = nums[0], global max =
```

```
for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
    local max = max(nums[i],nums[i]+
         local max);
    global max = max(local max,
         global max);
return global max:
```

2.10 Money problem

```
1 / / 能否湊得某個價位
2 void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
      vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
      c[0] = true;
      for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                 // 依序加入各種面額
           for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
               ++i) // 由低價位逐步到高價位
               c[j] = c[j] | c[j - price[i]];
                       // 湊、湊、湊
      if (c[limit]) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
      else cout << "NO\n";</pre>
12 // 湊得某個價位的湊法總共幾種
  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
14
      vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
      c[0] = true;
       for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
           for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
               c[j] += c[j - price[i]];
       cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
22 | // 湊得某個價位的最少錢幣用量
void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
      vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
      c[0] = true;
       for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
           for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
               c[j] = min(c[j], c[j - price[i]]
                    + 1);
      cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
32 // 湊得某個價位的錢幣用量,有哪幾種可能性
  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
33
34
      vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
      c[0] = true;
      for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
           for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
               c[j] |= c[j-price[i]] << 1; //</pre>
                    錢幣數量加一,每一種可能性都
       for (int i = 1; i <= 63; ++i)
```

```
if (c[m] & (1 << i))
                                                                                                                                                               return false;
               cout << "用" << i << "個錢幣可湊
                                                                                                   23
                                                                                                                                                    21
                                                                                                          if(bottleneck[t] == 0) break;
                                                                                                                                                           int solve(){
                                                            return d[t] >= 0;
                                                                                                  24
                                                 50
                                                                                                                                                    22
                    得價位" << m;
                                                                                                          for(int cur = t; cur != s; cur = pre[cur
                                                 51
                                                                                                                                                               int res = 0:
                                                        long long dfs(int u, long long a){
                                                                                                                                                               memset(match,-1,sizeof(match));
                                                 52
                                                                                                                                                    24
                                                            if ( u == t || a == 0 ) return a;
                                                                                                              residual[pre[cur]][cur] +=
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
                                                 53
                                                                                                                                                    25
                                                            long long flow = 0, f;
                                                 54
                                                                                                                   bottleneck[t]:
                                                                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                                   if (match[i]==-1){
                                                            for ( int \&i=cur[u]; i < (int)G[u].
                                                                                                              residual[cur][pre[cur]] -=
                                                                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                                                                                       memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
  3 Flow & matching
                                                                                                                                                                       if ( dfs(i) ) res++;
                                                                 size(); i++) {
                                                                                                                  bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                                                                    28
                                                                 Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
                                                                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                   28
                                                                if ( d[u] + 1 != d[e.v] )
                                                                                                   29
                                                                                                          ans += bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                                                                    30
                                                                                                                                                               return res:
                                                                                                   30
                                                                                                                                                    31
  3.1 Dinic
                                                                f = dfs(e.v, min(a, e.rest) );
                                                 58
                                                                                                   31
                                                                                                       return ans;
                                                 59
                                                                if (f > 0) {
                                                                                                   32
                                                                                                                                                       } graph;
                                                 60
                                                                e.rest -= f:
                                                                                                     int main(){
1 const long long INF = 1LL<<60;</pre>
                                                 61
                                                                edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].rest += f;
                                                                                                       int testcase = 1;
  struct Dinic { //O(VVE), with minimum cut
                                                                flow += f:
                                                                                                        int n:
                                                 62
                                                                                                                                                       3.4 Maximum matching
       static const int MAXN = 5003;
                                                 63
                                                                a -= f;
                                                                                                        while(cin>>n){
                                                                                                   36
       struct Edge{
                                                                if ( a == 0 ) break;
                                                                                                          if(n == 0)
                                                 64
                                                                                                   37
                                                                                                            break:
           int u, v;
                                                 65
                                                                                                   38
           long long cap, rest;
                                                 66
                                                                                                          vector<vector<int>> capacity(n+1, vector
                                                                                                                                                     1 /*bipartite - maximum matching*/
                                                            return flow:
                                                                                                               <int>(n+1, 0));
                                                                                                                                                     bool dfs(vector<vector<bool>> res.int node.
                                                 67
      int n, m, s, t, d[MAXN], cur[MAXN];
                                                 68
                                                                                                   40
                                                                                                          int s. t. c:
                                                                                                                                                            vector<int>& x, vector<int>& v, vector<
                                                        long long maxflow(int _s, int _t){
       vector<Edge> edges;
                                                 69
                                                                                                          cin >> s >> t >> c;
                                                                                                                                                            bool> pass){
                                                                                                   41
       vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                            s = s, t = t;
                                                                                                          int a, b, bandwidth;
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < res[0].size(); i++){</pre>
                                                 70
      void init(){
                                                 71
                                                            long long flow = 0, mf;
                                                                                                          for(int i = 0 ; i < c ; ++i){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                               if(res[node][i] && !pass[i]){
                                                            while ( bfs() ){
                                                                                                            cin >> a >> b >> bandwidth;
           edges.clear();
                                                                                                                                                                   pass[i] = true;
12
                                                 72
                                                                                                   44
                                                                                                                                                                   if(y[i] == -1 || dfs(res,y[i],x,
           for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ) G[i]
                                                                fill(cur,cur+n,0);
                                                                                                   45
                                                                                                            capacity[a][b] += bandwidth;
                                                                while ( (mf = dfs(s, INF)) )
                                                                                                            capacity[b][a] += bandwidth;
               ].clear();
                                                                                                   46
                                                                                                                                                                        y,pass)){
          n = 0;
                                                                     flow += mf;
                                                                                                   47
                                                                                                                                                                       x[node] = i;
15
                                                                                                          cout << "Network " << testcase++ << endl</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                       y[i] = node;
                                                 75
16
       // min cut start
                                                 76
                                                            return flow;
                                                                                                                                                                       return true;
       bool side[MAXN];
                                                 77
                                                                                                          cout << "The bandwidth is " <<
       void cut(int u) {
                                                 78 } dinic;
                                                                                                               getMaxFlow(capacity, s, t, n) << "." 11</pre>
          side[u] = 1;
                                                                                                               << endl:
19
           for ( int i : G[u] ) {
                                                                                                          cout << endl:
                                                                                                                                                           return false;
20
                                                                                                   50
               if ( !side[ edges[i].v ] &&
                                                                                                   51
                                                                                                                                                    14
                                                    3.2 Edmonds karp
                    edges[i].rest )
                                                                                                                                                    15 int main(){
                                                                                                   52
                                                                                                       return 0;
               cut(edges[i].v);
                                                                                                                                                           int n.m.l:
23
                                                                                                                                                           while(cin>>n>>m>>l){
                                                  1 /*Flow - Edmonds-karp*/
                                                                                                                                                               vector<vector<bool>> res(n, vector<</pre>
24
       // min cut end
                                                  2 /*Based on UVa820*/
                                                                                                                                                                    bool>(m, false));
                                                                                                     3.3 hungarian
       int add node(){
                                                  3 #define inf 1000000
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
27
          return n++:
                                                  4 int getMaxFlow(vector<vector<int>> &capacity
                                                                                                                                                                   int a, b;
                                                                                                                                                    20
                                                        , int s, int t, int n){
                                                                                                                                                    21
                                                                                                                                                                   cin >> a >> b;
       void add_edge(int u, int v, long long
                                                      int ans = 0;
                                                                                                    1 /*bipartite - hungarian*/
                                                                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                                                                   res[a][b] = true;
                                                      vector<vector<int>> residual(n+1, vector
                                                                                                    2 struct Graph{
                                                                                                                                                    23
           edges.push_back( {u, v, cap, cap} );
                                                           int>(n+1, 0)); //residual network
                                                                                                          static const int MAXN = 5003;
                                                                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                                                                               int ans = 0;
          edges.push_back( {v, u, 0, 0LL} );
                                                                                                          vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                                                                                                               vector<int> x(n, -1);
                                                      while(true){
                                                                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                          int n, match[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
          m = edges.size();
                                                        vector<int> bottleneck(n+1, 0);
                                                                                                                                                               vector<int> y(n, -1);
32
                                                                                                                                                    26
          G[u].push_back(m-2);
                                                        bottleneck[s] = inf;
                                                                                                          void init(int _n){
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
          G[v].push back(m-1);
                                                                                                                                                                   vector<bool> pass(n, false);
34
                                                        queue<int> q;
                                                                                                             n = n;
                                                                                                              for (int i=0; i<n; i++) G[i].clear()</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                   if(dfs(res,i,x,y,pass))
                                                        q.push(s);
      bool bfs(){
                                                        vector<int> pre(n+1, 0);
                                                                                                                                                                       ans += 1;
                                                        while(!q.empty() && bottleneck[t] == 0){
          fill(d,d+n,-1);
                                                                                                                                                    31
          queue<int> que;
                                                          int cur = q.front();
                                                                                                          bool dfs(int u){
                                                                                                                                                    32
                                                                                                                                                               cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                 14
          que.push(s); d[s]=0;
                                                 15
                                                          q.pop();
                                                                                                                  for (int v:G[u]){
          while (!que.empty()){
                                                          for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
                                                                                                                  if (vis[v]) continue;
                                                                                                                                                           return 0:
                                                                                                   12
                                                            if(bottleneck[i] == 0 && capacity[
               int u = que.front(); que.pop();
                                                                                                                  vis[v]=true;
                                                                                                                  if (match[v]==-1 || dfs(match[v
               for (int ei : G[u]){
                                                                 cur][i] > residual[cur][i]){
                   Edge &e = edges[ei];
                                                                                                                                                    37 input:
                                                              q.push(i);
                                                                                                                       1)){
                   if (d[e.v] < 0 && e.rest >
                                                 19
                                                              pre[i] = cur;
                                                                                                                      match[v] = u;
                                                                                                                                                    38 4 3 5 //n matching m, 1 links
                       0){
                                                              bottleneck[i] = min(bottleneck[cur 16
                                                                                                                      match[u] = v;
                                                                                                                                                    39 0 0
                       d[e.v] = d[u] + 1;
                                                                   ], capacity[cur][i] - residual 17
                                                                                                                                                    40 0 2
                                                                                                                      return true;
                       que.push(e.v);
                                                                   [cur][i]);
                                                                                                                                                    41 1 0
```

```
43 3 1
                                                                                                          P operator-(P b) { return P(x - b.x, y - 12)
                                                                                                                                                            vector<int> vec:
44 answer is 3
                                                        11 dfs(int x, 11 a)
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = m; i >= 1 && fabs(p[m].x -
                                                 55
45 */
                                                 56
                                                                                                          P operator*(double b) { return P(x * b,
                                                                                                                                                                 p[i].x) < d; --i)
                                                                                                   12
                                                             if (x == t || a == 0)
                                                  57
                                                                                                               y * b); }
                                                                                                                                                                vec.push back(i);
                                                  58
                                                                 return a;
                                                                                                          P operator/(double b) { return P(x / b,
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = m + 1; i \leftarrow r \&\& fabs(p[m]).
                                                                                                   1.3
                                                             11 \, flw = 0, f;
                                                  59
                                                                                                               y / b); }
                                                                                                                                                                 x - p[i].x) < d; ++i)
          MFlow Model
                                                  60
                                                             int &i = cur[x]:
                                                                                                          double operator*(P b) { return x * b.x + 16
                                                                                                                                                                vec.push back(i):
                                                                                                   14
                                                             for (i = first[x]; i != -1; i = next
                                                                                                                v * b.v; }
                                                                                                                                                            sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), [&](int a,
                                                                                                          // double operator^(P b) { return x * b.
                                                                                                                                                                 int b)
1 typedef long long 11;
                                                                                                               v - v * b.x; }
                                                                                                                                                                 { return p[a].y < p[b].y; });
                                                  62
2 struct MF
                                                  63
                                                                if (dis[x] + 1 == dis[v[i]] && ( 16
                                                                                                          double abs() { return hypot(x, y); }
                                                                                                                                                     19
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < vec.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                for (int j = i + 1; j < vec.size()
3 {
                                                                      f = dfs(v[i], min(a, cap[i]) 17
                                                                                                          P unit() { return *this / abs(); }
       static const int N = 5000 + 5;
                                                                      - flow[i]))) > 0)
                                                                                                          P rot(double o)
                                                                                                                                                                     && fabs(p[vec[j]].y - p[vec[i]].
                                                                                                   18
       static const int M = 60000 + 5:
                                                 64
                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                                                                                     v) < d: ++i)
                                                                                                                                                                    d = min(d, dist(p[vec[i]], p[vec
       static const 11 oo = 100000000000000LL:
                                                  65
                                                                     flow[i] += f;
                                                                                                   20
                                                                                                              double c = cos(o), s = sin(o);
                                                                                                                                                     21
                                                  66
                                                                     flow[i ^ 1] -= f;
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                              return P(c * x - s * y, s * x + c *
                                                                                                                                                                         [j]]));
       int n, m, s, t, tot, tim;
                                                                    a -= f;
                                                                                                                                                            return d:
                                                  67
                                                                                                                   y);
                                                                                                                                                     22
       int first[N], next[M];
                                                                     flw += f;
                                                  68
                                                                                                   22
                                                                                                                                                     23
       int u[M], v[M], cur[N], vi[N];
                                                                     if (a == 0)
                                                                                                          double angle() { return atan2(y, x); }
10
                                                  69
                                                                                                   23
       11 cap[M], flow[M], dis[N];
                                                                         break:
                                                                                                   24
11
                                                  70
12
       int que[N + N];
                                                  71
                                                                                                   25 struct C
                                                                                                                                                        4.3 Line
                                                                                                   26
13
                                                  72
14
       void Clear()
                                                  73
                                                             return flw:
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                          Pc;
15
                                                  74
                                                                                                   28
                                                        11 MaxFlow(int s, int t)
                                                                                                          C(P \ c = P(0, 0), double \ r = 0) : c(c), r \ 1 | template < typename T>
16
           tot = 0:
                                                 75
           tim = 0:
                                                                                                               (r) {}
                                                                                                                                                      2 struct line
17
                                                  76
                                                            this->s = s;
           for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                  77
18
                                                                                                   30 };
               first[i] = -1:
                                                  78
                                                             this->t = t:
                                                                                                   31 vector<P> Intersect(C a, C b)
19
                                                                                                                                                            line() {}
                                                             11 flw = 0;
                                                                                                   32
20
                                                                                                                                                            point<T> p1, p2;
21
       void Add(int from, int to, ll cp, ll flw
                                                             while (bfs())
                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                          if (a.r > b.r)
                                                                                                                                                            T a, b, c; //ax+by+c=0
                                                                                                   34
                                                                                                              swap(a, b);
                                                                                                                                                            line(const point<T> &x, const point<T> &
                                                                for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                                                                          double d = (a.c - b.c).abs();
                                                  82
                                                                                                   35
                                                                                                                                                                y) : p1(x), p2(y) {}
22
23
           u[tot] = from:
                                                  83
                                                                     cur[i] = 0:
                                                                                                          vector<P> p;
                                                                                                   36
                                                                                                                                                            void pton()
           v[tot] = to;
                                                                 flw += dfs(s, oo);
                                                                                                          if (same(a.r + b.r, d))
24
                                                  84
                                                                                                   37
                                                                                                                                                            { //轉成一般式
25
           cap[tot] = cp;
                                                  85
                                                                                                              p.pb(a.c + (b.c - a.c).unit() * a.r)
                                                                                                   38
                                                                                                                                                                a = p1.y - p2.y;
                                                            return flw;
26
           flow[tot] = flw;
                                                  86
                                                                                                                                                                b = p2.x - p1.x;
27
           next[tot] = first[u[tot]];
                                                  87
                                                                                                          else if (a.r + b.r > d \&\& d + a.r >= b.r
                                                                                                   39
                                                                                                                                                                c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
28
           first[u[tot]] = tot;
                                                 88 };
29
           ++tot:
                                                 89 // MF Net:
                                                                                                   40
                                                                                                                                                            T ori(const point<T> &p) const
                                                 90 // Net.n = n;
                                                                                                              double o = acos((sqrt(a.r) + sqrt(d)
30
                                                                                                   41
                                                                                                                                                            { //點和有向直線的關係, >0左邊、=0在線上
       bool bfs()
                                                 91 // Net.Clear();
                                                                                                                    - sqrt(b.r)) / (2 * a.r * d));
31
                                                                                                                                                                 < 0 右邊
                                                                                                              P i = (b.c - a.c).unit();
32
                                                 92 // a 到 b (注意從1開始!!!!)
                                                                                                   42
                                                                                                                                                                return (p2 - p1).cross(p - p1);
                                                                                                              p.pb(a.c + i.rot(o) * a.r);
33
           ++tim;
                                                 93 // Net.Add(a, b, w, 0);
                                                                                                   43
           dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                                   44
                                                                                                              p.pb(a.c + i.rot(-o) * a.r);
34
                                                 94 // Net.MaxFlow(s, d)
                                                                                                                                                            T btw(const point<T> &p) const
           vi[s] = tim;
35
                                                 95 // s 到 d 的 MF
                                                                                                   45
                                                                                                                                                            { //點投影落在線段上<=0
36
                                                                                                   46
                                                                                                          return p;
                                                                                                                                                                return (p1 - p).dot(p2 - p);
                                                                                                                                                     20
           int head, tail;
                                                                                                                                                     21
           head = tail = 1;
                                                                                                                                                            bool point on segment(const point<T> &p)
           que[head] = s;
                                                         Geometry
                                                                                                                                                                  const
           while (head <= tail)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                            { //點是否在線段上
                                                                                                                                                     23
                                                                                                      4.2 Closest Pair
                                                                                                                                                                return ori(p) == 0 && btw(p) <= 0;</pre>
               for (int i = first[que[head]]; i
                                                                                                                                                     24
42
                                                    4.1 Circle
                                                                                                                                                     25
                     != -1; i = next[i])
                                                                                                                                                            T dis2(const point<T> &p, bool
                                                                                                                                                     26
                                                                                                    1 //最近點對 (距離) //台大
                                                                                                                                                                 is segment = 0) const
                   if (vi[v[i]] != tim && cap[i
                                                                                                    vector<pair<double, double>> p;
                        ] > flow[i])
                                                  1| bool same(double a, double b)
                                                                                                                                                            { //點跟直線/線段的距離平方
                                                                                                    3 double closest pair(int 1, int r)
                                                                                                                                                                point < T > v = p2 - p1, v1 = p - p1;
                       vi[v[i]] = tim;
                                                        return abs(a - b) < 0;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                if (is segment)
                                                                                                                                                     29
                                                                                                          // p 要對 x 軸做 sort
                       dis[v[i]] = dis[que[head
                                                                                                                                                     30
                                                                                                          if (1 == r)
                            ]] + 1;
                                                  5 struct P
                                                                                                                                                     31
                                                                                                                                                                    point < T > v2 = p - p2;
                                                                                                              return 1e9:
                       que[++tail] = v[i];
                                                                                                                                                                    if (v.dot(v1) <= 0)</pre>
                                                  6 {
                                                                                                          if (r - 1 == 1)
                   }
                                                         double x, y;
                                                                                                                                                                        return v1.abs2();
                                                        P() : x(0), y(0) \{ \}
                                                                                                              return dist(p[l], p[r]); // 兩點距離
                                                                                                                                                     34
                                                                                                                                                                    if(v.dot(v2) >= 0)
                                                                                                                                                                        return v2.abs2();
               ++head;
                                                        P(double x, double y) : x(x), y(y) {}
                                                                                                          int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                        P operator+(P b) { return P(x + b.x, y + 11)
                                                                                                          double d = min(closest pair(1, m),
52
                                                                                                                                                     36
           return vi[t] == tim;
```

closest pair(m + 1, r));

T tmp = v.cross(v1);

b.y); }

```
return tmp * tmp / v.abs2();
                                                                                                          return x == b.x && y == b.y;
                                                                  return 3:
                                                              if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 >=
                                                                                                                                                      char ahas(const point<T> &t) const
      T seg dis2(const line<T> &1) const
                                                                                                      T dot(const point &b) const
40
                                                                                                28
                                                                                                                                                26
                                                                                                                                                      { //點是否在簡單多邊形內,是的話回傳1、
      { //兩線段距離平方
                                                                  return 0;
                                                                                                29
41
                                                                                                                                                           在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
                                                                                                          return x * b.x + y * b.y;
42
          return min({dis2(1.p1, 1), dis2(1.p2 88
                                                              return -1; //無限交點
                                                                                                30
                                                                                                                                                          bool c = 0:
               , 1), l.dis2(p1, 1), l.dis2(p2,
                                                                                                31
                                                                                                                                                          for (int i = 0, j = p.size() - 1; i
                                                                                                                                                28
                                                          else if (c1 * c2 <= 0 && c3 * c4 <=
                                                                                               32
                                                                                                      T cross(const point &b) const
               1)});
                                                                                                                                                               < p.size(); j = i++)
                                                                                                33
43
                                                                                                                                                              if (line<T>(p[i], p[j]).
                                                                                                                                                29
                                                                                                          return x * b.y - y * b.x;
                                                                                                34
      point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)
44
                                                              return 1;
                                                                                                                                                                   point_on_segment(t))
                                                                                                35
           const
                                                92
                                                          return 0: //不相交
                                                                                                                                                                  return -1:
                                                                                                36
                                                                                                      point normal() const
      【 //點對百線的投影
                                                                                                                                                              else if ((p[i].y > t.y) != (p[j
                                                93
          point < T > n = (p2 - p1).normal();
                                                      point<T> line intersection(const line &l 37
                                                                                                      { //求法向量
                                                94
                                                                                                                                                                   1.y > t.y) &&
          return p - n * (p - p1).dot(n) / n.
                                                                                                          return point(-y, x);
                                                          ) const
47
                                                                                                                                                                       t.x < (p[j].x - p[i].x)
               abs2();
                                                      { /*直線交點*/
                                                                                                                                                                             * (t.y - p[i].y) /
                                                                                                      T abs2() const
                                                                                                                                                                             (p[j].y - p[i].y)
                                                          point < T > a = p2 - p1, b = 1.p2 - 1.
                                                                                                      { //向量長度的平方
      point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p) const
                                                                                                                                                                            + p[i].x)
                                                               p1, s = 1.p1 - p1;
                                                                                                41
                                                                                                42
                                                                                                          return dot(*this);
                                                                                                                                                                  c = !c;
                                                          //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
                                                                                                                                                33
          //點對直線的鏡射,要先呼叫pton轉成一
                                                                                                                                                          return c:
                                                          return p1 + a * (s.cross(b) / a.
                                                                                                43
                                                                                                                                                34
                                                                                                      T rad(const point &b) const
                                                                                                44
                                                                                                                                                35
               般式
                                                               cross(b));
                                                                                                                                                      char point_in_convex(const point<T> &x)
                                                                                                      { //兩向量的弧度
          point<T> R;
                                                99
                                                      point<T> seg intersection(const line &1)
                                                                                                          return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),
          Td = a * a + b * b;
                                               100
          R.x = (b * b * p.x - a * a * p.x - 2)
                                                                                                               dot(b))):
                                                                                                                                                37
                                                                                                                                                          int 1 = 1, r = (int)p.size() - 2;
                                                                                                                                                38
                * a * b * p.y - 2 * a * c) / d; 101
                                                      { //線段交點
                                                                                                47
                                                                                                                                                          while (1 <= r)
          R.y = (a * a * p.y - b * b * p.y - 2_{102})
                                                                                                48
                                                                                                      T getA() const
                                                                                                                                                39
                                                          int res = seg intersect(1);
                                                                                                                                                          { //點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1
                * a * b * p.x - 2 * b * c) / d; 103
                                                                                                                                                40
                                                          if (res <= 0)
                                                                                                                             //對x軸的弧度
                                                                                                49
                                                              assert(0);
                                                                                                                                                               、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
          return R:
                                                                                                50
                                                                                                          T A = atan2(y, x); //超過180度會變負
                                                          if (res == 2)
                                                                                                                                                              int mid = (1 + r) / 2:
                                               105
                                                                                                                                                              T a1 = (p[mid] - p[0]).cross(x -
      bool equal(const line &1) const
                                               106
                                                              return p1;
                                                                                                                                                42
                                                                                                51
                                                                                                          if (A <= -PI / 2)
                                                          if (res == 3)
      { // 直線相等
                                               107
                                                                                                                                                                    p[0]);
                                                                                                              A += PI * 2;
                                                                                                52
                                                              return p2;
                                               108
                                                                                                                                                43
                                                                                                                                                              T = (p[mid + 1] - p[0]).cross
          return ori(1.p1) == 0 && ori(1.p2)
                                                                                                53
                                                                                                          return A:
                                               109
                                                          return line intersection(1);
                                                                                                                                                                   (x - p[0]);
                                                                                                54
                                                                                                                                                              if (a1 >= 0 \&\& a2 <= 0)
                                               110
61
      bool parallel(const line &1) const
                                               111 };
62
                                                                                                                                                                  T res = (p[mid + 1] - p[mid]
63
          return (p1 - p2).cross(l.p1 - l.p2)
                                                                                                                                                                       ]).cross(x - p[mid]);
                                                                                                                                                                  return res > 0 ? 1 : (res >=
               == 0:
                                                                                                  4.5 Polygon
                                                   4.4 Point
                                                                                                                                                                       0 ? -1 : 0):
      bool cross_seg(const line &1) const
                                                                                                                                                              else if (a1 < 0)
                                                                                                1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                                                                                  r = mid - 1;
          return (p2 - p1).cross(l.p1 - p1) *
                                                 1 const double PI = atan2(0.0, -1.0);
                                                                                                2 struct polygon
                                                                                                                                                              else
               (p2 - p1).cross(1.p2 - p1) <= 0;
                                                2 template <typename T>
                                                                                                                                                                  l = mid + 1;
                //直線是否交線段
                                                 3 struct point
                                                                                                      polygon() {}
                                                                                                      vector<point<T>> p; //逆時針順序
                                                                                                                                                          return 0;
70
      int line intersect(const line &1) const
                                                      T x, y;
                                                                                                      T area() const
      { //直線相交情況·-1無限多點、1交於一
                                                      point() {}
                                                                                                                                                      vector<T> getA() const
                                                                                                      { //面積
                                                      point(const T &x, const T &y) : x(x), y(
           點、a不相交
                                                                                                                                                      {//凸包邊對x軸的夾角
                                                                                                          T ans = 0:
          return parallel(1) ? (ori(1.p1) == 0
                                                                                                          for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
                                                                                                                                                58
                                                                                                                                                          vector<T> res; //一定是遞增的
                                                       point operator+(const point &b) const
               ? -1 : 0) : 1;
                                                                                                               < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
                                                                                                                                                          for (size t i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i</pre>
                                                                                                              ans += p[i].cross(p[j]);
                                                          return point(x + b.x, y + b.y);
                                                                                                10
                                                10
74
      int seg intersect(const line &1) const
                                                                                                                                                              res.push back((p[(i + 1) \% p.
                                                                                                          return ans / 2;
                                                                                                11
                                                11
                                                                                                12
                                                                                                                                                                   size()] - p[i]).getA());
                                                      point operator-(const point &b) const
          T c1 = ori(1.p1), c2 = ori(1.p2);
                                                12
                                                                                                      point<T> center of mass() const
                                                                                                13
                                                                                                                                                          return res;
          T c3 = 1.ori(p1), c4 = 1.ori(p2);
                                                13
                                                                                                                                                61
                                                14
                                                          return point(x - b.x, y - b.y);
                                                                                                14
                                                                                                      { //重心
                                                                                                                                                62
          if (c1 == 0 && c2 == 0)
                                                                                                          T cx = 0, cy = 0, w = 0;
                                                                                                                                                      bool line intersect(const vector<T> &A,
                                                15
                                                                                                15
          { //共線
                                                                                                                                                           const line<T> &1) const
                                                      point operator*(const T &b) const
                                                                                                          for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
                                                16
                                                                                                16
              bool b1 = btw(1.p1) >= 0, b2 =
                                                                                                                                                      { //O(logN)
                                                                                                               < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
                                                17
                   btw(1.p2) >= 0:
                                                                                                                                                          int f1 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
                                                          return point(x * b, y * b);
                                                                                                17
              T = 3 = 1.btw(p1), a4 = 1.btw(p2)
                                                                                                                                                               end(), (1.p1 - 1.p2).getA()) - A
                                                                                                18
                                                                                                              T = p[i].cross(p[i]);
                                                                                                                                                               .begin();
                                               20
                                                      point operator/(const T &b) const
                                                                                                19
                                                                                                              cx += (p[i].x + p[j].x) * a;
              if (b1 && b2 && a3 == 0 && a4 >=
                                                                                                                                                          int f2 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
                                                                                                20
                                                                                                              cy += (p[i].y + p[j].y) * a;
                    0)
                                                                                                                                                               end(), (1.p2 - 1.p1).getA()) - A
                                                          return point(x / b, y / b);
                                                                                                21
                                                                                                              w += a:
                                                22
                  return 2:
                                                                                                                                                               .begin();
                                               23
                                                                                                22
              if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 ==
                                                                                                                                                          return 1.cross seg(line<T>(p[f1], p[
                                                      bool operator == (const point &b) const
                                                                                                          return point<T>(cx / 3 / w, cy / 3 / 67
                                                24
                                                                                                                                                               f2]));
```

```
114
polygon cut(const line<T> &1) const
                                          115
{ //凸包對直線切割,得到直線1左側的凸包
                                         116
                                          117
    polygon ans;
    for (int n = p.size(), i = n - 1, j
                                         118
        = 0; j < n; i = j++)
                                          119
                                          120
        if (l.ori(p[i]) >= 0)
                                          121
                                          122
            ans.p.push_back(p[i]);
            if (l.ori(p[j]) < 0)</pre>
                ans.p.push_back(1.
                                          123
                                         124
                     line intersection(
                     line<T>(p[i], p[j]))125
                                          126
                                          127
        else if (1.ori(p[j]) > 0)
                                          128
            ans.p.push back(1.
                                          129
                 line_intersection(line<T<sub>130</sub>
                 >(p[i], p[j])));
                                          131
                                          132
    return ans;
                                          133
                                          134
static bool graham_cmp(const point<T> &a 135
     , const point<T> &b)
{ //凸包排序函數 // 起始點不同
   // return (a.x < b.x) || (a.x == b.x 137
          && a.y < b.y); //最左下角開始 138
    return (a.y < b.y) || (a.y == b.y &&
                                          139
          a.x < b.x); //Y最小開始
                                          140
                                          141
void graham(vector<point<T>> &s)
                                          142
{ //凸包 Convexhull 2D
    sort(s.begin(), s.end(), graham_cmp)
                                          143
    p.resize(s.size() + 1);
                                          145
    int m = 0;
    // cross >= 0 順時針。cross <= 0 逆
         時針旋轉
    for (size t i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i</pre>
                                          147
                                          149
        while (m >= 2 && (p[m - 1] - p[m _{150}
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                          151
             2]) <= 0)
                                          152
            --m:
                                          153
        p[m++] = s[i];
                                          154
    for (int i = s.size() - 2, t = m +
                                          155
        1; i >= 0; --i)
                                          156
                                          157
        while (m >= t && (p[m - 1] - p[m
                                          158
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                          159
             2]) <= 0)
                                          160
            --m:
        p[m++] = s[i];
                                          161
                                          162
    if (s.size() > 1) // 重複頭一次需扣
                                          164
        --m;
    p.resize(m);
                                          165
                                          166
T diam()
{ //直徑
```

69

70

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```
int n = p.size(), t = 1;
                                           167
    T ans = 0;
                                           168
    p.push_back(p[0]);
                                           169
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                           170
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
                                          171
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i 172])
             ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))173
             t = (t + 1) \% n;
                                           174
        ans = max(ans, (p[i] - p[t]).
                                           175
             abs2());
                                           176
    return p.pop_back(), ans;
                                           177
T min cover rectangle()
                                           178
{ //最小覆蓋矩形
                                           179
    int n = p.size(), t = 1, r = 1, l;
                                           180
        return 0; //也可以做最小周長矩形
                                           181
    T ans = 1e99:
                                           182
    p.push back(p[0]);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                           183
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
                                          184
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i 185])
             ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))186
             t = (t + 1) \% n;
        while (now.dot(p[r + 1] - p[i])
                                          188
             > now.dot(p[r] - p[i]))
                                           189
             r = (r + 1) \% n;
        if (!i)
                                           190
            1 = r;
                                           191
        while (now.dot(p[l + 1] - p[i])
             <= now.dot(p[1] - p[i]))
                                           192
            1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
                                           193
        T d = now.abs2();
                                           194
        T tmp = now.cross(p[t] - p[i]) * 195
              (now.dot(p[r] - p[i]) - now_{196}
              .dot(p[1] - p[i])) / d;
                                           197
        ans = min(ans, tmp);
                                           198
                                           199
    return p.pop back(), ans;
                                           200
                                           201
T dis2(polygon &pl)
{ //凸包最近距離平方
    vector<point<T>> &P = p, &Q = pl.p;
                                           203
    int n = P.size(), m = Q.size(), l =
                                           204
         0, r = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
                                           205
                                           206
        if (P[i].y < P[1].y)
                                           207
            l = i;
                                           208
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
        if (Q[i].y < Q[r].y)
            r = i:
                                           209
    P.push back(P[0]), Q.push back(Q[0])
                                          210
                                           211
                                           212
    T ans = 1e99:
                                           213 };
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        while ((P[1] - P[1 + 1]).cross(Q
             [r + 1] - Q[r] < 0
            r = (r + 1) \% m;
        ans = min(ans, line<T>(P[1], P[1
              + 1]).seg_dis2(line<T>(Q[r
```

], Q[r + 1]));

```
1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
    return P.pop_back(), Q.pop_back(),
static char sign(const point<T> &t)
    return (t.y == 0 ? t.x : t.y) < 0;</pre>
static bool angle_cmp(const line<T> &A,
     const line<T> &B)
                                            11
    point < T > a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2
          B.p1:
    return sign(a) < sign(b) || (sign(a)</pre>
          == sign(b) && a.cross(b) > 0); _{15}
int halfplane_intersection(vector<line<T</pre>
     >> &s)
{ //半平面交
    sort(s.begin(), s.end(), angle cmp);
          //線段左側為該線段半平面
    int L, R, n = s.size();
                                            21
    vector<point<T>> px(n);
                                            22
    vector<line<T>> q(n);
    q[L = R = 0] = s[0];
                                            23
    for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                                            24
                                            25
        while (L < R && s[i].ori(px[R -
                                            26
             1]) <= 0)
            --R:
        while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[L])
             <= 0)
                                            28
            ++L;
        q[++R] = s[i];
        if (q[R].parallel(q[R - 1]))
                                            29
                                            30
                                            31
            if (q[R].ori(s[i].p1) > 0)
                q[R] = s[i];
                                            33
        if (L < R)
            px[R - 1] = q[R - 1].
                 line intersection(q[R]);
    while (L < R \&\& q[L].ori(px[R - 1])
         <= 0)
        --R;
    p.clear();
    if (R - L <= 1)
        return 0:
    px[R] = q[R].line_intersection(q[L])
    for (int i = L; i \leftarrow R; ++i)
        p.push_back(px[i]);
    return R - L + 1;
```

1.6 Triangle

```
1 template <typename T>
```

```
2 struct triangle
      point<T> a, b, c;
       triangle() {}
       triangle(const point<T> &a, const point<
           T> &b, const point\langle T \rangle &c) : a(a), b(
           b), c(c) {}
       T area() const
          T t = (b - a).cross(c - a) / 2;
          return t > 0 ? t : -t;
      point<T> barycenter() const
       { //重心
           return (a + b + c) / 3;
       point<T> circumcenter() const
       { //外心
           static line<T> u, v;
          u.p1 = (a + b) / 2;
          u.p2 = point < T > (u.p1.x - a.y + b.y,
                u.p1.y + a.x - b.x);
          v.p1 = (a + c) / 2;
          v.p2 = point<T>(v.p1.x - a.y + c.y,
               v.p1.y + a.x - c.x);
          return u.line intersection(v);
      point<T> incenter() const
       { //內心
          T A = sqrt((b - c).abs2()), B = sqrt
                ((a - c).abs2()), C = sqrt((a -
                b).abs2());
          return point<T>(A * a.x + B * b.x +
               C * c.x, A * a.y + B * b.y + C *
                c.y) / (A + B + C);
      point<T> perpencenter() const
       { //垂心
           return barycenter() * 3 -
                circumcenter() * 2;
34 };
```

5 Graph

5.1 Bellman-Ford

```
if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] 16
                                                                                                                    iter).first.second] == 0){
                                                                                                                                                                         ancestor[v] = u;
                                                                                                                   route.push back((*iter).first.
                             < dist[i]){
                                                  17
                                                                     p.push(edges[i].second);
                                                                                                    10
                           dist[j] = dist[i] +
                                                                     result[edges[i].second] =
                                                                                                                        second);
                                                                                                                                                      29
                                                                                                                   DFS((*iter).first.second);
                                edges[i][j];
                                                                          count;
                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                                                                      30
                           ancestor[j] = i;
                                                  19
                                                                                                    12
                                                                                                                                                      31
                                                                 else if (edges[i].second == q.
                                                                                                               else if((*iter).first.second ==
                                                                                                                                                      32 // weight[a - 1].push back(pii(b - 1, w));
                                                  20
                                                                                                    13
                                                                      front() && pass[edges[i].
                                                                                                                    start && (*iter).second == 0 && 33 // weight[b - 1].push back(pii(a - 1, w)):
                                                                      first] == 0
                                                                                                                    pass[(*iter).first.first] == 0){ 34 // dist.resize(n, inf);
17
          }
                                                                                                                   route.push back((*iter).first.
                                                                                                                                                     35 // ancestor.resize(n, -1);
18
                                                  21
                                                                                                    14
                                                                     p.push(edges[i].first);
                                                                                                                        first);
                                                                                                                                                      36 // dist[0] = 0;
19
                                                  22
20
                                                  23
                                                                     result[edges[i].first] =
                                                                                                                   DFS((*iter).first.first);
                                                                                                                                                      37 // dijkstra(0);
                                                                                                    15
       for(int i = 0: i < node: i++) //</pre>
                                                                          count:
                                                                                                    16
            negative cycle detection
                                                  24
                                                                                                    17
           for(int j = 0; j < node; j++)
                                                  25
                                                                 else
                                                                                                    18
23
               if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] < dist[</pre>
                                                 26
                                                                     newedges.push back(edges[i])
                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                      int main(){
                                                                                                                                                        5.5 Euler circuit
                    j])
                                                                                                    20
                                                                                                           int node;
                                                                                                           cin>>node:
                                                                                                    21
                   cout<<"Negative cycle!"<<</pre>
                                                             edges = newedges;
                                                                                                           pass.resize(node,0);
25
                                                  28
                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                                                      1 /*Euler circuit*/
                        endl;
                                                  29
                                                             newedges.clear();
                                                                                                    23
                                                                                                           int a,b;
                                                                                                                                                        /*From NTU kiseki*/
                                                                                                           while(cin>>a>>b){
                   return;
                                                  30
                                                             q.pop();
                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                                                                        /*G is graph, vis is visited, la is path*/
27
                                                  31
                                                             if (q.empty() == true)
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                               if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1)
                                                                                                                                                        bool vis[N];
                                                                                                                   break:
28
                                                  32
                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                        size t la[K];
29
   int main(){
                                                  33
                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                               edges.insert(pair<pair<int,int>,int
                                                                 a = p:
                                                                                                                                                        void dfs(int u, vector<int> &vec)
       int node:
                                                  34
                                                                 queue<int> tmp;
                                                                                                                    >(pair<int,int>(a,b),0));
30
31
       cin>>node:
                                                  35
                                                                 p = tmp;
                                                                                                    28
                                                                                                                                                             while (la[u] < G[u].size())</pre>
32
       edges.resize(node, vector<int>(node, inf))
                                                                 count++;
                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                           int start:
                                                 36
                                                                                                           cin>>start;
                                                                                                    30
                                                  37
                                                                                                                                                                if (vis[G[u][la[u]].second])
       dist.resize(node.inf):
                                                                                                   31
                                                                                                           route.push back(start):
33
                                                  38
                                                                                                                                                      11
       ancestor.resize(node,-1);
                                                  39 }
                                                                                                    32
                                                                                                           DFS(start);
34
                                                                                                                                                      12
                                                                                                                                                                     ++la[u];
35
       int a,b,d;
                                                  40 int main()
                                                                                                    33
                                                                                                           return 0;
                                                                                                                                                      13
                                                                                                                                                                     continue:
36
       while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                  41 {
                                                                                                                                                      14
           /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                         int node;
                                                 42
                                                                                                                                                      15
                                                                                                                                                                 int v = G[u][la[u]].first;
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                         cin >> node:
38
                                                  43
                                                                                                                                                                 vis[G[u][la[u]].second] = true;
                                                                                                                                                      16
               break;
                                                         vector<pair<int, int>> edges;
39
                                                  44
                                                                                                                                                      17
                                                                                                                                                                 ++la[u];
                                                                                                      5.4 Diikstra
           edges[a][b] = d;
                                                         int a, b;
40
                                                  45
                                                                                                                                                      18
                                                                                                                                                                dfs(v, vec);
                                                         while (cin >> a >> b)
41
                                                  46
                                                                                                                                                                vec.push back(v);
                                                                                                                                                      19
42
       int start;
                                                  47
                                                                                                                                                      20
43
       cin>>start;
                                                  48
                                                             /*a = b = -1 means input edges ended
                                                                                                    1 /*SPA - Dijkstra*/
                                                                                                                                                      21 }
44
       BellmanFord(start, node);
                                                                                                    2 const int MAXN = 1e5 + 3:
       return 0;
                                                             if (a == -1 && b == -1)
                                                                                                    3 const int inf = INT_MAX;
45
                                                  49
                                                                                                    4 typedef pair<int, int> pii;
                                                  50
                                                  51
                                                             edges.push back(pair<int, int>(a, b)
                                                                                                    5 vector<vector<pii>>> weight;
                                                                                                                                                        5.6 Floyd-warshall
                                                                                                     6 vector<int> isDone(MAXN, false), dist,
                                                                 );
                                                                                                           ancestor:
                                                  52
  5.2 BFS-queue
                                                         vector<int> result(node, -1);
                                                                                                      void dijkstra(int s)
                                                  53
                                                         BFS(result, edges, node, 0);
                                                                                                                                                      1 /*SPA - Floyd-Warshall*/
                                                                                                           priority queue<pii, vector<pii>, greater
                                                  55
                                                                                                                                                      2 // 有向圖,正邊
                                                                                                                                                                            O(V^3)
1 /*BFS - queue version*/
                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                                <pii>>> pq;
                                                                                                                                                      3 // 有向圖,無負環 O(V3)
  void BFS(vector<int> &result, vector<pair</pre>
                                                                                                           pq.push(pii(0, s));
                                                                                                                                                       4 / / 有向圖,有負環
                                                                                                                                                                           不適用
                                                                                                           ancestor[s] = -1;
       int, int>> edges, int node, int start)
                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                           while (!pq.empty())
                                                                                                    12
                                                                                                                                                      6 // 無向圖·正邊
                                                                                                                                                                            O(V3)
       vector<int> pass(node, 0);
                                                                                                    13
                                                     5.3 DFS-rec
                                                                                                                                                      7 // 無向圖,無負環 不適用
                                                                                                               int u = pq.top().second;
       queue<int> q;
                                                                                                    14
                                                                                                                                                      8 // 無向圖,有負環 不適用
       queue<int> p;
                                                                                                    15
                                                                                                               pq.pop();
       q.push(start);
                                                                                                    16
                                                                                                                                                      9 /*Find min weight cycle*/
                                                   1 /*DFS - Recursive version*/
                                                                                                    17
                                                                                                               isDone[u] = true;
                                                                                                                                                      10 #define inf 99999
       int count = 1;
       vector<pair<int, int>> newedges;
                                                  2 map<pair<int,int>,int> edges;
                                                                                                    18
                                                                                                                                                        void floyd warshall(vector<vector<int>> &
                                                                                                                                                             distance, vector<vector<int>> &ancestor,
       while (!q.empty())
                                                  3 vector<int> pass;
                                                                                                    19
                                                                                                               for (auto &pr : weight[u])
                                                   4 | vector<int> route;
                                                                                                    20
                                                                                                                                                              int n)
                                                                                                                   int v = pr.first, w = pr.second: 12 {
12
           pass[q.front()] = 1;
                                                   5 void DFS(int start){
                                                                                                    21
           for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i</pre>
                                                         pass[start] = 1;
                                                                                                                                                             for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
                                                         map<pair<int,int>,int>::iterator iter;
                                                                                                    23
                                                                                                                   if (!isDone[v] && dist[u] + w <</pre>
                                                                                                                                                     14
                                                         for(iter = edges.begin(); iter != edges.
                                                                                                                        dist[v])
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                                                                                                      15
               if (edges[i].first == q.front()
                                                              end(); iter++){
                                                                                                                                                      16
                    && pass[edges[i].second] ==
                                                             if((*iter).first.first == start &&
                                                                                                                       dist[v] = dist[u] + w;
                                                                                                                                                                     for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
                                                                                                                                                      17
```

pq.push(pii(dist[v], v));

(*iter).second == 0 && pass[(*

union set[i] = i;

if(from != to){

pq.pop();

edge += 1;

edges cur = pq.top();

int from = find(cur.from, union_set)

int to = find(cur.to, union_set);

if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)

cost += cur.weight:

cout << "No mst" << endl:

cout << cost << endl;</pre>

break:

tmp.from = a;

tmp.weight = d;

pq.push(tmp);

tmp.to = b:

kruskal(pq, n);

return 0;

edges tmp;

merge(from, to, union_set);

```
if (distance[i][k] +
                                                            while(cin>>n){
                         distance[k][i] <</pre>
                                                    27
                                                                int a,b;
                                                                                                         25
                                                                                                                 int edge = 0;
                                                                bool end = false;
                                                                                                                 int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
                         distance[i][j])
                                                    28
                                                                                                         26
                                                                                                                 while(!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1){</pre>
                                                    29
                                                                vector<vector<int>> gp(n+1,vector
                        distance[i][i] =
                                                                      int>(n+1,0));
                                                                                                         28
                              distance[i][k] +
                                                    30
                                                                while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                         29
                              distance[k][i]:
                                                    31
                                                                    if(a == 0 \&\& b == 0)
                        ancestor[i][j] =
                                                                         break:
                                                    32
                                                                                                         30
                              ancestor[k][j];
                                                    33
                                                                     gp[a][b] = 1;
                                                                                                         31
                                                    34
                                                                    gp[b][a] = 1;
                                                                                                         32
24
                                                    35
                                                                                                         33
25
                                                    36
                                                                vector<int> solution(n + 1, -1):
                                                                                                         34
                                                    37
                                                                vector<bool> pass(n + 1, false);
                                                                                                         35
26
27
                                                    38
                                                                solution[1] = 0:
                                                                                                         36
28
                                                    39
                                                                pass[1] = true;
                                                                                                         37
   vector<vector<int>> distance(n, vector<int>(
                                                                bool flag = false;
                                                                                                         38
                                                                                                                 if(edge < n-1)</pre>
                                                                hamilton(gp, 1,1 ,solution,pass,flag
                                                                                                         39
   vector<vector<int>> ancestor(n, vector<int>(
                                                                if(!flag)
        n, -1));
                                                    42
                                                                                                         41
  distance[a][b] = w;
                                                                    cout << "N" << endl;</pre>
                                                    43
                                                                                                         42
  ancestor[a][b] = w;
                                                                                                         43
                                                                                                            int main(){
                                                    44
  floyd warshall(distance, ancestor, n);
                                                    45
                                                            return 0:
                                                                                                         44
                                                                                                                 int n:
   /*Negative cvcle detection*/
                                                    46 }
                                                                                                         45
                                                                                                                 cin >> n:
35
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                    47 /*
                                                                                                         46
                                                                                                                 int a, b, d;
                                                    48 4
36
                                                                                                         47
                                                                                                                 priority queue<edges> pq;
37
       if (distance[i][i] < 0)</pre>
                                                    49 1 2
                                                                                                                 while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                    50 2 3
                                                                                                         49
38
39
           cout << "Negative cycle!" << endl;</pre>
                                                    51 2 4
                                                                                                         50
           break;
                                                    52 3 4
40
                                                                                                         51
                                                    53 3 1
41
                                                                                                         52
                                                    54 9 9
                                                                                                         53
                                                    55 output: 1 3 4 2 1
                                                                                                         54
                                                                                                         55
```

5.8 Kruskal

```
1 /*find hamilton cycle*/
void hamilton(vector<vector<int>> gp, int k,
         int cur, vector<int>& solution, vector<</pre>
        bool> pass,bool& flag){
       if(k == gp.size()-1){
           if(gp[cur][1] == 1){
                cout << 1 << " '
               while(cur != 1){
                    cout << cur << " ";
                    cur = solution[cur];
                cout << cur << endl;</pre>
               flag = true;
12
                return:
13
       for (int i = 0; i < gp[cur].size() && !</pre>
            flag; i++){
                                                   14 }
           if(gp[cur][i] == 1 && !pass[i]){
                pass[i] = true;
                solution[i] = cur;
                hamilton(gp, k + 1, i, solution, 17
                     pass,flag);
                pass[i] = false;
                                                   19
21
                                                   20 }
22
   int main(){
       int n;
```

5.7 Hamilton cycle

```
1 /*mst - Kruskal*/
2 struct edges{
                                                  5.9 Minimum Weight Cycle
      int from:
      int to;
      int weight:
                                                 1 // 最小環
      friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b
                                                 2 // 圖上無負環!!!!
          return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                 3 #define INF 99999
                                                 4 vector<vector<int>> w, d, p;
                                                 5 vector<int> cycle;
  int find(int x, vector<int>& union set){
                                                 6 \mid int c = 0;
      if(x != union_set[x])
                                                 void trace(int i, int j)
          union_set[x] = find(union_set[x],
               union set):
                                                       cycle[c++] = i;
      return union_set[x];
                                                       if (i != j)
                                                11
                                                          trace(p[i][j], j);
15 void merge(int a,int b,vector<int>&
                                                12 }
       union set){
                                                  void init(int n)
      int pa = find(a, union set);
      int pb = find(b, union_set);
                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
      if(pa != pb)
                                                           d[i][i] = 0;
                                                17 }
          union set[pa] = pb;
                                                18 void minimum_cycle(int n)
  void kruskal(priority queue<edges> pq,int n)
                                                20
                                                       int weight = 1e9;
      vector<int> union set(n, 0);
                                                       for (int k = 0; k < n; ++k)
                                                21
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

56

57

58

```
for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
               for (int j = 0; j < k; ++j)
24
                    if (i != j)
25
                        if (w[k][i] + d[i][j] +
                             w[j][k] < weight)
                            weight = w[k][i] + d
                                 [i][j] + w[j][k
                            c = 0;
29
30
                            trace(i, j);
                            cycle[c++] = k;
31
32
33
34
           for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
35
                for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
36
37
                    if (d[i][k] + d[k][j] < d[i</pre>
                         ][j])
39
                        d[i][j] = d[i][k] + d[k]
40
                             ][j];
                        p[i][j] = p[i][k];
41
42
               }
43
44
45
       if (weight == 1e9)
46
47
           cout << "No exist";</pre>
48
49
50
           bug(weight);
51
           bug(c);
52
           bugarr(cycle);
53
54
  void simple_minimum_cycle(int n) // No use
        vector p
56
       int weight = INF;
       for (int k = 0; k < n; ++k)
59
60
           for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
61
                for (int j = 0; j < k; ++j)
                    if (i != j)
                        weight = min(mp[k][i] +
                             d[i][j] + mp[j][k],
                             weight);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
                for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
67
                    d[i][j] = min(d[i][k] + d[k]
                         ][j], d[i][j]);
       if (weight == INF)
           cout << "Back to jail\n";</pre>
           cout << weight << endl;</pre>
74 w.resize(n, vector<int>(n, INF));
75 d.resize(n, vector<int>(n, INF));
  p.resize(n, vector<int>(n));
  cycle.resize(n);
78 //Edge input
```

79 | w[a][b] = w;

```
80 | d[a][b] = w;
                                                         else
81 | p[a][b] = b;
                                                  56
                                                             cout << cost << endl;
82 init(n);
                                                  57 }
83 minimum cycle(n);
                                                  58 int main()
                                                  59
                                                  60
                                                  61
                                                         cin >> n:
  5.10 Prim
                                                         int a, b, d;
                                                  62
                                                         vector<vector<int>> gp(n, vector<int>(n,
                                                         while (cin >> a >> b >> d)
1 /*mst - Prim*/
                                                  64
  #define inf 99999
                                                  65
  struct edges
                                                              if (a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                                                  66
                                                  67
       int from:
                                                  68
                                                              if (gp[a][b] > d)
       int to;
                                                  69
                                                                 gp[a][b] = d;
       int weight:
                                                  70
       friend bool operator<(edges a, edges b)</pre>
                                                         Prim(gp, n, 0);
                                                  71
                                                         return 0;
                                                   72
           return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                  73 }
10
11
12
   };
   void Prim(vector<vector<int>> gp, int n, int
14
       vector<bool> pass(n, false);
15
       int edge = 0;
16
       int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
17
       priority_queue<edges> pq;
18
19
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                     5.11 Union find
20
           if (gp[start][i] != inf)
21
22
23
               edges tmp;
               tmp.from = start;
24
               tmp.to = i:
25
                                                   1 // union find from 台大
               tmp.weight = gp[start][i];
26
                                                   vector<int> father;
27
               pq.push(tmp);
                                                   3 vector<int> people;
28
                                                   4 void init(int n)
29
       pass[start] = true;
30
                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       while (!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1)</pre>
32
                                                              father[i] = i;
           edges cur = pq.top();
33
                                                              people[i] = 1;
34
           pq.pop();
           if (!pass[cur.to])
                                                  11
                                                  12 int Find(int x)
36
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                  13 {
                                                         if (x != father[x])
                                                  14
                   if (gp[cur.to][i] != inf)
                                                             father[x] = Find(father[x]);
                                                  15
                                                  16
                                                         return father[x];
                       edges tmp;
                                                  17 }
                       tmp.from = cur.to;
                       tmp.to = i;
                                                  19 void Union(int x, int y)
                       tmp.weight = gp[cur.to][ _{20} {
                                                                                                     11 }
                            i];
                                                                                                     12
                                                         int m = Find(x);
                                                  21
                       pq.push(tmp);
                                                         int n = Find(y);
                                                  22
                                                         if (m != n)
                                                  23
                                                  24
               pass[cur.to] = true;
                                                  25
                                                              father[n] = m;
               edge += 1;
                                                              people[m] += people[n];
                                                  26
               cost += cur.weight;
                                                  27
52
       if (edge < n - 1)
```

cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>

```
Mathematics
```

6.1 Catalan

Catalan number

```
• 0~19項的catalan number
    0 1, 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, 1430, 4862, 16796, 58786,
       208012, 742900, 2674440, 9694845, 35357670, 129644790, 31
       477638700, 1767263190
  \circ 公式: C_n = rac{1}{n+1} {2n \choose n} = rac{(2n)!}{(n+1)!n!}
```

21

24

25

27

40

46

47

48

Combination

```
1 /*input type string or vector*/
2 for (int i = 0; i < (1 << input.size()); ++i</pre>
      string testCase = "";
      for (int j = 0; j < input.size(); ++j)</pre>
          if (i & (1 << j))</pre>
               testCase += input[j];
```

```
return 0;
\frac{22}{1} // ax + by = gcd(a,b) * r
23 /*find |x|+|y| -> min*/
  int main()
       long long r, p, q; /*px+qy = r*/
       int cases;
       cin >> cases;
       while (cases--)
           cin >> r >> p >> q;
           pair<long long, long long> xy =
                 extgcd(q, p); //(x0,y0)
           long long ans = 0, tmp = 0;
           double k, k1;
           long long s, s1;
           k = 1 - (double)(r * xy.first) / p;
           s = round(k);
           ans = llabs(r * xy.first + s * p) +
                 llabs(r * xy.second - s * q);
           k1 = -(double)(r * xy.first) / p;
           s1 = round(k1):
           /*cout << k << endl << k1 << endl;
                cout << s << endl << s1 << endl;</pre>
           tmp = llabs(r * xy.first + s1 * p) +
                  llabs(r * xy.second - s1 * q);
           ans = min(ans, tmp);
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
```

Extended Euclidean

```
1 // ax + by = gcd(a,b)
pair<long long, long long> extgcd(long long
       a, long long b)
      if (b == 0)
          return {1, 0};
      long long k = a / b;
      pair<long long, long long> p = extgcd(b,
            a - k * b);
      //cout << p.first << " " << p.second <<
      //cout << "商數(k)= " << k << endl <<
      return {p.second, p.first - k * p.second
13 int main()
      cin >> a >> b;
      pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(a
           , b); //(x0,y0)
      cout << xy.first << " " << xy.second <<
      cout << xy.first << " * " << a << " + "
           << xy.second << " * " << b << endl;
```

6.4 Fermat

• $a^{(p-1)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \iff a * a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1$ $\circ a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1/a$

• 同餘因數定理

```
\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff k|a-b|
```

• 同餘加法性質

```
\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} and c \equiv d \pmod{p}
    \langle = \rangle a + c \equiv b + d \pmod{p}
```

• 同餘相乘性質

```
\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} and c \equiv d \pmod{p}
    \langle = \rangle \ ac \equiv bd \ (mod \ p)
```

同餘次方件質

```
\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff a^n \equiv b^n \pmod{p}
```

• 同餘倍方件質

```
\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff am \equiv bm \pmod{p}
```

6.5 Hex to Dec

2

```
1 int HextoDec(string num) //16 to 10
      int base = 1;
      int temp = 0;
              temp += (num[i] - 48) * base;
```

```
for (int i = num.length() - 1; i >= 0; i
           if (num[i] >= '0' && num[i] <= '9')</pre>
                base = base * 16;
12
           else if (num[i] >= 'A' && num[i] <=</pre>
13
                temp += (num[i] - 55) * base;
14
                base = base * 16;
15
16
17
18
       return temp;
19
   void DecToHex(int p) //10 to 16
21
22
       char *1 = new (char);
       sprintf(1, "%X", p);
23
       //int l intResult = stoi(l);
24
       cout << 1 << "\n";</pre>
25
26
       //return l_intResult;
```

6.6 Log

```
1 | double mylog(double a, double base)
     //a 的對數底數 b = 自然對數 (a) / 自然對
          數 (b)。
     return log(a) / log(base);
```

6.7 Mod

```
int pow mod(int a, int n, int m) // a ^ n
       mod m;
                                    // a, n, m
       < 10 ^ 9
       if (n == 0)
           return 1;
       int x = pow mid(a, n / 2, m);
      long long ans = (long long)x * x % m;
       if (n % 2 == 1)
           ans = ans * a % m;
      return (int)ans;
10 }
int inv(int a, int n, int p) // n = p-2
13
      long long res = 1;
       for (; n; n >>= 1, (a *= a) %= p)
14
           if (n & 1)
16
              (res *= a) %= p;
17
      return res;
```

```
6.8 Mod 性質
```

```
加法: (a+b) \mod p = (a \mod p + b \mod p) \mod p
                                                                                 is notp.reset();
減法: (a-b) \mod p = (a \mod p - b \mod p + p) \mod p
乘法: (a*b) \mod p = (a \mod p \cdot b \mod p) \mod p
次方: (a^b) \mod p = ((a \mod p)^b) \mod p
加法結合律: ((a+b) \mod p + c) \mod p = (a+(b+c)) \mod p
乘法結合律: ((a \cdot b) \mod p \cdot c) \mod p = (a \cdot (b \cdot c)) \mod p
加法交換律: (a+b) \mod p = (b+a) \mod p
                                                                      14
                                                                      15
乘法交換律: (a \cdot b) \mod p = (b \cdot a) \mod p
結合律: ((a+b) \bmod p \cdot c) = ((a \cdot c) \bmod p + (b \cdot c) \bmod p) \bmod p
如果 a \equiv b \pmod{m} · 我們會說 a, b 在模 m 下同餘
                                                                      19
                                                                      20
以下為性質:
                                                                      21
  • 整除性: a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow c \cdot m = a - b, c \in \mathbb{Z}
           \Rightarrow a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow m \mid a - b
```

- 遞移性: 若 $a \equiv b \pmod{c}$, $b \equiv d \pmod{c}$ 則 $a \equiv d \pmod{c}$
- 保持基本運算:

```
\left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\equiv b (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ c &\equiv d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\pm c \equiv b \pm d (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ a \cdot c \equiv b \cdot d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right.
```

• 放大縮小模數

```
k \in \mathbb{Z}^+, a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Leftrightarrow k \cdot a \equiv k \cdot b \pmod{k \cdot m}
模逆元是取模下的反元素 · 即為找到 a^{-1} 使得 aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \mod c
```

整數 $a \in \text{mod } c$ 下要有模反元素的充分必要條件為 a, c 互質

模逆元如果存在會有無限個,任意兩相鄰模逆元相差 c

費馬小定理

給定一個質數 p 及一個整數 a · 那麼 : $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$ 如果 $\gcd(a,p) = 1$ $a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$

歐拉定理

歐拉定理是比較 general 版本的費馬小定理。給定兩個整數 n 和 a ,如果 $\gcd(a,n)$ = $a^{\Phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ 如果 n 是質數 $\Phi(n) = n-1$ 也就是費馬小定理。

Wilson's theorem

給定一個質數 $p \cdot \mathbb{H} : (p-1)! \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$

PI6.9

```
1 | #define PI acos(-1)
2 #define PI M PI
```

6.10 Prime table

```
1 const int maxn = sqrt(INT_MAX);
vector<int>p;
```

```
3 | bitset<maxn> is notp;
  void PrimeTable()
      is notp[0] = is notp[1] = 1;
      for (int i = 2; i <= maxn; ++i)
          if (!is_notp[i])
              p.push back(i);
          for (int j = 0; j < (int)p.size();</pre>
              if (i * p[j] > maxn)
                  break:
              is_notp[i * p[j]] = 1;
              if (i % p[j] == 0)
                  break:
```

6.11 Prime 判斷

```
1 typedef long long 11;
  ll modmul(ll a, ll b, ll mod)
       11 \text{ ret} = 0;
       for (; b; b >>= 1, a = (a + a) % mod)
           if (b & 1)
               ret = (ret + a) % mod:
       return ret;
  11 qpow(11 x, 11 u, 11 mod)
11
       ll ret = 111;
       for (; u; u \Rightarrow = 1, x = modmul(x, x, mod)
           if (u & 1)
14
               ret = modmul(ret, x, mod);
15
       return ret;
  ll gcd(ll a, ll b)
19
20
       return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;
21
  11 Pollard_Rho(11 n, 11 c)
23
       11 i = 1, j = 2, x = rand() % (n - 1) +
       while (1)
25
       {
27
           x = (modmul(x, x, n) + c) % n;
28
           11 p = gcd((y - x + n) \% n, n);
           if (p != 1 && p != n)
               return p;
           if (y == x)
               return n;
           if (i == j)
           {
               y = x;
37
               i <<= 1;
```

33

34

39

```
40
   bool Miller Rabin(ll n)
41
42
       ll x, pre, u = n - 1;
43
44
       int i, j, k = 0;
       if (n == 2 || n == 3 || n == 5 || n == 7
       if (n == 1 || !(n % 2) || !(n % 3) || !(
           n % 5) || !(n % 7) || !(n % 11))
           return 0:
       while (!(u & 1))
49
50
51
           k++;
52
           u >>= 1;
53
54
       srand((long long)12234336);
       for (i = 1; i <= 50; i++)
56
           x = rand() % (n - 2) + 2;
           if (!(n % x))
               return 0:
           x = qpow(x, u, n);
           pre = x;
           for (j = 1; j <= k; j++)</pre>
               x = modmul(x, x, n);
               if (x == 1 && pre != 1 && pre !=
                     n - 1)
                   return 0;
               pre = x;
           if (x != 1)
               return 0;
71
72
       return 1;
73
   // if (Miller Rabin(n)) puts("Prime");
  6.12 Round(小數)
1 double myround(double number, unsigned int
       bits)
       LL integerPart = number;
```

```
number -= integerPart;
       for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)</pre>
           number *= 10;
       number = (LL)(number + 0.5);
       for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)</pre>
           number /= 10;
       return integerPart + number;
12 //printf("%.1f\n", round(3.4515239, 1));
```

6.13 一分逼折法

1 #define eps 1e-14 void half interval()

```
double L = 0, R = /* \blacksquare " */, M;
       while (R - L >= eps)
           M = (R + L) / 2;
           if (/*函數*/ > /*方程式目標*/)
           else
       printf("%.31f\n", R);
14 }
```

6.14 公式

12

13

14

15

16

 24

27

28

29

30

```
S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} a_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
\sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{3} = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^{2}
```

四則運算 6.15

1 | string s = ""; //開頭是負號要補0

```
2 long long int DFS(int le, int ri) // (0,
      string final index)
      int c = 0;
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
          if (s[i] == ')')
             C++;
          if (s[i] == '(')
          if (s[i] == '+' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) + DFS(i +
          if (s[i] == '-' \&\& c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) - DFS(i +
                  1, ri):
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
          if (s[i] == ')')
              C++;
          if (s[i] == '(')
          if (s[i] == '*' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) * DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '/' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) / DFS(i +
                   1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '%' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) % DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
      if ((s[le] == '(') && (s[ri] == ')'))
          return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除刮
```

```
if (s[le] == ' ' && s[ri] == ' ')
   return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除左
if (s[le] == ' ')
   return DFS(le + 1, ri); //去除左邊空
if (s[ri] == ' ')
   return DFS(le, ri - 1); //去除右邊空
long long int num = 0;
for (int i = le; i <= ri; i++)
   num = num * 10 + s[i] - '0';
```

6.16 因數表

```
1 const int limit = 10000000;
2 vector<vector<int>> arr(limit);
3 for (int i = 1; i <= limit; i++)</pre>
      for (int j = i; j <= limit; j += i)</pre>
          arr[j].pb(i); // i 為因數
```

數字乘法組合

```
1 void dfs(int j, int old, int num, vector<int</pre>
        > com, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       for (int i = j; i <= sqrt(num); i++)</pre>
           if (old == num)
                com.clear();
           if (num % i == 0)
               vector<int> a;
                a = com;
                a.push_back(i);
               finds(i, old, num / i, a, ans);
                a.push back(num / i);
                ans.push_back(a);
17
18 vector<vector<int>> ans;
19 vector<int> zero;
20 dfs(2, num, num, zero, ans);
21 /*/num 為 input 數字*/
22 for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)
23
       for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
           cout << ans[i][j] << " ";</pre>
       cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
```

6.18 數字加法組合

```
1 void recur(int i, int n, int m, vector(int)
        &out, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
      if (n == 0)
           for (int i : out)
               if (i > m)
                   return;
           ans.push_back(out);
      for (int j = i; j <= n; j++)
           out.push back(j);
           recur(j, n - j, m, out, ans);
           out.pop_back();
  vector<vector<int>> ans;
  vector<int> zero;
  recur(1, num, num, zero, ans);
  // num 為 input 數字
  for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
22
23
      for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
           cout << ans[i][j] << " ";
25
       cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
```

6.19 羅馬數字

```
1 int romanToInt(string s)
      unordered map<char, int> T;
      T['I'] = 1;
       T['V'] = 5;
      T['X'] = 10;
       T['L'] = 50;
      T['C'] = 100;
      T['D'] = 500:
      T['M'] = 1000;
       int sum = T[s.back()];
       for (int i = s.length() - 2; i >= 0; --i
           if (T[s[i]] < T[s[i + 1]])
               sum -= T[s[i]];
           else
               sum += T[s[i]];
18
19
20
       return sum;
21
```

質因數分解 6.20

```
2 void find(LL n, LL c) // 配合質數判斷
3
      if (n == 1)
          return:
      if (Miller_Rabin(n))
          ans = min(ans, n);
          // bug(ans); //質因數
          return;
12
      LL x = n, k = c;
      while (x == n)
          x = Pollard Rho(x, c--);
14
      find(n / x, k);
15
      find(x, k);
16
```

40 }

42

43

44

45

46

47 }

49 {

50

51

52

53

54

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

74

75

76

80

81

83

73 LL getpi(LL x)

if(x < N)

return ans;

if(x < N)

82 LL lehmer_pi(LL x)

55 LL

41 int sqrt2(LL x)

48 int sqrt3(LL x)

LL r = (LL) sqrt(x - 0.1);

LL r = (LL)cbrt(x - 0.1):

]) * phi[sz[s]][s];

if (x <= prime[s] * prime[s] * prime[s]</pre>

LL ans = pi[x] - (s2x + s - 2) * (

for (int i = s + 1; $i \le s2x$; ++i)

ans += pi[x / prime[i]];

if (x <= prime[s] * prime[s])</pre>

return pi[x] - s + 1;

int s2x = pi[sqrt2(x)];

s2x - s + 1) / 2;

return getphi(x, s - 1) - getphi(x /

LL ans = getphi(x, pi[sqrt3(x)]) + pi[

for (int i = pi[sqrt3(x)] + 1, ed = pi[

ans -= getpi(x / prime[i]) - i + 1;

sqrt2(x)]; i <= ed; ++i)

int b = (int)lehmer pi(sqrt2(x));

int c = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt3(x));

for (int i = a + 1; i <= b; i++)

* (b - a + 1) / 2;

LL w = x / prime[i];

sum -= lehmer pi(w);

continue:

LL sum = getphi(x, a) + (LL)(b + a - 2)

LL lim = lehmer_pi(sqrt2(w));

for (int j = i; j <= lim; j++)</pre>

while (r * r * r <= x)

while (r * r <= x)

return int(r - 1);

return int(r - 1);

getphi(LL x, int s)

return x:

&& x < N)

return ans;

return pi[x];

return pi[x];

if(i>c)

sqrt3(x)] - 1;

prime[s], s - 1);

++r;

if (s == 0)

if (s <= M)

6.21 質數數量

```
1 // 10 ^ 11 左右
2 #define LL long long
3 const int N = 5e6 + 2;
4 bool np[N];
  int prime[N], pi[N];
6 int getprime()
       int cnt = 0:
       np[0] = np[1] = true;
       pi[0] = pi[1] = 0;
       for (int i = 2; i < N; ++i)
12
           if (!np[i])
13
               prime[++cnt] = i;
14
           pi[i] = cnt;
           for (int j = 1; j <= cnt && i *</pre>
                prime[j] < N; ++j)</pre>
               np[i * prime[j]] = true;
               if (i % prime[j] == 0)
                   break;
20
       return cnt;
  const int M = 7;
   const int PM = 2 * 3 * 5 * 7 * 11 * 13 * 17:
   int phi[PM + 1][M + 1], sz[M + 1];
   void init()
29
       getprime();
       sz[0] = 1;
       for (int i = 0; i <= PM; ++i)
           phi[i][0] = i;
       for (int i = 1; i <= M; ++i)
           sz[i] = prime[i] * sz[i - 1];
           for (int j = 1; j <= PM; ++j)
               phi[j][i] = phi[j][i - 1] - phi[
                                                 96
                    j / prime[i]][i - 1];
```

```
sum -= lehmer pi(w / prime[j]) -
                      (i - 1);
99
100
        return sum;
101 }
102 // lehmer pi(n)
```

Other

7.1 binary search 三類變化

1 / / 查找和目標值完全相等的數

```
int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                                while (left < right)</pre>
   return phi[x % sz[s]][s] + (x / sz[s
                                                     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
                                                    if (nums[mid] == target)
                                                         return mid;
                                                     else if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
                                                        left = mid + 1;
                                          11
                                                     else
                                          12
                                                        right = mid;
                                          13
                                          14
                                                return -1:
                                          15
                                          16 }
                                          17 // 找第一個不小於目標值的數 == 找最後一個小
                                                 於目標值的數
                                          18 /*(lower bound)*/
                                          int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                          22
                                                while (left < right)</pre>
                                                     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
                                                     if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
                                          25
                                                        left = mid + 1:
                                          27
                                                        right = mid;
                                          30
                                                return right;
                                          31 }
                                          32 // 找第一個大於目標值的數 == 找最後一個不大
                                                 於目標值的數
                                            /*(upper bound)*/
                                          34 int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
int a = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt2(sqrt2(x)));
                                                int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                          36
                                                while (left < right)</pre>
                                          37
                                         38
                                                     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2; 12 /*died at kth*/
                                          39
                                          40
                                                     if (nums[mid] <= target)</pre>
                                                        left = mid + 1;
                                          41
                                          42
                                          43
                                                        right = mid;
                                          44
                                          45
                                                return right;
```

7.2 Heap sort

```
1 | void MaxHeapify(vector<int> &array, int root
       , int length)
       int left = 2 * root,
          right = 2 * root + 1,
           largest;
       if (left <= length && array[left] >
           array[root])
           largest = left;
           largest = root;
       if (right <= length && array[right] >
           array[largest])
           largest = right;
       if (largest != root)
12
13
           swap(array[largest], array[root]);
14
          MaxHeapify(array, largest, length);
15
16
  void HeapSort(vector<int> &array)
       array.insert(array.begin(), 0);
       for (int i = (int)array.size() / 2; i >=
            1: i--)
           MaxHeapify(array, i, (int)array.size
                () - 1);
       int size = (int)array.size() - 1;
       for (int i = (int)array.size() - 1; i >=
             2; i--)
26
           swap(array[1], array[i]);
27
           MaxHeapify(array, 1, size);
28
29
       array.erase(array.begin());
30
```

7.3 Josephus

```
1 /*n people kill k for each turn*/
int josephus(int n, int k)
     int s = 0;
      for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)
         s = (s + k) \% i;
      /*index start from 1 -> s+1*/
     return s + 1;
 int kth(int n, int m, int k)
     if (m == 1)
         return n - 1;
      for (k = k * m + m - 1; k >= n; k = k -
          n + (k - n) / (m - 1)
     return k;
```

```
20 }
                                                                                                    int getSquareIndex(int row, int column, int
                                                                                                                                                                isRow[i][number] = true;
                                                  13
                                                        i++;
                                                                                                                                                                isColumn[i][number] = true;
                                                 14
                                                        swap(arr[i], arr[end]);
                                                                                                                                                                isSquare[getSquareIndex(i, j, n)][
                                                                                                          return row / n * n + column / n;
                                                  15
                                                        return i;
                                                                                                                                                                     number] = true;
  7.4 Merge sort
                                                 16 }
                                                  void QuickSort(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                                                                        if (backtracking(board, isRow, isColumn,
                                                                                                      bool backtracking(vector<vector<int>> &board 56
                                                                                                           , vector<vector<bool>> &rows, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                             isSquare, 0, n))
1 long long merge(vector<int> &arr, int left,
                                                        // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1
                                                                                                           vector<bool>> &cols,
                                                                                                                                                            /*有解答*/
       int mid, int right)
                                                                                                                        vector<vector<bool>> &boxs 58 else
                                                        if (front < end)</pre>
                                                 20
                                                                                                                             , int index, int n)
                                                 21
                                                                                                                                                            /*解答*/
       int *tmp = new int[right - left + 1];
                                                             int pivot = Partition(arr, front,
       long long sum = 0;
                                                                                                          int n2 = n * n;
      int l = left, r = mid + 1, m = 0;
                                                             OuickSort(arr, front, pivot - 1);
                                                                                                          int rowNum = index / n2, colNum = index
      while (1 <= mid && r <= right)</pre>
                                                 24
                                                             QuickSort(arr, pivot + 1, end);
                                                 25
                                                                                                          if (index >= n2 * n2)
                                                                                                   11
           if (arr[1] <= arr[r])</pre>
                                                                                                                                                             String
                                                                                                              return true:
                                                                                                   12
               tmp[m++] = arr[1++];
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                          if (board[rowNum][colNum] != 0)
                                                                                                   14
                                                                                                              return backtracking(board, rows,
                                                                                                                                                        8.1 KMP
               tmp[m++] = arr[r++];
                                                                                                                   cols, boxs, index + 1, n);
               sum += mid - 1 + 1:
                                                    7.6 Weighted Job Scheduling
                                                                                                          for (int i = 1: i <= n2: i++)
                                                                                                                                                      1 // 用在在一個 S 內查找一個詞 W 的出現位置
                                                                                                   18
       while (1 <= mid)
                                                                                                                                                      void ComputePrefix(string s, int next[])
                                                  1 struct Job
                                                                                                              if (!rows[rowNum][i] && !cols[colNum
           tmp[m++] = arr[1++];
                                                                                                                   ][i] && !boxs[getSquareIndex(
       while (r <= right)</pre>
                                                        int start, finish, profit;
                                                                                                                                                            int n = s.length();
                                                                                                                   rowNum, colNum, n)][i])
           tmp[m++] = arr[r++]:
                                                                                                                                                            int q, k;
       for (int i = left; i <= right; ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                            next[0] = 0;
                                                  5 bool jobComparataor(Job s1, Job s2)
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                                  rows[rowNum][i] = true;
           arr[i] = tmp[i - left];
                                                                                                                                                            for (k = 0, q = 1; q < n; q++)
                                                                                                                  cols[colNum][i] = true;
                                                                                                   22
       delete[] tmp:
                                                        return (s1.finish < s2.finish);</pre>
                                                                                                                  boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
23
       return sum;
                                                                                                                                                                while (k > 0 \&\& s[k] != s[q])
                                                                                                                       colNum, n)][i] = true;
                                                                                                                                                                    k = next[k];
                                                  9 int latestNonConflict(Job arr[], int i)
                                                                                                                  board[rowNum][colNum] = i;
                                                                                                   24
   long long mergesort(vector<int> &arr, int
                                                                                                                                                                if(s[k] == s[q])
                                                                                                                  if (backtracking(board, rows,
                                                                                                   25
       left, int right)
                                                         for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)
                                                                                                                                                                    k++;
                                                  11
                                                                                                                       cols, boxs, index + 1, n))
26
                                                                                                                                                                next[q] = k;
                                                  12
                                                                                                                       return true;
      long long sum = 0;
27
                                                             if (arr[j].finish <= arr[i].start)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                     14
                                                  13
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                  board[rowNum][colNum] = 0;
       // left = 0, right = P.size() - 1
                                                                                                                                                     15
                                                  14
                                                                return j;
                                                                                                                  rows[rowNum][i] = false;
                                                                                                   28
      if (left < right)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                        void KMPMatcher(string text, string pattern)
                                                  15
                                                                                                   29
                                                                                                                  cols[colNum][i] = false;
30
                                                                                                                                                     17
                                                  16
                                                        return -1;
                                                                                                   30
                                                                                                                  boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
           int mid = (left + right) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                            int n = text.length();
                                                  17 }
                                                                                                                       colNum, n)][i] = false;
                                                                                                                                                     18
           sum = mergesort(arr, left, mid);
                                                                                                                                                            int m = pattern.length();
                                                  int findMaxProfit(Job arr[], int n)
                                                                                                   31
           sum += mergesort(arr, mid + 1, right
                                                                                                                                                            int next[pattern.length()];
                                                                                                                                                            ComputePrefix(pattern, next);
                                                        sort(arr, arr + n, jobComparataor);
                                                                                                          return false:
           sum += merge(arr, left, mid, right);
                                                        int *table = new int[n];
                                                                                                   34 }
35
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = 0, q = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                        table[0] = arr[0].profit;
                                                 22
                                                                                                   35 /* 用法 main*/
       return sum; // 回傳為 swap 次數
                                                         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                 23
                                                                                                   36 int n = sqrt(數獨邊長大小) /*e.g. 9*9 n=3*/
                                                                                                                                                                while (q > 0 && pattern[q] != text[i
                                                 24
                                                                                                   37 vector<vector<int>> board(n * n + 1, vector
                                                 25
                                                             int inclProf = arr[i].profit;
                                                                                                           int>(n * n + 1, 0));
                                                 26
                                                             int 1 = latestNonConflict(arr, i);
                                                                                                                                                                    q = next[q];
                                                                                                      vector<vector<bool>> isRow(n * n + 1, vector
                                                 27
                                                             if (1 != -1)
                                                                                                                                                                if (pattern[q] == text[i])
                                                                                                           \langle bool \rangle (n * n + 1, false));
  7.5 Quick sort
                                                                 inclProf += table[1];
                                                 28
                                                                                                      vector<vector<bool>> isColumn(n * n + 1,
                                                                                                                                                                if (q == m)
                                                             table[i] = max(inclProf, table[i -
                                                                                                                                                     29
                                                                                                           vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
                                                                                                                                                     30
                                                                 1]);
                                                                                                      vector<vector<bool>> isSquare(n * n + 1,
                                                                                                                                                                    cout << "Pattern occurs with
                                                                                                                                                     31
1 int Partition(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                 30
                                                                                                           vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
                                                                                                                                                                         shift " << i - m + 1 << endl
                                                        int result = table[n - 1]:
       int end)
                                                 31
                                                 32
                                                        delete[] table:
                                                                                                   42 for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i)
                                                 33
                                                                                                                                                                    q = 0;
       int pivot = arr[end];
                                                                                                                                                     33
                                                 34
                                                        return result:
       int i = front - 1;
                                                                                                   44
                                                                                                          for (int j = 0; j < n * n; ++j)
                                                                                                                                                     34
       for (int j = front; j < end; j++)</pre>
                                                                                                   45
                                                                                                              int number:
                                                                                                   46
                                                                                                                                                        // string s = "abcdabcdebcd";
           if (arr[j] < pivot)</pre>
                                                                                                   47
                                                                                                              cin >> number;
                                                                                                                                                     37 // string p = "bcd";
                                                                                                              board[i][j] = number;
                                                                                                   48
                                                                                                                                                     38 // KMPMatcher(s, p);
                                                                                                              if (number == 0)
                                                                                                                                                     39 // cout << endl;
```

continue;

swap(arr[i], arr[j]);

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

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56

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101

Min Edit Distance

```
int EditDistance(string a, string b)
2
       vector<vector<int>> dp(a.size() + 1,
           vector<int>(b.size() + 1, 0));
       int m = a.length(), n = b.length();
       for (int i = 0; i < m + 1; i++)
           for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++)
               if (i == 0)
                   dp[i][j] = j;
               else if (j == 0)
                   dp[i][j] = i;
               else if (a[i - 1] == b[j - 1])
                   dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1];
               else
                   dp[i][j] = 1 + min(min(dp[i
                        - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]),
                       dp[i - 1][j - 1]);
18
19
       return dp[m][n];
```

Sliding window

```
1 string minWindow(string s, string t)
2
       unordered_map<char, int> letterCnt;
       for (int i = 0; i < t.length(); i++)</pre>
           letterCnt[t[i]]++;
       int minLength = INT_MAX, minStart = -1;
       int left = 0, matchCnt = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)</pre>
           if (--letterCnt[s[i]] >= 0)
10
                matchCnt++:
11
12
           while (matchCnt == t.length())
13
                if (i - left + 1 < minLength)</pre>
14
15
                    minLength = i - left + 1;
16
                    minStart = left;
17
18
                if (++letterCnt[s[left]] > 0)
19
                    matchCnt--;
20
21
                left++;
22
23
24
       return minLength == INT MAX ? "" : s.
            substr(minStart, minLength);
```

8.4 Split

```
1 vector<string> mysplit(string s, string d)
```

```
int ps = 0, pe, dl = d.length();
       string token;
       vector<string> res;
       while ((pe = s.find(d, ps)) != string::
           token = s.substr(ps, pe - ps);
           ps = pe + d1;
           res.push back(token);
      res.push back(s.substr(ps));
       return res:
14 }
```

data structure

9.1 Bigint

10

11

12

13

10

11

 12

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37

```
1 / / 台大 / / 非必要請用pvthon
2 struct Bigint
      static const int LEN = 60:
      static const int BIGMOD = 10000; //10為
           正常位數
      int s;
      int vl. v[LEN]:
      // vector<int> v;
      Bigint() : s(1) \{ vl = 0; \}
      Bigint(long long a)
          s = 1;
          v1 = 0;
          if (a < 0)
              s = -1;
              a = -a;
          while (a)
              push back(a % BIGMOD);
              a /= BIGMOD;
      Bigint(string str)
          s = 1:
          v1 = 0;
          int stPos = 0, num = 0;
          if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-')
              stPos = 1:
              s = -1;
          for (int i = str.length() - 1, q =
              1; i >= stPos; i--)
              num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
              if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD)
```

```
push back(num);
                                              102
             num = 0;
             q = 1;
                                              103
                                              104
                                              105
    if (num)
                                              106
         push back(num);
                                             107
    n();
                                             108
                                              109
int len() const
                                             110
                                             111
    return v1: //return SZ(v):
                                             112
                                              113
bool empty() const { return len() == 0;
                                             114
                                              115
void push_back(int x)
                                             116
                                             117
    v[v]++] = x; //v.PB(x);
                                             118
                                             119
void pop back()
                                             120
                                             121
    vl--; //v.pop back();
                                             122
                                             123
int back() const
                                             124
                                              125
    return v[vl - 1]; //return v.back(); 126
                                              127
void n()
                                              128
                                              129
    while (!empty() && !back())
                                              130
        pop back();
                                              131
                                              132
void resize(int nl)
                                              133
                                              134
                          //v.resize(nl);
    vl = nl:
                                             135
    fill(v, v + vl, 0); //fill(ALL(v),
                                             136
                                              137
                                              138
void print() const
                                              139
                                              140
    if (empty())
                                              141
                                              142
         putchar('0');
                                              143
         return;
                                              144
                                              145
    if (s == -1)
                                              146
         putchar('-');
                                              147
    printf("%d", back());
                                              148
    for (int i = len() - 2; i >= 0; i--) 149
         printf("%.4d", v[i]);
                                              150
                                              151
friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::</pre>
                                              152
     ostream &out, const Bigint &a)
                                              153
                                              154
    if (a.empty())
                                              155
                                              156
         out << "0";
                                              157
         return out:
                                              158
                                              159
    if (a.s == -1)
                                              160
         out << "-";
                                              161
    out << a.back();</pre>
                                              162
    for (int i = a.len() - 2; i >= 0; i
         --)
                                              164
                                              165
         char str[10];
                                              166
```

```
snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i])
        out << str;
    return out;
int cp3(const Bigint &b) const
    if (s != b.s)
        return s - b.s;
    if (s == -1)
        return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
    if (len() != b.len())
        return len() - b.len(); //int
    for (int i = len() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        if (v[i] != b.v[i])
            return v[i] - b.v[i];
    return 0;
bool operator<(const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) < 0;
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) <= 0;
bool operator == (const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) == 0;
bool operator!=(const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) != 0;
bool operator>(const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) > 0;
bool operator>=(const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) >= 0;
Bigint operator-() const
    Bigint r = (*this);
    r.s = -r.s;
    return r;
Bigint operator+(const Bigint &b) const
    if (s == -1)
        return -(-(*this) + (-b));
    if (b.s == -1)
        return (*this) - (-b);
    Bigint r;
    int nl = max(len(), b.len());
    r.resize(nl + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < nl; i++)
        if (i < len())</pre>
            r.v[i] += v[i];
        if (i < b.len())</pre>
            r.v[i] += b.v[i];
        if (r.v[i] >= BIGMOD)
```

```
9.3 Matirx
                    r.v[i + 1] += r.v[i] /
                                                                    while (d < u)
                                                   228
                                                                                                                                                                        vector<T> lazy(r, 1);
                         BIGMOD;
                                                   229
                                                                                                                                                            59
                    r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                   230
                                                                        int m = (d + u + 1) >> 1;
                                                                                                                                                                        bool sign = false;
168
                                                                                                                                                            60
                                                                                                         1 template <typename T>
169
                                                   231
                                                                        r.v[i] = m;
                                                                                                                                                            61
                                                                                                                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                                                                         2 struct Matrix
                                                                        if ((r * b2) > (*this))
                                                                                                                                                            62
170
                                                   232
            r.n();
171
                                                   233
                                                                             u = m - 1:
                                                                                                                                                            63
                                                                                                                                                                            if (m[i][i] == 0)
                                                                                                                using rt = std::vector<T>;
172
            return r:
                                                   234
                                                                        else
                                                                                                                                                            64
                                                                                                                using mt = std::vector<rt>;
                                                                                                                                                                                int j = i + 1;
173
                                                   235
                                                                             d = m;
                                                                                                                                                            65
                                                                                                                using matrix = Matrix<T>;
174
        Bigint operator-(const Bigint &b) const
                                                   236
                                                                                                                                                            66
                                                                                                                                                                                while (j < r && !m[j][i])</pre>
                                                                                                                int r, c; // [r][c]
                                                                    r.v[i] = d;
175
                                                   237
                                                                                                                                                            67
                                                                                                                                                                                     j++;
176
            if (s == -1)
                                                   238
                                                                                                                                                            68
                                                                                                                                                                                if (j == r)
                                                                                                                Matrix(int r, int c) : r(r), c(c), m(r,
                return -(-(*this) - (-b));
                                                                s = oriS:
                                                                                                                                                                                     continue:
177
                                                   239
                                                                                                                     rt(c)) {}
            if (b.s == -1)
                                                                r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                                                                                                                                m[i].swap(m[j]);
178
                                                   240
                                                                                                                                                            70
                                                                                                                Matrix(mt a) \{ m = a, r = a.size(), c = a.size() \}
179
                return (*this) + (-b);
                                                   241
                                                                r.n():
                                                                                                                                                                                sign = !sign:
                                                                                                                     a[0].size(); }
180
            if ((*this) < b)
                                                   242
                                                                return r:
                                                                                                                                                            72
                                                                                                                rt &operator[](int i) { return m[i]; }
                                                                                                        11
181
                return -(b - (*this));
                                                   243
                                                                                                                                                            73
                                                                                                                                                                            for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j)
                                                                                                        12
                                                                                                                matrix operator+(const matrix &a)
                                                            Bigint operator%(const Bigint &b)
182
            Bigint r:
                                                   244
                                                                                                                                                            74
                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                                                                if (i == j)
183
            r.resize(len());
                                                   245
                                                                                                                                                            75
                                                                                                        14
                                                                                                                    matrix rev(r, c);
                                                                return (*this) - (*this) / b * b;
            for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)</pre>
                                                   246
                                                                                                                                                            76
                                                                                                                                                                                     continue;
184
                                                                                                        15
                                                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                                                                                                                                                lazy[j] = lazy[j] * m[i][i];
185
                                                   247
                                                                                                                                                            77
                                                                                                                        for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
                                                                                                        16
186
                r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                   248 };
                                                                                                                                                                                T mx = m[j][i];
                                                                                                                                                            78
                                                                                                        17
                                                                                                                            rev[i][j] = m[i][j] + a.m[i
                if (i < b.len())</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
187
                                                                                                                                 ][j];
188
                    r.v[i] -= b.v[i];
                                                                                                                                                            80
                                                                                                                                                                                     m[j][k] = m[j][k] * m[i]
                                                                                                                    return rev;
                                                                                                        18
                if (r.v[i] < 0)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                          ][i] - m[i][k] * mx;
189
                                                                                                        19
                                                              DisjointSet
190
                                                                                                                                                            81
                                                                                                                matrix operator-(const matrix &a)
                                                                                                        20
                    r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
                                                                                                                                                            82
191
                                                                                                        21
                    r.v[i + 1]--;
                                                                                                                                                                          det = sign ? -1 : 1;
192
                                                                                                                                                            83
                                                                                                        22
                                                                                                                    matrix rev(r, c);
                                                     1 | struct DisjointSet {
                                                                                                                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
193
                                                                                                                                                            84
                                                                                                        23
                                                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                           int p[maxn], sz[maxn], n, cc;
                                                                                                                                                            85
194
                                                                                                                        for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
                                                                                                        24
                                                                                                                                                                            det = det * m[i][i];
195
            r.n();
                                                            vector<pair<int*, int>> his;
                                                                                                                                                            86
                                                                                                                            rev[i][j] = m[i][j] - a.m[i]
                                                                                                        25
            return r;
                                                            vector<int> sh:
                                                                                                                                                            87
                                                                                                                                                                            det = det / lazy[i];
196
                                                                                                                                 ][j];
                                                            void init(int n) {
                                                                                                                                                            22
                                                                                                                                                                            for (auto &j : m[i])
197
                                                                                                        26
                                                                                                                    return rev:
        Bigint operator*(const Bigint &b)
                                                                n = n; cc = n;
                                                                                                                                                                                j /= lazy[i];
198
                                                                                                                                                            89
                                                                                                        27
199
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) sz[i] =
                                                                                                                                                            90
                                                                                                                matrix operator*(const matrix &a)
                                                                                                        28
                                                                                                                                                            91
                                                                                                                                                                        return det;
200
            Bigint r;
                                                                     1, p[i] = i;
                                                                                                        29
            r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
                                                                sh.clear(); his.clear();
                                                                                                                                                            92
201
                                                                                                                    matrix rev(r, a.c);
                                                                                                        30
                                                                                                                                                            93 };
202
            r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                                                                    matrix tmp(a.c, a.r);
                                                                                                        31
203
            for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)</pre>
                                                     10
                                                           void assign(int *k, int v) {
                                                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < a.r; ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                        32
204
                                                                his.emplace back(k, *k);
                                                     11
                                                                                                        33
                                                                                                                        for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)</pre>
                                                                *k = v;
205
                for (int j = 0; j < b.len(); j</pre>
                                                    12
                                                                                                                             tmp[j][i] = a.m[i][j];
                                                                                                        34
                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                               9.4 Trie
                                                                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                                                                        35
                                                            void save() {
206
                                                     14
                                                                                                        36
                                                                                                                        for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)</pre>
                    r.v[i + j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
                                                                sh.push back((int)his.size());
207
                                                    15
                                                                                                        37
                                                                                                                             for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                    if (r.v[i + j] >= BIGMOD)
208
                                                    16
                                                                                                        38
                                                                                                                                 rev.m[i][j] += m[i][k] *
                                                                                                                                                             1 // biginter字典數
                                                            void undo() {
209
                                                     17
                                                                                                                                       tmp[j][k];
210
                         r.v[i + j + 1] += r.v[i
                                                    18
                                                                int last = sh.back(); sh.pop_back();
                                                                                                                                                             2 struct BigInteger{
                                                                                                                    return rev;
                                                                                                        39
                              + j] / BIGMOD;
                                                                while (his.size() != last) {
                                                                                                                                                                    static const int BASE = 100000000;
                                                    19
                         r.v[i + j] %= BIGMOD;
                                                    20
                                                                    int *k, v;
                                                                                                        40
                                                                                                                                                                    static const int WIDTH = 8;
211
                                                                                                        41
                                                                                                                bool inverse() //逆矩陣判斷
                                                                    tie(k, v) = his.back(); his.
212
                                                    21
                                                                                                                                                                   vector<int> s;
                                                                                                        42
                                                                                                                                                                   BigInteger(long long num = 0){
213
                                                                         pop back();
                                                                                                                    Matrix t(r, r + c);
                                                                    *k = v;
                                                                                                        43
214
                                                    22
                                                                                                                                                                        *this = num;
                                                                                                                    for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
                                                                }
                                                                                                        44
215
            r.n();
                                                    23
                                                                                                        45
                                                                                                                                                                    BigInteger operator = (long long num){
216
            return r:
                                                    24
                                                            int find(int x) {
                                                                                                        46
                                                                                                                        t.m[y][c + y] = 1;
217
                                                    25
                                                                                                                                                                        s.clear();
                                                                                                        47
                                                                                                                        for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
218
        Bigint operator/(const Bigint &b)
                                                    26
                                                                if (x == p[x]) return x;
                                                                                                                                                            11
                                                                                                                            t.m[y][x] = m[y][x];
                                                                return find(p[x]);
                                                                                                        48
                                                                                                                                                                            s.push_back(num % BASE);
219
                                                    27
                                                                                                                                                            12
                                                                                                        49
                                                                                                                                                            13
                                                                                                                                                                            num /= BASE;
220
                                                                                                        50
                                                                                                                    if (!t.gas())
            r.resize(max(1, len() - b.len() + 1)
                                                            void merge(int x, int y) {
                                                                                                                                                                        }while(num > 0):
221
                                                                                                                                                            14
                                                                                                        51
                                                                                                                        return false;
                                                                x = find(x); y = find(y);
                 );
                                                                                                                                                            15
                                                                                                                                                                        return *this;
                                                                                                        52
                                                                                                                    for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
            int oriS = s;
                                                                if (x == y) return;
222
                                                                                                                                                            16
                                                                                                        53
                                                                                                                        for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
            Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                                if (sz[x] > sz[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                                                                                                                                    BigInteger operator = (const string& str
223
                                                    32
                                                                                                                            m[y][x] = t.m[y][c + x] / t.
                                                                                                        54
224
            s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
                                                    33
                                                                assign(\&sz[y], sz[x] + sz[y]);
225
            for (int i = r.len() - 1; i >= 0; i
                                                                assign(&p[x], y);
                                                                                                                                 m[y][y];
                                                                                                                                                                        s.clear();
                                                    34
                                                                                                        55
                                                                                                                    return true:
                 --)
                                                    35
                                                                assign(&cc, cc - 1);
                                                                                                                                                                        int x, len = (str.length() - 1) /
                                                                                                        56
                                                                                                                                                                             WIDTH + 1;
226
                                                    36
                                                    37 } ;
                int d = 0, u = BIGMOD - 1;
                                                                                                                T gas() //行列式
                                                                                                                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < len; i++){
```

```
int end = str.length() - i*WIDTH 81
                                                               sprintf(firstBuf, "%d", firstNum);
                                                                                                                n = -n, d = -d;
                                                               for(int j = 0; j < strlen(firstBuf); 11</pre>
                                                   82
               int start = max(0, end-WIDTH);
                                                                                                            fraction operator-() const
22
                                                                                                       12
                                                                   int index = getIndex(firstBuf[j
23
               sscanf(str.substr(start, end-
                                                                                                      13
                    start).c_str(), "%d", &x);
                                                                                                              return fraction(-n, d);
                                                                                                       14
                                                                   if(!c[u][index]){
24
               s.push back(x);
                                                                                                       15
25
                                                   85
                                                                       memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof(c[
                                                                                                      16
                                                                                                            fraction operator+(const fraction &b)
           return *this;
26
                                                                            sz]));
27
                                                   86
                                                                       val[sz] = v;
                                                                                                       17
                                                                       c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.d + b.n * d, d * b
28
                                                                                                       18
29
       BigInteger operator + (const BigInteger&
             b) const{
                                                                   u = c[u][index];
                                                   89
                                                                                                       19
                                                                                                            fraction operator-(const fraction &b)
           BigInteger c;
                                                                   max_len_count++;
30
                                                   90
                                                                                                       20
31
           c.s.clear():
                                                   91
32
           for(int i = 0, g = 0;;i++){
                                                   92
                                                               for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i
                                                                                                      21
33
               if(g == 0 \&\& i >= s.size() \&\& i
                                                                    --){
                                                                                                       22
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.d - b.n * d, d * b
                    >= b.s.size()) break;
                                                                   char buf[20];
                                                   93
                                                                   sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
               int x = g;
34
                                                   94
                                                                                                      23
                                                                   for(int j = 0; j < strlen(buf)</pre>
                                                                                                            fraction operator*(const fraction &b)
35
               if(i < s.size()) x+=s[i];</pre>
                                                   95
                                                                                                      24
               if(i < b.s.size()) x+=b.s[i];</pre>
                                                                        && max_len_count < 50;j++){
36
37
               c.s.push back(x % BASE);
                                                   96
                                                                       int index = getIndex(buf[j])
                                                                                                      25
               g = x / BASE;
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.n, d * b.d);
38
                                                                                                       26
39
                                                   97
                                                                       if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                       27
           return c;
                                                   98
                                                                            memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof 28
                                                                                                            fraction operator/(const fraction &b)
40
41
                                                                                 (c[sz]));
                                                                           val[sz] = v;
42
   };
                                                   99
                                                                                                       29
                                                                           c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.d, d * b.n);
43
                                                  100
                                                                                                       30
  ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
                                                  101
                                                                                                       31
       BigInteger& x){
                                                  102
                                                                       u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                       32
                                                                                                            void print()
       out << x.s.back();</pre>
                                                  103
                                                                       max_len_count++;
                                                                                                       33
45
46
       for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i--){
                                                                                                       34
                                                                                                              cout << n;
                                                  104
           char buf[20];
                                                                   if(max_len_count >= 50){
                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                              if (d != 1)
47
                                                  105
           sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                                cout << "/" << d;
48
                                                  106
                                                                       break;
           for(int j = 0; j< strlen(buf);j++){</pre>
                                                                                                       37
49
                                                  107
                                                                                                      38 };
               out << buf[j];</pre>
50
                                                  108
51
                                                  109
                                                  110
                                                          int find(const char* s){
52
                                                               int u = 0;
53
       return out;
                                                  111
                                                               int n = strlen(s);
54
                                                  112
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
55
                                                  113
   istream& operator >> (istream &in,
                                                  114
       BigInteger& x){
                                                                   int index = getIndex(s[i]);
                                                  115
       string s;
                                                                   if(!c[u][index]){
                                                  116
       if(!(in >> s))
                                                                       return -1;
58
                                                  117
59
           return in;
                                                  118
60
       x = s;
                                                  119
                                                                   u = c[u][index];
       return in;
                                                  120
                                                  121
                                                               return val[u];
62
63
                                                  122
   struct Trie{
                                                  123 }
       int c[5000005][10];
       int val[5000005];
67
                                                      9.5 分數
       int getIndex(char c){
69
           return c - '0';
70
                                                    1 typedef long long 11;
71
           memset(c[0], 0, sizeof(c[0]));
                                                    2 struct fraction
72
73
           memset(val, -1, sizeof(val));
                                                    3 | {
74
           sz = 1:
                                                        11 n. d:
                                                        fraction(const 11 & n = 0, const 11 & d =
75
       void insert(BigInteger x, int v){
76
                                                             1) : n(_n), d(_d)
77
           int u = 0;
                                                          11 t = __gcd(n, d);
78
           int max len count = 0;
           int firstNum = x.s.back();
                                                          n /= t, d /= t;
79
           char firstBuf[20];
                                                          if (d < 0)
```

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