Basic

1.1 A function

```
// 四捨五入
1 round(double f);
2 ceil(double f);
                          // 無條件捨去
3 floor(double f);
                          //無條件進入
   builtin popcount(int n); // 32bit有多少 1
5 to_string(int s);
                          // int to string
6 /** 全排列要先 sort !!! **/
  next permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
8 prev_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
9 //用binary search找大於或等於val的最小值的位
10 vector<int>::iterator it = lower_bound(v.
      begin(), v.end(), val);
11 //用binary search找大於val的最小值的位置
  vector<int>::iterator it = upper bound(v.
      begin(), v.end(), val);
13 /*queue*/
  queue<datatype> q;
15 | front(); /*取出最前面的值(沒有移除掉喔!!)*/
16 back(); /*取出最後面的值(沒有移除掉!!)*/
17 | pop(); /*移掉最前面的值*/
18 push(); /*新增值到最後面*/
19 empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的queue*/
20 | size(); /*queue 的大小*/
22 /*stack*/
23 stack<datatype> s;
24 | top(); /*取出最上面的值(沒有移除掉喔!!)*/
25 | pop(); /*移掉最上面的值*/
26 push(); /*新增值到最上面*/
27 empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的stack*/
28 | size(); /*stack 的大小*/
30 /*unordered set*/
31 unordered_set<datatype> s;
32 unordered set<datatype> s(arr, arr + n);
33 /*initial with array*/
34 insert(): /*插入值*/
35 erase(); /*刪除值*/
36 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
37 | count(); /*判斷元素存在回傳1 無則回傳0*/
```

1.2 Codeblock setting

```
1 | Settings -> Editor -> Keyboard shortcuts ->
      Plugins -> Source code formatter (AStyle 3 | k在我的理解裡是視題目的要求而定的
2 Settings -> Source Formatter -> Padding
3 Delete empty lines within a function or
      method
4 Insert space padding around operators
5 Insert space padding around parentheses on
      outside
```

6 Remove extra space padding around parentheses

1.3 data range

```
1 int (-2147483648 to 2147483647)
2 unsigned int(0 to 4294967295)
3 long(-2147483648 to 2147483647)
4 unsigned long(0 to 4294967295)
5 long long(-9223372036854775808 to
      9223372036854775807)
6 unsigned long long (0 to
      18446744073709551615)
```

1.4 IO fast

```
1 void io()
     ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
      cin.tie(nullptr):
      cout.tie(nullptr);
```

1.5 Python

```
1 / * 輸入1*/
2 import sys
3 line = sys.stdin.readline()
4 | /*輸入2*/
5 line = input().strip()
6 D, R, N = map(int, line[:-1].split()) // 分
       三個 int 變數
7 pow(a, b, c) // a ^ b % c
8 print(*objects, sep = ' ', end = '\n')
9 objects -- /*可以一次輸出多個對象*/
10 sep -- /*分開多個objects*/
11 end -- /*默認值是\n*/
```

DP

2.1 3 維 DP 思路

```
1 | 解題思路: dp[i][j][k]
2 i 跟 j 代表 range i ~ j 的 value
 像是 Remove Boxes 當中 k 代表的是在 i 之前還
     有多少個連續的箱子
5 | 所以每次區間消去的值就是(k+1) * (k+1)
6 | 換言之,我認為可以理解成 k 的意義就是題目今
     天所關注的重點,就是老師說的題目所規定的
```

Knapsack Bounded

```
1 const int N = 100, W = 100000;
2 int cost[N], weight[N], number[N];
3 \mid int \mid c[W + 1];
4 void knapsack(int n, int w)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           int num = min(number[i], w / weight[
           for (int k = 1; num > 0; k *= 2)
               if (k > num)
12
                    k = num;
               num -= k:
14
               for (int j = w; j >= weight[i] *
                     k; --j)
                    c[j] = max(c[j], c[j -
                         weight[i] * k] + cost[i]
16
17
18
       cout << "Max Prince" << c[w];</pre>
```

Knapsack sample

```
1 int Knapsack(vector<int> weight, vector<int>
        value, int bag Weight)
       // vector<int> weight = {1, 3, 4};
       // vector<int> value = {15, 20, 30};
       // int bagWeight = 4;
       vector<vector<int>> dp(weight.size(),
            vector<int>(bagWeight + 1, 0));
       for (int j = weight[0]; j <= bagWeight;</pre>
           j++)
           dp[0][j] = value[0];
       // weight 數組的大小就是物品個數
       for (int i = 1; i < weight.size(); i++)</pre>
       { // 遍歷物品
           for (int j = 0; j <= bagWeight; j++)</pre>
           { // 遍歷背包容量
13
14
               if (j < weight[i]) dp[i][j] = dp</pre>
                    [i - 1][j];
15
               else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j
                    ], dp[i - 1][j - weight[i]]
                    + value[i]);
16
17
       cout << dp[weight.size() - 1][bagWeight]</pre>
             << endl;
```

2.4 Knapsack Unbounded

```
_{1} const int N = 100, W = 100000;
  int cost[N], weight[N];
  int c[W + 1];
  void knapsack(int n, int w)
       memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           for (int j = weight[i]; j <= w; ++j)</pre>
               c[j] = max(c[j], c[j - weight[i
                    ]] + cost[i]);
       cout << "最高的價值為" << c[w];
11 }
```

int LCIS_len(vector<int> arr1, vetor<int>

2.5 LCIS

arr2)

```
int n = arr1.size(), m = arr2.size();
       vector<int> table(m, 0);
       for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
           table[j] = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          int current = 0;
           for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
               if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                   if (current + 1 > table[j])
                       table[j] = current + 1;
17
               if (arr1[i] > arr2[j])
                   if (table[j] > current)
                       current = table[j];
20
21
       int result = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
24
           if (table[i] > result)
               result = table[i];
      return result;
```

2.6 LCS

```
int LCS(vector<string> Ans, vector<string>
      int N = Ans.size(), M = num.size();
      vector<vector<int>> LCS(N + 1, vector<</pre>
           int>(M + 1, 0));
      for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i)
          for (int j = 1; j <= M; ++j)
              if (Ans[i - 1] == num[i - 1])
                  LCS[i][j] = LCS[i - 1][j -
                       1] + 1;
```

```
else
                                                          int maxlen = *max element(LISLen.begin() 28
                                                                                                            cout \langle\langle 1 + 1 \langle\langle ' ' \langle\langle r + 1 \langle\langle ' \rangle n' \rangle\rangle
                                                                                                                                                        32 | // 湊得某個價位的錢幣用量,有哪幾種可能性
                   LCS[i][i] = max(LCS[i - 1][i]
                                                              , LISLen.end());
                                                                                                                                                          void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                                                                                 //頭到屋
                        ], LCS[i][j - 1]);
                                                          int num, pos;
                                                  29
                                                                                                                                                        34
                                                          vector<int> buf;
                                                                                                                                                               vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
13
                                                  30
                                                                                                                                                        35
                                                          getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen,
                                                                                                                                                        36
14
                                                  31
       cout << LCS[N][M] << '\n';</pre>
                                                              numeric limits<int>::max(), maxlen,
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
       //列印 LCS
                                                              LISTbl.size() - 1, num, pos);
                                                                                                                                                                   for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                        2.9 Max subarray
                                                          buf.push back(num);
       int n = N, m = M;
                                                  32
                                                                                                                                                                        ++i)
17
                                                                                                                                                                       c[j] |= c[j-price[i]] << 1; //</pre>
                                                  33
                                                          for (int len = maxlen - 1; len >= 1; len
       vector<string> k;
18
                                                                                                                                                                             錢幣數量加一,每一種可能性都
       while (n && m)
                                                                                                      1 /*Kadane's algorithm*/
                                                  34
20
                                                                                                      1 int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
                                                              int tnum = num;
           if (LCS[n][m] != max(LCS[n - 1][m],
                                                  35
                                                                                                            int local max = nums[0], global max =
                                                              int tpos = pos;
                LCS[n][m - 1]))
                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 1; i <= 63; ++i)
                                                                                                                                                        41
                                                                                                                 nums[0]:
                                                  37
                                                              getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen.
                                                                                                                                                                   if (c[m] & (1 << i))
                                                                                                                                                        42
                                                                                                            for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                   tnum, len, tpos - 1, num, pos);
               k.push_back(Ans[n - 1]);
                                                                                                                                                                       cout << "用" << i << "個錢幣可湊
                                                                                                                local_max = max(nums[i], nums[i]+
                                                                                                                                                        43
                                                  38
                                                              buf.push back(num);
                                                                                                                                                                            得價位" << m;
                                                                                                                     local max);
                                                  39
               m - -;
                                                                                                                global max = max(local max,
                                                                                                                                                        44 }
                                                         reverse(buf.begin(), buf.end());
                                                  40
                                                                                                                     global max);
                                                          for (int k = 0; k < buf.size(); k++) //</pre>
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n - 1][m]) 41
                                                                                                            return global max;
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n][m - 1]) 42
                                                              if (k == buf.size() - 1)
                                                                                                                                                           3 Flow & matching
                                                                  cout << buf[k] << endl;</pre>
                                                  44
       reverse(k.begin(), k.end());
                                                  45
                                                                  cout << buf[k] << ",";</pre>
       for (auto i : k)
                                                  46
                                                                                                                                                           3.1 Dinic
                                                                                                        2.10 Money problem
           cout << i << " ";
                                                  47
34
       cout << endl:
                                                          return maxlen;
       return LCS[N][M];
```

2.7 LIS

```
1 void getMaxElementAndPos(vector<int> &LISTbl
        , vector<int> &LISLen, int tNum, int
       tlen, int tStart, int &num, int &pos)
2
3
       int max = numeric_limits<int>::min();
       int maxPos:
       for (int i = tStart; i >= 0; i--)
           if (LISLen[i] == tlen && LISTbl[i] <</pre>
                 tNum)
               if (LISTbl[i] > max)
                   max = LISTbl[i];
                   maxPos = i;
       num = max;
       pos = maxPos;
   int LIS(vector<int> &LISTbl)
       if (LISTbl.size() == 0)
22
           return 0:
       vector<int> LISLen(LISTbl.size(), 1);
       for (int i = 1; i < LISTbl.size(); i++)</pre>
           for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
               if (LISTbl[i] < LISTbl[i])</pre>
                   LISLen[i] = max(LISLen[i],
                        LISLen[j] + 1);
```

2.8 LPS

10

11

12

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14

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21

22

23

24

25

26

```
1 | void LPS(string s)
      int maxlen = 0, 1, r;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          int x = 0:
          while ((s[i - x] == s[i + x]) \&\& (i
              - x >= 0) && (i + x < n)) //odd 12 // 湊得某個價位的湊法總共幾種
              length
             x++;
          if (2 * x + 1 > maxlen)
             maxlen = 2 * x + 1;
             1 = i - x:
             r = i + x;
         x = 0:
          while ((s[i - x] == s[i + 1 + x]) && 22 // 湊得某個價位的最少錢幣用量
              ) //even length
             x++;
          if (2 * x > maxlen)
             maxlen = 2 * x:
             1 = i - x + 1;
             r = i + x;
      cout << maxlen << '\n'; // 最後長度
```

```
1 / / 能否湊得某個價位
                                  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                         vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                   // 依序加入各種面額
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                  ++i) // 由低價位逐步到高價位
                                                 c[j] = c[j] | c[j - price[i]];
                                                           // 湊、湊、湊
                                         if (c[limit]) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
                                         else cout << "NO\n";</pre>
                                  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                  14 \
                                         vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                  15
                                  16
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                  17
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                  ++i)
                                                 c[j] += c[j - price[i]];
                                  19
                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                  20
(i - x >= 0) \&\& (i + 1 + x < n) |_{23} |_{void} change(vector < int > price, int limit)
                                  24 {
                                         vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                 c[j] = min(c[j], c[j - price[i]] 32
                                                       + 1);
                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
```

```
1 const long long INF = 1LL <<60;</pre>
  struct Dinic { //O(VVE), with minimum cut
       static const int MAXN = 5003:
       struct Edge{
          int u, v;
          long long cap, rest;
      int n, m, s, t, d[MAXN], cur[MAXN];
      vector<Edge> edges;
      vector<int> G[MAXN];
       void init(){
11
12
           edges.clear();
           for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ) G[i
13
                ].clear();
          n = 0;
15
      // min cut start
      bool side[MAXN];
       void cut(int u) {
           side[u] = 1;
           for ( int i : G[u] ) {
               if ( !side[ edges[i].v ] &&
                    edges[i].rest )
               cut(edges[i].v);
22
23
24
       // min cut end
       int add_node(){
27
           return n++;
28
       void add edge(int u, int v, long long
           edges.push back( {u, v, cap, cap} );
           edges.push_back( {v, u, 0, 0LL} );
          m = edges.size();
          G[u].push back(m-2);
           G[v].push back(m-1);
34
```

```
bool bfs(){
                                                         vector<int> pre(n+1, 0);
                                                                                                               for (int i=0; i<n; i++) G[i].clear() 29</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     if(dfs(res,i,x,y,pass))
                                                         while(!q.empty() && bottleneck[t] == 0){
           fill(d,d+n,-1);
37
                                                 13
                                                                                                                                                                         ans += 1;
                                                          int cur = q.front();
38
           queue<int> que;
                                                 14
                                                                                                                                                      31
                                                                                                           bool dfs(int u){
           que.push(s); d[s]=0;
39
                                                 15
                                                           q.pop();
                                                                                                    10
                                                                                                                                                      32
                                                                                                                                                                 cout << ans << endl;</pre>
           while (!que.empty()){
                                                           for(int i = 1; i <= n ; i++){
                                                                                                                   for (int v:G[u]){
                                                                                                                                                      33
                                                  16
                                                                                                    11
               int u = que.front(); que.pop();
                                                             if(bottleneck[i] == 0 && capacity[
                                                                                                                   if (vis[v]) continue;
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                                      34
                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
                                                                  cur][i] > residual[cur][i]){
42
               for (int ei : G[u]){
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                   vis[v]=true:
                                                                                                                                                      35
                   Edge &e = edges[ei];
                                                               q.push(i);
                                                                                                                   if (match[v]==-1 || dfs(match[v
43
                                                  18
                                                                                                                                                      36 /*
                   if (d[e.v] < 0 && e.rest >
                                                  19
                                                               pre[i] = cur;
                                                                                                                        1)){
                                                               bottleneck[i] = min(bottleneck[cur 15
                                                                                                                       match[v] = u;
                                                                                                                                                      38 4 3 5 //n matching m, 1 links
                                                                    ], capacity[cur][i] - residual 16
                       d[e.v] = d[u] + 1;
                                                                                                                       match[u] = v;
                                                                                                                                                      39 0 0
                       que.push(e.v);
                                                                    [cur][i]);
                                                                                                                       return true:
                                                                                                                                                      40 0 2
                                                                                                    17
                                                                                                                                                     41 1 0
47
                                                 21
                                                                                                    18
                                                                                                                                                      42 2 1
                                                 22
                                                                                                    19
                                                                                                               return false:
49
                                                  23
                                                                                                   20
                                                                                                                                                      43 3 1
50
           return d[t] >= 0;
                                                  24
                                                         if(bottleneck[t] == 0) break;
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                                                                      44 answer is 3
                                                         for(int cur = t; cur != s; cur = pre[cur
                                                                                                           int solve(){
51
                                                                                                   22
       long long dfs(int u, long long a){
                                                                                                               int res = 0;
52
           if ( u == t || a == 0 ) return a;
                                                             residual[pre[cur]][cur] +=
                                                                                                               memset(match,-1,sizeof(match));
53
                                                                                                   24
           long long flow = 0, f;
                                                                  bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                               for (int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
54
                                                                                                   25
           for ( int \&i=cur[u]; i < (int)G[u].
                                                             residual[cur][pre[cur]] -=
                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                   if (match[i]==-1){
                                                                                                                                                        3.5 MFlow Model
                size(); i++) {
                                                                  bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                       memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
               Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
                                                                                                    28
                                                                                                                       if ( dfs(i) ) res++;
                                                 28
               if ( d[u] + 1 != d[e.v] )
                                                 29
                                                        ans += bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                                                                      1 typedef long long ll;
                    continue;
                                                  30
                                                                                                    30
               f = dfs(e.v, min(a, e.rest) );
                                                      return ans;
                                                                                                    31
                                                                                                               return res;
                                                                                                                                                      2 struct MF
                                                 31
               if (f > 0) {
                                                  32 }
                                                                                                    32
               e.rest -= f:
                                                  33 int main(){
                                                                                                   33 } graph;
                                                                                                                                                             static const int N = 5000 + 5:
               edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].rest += f;
                                                                                                                                                             static const int M = 60000 + 5;
                                                      int testcase = 1;
                                                  34
               flow += f;
                                                  35
                                                      int n;
                                                                                                                                                             static const 11 oo = 100000000000000L;
               a -= f;
                                                  36
                                                       while(cin>>n){
                                                                                                       3.4 Maximum matching
               if ( a == 0 ) break;
                                                  37
                                                        if(n == 0)
                                                                                                                                                             int n, m, s, t, tot, tim;
65
                                                                                                                                                             int first[N], next[M];
                                                  38
                                                         vector<vector<int>> capacity(n+1, vector
                                                                                                                                                             int u[M], v[M], cur[N], vi[N];
66
                                                  39
           return flow;
                                                              <int>(n+1, 0));
                                                                                                     1 /*bipartite - maximum matching*/
                                                                                                                                                      11
                                                                                                                                                             11 cap[M], flow[M], dis[N];
67
                                                                                                     2 bool dfs(vector<vector<bool>> res,int node,
                                                         int s, t, c;
                                                                                                                                                             int que[N + N];
68
                                                  40
                                                                                                           vector<int>& x, vector<int>& y, vector< 13
69
       long long maxflow(int _s, int _t){
                                                         cin >> s >> t >> c;
                                                  41
                                                         int a, b, bandwidth;
                                                                                                           bool> pass){
           s = _s, t = _t;
                                                  42
                                                                                                                                                             void Clear()
           long long flow = 0, mf;
                                                  43
                                                         for(int i = 0; i < c; ++i){
                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < res[0].size(); i++){} 15
           while ( bfs() ){
                                                           cin >> a >> b >> bandwidth;
                                                                                                               if(res[node][i] && !pass[i]){
                                                                                                                                                                 tot = 0:
                                                  44
               fill(cur,cur+n,0);
                                                           capacity[a][b] += bandwidth;
                                                                                                                   pass[i] = true;
                                                                                                                                                                 tim = 0:
                                                  45
               while ( (mf = dfs(s, INF)) )
                                                           capacity[b][a] += bandwidth;
                                                                                                                   if(y[i] == -1 \mid | dfs(res,y[i],x,
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                  46
                    flow += mf;
                                                                                                                                                                     first[i] = -1;
                                                  47
                                                                                                                       y,pass)){
                                                                                                                                                      19
                                                         cout << "Network " << testcase++ << endl</pre>
                                                                                                                       x[node] = i;
                                                  48
                                                                                                                                                      20
           return flow;
                                                                                                                       y[i] = node;
                                                                                                                                                      21
                                                                                                                                                             void Add(int from, int to, 11 cp, 11 flw
76
                                                         cout << "The bandwidth is " <<</pre>
                                                                                                                       return true;
  } dinic;
                                                              getMaxFlow(capacity, s, t, n) << "." 10</pre>
                                                                                                                                                      22
                                                                                                                                                      23
                                                                                                                                                                 u[tot] = from;
                                                                                                               }
                                                         cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 v[tot] = to;
                                                                                                                                                      ^{24}
                                                                                                           return false;
                                                                                                                                                                 cap[tot] = cp;
                                                  51
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                      25
  3.2 Edmonds karp
                                                                                                    14 }
                                                                                                                                                      26
                                                                                                                                                                 flow[tot] = flw;
                                                      return 0;
                                                                                                    15 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                                                                                 next[tot] = first[u[tot]];
                                                                                                           int n,m,1;
                                                                                                                                                                 first[u[tot]] = tot;
1 /*Flow - Edmonds-karp*/
                                                                                                           while(cin>>n>>m>>l){
                                                                                                                                                                 ++tot;
2 /*Based on UVa820*/
                                                                                                               vector<vector<bool>> res(n, vector<</pre>
3 #define inf 1000000
                                                                                                                    bool>(m, false));
                                                                                                                                                             bool bfs()
                                                                                                                                                      31
                                                     3.3 hungarian
4 int getMaxFlow(vector<vector<int>> &capacity
                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
       , int s, int t, int n){
                                                                                                    20
                                                                                                                   int a, b;
                                                                                                                                                      33
                                                                                                                                                                 ++tim:
    int ans = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                 dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                                                   cin >> a >> b;
                                                  1 /*bipartite - hungarian*/
    vector<vector<int>> residual(n+1, vector
                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                   res[a][b] = true;
                                                                                                                                                      35
                                                                                                                                                                 vi[s] = tim;
         int>(n+1, 0)); //residual network
                                                  2 struct Graph{
    while(true){
                                                         static const int MAXN = 5003;
                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                               int ans = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                 int head, tail;
       vector<int> bottleneck(n+1, 0);
                                                         vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                               vector<int> x(n, -1);
                                                                                                                                                      38
                                                                                                                                                                 head = tail = 1;
                                                         int n, match[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
                                                                                                               vector<int> y(n, -1);
       bottleneck[s] = inf;
                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                                 que[head] = s;
                                                                                                                                                                 while (head <= tail)</pre>
       queue<int> q;
                                                         void init(int n){
                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
```

vector<bool> pass(n, false);

n = n;

q.push(s);

22

23

24

25

26

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67

return (p1 - p).dot(p2 - p);

```
4 Geometry
              for (int i = first[que[head]]; i
                    != -1; i = next[i])
                  if (vi[v[i]] != tim && cap[i
                                                   4.1 Closest Pair
                       ] > flow[i])
                       vi[v[i]] = tim:
                                                 1 | //最近點對 (距離) //台大
                       dis[v[i]] = dis[que[head
                                                 vector<pair<double, double>> p;
                           ]] + 1;
                                                 3 double closest pair(int 1, int r)
                       que[++tail] = v[i];
                                                       // p 要對 x 軸做 sort
                                                       if (1 == r)
              ++head;
51
                                                           return 1e9:
52
                                                       if (r - 1 == 1)
53
          return vi[t] == tim:
                                                           return dist(p[l], p[r]); // 兩點距離
54
55
       11 dfs(int x, 11 a)
                                                       int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                       double d = min(closest_pair(1, m),
56
                                                11
          if (x == t || a == 0)
                                                            closest pair(m + 1, r):
57
              return a:
                                                        vector<int> vec;
                                                12
                                                       for (int i = m; i >= 1 && fabs(p[m].x -
          11 \, flw = 0, f;
          int &i = cur[x]:
                                                            p[i].x) < d: --i)
                                                            vec.push back(i);
          for (i = first[x]: i != -1: i = next 14
               [i])
                                                        for (int i = m + 1; i \leftarrow r \&\& fabs(p[m]).
                                                            x - p[i].x) < d; ++i)
                                                           vec.push_back(i);
63
              if (dis[x] + 1 == dis[v[i]] && ( 16
                                                       sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), [&](int a,
                   f = dfs(v[i], min(a, cap[i] 17
                   - flow[i]))) > 0)
                                                            int b)
                                                            { return p[a].y < p[b].y; });
                                                       for (int i = 0; i < vec.size(); ++i)</pre>
                  flow[i] += f;
                                                19
                  flow[i ^ 1] -= f;
                                                20
                                                            for (int j = i + 1; j < vec.size()</pre>
                                                                && fabs(p[vec[j]].y - p[vec[i]]. 46
                  a -= f;
                  flw += f:
                                                                v) < d; ++i)
                                                               d = min(d, dist(p[vec[i]], p[vec
                  if (a == 0)
                                                21
                       break;
                                                                    [j]]));
                                                       return d;
                                                22
72
                                                23 }
          return flw;
73
74
       11 MaxFlow(int s, int t)
76
                                                   4.2 Line
          this->s = s:
          this->t = t;
          11 \text{ flw} = 0:
                                                 1 template <typename T>
          while (bfs())
                                                 2 struct line
               for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                       line() {}
                  cur[i] = 0;
                                                       point<T> p1, p2;
              flw += dfs(s, oo);
                                                       T a, b, c; //ax+by+c=0
                                                       line(const point<T> &x, const point<T> &
          return flw;
                                                            y) : p1(x), p2(y) {}
                                                       void pton()
  };
                                                       { //轉成一般式
  // MF Net;
                                                           a = p1.y - p2.y;
  // Net.n = n;
                                                           b = p2.x - p1.x:
91 // Net.Clear();
                                                            c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
                                                 12
92 // a 到 b (注意從1開始!!!!)
                                                 13
93 // Net.Add(a, b, w, 0);
                                                       T ori(const point<T> &p) const
94 // Net.MaxFlow(s, d)
                                                 15
                                                       { //點和有向直線的關係, >0左邊、=0在線上
95 // s 到 d 的 MF
                                                           return (p2 - p1).cross(p - p1);
                                                16
                                                17
                                                18
                                                       T btw(const point<T> &p) const
                                                       { //點投影落在線段 上 <= 0
                                                 19
```

```
{ //直線相交情況,-1無限多點、1交於一
bool point on segment(const point<T> &p)
                                                     點、a不相交
                                                    return parallel(1) ? (ori(1.p1) == 0
                                         72
{ //點是否在線段上
                                                         ? -1 : 0) : 1;
   return ori(p) == 0 && btw(p) <= 0;</pre>
                                         73
                                                int seg intersect(const line &1) const
                                         74
T dis2(const point<T> &p, bool
                                         75
    is segment = 0) const
                                                    T c1 = ori(1.p1), c2 = ori(1.p2);
                                         76
                                                    T c3 = 1.ori(p1), c4 = 1.ori(p2);
{ //點跟直線/線段的距離平方
                                         77
                                                    if (c1 == 0 && c2 == 0)
   point < T > v = p2 - p1, v1 = p - p1;
    if (is_segment)
                                                    { //共線
                                                        bool b1 = btw(1.p1) >= 0, b2 =
        point < T > v2 = p - p2;
                                                            btw(1.p2) >= 0:
        if (v.dot(v1) <= 0)</pre>
                                                        T = 3 = 1.btw(p1), a4 = 1.btw(p2)
           return v1.abs2():
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 == 0 && a4 >=
        if (v.dot(v2) >= 0)
           return v2.abs2();
                                                             0)
                                                            return 2;
   T tmp = v.cross(v1);
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 ==
   return tmp * tmp / v.abs2();
                                                            return 3;
T seg_dis2(const line<T> &1) const
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 >=
{ //兩線段距離平方
                                                            return 0;
    return min({dis2(l.p1, 1), dis2(l.p2
        , 1), l.dis2(p1, 1), l.dis2(p2,
                                                        return -1: //無限交點
        1)});
                                                    else if (c1 * c2 <= 0 && c3 * c4 <=
point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)
    const
                                                        return 1;
                                         91
{ //點對直線的投影
                                                    return 0; //不相交
    point<T> n = (p2 - p1).normal();
    return p - n * (p - p1).dot(n) / n.
                                                point<T> line intersection(const line &1
                                         94
        abs2();
                                                    ) const
                                                { /*直線交點*/
point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p) const 96
                                                    point < T > a = p2 - p1, b = 1.p2 - 1.
                                                         p1, s = 1.p1 - p1;
                                                    //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
    // 點 對 直 線 的 鏡 射 · 要 先 呼 叫 pton 轉 成 一 97
                                                    return p1 + a * (s.cross(b) / a.
        般式
                                                         cross(b)):
   point<T> R;
   Td = a * a + b * b:
   R.x = (b * b * p.x - a * a * p.x - 2 100)
                                                point<T> seg_intersection(const line &1)
                                                      const
          * a * b * p.y - 2 * a * c) / d;
   R.y = (a * a * p.y - b * b * p.v - 2)_{101}
                                                { //線段交點
          * a * b * p.x - 2 * b * c) / d; 102
                                                    int res = seg intersect(1);
                                                    if (res <= 0)
    return R;
                                        103
                                                        assert(0);
                                        104
bool equal(const line &1) const
                                        105
                                                    if (res == 2)
                                        106
                                                        return p1;
{ //直線相等
                                                    if (res == 3)
                                        107
    return ori(1.p1) == 0 && ori(1.p2)
                                        108
                                                        return p2;
        == 0;
                                                    return line intersection(1):
                                        109
                                        110
bool parallel(const line &1) const
                                        111 };
    return (p1 - p2).cross(l.p1 - l.p2)
bool cross_seg(const line &1) const
                                            4.3 Point
    return (p2 - p1).cross(l.p1 - p1) *
        (p2 - p1).cross(1.p2 - p1) <= 0;
         //直線是否交線段
                                          1 template <typename T>
                                          2 struct point
int line intersect(const line &1) const
                                                T x, y;
```

point() {}

6	<pre>point(const T &x, const T &y) : x(x), y(</pre>	8
	y) {}	9
7	point operator+(const point &b) const	
8	·	10
9	return point(x + b.x, y + b.y);	11
10	}	12
11	point operator-(const point &b) const	13
12	{	- 1
13	return point(x - b.x, y - b.y);	14
14	}	15
15	point operator*(const T &b) const	16
-		
16	{	17
17	return point(x * b, y * b);	18
18	} point operator/(const T %h) const	19
19	point operator/(const T &b) const	20
20	noturn noint(x / h y / h):	21
21	return point(x / b, y / b);	22
22	}	23
23	bool operator==(const point &b) const	
24	{	24
25	return x == b.x && y == b.y;	25
26	} T dot(sonst noint %h) sonst	26
27	T dot(const point &b) const	
28	{	27
29	return x * b.x + y * b.y;	28
30	}	
31	T cross(const point &b) const	29
32	{	
33	return x * b.y - y * b.x;	30
34	} noint normal() const	31
35	point normal() const	
36	{ //求法向量	32
37	return point(-y, x);	
38	}	
39	T abs2() const	
40	{ //向量長度的平方	33
41	return dot(*this);	34
42	}	35
43	T rad(const point &b) const	36
44	{ // 兩 向 量 的 弧 度	
45	<pre>return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),</pre>	37
	dot(b)));	38
46	}	39
47	T getA() const	40
48	// 對 x 軸 的 弧 度	
49	T A = atan2(y, x); //超過180度會變負	41
-	h 的	42
		- 1
50		
50 51	if (A <= -PI / 2)	43
51	if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2;	43
51 52	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A;</pre>	43
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre>	44
51 52	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre>	
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre>	44 45
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre>	44 45
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre>	44 45 46
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre>	44 45 46
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre>	44 45 46 47
51 52 53	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre>	44 45 46 47 48
51 52 53 54	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }; 4.4 Polygon</pre>	44 45 46 47 48 49
51 52 53 54	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } };</pre> 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""></typename>	44 45 46 47 48 49 50
51 52 53 54 1 2	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon</typename></pre>	44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51
51 52 53 54 1 2 3	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon { polygon() {}</typename></pre>	44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52
51 52 53 54 1 2 3 4	<pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon {</typename></pre>	44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53

T ans = 0: for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j58 < (int)p.size(); i = j++) 59 ans += p[i].cross(p[j]); return ans / 2; 60 point<T> center of mass() const 61 { //重心 62 T cx = 0, cy = 0, w = 0;63 for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j < (int)p.size(); i = j++) 64 65 T a = p[i].cross(p[j]); cx += (p[i].x + p[j].x) * a;cy += (p[i].y + p[j].y) * a;w += a; return point $\langle T \rangle$ (cx / 3 / w, cy / 3 / 67 char ahas(const point<T> &t) const 69 { //點是否在簡單多邊形內,是的話回傳1、 70 在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0 71 bool c = 0; 72 for (int i = 0, j = p.size() - 1; i < p.size(); j = i++)</pre> 73 74if (line<T>(p[i], p[j]). 75 point on segment(t)) return -1; 76 else if ((p[i].y > t.y) != (p[j 1.y > t.y) &&t.x < (p[j].x - p[i].x)* (t.y - p[i].y) / (p[j].y - p[i].y) + p[i].x) c = !c: 80 81 return c; char point in convex(const point<T> &x) 83 int 1 = 1, r = (int)p.size() - 2; 84 while (1 <= r){ //點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1 、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0 86 87 int mid = (1 + r) / 2; T a1 = (p[mid] - p[0]).cross(x -88 p[0]); T = (p[mid + 1] - p[0]).cross(x - p[0]);if (a1 >= 0 && a2 <= 0) 90 T res = (p[mid + 1] - p[mid]]).cross(x - p[mid]); return res > 0 ? 1 : (res >= 03 0 ? -1 : 0);94 95 else if (a1 < 0) r = mid - 1;96 l = mid + 1;97 98 return 0; vector<T> getA() const

```
{//凸包邊對x軸的夾角
    vector<T> res; //一定是遞增的
                                          100
    for (size_t i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i 101</pre>
                                          102
        res.push back((p[(i + 1) \% p.
                                          103
             size()] - p[i]).getA());
                                          104
    return res;
bool line_intersect(const vector<T> &A,
                                          105
     const line<T> &1) const
                                          106
{ //O(logN)
                                         107
    int f1 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
         end(), (l.p1 - l.p2).getA()) - A<sub>108</sub>
         .begin();
    int f2 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
         end(), (1.p2 - 1.p1).getA()) - A<sub>110</sub>
         .begin();
    return l.cross_seg(line<T>(p[f1], p[ 112
         f2]));
                                          113
                                          114
polygon cut(const line<T> &1) const
                                          115
{ //凸包對直線切割,得到直線1左側的凸包
    polygon ans;
                                          117
    for (int n = p.size(), i = n - 1, j
                                          118
         = 0; j < n; i = j++)
                                          119
                                          120
        if (l.ori(p[i]) >= 0)
                                          121
            ans.p.push_back(p[i]);
                                          122
            if (l.ori(p[j]) < 0)</pre>
                ans.p.push back(1.
                                          123
                     line intersection(
                                          124
                     lineT>(p[i], p[j]))_{125}
                                          126
                                          127
        else if (1.ori(p[j]) > 0)
                                          128
            ans.p.push back(1.
                                          129
                 line_intersection(line<T
                                          130
                 >(p[i], p[i])));
                                          131
                                          132
    return ans;
                                          133
static bool graham_cmp(const point<T> &a
     , const point<T> &b)
{ //凸包排序函數 // 起始點不同
   // return (a.x < b.x) || (a.x == b.x_{137})
          && a.v < b.v); //最左下角開始 138
    return (a.y < b.y) || (a.y == b.y &&
          a.x < b.x); //Y最小開始
                                          139
                                          140
void graham(vector<point<T>> &s)
                                          141
                                          142
{ //凸包 Convexhull 2D
    sort(s.begin(), s.end(), graham_cmp)
    p.resize(s.size() + 1);
                                          144
                                          145
    int m = 0;
    // cross >= 0 順時針。cross <= 0 逆
         時針旋轉
    for (size_t i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i ^{146}
                                          148
        while (m >= 2 && (p[m - 1] - p[m ^{149}
                                          150
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
             2]) <= 0)
                                          152
```

```
--m;
        p[m++] = s[i];
    for (int i = s.size() - 2, t = m +
        1; i >= 0; --i)
        while (m >= t && (p[m - 1] - p[m
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
            2]) <= 0)
            --m;
        p[m++] = s[i];
   if (s.size() > 1) // 重複頭一次需扣
        --m:
   p.resize(m);
T diam()
{ //直徑
    int n = p.size(), t = 1;
   T ans = 0;
   p.push back(p[0]):
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
             ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))
            t = (t + 1) \% n:
        ans = max(ans, (p[i] - p[t]).
            abs2());
   return p.pop_back(), ans;
T min_cover_rectangle()
{ //最小覆蓋矩形
    int n = p.size(), t = 1, r = 1, l;
   if (n < 3)
        return 0; //也可以做最小周長矩形
   T ans = 1e99:
   p.push_back(p[0]);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
            ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))
            t = (t + 1) \% n;
        while (now.dot(p[r + 1] - p[i])
            > now.dot(p[r] - p[i]))
            r = (r + 1) \% n;
        if (!i)
            1 = r;
        while (now.dot(p[l + 1] - p[i])
             <= now.dot(p[1] - p[i]))
            l = (l + 1) \% n;
        T d = now.abs2():
        T \text{ tmp} = \text{now.cross}(p[t] - p[i]) *
              (now.dot(p[r] - p[i]) - now
             .dot(p[1] - p[i])) / d;
        ans = min(ans, tmp);
   return p.pop back(), ans;
T dis2(polygon &pl)
{ //凸包最近距離平方
    vector<point<T>> &P = p, &Q = pl.p;
```

```
Graph
            int n = P.size(), m = Q.size(), l = 203
                                                                while (L < R \&\& q[L].ori(px[R - 1])
                                                                                                                                                            1 /*BFS - queue version*/
153
                                                                                                                                                              void BFS(vector<int> &result, vector<pair</pre>
                0, r = 0;
                                                                    <= 0)
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                    --R;
                                                                                                                                                                   int, int>> edges, int node, int start)
154
                                                   204
155
                if (P[i].y < P[1].y)</pre>
                                                   205
                                                                p.clear();
                                                                                                          5.1 Bellman-Ford
                                                   206
                                                                if (R - L <= 1)
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> pass(node, 0);
156
                    1 = i;
157
            for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
                                                   207
                                                                    return 0:
                                                                                                                                                                  queue<int> q;
158
                if (Q[i].y < Q[r].y)</pre>
                                                   208
                                                                px[R] = q[R].line intersection(q[L])
                                                                                                                                                                  queue<int> p;
                                                                                                         1 /* SPA - Bellman-Ford*/
                                                                                                                                                                  q.push(start);
159
                    r = i;
                                                                for (int i = L; i \le R; ++i)
                                                                                                        2 #define inf 99999 //define by you maximum
160
            P.push back(P[0]), Q.push back(Q[0]) 209
                                                                                                                                                                  int count = 1;
                                                                                                               edges weight
                                                                    p.push back(px[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<pair<int, int>> newedges;
                                                   210
                                                                                                        3 vector<vector<int> > edges;
            T ans = 1e99;
                                                   211
                                                                return R - L + 1;
                                                                                                                                                           10
                                                                                                                                                                  while (!q.empty())
161
                                                                                                         4 vector<int> dist:
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
162
                                                   212
                                                                                                                                                           11
                                                                                                         5 vector<int> ancestor:
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[q.front()] = 1;
163
                                                   213 };
                                                                                                                                                           12
                                                                                                        6 void BellmanFord(int start,int node){
164
                while ((P[1] - P[1 + 1]).cross(Q
                                                                                                                                                           13
                                                                                                                                                                      for (int i = 0: i < edges.size(): i</pre>
                                                                                                               dist[start] = 0;
                     [r + 1] - Q[r] < 0
                                                                                                               for(int it = 0; it < node-1; it++){</pre>
                    r = (r + 1) \% m;
                                                                                                                                                           14
165
                ans = min(ans, line<T>(P[1], P[1
                                                                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < node; i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                           if (edges[i].first == q.front()
166
                                                                                                                                                           15
                                                                                                                       for(int j = 0; j < node; j++){</pre>
                      + 1]).seg_dis2(line<T>(Q[r
                                                                                                        10
                                                                                                                                                                                && pass[edges[i].second] ==
                                                              Triangle
                                                                                                                           if(edges[i][j] != -1){
                     ], Q[r + 1])));
                                                                                                       11
                                                                                                                                if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] 16
                                                                                                        12
                1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
167
                                                                                                                                      < dist[j]){
                                                                                                                                                                               p.push(edges[i].second);
168
                                                     1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                    dist[j] = dist[i] +
                                                                                                                                                                               result[edges[i].second] =
169
            return P.pop_back(), Q.pop_back(),
                                                                                                                                                           18
                                                                                                                                         edges[i][j];
                ans:
                                                     2 struct triangle
                                                                                                                                                                                    count:
                                                                                                                                    ancestor[j] = i;
                                                    3 {
                                                                                                       14
170
                                                                                                                                                           19
        static char sign(const point<T> &t)
                                                                                                        15
                                                                                                                                                                           else if (edges[i].second == q.
171
                                                           point<T> a, b, c;
                                                                                                                                                           20
                                                           triangle() {}
                                                                                                                                                                                front() && pass[edges[i].
172
                                                                                                                       }
            return (t.y == 0 ? t.x : t.y) < 0;
                                                           triangle(const point<T> &a, const point< 17
                                                                                                                                                                                first] == 0)
173
                                                                T> &b, const point\langle T \rangle &c) : a(a), b( 18
174
                                                                                                                                                           21
       static bool angle_cmp(const line<T> &A,
                                                                                                                                                           22
                                                                                                                                                                               p.push(edges[i].first);
175
                                                                b), c(c) {}
            const line<T> &B)
                                                           T area() const
                                                                                                       20
                                                                                                                                                           23
                                                                                                                                                                               result[edges[i].first] =
                                                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < node; i++) //</pre>
                                                                                                       21
                                                                                                                                                                                    count;
176
                                                                                                                    negative cycle detection
177
            point<T> a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2 -
                                                               T t = (b - a).cross(c - a) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                           24
                                                               return t > 0 ? t : -t:
                                                                                                       22
                                                                                                                   for(int j = 0; j < node; j++)</pre>
                  B.p1:
                                                                                                                                                           25
                                                                                                       23
                                                                                                                       if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] < dist[</pre>
178
            return sign(a) < sign(b) || (sign(a)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                               newedges.push back(edges[i])
                                                                                                                            j])
                  == sign(b) && a.cross(b) > 0);
                                                           point<T> barycenter() const
                                                                                                       24
179
                                                           { //重心
                                                                                                                            cout<<"Negative cycle!"<<</pre>
                                                                                                       25
        int halfplane intersection(vector<line<T</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                      edges = newedges;
180
                                                               return (a + b + c) / 3;
                                                                                                                                                           28
                                                                                                                                 endl;
            >> &s)
                                                                                                                                                           29
                                                                                                                                                                      newedges.clear();
                                                    15
                                                                                                       26
                                                                                                                            return;
       { //半平面交
                                                                                                                                                           30
                                                                                                                                                                      q.pop();
181
                                                    16
                                                           point<T> circumcenter() const
                                                                                                       27
                                                                                                                                                           31
                                                                                                                                                                      if (q.empty() == true)
            sort(s.begin(), s.end(), angle_cmp);
182
                                                           { //外心
                                                   17
                                                                                                       28
                                                                                                                                                           32
                  //線段左側為該線段半平面
                                                                static line<T> u, v;
                                                                                                       29
                                                                                                          int main(){
                                                                                                                                                           33
                                                                                                                                                                           q = p;
183
            int L, R, n = s.size();
                                                    19
                                                               u.p1 = (a + b) / 2;
                                                                                                               int node;
                                                                                                                                                           34
                                                                                                                                                                           queue<int> tmp;
            vector<point<T>> px(n);
                                                                u.p2 = point < T > (u.p1.x - a.y + b.y,
184
                                                    20
                                                                                                               cin>>node;
                                                                                                                                                                           p = tmp;
185
            vector<line<T>> q(n);
                                                                    u.p1.y + a.x - b.x);
                                                                                                       32
                                                                                                               edges.resize(node, vector<int>(node, inf))
                                                                                                                                                                           count++;
                                                                                                                                                           36
186
            q[L = R = 0] = s[0];
                                                                v.p1 = (a + c) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                           37
187
            for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                                                               v.p2 = point < T > (v.p1.x - a.y + c.y,
                                                                                                               dist.resize(node,inf);
                                                                                                       33
                                                                                                                                                           38
                                                                    v.p1.y + a.x - c.x;
188
                                                                                                       34
                                                                                                               ancestor.resize(node.-1):
                                                                                                                                                           39
                                                               return u.line_intersection(v);
189
                while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[R -
                                                    23
                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                               int a,b,d;
                                                                                                                                                           40
                                                                                                                                                              int main()
                     1]) <= 0)
                                                    24
                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                               while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                           point<T> incenter() const
                    --R:
                                                    25
                                                                                                                   /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                                                                       37
                                                                                                                                                                  int node;
191
                while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[L])
                                                           { //內心
                                                    26
                                                                                                                   if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                           43
                                                                                                                                                                  cin >> node;
                     <= 0)
                                                               T A = sqrt((b - c).abs2()), B = sqrt
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<pair<int, int>> edges;
192
                    ++L;
                                                                     ((a - c).abs2()), C = sqrt((a -
                                                                                                                   edges[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                                                  int a, b;
                q[++R] = s[i];
193
                                                                    b).abs2());
                                                                                                                                                           46
                                                                                                                                                                  while (cin >> a >> b)
                if (q[R].parallel(q[R - 1]))
194
                                                                return point<T>(A * a.x + B * b.x +
                                                    28
                                                                                                               int start:
                                                                                                       42
                                                                                                                                                           47
195
                                                                    C * c.x, A * a.y + B * b.y + C *
                                                                                                       43
                                                                                                               cin>>start;
                                                                                                                                                                      /*a = b = -1 means input edges ended
196
                                                                     c.y) / (A + B + C);
                                                                                                       44
                                                                                                               BellmanFord(start.node):
197
                    if (q[R].ori(s[i].p1) > 0)
                                                    29
                                                                                                       45
                                                                                                               return 0:
                                                                                                                                                                      if (a == -1 && b == -1)
                                                                                                                                                           49
198
                        q[R] = s[i];
                                                           point<T> perpencenter() const
                                                    30
                                                                                                                                                           50
                                                                                                                                                                           break:
199
                                                    31
                                                           { //垂心
                                                                                                                                                           51
                                                                                                                                                                      edges.push back(pair<int, int>(a, b)
                if (L < R)
200
                                                    32
                                                                return barycenter() * 3 -
                    px[R - 1] = q[R - 1].
201
                                                                    circumcenter() * 2;
                                                                                                                                                           52
                         line_intersection(q[R]); 33
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> result(node, -1);
                                                                                                                BFS-queue
202
                                                    34 };
                                                                                                                                                                  BFS(result, edges, node, 0);
```

```
while(!pq.empty()){
       return 0;
                                                                                                     1 /*SPA - Floyd-Warshall*/
                                                                                                                                                                      flag = true;
                                                                                                                                                       11
                                                              int cur = pq.top().second;
                                                                                                     2 #define inf 99999
                                                  10
                                                                                                                                                       12
                                                                                                                                                                      return;
                                                                                                     3 void floyd warshall(vector<vector<int>>&
                                                  11
                                                                                                                                                       13
                                                              for(int i = 0; i < weight[cur].size</pre>
                                                                                                            distance, vector<vector<int>>& ancestor, 14
                                                                                                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < gp[cur].size() && !</pre>
  5.3 DFS-rec
                                                                 if(dist[i] > dist[cur] + weight[
                                                                                                            for (int k = 0; k < n; k++){
                                                                      cur][i] && weight[cur][i] !=
                                                                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                                  if(gp[cur][i] == 1 && !pass[i]){
                                                                                                                                                       16
                                                                                                                    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[i] = true;
                                                                      dist[i] = dist[cur] + weight
                                                                                                                                                                      solution[i] = cur;
1 /*DFS - Recursive version*/
                                                                                                                        if(distance[i][k] + distance 18
  map<pair<int,int>,int> edges;
                                                                           [cur][i];
                                                                                                                             [k][j] < distance[i][j]) 19
                                                                                                                                                                      hamilton(gp, k + 1, i, solution,
  vector<int> pass;
                                                                      ancestor[i] = cur;
                                                                                                                                                                            pass, flag);
                                                  15
4 vector<int> route:
                                                                      pq.push(make pair(dist[i],i)
                                                                                                                            distance[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[i] = false;
                                                  16
5 void DFS(int start){
                                                                                                                                 distance[i][k] +
                                                                                                                                                       21
       pass[start] = 1:
                                                                                                                                 distance[k][j];
                                                                                                                                                       22
       map<pair<int,int>,int>::iterator iter;
                                                  18
                                                                                                                            ancestor[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                       23
       for(iter = edges.begin(); iter != edges.
                                                                                                                                 ancestor[k][j];
                                                                                                                                                       24
                                                                                                                                                          int main(){
                                                 19
            end(); iter++){
                                                                                                                                                       25
                                                                                                                                                              int n:
                                                  20 }
           if((*iter).first.first == start &&
                                                  21 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                              while(cin>>n){
                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                                    }
                                                                                                                                                       26
                (*iter).second == 0 && pass[(*
                                                         int node;
                                                                                                    12
                                                                                                                                                       27
                                                                                                                                                                  int a,b;
                                                  22
                iter).first.second] == 0){
                                                  23
                                                         cin>>node:
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                       28
                                                                                                                                                                  bool end = false:
               route.push_back((*iter).first.
                                                         int a,b,d;
                                                                                                                                                       29
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<vector<int>> gp(n+1,vector<</pre>
                                                  24
                                                                                                     14
                    second);
                                                         weight.resize(node, vector<int>(node, -1)) 15 int main(){
                                                  25
                                                                                                                                                                       int>(n+1,0));
               DFS((*iter).first.second);
                                                                                                            int n:
                                                                                                                                                       30
                                                                                                                                                                  while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                            cin >> n;
                                                                                                                                                       31
                                                                                                                                                                      if(a == 0 &  b == 0)
12
                                                  26
           else if((*iter).first.second ==
                                                              /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                                                                            int a, b, d;
                                                  27
                                                                                                    18
                                                                                                                                                       32
                                                                                                                                                                          break;
                                                             if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                start && (*iter).second == 0 &&
                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> distance(n, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                      gp[a][b] = 1;
                pass[(*iter).first.first] == 0){ 29
                                                                                                                 int>(n,99999));
                                                                                                                                                                      gp[b][a] = 1;
               route.push_back((*iter).first.
                                                              weight[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> ancestor(n, vector
                                                  30
                                                                                                    20
                    first);
                                                                                                                 int>(n,-1));
                                                  31
                                                                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> solution(n + 1, -1);
               DFS((*iter).first.first);
                                                         ancestor.resize(node,-1);
                                                                                                            while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<bool> pass(n + 1, false);
                                                  32
                                                                                                    21
16
                                                  33
                                                         dist.resize(node,inf);
                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                       38
                                                                                                                                                                  solution[1] = 0;
17
                                                  34
                                                         int start;
                                                                                                    23
                                                                                                                    break:
                                                                                                                                                       39
                                                                                                                                                                  pass[1] = true;
18
                                                  35
                                                         cin>>start:
                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                                distance[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                                                                                  bool flag = false;
                                                                                                                                                       40
  int main(){
                                                         dist[start] = 0;
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                                ancestor[a][b] = a;
                                                                                                                                                                  hamilton(gp, 1,1 ,solution,pass,flag
                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                       41
       int node;
                                                         dijkstra(start);
                                                                                                    26
                                                  37
                                                                                                                                                                  if(!flag)
       cin>>node;
                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                  38
                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                                                                       42
       pass.resize(node,0);
                                                                                                    28
                                                                                                                distance[i][i] = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                      cout << "N" << endl;</pre>
22
                                                                                                                                                       43
                                                                                                            floyd_warshall(distance, ancestor, n);
23
       int a,b;
                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                                                                       44
24
       while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                    30
                                                                                                            /*Negative cycle detection*/
                                                                                                                                                       45
                                                                                                                                                              return 0;
           if(a == -1 &  b == -1)
                                                                                                    31
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                       46
                                                                                                                if(distance[i][i] < 0){</pre>
26
                                                     5.5 Euler circuit
                                                                                                    32
                                                                                                                                                       47
                                                                                                                    cout << "Negative cycle!" <<</pre>
           edges.insert(pair<pair<int,int>,int
27
                                                                                                                                                       48
                >(pair<int,int>(a,b),0));
                                                                                                                                                       49
                                                                                                                         endl;
                                                                                                                                                       50 2 3
                                                                                                                    break;
28
                                                                                                    34
                                                   1 /* Euler circuit*/
                                                                                                                                                       51 2 4
29
       int start;
                                                                                                    35
                                                   2 /*From NTU kiseki*/
       cin>>start;
                                                                                                                                                       52 3 4
                                                   3 /*G is graph, vis is visited, la is path*/
       route.push back(start);
                                                                                                            return 0;
                                                                                                                                                       53 3 1
                                                   4 bool vis[ N ]; size t la[ K ];
                                                                                                    37
       DFS(start);
                                                                                                                                                       54 0 0
32
                                                     void dfs( int u, vector< int >& vec ) {
                                                                                                                                                       55 output: 1 3 4 2 1
       return 0;
                                                         while ( la[ u ] < G[ u ].size() ) {</pre>
                                                             if( vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ]
                                                                                                       5.7 Hamilton cycle
                                                             ++ la[ u ];
                                                              continue;
  5.4 Dijkstra
                                                                                                                                                          5.8 Kruskal
                                                                                                     1 /*find hamilton cycle*/
                                                  11
                                                         int v = G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].first;
                                                                                                     void hamilton(vector<vector<int>> gp, int k,
                                                         vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ] = true;
1 /*SPA - Dijkstra*/
                                                                                                              int cur, vector<int>& solution, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       1 /*mst - Kruskal*/
                                                  13
                                                         ++ la[ u ]; dfs( v, vec );
2 #define inf INT MAX
                                                                                                            bool> pass,bool& flag){
                                                                                                                                                        2 struct edges{
                                                  14
                                                         vec.push back( v );
3 vector<vector<int> > weight;
                                                                                                            if(k == gp.size()-1){
                                                                                                                                                              int from;
                                                  15
4 vector<int> ancestor;
                                                                                                                if(gp[cur][1] == 1){
                                                                                                                                                              int to:
                                                                                                                    cout << 1 << " ";
5 vector<int> dist;
6 void dijkstra(int start){
                                                                                                                    while(cur != 1){
                                                                                                                                                              friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b
                                                                                                                        cout << cur << " ":
       priority queue<pair<int,int> ,vector<</pre>
            pair<int,int> > ,greater<pair<int,</pre>
                                                                                                                        cur = solution[cur];
                                                                                                                                                                  return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                           Flovd-warshall
            int > > pq;
       pq.push(make pair(0,start));
                                                                                                                    cout << cur << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                        9 };
```

```
10 int find(int x, vector < int > & union set){
                                                          friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b 1 | int find(int x, vector<int> &union set)
       if(x != union set[x])
           union_set[x] = find(union_set[x],
                                                              return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                                                                             if (union_set[x] != x)
                                                                                                                 union set[x] = find(union set[x],
                union set);
       return union set[x];
                                                   10 };
                                                                                                                      union set); //compress path
13
                                                   11 void Prim(vector<vector<int>> gp,int n,int
                                                                                                             return union set[x];
14 }
   void merge(int a.int b.vector<int>&
       union set){
                                                          vector(bool> pass(n,false);
                                                                                                        void merge(int x, int y, vector<int> &
                                                   12
       int pa = find(a, union set);
                                                          int edge = 0;
                                                   13
                                                                                                             union set, vector<int> &rank)
       int pb = find(b, union_set);
                                                          int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
17
                                                   14
18
       if(pa != pb)
                                                   15
                                                          priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                                                                             int rx, ry;
           union set[pa] = pb;
                                                          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                             rx = find(x, union set);
19
                                                   16
                                                                                                      10
                                                              if(gp[start][i] != inf){
                                                                                                             ry = find(y, union_set);
20
                                                   17
                                                                                                      11
   void kruskal(priority queue<edges> pg.int n)
                                                                  edges tmp:
                                                                                                      12
                                                                                                             if (rx == rv)
                                                   19
                                                                  tmp.from = start:
                                                                                                      13
       vector<int> union_set(n, 0);
                                                   20
                                                                  tmp.to = i;
                                                                                                      14
                                                                                                             /*merge by rank -> always merge small
22
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                  tmp.weight = gp[start][i];
                                                                                                                  tree to big tree*/
23
                                                  21
           union_set[i] = i;
                                                                  pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                             if (rank[rx] > rank[ry])
24
                                                  22
                                                                                                      15
25
       int edge = 0;
                                                  23
                                                                                                      16
                                                                                                                 union_set[ry] = rx;
       int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
                                                                                                             else
26
                                                  24
                                                                                                     17
27
       while(!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1){
                                                  25
                                                          pass[start] = true;
                                                                                                      18
                                                                                                             {
           edges cur = pq.top();
                                                          while(!pq.empty() && edge < n-1){</pre>
                                                                                                                 union set[rx] = ry;
28
                                                   26
                                                                                                      19
29
           int from = find(cur.from, union set)
                                                  27
                                                              edges cur = pq.top();
                                                                                                     20
                                                                                                                 if (rank[rx] == rank[ry])
                                                              pq.pop();
                                                                                                     21
                                                                                                                     ++rank[ry];
           int to = find(cur.to, union set);
                                                              if(!pass[cur.to]){
30
                                                   29
                                                                                                      22
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
           if(from != to){
                                                                                                     23 }
31
                                                   30
               merge(from, to, union_set);
                                                                      if(gp[cur.to][i] != inf){
                                                                                                     24 int main()
32
                                                  31
33
               edge += 1:
                                                                           edges tmp;
                                                                                                     25
                                                   32
               cost += cur.weight;
                                                                          tmp.from = cur.to;
                                                   33
                                                                                                      26
                                                                                                             int node;
34
                                                                          tmp.to = i;
35
                                                   34
                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                             cin >> node; //Input Node number
36
           pq.pop();
                                                   35
                                                                          tmp.weight = gp[cur.to][ 28
                                                                                                             vector<int> union set(node, 0);
                                                                               i];
                                                                                                             vector<int> rank(node, 0);
37
       if(edge < n-1)</pre>
                                                                          pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
38
                                                                                                      30
                                                   36
           cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                 union set[i] = i;
39
                                                   37
                                                                                                      31
                                                                                                             int edge;
40
                                                   38
                                                                                                      32
           cout << cost << endl;</pre>
                                                   39
                                                                  pass[cur.to] = true;
                                                                                                             cin >> edge; //Input Edge number
41
                                                                                                      33
42
                                                   40
                                                                  edge += 1;
                                                                                                      34
                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < edge; i++)</pre>
   int main(){
                                                   41
                                                                  cost += cur.weight;
                                                                                                      35
      int n;
                                                   42
                                                                                                      36
                                                                                                                 int a, b;
       cin >> n;
                                                                                                      37
                                                                                                                 cin >> a >> b;
                                                   43
       int a, b, d;
                                                          if(edge < n-1)
                                                                                                                 merge(a, b, union set, rank);
                                                  44
                                                                                                      38
       priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                              cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                   45
                                                                                                      39
       while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                             /*build party*/
                                                   46
                                                                                                      40
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                              cout << cost << endl:
                                                                                                             vector<vector<int>>> party(node, vector
49
                                                   47
               break;
50
                                                   48 }
                                                                                                                  int>(0));
                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
           edges tmp;
                                                   49 int main(){
                                                                                                      42
                                                                                                                 party[find(i, union_set)].push_back(
52
           tmp.from = a;
                                                   50
                                                         int n;
                                                                                                      43
53
           tmp.to = b;
                                                   51
                                                          cin >> n;
                                                          int a, b, d;
           tmp.weight = d;
                                                          vector<vector<int>> gp(n,vector<int>(n,
55
           pq.push(tmp);
       kruskal(pq, n);
57
                                                  54
                                                          while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
       return 0:
                                                              if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                   55
                                                   56
                                                   57
                                                              if(gp[a][b] > d)
                                                   58
                                                                  gp[a][b] = d;
   5.9 Prim
                                                         Prim(gp,n,0);
                                                   60
                                                   61
                                                          return 0;
1 /*mst - Prim*/
2 #define inf 99999
3 struct edges{
       int from;
```

6 Mathematics

6.1 Catalan

```
Catalan number
```

```
• 0~19項的catalan number
    0 1, 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, 1430, 4862, 16796, 58786,
      208012, 742900, 2674440, 9694845, 35357670, 129644790
       477638700. 1767263190
  • 公武: C_n = \frac{1}{n+1} {2n \choose n} = \frac{(2n)!}{(n+1)!n!}
```

6.2 Combination

```
1 /*input type string or vector*/
2 for (int i = 0; i < (1 << input.size()); ++i</pre>
      string testCase = "";
      for (int j = 0; j < input.size(); ++j)</pre>
          if (i & (1 << j))
              testCase += input[j];
```

6.3 Extended Euclidean

```
1 \mid // ax + by = gcd(a,b)
2 pair<long long, long long> extgcd(long long
       a, long long b)
      if (b == 0)
          return {1, 0};
      long long k = a / b;
      pair<long long, long long> p = extgcd(b,
            a - k * b);
      //cout << p.first << " " << p.second <<
       //cout << "商數(k)= " << k << endl <<
           endl:
       return {p.second, p.first - k * p.second
11
  int main()
14 {
      int a, b;
      cin >> a >> b;
      pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(a
           , b); //(x0,y0)
       cout << xy.first << " " << xy.second <<</pre>
       cout << xy.first << " * " << a << " + "
           << xy.second << " * " << b << endl;
       return 0;
```

5.10 Union find

int to;

int weight;

```
|22| // ax + by = gcd(a,b) * r
                                                           int base = 1:
   /*find |x|+|y| \rightarrow min*/
                                                           int temp = 0;
24 int main()
                                                           for (int i = num.length() - 1; i >= 0; i
25
       long long r, p, q; /*px+qy = r*/
26
                                                               if (num[i] >= '0' && num[i] <= '9')</pre>
27
       int cases:
28
       cin >> cases:
       while (cases--)
                                                                   temp += (num[i] - 48) * base;
29
30
                                                    10
                                                                   base = base * 16;
31
           cin >> r >> p >> q;
                                                   11
           pair<long long, long long> xy =
                                                               else if (num[i] >= 'A' && num[i] <=
32
                                                   12
                extgcd(q, p); //(x0,y0)
           long long ans = 0, tmp = 0;
33
                                                   13
34
           double k, k1:
                                                    14
                                                                   temp += (num[i] - 55) * base:
35
           long long s, s1;
                                                    15
                                                                   base = base * 16:
           k = 1 - (double)(r * xy.first) / p;
36
                                                   16
           s = round(k):
37
                                                    17
           ans = llabs(r * xy.first + s * p) +
                                                   18
                                                          return temp;
                llabs(r * xy.second - s * q);
                                                   19 }
           k1 = -(double)(r * xy.first) / p;
                                                   20 void DecToHex(int p) //10 to 16
39
           s1 = round(k1);
40
                                                   21
           /*cout << k << endl << k1 << endl:
                                                           char *1 = new (char);
41
                                                   22
42
                cout << s << endl << s1 << endl:</pre>
                                                   23
                                                           sprintf(1, "%X", p);
                                                           //int l_intResult = stoi(1);
           tmp = llabs(r * xy.first + s1 * p) + 25
                                                           cout << 1 << "\n";
                 llabs(r * xy.second - s1 * q); 26
                                                           //return l intResult;
           ans = min(ans, tmp);
                                                   27 }
45
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
46
47
       return 0;
48
49
```

6.6 Log

if (n % 2 == 1)

return (int)ans;

ans = ans * a % m;

6.4 Fermat

6.5 Hex to Dec

int HextoDec(string num) //16 to 10

```
1 | double mylog(double a, double base)
                                                        2 {
Little Fermat
                                                               //a 的對數底數 b = 自然對數 (a) / 自然對
                                                                      數 (b)。
 • a^{(p-1)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \iff a * a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1
                                                                return log(a) / log(base);
     \circ a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1/a
 • 同餘因數定理
     \circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff k|a-b|
 • 同餘加法性質
     a \equiv b \pmod{p} and c \equiv d \pmod{p} \iff a + c \equiv b + d \pmod{p}
 • 同餘相乘件質
                                                          6.7 Mod
     a \equiv b \pmod{p} and a \equiv d \pmod{p} <=> ac \equiv bd \pmod{p}
 • 同餘次方性質
     \circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff a^n \equiv b^n \pmod{p}
                                                        1 | int pow_mod(int a, int n, int m) // a ^ n
                                                                mod m;
 • 同餘倍方性質
                                                           { // a, n, m < 10 ^ 9
     \circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff am \equiv bm \pmod{p}
                                                               if (n == 0)
                                                                    return 1;
                                                               int x = pow mid(a, n / 2, m);
                                                               long long ans = (long long)x * x % m;
```

```
6.8 Mod 性質
```

則 $a \equiv d \pmod{c}$

 $\left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\equiv b (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ c &\equiv d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\pm c \equiv b \pm d (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ a \cdot c &\equiv b \cdot d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right.$

 $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+, a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Leftrightarrow k \cdot a \equiv k \cdot b \pmod{k \cdot m}$

 $a^{\Phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ 如果 n 是質數 $\Phi(n) = n-1$ 也就是費馬小定理。

模逆元是取模下的反元素 · 即為找到 a^{-1} 使得 $aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \mod c$

整數 $a \in \text{mod } c$ 下要有模反元素的充分必要條件為 a, c 互質

模逆元如果存在會有無限個,任意兩相鄰模逆元相差c

給定一個質數 $p \cdot \mathbb{H} : (p-1)! \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$

3 const double PI = atan2(0.0, -1.0);

6.10 Prime table

1 const int maxn = sqrt(INT MAX);

保持基本運算:

• 放大縮小模數

費馬小定理

歐拉定理

6.9

 $a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$

Wilson's theorem

PI

1 | #define PI acos(-1)

2 #define PI M PI

```
2 | vector<int> p;
                                                                   bitset<maxn> is notp;
                                                                   void PrimeTable()
加法: (a+b) \mod p = (a \mod p + b \mod p) \mod p
減法: (a-b) \mod p = (a \mod p - b \mod p + p) \mod p
                                                                        is notp.reset();
                                                                         is notp[0] = is notp[1] = 1;
乘法: (a * b) \mod p = (a \mod p \cdot b \mod p) \mod p
                                                                         for (int i = 2; i <= maxn; ++i)</pre>
次方: (a^b) \mod p = ((a \mod p)^b) \mod p
                                                                              if (!is notp[i])
加法結合律: ((a+b) \mod p + c) \mod p = (a+(b+c)) \mod p
                                                                                    p.push_back(i);
                                                                              for (int j = 0; j < (int)p.size();</pre>
                                                               12
乘法結合律: ((a \cdot b) \mod p \cdot c) \mod p = (a \cdot (b \cdot c)) \mod p
                                                                                     ++i)
加法交換律: (a+b) \mod p = (b+a) \mod p
                                                               1.3
                                                               14
                                                                                    if (i * p[j] > maxn)
乘法交換律: (a \cdot b) \mod p = (b \cdot a) \mod p
                                                                                         hreak:
結合律: ((a+b) \bmod p \cdot c) = ((a \cdot c) \bmod p + (b \cdot c) \bmod p) \bmod p
                                                                                    is_notp[i * p[j]] = 1;
                                                                                    if (i % p[j] == 0)
如果 a \equiv b \pmod{m} · 我們會說 a, b 在模 m 下同餘
                                                               18
                                                                                         break;
                                                               19
以下為性質
                                                               20
 • 整除性: a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow c \cdot m = a - b, c \in \mathbb{Z}
                                                               21
          \Rightarrow a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow m \mid a - b
 • 遞移性: 若a \equiv b \pmod{c}, b \equiv d \pmod{c}
```

6.11 Prime 判斷

```
1 // n < 4759123141
                                                                          chk = [2, 7, 61]
                                                 2 // n < 1122004669633 chk = [2, 13, 23,
                                                        1662803]
                                                 3 // n < 2^64
                                                                          chk = [2, 325, 9375,
                                                        28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022]
                                                   vector<long long> chk = {};
                                                  long long fmul(long long a, long long n,
                                                        long long mod)
                                                       long long ret = 0;
                                                       for (; n; n >>= 1)
給定一個質數 p 及一個整數 a · 那麼 : a^p \equiv a \pmod{p} 如果 \gcd(a,p) = 1 · 則
                                                           if (n & 1)
                                                10
                                                                (ret += a) %= mod;
                                                11
                                                           (a += a) \% = mod;
                                                12
歐拉定理是比較 general 版本的費馬小定理。給定兩個整數 n 和 a ,如果 \gcd(a,n) :
                                                       return ret;
                                                15
                                                   long long fpow(long long a, long long n,
                                                        long long mod)
                                                18
                                                19
                                                       long long ret = 1LL;
                                                20
                                                       for (; n; n >>= 1)
                                                21
                                                           if (n & 1)
                                                22
                                                23
                                                                ret = fmul(ret, a, mod);
                                                24
                                                           a = fmul(a, a, mod);
                                                25
                                                26
                                                       return ret;
                                                27
                                                   bool check(long long a, long long u, long
                                                        long n, int t)
                                                29
                                                       a = fpow(a, u, n);
                                                30
                                                       if (a == 0)
                                                           return true;
                                                       if (a == 1 || a == n - 1)
                                                           return true;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < t; ++i)
           a = fmul(a, a, n);
           if (a == 1)
               return false;
           if (a == n - 1)
               return true:
42
43
       return false;
44
   bool is prime(long long n)
45
46
       if (n < 2)
47
           return false:
       if (n % 2 == 0)
           return n == 2;
       long long u = n - 1;
51
52
       int t = 0;
       for (; u & 1; u >>= 1, ++t)
54
55
       for (long long i : chk)
56
57
           if (!check(i, u, n, t))
               return false;
58
59
       return true;
61
   // if (is_prime(int num)) // true == prime
        反之亦然
```

6.12 Round(小數)

```
double myround(double number, unsigned int
   bits)

{
   LL integerPart = number;
   number -= integerPart;
   for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)
        number *= 10;
   number = (LL)(number + 0.5);
   for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)
        number /= 10;
   return integerPart + number;
}

//printf("%.1f\n", round(3.4515239, 1));</pre>
```

6.13 二分逼近法

```
11 | R = M;
12 | }
13 | printf("%.31f\n", R);
14 | }
```

6.14 公式

```
S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} \quad a_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \quad \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}\sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \sum_{k=1}^n k^3 = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^2
```

6.15 四則運算

16

26

27

29

33

34

1 string s = ""; //開頭是負號要補0

string final index)

2 long long int DFS(int le, int ri) // (0,

```
int c = 0;
for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
    if (s[i] == ')')
    if (s[i] == '(')
    if (s[i] == '+' && c == 0)
        return DFS(le, i - 1) + DFS(i +
    if (s[i] == '-' && c == 0)
        return DFS(le, i - 1) - DFS(i +
            1, ri);
for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
    if (s[i] == ')')
       c++:
    if (s[i] == '(')
    if (s[i] == '*' && c == 0)
        return DFS(le, i - 1) * DFS(i +
            1, ri);
    if (s[i] == '/' && c == 0)
        return DFS(le, i - 1) / DFS(i +
            1, ri);
    if (s[i] == '%' && c == 0)
        return DFS(le, i - 1) % DFS(i +
            1, ri);
if ((s[le] == '(') && (s[ri] == ')'))
    return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除刮
if (s[le] == ' ' && s[ri] == ' ')
    return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除左
        右兩邊空格
if (s[le] == ' ')
    return DFS(le + 1, ri); //去除左邊空
if (s[ri] == ' ')
```

```
    36
    return DFS(le, ri - 1); //去除右邊空
    16 }

    40
    long long int num = 0; for (int i = le; i <= ri; i++) num = num * 10 + s[i] - '0'; return num;</td>
    18 vector<int> vector<int> vector<int> vector<int> recur(1, num, num, zero, ans); recur(1, num, num, zero, ans); recur (int i = 0; i < ans.size() // num 為 input 數字</td>

    40
    return num; return
```

6.16 數字乘法組合

```
1 | void dfs(int j, int old, int num, vector<int</pre>
        > com, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       for (int i = j; i <= sqrt(num); i++)</pre>
           if (old == num)
               com.clear();
           if (num % i == 0)
                vector<int> a:
               a = com:
                a.push_back(i);
                finds(i, old, num / i, a, ans);
               a.push_back(num / i);
                ans.push back(a);
15
16
18 vector<vector<int>> ans;
19 vector<int> zero;
20 dfs(2, num, num, zero, ans);
21 /*/num 為 input 數字*/
22 for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)
23
       for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
           cout << ans[i][j] << " ";
       cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
27 }
```

6.18 羅馬數字

```
1 int romanToInt(string s)
       unordered map<char, int> T;
       T['I'] = \overline{1}:
       T['V'] = 5;
       T['X'] = 10;
       T['L'] = 50;
       T['C'] = 100;
       T['D'] = 500;
       T['M'] = 1000;
       int sum = T[s.back()];
       for (int i = s.length() - 2; i >= 0; --i
14
           if (T[s[i]] < T[s[i + 1]])</pre>
                sum -= T[s[i]];
                sum += T[s[i]];
       return sum;
```

6.17 數字加法組合

6.19 質因數分解

```
1 void primeFactorization(int n) // 配合質數表
       for (int i = 0; i < (int)p.size(); ++i)</pre>
          if(p[i] * p[i] > n)
               break;
          if (n % p[i])
              continue;
          cout << p[i] << ' ';
          while (n % p[i] == 0)
              n /= p[i];
11
12
       if (n != 1)
13
          cout << n << ' ':
14
       cout << '\n':
```

```
Other
                                                                                                   24 | void MergeSort(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                                                                                    return j;
                                                                                                                                                    14
                                                        if (left <= length && array[left] >
                                                                                                           int end)
                                                                                                                                                     15
                                                             array[root])
                                                                                                   25
                                                                                                                                                     16
                                                                                                                                                           return -1;
                                                                                                          // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1
         binary search 三類變化
                                                             largest = left;
                                                                                                   26
                                                                                                                                                     17
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                          if (front < end)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       int findMaxProfit(Job arr[], int n)
                                                                                                                                                     18
                                                             largest = root;
                                                                                                   28
                                                        if (right <= length && arrav[right] >
                                                                                                   29
                                                                                                              int mid = (front + end) / 2:
                                                                                                                                                            sort(arr, arr + n, jobComparataor);
1 / / 查找和目標值完全相等的數
                                                             array[largest])
                                                                                                              MergeSort(arr, front, mid);
                                                                                                                                                            int *table = new int[n];
                                                                                                   30
                                                                                                                                                     21
   int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                                                                                                                            table[0] = arr[0].profit;
                                                 11
                                                             largest = right;
                                                                                                   31
                                                                                                              MergeSort(arr, mid + 1, end);
                                                                                                                                                     22
                                                        if (largest != root)
                                                                                                              Merge(arr, front, mid, end);
                                                                                                                                                     23
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                 12
                                                                                                   32
       int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                                 13
                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                                                                     24
      while (left < right)</pre>
                                                             swap(array[largest], array[root]);
                                                                                                                                                     25
                                                                                                                                                                int inclProf = arr[i].profit;
                                                 14
                                                                                                                                                                int 1 = latestNonConflict(arr, i);
                                                             MaxHeapify(array, largest, length);
                                                 15
                                                                                                                                                     26
           int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                               if (1 != -1)
           if (nums[mid] == target)
                                                 17 }
                                                                                                                                                     28
                                                                                                                                                                    inclProf += table[1];
               return mid;
                                                                                                      7.4 Quick
                                                 18 void HeapSort(vector<int> &array)
                                                                                                                                                                table[i] = max(inclProf, table[i -
           else if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
               left = mid + 1;
                                                        array.insert(array.begin(), 0);
                                                 20
                                                                                                                                                     30
                                                 21
                                                        for (int i = (int)array.size() / 2; i >=
                                                                                                   int Partition(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                                                                            int result = table[n - 1];
                                                                                                                                                     31
               right = mid;
                                                                                                                                                            delete[] table;
                                                              1: i--)
                                                                                                                                                     32
                                                             MaxHeapify(array, i, (int)array.size 2 | {
                                                 22
                                                                                                                                                     33
15
       return -1;
                                                                                                          int pivot = arr[end]:
                                                                                                                                                            return result:
                                                                  () - 1);
                                                                                                                                                     34
16
                                                        int size = (int)array.size() - 1;
                                                                                                          int i = front - 1:
   // 找第一個不小於目標值的數 == 找最後一個小
                                                         for (int i = (int)array.size() - 1; i >=
                                                                                                          for (int j = front; j < end; j++)</pre>
                                                              2; i--)
   /*(lower bound)*/
                                                                                                              if (arr[j] < pivot)</pre>
                                                 25
                                                                                                                                                       7.6 數獨解法
   int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                 26
                                                             swap(array[1], array[i]);
20
                                                 27
                                                                                                                  i++:
       int left = 0, right = nums.size();
21
                                                 28
                                                             MaxHeapify(array, 1, size);
                                                                                                                  swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
      while (left < right)</pre>
22
                                                 29
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                                                                      int getSquareIndex(int row, int column, int
23
                                                        array.erase(array.begin());
                                                                                                   12
           int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
24
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                          i++;
25
           if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
                                                                                                          swap(arr[i], arr[end]);
                                                                                                                                                           return row / n * n + column / n;
                                                                                                   14
               left = mid + 1;
                                                                                                          return i;
                                                                                                   15
                                                                                                   16 }
               right = mid;
                                                    7.3 Merge sort
                                                                                                      void QuickSort(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                                                                       bool backtracking(vector<vector<int>> &board
                                                                                                                                                            , vector<vector<bool>> &rows, vector<</pre>
30
       return right;
                                                                                                                                                            vector<bool>> &cols,
                                                  1 | void Merge(vector<int> &arr, int front, int
                                                                                                          // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1
                                                                                                                                                                          vector<vector<bool>> &boxs
                                                                                                   19
   // 找第一個大於目標值的數 == 找最後一個不大
                                                         mid, int end)
                                                                                                          if (front < end)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                               , int index, int n)
                                                                                                   20
        於目標值的數
                                                        vector<int> LeftSub(arr.begin() + front, 22
                                                                                                              int pivot = Partition(arr, front,
                                                                                                                                                           int n2 = n * n:
   /*(upper bound)*/
   int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                              arr.begin() + mid + 1);
                                                                                                                                                            int rowNum = index / n2, colNum = index
                                                        vector<int> RightSub(arr.begin() + mid + 23
                                                                                                              QuickSort(arr, front, pivot - 1);
                                                                                                                                                                % n2:
                                                              1, arr.begin() + end + 1);
                                                                                                              QuickSort(arr, pivot + 1, end);
                                                                                                                                                           if (index >= n2 * n2)
       int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                                        LeftSub.insert(LeftSub.end(), INT_MAX);
       while (left < right)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                               return true;
                                                        RightSub.insert(RightSub.end(), INT MAX) 26 }
                                                                                                                                                     13
                                                                                                                                                           if (board[rowNum][colNum] != 0)
           int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
                                                        int idxLeft = 0, idxRight = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                return backtracking(board, rows,
           if (nums[mid] <= target)</pre>
               left = mid + 1;
                                                                                                                                                                     cols, boxs, index + 1, n);
                                                                                                      7.5 Weighted Job Scheduling
           else
                                                        for (int i = front; i <= end; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                            for (int i = 1; i <= n2; i++)</pre>
               right = mid:
       return right;
                                                 12
                                                             if (LeftSub[idxLeft] <= RightSub[</pre>
                                                                                                    1 struct Job
                                                                                                                                                               if (!rows[rowNum][i] && !cols[colNum
                                                                 idxRight])
                                                                                                                                                                     [i] && !boxs[getSquareIndex(
                                                                                                          int start, finish, profit;
                                                                                                                                                                     rowNum, colNum, n)][i])
                                                 14
                                                                arr[i] = LeftSub[idxLeft];
                                                                                                    5 bool jobComparataor(Job s1, Job s2)
                                                                                                                                                                    rows[rowNum][i] = true;
                                                                idxLeft++:
  7.2 heap sort
                                                                                                                                                                    cols[colNum][i] = true;
                                                             else
                                                                                                          return (s1.finish < s2.finish);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                    boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
                                                                                                                                                                         colNum, n)][i] = true;
1 void MaxHeapify(vector<int> &array, int root
                                                                arr[i] = RightSub[idxRight];
                                                                                                    9 int latestNonConflict(Job arr[], int i)
                                                                                                                                                     24
                                                                                                                                                                    board[rowNum][colNum] = i;
       , int length)
                                                                 idxRight++;
                                                                                                                                                     25
                                                                                                                                                                    if (backtracking(board, rows,
                                                                                                                                                                        cols, boxs, index + 1, n))
                                                 21
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                          for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j --)
       int left = 2 * root,
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                                                        return true;
                                                 22
           right = 2 * root + 1,
                                                                                                              if (arr[j].finish <= arr[i].start)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                    board[rowNum][colNum] = 0;
```

```
rows[rowNum][i] = false;
29
               cols[colNum][i] = false;
               boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
30
                    colNum, n)][i] = false;
31
32
33
      return false:
34
35 /*用法 main*/
36 int n = sqrt(數獨邊長大小) /*e.g. 9*9 n=3*/
  vector<vector<int>> board(n * n + 1, vector
       int>(n * n + 1, 0));
  vector<vector<bool>> isRow(n * n + 1, vector
       <bool>(n * n + 1, false));
39 vector<vector<bool>> isColumn(n * n + 1,
       vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
40 vector<vector<bool>> isSquare(n * n + 1,
       vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
   for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i)
42
43
       for (int j = 0; j < n * n; ++j)
44
45
46
          int number;
          cin >> number;
          board[i][j] = number;
          if (number == 0)
               continue;
          isRow[i][number] = true;
          isColumn[j][number] = true;
53
          isSquare[getSquareIndex(i, j, n)][
               number] = true;
54
55
   if (backtracking(board, isRow, isColumn,
       isSquare, 0, n))
       /*有解答*/
58 else
       /*解答*/
```

8 String

8.1 KMP

```
17 {
18
       int n = text.length();
       int m = pattern.length();
19
20
       int next[pattern.length()];
21
       ComputePrefix(pattern, next);
                                                    10
22
                                                    11
23
       for (int i = 0, q = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                    12
24
            while (q > 0 && pattern[q] != text[i
                                                    15
                ])
                q = next[q];
                                                    16
            if (pattern[q] == text[i])
                                                    17
                a++:
                                                    18
29
            if (q == m)
                                                    19
30
                                                    20
31
                cout << "Pattern occurs with
                                                    21
                     shift " << i - m + 1 << endl 22
                                                    23
               q = 0:
32
                                                    24
33
34
35 }
36 // string s = "abcdabcdebcd":
37 // string p = "bcd";
38 // KMPMatcher(s, p);
39 // cout << endl;
```

8.2 Min Edit Distance

```
1 int EditDistance(string a, string b)
2 {
       vector<vector<int>> dp(a.size() + 1,
           vector<int>(b.size() + 1, 0));
       int m = a.length(), n = b.length();
       for (int i = 0; i < m + 1; i++)
           for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++)
               if (i == 0)
                   dp[i][j] = j;
11
               else if (j == 0)
12
                   dp[i][j] = i;
13
               else if (a[i - 1] == b[j - 1])
                   dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1];
14
15
               else
16
                   dp[i][j] = 1 + min(min(dp[i
                        - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]),
                        dp[i - 1][j - 1]);
17
18
19
      return dp[m][n];
```

8.3 Sliding window

```
string minWindow(string s, string t)
{
    unordered_map<char, int> letterCnt;
    for (int i = 0; i < t.length(); i++)
        letterCnt[t[i]]++;</pre>
```

8.4 Split

```
1 vector<string> mysplit(const string &str,
       const string &delim)
       vector<string> res;
       if ("" == str)
           return res;
       char *strs = new char[str.length() + 1];
       char *d = new char[delim.length() + 1];
       strcpy(strs, str.c str());
       strcpy(d, delim.c str());
11
       char *p = strtok(strs, d);
12
       while (p)
13
14
           string s = p;
15
           res.push back(s);
           p = strtok(NULL, d);
16
17
       return res;
```

int minLength = INT MAX, minStart = -1;

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for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)</pre>

if (--letterCnt[s[i]] >= 0)

while (matchCnt == t.length())

minStart = left:

matchCnt--:

return minLength == INT MAX ? "" : s.

substr(minStart, minLength);

if (i - left + 1 < minLength)</pre>

if (++letterCnt[s[left]] > 0)

minLength = i - left + 1;

int left = 0, matchCnt = 0;

matchCnt++;

left++;

9 data structure

9.1 Bigint

```
int v1, v[LEN];
// vector<int> v;
Bigint() : s(1) { vl = 0; }
Bigint(long long a)
    s = 1;
    v1 = 0:
    if (a < 0)
        s = -1;
        a = -a;
    while (a)
        push back(a % BIGMOD);
        a /= BIGMOD;
Bigint(string str)
    s = 1;
    v1 = 0:
    int stPos = 0, num = 0:
    if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-')
        stPos = 1:
        s = -1;
    for (int i = str.length() - 1, q =
         1; i >= stPos; i--)
        num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
        if ((q *= 10) \rightarrow = BIGMOD)
            push_back(num);
            num = 0;
            q = 1;
    if (num)
        push back(num);
    n();
int len() const
{
    return vl; //return SZ(v);
bool empty() const { return len() == 0;
void push back(int x)
    v[vl++] = x; //v.PB(x);
void pop_back()
    vl--; //v.pop_back();
int back() const
    return v[vl - 1]; //return v.back();
}
void n()
    while (!empty() && !back())
        pop_back();
```

```
void resize(int nl)
                                                      133
72
                                                      134
73
                                   //v.resize(nl);
            vl = nl;
                                                      135
74
            fill(v, v + vl, 0); //fill(ALL(v),
                                                      136
                                                      137
75
                                                      138
76
        void print() const
                                                      139
77
                                                      140
78
            if (empty())
                                                      141
79
                                                      142
80
                 putchar('0');
                                                      143
                 return:
                                                      144
82
                                                      145
             if (s == -1)
                                                      146
                 putchar('-');
                                                      147
            printf("%d", back());
85
                                                      148
            for (int i = len() - 2; i >= 0; i--)
86
                                                     149
                 printf("%.4d", v[i]);
87
                                                      150
88
                                                      151
89
        friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::</pre>
                                                      152
             ostream &out, const Bigint &a)
                                                      153
90
                                                      154
91
            if (a.empty())
                                                      155
92
                                                      156
93
                 out << "0":
                                                      157
                 return out:
                                                      158
94
95
                                                      159
            if (a.s == -1)
                                                      160
                 out << "-":
                                                      161
            out << a.back();
                                                      162
             for (int i = a.len() - 2; i >= 0; i
99
                                                     163
                  --)
                                                      164
                                                      165
100
                 char str[10];
                                                      166
101
                 snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i]) 167
102
                 out << str;
103
                                                      168
104
                                                      169
            return out:
                                                      170
105
106
                                                      171
        int cp3(const Bigint &b) const
107
                                                      172
                                                      173
108
109
            if (s != b.s)
                                                      174
                 return s - b.s:
                                                      175
110
            if (s == -1)
111
                                                      176
112
                 return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
                                                      177
            if (len() != b.len())
113
                                                      178
                 return len() - b.len(); //int
114
                                                      179
             for (int i = len() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
115
                                                     180
                 if (v[i] != b.v[i])
                                                      181
116
                     return v[i] - b.v[i];
                                                      182
117
118
            return 0:
                                                      183
119
                                                      184
120
        bool operator < (const Bigint &b) const
                                                      185
                                                      186
121
            return cp3(b) < 0;
                                                      187
122
123
                                                      188
        bool operator <= (const Bigint &b) const
124
125
                                                      190
            return cp3(b) <= 0;
                                                      191
126
127
                                                      192
128
        bool operator == (const Bigint &b) const
                                                      193
129
                                                      194
130
            return cp3(b) == 0;
                                                      195
131
                                                      196
        bool operator!=(const Bigint &b) const
```

```
198
    return cp3(b) != 0;
                                             199
                                             200
bool operator>(const Bigint &b) const
                                             201
                                             202
    return cp3(b) > 0;
                                             203
                                             204
bool operator>=(const Bigint &b) const
                                             205
    return cp3(b) >= 0;
                                             206
                                             207
Bigint operator-() const
                                             208
                                             209
    Bigint r = (*this):
                                             210
    r.s = -r.s;
    return r;
                                             211
                                             212
Bigint operator+(const Bigint &b) const
                                             213
                                             214
    if (s == -1)
                                             215
         return -(-(*this) + (-b));
                                             216
    if (b.s == -1)
                                             217
        return (*this) - (-b):
                                             218
    Bigint r;
                                             219
    int nl = max(len(), b.len());
                                             220
    r.resize(nl + 1);
                                             221
    for (int i = 0; i < nl; i++)
                                             222
        if (i < len())</pre>
                                             223
             r.v[i] += v[i];
                                             224
         if (i < b.len())</pre>
                                             225
             r.v[i] += b.v[i];
         if (r.v[i] >= BIGMOD)
                                             226
                                             227
             r.v[i + 1] += r.v[i] /
                                             228
                  BIGMOD:
                                             229
             r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                             230
                                             231
                                             232
    r.n();
                                             233
    return r;
                                             234
                                             235
Bigint operator-(const Bigint &b) const
                                            236
                                             237
    if (s == -1)
                                             238
         return -(-(*this) - (-b));
                                             239
    if (b.s == -1)
                                             240
         return (*this) + (-b);
                                             241
    if ((*this) < b)</pre>
                                             242
         return -(b - (*this));
                                             243
    Bigint r;
                                             244
    r.resize(len());
                                             245
    for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)
                                             246
                                             247
         r.v[i] += v[i];
         if (i < b.len())</pre>
             r.v[i] -= b.v[i];
         if (r.v[i] < 0)
             r.v[i] += BIGMOD:
             r.v[i + 1]--;
    r.n();
```

return r;

```
Bigint operator*(const Bigint &b)
            Bigint r;
            r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
            r.s = s * b.s;
            for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)
                for (int j = 0; j < b.len(); j
                    r.v[i + j] += v[i] * b.v[j]; 14
                    if (r.v[i + j] >= BIGMOD)
                        r.v[i + i + 1] += r.v[i
                             + j] / BIGMOD;
                        r.v[i + j] %= BIGMOD;
               }
           r.n();
            return r;
       Bigint operator/(const Bigint &b)
            Bigint r:
            r.resize(max(1, len() - b.len() + 1)
                                                  27
                );
            int oriS = s:
            Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
            s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
            for (int i = r.len() - 1; i >= 0; i
                --)
                int d = 0, u = BIGMOD - 1;
                while (d < u)
                    int m = (d + u + 1) >> 1;
                    r.v[i] = m;
                    if ((r * b2) > (*this))
                        u = m - 1;
                    else
                        d = m:
                r.v[i] = d;
           }
            s = oriS;
           r.s = s * b.s;
           r.n();
            return r;
       Bigint operator%(const Bigint &b)
            return (*this) - (*this) / b * b;
248 };
   9.2 Matirx
```

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```
1 template <typename T>
2 struct Matrix
3 | {
      using rt = std::vector<T>;
      using mt = std::vector<rt>;
```

```
using matrix = Matrix<T>;
int r, c; // [r][c]
Matrix(int r, int c) : r(r), c(c), m(r, r)
     rt(c)) {}
Matrix(mt a) \{ m = a, r = a.size(), c = a.size() \}
     a[0].size(): }
rt &operator[](int i) { return m[i]; }
matrix operator+(const matrix &a)
    matrix rev(r, c);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
        for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
            rev[i][j] = m[i][j] + a.m[i]
                 ][j];
    return rev;
matrix operator-(const matrix &a)
    matrix rev(r, c);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
        for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
            rev[i][j] = m[i][j] - a.m[i]
                 ][j];
    return rev:
matrix operator*(const matrix &a)
    matrix rev(r, a.c);
    matrix tmp(a.c, a.r);
    for (int i = 0; i < a.r; ++i)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)
            tmp[j][i] = a.m[i][j];
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
        for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)
            for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                rev.m[i][j] += m[i][k] *
                       tmp[j][k];
    return rev:
bool inverse() // 逆矩陣判斷
    Matrix t(r, r + c);
    for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
        t.m[y][c + y] = 1;
        for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
            t.m[y][x] = m[y][x];
    if (!t.gas())
        return false;
    for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
        for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
            m[y][x] = t.m[y][c + x] / t.
                 m[y][y];
    return true;
T gas() //行列式
    vector<T> lazy(r, 1);
    bool sign = false:
    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
        if (m[i][i] == 0)
```

```
int j = i + 1;
                                                                                                                           val[sz] = v;
                                                   27
                                                                                                      86
                                                                                                                           c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                                                                                 return fraction(n * b.d + b.n * d, d * b
66
                   while (j < r && !m[j][i])
                                                   28
                                                          BigInteger operator + (const BigInteger&
67
                                                   29
                    if (j = r)
                                                                                                                      u = c[u][index];
                                                                b) const{
                                                                                                      89
                                                                                                                                                          19
                        continue;
                                                               BigInteger c;
                                                                                                                      max len count++;
                                                                                                                                                               fraction operator-(const fraction &b)
                                                   30
                                                                                                      90
                                                                                                                                                          20
                                                               c.s.clear();
                   m[i].swap(m[j]);
                                                   31
                                                                                                      91
71
                   sign = !sign:
                                                   32
                                                               for(int i = 0, g = 0;;i++){}
                                                                                                      92
                                                                                                                  for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i
                                                                                                                                                          21
                                                                   if(g == 0 && i >= s.size() && i
                                                                                                                                                                 return fraction(n * b.d - b.n * d, d * b
72
                                                   33
                                                                                                                       --){
                                                                                                                                                          22
                                                                                                                      char buf[20];
73
               for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j)
                                                                        >= b.s.size()) break;
                                                                                                      93
                                                                                                                      sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                   int x = g;
74
                                                   34
                                                                                                      94
                                                                                                                                                          23
                   if (i == j)
75
                                                   35
                                                                   if(i < s.size()) x+=s[i];</pre>
                                                                                                      95
                                                                                                                      for(int j = 0; j < strlen(buf)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                          24
                                                                                                                                                               fraction operator*(const fraction &b)
                                                                   if(i < b.s.size()) x+=b.s[i];</pre>
                                                                                                                           && max len count < 50; j++){
76
                        continue:
                                                   36
                   lazy[j] = lazy[j] * m[i][i];
                                                                   c.s.push_back(x % BASE);
                                                                                                                           int index = getIndex(buf[j])
77
                                                  37
                                                                                                      96
                                                                                                                                                         25
78
                   T mx = m[j][i];
                                                                   g = x / BASE:
                                                                                                                                                          26
                                                                                                                                                                 return fraction(n * b.n. d * b.d):
                   for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                                                   39
                                                                                                      97
                                                                                                                           if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                                                                          27
                        m[j][k] = m[j][k] * m[i]
                                                   40
                                                               return c;
                                                                                                      98
                                                                                                                               memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof 28
                                                                                                                                                               fraction operator/(const fraction &b)
                             ][i] - m[i][k] * mx; 41
                                                                                                                                    (c[sz]));
                                                                                                                               val[sz] = v;
                                                   42 };
                                                                                                      99
                                                                                                                                                          29
                                                                                                                               c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                                                                          30
                                                                                                                                                                 return fraction(n * b.d, d * b.n);
                                                   43
                                                                                                      100
           T det = sign ? -1 : 1;
                                                   44 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
                                                                                                     101
                                                                                                                                                          31
           for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                           BigInteger& x){
                                                                                                     102
                                                                                                                          u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                                                                          32
                                                                                                                                                               void print()
                                                          out << x.s.back();
                                                                                                                          max len count++;
                                                   45
                                                                                                      103
                                                                                                                                                          33
               det = det * m[i][i];
86
                                                   46
                                                          for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i--){
                                                                                                     104
                                                                                                                                                          34
                                                                                                                                                                 cout << n:
                                                               char buf[20];
               det = det / lazy[i];
                                                   47
                                                                                                                      if(max_len_count >= 50){
                                                                                                                                                          35
                                                                                                                                                                 if (d != 1)
                                                                                                     105
                                                               sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                   cout << "/" << d;
               for (auto &j : m[i])
                                                   48
                                                                                                      106
                                                                                                                          break;
                                                                                                                                                          36
                   j /= lazy[i];
                                                   49
                                                               for(int j = 0; j< strlen(buf);j++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                          37
89
                                                                                                     107
                                                                   out << buf[j];
                                                                                                                                                          38 };
90
                                                   50
                                                                                                     108
           return det;
                                                   51
91
                                                                                                      109
                                                                                                              int find(const char* s){
                                                   52
92
                                                                                                     110
93 };
                                                   53
                                                          return out;
                                                                                                     111
                                                                                                                  int u = 0;
                                                   54
                                                                                                                  int n = strlen(s);
                                                                                                     112
                                                                                                     113
                                                                                                                  for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                   55
                                                   56
                                                      istream& operator >> (istream &in.
                                                                                                     114
  9.3
          Trie
                                                           BigInteger& x){
                                                                                                     115
                                                                                                                      int index = getIndex(s[i]);
                                                          string s;
                                                                                                                      if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                     116
                                                   57
                                                          if(!(in >> s))
                                                   58
                                                                                                     117
                                                                                                                          return -1;
1 // biginter字典數
                                                   59
                                                               return in;
                                                                                                     118
2 struct BigInteger{
                                                   60
                                                          x = s;
                                                                                                     119
                                                                                                                      u = c[u][index];
       static const int BASE = 100000000:
                                                   61
                                                          return in:
                                                                                                      120
       static const int WIDTH = 8;
                                                   62
                                                                                                                  return val[u];
                                                                                                      121
       vector<int> s;
                                                   63
                                                                                                      122
       BigInteger(long long num = 0){
                                                                                                      123 }
                                                   64
                                                      struct Trie{
                                                          int c[5000005][10];
           *this = num;
                                                          int val[5000005];
       BigInteger operator = (long long num){
                                                   67
                                                                                                         9.4 分數
           s.clear();
                                                   68
                                                           int getIndex(char c){
                                                               return c - '0';
11
                                                   69
               s.push back(num % BASE);
                                                   70
12
               num /= BASE;
                                                                                                       1 typedef long long ll;
13
                                                   71
           }while(num > 0);
                                                               memset(c[0], 0, sizeof(c[0]));
                                                                                                       2 struct fraction
14
                                                   72
           return *this;
                                                               memset(val, -1, sizeof(val));
15
                                                   73
16
                                                   74
                                                               sz = 1;
                                                                                                           11 n, d;
       BigInteger operator = (const string& str
                                                                                                            fraction(const 11 & n = 0, const 11 & d =
17
                                                          void insert(BigInteger x, int v){
                                                                                                                1) : n(_n), d(_d)
           s.clear();
                                                   77
                                                               int u = 0;
           int x, len = (str.length() - 1) /
                                                               int max_len_count = 0;
                                                                                                              11 t = \underline{gcd(n, d)};
19
                WIDTH + 1;
                                                               int firstNum = x.s.back();
                                                                                                              n /= t, d /= t;
           for(int i = 0; i < len;i++){</pre>
                                                               char firstBuf[20];
                                                                                                              if (d < 0)
                                                               sprintf(firstBuf, "%d", firstNum);
               int end = str.length() - i*WIDTH
21
                                                                                                                n = -n, d = -d;
                                                               for(int j = 0; j < strlen(firstBuf); 11</pre>
               int start = max(0, end-WIDTH);
                                                                   j++){
                                                                                                       12
                                                                                                            fraction operator-() const
23
               sscanf(str.substr(start, end-
                                                   83
                                                                   int index = getIndex(firstBuf[j
                                                                                                      13
                    start).c str(), "%d", &x);
                                                                                                              return fraction(-n, d);
                                                                                                      14
               s.push back(x);
                                                                   if(!c[u][index]){
                                                                                                      15
                                                                       memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof(c[
                                                                                                            fraction operator+(const fraction &b)
25
                                                   85
```

sz]));

return *this;

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