1 Basic

1.1 A function

```
1 round(double f);
                          // 四捨五入
2 ceil(double f);
                          // 無條件捨去
3 floor(double f);
                         //無條件進入
   builtin popcount(int n); // 32bit有多少 1
5 to string(int s);
                         // int to string
  vector<int>::iterator it = lower bound(v.
      begin(), v.end(), val);
8 //用binary search找大於或等於val的最小值的位
  vector<int>::iterator it = upper_bound(v.
      begin(), v.end(), val);
  //用binary search找大於val的最小值的位置
  /*queue*/
13 queue < datatype > q;
14 front(); /*取出最前面的值(沒有移除掉喔!!)*/
15 | back(); /*取出最後面的值(沒有移除掉!!)*/
16 | pop(); /*移掉最前面的值*/
17 push(); /*新增值到最後面*/
18 empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的queue*/
  |size(); /*queue 的大小*/
  /*stack*/
22 stack<datatype> s;
23 top(); /*取出最上面的值(沒有移除掉喔!!)*/
24 | pop(); /*移掉最上面的值*/
25 push(); /*新增值到最上面*/
26 empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的stack*/
27 size(); /*stack 的大小*/
  /*unordered_set*/
  unordered_set<datatype> s;
  unordered_set<datatype> s(arr, arr + n);
32 /*initial with array*/
33 insert(); /*插入值*/
34 erase(); /*刪除值*/
35 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
36 count(): /*判斷元素存在回傳1 無則回傳0*/
```

1.2 Codeblock setting

```
Settings -> Editor -> Keyboard shortcuts -> Plugins -> Source code formatter (AStyle )

Settings -> Source Formatter -> Padding 
Delete empty lines within a function or method

Insert space padding around operators 
Insert space padding around parentheses on outside 
Remove extra space padding around parentheses
```

1.3 data range

1.4 IO fast

```
1 void io()
2 {
3         ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
4         cin.tie(nullptr);
5         cout.tie(nullptr);
6 }
```

1.5 Python

2 DP

2.1 3 維 DP 思路

```
      1 | 解題思路: dp[i][j][k]

      2 | i 跟 j 代表 range i ~ j 的 value

      3 | k在我的理解裡是視題目的要求而定的

      4 | 像是 Remove Boxes 當中 k 代表的是在 i 之前還有多少個連續的箱子

      5 | 所以每次區間消去的值就是(k+1) * (k+1)

      6 | 換言之・我認為可以理解成 k 的意義就是題目今天所關注的重點・就是老師說的題目所規定的運算
```

2.2 Knapsack Bounded

```
1 const int N = 100, W = 100000;
2 int cost[N], weight[N], number[N];
3 \mid int c[W + 1];
4 void knapsack(int n, int w)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           int num = min(number[i], w / weight[
           for (int k = 1; num > 0; k *= 2)
               if (k > num)
12
                   k = num;
               num -= k:
               for (int j = w; j >= weight[i] *
                     k; --j)
                    c[j] = max(c[j], c[j -
                         weight[i] * k] + cost[i]
16
17
18
       cout << "Max Prince" << c[w];</pre>
```

2.3 Knapsack sample

```
1 int Knapsack(vector<int> weight, vector<int>
        value, int bag Weight)
       // vector<int> weight = {1, 3, 4};
       // vector<int> value = {15, 20, 30};
       // int bagWeight = 4;
       vector<vector<int>> dp(weight.size(),
            vector<int>(bagWeight + 1, 0));
       for (int j = weight[0]; j <= bagWeight;</pre>
           j++)
           dp[0][j] = value[0];
       // weight 數組的大小就是物品個數
       for (int i = 1; i < weight.size(); i++)</pre>
       { // 遍歷物品
           for (int j = 0; j <= bagWeight; j++)</pre>
           { // 遍歷背包容量
13
               if (j < weight[i]) dp[i][j] = dp</pre>
                    [i - 1][j];
               else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j
15
                    ], dp[i - 1][j - weight[i]]
                    + value[i]);
16
17
       cout << dp[weight.size() - 1][bagWeight]</pre>
             << endl;
```

2.4 Knapsack Unbounded

```
1 const int N = 100, W = 100000;
2 int cost[N], weight[N];
3 int c[W + 1];
4 void knapsack(int n, int w)
5 {
6 memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));
7 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
8 for (int j = weight[i]; j <= w; ++j)
9 c[j] = max(c[j], c[j - weight[i];
0 cout << "最高的價值為" << c[w];
1 }
```

int LCIS_len(vector<int> arr1, vetor<int>

2.5 LCIS

```
arr2)
       int n = arr1.size(), m = arr2.size();
       vector<int> table(m, 0);
       for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
           table[j] = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           int current = 0;
           for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
               if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                   if (current + 1 > table[j])
                       table[j] = current + 1;
               if (arr1[i] > arr2[j])
                   if (table[j] > current)
                       current = table[j];
20
21
       int result = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
24
           if (table[i] > result)
               result = table[i];
       return result;
```

2.6 LCS

```
else
                                                          int maxlen = *max element(LISLen.begin() 28
                                                                                                            cout \langle\langle 1 + 1 \langle\langle ' ' \langle\langle r + 1 \langle\langle ' \rangle n' \rangle\rangle
                                                                                                                                                        32 | // 湊得某個價位的錢幣用量,有哪幾種可能性
                   LCS[i][i] = max(LCS[i - 1][i]
                                                              , LISLen.end());
                                                                                                                                                          void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                                                                                 //頭到屋
                        ], LCS[i][j - 1]);
                                                          int num, pos;
                                                  29
                                                                                                                                                        34
                                                          vector<int> buf;
                                                                                                                                                               vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
13
                                                  30
                                                                                                                                                        35
                                                          getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen,
                                                                                                                                                        36
14
                                                  31
       cout << LCS[N][M] << '\n';</pre>
                                                              numeric limits<int>::max(), maxlen,
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
       //列印 LCS
                                                              LISTbl.size() - 1, num, pos);
                                                                                                                                                                   for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                        2.9 Max subarray
                                                          buf.push back(num);
       int n = N, m = M;
                                                  32
                                                                                                                                                                        ++i)
17
                                                                                                                                                                       c[j] |= c[j-price[i]] << 1; //</pre>
                                                  33
                                                          for (int len = maxlen - 1; len >= 1; len
       vector<string> k;
18
                                                                                                                                                                             錢幣數量加一,每一種可能性都
       while (n && m)
                                                                                                      1 /*Kadane's algorithm*/
                                                  34
20
                                                                                                      1 int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
                                                              int tnum = num;
           if (LCS[n][m] != max(LCS[n - 1][m],
                                                  35
                                                                                                            int local max = nums[0], global max =
                                                              int tpos = pos;
                LCS[n][m - 1]))
                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                               for (int i = 1; i <= 63; ++i)
                                                                                                                                                        41
                                                                                                                 nums[0]:
                                                  37
                                                              getMaxElementAndPos(LISTbl, LISLen.
                                                                                                                                                                   if (c[m] & (1 << i))
                                                                                                                                                        42
                                                                                                            for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                   tnum, len, tpos - 1, num, pos);
               k.push_back(Ans[n - 1]);
                                                                                                                                                                       cout << "用" << i << "個錢幣可湊
                                                                                                                local_max = max(nums[i], nums[i]+
                                                                                                                                                        43
                                                  38
                                                              buf.push back(num);
                                                                                                                                                                            得價位" << m;
                                                                                                                     local max);
                                                  39
               m - -;
                                                                                                                global max = max(local max,
                                                                                                                                                        44 }
                                                         reverse(buf.begin(), buf.end());
                                                  40
                                                                                                                     global max);
                                                          for (int k = 0; k < buf.size(); k++) //</pre>
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n - 1][m]) 41
                                                                                                            return global max;
           else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n][m - 1]) 42
                                                              if (k == buf.size() - 1)
                                                                                                                                                           3 Flow & matching
                                                                  cout << buf[k] << endl;</pre>
                                                  44
       reverse(k.begin(), k.end());
                                                  45
                                                                  cout << buf[k] << ",";</pre>
       for (auto i : k)
                                                  46
                                                                                                                                                           3.1 Dinic
                                                                                                        2.10 Money problem
           cout << i << " ";
                                                  47
34
       cout << endl:
                                                          return maxlen;
       return LCS[N][M];
```

2.7 LIS

```
1 void getMaxElementAndPos(vector<int> &LISTbl
        , vector<int> &LISLen, int tNum, int
       tlen, int tStart, int &num, int &pos)
2
3
       int max = numeric_limits<int>::min();
       int maxPos:
       for (int i = tStart; i >= 0; i--)
           if (LISLen[i] == tlen && LISTbl[i] <</pre>
                 tNum)
               if (LISTbl[i] > max)
                   max = LISTbl[i];
                   maxPos = i;
       num = max;
       pos = maxPos;
   int LIS(vector<int> &LISTbl)
       if (LISTbl.size() == 0)
22
           return 0:
       vector<int> LISLen(LISTbl.size(), 1);
       for (int i = 1; i < LISTbl.size(); i++)</pre>
           for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
               if (LISTbl[i] < LISTbl[i])</pre>
                   LISLen[i] = max(LISLen[i],
                        LISLen[j] + 1);
```

2.8 LPS

10

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25

26

```
1 | void LPS(string s)
      int maxlen = 0, 1, r;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          int x = 0:
          while ((s[i - x] == s[i + x]) \&\& (i
              - x >= 0) && (i + x < n)) //odd 12 // 湊得某個價位的湊法總共幾種
              length
             x++;
          if (2 * x + 1 > maxlen)
             maxlen = 2 * x + 1;
             1 = i - x:
             r = i + x;
         x = 0:
          while ((s[i - x] == s[i + 1 + x]) && 22 // 湊得某個價位的最少錢幣用量
              ) //even length
             x++;
          if (2 * x > maxlen)
             maxlen = 2 * x:
             1 = i - x + 1;
             r = i + x;
      cout << maxlen << '\n'; // 最後長度
```

```
1 / / 能否湊得某個價位
                                  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                         vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                   // 依序加入各種面額
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                  ++i) // 由低價位逐步到高價位
                                                 c[j] = c[j] | c[j - price[i]];
                                                           // 湊、湊、湊
                                         if (c[limit]) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
                                         else cout << "NO\n";</pre>
                                  void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                  14 \
                                         vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                  15
                                  16
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                  17
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                  ++i)
                                                 c[j] += c[j - price[i]];
                                  19
                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                  20
(i - x >= 0) \&\& (i + 1 + x < n) |_{23} |_{void} change(vector < int > price, int limit)
                                  24 {
                                         vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                         c[0] = true;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                             for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                 c[j] = min(c[j], c[j - price[i]] 32
                                                       + 1);
                                         cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
```

```
1 const long long INF = 1LL <<60;</pre>
  struct Dinic { //O(VVE), with minimum cut
       static const int MAXN = 5003:
       struct Edge{
          int u, v;
          long long cap, rest;
      int n, m, s, t, d[MAXN], cur[MAXN];
      vector<Edge> edges;
      vector<int> G[MAXN];
       void init(){
11
12
           edges.clear();
           for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ) G[i
13
                ].clear();
          n = 0;
15
      // min cut start
      bool side[MAXN];
       void cut(int u) {
           side[u] = 1;
           for ( int i : G[u] ) {
               if ( !side[ edges[i].v ] &&
                    edges[i].rest )
               cut(edges[i].v);
22
23
24
       // min cut end
       int add_node(){
27
           return n++;
28
       void add edge(int u, int v, long long
           edges.push back( {u, v, cap, cap} );
           edges.push_back( {v, u, 0, 0LL} );
          m = edges.size();
          G[u].push back(m-2);
           G[v].push back(m-1);
34
```

```
bool bfs(){
                                                         vector<int> pre(n+1, 0);
                                                                                                               for (int i=0; i<n; i++) G[i].clear() 29</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     if(dfs(res,i,x,y,pass))
                                                         while(!q.empty() && bottleneck[t] == 0){
           fill(d,d+n,-1);
37
                                                 13
                                                                                                                                                                         ans += 1;
                                                          int cur = q.front();
38
           queue<int> que;
                                                 14
                                                                                                                                                      31
                                                                                                           bool dfs(int u){
           que.push(s); d[s]=0;
39
                                                 15
                                                           q.pop();
                                                                                                    10
                                                                                                                                                      32
                                                                                                                                                                 cout << ans << endl;</pre>
           while (!que.empty()){
                                                           for(int i = 1; i <= n ; i++){
                                                                                                                   for (int v:G[u]){
                                                                                                                                                      33
                                                  16
                                                                                                    11
               int u = que.front(); que.pop();
                                                             if(bottleneck[i] == 0 && capacity[
                                                                                                                   if (vis[v]) continue;
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                                      34
                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
                                                                  cur][i] > residual[cur][i]){
42
               for (int ei : G[u]){
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                   vis[v]=true:
                                                                                                                                                      35
                   Edge &e = edges[ei];
                                                               q.push(i);
                                                                                                                   if (match[v]==-1 || dfs(match[v
43
                                                  18
                                                                                                                                                      36 /*
                   if (d[e.v] < 0 && e.rest >
                                                  19
                                                               pre[i] = cur;
                                                                                                                        1)){
                                                               bottleneck[i] = min(bottleneck[cur 15
                                                                                                                       match[v] = u;
                                                                                                                                                      38 4 3 5 //n matching m, 1 links
                                                                    ], capacity[cur][i] - residual 16
                       d[e.v] = d[u] + 1;
                                                                                                                       match[u] = v;
                                                                                                                                                      39 0 0
                       que.push(e.v);
                                                                    [cur][i]);
                                                                                                                       return true:
                                                                                                                                                      40 0 2
                                                                                                    17
                                                                                                                                                     41 1 0
47
                                                 21
                                                                                                    18
                                                                                                                                                      42 2 1
                                                 22
                                                                                                    19
                                                                                                               return false:
49
                                                  23
                                                                                                   20
                                                                                                                                                      43 3 1
50
           return d[t] >= 0;
                                                  24
                                                         if(bottleneck[t] == 0) break;
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                                                                      44 answer is 3
                                                         for(int cur = t; cur != s; cur = pre[cur
                                                                                                           int solve(){
51
                                                                                                   22
       long long dfs(int u, long long a){
                                                                                                               int res = 0;
52
           if ( u == t || a == 0 ) return a;
                                                             residual[pre[cur]][cur] +=
                                                                                                               memset(match,-1,sizeof(match));
53
                                                                                                   24
           long long flow = 0, f;
                                                                  bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                               for (int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
54
                                                                                                   25
           for ( int \&i=cur[u]; i < (int)G[u].
                                                             residual[cur][pre[cur]] -=
                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                   if (match[i]==-1){
                                                                                                                                                        3.5 MFlow Model
                size(); i++) {
                                                                  bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                       memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
               Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
                                                                                                    28
                                                                                                                       if ( dfs(i) ) res++;
                                                 28
               if ( d[u] + 1 != d[e.v] )
                                                 29
                                                        ans += bottleneck[t];
                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                                                                      1 typedef long long ll;
                    continue;
                                                  30
                                                                                                    30
               f = dfs(e.v, min(a, e.rest) );
                                                      return ans;
                                                                                                    31
                                                                                                               return res;
                                                                                                                                                      2 struct MF
                                                 31
               if (f > 0) {
                                                  32 }
                                                                                                    32
               e.rest -= f:
                                                  33 int main(){
                                                                                                   33 } graph;
                                                                                                                                                             static const int N = 5000 + 5:
               edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].rest += f;
                                                                                                                                                             static const int M = 60000 + 5;
                                                      int testcase = 1;
                                                  34
               flow += f;
                                                  35
                                                      int n;
                                                                                                                                                             static const 11 oo = 100000000000000L;
               a -= f;
                                                  36
                                                       while(cin>>n){
                                                                                                       3.4 Maximum matching
               if ( a == 0 ) break;
                                                  37
                                                        if(n == 0)
                                                                                                                                                             int n, m, s, t, tot, tim;
65
                                                                                                                                                             int first[N], next[M];
                                                  38
                                                         vector<vector<int>> capacity(n+1, vector
                                                                                                                                                             int u[M], v[M], cur[N], vi[N];
66
                                                  39
           return flow;
                                                              <int>(n+1, 0));
                                                                                                     1 /*bipartite - maximum matching*/
                                                                                                                                                      11
                                                                                                                                                             11 cap[M], flow[M], dis[N];
67
                                                                                                     2 bool dfs(vector<vector<bool>> res,int node,
                                                         int s, t, c;
                                                                                                                                                             int que[N + N];
68
                                                  40
                                                                                                           vector<int>& x, vector<int>& y, vector< 13
69
       long long maxflow(int _s, int _t){
                                                         cin >> s >> t >> c;
                                                  41
                                                         int a, b, bandwidth;
                                                                                                           bool> pass){
           s = _s, t = _t;
                                                  42
                                                                                                                                                             void Clear()
           long long flow = 0, mf;
                                                  43
                                                         for(int i = 0; i < c; ++i){
                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < res[0].size(); i++){} 15
           while ( bfs() ){
                                                           cin >> a >> b >> bandwidth;
                                                                                                               if(res[node][i] && !pass[i]){
                                                                                                                                                                 tot = 0:
                                                  44
               fill(cur,cur+n,0);
                                                           capacity[a][b] += bandwidth;
                                                                                                                   pass[i] = true;
                                                                                                                                                                 tim = 0:
                                                  45
               while ( (mf = dfs(s, INF)) )
                                                           capacity[b][a] += bandwidth;
                                                                                                                   if(y[i] == -1 \mid | dfs(res,y[i],x,
                                                                                                                                                                 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                  46
                    flow += mf;
                                                                                                                                                                     first[i] = -1;
                                                  47
                                                                                                                       y,pass)){
                                                                                                                                                      19
                                                         cout << "Network " << testcase++ << endl</pre>
                                                                                                                       x[node] = i;
                                                  48
                                                                                                                                                      20
           return flow;
                                                                                                                       y[i] = node;
                                                                                                                                                      21
                                                                                                                                                             void Add(int from, int to, 11 cp, 11 flw
76
                                                         cout << "The bandwidth is " <<</pre>
                                                                                                                       return true;
  } dinic;
                                                              getMaxFlow(capacity, s, t, n) << "." 10</pre>
                                                                                                                                                      22
                                                                                                                                                      23
                                                                                                                                                                 u[tot] = from;
                                                                                                               }
                                                         cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                 v[tot] = to;
                                                                                                                                                      ^{24}
                                                                                                           return false;
                                                                                                                                                                 cap[tot] = cp;
                                                  51
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                      25
  3.2 Edmonds karp
                                                                                                    14 }
                                                                                                                                                      26
                                                                                                                                                                 flow[tot] = flw;
                                                      return 0;
                                                                                                    15 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                                                                                 next[tot] = first[u[tot]];
                                                                                                           int n,m,1;
                                                                                                                                                                 first[u[tot]] = tot;
1 /*Flow - Edmonds-karp*/
                                                                                                           while(cin>>n>>m>>l){
                                                                                                                                                                 ++tot;
2 /*Based on UVa820*/
                                                                                                               vector<vector<bool>> res(n, vector<</pre>
3 #define inf 1000000
                                                                                                                    bool>(m, false));
                                                                                                                                                             bool bfs()
                                                                                                                                                      31
                                                     3.3 hungarian
4 int getMaxFlow(vector<vector<int>> &capacity
                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
       , int s, int t, int n){
                                                                                                    20
                                                                                                                   int a, b;
                                                                                                                                                      33
                                                                                                                                                                 ++tim:
    int ans = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                 dis[s] = 0;
                                                                                                                   cin >> a >> b;
                                                  1 /*bipartite - hungarian*/
    vector<vector<int>> residual(n+1, vector
                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                   res[a][b] = true;
                                                                                                                                                      35
                                                                                                                                                                 vi[s] = tim;
         int>(n+1, 0)); //residual network
                                                  2 struct Graph{
    while(true){
                                                         static const int MAXN = 5003;
                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                               int ans = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                 int head, tail;
       vector<int> bottleneck(n+1, 0);
                                                         vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                               vector<int> x(n, -1);
                                                                                                                                                      38
                                                                                                                                                                 head = tail = 1;
                                                         int n, match[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
                                                                                                               vector<int> y(n, -1);
       bottleneck[s] = inf;
                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                                 que[head] = s;
                                                                                                                                                                 while (head <= tail)</pre>
       queue<int> q;
                                                         void init(int n){
                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
```

vector<bool> pass(n, false);

n = n;

q.push(s);

22

23

24

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67

return (p1 - p).dot(p2 - p);

```
4 Geometry
              for (int i = first[que[head]]; i
                    != -1; i = next[i])
                  if (vi[v[i]] != tim && cap[i
                                                   4.1 Closest Pair
                       ] > flow[i])
                       vi[v[i]] = tim:
                                                 1 | //最近點對 (距離) //台大
                       dis[v[i]] = dis[que[head
                                                 vector<pair<double, double>> p;
                           ]] + 1;
                                                 3 double closest pair(int 1, int r)
                       que[++tail] = v[i];
                                                       // p 要對 x 軸做 sort
                                                       if (1 == r)
              ++head;
51
                                                           return 1e9:
52
                                                       if (r - 1 == 1)
53
          return vi[t] == tim:
                                                           return dist(p[l], p[r]); // 兩點距離
54
55
       11 dfs(int x, 11 a)
                                                       int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                       double d = min(closest_pair(1, m),
56
                                                11
          if (x == t || a == 0)
                                                            closest pair(m + 1, r);
57
              return a:
                                                        vector<int> vec;
                                                12
                                                       for (int i = m; i >= 1 && fabs(p[m].x -
          11 \, flw = 0, f;
          int &i = cur[x]:
                                                            p[i].x) < d: --i)
                                                           vec.push back(i);
          for (i = first[x]: i != -1: i = next 14
               [i])
                                                        for (int i = m + 1; i \leftarrow r && fabs(p[m]).
                                                            x - p[i].x) < d; ++i)
                                                           vec.push_back(i);
63
              if (dis[x] + 1 == dis[v[i]] && ( 16
                                                       sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), [&](int a,
                   f = dfs(v[i], min(a, cap[i] 17
                   - flow[i]))) > 0)
                                                            int b)
                                                            { return p[a].y < p[b].y; });
                                                       for (int i = 0; i < vec.size(); ++i)</pre>
                  flow[i] += f;
                                                19
                  flow[i ^ 1] -= f;
                                                20
                                                           for (int j = i + 1; j < vec.size()</pre>
                                                                && fabs(p[vec[j]].y - p[vec[i]]. 46
                  a -= f;
                  flw += f:
                                                                v) < d; ++i)
                                                               d = min(d, dist(p[vec[i]], p[vec
                  if (a == 0)
                                                21
                       break;
                                                                    [j]]));
                                                       return d;
                                                22
72
                                                23 }
          return flw;
73
74
       11 MaxFlow(int s, int t)
76
                                                   4.2 Line
          this->s = s:
          this->t = t;
          11 \text{ flw} = 0:
                                                 1 template <typename T>
          while (bfs())
                                                 2 struct line
               for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                                                       line() {}
                  cur[i] = 0;
                                                       point<T> p1, p2;
              flw += dfs(s, oo);
                                                       T a, b, c; //ax+by+c=0
                                                       line(const point<T> &x, const point<T> &
          return flw;
                                                            y) : p1(x), p2(y) {}
                                                       void pton()
  };
                                                       { //轉成一般式
  // MF Net;
                                                           a = p1.y - p2.y;
  // Net.n = n;
                                                           b = p2.x - p1.x:
91 // Net.Clear();
                                                           c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
                                                12
92 // a 到 b (注意從1開始!!!!)
                                                13
93 // Net.Add(a, b, w, 0);
                                                       T ori(const point<T> &p) const
94 // Net.MaxFlow(s, d)
                                                15
                                                       { //點和有向直線的關係, >0左邊、=0在線上
95 // s 到 d 的 MF
                                                           return (p2 - p1).cross(p - p1);
                                                16
                                                17
                                                18
                                                       T btw(const point<T> &p) const
                                                       { //點投影落在線段 上 <= 0
                                                19
```

```
{ //直線相交情況,-1無限多點、1交於一
bool point on segment(const point<T> &p)
                                                     點、a不相交
                                                    return parallel(1) ? (ori(1.p1) == 0
                                         72
{ //點是否在線段上
                                                          ? -1 : 0) : 1;
   return ori(p) == 0 && btw(p) <= 0;</pre>
                                         73
                                                int seg intersect(const line &1) const
                                         74
T dis2(const point<T> &p, bool
                                         75
    is segment = 0) const
                                                    T c1 = ori(1.p1), c2 = ori(1.p2);
                                         76
                                                    T c3 = 1.ori(p1), c4 = 1.ori(p2);
{ //點跟直線/線段的距離平方
                                         77
                                                    if (c1 == 0 && c2 == 0)
   point < T > v = p2 - p1, v1 = p - p1;
    if (is_segment)
                                                    { //共線
                                                        bool b1 = btw(l.p1) \Rightarrow 0, b2 =
        point < T > v2 = p - p2;
                                                             btw(1.p2) >= 0:
        if (v.dot(v1) <= 0)</pre>
                                                        T = 3 = 1.btw(p1), a4 = 1.btw(p2)
            return v1.abs2():
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 == 0 && a4 >=
        if (v.dot(v2) >= 0)
           return v2.abs2();
                                                              0)
                                                            return 2;
   T tmp = v.cross(v1);
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 ==
   return tmp * tmp / v.abs2();
                                                            return 3;
T seg_dis2(const line<T> &1) const
                                                        if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 >=
{ //兩線段距離平方
                                                            return 0;
    return min({dis2(l.p1, 1), dis2(l.p2
        , 1), l.dis2(p1, 1), l.dis2(p2,
                                                        return -1: //無限交點
        1)});
                                                    else if (c1 * c2 <= 0 && c3 * c4 <=
point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)
    const
                                                        return 1;
                                         91
{ //點對直線的投影
                                                    return 0; //不相交
    point<T> n = (p2 - p1).normal();
    return p - n * (p - p1).dot(n) / n.
                                                point<T> line intersection(const line &1
                                         94
        abs2();
                                                     ) const
                                                { /*直線交點*/
point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p) const 96
                                                    point < T > a = p2 - p1, b = 1.p2 - 1.
                                                         p1, s = 1.p1 - p1;
                                                    //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
    // 點 對 直 線 的 鏡 射 · 要 先 呼 叫 pton 轉 成 一 97
                                                    return p1 + a * (s.cross(b) / a.
        般式
                                                         cross(b)):
   point<T> R;
   Td = a * a + b * b:
   R.x = (b * b * p.x - a * a * p.x - 2 100)
                                                point<T> seg_intersection(const line &1)
                                                      const
          * a * b * p.y - 2 * a * c) / d;
   R.y = (a * a * p.y - b * b * p.v - 2)_{101}
                                                { //線段交點
          * a * b * p.x - 2 * b * c) / d; 102
                                                    int res = seg intersect(1);
                                                    if (res <= 0)
    return R;
                                        103
                                                        assert(0);
                                        104
bool equal(const line &1) const
                                        105
                                                    if (res == 2)
                                         106
                                                        return p1;
{ //直線相等
                                                    if (res == 3)
                                        107
    return ori(1.p1) == 0 && ori(1.p2)
                                         108
                                                        return p2;
        == 0;
                                                    return line intersection(1):
                                         109
                                         110
bool parallel(const line &1) const
                                        111 };
    return (p1 - p2).cross(l.p1 - l.p2)
bool cross_seg(const line &1) const
                                            4.3 Point
    return (p2 - p1).cross(l.p1 - p1) *
        (p2 - p1).cross(1.p2 - p1) <= 0;
         //直線是否交線段
                                          1 template <typename T>
                                          2 struct point
int line intersect(const line &1) const
                                                T x, y;
```

point() {}

| 6 | <pre>point(const T &x, const T &y) : x(x), y(</pre> | 8 |
|--|--|--|
| | y) {} | 9 |
| 7 | point operator+(const point &b) const | |
| 8 | · | 10 |
| 9 | return point(x + b.x, y + b.y); | 11 |
| 10 | } | 12 |
| 11 | point operator-(const point &b) const | 13 |
| 12 | { | - 1 |
| 13 | return point(x - b.x, y - b.y); | 14 |
| 14 | } | 15 |
| 15 | point operator*(const T &b) const | 16 |
| - | | |
| 16 | { | 17 |
| 17 | return point(x * b, y * b); | 18 |
| 18 | } point operator/(const T %h) const | 19 |
| 19 | point operator/(const T &b) const | 20 |
| 20 | noturn noint(x / h y / h): | 21 |
| 21 | return point(x / b, y / b); | 22 |
| 22 | } | 23 |
| 23 | bool operator==(const point &b) const | |
| 24 | { | 24 |
| 25 | return x == b.x && y == b.y; | 25 |
| 26 | } T dot(sonst noint %h) sonst | 26 |
| 27 | T dot(const point &b) const | |
| 28 | { | 27 |
| 29 | return x * b.x + y * b.y; | 28 |
| 30 | } | |
| 31 | T cross(const point &b) const | 29 |
| 32 | { | |
| 33 | return x * b.y - y * b.x; | 30 |
| 34 | } noint normal() const | 31 |
| 35 | point normal() const | |
| 36 | { //求法向量 | 32 |
| 37 | return point(-y, x); | |
| 38 | } | |
| 39 | T abs2() const | |
| 40 | { //向量長度的平方 | 33 |
| 41 | return dot(*this); | 34 |
| 42 | } | 35 |
| 43 | T rad(const point &b) const | 36 |
| 44 | { // 兩 向 量 的 弧 度 | |
| 45 | <pre>return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),</pre> | 37 |
| | dot(b))); | 38 |
| 46 | } | 39 |
| 47 | T getA() const | 40 |
| 48 | // 對 x 軸 的 弧 度 | |
| 49 | T A = atan2(y, x); //超過180度會變負 | 41 |
| - |) 的 | 42 |
| | | - 1 |
| 50 | | |
| 50 51 | if (A <= -PI / 2) | 43 |
| 51 | if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; | 43 |
| 51 52 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A;</pre> | 43 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre> | 44 |
| 51 52 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre> | |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre> | 44 45 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre> | 44 45 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre> | 44 45 46 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }</pre> | 44 45 46 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre> | 44 45 46 47 |
| 51 52 53 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } </pre> | 44 45 46 47 48 |
| 51 52 53 54 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; }; 4.4 Polygon</pre> | 44 45 46 47 48 49 |
| 51 52 53 54 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } };</pre> 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""></typename> | 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 |
| 51 52 53 54 1 2 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon</typename></pre> | 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 |
| 51 52 53 54 1 2 3 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon { polygon() {}</typename></pre> | 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 |
| 51 52 53 54 1 2 3 4 | <pre>if (A <= -PI / 2) A += PI * 2; return A; } }; 4.4 Polygon template <typename t=""> struct polygon {</typename></pre> | 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 |

T ans = 0: for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j58 < (int)p.size(); i = j++) 59 ans += p[i].cross(p[j]); return ans / 2; 60 point<T> center of mass() const 61 { //重心 62 T cx = 0, cy = 0, w = 0;63 for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j < (int)p.size(); i = j++) 64 65 T a = p[i].cross(p[j]); cx += (p[i].x + p[j].x) * a;cy += (p[i].y + p[j].y) * a;w += a; return point $\langle T \rangle$ (cx / 3 / w, cy / 3 / 67 char ahas(const point<T> &t) const 69 { //點是否在簡單多邊形內,是的話回傳1、 70 在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0 71 bool c = 0; 72 for (int i = 0, j = p.size() - 1; i < p.size(); j = i++)</pre> 73 74if (line<T>(p[i], p[j]). 75 point on segment(t)) return -1; 76 else if ((p[i].y > t.y) != (p[j 1.y > t.y) &&t.x < (p[j].x - p[i].x)* (t.y - p[i].y) / (p[j].y - p[i].y) + p[i].x) c = !c: 80 81 return c; char point in convex(const point<T> &x) 83 int 1 = 1, r = (int)p.size() - 2; 84 while (1 <= r){ //點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1 、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0 86 87 int mid = (1 + r) / 2; T a1 = (p[mid] - p[0]).cross(x -88 p[0]); T = (p[mid + 1] - p[0]).cross(x - p[0]);if (a1 >= 0 && a2 <= 0) 90 T res = (p[mid + 1] - p[mid]]).cross(x - p[mid]); return res > 0 ? 1 : (res >= 03 0 ? -1 : 0);94 95 else if (a1 < 0) r = mid - 1;96 l = mid + 1;97 98 return 0; vector<T> getA() const

```
{//凸包邊對x軸的夾角
    vector<T> res; //一定是遞增的
                                          100
    for (size_t i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i 101</pre>
                                          102
        res.push back((p[(i + 1) \% p.
                                          103
             size()] - p[i]).getA());
                                          104
    return res;
bool line_intersect(const vector<T> &A,
                                          105
     const line<T> &1) const
                                          106
{ //O(logN)
                                         107
    int f1 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
         end(), (l.p1 - l.p2).getA()) - A<sub>108</sub>
         .begin();
    int f2 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
         end(), (1.p2 - 1.p1).getA()) - A<sub>110</sub>
         .begin();
    return l.cross_seg(line<T>(p[f1], p[ 112
         f2]));
                                          113
                                          114
polygon cut(const line<T> &1) const
                                          115
{ //凸包對直線切割,得到直線1左側的凸包
    polygon ans;
                                          117
    for (int n = p.size(), i = n - 1, j
                                          118
         = 0; j < n; i = j++)
                                          119
                                          120
        if (l.ori(p[i]) >= 0)
                                          121
            ans.p.push_back(p[i]);
                                          122
            if (l.ori(p[j]) < 0)</pre>
                ans.p.push back(1.
                                          123
                     line intersection(
                                          124
                     lineT>(p[i], p[j]))_{125}
                                          126
                                          127
        else if (1.ori(p[j]) > 0)
                                          128
            ans.p.push back(1.
                                          129
                 line_intersection(line<T
                                          130
                 >(p[i], p[i])));
                                          131
                                          132
    return ans;
                                          133
static bool graham_cmp(const point<T> &a
     , const point<T> &b)
{ //凸包排序函數 // 起始點不同
   // return (a.x < b.x) || (a.x == b.x_{137})
          && a.v < b.v); //最左下角開始 138
    return (a.y < b.y) || (a.y == b.y &&
          a.x < b.x); //Y最小開始
                                          139
                                          140
void graham(vector<point<T>> &s)
                                          141
                                          142
{ //凸包 Convexhull 2D
    sort(s.begin(), s.end(), graham_cmp)
    p.resize(s.size() + 1);
                                          144
                                          145
    int m = 0;
    // cross >= 0 順時針。cross <= 0 逆
         時針旋轉
    for (size_t i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i ^{146}
                                          148
        while (m >= 2 && (p[m - 1] - p[m ^{149}
                                          150
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
             2]) <= 0)
                                          152
```

```
--m;
        p[m++] = s[i];
    for (int i = s.size() - 2, t = m +
        1; i >= 0; --i)
        while (m >= t && (p[m - 1] - p[m
              - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
            2]) <= 0)
            --m;
        p[m++] = s[i];
   if (s.size() > 1) // 重複頭一次需扣
        --m:
   p.resize(m);
T diam()
{ //直徑
    int n = p.size(), t = 1;
   T ans = 0;
   p.push back(p[0]):
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
             ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))
            t = (t + 1) \% n:
        ans = max(ans, (p[i] - p[t]).
            abs2());
   return p.pop_back(), ans;
T min_cover_rectangle()
{ //最小覆蓋矩形
    int n = p.size(), t = 1, r = 1, l;
   if (n < 3)
        return 0; //也可以做最小周長矩形
   T ans = 1e99:
   p.push_back(p[0]);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
        while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i
            ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))
            t = (t + 1) \% n;
        while (now.dot(p[r + 1] - p[i])
            > now.dot(p[r] - p[i]))
            r = (r + 1) \% n;
        if (!i)
            1 = r;
        while (now.dot(p[l + 1] - p[i])
             <= now.dot(p[1] - p[i]))
            l = (l + 1) \% n;
        T d = now.abs2():
        T \text{ tmp} = \text{now.cross}(p[t] - p[i]) *
              (now.dot(p[r] - p[i]) - now
             .dot(p[1] - p[i])) / d;
        ans = min(ans, tmp);
   return p.pop back(), ans;
T dis2(polygon &pl)
{ //凸包最近距離平方
    vector<point<T>> &P = p, &Q = pl.p;
```

```
Graph
            int n = P.size(), m = Q.size(), l = 203
                                                                while (L < R \&\& q[L].ori(px[R - 1])
                                                                                                                                                            1 /*BFS - queue version*/
153
                                                                                                                                                              void BFS(vector<int> &result, vector<pair</pre>
                0, r = 0;
                                                                    <= 0)
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                    --R;
                                                                                                                                                                   int, int>> edges, int node, int start)
154
                                                   204
155
                if (P[i].y < P[1].y)</pre>
                                                   205
                                                                p.clear();
                                                                                                          5.1 Bellman-Ford
                                                   206
                                                                if (R - L <= 1)
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> pass(node, 0);
156
                    1 = i;
157
            for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
                                                   207
                                                                    return 0:
                                                                                                                                                                  queue<int> q;
158
                if (Q[i].y < Q[r].y)</pre>
                                                   208
                                                                px[R] = q[R].line intersection(q[L])
                                                                                                                                                                  queue<int> p;
                                                                                                        1 /* SPA - Bellman-Ford*/
                                                                                                                                                                  q.push(start);
159
                    r = i;
                                                                for (int i = L; i \le R; ++i)
                                                                                                        2 #define inf 99999 //define by you maximum
160
            P.push back(P[0]), Q.push back(Q[0]) 209
                                                                                                                                                                  int count = 1;
                                                                                                               edges weight
                                                                    p.push back(px[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<pair<int, int>> newedges;
                                                   210
                                                                                                        3 vector<vector<int> > edges;
            T ans = 1e99;
                                                   211
                                                                return R - L + 1;
                                                                                                                                                           10
                                                                                                                                                                  while (!q.empty())
161
                                                                                                        4 vector<int> dist:
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
162
                                                   212
                                                                                                                                                           11
                                                                                                        5 vector<int> ancestor:
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[q.front()] = 1;
163
                                                   213 };
                                                                                                                                                           12
                                                                                                        6 void BellmanFord(int start,int node){
164
                while ((P[1] - P[1 + 1]).cross(Q
                                                                                                                                                           13
                                                                                                                                                                      for (int i = 0: i < edges.size(): i</pre>
                                                                                                               dist[start] = 0;
                     [r + 1] - Q[r] < 0
                                                                                                               for(int it = 0; it < node-1; it++){</pre>
                    r = (r + 1) \% m;
                                                                                                                                                           14
165
                ans = min(ans, line<T>(P[1], P[1
                                                                                                                   for(int i = 0; i < node; i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                           if (edges[i].first == q.front()
166
                                                                                                                                                           15
                                                                                                                       for(int j = 0; j < node; j++){</pre>
                      + 1]).seg_dis2(line<T>(Q[r
                                                                                                        10
                                                                                                                                                                                && pass[edges[i].second] ==
                                                              Triangle
                                                                                                                           if(edges[i][j] != -1){
                     ], Q[r + 1])));
                                                                                                       11
                                                                                                                                if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] 16
                                                                                                        12
                1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
167
                                                                                                                                      < dist[j]){
                                                                                                                                                                               p.push(edges[i].second);
168
                                                     1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                    dist[j] = dist[i] +
                                                                                                                                                                               result[edges[i].second] =
169
            return P.pop_back(), Q.pop_back(),
                                                                                                                                                           18
                                                                                                                                         edges[i][j];
                ans:
                                                     2 struct triangle
                                                                                                                                                                                    count:
                                                                                                                                    ancestor[j] = i;
                                                    3 {
                                                                                                       14
170
                                                                                                                                                           19
        static char sign(const point<T> &t)
                                                                                                        15
                                                                                                                                                                           else if (edges[i].second == q.
171
                                                           point<T> a, b, c;
                                                                                                                                                           20
                                                           triangle() {}
                                                                                                                                                                                front() && pass[edges[i].
172
                                                                                                                       }
            return (t.y == 0 ? t.x : t.y) < 0;
                                                           triangle(const point<T> &a, const point< 17
                                                                                                                                                                                first] == 0)
173
                                                                T> &b, const point\langle T \rangle &c) : a(a), b( 18
174
                                                                                                                                                           21
       static bool angle_cmp(const line<T> &A,
                                                                                                                                                           22
                                                                                                                                                                               p.push(edges[i].first);
175
                                                                b), c(c) {}
            const line<T> &B)
                                                           T area() const
                                                                                                       20
                                                                                                                                                           23
                                                                                                                                                                               result[edges[i].first] =
                                                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < node; i++) //</pre>
                                                                                                       21
                                                                                                                                                                                    count;
176
                                                                                                                    negative cycle detection
177
            point<T> a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2 -
                                                               T t = (b - a).cross(c - a) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                           24
                                                               return t > 0 ? t : -t:
                                                                                                       22
                                                                                                                   for(int j = 0; j < node; j++)</pre>
                  B.p1:
                                                                                                                                                           25
                                                                                                       23
                                                                                                                       if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] < dist[</pre>
178
            return sign(a) < sign(b) || (sign(a)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                               newedges.push back(edges[i])
                                                                                                                            j])
                  == sign(b) && a.cross(b) > 0);
                                                           point<T> barycenter() const
                                                                                                       24
179
                                                           { //重心
                                                                                                                            cout<<"Negative cycle!"<<</pre>
                                                                                                       25
        int halfplane intersection(vector<line<T</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                      edges = newedges;
180
                                                               return (a + b + c) / 3;
                                                                                                                                                           28
                                                                                                                                endl;
            >> &s)
                                                                                                                                                           29
                                                                                                                                                                      newedges.clear();
                                                    15
                                                                                                       26
                                                                                                                            return;
       { //半平面交
                                                                                                                                                           30
                                                                                                                                                                      q.pop();
181
                                                    16
                                                           point<T> circumcenter() const
                                                                                                       27
                                                                                                                                                           31
                                                                                                                                                                      if (q.empty() == true)
            sort(s.begin(), s.end(), angle_cmp);
182
                                                           { //外心
                                                   17
                                                                                                       28
                                                                                                                                                           32
                  //線段左側為該線段半平面
                                                                static line<T> u, v;
                                                                                                       29
                                                                                                          int main(){
                                                                                                                                                           33
                                                                                                                                                                           q = p;
183
            int L, R, n = s.size();
                                                    19
                                                               u.p1 = (a + b) / 2;
                                                                                                               int node;
                                                                                                                                                           34
                                                                                                                                                                           queue<int> tmp;
            vector<point<T>> px(n);
                                                                u.p2 = point < T > (u.p1.x - a.y + b.y,
184
                                                    20
                                                                                                               cin>>node;
                                                                                                                                                                           p = tmp;
185
            vector<line<T>> q(n);
                                                                    u.p1.y + a.x - b.x);
                                                                                                       32
                                                                                                               edges.resize(node, vector<int>(node, inf))
                                                                                                                                                                           count++;
                                                                                                                                                           36
186
            q[L = R = 0] = s[0];
                                                                v.p1 = (a + c) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                           37
187
            for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                                                               v.p2 = point < T > (v.p1.x - a.y + c.y,
                                                                                                               dist.resize(node,inf);
                                                                                                       33
                                                                                                                                                           38
                                                                    v.p1.y + a.x - c.x;
188
                                                                                                       34
                                                                                                               ancestor.resize(node.-1):
                                                                                                                                                           39
                                                               return u.line_intersection(v);
189
                while (L < R && s[i].ori(px[R -
                                                    23
                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                               int a,b,d;
                                                                                                                                                           40
                                                                                                                                                              int main()
                     1]) <= 0)
                                                    24
                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                               while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                           point<T> incenter() const
                    --R:
                                                    25
                                                                                                                   /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                                                                       37
                                                                                                                                                                  int node;
191
                while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[L])
                                                           { //內心
                                                    26
                                                                                                                   if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                           43
                                                                                                                                                                  cin >> node;
                     <= 0)
                                                               T A = sqrt((b - c).abs2()), B = sqrt
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<pair<int, int>> edges;
192
                    ++L;
                                                                     ((a - c).abs2()), C = sqrt((a -
                                                                                                                   edges[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                                                  int a, b;
                q[++R] = s[i];
193
                                                                    b).abs2());
                                                                                                                                                           46
                                                                                                                                                                  while (cin >> a >> b)
                if (q[R].parallel(q[R - 1]))
194
                                                                return point<T>(A * a.x + B * b.x +
                                                    28
                                                                                                               int start:
                                                                                                       42
                                                                                                                                                           47
195
                                                                    C * c.x, A * a.y + B * b.y + C *
                                                                                                       43
                                                                                                               cin>>start;
                                                                                                                                                                      /*a = b = -1 means input edges ended
196
                                                                     c.y) / (A + B + C);
                                                                                                       44
                                                                                                               BellmanFord(start.node):
197
                    if (q[R].ori(s[i].p1) > 0)
                                                    29
                                                                                                       45
                                                                                                               return 0:
                                                                                                                                                                      if (a == -1 && b == -1)
                                                                                                                                                           49
198
                        q[R] = s[i];
                                                           point<T> perpencenter() const
                                                    30
                                                                                                                                                           50
                                                                                                                                                                           break:
199
                                                    31
                                                           { //垂心
                                                                                                                                                           51
                                                                                                                                                                      edges.push back(pair<int, int>(a, b)
                if (L < R)
200
                                                    32
                                                                return barycenter() * 3 -
                    px[R - 1] = q[R - 1].
201
                                                                    circumcenter() * 2;
                                                                                                                                                           52
                         line_intersection(q[R]); 33
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> result(node, -1);
                                                                                                                BFS-queue
202
                                                    34 };
                                                                                                                                                                  BFS(result, edges, node, 0);
```

```
while(!pq.empty()){
       return 0;
                                                                                                     1 /*SPA - Floyd-Warshall*/
                                                                                                                                                                      flag = true;
                                                                                                                                                       11
                                                              int cur = pq.top().second;
                                                                                                     2 #define inf 99999
                                                  10
                                                                                                                                                       12
                                                                                                                                                                      return;
                                                                                                     3 void floyd warshall(vector<vector<int>>&
                                                  11
                                                                                                                                                       13
                                                              for(int i = 0; i < weight[cur].size</pre>
                                                                                                            distance, vector<vector<int>>& ancestor, 14
                                                                                                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < gp[cur].size() && !</pre>
  5.3 DFS-rec
                                                                 if(dist[i] > dist[cur] + weight[
                                                                                                            for (int k = 0; k < n; k++){
                                                                      cur][i] && weight[cur][i] !=
                                                                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                                  if(gp[cur][i] == 1 && !pass[i]){
                                                                                                                                                       16
                                                                                                                    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[i] = true;
                                                                      dist[i] = dist[cur] + weight
                                                                                                                                                                      solution[i] = cur;
1 /*DFS - Recursive version*/
                                                                                                                        if(distance[i][k] + distance 18
  map<pair<int,int>,int> edges;
                                                                           [cur][i];
                                                                                                                             [k][j] < distance[i][j]) 19
                                                                                                                                                                      hamilton(gp, k + 1, i, solution,
  vector<int> pass;
                                                                      ancestor[i] = cur;
                                                                                                                                                                            pass, flag);
                                                  15
4 vector<int> route:
                                                                      pq.push(make pair(dist[i],i)
                                                                                                                            distance[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                                      pass[i] = false;
                                                  16
5 void DFS(int start){
                                                                                                                                 distance[i][k] +
                                                                                                                                                       21
       pass[start] = 1:
                                                                                                                                 distance[k][j];
                                                                                                                                                       22
       map<pair<int,int>,int>::iterator iter;
                                                  18
                                                                                                                            ancestor[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                       23
       for(iter = edges.begin(); iter != edges.
                                                                                                                                 ancestor[k][j];
                                                                                                                                                       24
                                                                                                                                                          int main(){
                                                 19
            end(); iter++){
                                                                                                                                                       25
                                                                                                                                                              int n:
                                                  20 }
           if((*iter).first.first == start &&
                                                  21 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                              while(cin>>n){
                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                                    }
                                                                                                                                                       26
                (*iter).second == 0 && pass[(*
                                                         int node;
                                                                                                    12
                                                                                                                                                       27
                                                                                                                                                                  int a,b;
                                                  22
                iter).first.second] == 0){
                                                  23
                                                         cin>>node:
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                       28
                                                                                                                                                                  bool end = false:
               route.push_back((*iter).first.
                                                         int a,b,d;
                                                                                                                                                       29
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<vector<int>> gp(n+1,vector<</pre>
                                                  24
                                                                                                     14
                    second);
                                                         weight.resize(node, vector<int>(node, -1)) 15 int main(){
                                                  25
                                                                                                                                                                       int>(n+1,0));
               DFS((*iter).first.second);
                                                                                                            int n:
                                                                                                                                                       30
                                                                                                                                                                  while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                            cin >> n;
                                                                                                                                                       31
                                                                                                                                                                      if(a == 0 &  b == 0)
12
                                                  26
           else if((*iter).first.second ==
                                                              /*input: source destination weight*/
                                                                                                            int a, b, d;
                                                  27
                                                                                                    18
                                                                                                                                                       32
                                                                                                                                                                          break;
                                                             if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                start && (*iter).second == 0 &&
                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> distance(n, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                      gp[a][b] = 1;
                pass[(*iter).first.first] == 0){ 29
                                                                                                                 int>(n,99999));
                                                                                                                                                                      gp[b][a] = 1;
               route.push_back((*iter).first.
                                                              weight[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> ancestor(n, vector
                                                  30
                                                                                                    20
                    first);
                                                                                                                 int>(n,-1));
                                                  31
                                                                                                                                                       36
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<int> solution(n + 1, -1);
               DFS((*iter).first.first);
                                                         ancestor.resize(node,-1);
                                                                                                            while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                                                                                  vector<bool> pass(n + 1, false);
                                                  32
                                                                                                    21
16
                                                  33
                                                         dist.resize(node,inf);
                                                                                                    22
                                                                                                                if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                       38
                                                                                                                                                                  solution[1] = 0;
17
                                                  34
                                                         int start;
                                                                                                    23
                                                                                                                    break:
                                                                                                                                                       39
                                                                                                                                                                  pass[1] = true;
18
                                                  35
                                                         cin>>start:
                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                                distance[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                                                                                  bool flag = false;
                                                                                                                                                       40
  int main(){
                                                         dist[start] = 0;
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                                ancestor[a][b] = a;
                                                                                                                                                                  hamilton(gp, 1,1 ,solution,pass,flag
                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                       41
       int node;
                                                         dijkstra(start);
                                                                                                    26
                                                  37
                                                                                                                                                                  if(!flag)
       cin>>node;
                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                  38
                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                                                                       42
       pass.resize(node,0);
                                                                                                    28
                                                                                                                distance[i][i] = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                      cout << "N" << endl;</pre>
22
                                                                                                                                                       43
                                                                                                            floyd_warshall(distance, ancestor, n);
23
       int a,b;
                                                                                                    29
                                                                                                                                                       44
24
       while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                    30
                                                                                                            /*Negative cycle detection*/
                                                                                                                                                       45
                                                                                                                                                              return 0;
           if(a == -1 &  b == -1)
                                                                                                    31
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                       46
                                                                                                                if(distance[i][i] < 0){</pre>
26
                                                     5.5 Euler circuit
                                                                                                    32
                                                                                                                                                       47
                                                                                                                    cout << "Negative cycle!" <<</pre>
           edges.insert(pair<pair<int,int>,int
27
                                                                                                                                                       48
                >(pair<int,int>(a,b),0));
                                                                                                                                                       49
                                                                                                                         endl;
                                                                                                                                                       50 2 3
                                                                                                                    break;
28
                                                                                                    34
                                                   1 /* Euler circuit*/
                                                                                                                                                       51 2 4
29
       int start;
                                                                                                    35
                                                   2 /*From NTU kiseki*/
       cin>>start;
                                                                                                                                                       52 3 4
                                                   3 /*G is graph, vis is visited, la is path*/
       route.push back(start);
                                                                                                            return 0;
                                                                                                                                                       53 3 1
                                                   4 bool vis[ N ]; size t la[ K ];
                                                                                                    37
       DFS(start);
                                                                                                                                                       54 0 0
32
                                                     void dfs( int u, vector< int >& vec ) {
                                                                                                                                                       55 output: 1 3 4 2 1
       return 0;
                                                         while ( la[ u ] < G[ u ].size() ) {</pre>
                                                             if( vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ]
                                                                                                       5.7 Hamilton cycle
                                                             ++ la[ u ];
                                                              continue;
  5.4 Dijkstra
                                                                                                                                                          5.8 Kruskal
                                                                                                     1 /*find hamilton cycle*/
                                                  11
                                                         int v = G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].first;
                                                                                                     void hamilton(vector<vector<int>> gp, int k,
                                                         vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ] = true;
1 /*SPA - Dijkstra*/
                                                                                                              int cur, vector<int>& solution, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       1 /*mst - Kruskal*/
                                                  13
                                                         ++ la[ u ]; dfs( v, vec );
2 #define inf INT MAX
                                                                                                            bool> pass,bool& flag){
                                                                                                                                                        2 struct edges{
                                                  14
                                                         vec.push back( v );
3 vector<vector<int> > weight;
                                                                                                            if(k == gp.size()-1){
                                                                                                                                                              int from;
                                                  15
4 vector<int> ancestor;
                                                                                                                if(gp[cur][1] == 1){
                                                                                                                                                              int to:
                                                                                                                    cout << 1 << " ";
5 vector<int> dist;
6 void dijkstra(int start){
                                                                                                                    while(cur != 1){
                                                                                                                                                              friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b
                                                                                                                        cout << cur << " ":
       priority queue<pair<int,int> ,vector<</pre>
            pair<int,int> > ,greater<pair<int,</pre>
                                                                                                                        cur = solution[cur];
                                                                                                                                                                  return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                           Flovd-warshall
            int > > pq;
       pq.push(make pair(0,start));
                                                                                                                    cout << cur << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                        9 };
```

```
10 int find(int x, vector < int > & union set){
                                                         friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b 1 | int find(int x, vector<int> &union set)
                                                                                                                                                                       testCase += input[j];
       if(x != union set[x])
           union_set[x] = find(union_set[x],
                                                              return a.weight > b.weight;
                                                                                                            if (union_set[x] != x)
                                                                                                                union set[x] = find(union set[x],
                union set);
       return union set[x];
                                                  10 };
                                                                                                                     union set); //compress path
13
                                                                                                                                                          6.2 Extended Euclidean
                                                  11 void Prim(vector<vector<int>> gp,int n,int
                                                                                                            return union set[x];
14 }
   void merge(int a.int b.vector<int>&
       union set){
                                                         vector(bool> pass(n,false);
                                                                                                       void merge(int x, int y, vector<int> &
                                                  12
       int pa = find(a, union set);
                                                         int edge = 0;
                                                                                                                                                        1 // ax + by = gcd(a,b)
                                                  13
                                                                                                            union set, vector<int> &rank)
                                                                                                                                                        pair<long long, long long> extgcd(long long
       int pb = find(b, union_set);
                                                  14
                                                         int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
17
                                                                                                                                                               a, long long b)
18
       if(pa != pb)
                                                  15
                                                         priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                                                                            int rx, ry;
           union set[pa] = pb;
                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                            rx = find(x, union set);
19
                                                  16
                                                                                                     10
                                                                                                                                                              if (b == 0)
                                                              if(gp[start][i] != inf){
                                                                                                            ry = find(y, union_set);
20
                                                  17
                                                                                                     11
                                                                                                                                                                  return {1, 0};
                                                                                                            if (rx == rv)
   void kruskal(priority queue<edges> pg.int n)
                                                                  edges tmp:
                                                                                                     12
                                                                                                                                                              long long k = a / b;
                                                  19
                                                                  tmp.from = start:
                                                                                                     13
                                                                                                                                                              pair<long long, long long> p = extgcd(b,
       vector<int> union_set(n, 0);
                                                  20
                                                                 tmp.to = i;
                                                                                                     14
                                                                                                            /*merge by rank -> always merge small
22
                                                                                                                                                                    a - k * b);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                 tmp.weight = gp[start][i];
                                                                                                                 tree to big tree*/
23
                                                  21
                                                                                                                                                              //cout << p.first << " " << p.second <<</pre>
           union_set[i] = i;
                                                                 pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                            if (rank[rx] > rank[ry])
24
                                                  22
                                                                                                     15
                                                                                                                                                                   endl:
       int edge = 0;
25
                                                  23
                                                                                                     16
                                                                                                                union_set[ry] = rx;
       int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
                                                                                                            else
                                                                                                                                                              //cout << "商數(k)= " << k << endl <<
26
                                                  24
                                                                                                     17
27
       while(!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1){
                                                  25
                                                         pass[start] = true;
                                                                                                     18
                                                                                                            {
           edges cur = pq.top();
                                                         while(!pq.empty() && edge < n-1){</pre>
                                                                                                                union set[rx] = ry;
                                                                                                                                                              return {p.second, p.first - k * p.second
28
                                                                                                     19
29
           int from = find(cur.from, union set)
                                                  27
                                                              edges cur = pq.top();
                                                                                                     20
                                                                                                                if (rank[rx] == rank[ry])
                                                                                                                                                                   };
                                                             pq.pop();
                                                                                                     21
                                                                                                                    ++rank[ry];
                                                                                                                                                       11
           int to = find(cur.to, union set);
                                                              if(!pass[cur.to]){
30
                                                  29
                                                                                                     22
                                                                                                                                                       12
31
           if(from != to){
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                     23 }
                                                                                                                                                       13
                                                                                                                                                          int main()
                                                  30
               merge(from, to, union_set);
                                                                      if(gp[cur.to][i] != inf){
                                                                                                    24 int main()
                                                                                                                                                       14
32
                                                  31
33
               edge += 1:
                                                                          edges tmp;
                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                                                                       15
                                                                                                                                                              int a, b:
                                                  32
                                                                          tmp.from = cur.to;
               cost += cur.weight;
                                                  33
                                                                                                     26
                                                                                                            int node;
                                                                                                                                                       16
                                                                                                                                                              cin >> a >> b;
34
                                                                          tmp.to = i;
35
                                                  34
                                                                                                     27
                                                                                                            cin >> node; //Input Node number
                                                                                                                                                              pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(a
                                                                                                            vector<int> union_set(node, 0);
36
           pq.pop();
                                                  35
                                                                          tmp.weight = gp[cur.to][ 28
                                                                                                                                                                   , b); //(x0,y0)
                                                                                                                                                              cout << xy.first << " " << xy.second <<</pre>
37
                                                                              i];
                                                                                                            vector<int> rank(node, 0);
38
       if(edge < n-1)</pre>
                                                                          pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                   endl:
                                                                                                     30
                                                  36
                                                                                                                                                              cout << xy.first << " * " << a << " + "
           cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                  37
                                                                                                                union set[i] = i;
39
                                                                                                     31
                                                                                                                                                                   << xy.second << " * " << b << endl;
                                                                                                     32
                                                                                                            int edge;
40
                                                  38
                                                                                                            cin >> edge; //Input Edge number
           cout << cost << endl;</pre>
                                                  39
                                                                  pass[cur.to] = true;
                                                                                                                                                              return 0:
41
                                                                                                     33
                                                                                                                                                       20
42
                                                  40
                                                                  edge += 1;
                                                                                                     34
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < edge; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       21
  int main(){
                                                  41
                                                                  cost += cur.weight;
                                                                                                     35
                                                                                                                                                       |22| // ax + by = gcd(a,b) * r
      int n;
                                                  42
                                                                                                     36
                                                                                                                int a, b;
                                                                                                                                                       23
                                                                                                                                                          /*find |x|+|y| \rightarrow min*/
       cin >> n;
                                                  43
                                                                                                     37
                                                                                                                cin >> a >> b;
                                                                                                                                                       24 int main()
       int a, b, d;
                                                         if(edge < n-1)
                                                                                                                merge(a, b, union set, rank);
                                                                                                                                                       25
                                                  44
                                                                                                     38
       priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                             cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       26
                                                  45
                                                                                                     39
                                                                                                                                                              long long r, p, q; /*px+qy = r*/
                                                                                                            /*build party*/
       while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                                                                              int cases;
                                                  46
                                                                                                     40
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                              cout << cost << endl:
                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>>> party(node, vector
                                                                                                                                                              cin >> cases:
49
                                                  47
               break;
                                                                                                                                                              while (cases--)
                                                  48 }
50
                                                                                                                 int>(0));
                                                                                                            for (int i = 0; i < node; i++)</pre>
           edges tmp;
                                                  49 int main(){
                                                                                                     42
                                                         int n;
52
           tmp.from = a;
                                                  50
                                                                                                     43
                                                                                                                party[find(i, union set)].push back( 31
                                                                                                                                                                  cin >> r >> p >> q;
53
           tmp.to = b;
                                                         cin >> n;
                                                                                                                                                                  pair<long long, long long> xy =
                                                         int a, b, d;
           tmp.weight = d;
                                                                                                                                                                       extgcd(q, p); //(x0,y0)
                                                         vector<vector<int>> gp(n,vector<int>(n,
                                                                                                                                                                  long long ans = 0, tmp = 0;
55
           pq.push(tmp);
                                                                                                                                                       33
                                                                                                                                                                  double k, k1;
56
                                                                                                                                                       34
                                                                                                                                                                  long long s, s1;
       kruskal(pq, n);
57
                                                  54
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                                                                       35
                                                                                                                                                                  k = 1 - (double)(r * xy.first) / p;
       return 0:
                                                             if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                  55
                                                                                                             Mathematics
                                                  56
                                                                                                                                                                  s = round(k);
                                                  57
                                                              if(gp[a][b] > d)
                                                                                                                                                                  ans = llabs(r * xy.first + s * p) +
                                                                                                                                                                       llabs(r * xy.second - s * q);
                                                  58
                                                                 gp[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                        6.1 Combination
                                                                                                                                                                  k1 = -(double)(r * xy.first) / p;
  5.9 Prim
                                                         Prim(gp,n,0);
                                                                                                                                                                  s1 = round(k1):
                                                  60
                                                                                                                                                       40
                                                                                                                                                                  /*cout << k << endl << k1 << endl;</pre>
                                                         return 0;
                                                  61
                                                                                                                                                                       cout << s << endl << s1 << endl:
                                                                                                      1 /*input type string or vector*/
                                                                                                      2 for (int i = 0; i < (1 << input.size()); ++i</pre>
1 /*mst - Prim*/
2 #define inf 99999
                                                                                                                                                                  tmp = llabs(r * xy.first + s1 * p) +
3 struct edges{
                                                                                                                                                                        llabs(r * xy.second - s1 * q);
       int from;
                                                                                                            string testCase = "";
                                                                                                                                                                  ans = min(ans, tmp);
                                                     5.10 Union find
                                                                                                            for (int j = 0; j < input.size(); ++j)</pre>
       int to;
                                                                                                                                                       45
       int weight;
                                                                                                                if (i & (1 << j))
                                                                                                                                                                  cout << ans << endl;</pre>
```

6.3 Hex to Dec

```
1 int HextoDec(string num) //16 to 10
2
       int base = 1;
       int temp = 0;
       for (int i = num.length() - 1; i = 0; i
           if (num[i] = '0' && num[i] = '9')
               temp += (num[i] - 48) base;
               base = base 16;
           else if (num[i] = 'A' && num[i] = 'F
               temp += (num[i] - 55) base;
               base = base 16:
17
18
       return temp;
19
   void DecToHex(int p_intValue) //10 to 16
21
       char l_pCharRes = new (char);
22
       sprintf(l_pCharRes, % X, p_intValue);
23
       int 1 intResult = stoi(1 pCharRes);
       cout 1_pCharRes n;
25
       return l intResult;
26
```

6.4 Log

6.5 Mod

```
9 return (int)ans;
10 }
```

6.6 Mod 性質

- 整除性: $a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow c \cdot m = a b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ $\Rightarrow a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow m \mid a - b$
- 遞移性:若 $a \equiv b \pmod{c}, b \equiv d \pmod{c}$ 則 $a \equiv d \pmod{c}$
- 保持基本運算:

```
\left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\equiv b (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ c &\equiv d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} a &\pm c \equiv b \pm d (\operatorname{mod} m) \\ a \cdot c &\equiv b \cdot d (\operatorname{mod} m) \end{aligned} \right.
```

放大縮小模數:

```
k\in\mathbb{Z}^+, a\equiv b\pmod m\Leftrightarrow k\cdot a\equiv k\cdot b\pmod {k\cdot m}模逆元是取模下的反元素·即為找到 a^{-1} 使得 aa^{-1}\equiv 1\mod c
```

整數 $a \in \operatorname{mod} c$ 下要有模反元素的充分必要條件為 a,c 互質。

模逆元如果存在會有無限個,任意兩相鄰模逆元相差c。

6.7 Permutation

```
1 // 全排列要先 sort !!!
2 // num -> vector or string
3 next_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
4 prev_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
```

6.8 PI

```
#define PI acos(-1)
#define PI M_PI
const double PI = atan2(0.0, -1.0);
```

6.9 Prime table

```
1 const int maxn = sqrt(INT_MAX);
vector<int> p;
3 bitset<maxn> is notp;
4 void PrimeTable()
       is notp.reset();
       is_notp[0] = is_notp[1] = 1;
       for (int i = 2; i <= maxn; ++i)</pre>
           if (!is_notp[i])
10
               p.push back(i);
           for (int j = 0; j < (int)p.size();</pre>
               if (i * p[j] > maxn)
14
15
                   break;
               is notp[i * p[j]] = 1;
16
               if (i % p[j] == 0)
                    break;
19
20
21
```

6.10 Prime 判斷

```
1 // n < 4759123141
                          chk = [2, 7, 61]
\frac{1}{2} // n < 1122004669633 chk = \frac{1}{2}, 13, 23,
        1662803]
3 // n < 2^64
                          chk = [2, 325, 9375,
        28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022]
4 vector<long long> chk = {};
5 long long fmul(long long a, long long n,
        long long mod)
       long long ret = 0;
       for (; n; n >>= 1)
           if (n & 1)
10
               (ret += a) %= mod;
11
12
           (a += a) \% = mod;
13
14
       return ret;
15
16
  long long fpow(long long a, long long n,
        long long mod)
19
       long long ret = 1LL;
       for (; n; n >>= 1)
21
           if (n & 1)
22
23
               ret = fmul(ret, a, mod);
24
           a = fmul(a, a, mod);
25
26
       return ret;
27
  bool check(long long a, long long u, long
        long n, int t)
29 {
```

a = fpow(a, u, n);

```
if (a == 0)
32
           return true;
       if (a == 1 || a == n - 1)
33
34
           return true;
       for (int i = 0; i < t; ++i)
35
36
37
           a = fmul(a, a, n);
           if (a == 1)
38
39
               return false;
           if (a == n - 1)
40
41
               return true;
42
       return false;
43
44
45
  bool is prime(long long n)
46
47
       if (n < 2)
           return false;
48
       if (n \% 2 == 0)
49
50
           return n == 2:
51
       long long u = n - 1;
       int t = 0:
53
       for (; u & 1; u >>= 1, ++t)
54
55
       for (long long i : chk)
56
57
           if (!check(i, u, n, t))
58
               return false:
59
60
       return true;
61
  // if (is prime(int num)) // true == prime
        反之亦然
```

6.11 Round(小數)

```
double myround(double number, unsigned int
    bits)
{
    LL integerPart = number;
    number -= integerPart;
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)
        number *= 10;
    number = (LL)(number + 0.5);
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)
        number /= 10;
    return integerPart + number;
}
return integerPart + number;
}
//printf("%.1f\n", round(3.4515239, 1));</pre>
```

二分逼近法

```
1 #define eps 1e-14
void half interval()
      double L = 0, R = /*區間*/, M;
      while (R - L \ge eps)
          M = (R + L) / 2;
          if (/*函數*/ > /*方程式目標*/)
              L = M;
          else
              R = M:
12
      printf("%.31f\n", R);
```

6.13 公式

```
S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} a_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
\sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{3} = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^{2}
```

6.14 四則運算

```
1 string s = ""; //開頭是負號要補0
 long long int DFS(int le, int ri) // (0,
      string final index)
      int c = 0;
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
         if (s[i] == ')')
          if (s[i] == '(')
             c--;
          if (s[i] == '+' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) + DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '-' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) - DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
      for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
          if (s[i] == ')')
          if (s[i] == '(')
          if (s[i] == '*' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) * DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '/' && c == 0)
             return DFS(le, i - 1) / DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
          if (s[i] == '%' && c == 0)
              return DFS(le, i - 1) % DFS(i +
                  1, ri);
```

```
if ((s[le] == '(') && (s[ri] == ')'))
30
          return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除刮
      if (s[le] == ' ' && s[ri] == ' ')
31
          return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除左
               右兩邊空格
      if (s[le] == ' ')
33
34
          return DFS(le + 1, ri); //去除左邊空
      if (s[ri] == ' ')
35
36
          return DFS(le, ri - 1); //去除右邊空
      long long int num = 0;
37
       for (int i = le: i <= ri: i++)
          num = num * 10 + s[i] - '0';
39
40
```

```
1 void dfs(int j, int old, int num, vector<int</pre>
        > com, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       for (int i = j; i <= sqrt(num); i++)</pre>
           if (old == num)
               com.clear();
           if (num % i == 0)
               vector<int> a:
               a = com;
               a.push back(i);
               finds(i, old, num / i, a, ans);
               a.push back(num / i);
               ans.push_back(a);
18 vector<vector<int>> ans;
19 vector<int> zero;
20 dfs(2, num, num, zero, ans);
21 /*/num 為 input 數字*/
22 for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)
23
       for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
           cout << ans[i][j] << " ";
       cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
            endl:
27 }
```

6.16 數字加法組合

```
1 | void recur(int i, int n, int m, vector<int>
      &out, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
     if (n == 0)
```

```
for (int i : out)
                if (i > m)
                     return;
            ans.push back(out);
        for (int j = i; j <= n; j++)</pre>
11
            out.push back(j);
            recur(j, n - j, m, out, ans);
            out.pop back();
16 }
17 vector<vector<int>> ans:
18 vector<int> zero:
19 recur(1, num, num, zero, ans);
20 // num 為 input 數字
   for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
            cout << ans[i][j] << " ";</pre>
        cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
```

6.17 羅馬數字

```
1 int romanToInt(string s)
       unordered map<char, int> T;
      T['I'] = 1;
      T['V'] = 5;
       T['X'] = 10;
       T['L'] = 50;
       T['C'] = 100;
       T['D'] = 500;
       T['M'] = 1000;
       int sum = T[s.back()];
       for (int i = s.length() - 2; i >= 0; --i
           if (T[s[i]] < T[s[i + 1]])
              sum -= T[s[i]];
           else
               sum += T[s[i]];
19
20
       return sum;
```

6.18 質因數分解

14

```
1 void primeFactorization(int n) // 配合質數表
      for (int i = 0; i < (int)p.size(); ++i)</pre>
          if (p[i] * p[i] > n)
```

```
cout << p[i] << ' ';
    while (n \% p[i] == 0)
        n /= p[i];
if (n != 1)
    cout << n << ' ';
cout << '\n';</pre>
```

if (n % p[i])

continue:

Other

13

14

7.1 binary search 三類變化

```
1 / / 查找和目標值完全相等的數
int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
      int left = 0, right = nums.size();
      while (left < right)</pre>
          int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
          if (nums[mid] == target)
              return mid;
          else if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
              left = mid + 1;
              right = mid;
      return -1;
17 // 找第一個不小於目標值的數 == 找最後一個小
18 /*(lower bound)*/
  int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
      int left = 0, right = nums.size();
      while (left < right)</pre>
          int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
          if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
              left = mid + 1;
              right = mid;
      return right;
32 // 找第一個大於目標值的數 == 找最後一個不大
       於目標值的數
   /*(upper bound)*/
  int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
      int left = 0, right = nums.size();
      while (left < right)</pre>
          int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
          if (nums[mid] <= target)</pre>
              left = mid + 1;
```

right = mid;

1 struct Job

```
if (!rows[rowNum][i] && !cols[colNum
       return right;
                                                             if (LeftSub[idxLeft] <= RightSub[</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     [][i] && !boxs[getSquareIndex(
                                                                 idxRight])
                                                                                                          int start, finish, profit;
                                                                                                                                                                    rowNum, colNum, n)][i])
                                                 13
                                                                                                    4 };
                                                                 arr[i] = LeftSub[idxLeft];
                                                                                                    5 bool jobComparataor(Job s1, Job s2)
                                                                                                                                                                    rows[rowNum][i] = true;
                                                 14
                                                                                                                                                     21
                                                                                                                                                                    cols[colNum][i] = true;
                                                                idxLeft++:
         heap sort
                                                                                                          return (s1.finish < s2.finish);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                    boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum.
                                                             else
                                                                                                                                                                         colNum, n)][i] = true;
                                                                                                                                                                    board[rowNum][colNum] = i;
                                                                                                      int latestNonConflict(Job arr[], int i)
                                                                                                                                                     24
1 void MaxHeapify(vector<int> &array, int root
                                                                arr[i] = RightSub[idxRight];
                                                                                                                                                                    if (backtracking(board, rows,
                                                                                                   10
       , int length)
                                                                 idxRight++;
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                          for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)
                                                                                                                                                                         cols, boxs, index + 1, n))
                                                                                                                                                                        return true:
                                                 21
                                                                                                   12
       int left = 2 * root,
                                                                                                              if (arr[j].finish <= arr[i].start)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                    board[rowNum][colNum] = 0;
                                                 22
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                                                                     27
           right = 2 * root + 1.
                                                 23 }
                                                                                                   14
                                                                                                                  return i:
                                                                                                                                                     28
                                                                                                                                                                    rows[rowNum][i] = false:
           largest:
                                                    void MergeSort(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                                                                     29
                                                                                                                                                                    cols[colNum][i] = false;
       if (left <= length && array[left] >
                                                                                                   16
                                                                                                          return -1;
                                                                                                                                                     30
                                                                                                                                                                    boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum,
           array[root])
                                                                                                                                                                         colNum, n)][i] = false;
                                                 25
                                                                                                   17 }
          largest = left;
                                                        // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1
                                                                                                   int findMaxProfit(Job arr[], int n)
                                                 26
                                                                                                                                                     31
                                                        if (front < end)</pre>
                                                 27
                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                                                                     32
                                                                                                                                                           return false;
          largest = root;
                                                 28
                                                                                                   20
                                                                                                          sort(arr, arr + n, jobComparataor);
                                                                                                                                                     33
       if (right <= length && array[right] >
                                                 29
                                                             int mid = (front + end) / 2;
                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                          int *table = new int[n];
                                                                                                                                                     34
           array[largest])
                                                             MergeSort(arr, front, mid);
                                                                                                          table[0] = arr[0].profit;
                                                 30
                                                                                                   22
                                                                                                                                                     35 | /*用法 main*/
          largest = right:
                                                 31
                                                             MergeSort(arr, mid + 1, end):
                                                                                                   23
                                                                                                          for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                                                                                                                     36 | int n = sqrt(數獨邊長大小) /*e.g. 9*9 n=3*/
12
       if (largest != root)
                                                 32
                                                             Merge(arr, front, mid, end);
                                                                                                   24
                                                                                                                                                       vector<vector<int>> board(n * n + 1, vector
                                                                                                              int inclProf = arr[i].profit;
13
                                                 33
                                                                                                   25
                                                                                                                                                            int>(n * n + 1, 0));
                                                                                                              int 1 = latestNonConflict(arr, i);
           swap(array[largest], array[root]);
                                                                                                   26
14
                                                                                                                                                       vector<vector<bool>> isRow(n * n + 1, vector
           MaxHeapify(array, largest, length);
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                              if (1 != -1)
15
                                                                                                                                                            <bool>(n * n + 1, false));
                                                                                                   28
                                                                                                                  inclProf += table[1]:
16
                                                                                                                                                    39 vector<vector<bool>> isColumn(n * n + 1,
                                                                                                   29
                                                                                                              table[i] = max(inclProf, table[i -
17
                                                                                                                                                            vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
                                                    7.4 Quick
   void HeapSort(vector<int> &array)
                                                                                                                  11);
                                                                                                                                                       vector<vector<bool>> isSquare(n * n + 1,
19
                                                                                                   30
                                                                                                                                                            vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false));
       array.insert(array.begin(), 0);
                                                                                                          int result = table[n - 1];
                                                                                                   31
                                                  1 int Partition(vector<int> &arr, int front,
       for (int i = (int)array.size() / 2; i >=
                                                                                                          delete[] table;
                                                                                                   32
                                                                                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i)</pre>
                                                         int end)
            1; i--)
                                                                                                   33
           MaxHeapify(array, i, (int)array.size
                                                                                                          return result;
                                                                                                   34
                                                                                                                                                            for (int j = 0; j < n * n; ++j)
                                                        int pivot = arr[end]:
               () - 1);
                                                        int i = front - 1:
       int size = (int)array.size() - 1;
                                                                                                                                                               int number;
                                                        for (int j = front; j < end; j++)</pre>
       for (int i = (int)array.size() - 1; i >=
                                                                                                                                                               cin >> number;
            2: i--)
                                                                                                                                                               board[i][j] = number;
                                                                                                             數獨解法
                                                             if (arr[j] < pivot)</pre>
25
                                                                                                                                                               if (number == 0)
26
          swap(array[1], array[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                    continue;
27
           size--:
                                                                                                                                                                isRow[i][number] = true;
                                                                swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
                                                                                                    int getSquareIndex(int row, int column, int
28
          MaxHeapify(array, 1, size);
                                                                                                                                                               isColumn[j][number] = true;
29
                                                                                                                                                               isSquare[getSquareIndex(i, j, n)][
30
       array.erase(array.begin());
                                                                                                                                                                    number] = true;
                                                                                                          return row / n * n + column / n;
                                                        swap(arr[i], arr[end]);
                                                 14
                                                 15
                                                        return i;
                                                                                                                                                       if (backtracking(board, isRow, isColumn,
                                                 16 }
                                                                                                      bool backtracking(vector<vector<int>> &board
                                                                                                                                                            isSquare, 0, n))
  7.3 Merge sort
                                                 17 | void QuickSort(vector<int> &arr, int front,
                                                                                                           , vector<vector<bool>> &rows, vector<</pre>
                                                                                                                                                            /*有解答*/
                                                         int end)
                                                                                                           vector<bool>> &cols,
                                                                                                                                                     58 else
                                                                                                                        vector<vector<bool>> &boxs
                                                        // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1
                                                                                                                                                            /*解答*/
1 void Merge(vector<int> &arr, int front, int
                                                                                                                             , int index, int n)
                                                        if (front < end)</pre>
       mid, int end)
                                                                                                          int n2 = n * n;
                                                             int pivot = Partition(arr, front,
       vector<int> LeftSub(arr.begin() + front,
                                                                                                          int rowNum = index / n2, colNum = index
             arr.begin() + mid + 1);
                                                                                                               % n2;
                                                                                                                                                             String
                                                             QuickSort(arr, front, pivot - 1);
       vector<int> RightSub(arr.begin() + mid +
                                                                                                          if (index >= n2 * n2)
                                                             QuickSort(arr, pivot + 1, end);
            1, arr.begin() + end + 1);
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                              return true;
                                                 25
       LeftSub.insert(LeftSub.end(), INT MAX);
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                                                                        8.1 KMP
      RightSub.insert(RightSub.end(), INT MAX) 26 }
                                                                                                          if (board[rowNum][colNum] != 0)
                                                                                                              return backtracking(board, rows,
       int idxLeft = 0, idxRight = 0;
                                                                                                                   cols, boxs, index + 1, n);
                                                                                                                                                     1 // 用在在一個 S 內查找一個詞 W 的出現位置
                                                    7.5 Weighted Job Scheduling
       for (int i = front; i <= end; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                          for (int i = 1; i <= n2; i++)
                                                                                                                                                     void ComputePrefix(string s, int next[])
```

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```
int n = s.length();
                                                          return dp[m][n];
       int q, k;
                                                  20 }
       next[0] = 0;
       for (k = 0, q = 1; q < n; q++)
           while (k > 0 \&\& s[k] != s[q])
               k = next[k]:
                                                     8.3 Sliding window
           if (s[k] == s[q])
12
               k++;
13
           next[q] = k;
14
                                                   1 string minWindow(string s, string t)
15
   void KMPMatcher(string text, string pattern)
16
                                                          unordered_map<char, int> letterCnt;
17
                                                          for (int i = 0; i < t.length(); i++)
18
       int n = text.length();
                                                              letterCnt[t[i]]++;
19
       int m = pattern.length();
                                                          int minLength = INT_MAX, minStart = -1;
       int next[pattern.length()];
20
                                                          int left = 0, matchCnt = 0;
       ComputePrefix(pattern, next);
                                                          for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
22
       for (int i = 0, q = 0; i < n; i++)
23
                                                              if (--letterCnt[s[i]] >= 0)
24
                                                                  matchCnt++:
           while (q > 0 && pattern[q] != text[i
25
                                                              while (matchCnt == t.length())
                1)
26
               q = next[q];
                                                                  if (i - left + 1 < minLength)</pre>
                                                   14
           if (pattern[q] == text[i])
27
                                                   15
28
                                                   16
                                                                      minLength = i - left + 1;
20
           if (q == m)
                                                   17
                                                                      minStart = left:
30
               cout << "Pattern occurs with
31
                                                                  if (++letterCnt[s[left]] > 0)
                    shift " << i - m + 1 << endl _{20}^{--}
                                                                      matchCnt--;
                                                  21
                                                                  left++:
               q = 0;
                                                  ^{22}
33
                                                  23
34
                                                  24
                                                          return minLength == INT_MAX ? "" : s.
35
                                                               substr(minStart, minLength);
   // string s = "abcdabcdebcd";
                                                  25 }
  // string p = "bcd";
  // KMPMatcher(s, p);
39 // cout << endl:
```

8.2 Min Edit Distance

```
int EditDistance(string a, string b)
2
      vector<vector<int>> dp(a.size() + 1,
           vector<int>(b.size() + 1, 0));
      int m = a.length(), n = b.length();
      for (int i = 0; i < m + 1; i++)
          for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++)
              if (i == 0)
                  dp[i][j] = j;
              else if (i == 0)
                  dp[i][j] = i;
              else if (a[i - 1] == b[j - 1])
                  dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1];
                  dp[i][j] = 1 + min(min(dp[i
                       - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]),
                       dp[i - 1][j - 1]);
```

8.4 Split

```
1 | vector<string> mysplit(const string &str,
       const string &delim)
       vector<string> res;
       if ("" == str)
           return res;
       char *strs = new char[str.length() + 1];
       char *d = new char[delim.length() + 1];
       strcpy(strs, str.c str());
       strcpy(d, delim.c str());
       char *p = strtok(strs, d);
11
12
       while (p)
13
           string s = p;
           res.push back(s):
           p = strtok(NULL, d);
      return res;
```

data structure

57

58

59

60

61

62

9.1 Bigint

```
1 | // 台大 // 非必要請用python
                                                   63
2 struct Bigint
                                                   64
                                                   65
      static const int LEN = 60:
                                          //
                                                   66
           maxLEN
                                                   67
      static const int BIGMOD = 10000; //10為
                                                   68
           正常位數
                                                   69
      int s:
                                                   70
      int v1, v[LEN];
                                                   71
      // vector<int> v;
                                                   72
      Bigint() : s(1) { vl = 0; }
                                                   73
      Bigint(long long a)
                                                   74
          s = 1;
                                                   75
          v1 = 0:
                                                   76
          if (a < 0)
                                                   77
                                                   78
              s = -1:
                                                   79
                                                   80
              a = -a;
                                                   81
          while (a)
                                                   82
                                                   83
               push back(a % BIGMOD);
                                                   84
              a /= BIGMOD:
                                                   85
                                                   86
                                                   87
                                                   88
      Bigint(string str)
                                                   89
          s = 1:
          v1 = 0;
                                                   90
          int stPos = 0, num = 0;
                                                   91
          if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-')
                                                   92
               stPos = 1:
                                                   94
              s = -1;
                                                   95
          for (int i = str.length() - 1, a =
                                                   97
               1; i >= stPos; i--)
                                                   98
               num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
               if ((q *= 10)) >= BIGMOD)
                                                  100
                                                  101
                   push back(num);
                                                  102
                   num = 0;
                   q = 1;
                                                  103
                                                  104
                                                  105
          if (num)
                                                  106
               push_back(num);
                                                  107
          n();
                                                  108
                                                  109
      int len() const
                                                  110
                                                  111
          return vl; //return SZ(v);
                                                  112
                                                  113
      bool empty() const { return len() == 0;
                                                  115
      void push_back(int x)
                                                  116
```

```
v[v]++] = x; //v.PB(x);
void pop_back()
    vl--; //v.pop_back();
int back() const
    return v[vl - 1]; //return v.back();
void n()
{
    while (!empty() && !back())
        pop back();
void resize(int nl)
                         //v.resize(nl);
    v1 = n1;
    fill(v, v + vl, 0); //fill(ALL(v),
void print() const
    if (empty())
        putchar('0');
        return:
    if (s == -1)
        putchar('-');
    printf("%d", back());
    for (int i = len() - 2; i >= 0; i--)
        printf("%.4d", v[i]);
friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::</pre>
    ostream &out, const Bigint &a)
    if (a.empty())
        out << "0":
        return out;
    if (a.s == -1)
        out << "-":
    out << a.back();</pre>
    for (int i = a.len() - 2; i >= 0; i
         --)
        char str[10];
        snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i])
        out << str;
    return out;
int cp3(const Bigint &b) const
    if (s != b.s)
        return s - b.s;
    if (s == -1)
        return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
    if (len() != b.len())
        return len() - b.len(); //int
    for (int i = len() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        if (v[i] != b.v[i])
            return v[i] - b.v[i];
```

10

11

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```
return 0;
118
                                                      183
119
                                                      184
        bool operator<(const Bigint &b) const
120
                                                      185
121
                                                      186
            return cp3(b) < 0;
122
                                                      187
123
                                                      188
124
        bool operator <= (const Bigint &b) const
                                                      189
125
                                                      190
126
            return cp3(b) <= 0;
                                                      191
127
                                                      192
128
        bool operator == (const Bigint &b) const
                                                      193
129
                                                      194
130
            return cp3(b) == 0;
                                                      195
131
                                                      196
132
        bool operator!=(const Bigint &b) const
                                                      197
133
                                                      198
134
            return cp3(b) != 0;
                                                      199
135
                                                      200
        bool operator>(const Bigint &b) const
136
                                                      201
137
                                                      202
            return cp3(b) > 0;
                                                      203
138
139
                                                      204
        bool operator>=(const Bigint &b) const
                                                      205
140
141
142
            return cp3(b) >= 0;
                                                      206
                                                      207
143
144
        Bigint operator-() const
                                                      208
                                                      209
145
            Bigint r = (*this);
146
                                                      210
            r.s = -r.s;
147
148
            return r;
                                                      211
                                                      212
149
        Bigint operator+(const Bigint &b) const
150
151
                                                      214
             if (s == -1)
152
                                                      215
                 return -(-(*this) + (-b));
                                                      216
153
             if (b.s == -1)
154
                                                      217
155
                 return (*this) - (-b);
                                                      218
            Bigint r;
156
                                                      219
            int nl = max(len(), b.len());
157
                                                      220
            r.resize(nl + 1);
                                                      221
158
             for (int i = 0; i < nl; i++)</pre>
159
160
                                                      222
                 if (i < len())
                                                      223
161
162
                     r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                      224
163
                 if (i < b.len())</pre>
                                                      225
                      r.v[i] += b.v[i];
164
                 if (r.v[i] >= BIGMOD)
165
                                                      226
166
                                                      227
167
                      r.v[i + 1] += r.v[i] /
                                                      228
                           BIGMOD;
                                                      229
                     r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                      230
                                                      231
170
                                                      232
            r.n();
                                                      233
171
172
                                                      234
            return r:
173
        Bigint operator-(const Bigint &b) const
174
175
                                                      237
             if (s == -1)
176
177
                 return -(-(*this) - (-b));
                                                      239
178
             if (b.s == -1)
                                                      240
                 return (*this) + (-b);
179
                                                      241
             if ((*this) < b)
                                                      242
                 return -(b - (*this));
181
                                                      243
             Bigint r;
                                                      244
```

```
r.resize(len());
                                            245
    for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)
                                            246
                                            247
        r.v[i] += v[i];
        if (i < b.len())</pre>
             r.v[i] -= b.v[i];
        if (r.v[i] < 0)
             r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
             r.v[i + 1]--;
    r.n();
    return r:
Bigint operator*(const Bigint &b)
    Bigint r;
    r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
    r.s = s * b.s;
    for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < b.len(); j</pre>
              ++)
             r.v[i + j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
                                             14
                                             15
             if (r.v[i + j] >= BIGMOD)
                 r.v[i + j + 1] += r.v[i]
                                             17
                      + j] / BIGMOD;
                 r.v[i + j] \% = BIGMOD;
                                             18
                                             19
                                             20
                                             21
                                             22
    r.n();
                                             23
    return r;
                                             24
                                             25
Bigint operator/(const Bigint &b)
                                             26
    Bigint r;
                                             27
    r.resize(max(1, len() - b.len() + 1)
                                             28
         );
                                             29
    int oriS = s;
    Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                             30
                                             31
    s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
    for (int i = r.len() - 1; i >= 0; i
                                             32
                                             33
         --)
                                             35
        int d = 0, u = BIGMOD - 1;
                                             36
        while (d < u)
                                             37
                                             38
             int m = (d + u + 1) >> 1;
             r.v[i] = m;
             if ((r * b2) > (*this))
                                             39
                 u = m - 1;
                                             40
             else
                                             41
        r.v[i] = d;
                                             44
    s = oriS;
                                             46
    r.s = s * b.s;
                                             47
    r.n();
    return r;
```

Bigint operator%(const Bigint &b)

```
248 };
          Matirx
 1 template <typename T>
 2 struct Matrix
        using rt = std::vector<T>;
        using mt = std::vector<rt>;
        using matrix = Matrix<T>;
        int r, c; // [r][c]
        mt m:
        Matrix(int r, int c) : r(r), c(c), m(r, r)
             rt(c)) {}
        Matrix(mt a) \{ m = a, r = a.size(), c = a.size() \}
             a[0].size(); }
        rt &operator[](int i) { return m[i]; }
 12
        matrix operator+(const matrix &a)
            matrix rev(r, c);
            for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
                    rev[i][j] = m[i][j] + a.m[i
                         ][j];
            return rev;
        matrix operator-(const matrix &a)
            matrix rev(r, c);
            for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
                    rev[i][j] = m[i][j] - a.m[i]
                         ][j];
            return rev:
        matrix operator*(const matrix &a)
            matrix rev(r, a.c);
            matrix tmp(a.c, a.r);
            for (int i = 0; i < a.r; ++i)
                for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)
34
                    tmp[j][i] = a.m[i][j];
            for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)</pre>
                    for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                        rev.m[i][j] += m[i][k] *
                              tmp[j][k];
            return rev:
        bool inverse() //逆矩陣判斷
42
 43
            Matrix t(r, r + c);
            for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
                t.m[y][c + y] = 1;
                                                    10
                for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
                                                   11
                    t.m[y][x] = m[y][x];
                                                   12
                                                   13
            if (!t.gas())
50
                                                   14
                return false;
```

return (*this) - (*this) / b * b;

```
for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
53
                for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
54
                    m[y][x] = t.m[y][c + x] / t.
                         m[y][y];
55
           return true;
56
         gas() //行列式
57
58
59
           vector<T> lazy(r, 1);
60
           bool sign = false;
61
           for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
62
                if (m[i][i] == 0)
63
64
65
                    int j = i + 1;
66
                    while (j < r && !m[j][i])
67
                        j++;
                    if (j == r)
                        continue:
                    m[i].swap(m[j]);
                    sign = !sign;
                for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j)
73
74
75
                    if (i == j)
76
                        continue;
77
                    lazy[j] = lazy[j] * m[i][i];
78
                    T mx = m[j][i];
                    for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                        m[j][k] = m[j][k] * m[i]
                             ][i] - m[i][k] * mx;
82
83
           T det = sign ? -1 : 1;
84
           for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
85
               det = det * m[i][i];
86
               det = det / lazy[i];
87
88
                for (auto &i : m[i])
                    j /= lazy[i];
89
90
91
           return det;
92
93 };
```

9.3Trie

```
1 // biginter字典數
2 struct BigInteger{
      static const int BASE = 100000000;
      static const int WIDTH = 8;
      vector<int> s;
      BigInteger(long long num = 0){
          *this = num;
     BigInteger operator = (long long num){
         s.clear();
              s.push back(num % BASE);
              num /= BASE;
          }while(num > 0);
          return *this;
```

```
11 n, d;
                                                                sz = 1;
       BigInteger operator = (const string& str
                                                                                                             fraction(const 11 & n = 0, const 11 & d =
                                                    75
                                                           void insert(BigInteger x, int v){
                                                                                                                  1) : n(_n), d(_d)
                                                    76
18
           s.clear();
                                                    77
                                                                int u = 0;
           int x, len = (str.length() - 1) /
                                                                int max_len_count = 0;
                                                                                                               11 t = \_gcd(n, d);
19
                                                    78
                                                                int firstNum = x.s.back();
                                                                                                               n /= t, d /= t;
                WIDTH + 1;
                                                                char firstBuf[20];
sprintf(firstBuf, "%d", firstNum);
           for(int i = 0; i < len;i++){</pre>
                                                                                                               if (d < 0)
20
                int end = str.length() - i*WIDTH
                                                                                                                  n = -n, d = -d;
21
                                                                for(int j = 0; j < strlen(firstBuf);</pre>
                int start = max(0, end-WIDTH);
                                                                                                             fraction operator-() const
                                                                                                        12
22
23
                sscanf(str.substr(start, end-
                                                                    int index = getIndex(firstBuf[j
                                                                                                        13
                                                    83
                     start).c str(), "%d", &x);
                                                                                                               return fraction(-n, d);
                                                                         1);
                                                                                                        14
                s.push_back(x);
                                                                    if(!c[u][index]){
24
                                                    84
                                                                        memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof(c[
                                                                                                             fraction operator+(const fraction &b)
25
                                                    85
                                                                                                        16
26
           return *this;
                                                                             sz]));
27
                                                                        val[sz] = v;
                                                    86
                                                                                                        17
                                                                        c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                               return fraction(n * b.d + b.n * d, d * b
28
                                                                                                        18
       BigInteger operator + (const BigInteger&
29
             b) const{
                                                                    u = c[u][index];
                                                    89
                                                                                                        19
                                                                    max_len_count++;
           BigInteger c;
                                                                                                             fraction operator-(const fraction &b)
30
                                                    90
                                                                                                        20
           c.s.clear();
31
                                                    91
           for(int i = 0, g = 0;;i++){}
                                                                for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i
32
                                                    92
                                                                                                        21
33
                if(g == 0 && i >= s.size() && i
                                                                    --){
                                                                                                        22
                                                                                                               return fraction(n * b.d - b.n * d. d * b
                     >= b.s.size()) break;
                                                                    char buf[20];
                                                    93
                int x = g;
                                                                    sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                    94
                                                                                                        23
34
                                                                    for(int j = 0; j < strlen(buf)</pre>
                if(i < s.size()) x+=s[i];</pre>
                                                    95
                                                                                                        24
                                                                                                             fraction operator*(const fraction &b)
35
                if(i < b.s.size()) x+=b.s[i];</pre>
                                                                         && max_len_count < 50; j++){
36
                                                                        int index = getIndex(buf[j])
                c.s.push back(x % BASE);
                                                                                                       25
37
                                                    96
                g = x / \overline{BASE};
                                                                                                               return fraction(n * b.n, d * b.d);
38
                                                                                                        26
                                                                        if(!c[u][index]){
39
                                                    97
           return c;
                                                    98
                                                                            memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof 28
                                                                                                             fraction operator/(const fraction &b)
40
                                                                                  (c[sz]));
41
   };
                                                                            val[sz] = v;
42
                                                    99
                                                                                                        29
                                                                            c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                               return fraction(n * b.d, d * b.n);
43
                                                   100
                                                                                                        30
   ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
                                                   101
                                                                                                        31
44
       BigInteger& x){
                                                                        u = c[u][index];
                                                   102
                                                                                                        32
                                                                                                             void print()
       out << x.s.back();</pre>
                                                                        max_len_count++;
                                                                                                        33
45
                                                   103
       for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i--){
46
                                                   104
                                                                                                        34
                                                                                                               cout << n;
47
           char buf[20];
                                                   105
                                                                    if(max len count >= 50){
                                                                                                        35
                                                                                                               if (d != 1)
           sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                                                                  cout << "/" << d;
48
                                                   106
                                                                        break;
                                                                                                        36
           for(int j = 0; j< strlen(buf); j++){</pre>
                                                                                                        37
49
                                                   107
                out << buf[j];</pre>
                                                                                                        38 };
50
                                                   108
51
                                                   109
                                                           int find(const char* s){
52
                                                   110
                                                                int u = 0;
53
       return out;
                                                   111
54
                                                   112
                                                                int n = strlen(s);
                                                                for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
55
                                                   113
   istream& operator >> (istream &in,
                                                   114
                                                                    int index = getIndex(s[i]);
        BigInteger& x){
                                                   115
57
       string s;
                                                   116
                                                                    if(!c[u][index]){
58
       if(!(in >> s))
                                                   117
                                                                        return -1;
59
           return in;
                                                   118
                                                                    u = c[u][index];
       x = s;
                                                   119
       return in;
                                                   120
62
                                                   121
                                                                return val[u];
63
                                                   122
   struct Trie{
                                                   123 }
64
       int c[5000005][10];
       int val[5000005];
67
       int sz:
                                                              分數
                                                       9.4
       int getIndex(char c){
69
           return c - '0';
70
71
       void init(){
                                                     1 typedef long long 11;
           memset(c[0], 0, sizeof(c[0]));
                                                     2 struct fraction
72
           memset(val, -1, sizeof(val));
```

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