1 Basic

1.1 Basic codeblock setting

1.2 Basic vim setting

```
1  /*at home directory*/
2  /* vi ~/.vimrc */
3  syntax enable
4  set smartindent
5  set tabstop=4
6  set shiftwidth=4
7  set expandtab
8  set relativenumber
```

1.3 Code Template

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
3 typedef long long 11;
4 typedef unsigned long long ull;
5 typedef pair<int, int> pii;
6 #define x first
7 #define y second
8 #define pb push_back
9 #define len length()
#define all(p) p.begin(), p.end()
11 #define endl '\n'
12 #define bug(x) cout << "value of " << #x <<
       " is " << x << endl;
13 #define bugarr(x)
      for (auto i : x)
           cout << i << ' '; \
      cout << endl;</pre>
  int main()
18
       ios::sync_with_stdio(0);
      cin.tie(0);
      return 0;
```

1.4 Python

```
1 | // 輸入
 2 import sys
 3 line = sys.stdin.readline() // 會讀到換行
 4 input().strip()
 7 \mid \text{range}(0, N) // 0 \sim N-1
 s \mid D, R, N = map(int, line[:-1].split()) // \mathcal{D}
        三個 int 變數
10 pow(a, b, c) // a ^ b % c
12 print(*objects, sep = ' ', end = '\n')
13 // objects -- 可以一次輸出多個對象
14 // sep -- 分開多個objects
15 // end -- 默認值是\n
   // EOF break
17
18 try:
      while True:
           //input someithing
20
21 except EOFError:
       pass
```

1.5 Range data

```
int (-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned int(0 to 4294967295)
long(-2147483648 to 2147483647)
unsigned long(0 to 4294967295)
long long(-9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807)
unsigned long long (0 to
18446744073709551615)
```

1.6 Some Function

```
// 四捨五入
1 | round(double f);
                            // 進入
2 | ceil(double f);
3 floor(double f);
                            //捨去
   builtin popcount(int n); // 32bit有多少 1
  to string(int s);
                            // int to string
 7 / /** 全排列要先 sort !!! **/
8 next_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
9 prev_permutation(num.begin(), num.end());
10 //用binary search找大於或等於val的最小值的位
11 vector<int>::iterator it = lower_bound(v.
       begin(), v.end(), val);
12 //用binary search找大於val的最小值的位置
13 vector<int>::iterator it = upper bound(v.
       begin(), v.end(), val);
14 /*queue*/
```

```
16 queue < datatype > q;
17 front(); /*取出最前面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
18 | back(); /*取出最後面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
19 pop(); /*移掉最前面的值*/
20 | push(); /*新增值到最後面*/
21 empty(); /*回傳bool,檢查是不是空的queue*/
22 size(); /*queue 的大小*/
24 /*stack*/
25 stack<datatype> s;
26 | top(); /*取出最上面的值(沒有移除掉)*/
27 pop(); /*移掉最上面的值*/
28 push(); /*新增值到最上面*/
29 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
30 | size(); /*stack 的大小*/
32 /*unordered set*/
33 unordered set<datatype> s;
34 unordered set<datatype> s(arr, arr + n);
35 /*initial with array*/
36 insert(); /*插入值*/
37 erase(); /*刪除值*/
38 empty(); /*bool 檢查是不是空*/
39 count(); /*判斷元素存在回傳1 無則回傳0*/
```

1.7 Time

```
1 cout << 1.0 * clock() / CLOCKS_PER_SEC << endl;</pre>
```

2 DP

2.1 3 維 DP 思路

```
1 | 解題思路: dp[i][j][k]
2 | i 跟 j 代表 range i ~ j 的 value
3 | k在我的理解裡是視題目的要求而定的
4 | 像是 Remove Boxes 當中 k 代表的是在 i 之前還有多少個連續的箱子
5 | 所以每次區間消去的值就是(k+1) * (k+1)
6 | 换言之·我認為可以理解成 k 的意義就是題目今天所關注的重點·就是老師說的題目所規定的運算
```

2.2 Knapsack Bounded

```
const int N = 100, W = 100000;
int cost[N], weight[N], number[N];
int c[W + 1];
void knapsack(int n, int w)
{
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
           int num = min(number[i], w / weight[
           for (int k = 1; num > 0; k *= 2)
11
               if (k > num)
                    k = num;
12
13
               num -= k;
               for (int j = w; j >= weight[i] *
14
                      k; --j)
                    c[j] = max(c[j], c[j -
15
                         weight[i] * k] + cost[i]
                          * k);
16
17
       cout << "Max Prince" << c[w];</pre>
18
19
```

2.3 Knapsack sample

```
int Knapsack(vector<int> weight, vector<int>
        value, int bag_Weight)
       // vector<int> weight = {1, 3, 4};
      // vector<int> value = {15, 20, 30};
      // int bagWeight = 4;
      vector<vector<int>> dp(weight.size(),
           vector<int>(bagWeight + 1, 0));
       for (int j = weight[0]; j <= bagWeight;</pre>
           dp[0][j] = value[0];
      // weight數組的大小就是物品個數
      for (int i = 1; i < weight.size(); i++)</pre>
      { // 遍歷物品
           for (int j = 0; j <= bagWeight; j++)</pre>
          { // 遍歷背包容量
               if (j < weight[i]) dp[i][j] = dp</pre>
                    [i - 1][j];
               else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j]
                   ], dp[i - 1][j - weight[i]]
                   + value[i]);
16
      cout << dp[weight.size() - 1][bagWeight]</pre>
            << endl;
```

2.4 Knapsack Unbounded

```
const int N = 100, W = 100000;
int cost[N], weight[N];
int c[W + 1];
void knapsack(int n, int w)
{
    memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    for (int j = weight[i]; j <= w; ++j)</pre>
```

```
2.10 Money problem
               c[j] = max(c[j], c[j - weight[i
                                                        vector<string> k:
                                                                                                             if (i != ans.size() - 1)
                                                        while (n && m)
                                                                                                                  cout << ' ';
                    11 + cost[i]);
                                                 19
                                                                                                  39
       cout << "最高的價值為" << c[w];
                                                 20
                                                                                                   40
                                                            if (LCS[n][m] != max(LCS[n - 1][m],
                                                                                                         cout << '\n';
                                                 21
                                                                                                  41
11 }
                                                                 LCS[n][m - 1]))
                                                 22
                                                 23
                                                                k.push back(Ans[n - 1]);
                                                                                                                                                     1 / / 能否湊得某個價位
                                                 24
  2.5 LCIS
                                                                n--;
                                                                                                                                                     void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                 25
                                                                                                     2.8 LPS
                                                 26
                                                                                                                                                           vector<bool> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                                 27
                                                            else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n - 1][m])
int LCIS len(vector<int> arr1, vetor<int>
                                                                                                                                                           c[0] = true;
                                                                                                   1 | void LPS(string s)
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                            else if (LCS[n][m] == LCS[n][m - 1])
                                                 29
                                                                                                                                                                     // 依序加入各種面額
                                                 30
       int n = arr1.size(), m = arr2.size();
                                                                                                         int maxlen = 0, 1, r;
                                                                                                                                                               for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                 31
       vector<int> table(m, 0);
                                                                                                         int n = n:
                                                 32
                                                        reverse(k.begin(), k.end());
                                                                                                                                                                    ++i) // 由低價位逐步到高價位
      for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                        for (auto i : k)
                                                 33
                                                                                                                                                                   c[j] = c[j] | c[j - price[i]];
          table[j] = 0;
                                                            cout << i << " ":
                                                 34
                                                                                                                                                                            // 湊、湊、湊
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                                                             int x = 0:
                                                        cout << endl:
                                                 35
                                                                                                                                                           if (c[limit]) cout << "YES\n";</pre>
                                                                                                              while ((s[i - x] == s[i + x]) \&\& (i
                                                        return LCS[N][M];
                                                 36
                                                                                                                                                           else cout << "NO\n";</pre>
           int current = 0;
                                                                                                                  -x >= 0) && (i + x < n)) //odd
           for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
                                                                                                                  length
                                                                                                                                                    12 // 湊得某個價位的湊法總共幾種
                                                                                                                  x++;
                                                                                                                                                       void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                                                                   10
               if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                                                                                                   11
                                                                                                              if (2 * x + 1 > maxlen)
                                                    2.7 LIS
                                                                                                                                                           vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                   if (current + 1 > table[j])
                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                                           c[0] = true;
                       table[i] = current + 1:
                                                                                                   13
                                                                                                                  maxlen = 2 * x + 1;
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                 l = i - x;
                                                  1 | vector<int> ans:
                                                                                                                                                               for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
               if (arr1[i] > arr2[j])
                                                                                                                  r = i + x:
                                                  void printLIS(vector<int> &arr, vector<int>
                   if (table[j] > current)
                                                                                                             }
                                                                                                   16
                                                         &pos, int index)
                                                                                                                                                                   c[j] += c[j - price[i]];
19
                       current = table[j];
                                                                                                   17
20
                                                                                                                                                           cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                                              while ((s[i - x] == s[i + 1 + x]) \&\&
                                                                                                   18
                                                        if (pos[index] != -1)
21
                                                                                                                   (i - x >= 0) \&\& (i + 1 + x < n)
                                                            printLIS(arr, pos, pos[index]);
                                                                                                                                                    22 // 湊得某個價位的最少錢幣用量
22
       int result = 0;
                                                                                                                  ) //even length
                                                        // printf("%d", arr[index]);
23
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                       void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                                  x++;
                                                        ans.push_back(arr[index]);
24
          if (table[i] > result)
                                                                                                                                                    24
                                                                                                              if (2 * x > maxlen)
                                                                                                   20
              result = table[i];
25
                                                                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                                                                           vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
                                                                                                   21
                                                  9 void LIS(vector<int> &arr)
       return result:
26
                                                                                                                  maxlen = 2 * x;
                                                                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                           c[0] = true;
                                                                                                   22
                                                 10
27 }
                                                                                                                                                    27
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                  1 = i - x + 1;
                                                                                                   23
                                                 11
                                                        vector<int> dp(arr.size(), 1);
                                                                                                                                                               for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
                                                                                                                  r = i + x:
                                                                                                  24
                                                        vector<int> pos(arr.size(), -1);
                                                 12
                                                                                                                                                                    ++j)
                                                        int res = INT MIN, index = 0;
                                                                                                   25
                                                 13
                                                                                                                                                                   c[j] = min(c[j], c[j - price[i]]
                                                                                                   26
                                                        for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); ++i)</pre>
                                                 14
  2.6 LCS
                                                                                                                                                                         + 1);
                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                         cout << maxlen << '\n'; // 最後長度
                                                 15
                                                                                                                                                           cout << c[limit] << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                                         cout << 1 + 1 << ' ' << r + 1 << '\n':
                                                            for (int j = i + 1; j < arr.size();</pre>
                                                                                                   28
                                                 16
                                                                                                                                                    31 }
                                                                                                              //頭到尾
                                                                 ++j)
                                                                                                                                                    32 | // 湊得某個價位的錢幣用量,有哪幾種可能性
1 int LCS(vector<string> Ans, vector<string>
                                                                                                                                                       void change(vector<int> price, int limit)
       num)
                                                                if (arr[j] > arr[i])
                                                 18
                                                                                                                                                    34
2
                                                 19
                                                                                                                                                           vector<int> c(limit + 1, 0);
       int N = Ans.size(), M = num.size();
                                                 20
                                                                    if (dp[i] + 1 > dp[j])
                                                                                                                                                           c[0] = true;
       vector<vector<int>> LCS(N + 1, vector
                                                 21
                                                                                                     2.9 Max subarray
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 0; i < price.size(); ++i)</pre>
            int>(M + 1, 0));
                                                                        dp[j] = dp[i] + 1;
                                                 22
                                                                                                                                                               for (int j = price[i]; j <= limit;</pre>
       for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i)
                                                 23
                                                                        pos[j] = i;
                                                                                                                                                                   c[j] |= c[j-price[i]] << 1; //</pre>
                                                                                                   1 /*Kadane's algorithm*/
           for (int j = 1; j <= M; ++j)
                                                                                                                                                                        錢幣數量加一,每一種可能性都
                                                                                                     int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
               if (Ans[i - 1] == num[j - 1])
                                                                                                         int local max = nums[0], global max =
                                                            if (dp[i] > res)
                                                                                                                                                                        加一。
                                                 27
                   LCS[i][j] = LCS[i - 1][j -
                                                                                                               nums[0];
                       1] + 1;
                                                                                                         for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                           for (int i = 1; i <= 63; ++i)
                                                                res = dp[i];
                                                                                                                                                    41
                                                                                                              local max = max(nums[i],nums[i]+
               else
                                                                                                                                                               if (c[m] & (1 << i))
                                                                index = i;
                                                                                                                                                    42
                                                                                                                  _
local_max);
12
                   LCS[i][j] = max(LCS[i - 1][j]_{31}
                                                                                                                                                                   cout << "用" << i << "個錢幣可湊
                                                                                                                                                    43
                                                                                                              global max = max(local max,
                       ], LCS[i][j - 1]);
                                                 32
                                                                                                                                                                        得價位" << m;
                                                                                                                  global max);
13
                                                        cout << res << endl; // length
                                                                                                                                                    44 }
14
                                                        printLIS(arr, pos, index);
15
       cout << LCS[N][M] << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                                         return global max;
```

for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)

cout << ans[i];</pre>

36

//列印 LCS

int n = N, m = M;

3 Flow & matching

3.1 Dinic

```
1 const long long INF = 1LL<<60;</pre>
   struct Dinic { //O(VVE), with minimum cut
       static const int MAXN = 5003;
       struct Edge{
           int u, v;
           long long cap, rest;
       int n, m, s, t, d[MAXN], cur[MAXN];
       vector<Edge> edges:
       vector<int> G[MAXN];
10
       void init(){
12
           edges.clear();
13
           for ( int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ) G[i]
                ].clear();
           n = 0:
15
       // min cut start
16
       bool side[MAXN];
       void cut(int u) {
           side[u] = 1;
19
           for ( int i : G[u] ) {
20
               if ( !side[ edges[i].v ] &&
                    edges[i].rest )
               cut(edges[i].v);
22
23
24
25
       // min cut end
26
       int add node(){
27
           return n++;
28
29
       void add edge(int u, int v, long long
           edges.push_back( {u, v, cap, cap} );
           edges.push_back( {v, u, 0, 0LL} );
           m = edges.size();
32
33
           G[u].push_back(m-2);
           G[v].push_back(m-1);
34
35
36
       bool bfs(){
           fill(d,d+n,-1);
           queue<int> que;
           que.push(s); d[s]=0;
39
           while (!que.empty()){
               int u = que.front(); que.pop();
               for (int ei : G[u]){
                   Edge &e = edges[ei];
                   if (d[e.v] < 0 && e.rest >
                       d[e.v] = d[u] + 1;
                       que.push(e.v);
           return d[t] >= 0;
       long long dfs(int u, long long a){
           if ( u == t || a == 0 ) return a;
           long long flow = 0, f;
```

```
for ( int \&i=cur[u]; i < (int)G[u].
               size(); i++) {
               Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
               if ( d[u] + 1 != d[e.v] )
               f = dfs(e.v, min(a, e.rest) );
               if (f > 0) {
               e.rest -= f;
               edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].rest += f;
              flow += f;
              a -= f;
               if ( a == 0 ) break;
           return flow:
       long long maxflow(int s, int t){
          s = _s, t = _t;
           long long flow = 0, mf;
           while ( bfs() ){
               fill(cur,cur+n,0);
               while ( (mf = dfs(s, INF)) )
                   flow += mf:
           return flow:
78 } dinic;
```

3.2 Edmonds karp

56

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22

23

```
1 /* Flow - Edmonds - karp*/
2 /*Based on UVa820*/
3 #define inf 1000000
4 int getMaxFlow(vector<vector<int>> &capacity
      , int s, int t, int n){
    int ans = 0:
    vector<vector<int>> residual(n+1, vector
         int>(n+1, 0)); //residual network
    while(true){
      vector<int> bottleneck(n+1, 0);
      bottleneck[s] = inf;
      queue<int> q;
      q.push(s);
      vector<int> pre(n+1, 0);
      while(!q.empty() && bottleneck[t] == 0){
       int cur = q.front();
        q.pop();
        for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
          if(bottleneck[i] == 0 && capacity[
               cur][i] > residual[cur][i]){
            q.push(i);
            pre[i] = cur;
            bottleneck[i] = min(bottleneck[cur 16
                 ], capacity[cur][i] - residual 17
                 [cur][i]);
      if(bottleneck[t] == 0) break;
      for(int cur = t; cur != s; cur = pre[cur 23
          residual[pre[cur]][cur] +=
               bottleneck[t];
```

```
residual[cur][pre[cur]] -=
                bottleneck[t];
28
                                                    29
       ans += bottleneck[t];
29
                                                    31
30
31
     return ans;
                                                    32
32
                                                    33 } graph;
   int main(){
34
     int testcase = 1;
     int n;
36
     while(cin>>n){
       if(n == 0)
       vector<vector<int>> capacitv(n+1, vector
            <int>(n+1, 0));
       int s, t, c;
                                                     1 /*bipartite - maximum matching*/
       cin >> s >> t >> c:
41
                                                     2 bool dfs(vector<vector<bool>> res,int node,
       int a, b, bandwidth;
       for(int i = 0 ; i < c ; ++i){</pre>
         cin >> a >> b >> bandwidth;
45
         capacity[a][b] += bandwidth;
         capacity[b][a] += bandwidth;
46
47
       cout << "Network " << testcase++ << endl</pre>
       cout << "The bandwidth is " <<
            getMaxFlow(capacity, s, t, n) << "."</pre>
       cout << endl;</pre>
50
                                                    1.1
51
                                                    12
52
     return 0;
                                                    13
                                                    14
```

3.3 hungarian

```
1 /*bipartite - hungarian*/
2 struct Graph{
       static const int MAXN = 5003;
       vector<int> G[MAXN];
       int n, match[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
       void init(int n){
           for (int i=0; i<n; i++) G[i].clear()</pre>
       bool dfs(int u){
               for (int v:G[u]){
               if (vis[v]) continue;
               vis[v]=true;
               if (match[v]==-1 || dfs(match[v
                   match[v] = u;
                   match[u] = v;
                   return true;
19
           return false:
20
22
       int solve(){
           int res = 0:
           memset(match,-1,sizeof(match));
           for (int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
25
```

if (match[i]==-1){

3.4 Maximum matching

vector<int>& x, vector<int>& y, vector<</pre>

return res;

memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));

if (dfs(i)) res++;

```
bool> pass){
       for (int i = 0; i < res[0].size(); i++){</pre>
           if(res[node][i] && !pass[i]){
               pass[i] = true;
               if(y[i] == -1 \mid | dfs(res,y[i],x,
                    v,pass)){
                   x[node] = i;
                   y[i] = node;
                   return true;
           }
       return false:
  int main(){
15
       int n,m,1;
       while(cin>>n>>m>>l){
           vector<vector<bool>> res(n, vector<</pre>
                bool>(m, false));
           for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
               int a, b;
               cin >> a >> b;
               res[a][b] = true;
           int ans = 0;
           vector<int> x(n, -1);
           vector<int> y(n, -1);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
               vector<bool> pass(n, false);
               if(dfs(res,i,x,y,pass))
                   ans += 1;
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
35
36
37 input:
38 4 3 5 //n matching m, 1 links
39 0 0
40 0 2
41 1 0
42 2 1
43 3 1
44 answer is 3
```

17

20

21

22

23

24

28

29

30

31

32

```
1 typedef long long 11;
2 struct MF
3
       static const int N = 5000 + 5:
       static const int M = 60000 + 5;
       static const 11 oo = 100000000000000L;
       int n, m, s, t, tot, tim;
       int first[N], next[M];
       int u[M], v[M], cur[N], vi[N];
       11 cap[M], flow[M], dis[N];
12
       int que[N + N];
13
       void Clear()
14
15
16
           tot = 0:
           tim = 0:
17
18
           for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
               first[i] = -1:
19
20
21
       void Add(int from, int to, ll cp, ll flw
22
23
           u[tot] = from;
24
           v[tot] = to:
25
           cap[tot] = cp;
26
           flow[tot] = flw;
27
           next[tot] = first[u[tot]];
28
           first[u[tot]] = tot;
29
           ++tot:
30
       bool bfs()
31
32
33
           ++tim;
34
           dis[s] = 0;
35
           vi[s] = tim;
36
           int head, tail:
           head = tail = 1:
           que[head] = s;
           while (head <= tail)
               for (int i = first[que[head]]; i
                     != -1; i = next[i])
                   if (vi[v[i]] != tim && cap[i
                        ] > flow[i])
                        vi[v[i]] = tim;
                        dis[v[i]] = dis[que[head
                            ]] + 1;
                        que[++tail] = v[i];
                   }
               ++head:
           return vi[t] == tim:
       11 dfs(int x, 11 a)
           if (x == t || a == 0)
               return a;
           11 \text{ flw} = 0, f;
```

MFlow Model

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```
int &i = cur[x]:
           for (i = first[x]; i != -1; i = next
                                                 16
               if (dis[x] + 1 == dis[v[i]] && (
                   f = dfs(v[i], min(a, cap[i]
                   - flow[i]))) > 0)
                                                 19
                                                 20
                   flow[i] += f;
                   flow[i ^ 1] -= f;
                   a -= f;
                                                 21
                   flw += f:
                   if (a == 0)
                                                 22
                       break:
                                                 23
           return flw:
       11 MaxFlow(int s, int t)
           this->s = s;
           this->t = t:
           11 \text{ flw} = 0:
           while (bfs())
               for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
                   cur[i] = 0;
               flw += dfs(s, oo);
           return flw;
88 };
                                                 11
89 // MF Net:
                                                 12
90 // Net.n = n;
                                                 13
91 // Net.Clear();
92 // a 到 b (注意從1開始!!!!)
                                                 15
93 // Net.Add(a, b, w, 0);
94 // Net.MaxFlow(s, d)
                                                 16
95 // s 到 d 的 MF
                                                 17
                                                 18
                                                 19
                                                 20
  4 Geometry
                                                 21
                                                 22
                                                 23
   4.1 Closest Pair
                                                 ^{24}
                                                 25
                                                 26
 1 | //最近點對 (距離) //台大
 vector<pair<double, double>> p;
                                                 27
3 double closest_pair(int 1, int r)
                                                 28
                                                 29
      // p 要對 x 軸做 sort
                                                 30
       if (1 == r)
                                                 31
           return 1e9;
                                                 32
       if (r - 1 == 1)
                                                 33
                                                34
           return dist(p[1], p[r]); // 兩點距離
                                                 35
       int m = (1 + r) >> 1;
                                                 36
       double d = min(closest pair(1, m),
                                                 37
           closest pair(m + 1, r));
       vector<int> vec:
                                                 38
       for (int i = m; i >= 1 && fabs(p[m].x -
                                                 39
                                                 40
           p[i].x) < d; --i)
```

vec.push back(i);

```
for (int i = m + 1; i <= r && fabs(p[m]. 42|
          x - p[i].x) < d; ++i)
          vec.push back(i);
     sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), [&](int a,
                                                43
           { return p[a].y < p[b].y; });
     for (int i = 0: i < vec.size(): ++i)</pre>
          for (int j = i + 1; j < vec.size()</pre>
              && fabs(p[vec[j]].y - p[vec[i]]. 47
              v) < d; ++i)
              d = min(d, dist(p[vec[i]], p[vec 48
                   [j]]));
     return d;
                                                50
                                                51
 4.2 Line
1 template <typename T>
2 struct line
                                                57
     line() {}
     point<T> p1, p2;
     T a, b, c; //ax+by+c=0
     line(const point<T> &x, const point<T> &
          y) : p1(x), p2(y) {}
     void pton()
                                                62
     { //轉成一般式
                                                63
         a = p1.y - p2.y;
                                                64
         b = p2.x - p1.x;
         c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
     T ori(const point<T> &p) const
     { //點和有向直線的關係, >0左邊、=0在線上
          return (p2 - p1).cross(p - p1);
                                                69
     T btw(const point<T> &p) const
                                                70
     { //點投影落在線段上<=0
         return (p1 - p).dot(p2 - p);
     bool point on segment(const point<T> &p)
           const
     { //點是否在線段上
                                                74
          return ori(p) == 0 && btw(p) <= 0;</pre>
     T dis2(const point<T> &p, bool
          is_segment = 0) const
     { //點跟直線/線段的距離平方
                                                79
          point < T > v = p2 - p1, v1 = p - p1;
          if (is segment)
                                                81
              point < T > v2 = p - p2:
              if (v.dot(v1) <= 0)</pre>
                                                82
                  return v1.abs2();
              if(v.dot(v2) >= 0)
                                                83
                  return v2.abs2();
                                                84
         T tmp = v.cross(v1):
                                                85
          return tmp * tmp / v.abs2();
                                                86
     T seg_dis2(const line<T> &1) const
```

{ //兩線段距離平方

```
return min({dis2(1.p1, 1), dis2(1.p2
        , 1), l.dis2(p1, 1), l.dis2(p2,
point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)
    const
{ //點對直線的投影
   point < T > n = (p2 - p1).normal();
   return p - n * (p - p1).dot(n) / n.
        abs2();
point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p) const
   //點對直線的鏡射,要先呼叫pton轉成一
        般式
   point<T> R:
   Td = a * a + b * b;
   R.x = (b * b * p.x - a * a * p.x - 2)
         * a * b * p.y - 2 * a * c) / d;
    R.v = (a * a * p.v - b * b * p.v - 2)
         * a * b * p.x - 2 * b * c) / d;
    return R:
bool equal(const line &1) const
{ //直線相等
   return ori(1.p1) == 0 && ori(1.p2)
        == 0:
bool parallel(const line &1) const
   return (p1 - p2).cross(l.p1 - l.p2)
        == 0;
bool cross seg(const line &1) const
    return (p2 - p1).cross(l.p1 - p1) *
        (p2 - p1).cross(1.p2 - p1) <= 0;
         //直線是否交線段
int line_intersect(const line &1) const
{ //直線相交情況·-1無限多點、1交於一
    點、0不相交
    return parallel(1) ? (ori(1.p1) == 0
         ? -1 : 0) : 1;
int seg_intersect(const line &1) const
   T c1 = ori(1.p1), c2 = ori(1.p2);
   T c3 = 1.ori(p1), c4 = 1.ori(p2);
   if (c1 == 0 && c2 == 0)
   { //共線
       bool b1 = btw(1.p1) >= 0, b2 =
            btw(1.p2) >= 0;
       T = 3 = 1.btw(p1), a4 = 1.btw(p2)
       if (b1 && b2 && a3 == 0 && a4 >=
             0)
           return 2;
       if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 ==
             0)
           return 3;
       if (b1 && b2 && a3 >= 0 && a4 >=
             0)
           return 0;
```

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bool c = 0:

for (int i = 0, j = p.size() - 1; i

```
return -1; //無限交點
                                                            return x * b.x + y * b.y;
                                                 30
                                                 31
           else if (c1 * c2 <= 0 && c3 * c4 <=
                                                        T cross(const point &b) const
                                                 32
                                                 33
                                                            return x * b.y - y * b.x;
91
               return 1;
                                                 34
           return 0; //不相交
                                                 35
92
                                                 36
                                                        point normal() const
93
                                                        { //求法向量
       point<T> line intersection(const line &l 37
94
           ) const
                                                            return point(-y, x);
       { /*直線交點*/
95
           point < T > a = p2 - p1, b = 1.p2 - 1.
                                                 40
                                                        T abs2() const
                                                        { //向量長度的平方
                p1, s = 1.p1 - p1;
                                                 41
           //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
                                                            return dot(*this);
                                                 42
           return p1 + a * (s.cross(b) / a.
98
                                                 43
                cross(b));
                                                        T rad(const point &b) const
                                                 44
                                                        { //兩向量的弧度
100
       point<T> seg_intersection(const line &l)
                                                            return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),
             const
                                                                 dot(b)));
       { //線段交點
101
                                                 47
           int res = seg intersect(1);
                                                        T getA() const
102
                                                 48
           if (res <= 0)
103
                                                  49
                                                                               //對x軸的弧度
104
               assert(0):
                                                            T A = atan2(y, x); //超過180度會變負
                                                 50
105
           if (res == 2)
106
               return p1;
                                                 51
                                                            if (A <= -PI / 2)
           if (res == 3)
107
                                                 52
                                                                A += PI * 2;
108
               return p2;
                                                            return A;
                                                 53
           return line intersection(1):
109
                                                 54
110
                                                 55 };
111 };
```

15

18

4.3 Point

```
1 const double PI = atan2(0.0, -1.0);
   template <typename T>
3 struct point
4 {
      T x, y;
       point() {}
       point(const T &x, const T &y) : x(x), y(
       point operator+(const point &b) const
           return point(x + b.x, y + b.y);
11
       point operator-(const point &b) const
13
14
           return point(x - b.x, y - b.y);
15
       point operator*(const T &b) const
17
           return point(x * b, y * b);
19
       point operator/(const T &b) const
20
22
           return point(x / b, y / b);
23
24
       bool operator == (const point &b) const
25
                                                  24
26
           return x == b.x && y == b.y;
27
       T dot(const point &b) const
```

4.4 Polygon

```
1 template <typename T>
                                                50
2 struct polygon
                                                51
                                                52
      polygon() {}
                                                53
      vector<point<T>> p; //逆時針順序
                                                54
      T area() const
                                                55
      { //面積
                                                56
          T ans = 0;
           for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
               < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
              ans += p[i].cross(p[j]);
11
          return ans / 2;
                                                60
12
      point<T> center of mass() const
                                                61
14
                                                62
          T cx = 0, cy = 0, w = 0;
                                                63
          for (int i = p.size() - 1, j = 0; j
16
               < (int)p.size(); i = j++)
                                                64
17
              T a = p[i].cross(p[j]);
              cx += (p[i].x + p[j].x) * a;
19
                                                66
20
              cy += (p[i].y + p[j].y) * a;
21
              w += a;
22
           return point<T>(cx / 3 / w, cy / 3 / 67
23
      char ahas(const point<T> &t) const
                                                69
25
      { //點是否在簡單多邊形內,是的話回傳1
26
                                                70
           在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
```

```
< p.size(); j = i++)</pre>
                                        73
       if (line<T>(p[i], p[j]).
                                        74
            point_on_segment(t))
                                        75
           return -1;
       else if ((p[i].y > t.y) != (p[j
            ].y > t.y) &&
                t.x < (p[j].x - p[i].x)
                      * (t.y - p[i].y) /
                      (p[j].y - p[i].y)
                    + p[i].x)
           c = !c;
                                        80
    return c:
char point in convex(const point<T> &x)
                                        83
    int 1 = 1, r = (int)p.size() - 2;
                                        84
    while (1 <= r)
   { //點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1
         、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
       int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
       T a1 = (p[mid] - p[0]).cross(x -
             p[0]);
       T = 2 = (p[mid + 1] - p[0]).cross
            (x - p[0]);
       if (a1 >= 0 && a2 <= 0)
                                        90
           T res = (p[mid + 1] - p[mid
               ]).cross(x - p[mid]);
           return res > 0 ? 1 : (res >=
                 0 ? -1 : 0);
       else if (a1 < 0)
           r = mid - 1;
       else
           1 = mid + 1;
                                        97
    return 0:
vector<T> getA() const
                                        99
{//凸包邊對x軸的夾角
                                        100
    vector<T> res; //一定是遞增的
                                        101
    for (size t i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i</pre>
       res.push back((p[(i + 1) \% p.
                                        103
            size()] - p[i]).getA());
                                       104
    return res;
bool line intersect(const vector<T> &A.
    const line<T> &1) const
                                        106
{ //O(logN)
                                        107
    int f1 = upper bound(A.begin(), A.
        end(), (1.p1 - 1.p2).getA()) - A
        .begin();
    int f2 = upper_bound(A.begin(), A.
        end(), (1.p2 - 1.p1).getA()) - A<sup>110</sup>
        .begin():
   113
        f2]));
                                       114
                                       115
polygon cut(const line<T> &1) const
                                       116
{ //凸包對直線切割,得到直線1左側的凸包
    polygon ans;
```

```
for (int n = p.size(), i = n - 1, j
                         = 0; i < n; i = j++)
                       if (1.ori(p[i]) >= 0)
                                  ans.p.push back(p[i]);
                                  if (1.ori(p[i]) < 0)</pre>
                                              ans.p.push_back(1.
                                                           line intersection(
                                                           line<T>(p[i], p[j]))
                       else if (l.ori(p[j]) > 0)
                                  ans.p.push back(1.
                                                 line intersection(line<T
                                                >(p[i], p[j])));
           return ans;
static bool graham cmp(const point<T> &a
              , const point<T> &b)
{ //凸包排序函數 // 起始點不同
           // return (a.x < b.x) || (a.x == b.x) || (a.
                            && a.v < b.v); //最左下角開始
           return (a.y < b.y) || (a.y == b.y &&
                           a.x < b.x); //Y最小開始
void graham(vector<point<T>> &s)
{ //凸包 Convexhull 2D
           sort(s.begin(), s.end(), graham_cmp)
           p.resize(s.size() + 1);
           int m = 0;
           // cross >= 0 順時針。cross <= 0 逆
           for (size_t i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i</pre>
                       while (m >= 2 \&\& (p[m - 1] - p[m
                                        - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                    2]) <= 0)
                                  --m;
                       p[m++] = s[i];
           for (int i = s.size() - 2, t = m +
                         1; i >= 0; --i)
                       while (m >= t && (p[m - 1] - p[m
                                        - 2]).cross(s[i] - p[m -
                                    2]) <= 0)
                                  --m:
                       p[m++] = s[i];
           if (s.size() > 1) // 重複頭一次需扣
                       --m;
           p.resize(m);
T diam()
{ // 直徑
           int n = p.size(), t = 1;
           T ans = 0:
           p.push back(p[0]);
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
triangle(const point<T> &a, const point< 15
118
119
                point \langle T \rangle now = p[i + 1] - p[i]; 171
                                                           static char sign(const point<T> &t)
                                                                                                                    T> &b, const point\langle T \rangle &c): a(a), b( 16
                while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i 172
                                                                                                                    b), c(c) {}
                                                                                                                                                                           }
120
                     ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))173
                                                                return (t.y == 0 ? t.x : t.y) < 0;
                                                                                                               T area() const
                                                                                                                                                            18
                                                                                                                                                                       }
                    t = (t + 1) \% n;
121
                                                   174
                                                                                                                                                            19
                                                                                                                   T t = (b - a).cross(c - a) / 2;
122
                ans = max(ans, (p[i] - p[t]).
                                                   175
                                                           static bool angle cmp(const line<T> &A,
                                                                                                                                                            20
                     abs2()):
                                                                const line<T> &B)
                                                                                                                    return t > 0 ? t : -t:
                                                                                                                                                            21
                                                                                                                                                                   for(int i = 0: i < node: i++) //</pre>
                                                                                                        10
                                                                                                                                                                        negative cycle detection
123
                                                   176
124
            return p.pop back(), ans;
                                                   177
                                                                point < T > a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2 -
                                                                                                       12
                                                                                                               point<T> barycenter() const
                                                                                                                                                            22
                                                                                                                                                                       for(int j = 0; j < node; j++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                           if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] < dist[</pre>
125
                                                                                                                                                            23
                                                                                                               { //重心
126
       T min cover rectangle()
                                                                return sign(a) < sign(b) || (sign(a)</pre>
                                                   178
                                                                                                                                                                                j])
                                                                                                       14
                                                                                                                    return (a + b + c) / 3;
                                                                      == sign(b) && a.cross(b) > 0); 15
        { //最小覆蓋矩形
127
                                                                                                                                                            24
                                                                                                                                                                                cout<<"Negative cycle!"<<</pre>
            int n = p.size(), t = 1, r = 1, 1;
                                                   179
                                                                                                               point<T> circumcenter() const
                                                                                                                                                            25
128
            if (n < 3)
                                                   180
                                                           int halfplane intersection(vector<line<T</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                     endl:
129
                                                                                                               { //外心
                                                                >> &s)
                                                                                                                                                            26
                                                                                                                                                                                return:
                return 0; //也可以做最小周長矩形
130
                                                                                                                   static line<T> u, v;
                                                                                                        18
                                                           { //半平面交
                                                                                                                                                            27
                                                   181
            T ans = 1e99:
                                                                                                                   u.p1 = (a + b) / 2;
131
                                                                                                                                                            28
                                                                sort(s.begin(), s.end(), angle\_cmp); 20
                                                   182
132
            p.push_back(p[0]);
                                                                                                                   u.p2 = point < T > (u.p1.x - a.y + b.y,
                                                                                                                                                              int main(){
                                                                                                                                                            29
133
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                                      //線段左側為該線段半平面
                                                                                                                        u.p1.y + a.x - b.x;
                                                                                                                                                                   int node:
                                                                                                                                                            30
                                                                int L, R, n = s.size();
                                                                                                                    v.p1 = (a + c) / 2;
134
                                                   183
                                                                                                        21
                                                                                                                                                                   cin>>node:
                point < T > now = p[i + 1] - p[i];
                                                               vector<point<T>> px(n);
                                                                                                                   v.p2 = point < T > (v.p1.x - a.y + c.y,
135
                                                  184
                                                                                                        22
                                                                                                                                                            32
                                                                                                                                                                   edges.resize(node, vector<int>(node, inf))
                while (now.cross(p[t + 1] - p[i 185])
                                                               vector<line<T>> q(n);
136
                                                                                                                        v.p1.y + a.x - c.x);
                     ]) > now.cross(p[t] - p[i]))186
                                                                q[L = R = 0] = s[0];
                                                                                                                    return u.line_intersection(v);
                                                                                                        23
                                                                                                                                                                   dist.resize(node.inf):
                                                                                                                                                            33
                                                                for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
137
                    t = (t + 1) \% n;
                                                                                                        24
                                                                                                                                                                   ancestor.resize(node,-1);
                                                                                                                                                            34
                while (now.dot(p[r + 1] - p[i]) <sub>188</sub>
                                                                                                               point<T> incenter() const
138
                                                                                                        ^{25}
                                                                                                                                                            35
                                                                                                                                                                   int a,b,d;
                     > now.dot(p[r] - p[i]))
                                                   189
                                                                    while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[R -
                                                                                                               { //內心
                                                                                                        26
                                                                                                                                                                   while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                    r = (r + 1) \% n;
                                                                        1]) <= 0)
139
                                                                                                                   T A = sqrt((b - c).abs2()), B = sqrt
                                                                                                                                                                       /*input: source destination weight*/
                if (!i)
140
                                                   190
                                                                        --R;
                                                                                                                        ((a - c).abs2()), C = sqrt((a -
                                                                                                                                                                       if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                    while (L < R \&\& s[i].ori(px[L])
141
                    1 = r:
                                                   191
                                                                                                                        b).abs2()):
                                                                                                                                                                           break;
                while (now.dot(p[l + 1] - p[i])
142
                                                                         <= 0)
                                                                                                                    return point<T>(A * a.x + B * b.x +
                                                                                                        28
                                                                                                                                                                       edges[a][b] = d;
                     <= now.dot(p[1] - p[i]))
                                                   192
                                                                        ++L;
                                                                                                                        C * c.x, A * a.y + B * b.y + C *
                                                                                                                                                            41
                    1 = (1 + 1) \% n;
                                                                    q[++R] = s[i];
143
                                                   193
                                                                                                                         c.v) / (A + B + C);
                                                                                                                                                                   int start;
                                                                                                                                                            42
144
                T d = now.abs2();
                                                   194
                                                                    if (q[R].parallel(q[R - 1]))
                                                                                                        29
                                                                                                                                                                   cin>>start:
                                                                                                                                                            43
145
                T \text{ tmp} = \text{now.cross}(p[t] - p[i]) * 195
                                                                                                        30
                                                                                                               point<T> perpencenter() const
                                                                                                                                                                   BellmanFord(start, node);
                                                                                                                                                            44
                      (now.dot(p[r] - p[i]) - now_{196}
                                                                                                               { //垂心
                                                                                                                                                                   return 0;
                                                                                                                                                            45
                                                                        if (q[R].ori(s[i].p1) > 0)
                      .dot(p[l] - p[i])) / d;
                                                   197
                                                                                                        32
                                                                                                                    return barycenter() * 3 -
146
                ans = min(ans, tmp);
                                                   198
                                                                            q[R] = s[i];
                                                                                                                        circumcenter() * 2;
147
                                                   199
                                                                                                        33
                                                                    if (L < R)
148
            return p.pop_back(), ans;
                                                   200
                                                                                                        34 };
                                                                        px[R - 1] = q[R - 1].
149
                                                   201
                                                                                                                                                               5.2 BFS-queue
150
       T dis2(polygon &pl)
                                                                             line intersection(q[R]);
        { //凸包最近距離平方
151
                                                                while (L < R \&\& q[L].ori(px[R - 1])
            vector<point<T>> &P = p, &Q = pl.p;
152
                                                                                                                                                            1 /*BFS - queue version*/
                                                                    <= 0)
                                                                                                                Graph
            int n = P.size(), m = Q.size(), l =
153
                                                                                                                                                            void BFS(vector<int> &result, vector<pair</pre>
                                                                    --R;
                                                   204
                 0, r = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                    int, int>> edges, int node, int start)
                                                                p.clear();
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
                                                   205
154
                                                   206
                                                                if (R - L <= 1)
155
                if (P[i].y < P[1].y)</pre>
                                                                                                           5.1 Bellman-Ford
                                                                                                                                                                   vector<int> pass(node, 0);
                                                                    return 0;
156
                                                   207
                    1 = i:
                                                                                                                                                                   queue<int> q;
            for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)</pre>
                                                   208
                                                                px[R] = q[R].line intersection(q[L])
157
                                                                                                                                                                   queue<int> p;
                if (Q[i].y < Q[r].y)</pre>
158
                                                                                                         1 /*SPA - Bellman-Ford*/
                                                                                                                                                                   q.push(start);
                                                                for (int i = L; i \leftarrow R; ++i)
159
                    r = i;
                                                                                                         2 #define inf 99999 //define by you maximum
                                                                                                                                                                   int count = 1;
                                                                    p.push back(px[i]);
            P.push_back(P[0]), Q.push_back(Q[0])
                                                   210
160
                                                                                                                edges weight
                                                                                                                                                                   vector<pair<int, int>> newedges;
                                                                return R - L + 1;
                                                   211
                                                                                                                                                                   while (!q.empty())
                                                                                                         3 vector<vector<int> > edges;
                                                                                                                                                            10
                                                   212
161
            T ans = 1e99;
                                                                                                         4 vector<int> dist;
                                                                                                                                                            11
                                                   213 };
162
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                                                         5 vector<int> ancestor;
                                                                                                                                                            12
                                                                                                                                                                       pass[q.front()] = 1;
163
                                                                                                                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i</pre>
                                                                                                         6 | void BellmanFord(int start, int node){
                                                                                                                                                            13
                while ((P[1] - P[1 + 1]).cross(Q
164
                                                                                                               dist[start] = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                             ++)
                     [r + 1] - Q[r] < 0
                                                                                                               for(int it = 0; it < node-1; it++){</pre>
                    r = (r + 1) \% m;
165
                                                       4.5 Triangle
                                                                                                                    for(int i = 0; i < node; i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                           if (edges[i].first == q.front()
                ans = min(ans, line<T>(P[1], P[1
166
                                                                                                                        for(int j = 0; j < node; j++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                 && pass[edges[i].second] ==
                      + 1]).seg dis2(line<T>(Q[r
                                                                                                        11
                                                                                                                            if(edges[i][j] != -1){
                     ], Q[r + 1])));
                                                     1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                        12
                                                                                                                                if(dist[i] + edges[i][j] 16
167
                l = (l + 1) \% n;
                                                     2 struct triangle
                                                                                                                                      < dist[j]){
                                                                                                                                                                                p.push(edges[i].second);
168
                                                     3 | {
                                                                                                        13
                                                                                                                                     dist[i] = dist[i] +
                                                                                                                                                                                result[edges[i].second] =
            return P.pop_back(), Q.pop_back(),
                                                           point<T> a, b, c;
                                                                                                                                          edges[i][j];
                                                                                                                                                                                     count;
                 ans;
                                                           triangle() {}
                                                                                                                                     ancestor[j] = i;
```

```
else if (edges[i].second == q.
                                                             else if((*iter).first.second ==
                                                                                                    32 // weight[a - 1].push back(pii(b - 1, w));
                                                                                                                                                                     break:
                                                                  start && (*iter).second == 0 && 33 // weight[b - 1].push back(pii(a - 1, w));
                    front() && pass[edges[i].
                                                                                                                                                                 distance[a][b] = d;
                                                                                                                                                      ^{24}
                                                                  pass[(*iter).first.first] == 0){ 34 // dist.resize(n, inf);
                    first] == 0)
                                                                                                                                                      25
                                                                                                                                                                 ancestor[a][b] = a;
                                                                 route.push back((*iter).first.
                                                                                                   35 // ancestor.resize(n, -1);
                                                                                                                                                      26
                   p.push(edges[i].first);
                                                                                                    36 // dist[0] = 0;
                                                                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                   result[edges[i].first] =
                                                                 DFS((*iter).first.first);
                                                                                                    37 // dijkstra(0);
                                                                                                                                                                 distance[i][i] = 0;
                        count:
                                                  16
                                                                                                                                                             floyd warshall(distance, ancestor, n);
                                                                                                                                                             /*Negative cycle detection*/
                                                  17
                                                                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
               else
                                                  18
                                                                                                       5.5 Euler circuit
                   newedges.push_back(edges[i])
                                                 19 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                                 if(distance[i][i] < 0){</pre>
                                                  20
                                                         int node;
                                                                                                                                                                     cout << "Negative cycle!" <<</pre>
                                                         cin>>node:
                                                 21
           edges = newedges;
                                                         pass.resize(node,0);
                                                                                                     1 /* Euler circuit*/
                                                                                                                                                                     break;
                                                  22
                                                                                                                                                      34
                                                                                                     2 /*From NTU kiseki*/
           newedges.clear():
                                                         int a.b:
                                                                                                                                                      35
           q.pop();
                                                  24
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                     3 /*G is graph, vis is visited, la is path*/
                                                                                                                                                      36
           if (q.empty() == true)
                                                  25
                                                             if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1)
                                                                                                     4 bool vis[ N ]; size t la[ K ];
                                                                                                                                                      37
                                                                                                                                                             return 0;
32
                                                                                                      void dfs( int u, vector< int >& vec ) {
                                                  26
33
                                                 27
                                                             edges.insert(pair<pair<int,int>,int
                                                                                                           while ( la[ u ] < G[ u ].size() ) {</pre>
               q = p;
                                                                  >(pair<int,int>(a,b),0));
                                                                                                               if( vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ]
34
               queue<int> tmp;
               p = tmp;
                                                 28
                                                                                                                   ) {
                                                                                                                                                         5.7 Hamilton cycle
36
               count++;
                                                 29
                                                         int start;
                                                                                                               ++ la[ u ];
                                                         cin>>start:
37
                                                 30
                                                                                                               continue;
38
                                                 31
                                                         route.push back(start);
                                                                                                    10
39
                                                  32
                                                         DFS(start);
                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                           int v = G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].first;
                                                                                                                                                       1 /*find hamilton cycle*/
   int main()
                                                                                                           vis[ G[ u ][ la[ u ] ].second ] = true;
                                                                                                                                                       void hamilton(vector<vector<int>> gp, int k,
40
                                                  33
                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                    12
                                                  34 }
                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                           ++ la[ u ]; dfs( v, vec );
                                                                                                                                                               int cur, vector<int>& solution, vector<</pre>
41
                                                                                                    14
                                                                                                           vec.push back( v );
                                                                                                                                                              bool> pass,bool& flag){
42
       int node;
       cin >> node:
                                                                                                    15
                                                                                                                                                             if(k == gp.size()-1){
       vector<pair<int, int>> edges;
                                                                                                                                                                 if(gp[cur][1] == 1){
44
                                                     5.4 Dijkstra
45
       int a, b;
                                                                                                                                                                     cout << 1 << " ";
       while (cin >> a >> b)
                                                                                                                                                                     while(cur != 1){
                                                                                                                                                                         cout << cur << " ";
                                                                                                       5.6 Floyd-warshall
           /*a = b = -1 means input edges ended 1 /*SPA - Diikstra*/
                                                                                                                                                                         cur = solution[cur]:
                                                   _{2} const int MAXN = 1e5 + 3;
           if (a == -1 && b == -1)
                                                  3 const int inf = INT_MAX;
                                                                                                                                                                     cout << cur << endl;</pre>
                                                   4 typedef pair<int, int> pii;
                                                                                                     1 /*SPA - Floyd-Warshall*/
                                                                                                                                                                     flag = true;
               break;
                                                                                                                                                      11
           edges.push_back(pair<int, int>(a, b)
                                                  5 vector<vector<pii>>> weight;
                                                                                                     2 #define inf 99999
                                                                                                                                                      12
                                                                                                                                                                     return;
                                                   6 vector<int> isDone(MAXN, false), dist,
                                                                                                     3 void floyd_warshall(vector<vector<int>>&
                                                                                                                                                      13
52
                                                          ancestor:
                                                                                                            distance, vector<vector<int>>& ancestor, 14
53
       vector<int> result(node, -1);
                                                     void dijkstra(int s)
                                                                                                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < gp[cur].size() && !</pre>
       BFS(result, edges, node, 0);
                                                                                                           for (int k = 0; k < n; k++){
                                                                                                                                                                  flag; i++){
54
55
                                                         priority queue<pii, vector<pii>, greater
                                                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                                                                                                                                                                 if(gp[cur][i] == 1 && !pass[i]){
                                                              <pii>>> pq;
                                                                                                                   for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
56
       return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                     pass[i] = true;
                                                         pq.push(pii(0, s));
                                                                                                                       if(distance[i][k] + distance 18
                                                                                                                                                                     solution[i] = cur;
                                                  10
                                                                                                                                                                     hamilton(gp, k + 1, i, solution,
                                                         ancestor[s] = -1;
                                                  11
                                                                                                                            [k][j] < distance[i][j]) 19
                                                  12
                                                         while (!pq.empty())
                                                                                                                                                                           pass, flag);
                                                  13
                                                                                                                           distance[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                                     pass[i] = false;
  5.3 DFS-rec
                                                  14
                                                             int u = pq.top().second;
                                                                                                                                distance[i][k] +
                                                                                                                                                      21
                                                                                                                                distance[k][j];
                                                  15
                                                             pq.pop();
                                                                                                                                                      22
                                                  16
                                                                                                                           ancestor[i][j] =
                                                                                                                                                      23
1 /*DFS - Recursive version*/
                                                             isDone[u] = true;
                                                                                                                                ancestor[k][j];
                                                                                                                                                      24 int main(){
                                                  17
2 map<pair<int,int>,int> edges;
                                                                                                                                                      25
                                                                                                                                                             int n;
3 vector<int> pass;
                                                             for (auto &pr : weight[u])
                                                                                                                   }
                                                                                                                                                      26
                                                                                                                                                             while(cin>>n){
                                                  19
4 vector<int> route;
                                                  20
                                                                                                                                                      27
                                                                                                                                                                 int a,b;
5 void DFS(int start){
                                                  21
                                                                 int v = pr.first, w = pr.second; 13
                                                                                                                                                      28
                                                                                                                                                                 bool end = false;
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<vector<int>> gp(n+1,vector<</pre>
       pass[start] = 1;
       map<pair<int,int>,int>::iterator iter;
                                                                 if (!isDone[v] && dist[u] + w <</pre>
                                                                                                   15 int main(){
                                                                                                                                                                      int>(n+1,0));
                                                                      dist[v])
       for(iter = edges.begin(); iter != edges.
                                                                                                           int n:
                                                                                                                                                                 while(cin>>a>>b){
                                                                                                                                                                     if(a == 0 && b == 0)
            end(); iter++){
                                                                                                           cin >> n;
                                                                                                                                                      31
           if((*iter).first.first == start &&
                                                                     dist[v] = dist[u] + w;
                                                                                                           int a, b, d;
                                                                                                                                                      32
                                                                                                                                                                         break:
                (*iter).second == 0 && pass[(*
                                                                     pq.push(pii(dist[v], v));
                                                                                                           vector<vector<int>> distance(n, vector
                                                                                                                                                                     gp[a][b] = 1;
                iter).first.second] == 0){
                                                  27
                                                                     ancestor[v] = u;
                                                                                                                int>(n,99999));
                                                                                                                                                                     gp[b][a] = 1;
               route.push back((*iter).first.
                                                                                                           vector<vector<int>> ancestor(n, vector
                    second);
                                                  29
                                                                                                                int>(n,-1));
                                                                                                                                                      36
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<int> solution(n + 1, -1);
               DFS((*iter).first.second);
                                                                                                           while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                                                                                                                                 vector<bool> pass(n + 1, false);
                                                  30
                                                                                                    21
                                                                                                               if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
                                                                                                                                                                 solution[1] = 0;
```

```
pass[1] = true;
                                                         if(edge < n-1)
           bool flag = false;
           hamilton(gp, 1,1 ,solution,pass,flag 39
           if(!flag)
                                                  41
               cout << "N" << endl;</pre>
                                                  42 }
44
                                                  43 int main(){
       return 0;
                                                         int n;
45
                                                  44
46
                                                  45
                                                         cin >> n;
                                                         int a, b, d;
47
                                                  46
48 4
                                                  47
                                                         priority queue<edges> pq;
                                                         while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
                                                  48
                                                  49
                                                  50
52 3 4
                                                  51
53 3 1
                                                  52
54 0 0
                                                  53
55 output: 1 3 4 2 1
                                                  54
                                                  55
                                                  56
                                                  57
                                                         kruskal(pq, n);
                                                         return 0:
  5.8 Kruskal
```

1 /*mst - Kruskal*/

```
2 struct edges{
      int from:
      int to;
      int weight;
      friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b 1 /*mst - Prim*/
          return a.weight > b.weight;
  };
  int find(int x, vector < int > & union set){
      if(x != union_set[x])
          union_set[x] = find(union_set[x],
               union set);
      return union_set[x];
14 }
void merge(int a,int b,vector<int>&
       union set){
      int pa = find(a, union_set);
      int pb = find(b, union_set);
      if(pa != pb)
          union set[pa] = pb;
20 }
   void kruskal(priority_queue<edges> pq,int n)
      vector<int> union_set(n, 0);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
          union set[i] = i;
       int edge = 0;
      int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
       while(!pq.empty() && edge < n - 1){</pre>
           edges cur = pq.top();
          int from = find(cur.from, union set)
          int to = find(cur.to, union_set);
          if(from != to){
               merge(from, to, union set);
               edge += 1;
               cost += cur.weight;
```

pq.pop();

5.9 Prim

```
2 #define inf 99999
3 struct edges{
      int from;
      int to;
      int weight:
      friend bool operator < (edges a, edges b
          return a.weight > b.weight;
10 };
11 void Prim(vector<vector<int>> gp,int n,int
       start){
      vector<bool> pass(n,false);
      int edge = 0;
13
      int cost = 0; //evaluate cost of mst
       priority_queue<edges> pq;
16
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
           if(gp[start][i] != inf){
               edges tmp;
               tmp.from = start;
19
20
              tmp.to = i;
              tmp.weight = gp[start][i];
               pq.push(tmp);
23
24
      pass[start] = true;
       while(!pq.empty() && edge < n-1){</pre>
           edges cur = pq.top();
           pq.pop();
          if(!pass[cur.to]){
29
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
30
                   if(gp[cur.to][i] != inf){
32
                       edges tmp;
                       tmp.from = cur.to;
33
                       tmp.to = i;
```

cout << "No mst" << endl;</pre>

if(a == -1 && b == -1 && d == -1)

cout << cost << endl;</pre>

edges tmp:

tmp.from = a;

pq.push(tmp);

tmp.weight = d;

tmp.to = b:

```
tmp.weight = gp[cur.to][
                             il;
                        pq.push(tmp);
36
37
38
                pass[cur.to] = true;
40
                edge += 1:
               cost += cur.weight;
41
42
43
44
       if(edge < n-1)</pre>
           cout << "No mst" << endl:
45
46
47
           cout << cost << endl:
48 }
49 int main(){
       int n:
50
51
       cin >> n;
       int a, b, d;
52
       vector<vector<int>> gp(n,vector<int>(n,
       while(cin>>a>>b>>d){
54
55
           if(a == -1 \&\& b == -1 \&\& d == -1)
56
               break:
           if(gp[a][b] > d)
57
58
               gp[a][b] = d;
59
60
       Prim(gp,n,0);
61
       return 0;
```

5.10 Union find

```
1 // union_find from 台大
 vector<int> father;
 3 vector<int> people;
 4 void init(int n)
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           father[i] = i;
           people[i] = 1;
11 }
12 int Find(int x)
13
      if (x != father[x])
           father[x] = Find(father[x]);
15
       return father[x]:
16
17
   void Union(int x, int y)
20
21
       int m = Find(x):
       int n = Find(y);
22
23
       if (m != n)
24
25
           father[n] = m;
           people[m] += people[n];
26
27
```

6 Mathematics

6.1 Catalan

Catalan number

```
• 0~19項的catalan number
    0 1, 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, 1430, 4862, 16796, 58786,
      208012, 742900, 2674440, 9694845, 35357670, 129644790
      477638700, 1767263190
 \circ 公式: C_n = \frac{1}{n+1} {2n \choose n} = \frac{(2n)!}{(n+1)!n!}
```

6.2 Combination

```
1 /*input type string or vector*/
2 for (int i = 0; i < (1 << input.size()); ++i</pre>
      string testCase = "";
      for (int j = 0; j < input.size(); ++j)</pre>
          if (i & (1 << j))
              testCase += input[j];
```

6.3 Extended Euclidean

```
1 // ax + by = gcd(a,b)
pair<long long, long long> extgcd(long long
       a, long long b)
      if (b == 0)
          return {1, 0};
      long long k = a / b;
      pair<long long, long long> p = extgcd(b,
            a - k * b);
      //cout << p.first << " " << p.second <<</pre>
      //cout << "商數(k)= " << k << endl <<
      return {p.second, p.first - k * p.second
11
12
13 int main()
      int a, b;
      cin >> a >> b:
      pair<long long, long long> xy = extgcd(a
           , b); //(x0,y0)
      cout << xy.first << " " << xy.second <<</pre>
      cout << xy.first << " * " << a << " + "
           << xy.second << " * " << b << endl;
```

6.6 Log

1 double mylog(double a, double base)

return log(a) / log(base);

數 (b)。

//a 的對數底數 b = 自然對數 (a) / 自然對

```
return 0;
21
   // ax + by = gcd(a,b) * r
22
   /*find |x|+|y| \rightarrow min*/
  int main()
24
25
26
       long long r, p, q; /*px+qy = r*/
       int cases;
27
28
       cin >> cases;
       while (cases--)
29
30
31
           cin >> r >> p >> q;
           pair<long long, long long> xy =
32
                extgcd(q, p); //(x0,y0)
           long long ans = 0, tmp = 0;
           double k, k1;
34
35
           long long s, s1;
           k = 1 - (double)(r * xy.first) / p;
           s = round(k);
           ans = llabs(r * xy.first + s * p) +
                llabs(r * xy.second - s * q);
           k1 = -(double)(r * xy.first) / p;
           s1 = round(k1);
           /*cout << k << endl << k1 << endl;
                cout << s << endl << s1 << endl;</pre>
42
           tmp = llabs(r * xy.first + s1 * p) +
                 llabs(r * xy.second - s1 * q);
           ans = min(ans, tmp);
45
           cout << ans << endl;</pre>
46
47
       return 0;
48
```

6.4 Fermat

• $a^{(p-1)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \iff a * a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1$ $a^{(p-2)} \equiv 1/a$

- 同餘因數定理
 - $\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff k|a-b|$
- 同餘加法性質
 - $\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p}$ and $c \equiv d \pmod{p}$ $\langle = \rangle a + c \equiv b + d \pmod{p}$
- 同餘相乘性質
 - $\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p}$ and $c \equiv d \pmod{p}$ $\langle = \rangle \ ac \equiv bd \ (mod \ p)$
- 同餘次方件質
 - $\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff a^n \equiv b^n \pmod{p}$
- 同餘倍方件質
 - $\circ \ a \equiv b \pmod{p} \iff am \equiv bm \pmod{p}$

6.5 Hex to Dec

6.7 Mod

```
1 int HextoDec(string num) //16 to 10
2 | {
       int base = 1;
       int temp = 0;
       for (int i = num.length() - 1; i >= 0; i
                                                    1 int pow mod(int a, int n, int m) // a ^ n
                                                           mod m;
           if (num[i] >= '0' && num[i] <= '9')</pre>
                                                                                        // a, n, m
                                                           < 10 ^ 9
               temp += (num[i] - 48) * base;
                                                          if (n == 0)
               base = base * 16;
10
                                                              return 1;
11
                                                          int x = pow mid(a, n / 2, m);
12
           else if (num[i] >= 'A' && num[i] <=</pre>
                                                          long long ans = (long long)x * x % m;
                                                          if (n % 2 == 1)
13
                                                              ans = ans * a % m;
14
               temp += (num[i] - 55) * base;
                                                          return (int)ans;
               base = base * 16;
15
16
                                                   int inv(int a, int n, int p) // n = p-2
17
                                                   12
18
       return temp;
                                                   13
                                                          long long res = 1;
19 }
                                                          for (; n; n >>= 1, (a *= a) %= p)
                                                   14
20 void DecToHex(int p) //10 to 16
                                                   15
                                                              if (n & 1)
21
                                                   16
                                                                  (res *= a) %= p;
       char *1 = new (char);
22
                                                   17
                                                          return res;
       sprintf(1, "%X", p);
23
                                                   18 }
       //int l_intResult = stoi(1);
24
       cout << 1 << "\n";</pre>
25
26
       //return l_intResult;
27 }
```

6.8 Mod 性質

```
加法: (a+b) \mod p = (a \mod p + b \mod p) \mod p
減法: (a-b) \mod p = (a \mod p - b \mod p + p) \mod p
乘法: (a*b) \mod p = (a \mod p \cdot b \mod p) \mod p
次方: (a^b) \mod p = ((a \mod p)^b) \mod p
加法結合律: ((a+b) \mod p + c) \mod p = (a+(b+c)) \mod p
乘法結合律: ((a \cdot b) \mod p \cdot c) \mod p = (a \cdot (b \cdot c)) \mod p
加法交換律: (a+b) \mod p = (b+a) \mod p
乘法交換律: (a \cdot b) \mod p = (b \cdot a) \mod p
結合律: ((a+b) \bmod p \cdot c) = ((a \cdot c) \bmod p + (b \cdot c) \bmod p) \bmod p
如果 a \equiv b \pmod{m} ・我們會說 a, b 在模 m 下同餘
以下為性質・
 • 整除性: a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow c \cdot m = a - b, c \in \mathbb{Z}
            \Rightarrow a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Rightarrow m \mid a - b
 • 遞移性: 若a \equiv b \pmod{c}, b \equiv d \pmod{c}
             則 a \equiv d \pmod{c}

    保持基本運算:

         \int a \equiv b \pmod{m} \implies \int a \pm c \equiv b \pm d \pmod{m}
        c \equiv d \pmod{m} \Rightarrow a \cdot c \equiv b \cdot d \pmod{m}

    放大縮小模數:

     k \in \mathbb{Z}^+, a \equiv b \pmod{m} \Leftrightarrow k \cdot a \equiv k \cdot b \pmod{k \cdot m}
 模逆元是取模下的反元素、即為找到 a^{-1} 使得 aa^{-1} \equiv 1 \mod c
 整數 a \in \text{mod } c 下要有模反元素的充分必要條件為 a, c 互質
 模逆元如果存在會有無限個,任意兩相鄰模逆元相差 c
 費馬小定理
給定一個質數 p 及一個整數 a · 那麼: a^p \equiv a \pmod{p} 如果 \gcd(a,p) = 1 · 則:
a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}
 歐拉定理
歐拉定理是比較 general 版本的費馬小定理。給定兩個整數 n 和 a · 如果 acd(a,n)=1 · 貝
a^{\Phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n} 如果 n 是質數 \Phi(n) = n - 1 \cdot 也就是費馬小定理
Wilson's theorem
給定一個質數 p \cdot \mathbb{H} : (p-1)! \equiv -1 \pmod{p}
```

6.9 PI

```
1 #define PI acos(-1)
2 #define PI M_PI
```

6.10 Prime table

```
1 const int maxn = sqrt(INT_MAX);
vector<int>p;
```

```
if (s[le] == ' ' && s[ri] == ' ')
3 bitset<maxn> is notp;
   void PrimeTable()
                                                   40 }
                                                                                                             double L = 0, R = /*區間*/, M:
                                                                                                                                                                    return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除左
                                                   41 bool Miller Rabin(ll n)
                                                                                                             while (R - L >= eps)
       is notp.reset();
                                                   42
                                                                                                                                                                if (s[le] == ' ')
                                                                                                                                                         33
       is notp[0] = is notp[1] = 1;
                                                          11 x, pre, u = n - 1;
                                                   43
                                                                                                                 M = (R + L) / 2;
                                                                                                                                                                    return DFS(le + 1, ri); //去除左邊空
       for (int i = 2; i <= maxn; ++i)
                                                          int i, j, k = 0;
                                                                                                                 if (/*函數*/ > /*方程式目標*/)
                                                          if (n == 2 || n == 3 || n == 5 || n == 7
                                                                                                                     L = M;
                                                                                                                                                                if (s[ri] == ' ')
           if (!is_notp[i])
                                                                || n == 11)
                                                                                                                 else
                                                                                                                                                                    return DFS(le, ri - 1); //去除右邊空
               p.push back(i);
                                                              return 1;
                                                   46
                                                                                                                     R = M:
           for (int j = 0; j < (int)p.size();</pre>
                                                          if (n == 1 || !(n % 2) || !(n % 3) || !(
                ++i)
                                                               n % 5) || !(n % 7) || !(n % 11))
                                                                                                                                                                long long int num = 0;
                                                                                                      13
                                                                                                             printf("%.31f\n", R);
                                                                                                                                                                for (int i = le; i <= ri; i++)
                                                              return 0:
                                                   48
                                                                                                                                                                    num = num * 10 + s[i] - '0';
               if (i * p[j] > maxn)
                                                          while (!(u & 1))
                                                   49
                   break;
                                                   50
                                                                                                                                                                return num;
               is_notp[i * p[j]] = 1;
                                                   51
                                                              k++;
               if (i % p[j] == 0)
                                                   52
                                                              u >>= 1;
                                                                                                         6.14 公式
                   break:
                                                   53
                                                          srand((long long)12234336);
19
                                                   54
                                                                                                        S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r} a_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
                                                                                                                                                           6.16 因數表
                                                   55
                                                          for (i = 1; i <= 50; i++)
20
21
                                                   56
                                                   57
                                                              x = rand() % (n - 2) + 2;
                                                                                                         \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \sum_{k=1}^{n} k^{3} = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^{2}
                                                              if (!(n % x))
                                                   58
                                                                                                                                                          1 | vector<vector<int>> arr(10000000);
                                                   59
                                                                  return 0:
                                                                                                                                                          const int limit = 10e7;
  6.11 Prime 判斷
                                                   60
                                                              x = qpow(x, u, n);
                                                                                                                                                          3 for (int i = 1; i <= limit; i++)</pre>
                                                              pre = x;
                                                   61
                                                              for (j = 1; j <= k; j++)
                                                   62
                                                                                                                 四則運算
                                                                                                                                                                for (int j = i; j <= limit; j += i)</pre>
                                                                                                         6.15
1 typedef long long 11;
                                                   63
                                                                                                                                                                    arr[j].pb(i); // i 為因數
                                                                  x = modmul(x, x, n);
2 11 modmul(11 a, 11 b, 11 mod)
                                                   64
                                                                  if (x == 1 && pre != 1 && pre !=
                                                                                                       1 string s = ""; //開頭是負號要補0
       11 \text{ ret} = 0;
                                                                        n - 1)
                                                                                                       2 long long int DFS(int le, int ri) // (0,
       for (; b; b >>= 1, a = (a + a) % mod)
                                                                      return 0;
                                                   66
                                                                                                              string final index)
           if (b & 1)
                                                   67
                                                                  pre = x;
                                                                                                                                                                    數字乘法組合
               ret = (ret + a) % mod;
                                                   68
                                                                                                             int c = 0;
                                                              if (x != 1)
       return ret;
                                                   69
                                                                                                             for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
                                                                  return 0;
                                                   70
                                                                                                                                                          1 | void dfs(int j, int old, int num, vector<int
  11 \text{ qpow}(11 \text{ x}, 11 \text{ u}, 11 \text{ mod})
                                                   71
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == ')')
                                                                                                                                                                 > com, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
11
                                                          return 1;
                                                                                                                     C++:
       ll ret = 111;
                                                   73
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '(')
                                                                                                                                                                for (int i = j; i <= sqrt(num); i++)</pre>
       for (; u; u >>= 1, x = modmul(x, x, mod) 74 / /  if (Miller Rabin(n)) puts("Prime");
                                                                                                                     c - -;
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '+' && c == 0)
                                                                                                                                                                    if (old == num)
           if (u & 1)
                                                                                                                     return DFS(le, i - 1) + DFS(i +
                                                                                                                                                                        com.clear();
               ret = modmul(ret, x, mod);
                                                      6.12 Round(小數)
                                                                                                                                                                    if (num % i == 0)
       return ret;
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '-' && c == 0)
17
                                                                                                                     return DFS(le, i - 1) - DFS(i +
                                                                                                      14
                                                                                                                                                                        vector<int> a;
   11 gcd(11 a, 11 b)
                                                                                                                          1, ri);
                                                                                                                                                                        a = com;
19
                                                    1 | double myround(double number, unsigned int
                                                                                                                                                                        a.push back(i);
                                                                                                      15
       return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;
                                                          bits)
                                                                                                             for (int i = ri; i >= le; i--)
                                                                                                                                                                        finds(i, old, num / i, a, ans);
                                                                                                      16
                                                                                                      17
                                                                                                                                                                        a.push back(num / i);
   11 Pollard_Rho(ll n, ll c)
                                                          LL integerPart = number;
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == ')')
                                                                                                                                                                        ans.push_back(a);
                                                          number -= integerPart;
                                                                                                                     c++;
       ll i = 1, j = 2, x = rand() % (n - 1) +
                                                          for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '(')
                                                              number *= 10;
            1, y = x;
       while (1)
                                                          number = (LL)(number + 0.5);
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '*' && c == 0)
                                                                                                                                                            vector<vector<int>> ans;
                                                          for (unsigned int i = 0; i < bits; ++i)</pre>
                                                                                                                     return DFS(le, i - 1) * DFS(i +
                                                                                                                                                            vector<int> zero;
                                                              number /= 10;
                                                                                                                          1, ri);
                                                                                                                                                         20 dfs(2, num, num, zero, ans);
           x = (modmul(x, x, n) + c) % n;
                                                          return integerPart + number;
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '/' && c == 0)
                                                                                                                                                         21 /*/num 為 input 數字*/
           11 p = gcd((y - x + n) \% n, n);
                                                                                                                     return DFS(le, i - 1) / DFS(i +
                                                                                                                                                         22 for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)
                                                   12 //printf("%.1f\n", round(3.4515239, 1));
           if (p != 1 && p != n)
                                                                                                                          1, ri);
                                                                                                                                                         23
               return p;
                                                                                                                 if (s[i] == '%' && c == 0)
                                                                                                      26
           if (y == x)
                                                                                                                                                                for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
                                                                                                                     return DFS(le, i - 1) % DFS(i +
                                                                                                      27
               return n;
                                                      6.13 二分逼折法
                                                                                                                          1, ri);
                                                                                                                                                                    cout << ans[i][j] << " ";</pre>
           if (i == j)
                                                                                                      28
                                                                                                                                                                cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
```

29

#define eps 1e-14
void half interval()

y = x;

j <<= 1;

if ((s[le] == '(') && (s[ri] == ')'))

return DFS(le + 1, ri - 1); //去除刮 27 }

43

45

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92

93

LL getpi(LL x)

if(x < N)

return ans;

if(x < N)

41 int sqrt2(LL x)

48 int sqrt3(LL x)

++r:

if (s == 0)

if (s <= M)

LL r = (LL)cbrt(x - 0.1);

while (r * r * r <= x)

return int(r - 1);

數字加法組合

```
1 | void recur(int i, int n, int m, vector<int>
       &out, vector<vector<int>> &ans)
       if (n == 0)
           for (int i : out)
                if (i > m)
                    return;
           ans.push back(out);
       for (int j = i; j <= n; j++)
           out.push back(j);
13
           recur(j, n - j, m, out, ans);
           out.pop back();
16
   vector<vector<int>> ans;
   vector<int> zero;
  recur(1, num, num, zero, ans);
   // num 為 input 數字
   for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
^{22}
       for (int j = 0; j < ans[i].size() - 1; j</pre>
24
           cout << ans[i][j] << " ";</pre>
       cout << ans[i][ans[i].size() - 1] <<</pre>
25
            endl:
26 }
```

羅馬數字 6.19

```
1 int romanToInt(string s)
       unordered map<char, int> T;
       T['I'] = 1;
       T['V'] = 5
       T['X'] = 10;
       T['L'] = 50;
       T['C'] = 100;
       T['D'] = 500;
       T['M'] = 1000;
12
       int sum = T[s.back()];
       for (int i = s.length() - 2; i >= 0; --i
           if (T[s[i]] < T[s[i + 1]])
15
               sum -= T[s[i]];
17
               sum += T[s[i]];
19
20
       return sum:
```

質因數分解

```
1 LL ans:
2 void find(LL n, LL c) // 配合質數判斷
      if (n == 1)
          return;
      if (Miller Rabin(n))
           ans = min(ans, n);
           // bug(ans); //質因數
           return:
11
      LL x = n, k = c;
12
13
      while (x == n)
          x = Pollard_Rho(x, c--);
14
15
      find(n / x, k):
16
      find(x, k);
```

6.21 質數數量

1 / / 10 ^ 11 左右

```
2 #define LL long long
3 \mid const \mid int \mid N \mid = 5e6 + 2;
 4 bool np[N]:
5 int prime[N], pi[N];
6 int getprime()
       int cnt = 0:
       np[0] = np[1] = true;
       pi[0] = pi[1] = 0;
11
       for (int i = 2; i < N; ++i)
12
           if (!np[i])
13
                prime[++cnt] = i;
14
15
            pi[i] = cnt:
16
            for (int j = 1; j <= cnt && i *
                 prime[j] < N; ++j)</pre>
17
                np[i * prime[j]] = true;
18
19
                if (i % prime[j] == 0)
                    break;
20
21
22
23
       return cnt;
24 }
25 const int M = 7;
26 const int PM = 2 * 3 * 5 * 7 * 11 * 13 * 17;
27 int phi[PM + 1][M + 1], sz[M + 1];
28 void init()
29
30
       getprime();
31
       sz[0] = 1;
       for (int i = 0; i \leftarrow PM; ++i)
33
            phi[i][0] = i;
       for (int i = 1; i <= M; ++i)
34
35
36
            sz[i] = prime[i] * sz[i - 1];
37
            for (int j = 1; j <= PM; ++j)
38
                phi[j][i] = phi[j][i - 1] - phi[ 96
                     i / prime[i]][i - 1];
39
```

```
LL r = (LL) sqrt(x - 0.1);
                                          101
while (r * r <= x)
                                           102 // lehmer pi(n)
return int(r - 1):
```

Other

return sum;

100

7.1 binary search 三類變化

```
55 LL getphi(LL x, int s)
                                                  1 / / 查找和目標值完全相等的數
          return x;
                                                 int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
           return phi[x % sz[s]][s] + (x / sz[s
                                                        int left = 0, right = nums.size();
               1) * phi[sz[s]][s];
                                                        while (left < right)
      if (x <= prime[s] * prime[s])</pre>
           return pi[x] - s + 1;
                                                            int mid = left + (right - left) / 2:
      if (x <= prime[s] * prime[s] * prime[s]</pre>
                                                            if (nums[mid] == target)
           && x < N)
                                                                return mid;
                                                            else if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
                                                                left = mid + 1;
           int s2x = pi[sqrt2(x)];
                                                 11
           LL ans = pi[x] - (s2x + s - 2) * (
               s2x - s + 1) / 2;
                                                                right = mid;
                                                 13
           for (int i = s + 1; i \le s2x; ++i)
                                                 14
               ans += pi[x / prime[i]];
                                                 15
                                                        return -1;
           return ans;
                                                 16 }
                                                 17 // 找第一個不小於目標值的數 == 找最後一個小
      return getphi(x, s - 1) - getphi(x /
                                                         於目標值的數
           prime[s], s - 1);
                                                    /*(lower bound)*/
                                                    int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
                                                        int left = 0, right = nums.size();
                                                 21
                                                        while (left < right)</pre>
          return pi[x];
      LL ans = getphi(x, pi[sqrt3(x)]) + pi[
                                                            int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
           sqrt3(x)] - 1;
                                                            if (nums[mid] < target)</pre>
      for (int i = pi[sqrt3(x)] + 1, ed = pi[
                                                                left = mid + 1:
                                                 26
           sqrt2(x)]; i <= ed; ++i)
                                                 27
           ans -= getpi(x / prime[i]) - i + 1;
                                                                right = mid:
                                                 28
                                                 29
                                                 30
                                                        return right;
82 LL lehmer pi(LL x)
                                                 31
                                                 32 // 找第一個大於目標值的數 == 找最後一個不大
                                                         於目標值的數
          return pi[x];
                                                 33 /*(upper_bound)*/
      int a = (int)lehmer pi(sqrt2(sqrt2(x)));
                                                 34 int find(vector<int> &nums, int target)
      int b = (int)lehmer pi(sqrt2(x));
                                                 35
      int c = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt3(x));
                                                        int left = 0, right = nums.size();
      LL sum = getphi(x, a) + (LL)(b + a - 2)
                                                        while (left < right)
           * (b - a + 1) / 2;
                                                 38
      for (int i = a + 1; i <= b; i++)
                                                            int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
                                                            if (nums[mid] <= target)</pre>
                                                 40
           LL w = x / prime[i];
                                                 41
                                                                left = mid + 1;
           sum -= lehmer pi(w);
                                                 42
          if (i > c)
                                                 43
                                                                right = mid;
               continue;
                                                 44
          LL lim = lehmer pi(sqrt2(w));
                                                        return right;
           for (int j = i; j <= lim; j++)</pre>
               sum -= lehmer pi(w / prime[i])
                    (j - 1);
```

rowNum, colNum, n)][i])

rows[rowNum][i] = true;

next[0] = 0;

for (k = 0, q = 1; q < n; q++)

heap sort cols[colNum][i] = true; return (s1.finish < s2.finish);</pre> else boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum, colNum, n)][i] = true; 1 | void MaxHeapify(vector<int> &array, int root arr[i] = RightSub[idxRight]; int latestNonConflict(Job arr[], int i) board[rowNum][colNum] = i; 24 , int length) idxRight++; if (backtracking(board, rows, 20 10 for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)21 11 cols, boxs, index + 1, n))int left = 2 * root, 22 12 return true: 26 right = 2 * root + 1,if (arr[j].finish <= arr[i].start)</pre> board[rowNum][colNum] = 0; 23 } 13 27 largest; void MergeSort(vector<int> &arr, int front, rows[rowNum][i] = false; 14 return j; 28 if (left <= length && array[left] > cols[colNum][i] = false; 15 29 array[root]) 25 16 return -1; 30 boxs[getSquareIndex(rowNum, largest = left; // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1 colNum, n)][i] = false; 26 17 if (front < end)</pre> int findMaxProfit(Job arr[], int n) 27 31 largest = root; 28 19 32 if (right <= length && array[right] > 29 int mid = (front + end) / 2: 20 sort(arr, arr + n, jobComparataor); 33 return false; array[largest]) 30 MergeSort(arr, front, mid); 21 int *table = new int[n]; 34 largest = right; MergeSort(arr, mid + 1, end); table[0] = arr[0].profit; 31 22 35 | /*用法 main*/ if (largest != root) 12 Merge(arr, front, mid, end); 23 for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) 32 36 int n = sqrt(數獨邊長大小) /*e.g. 9*9 n=3*/ 13 24 33 vector<vector<int>> board(n * n + 1, vector swap(array[largest], array[root]); 25 int inclProf = arr[i].profit; int>(n * n + 1, 0)); MaxHeapify(array, largest, length); 15 26 int 1 = latestNonConflict(arr, i); vector<vector<bool>> isRow(n * n + 1, vector 16 27 if (1 != -1) <bool>(n * n + 1, false)); 17 28 inclProf += table[1]: 39 vector<vector<bool>> isColumn(n * n + 1, 7.4 Quick void HeapSort(vector<int> &array) 29 table[i] = max(inclProf, table[i vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false)); 19 1]); vector<vector<bool>> isSquare(n * n + 1, 20 array.insert(array.begin(), 0); 30 vector<bool>(n * n + 1, false)); for (int i = (int)array.size() / 2; i >= 1 int Partition(vector<int> &arr, int front, int result = table[n - 1]; 31 1; i--) int end) delete[] table; 32 for (int i = 0; i < n * n; ++i) MaxHeapify(array, i, (int)array.size 2 | { 33 43 () - 1);int pivot = arr[end]; 34 return result; 44 for (int j = 0; j < n * n; ++j) int size = (int)array.size() - 1; int i = front - 1; 24 for (int i = (int)array.size() - 1; i >= for (int j = front; j < end; j++)</pre> 46 int number; 2; i--) cin >> number; 25 if (arr[j] < pivot)</pre> board[i][j] = number; 數獨解法 26 swap(array[1], array[i]); if (number == 0)27 size--: i++: continue; MaxHeapify(array, 1, size); 28 swap(arr[i], arr[j]); isRow[i][number] = true; 29 int getSquareIndex(int row, int column, int isColumn[j][number] = true; 30 array.erase(array.begin()); 12 isSquare[getSquareIndex(i, j, n)][13 i++: number] = true; swap(arr[i], arr[end]); return row / n * n + column / n; 14 54 return i: 15 55 16 } if (backtracking(board, isRow, isColumn, 7.3 Merge sort void QuickSort(vector<int> &arr, int front, bool backtracking(vector<vector<int>> &board isSquare, 0, n)) , vector<vector<bool>> &rows, vector<</pre> /*有解答*/ vector<bool>> &cols, 58 else 1 void Merge(vector<int> &arr, int front, int // front = 0 , end = arr.size() - 1 vector<vector<bool>> &boxs 19 /*解答*/ mid, int end) if (front < end)</pre> , int index, int n) 20 int pivot = Partition(arr, front, vector<int> LeftSub(arr.begin() + front, 22 int n2 = n * n; arr.begin() + mid + 1);int rowNum = index / n2, colNum = index vector<int> RightSub(arr.begin() + mid + 23 QuickSort(arr, front, pivot - 1); % n2: String 1, arr.begin() + end + 1);QuickSort(arr, pivot + 1, end); if (index >= n2 * n2)LeftSub.insert(LeftSub.end(), INT_MAX); 25 12 return true; RightSub.insert(RightSub.end(), INT MAX) 26 } 13 8.1 KMP if (board[rowNum][colNum] != 0) int idxLeft = 0, idxRight = 0; return backtracking(board, rows, cols, boxs, index + 1, n); 7.5 Weighted Job Scheduling 1 // 用在在一個 S 內查找一個詞 W 的出現位置 for (int i = front; i <= end; i++)</pre> for (int i = 1; i <= n2; i++) void ComputePrefix(string s, int next[]) 18 if (LeftSub[idxLeft] <= RightSub[</pre> 1 struct Job if (!rows[rowNum][i] && !cols[colNum int n = s.length(); idxRight]) [i] && !boxs[getSquareIndex(int q, k; 2 {

int start, finish, profit;

5 bool jobComparataor(Job s1, Job s2)

arr[i] = LeftSub[idxLeft];

idxLeft++;

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

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61

62

63

64

65

```
while (k > 0 \&\& s[k] != s[q])
10
                k = next[k];
           if (s[k] == s[q])
11
12
                k++;
13
           next[q] = k;
14
15
   void KMPMatcher(string text, string pattern)
16
17
       int n = text.length();
18
19
       int m = pattern.length();
       int next[pattern.length()];
20
       ComputePrefix(pattern, next);
21
22
                                                    11
23
       for (int i = 0, q = 0; i < n; i++)
                                                    12
24
           while (q > 0 && pattern[q] != text[i
                ])
                                                    15
               q = next[q];
26
                                                    16
           if (pattern[q] == text[i])
27
                                                    17
28
                                                    18
                q++;
           if (q == m)
29
                                                    19
30
                                                    20
                cout << "Pattern occurs with
                                                    21
31
                     shift " << i - m + 1 << endl 22
                                                    23
               q = 0:
                                                    24
33
34
35
   // string s = "abcdabcdebcd";
   // string p = "bcd";
   // KMPMatcher(s, p);
39 // cout << endl;</pre>
```

8.2 Min Edit Distance

int EditDistance(string a, string b)

vector<vector<int>> dp(a.size() + 1,

int m = a.length(), n = b.length();

for (int i = 0; i < m + 1; i++)

else if (j == 0)

if (i == 0)

else

return dp[m][n];

vector<int>(b.size() + 1, 0));

for (int j = 0; j < n + 1; j++)

dp[i][j] = j;

dp[i][j] = i;

else if (a[i - 1] == b[j - 1])

dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1];

dp[i][j] = 1 + min(min(dp[i

dp[i - 1][j - 1]);

- 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]),

2 {

17

18

19

8.3 Sliding window

```
1 | string minWindow(string s, string t)
      unordered map<char, int> letterCnt;
      for (int i = 0: i < t.length(): i++)</pre>
          letterCnt[t[i]]++;
      int minLength = INT MAX, minStart = -1;
      int left = 0, matchCnt = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
          if (--letterCnt[s[i]] >= 0)
               matchCnt++:
          while (matchCnt == t.length())
              if (i - left + 1 < minLength)</pre>
                   minLength = i - left + 1;
                  minStart = left:
              if (++letterCnt[s[left]] > 0)
                  matchCnt--:
              left++;
      return minLength == INT MAX ? "" : s.
           substr(minStart, minLength):
```

8.4 Split

9 data structure

9.1 Bigint

```
1 //台大 //非必要請用python
2 struct Bigint
3 
4 static const int LEN = 60; //
```

```
static const int BIGMOD = 10000; //10為
     正常位數
int s;
                                             69
int v1, v[LEN];
                                             70
                                             71
// vector<int> v;
Bigint() : s(1) { vl = 0; }
                                             72
                                             73
Bigint(long long a)
                                             74
    s = 1;
                                             75
    v1 = 0;
                                             76
    if (a < 0)
                                             77
        s = -1:
                                             78
                                             79
        a = -a:
                                             80
                                             81
    while (a)
                                             82
                                             83
        push back(a % BIGMOD);
                                             84
        a /= BIGMOD:
                                             85
                                             86
Bigint(string str)
                                             87
                                             88
                                             89
    s = 1:
    v1 = 0;
    int stPos = 0, num = 0;
                                             90
    if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-')
                                             91
                                             92
        stPos = 1:
                                             93
                                             94
        s = -1;
                                             95
                                             96
    for (int i = str.length() - 1, q =
                                             97
         1: i >= stPos: i--)
                                             98
                                             aa
        num += (str[i] - '0') * a:
        if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD)
                                            100
             push back(num);
                                            101
                                            102
            num = 0;
             a = 1:
                                            103
                                            104
    if (num)
                                            105
        push back(num);
                                            106
    n();
                                            107
                                            108
int len() const
                                            109
                                            110
    return vl; //return SZ(v);
                                            111
                                            112
bool empty() const { return len() == 0;
                                            114
void push_back(int x)
                                            115
                                            116
                                            117
    v[v]++] = x; //v.PB(x);
                                            118
                                            119
void pop back()
                                            120
    vl--; //v.pop_back();
                                            121
                                            122
                                            123
int back() const
                                            124
    return v[vl - 1]; //return v.back(); 125
                                            126
void n()
                                            127
```

```
while (!empty() && !back())
        pop_back();
void resize(int nl)
                        //v.resize(nl):
    fill(v, v + vl, 0); //fill(ALL(v),
void print() const
    if (empty())
        putchar('0');
        return;
    if (s == -1)
        putchar('-');
    printf("%d", back());
    for (int i = len() - 2; i >= 0; i--)
        printf("%.4d", v[i]);
friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::</pre>
     ostream &out, const Bigint &a)
    if (a.empty())
        out << "0";
        return out;
    if (a.s == -1)
        out << "-":
    out << a.back();</pre>
    for (int i = a.len() - 2; i >= 0; i
        char str[10];
        snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i])
        out << str;
    return out;
int cp3(const Bigint &b) const
    if (s != b.s)
        return s - b.s;
    if (s == -1)
        return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
    if (len() != b.len())
        return len() - b.len(); //int
    for (int i = len() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        if (v[i] != b.v[i])
            return v[i] - b.v[i];
    return 0;
bool operator<(const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) < 0;
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b) const
    return cp3(b) <= 0;
bool operator == (const Bigint &b) const
```

```
int p[maxn], sz[maxn], n, cc;
                                                                                                                                                                     matrix operator-(const matrix &a)
129
                                                    194
                                                                                                                                                             20
130
            return cp3(b) == 0;
                                                    195
                                                                r.n();
                                                                                                                vector<pair<int*, int>> his;
                                                                                                                                                             21
131
                                                    196
                                                                return r;
                                                                                                                vector<int> sh;
                                                                                                                                                             22
                                                                                                                                                                         matrix rev(r, c);
132
        bool operator!=(const Bigint &b) const
                                                    197
                                                                                                                void init(int n) {
                                                                                                                                                             23
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                            Bigint operator*(const Bigint &b)
                                                                                                                                                                             for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
133
                                                    198
                                                                                                                     n = n; cc = n;
134
            return cp3(b) != 0;
                                                    199
                                                                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) sz[i] =
                                                                                                                                                                                  rev[i][j] = m[i][j] - a.m[i]
135
                                                    200
                                                                Bigint r;
                                                                                                                          1, p[i] = i;
                                                                                                                                                                                       ][j];
                                                                r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
136
        bool operator>(const Bigint &b) const
                                                    201
                                                                                                                     sh.clear(); his.clear();
                                                                                                                                                             26
                                                                                                                                                                         return rev;
137
                                                    202
                                                                r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                                                                                                             27
            return cp3(b) > 0;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)
                                                                                                                void assign(int *k, int v) {
                                                                                                                                                                    matrix operator*(const matrix &a)
138
                                                    203
                                                                                                                                                             28
                                                                                                         10
                                                                                                                     his.emplace back(k, *k);
                                                                                                                                                             29
139
                                                    204
                                                                                                         11
140
        bool operator>=(const Bigint &b) const
                                                    205
                                                                     for (int j = 0; j < b.len(); j</pre>
                                                                                                         12
                                                                                                                     *k = v:
                                                                                                                                                             30
                                                                                                                                                                         matrix rev(r, a.c);
141
                                                                                                         13
                                                                                                                                                             31
                                                                                                                                                                         matrix tmp(a.c, a.r);
142
            return cp3(b) >= 0;
                                                    206
                                                                                                         14
                                                                                                                void save() {
                                                                                                                                                             32
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < a.r; ++i)
143
                                                    207
                                                                         r.v[i + j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
                                                                                                        1.5
                                                                                                                     sh.push back((int)his.size());
                                                                                                                                                             33
                                                                                                                                                                              for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)
        Bigint operator-() const
                                                                         if (r.v[i + j] >= BIGMOD)
                                                                                                                                                                                  tmp[j][i] = a.m[i][j];
144
                                                    208
                                                                                                         16
                                                                                                                                                             34
145
                                                    209
                                                                                                         17
                                                                                                                void undo() {
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
146
            Bigint r = (*this);
                                                    210
                                                                             r.v[i + j + 1] += r.v[i]
                                                                                                         18
                                                                                                                     int last = sh.back(); sh.pop_back();
                                                                                                                                                             36
                                                                                                                                                                              for (int j = 0; j < a.c; ++j)
                                                                                  + j] / BIGMOD;
                                                                                                                                                                                  for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
                                                                                                                     while (his.size() != last) {
147
            r.s = -r.s;
                                                                                                         19
                                                                                                                                                             37
                                                                                                                         int *k, v;
148
            return r;
                                                                             r.v[i + j] \% = BIGMOD;
                                                                                                         20
                                                                                                                                                             38
                                                                                                                                                                                      rev.m[i][j] += m[i][k] *
                                                    211
                                                                                                         21
                                                                                                                         tie(k, v) = his.back(); his.
149
                                                    212
                                                                                                                                                                                            tmp[j][k];
150
        Bigint operator+(const Bigint &b) const
                                                                                                                              pop_back();
                                                                                                                                                             39
                                                                                                                                                                         return rev:
151
                                                                                                                         *k = v;
                                                                                                                                                             40
                                                    214
                                                                                                         22
152
            if (s == -1)
                                                    215
                                                                r.n();
                                                                                                         23
                                                                                                                     }
                                                                                                                                                                    bool inverse() // 逆矩陣判斷
                                                                                                                                                             41
                return -(-(*this) + (-b));
153
                                                    216
                                                                return r;
                                                                                                         24
                                                                                                                                                             42
                                                                                                                int find(int x) {
            if (b.s == -1)
                                                    217
154
                                                                                                         25
                                                                                                                                                             43
                                                                                                                                                                         Matrix t(r, r + c);
                return (*this) - (-b);
                                                                                                                     if (x == p[x]) return x;
                                                    218
                                                            Bigint operator/(const Bigint &b)
                                                                                                         26
155
                                                                                                                                                             44
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
            Bigint r;
                                                                                                                     return find(p[x]);
                                                                                                         27
156
                                                    219
                                                                                                                                                             45
            int nl = max(len(), b.len());
157
                                                    220
                                                                Bigint r:
                                                                                                         28
                                                                                                                                                             46
                                                                                                                                                                             t.m[y][c + y] = 1;
            r.resize(nl + 1);
                                                                r.resize(max(1, len() - b.len() + 1)
                                                                                                                void merge(int x, int y) {
158
                                                    221
                                                                                                         29
                                                                                                                                                             47
                                                                                                                                                                             for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
            for (int i = 0; i < nl; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                     x = find(x); y = find(y);
159
                                                                     );
                                                                                                         30
                                                                                                                                                             48
                                                                                                                                                                                 t.m[y][x] = m[y][x];
                                                                                                                     if (x == y) return;
                                                                int oriS = s;
160
                                                    222
                                                                                                         31
                                                                                                                                                             49
                if (i < len())</pre>
                                                                Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                                                                                     if (sz[x] > sz[y]) swap(x, y);
                                                    223
161
                                                                                                         32
                                                                                                                                                                         if (!t.gas())
                                                                                                                                                             50
                    r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                    224
                                                                s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
                                                                                                         33
                                                                                                                     assign(\&sz[y], sz[x] + sz[y]);
162
                                                                                                                                                                             return false;
                                                                                                                                                             51
                                                                for (int i = r.len() - 1; i >= 0; i
                if (i < b.len())</pre>
                                                                                                                     assign(&p[x], y);
163
                                                    225
                                                                                                         34
                                                                                                                                                             52
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int y = 0; y < r; y++)
                    r.v[i] += b.v[i];
                                                                      --)
                                                                                                         35
                                                                                                                     assign(&cc, cc - 1);
164
                                                                                                                                                             53
                                                                                                                                                                              for (int x = 0; x < c; ++x)
                if (r.v[i] >= BIGMOD)
165
                                                    226
                                                                                                         36
                                                                                                                                                                                 m[y][x] = t.m[y][c + x] / t.
                                                                                                                                                             54
166
                                                    227
                                                                     int d = 0, u = BIGMOD - 1;
                                                                                                         37 } ;
                                                                                                                                                                                       m[y][y];
                    r.v[i + 1] += r.v[i] /
                                                                     while (d < u)
167
                                                    228
                                                                                                                                                             55
                                                                                                                                                                         return true;
                         BIGMOD;
                                                    229
                                                                                                                                                             56
                    r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                    230
                                                                         int m = (d + u + 1) >> 1;
168
                                                                                                                                                             57
                                                                                                                                                                     T gas() //行列式
                                                                                                            9.3
                                                                                                                  Matirx
                                                                         r.v[i] = m;
169
                                                    231
                                                                                                                                                             58
                                                                         if ((r * b2) > (*this))
                                                    232
170
                                                                                                                                                                         vector<T> lazy(r, 1);
            r.n();
                                                                             u = m - 1;
171
                                                    233
                                                                                                                                                                         bool sign = false;
                                                                         else
172
            return r;
                                                    234
                                                                                                          1 template <typename T>
                                                                                                                                                                         for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                    235
                                                                                                          2 struct Matrix
173
        Bigint operator-(const Bigint &b) const
174
                                                                                                                                                                             if (m[i][i] == 0)
175
                                                                     r.v[i] = d;
                                                                                                                using rt = std::vector<T>;
                                                                                                                                                             64
176
            if (s == -1)
                                                    238
                                                                                                                using mt = std::vector<rt>;
                                                                                                                                                             65
                                                                                                                                                                                  int j = i + 1;
177
                return -(-(*this) - (-b));
                                                    239
                                                                s = oriS;
                                                                                                                using matrix = Matrix<T>;
                                                                                                                                                                                  while (j < r && !m[j][i])</pre>
            if (b.s == -1)
                                                    240
                                                                r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                                                                int r, c; // [r][c]
178
                                                                                                                                                                                      j++;
179
                 return (*this) + (-b);
                                                    241
                                                                r.n();
                                                                                                                                                                                  if (j == r)
            if ((*this) < b)
                                                    242
                                                                return r;
                                                                                                                Matrix(int r, int c) : r(r), c(c), m(r, r)
                                                                                                                                                                                      continue;
                return -(b - (*this));
                                                    243
                                                                                                                      rt(c)) {}
                                                                                                                                                                                 m[i].swap(m[j]);
            Bigint r;
                                                    244
                                                            Bigint operator%(const Bigint &b)
                                                                                                                Matrix(mt a) \{ m = a, r = a.size(), c = a.size() \}
                                                                                                                                                             71
                                                                                                                                                                                 sign = !sign;
            r.resize(len());
                                                    245
                                                                                                                     a[0].size(); }
                                                                                                                                                             72
            for (int i = 0; i < len(); i++)
                                                                return (*this) - (*this) / b * b;
                                                                                                                rt &operator[](int i) { return m[i]; }
184
                                                    246
                                                                                                         11
                                                                                                                                                             73
                                                                                                                                                                             for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j)
                                                                                                                matrix operator+(const matrix &a)
                                                    247
                                                                                                         12
                                                                                                                                                             74
186
                r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                    248 };
                                                                                                         13
                                                                                                                                                                                  if (i == j)
                                                                                                                                                             75
                if (i < b.len())</pre>
                                                                                                         14
                                                                                                                     matrix rev(r, c);
                                                                                                                                                                                      continue;
                                                                                                                                                             76
                                                                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)</pre>
188
                    r.v[i] -= b.v[i];
                                                                                                         15
                                                                                                                                                                                 lazy[j] = lazy[j] * m[i][i];
                                                                                                                                                             77
189
                if (r.v[i] < 0)
                                                                                                         16
                                                                                                                         for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j)
                                                                                                                                                             78
                                                                                                                                                                                 T mx = m[j][i];
                                                               DisjointSet
                                                                                                         17
                                                                                                                             rev[i][j] = m[i][j] + a.m[i
190
                                                                                                                                                             79
                                                                                                                                                                                  for (int k = 0; k < c; ++k)
191
                     r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
                                                                                                                                  ][j];
                                                                                                                                                                                      m[j][k] = m[j][k] * m[i]
                     r.v[i + 1]--;
192
                                                                                                         18
                                                                                                                     return rev:
                                                                                                                                                                                           ][i] - m[i][k] * mx;
                                                     1 | struct DisjointSet {
```

```
42 };
                                                                                                                               val[sz] = v;
                                                                                                      99
                                                                                                                               c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                                                                                 return fraction(n * b.d, d * b.n);
82
                                                   43
                                                                                                      100
           T det = sign ? -1 : 1;
                                                   44 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
83
                                                                                                      101
                                                                                                                                                          31
           for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
                                                           BigInteger& x){
                                                                                                                           u = c[u][index];
84
                                                                                                      102
                                                                                                                                                          32
                                                                                                                                                               void print()
85
                                                          out << x.s.back();
                                                                                                                           max len count++;
                                                                                                                                                          33
                                                   45
                                                                                                      103
               det = det * m[i][i];
                                                          for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i--){
                                                   46
                                                                                                      104
                                                                                                                                                          34
                                                                                                                                                                 cout << n;
                                                                                                                      if(max len count >= 50){
               det = det / lazv[i]:
                                                   47
                                                               char buf[20]:
                                                                                                      105
                                                                                                                                                          35
                                                                                                                                                                 if (d != 1)
                                                               sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
               for (auto &j : m[i])
                                                                                                                           break;
                                                                                                                                                          36
                                                                                                                                                                   cout << "/" << d;
                                                   48
                                                                                                      106
                                                               for(int j = 0; j< strlen(buf); j++){</pre>
89
                   j /= lazy[i];
                                                   49
                                                                                                     107
                                                                                                                                                          37
                                                   50
                                                                   out << buf[i];
                                                                                                                                                          38 };
90
                                                                                                      108
91
           return det;
                                                   51
                                                                                                      109
                                                                                                              int find(const char* s){
92
                                                   52
                                                                                                      110
93 };
                                                   53
                                                                                                                  int u = 0;
                                                          return out;
                                                                                                      111
                                                   54
                                                                                                      112
                                                                                                                  int n = strlen(s):
                                                   55
                                                                                                      113
                                                                                                                  for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                      istream& operator >> (istream &in,
                                                                                                      114
  9.4 Trie
                                                           BigInteger& x){
                                                                                                                      int index = getIndex(s[i]);
                                                                                                      115
                                                           string s;
                                                                                                                      if(!c[u][index]){
                                                   57
                                                                                                      116
                                                          if(!(in >> s))
                                                   58
                                                                                                      117
                                                                                                                          return -1;
1 // biginter字典數
                                                               return in;
                                                   59
                                                                                                      118
  struct BigInteger{
                                                   60
                                                          x = s;
                                                                                                      119
                                                                                                                      u = c[u][index];
       static const int BASE = 100000000:
                                                          return in:
                                                   61
                                                                                                      120
       static const int WIDTH = 8:
                                                   62
                                                                                                      121
                                                                                                                  return val[u];
       vector<int> s;
                                                                                                      122
                                                   63
       BigInteger(long long num = 0){
                                                      struct Trie{
                                                   64
                                                                                                      123 }
           *this = num;
                                                   65
                                                          int c[5000005][10];
                                                          int val[5000005];
                                                   66
       BigInteger operator = (long long num){
                                                   67
                                                          int sz:
                                                                                                                 分數
                                                          int getIndex(char c){
                                                                                                          9.5
           s.clear();
                                                   68
10
11
           do{
                                                   69
                                                               return c - '0';
12
               s.push back(num % BASE);
                                                   70
13
               num /= BASE;
                                                   71
                                                          void init(){
                                                                                                        1 typedef long long 11;
           }while(num > 0);
                                                   72
                                                               memset(c[0], 0, sizeof(c[0]));
                                                                                                        2 struct fraction
14
           return *this;
                                                   73
                                                               memset(val, -1, sizeof(val));
15
                                                                                                       3 {
                                                               sz = 1;
                                                                                                            11 n, d;
16
                                                   74
       BigInteger operator = (const string& str
                                                                                                            fraction(const 11 & n = 0, const 11 & d =
17
                                                   75
           ){
                                                          void insert(BigInteger x, int v){
                                                                                                                 1) : n(_n), d(_d)
                                                   76
                                                               int u = 0;
           s.clear();
19
           int x, len = (str.length() - 1) /
                                                               int max len count = 0;
                                                                                                              11 t = \underline{\phantom{a}} gcd(n, d);
                WIDTH + 1;
                                                               int firstNum = x.s.back();
                                                                                                              n /= t, d /= t;
           for(int i = 0; i < len;i++){</pre>
                                                               char firstBuf[20];
                                                                                                              if (d < 0)
                                                               sprintf(firstBuf, "%d", firstNum);
               int end = str.length() - i*WIDTH 81
                                                                                                                n = -n, d = -d;
21
                                                                                                       10
                                                               for(int j = 0; j < strlen(firstBuf); 11</pre>
               int start = max(0, end-WIDTH);
                                                                    j++){
                                                                                                            fraction operator-() const
                                                                                                       12
               sscanf(str.substr(start, end-
                                                                   int index = getIndex(firstBuf[j
                                                                                                       13
23
                                                   83
                    start).c_str(), "%d", &x);
                                                                                                       14
                                                                                                              return fraction(-n, d);
                                                                   if(!c[u][index]){
               s.push back(x);
                                                                                                       15
24
                                                                       memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof(c[
                                                                                                            fraction operator+(const fraction &b)
25
                                                   85
           return *this;
26
                                                                            sz]));
27
                                                                       val[sz] = v;
                                                                                                       17
                                                                       c[u][index] = sz++;
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.d + b.n * d, d * b
28
                                                                                                       18
       BigInteger operator + (const BigInteger&
29
             b) const{
                                                                   u = c[u][index];
                                                                                                       19
           BigInteger c;
30
                                                                   max_len_count++;
                                                                                                            fraction operator-(const fraction &b)
31
           c.s.clear();
           for(int i = 0, g = 0;; i++){}
                                                               for(int i = x.s.size()-2; i >= 0;i
32
                                                   92
                                                                                                       21
                if(g == 0 && i >= s.size() && i
                                                                    --){
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.d - b.n * d, d * b
                                                                                                       22
                    >= b.s.size()) break;
                                                                   char buf[20];
                                                   93
                                                                   sprintf(buf, "%08d", x.s[i]);
                                                                   for(int j = 0; j < strlen(buf)</pre>
                                                                                                            fraction operator*(const fraction &b)
               if(i < s.size()) x+=s[i];</pre>
                                                   95
               if(i < b.s.size()) x+=b.s[i];</pre>
                                                                        && max len count < 50; j++){
               c.s.push back(x % BASE);
                                                                       int index = getIndex(buf[j])
                                                                                                      25
               g = x / BASE;
                                                                                                              return fraction(n * b.n, d * b.d);
                                                                       if(!c[u][index]){
           return c;
                                                                            memset(c[sz], 0 , sizeof 28
                                                                                                            fraction operator/(const fraction &b)
40
                                                   98
```

(c[sz]));

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