

# Computer Architecture—Homework III

## 107 Fall semester, Chapter 4

---

- 4.5 Consider a 32-bit microprocessor that has an on-chip 16-KByte four-way set-associative cache. Assume that the cache has a line size of 32-bit words. Draw a block diagram of this cache showing its organization and how the different address fields are used to determine a cache hit/miss. Where in the cache is the word from memory location ABCDE8F8 mapped?
- 4.8 Consider a machine with a byte addressable main memory of  $2^{16}$  bytes and block size of 8 bytes. Assume that a direct mapped cache consisting of 32 lines is used with this machine.
- (a) How is a 16-bit memory address divided into tag, line number, and byte number?
  - (b) In what line would bytes with each of the following addresses be stored?  
0001 0001 1001 1011  
1100 0011 0010 0100  
1101 0000 0111 1101  
1010 1010 0110 1010
  - (c) Suppose the byte with address 0101 1010 0010 1110 is stored in the cache. What are the addresses of the other bytes stored along with it?
  - (d) How many total bytes of the memory can be stored in the cache?
  - (e) Why is the tag also stored in the cache?

- 4.11 Consider a memory system that uses a 32-bit address to address at the byte level, plus a cache that uses a 64-byte line size.
- (a) Assume a direct mapped cache with a tag field in the address of 20 bits. Show the address format and determine the following parameters: number of addressable units, number of blocks in main memory, number of lines in cache, size of tag.
  - (b) Assume an associative cache. Show the address format and determine the following parameters: number of addressable units, number of blocks in main memory, number of lines in cache, size of tag.
  - (c) Assume a four-way set-associative cache with a tag field in the address of 9 bits. Show the address format and determine the following parameters: number of addressable units, number of blocks in main memory, number of lines in cache, size of tag.
- 4.12 Consider a computer with the following characteristics: total of 1 Mbyte of main memory; word size of 1 byte; block size of 16 bytes; and cache size of 64 Kbytes.
- (a) For the main memory addresses of C101E, 01234, and F0B30, give the corresponding tag, cache line address, and word offsets for a direct-mapped cache.
  - (b) Give any two memory addresses with different tags that map to the same cache slot for a direct-mapped cache.
  - (c) For the main memory addresses of C101E and F0B30, give the corresponding tag and offset values for a fully-associative cache.
  - (d) For the main memory addresses of C101E and F0B30, give the corresponding tag, cache set, and offset values for a two-way set-associative cache.