Week 1 Summary

This text appears to be a comprehensive overview of distributed systems, covering various aspects such as system models, middleware, and technologies used in distributed computing.

Here is a summarized outline of the main points:

- **I. System Models**
- * **General System Model**: Distributed systems are often organized into a layered structure, with each layer providing services to the layers above.
- + Platform: Provides local resource management and communication means between computers.
- + Middleware: Connects different kinds of applications and provides distributed transparency.
- **II. Key Concepts**
- * **Concurrency Control**: The ability to process multiple tasks at the same time.
- * **Failure Handling**: Detecting, masking, tolerating, recovering from failures in a distributed system.
- * **Concurrency Transparency**: The concealment of concurrency control mechanisms from users and applications.
- **III. Middleware Models**
- * **Early Models**:
- + Unix File Systems: Treats everything as a file, hiding network communication.
- + Remote Procedure Calls (RPCs): Hides network communication by allowing a process to call a procedure on a remote machine.
- * **Recent Models**:
- + Distributed Objects: Hides internal details of objects from users and provides transparent invocation of remote objects.
- + Distributed Documents (WWW): Organizes information into documents, with each document residing at a machine in the world.

- **IV. Middleware Services**
- * **Communication Services**: Provides high-level communication services that hide low-level message passing through computer networks.
- * **Naming**: Allows entities to be shared and looked up (similar to phone books).
- * **Persistence**: Special facilities for storage referred to as persistence.
- * **Distributed Transactions**: Facilities for distributed transactions, allowing multiple read and write operations to occur atomically.
- **V. Examples of Middleware**
- * Sun RPC
- * OMG CORBA
- * Microsoft D-COM
- * Sun Java RMI
- * Manjrasoft Aneka (for Cloud computing)
- * IBM WebSphere
- * Microsoft .NET
- * Sun J2EE
- * Google AppEngine, etc.

Overall, this text provides a detailed overview of the key concepts and technologies used in distributed systems, including system models, middleware, and communication services.