

Team 10: Yash Dhayal, Zahir Johnson, Kevin Williams, Abhi Vempati, Mac Bivens-Tatum  
CSC 315-02

#### Stage 4: Design

##### **Boyce-Codd Normal Form**

The Content table wasn't in BCNF. While Content\_id can determine all of the other attributes, Data can also determine both Category and Location. Thus, Content was split on Data.

The Article table consists of only article\_id, so it cannot be normalized any further.

The Article\_Keyword table consists of only article\_id and keyword, so it cannot be normalized any further.

For the MM table, nothing needed to be changed since it was in BCNF.

Sheet of BCNF tables is at the end.

##### **Views**

**Mapview** contains Content\_id and Location. This view would be used for the interactive NJ map.

```
CREATE VIEW Mapview AS  
SELECT content_id, location  
FROM CONTENT;
```

**PieTags** view contains Content\_Id, Category, and Keywords. This view would be used for both the Pie chart and for listing out the tags.

```
CREATE VIEW PieTags AS  
SELECT content_id, category, keywords  
FROM CONTENT;
```

For PieTags view, we would need the following function to calculate the percentages per slice:

```

CREATE FUNCTION CategoryPercent(numerator PieTags.category%TYPE)
RETURNS NUMERIC(4, 2) AS $$
DECLARE
    need_val NUMERIC;
    total NUMERIC;
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(category) as total
    FROM PieTags;
    SELECT COUNT(numerator) as need_val
    FROM PieTags
    RETURN need_val / total;
END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;

```

### **Tables, Functions & Transaction**

-- Creating Content table

```

CREATE TABLE CONTENT (
    Content_id    SERIAL          PRIMARY KEY,
    Author        VARCHAR(20)     NOT NULL, -- Author last name
    Title         TEXT            NOT NULL, -- Title of content
    Posting_date  DATE            NOT NULL, -- Date content is posted
    Location      VARCHAR(20)     NOT NULL, -- County relevant to content
    Category      VARCHAR(20)     NOT NULL, -- Category of the content
    Data         TEXT            NOT NULL  -- Link to the content
);

```

-- Creating Multimedia table

```

CREATE TABLE MM(
    Playtime      TIME
) INHERITS (CONTENT);

```

-- Creating Article table. Will only go into this if inserted data is considered article

```

CREATE TABLE ARTICLE(
) INHERITS (CONTENT);

```

-- Creating article\_keywords table

```
CREATE TABLE ARTICLE_KEYWORD(  
    Keyword    TEXT            NOT NULL;  
);
```

-- function to insert into both master Content table and respective subclass table

```
CREATE FUNCTION MyInsert( _author VARCHAR(20), _title TEXT, _posting_date  
DATE, _location VARCHAR(20), _category VARCHAR(20), _data TEXT, datatype  
CHAR)  
RETURNS void AS $$  
BEGIN  
    IF datatype = 'A' THEN          -- enter into Article table  
        INSERT INTO CONTENT(author, title, posting_date, location, category,  
data)  
VALUES(_author, _title, _posting_date, _location, _category, _data TEXT);  
  
        INSERT INTO ARTICLE(author, title, posting_date, location, category,  
data)  
VALUES(_author, _title, _posting_date, _location, _category, _data TEXT);  
    END IF;  
  
    ELSEIF datatype = 'M' THEN      -- enter into MM table  
        INSERT INTO CONTENT(author, title, posting_date, location, category,  
data)  
VALUES(_author, _title, _posting_date, _location, _category, _data TEXT);  
  
        INSERT INTO MM(author, title, posting_date, location, category, data)  
VALUES(_author, _title, _posting_date, _location, _category, _data TEXT);  
    END IF;  
  
    ELSE -- if data type is not accepted  
        RAISE EXCEPTION 'Not acceptable data type provided: %', datatype;  
    END IF;  
END $$;
```

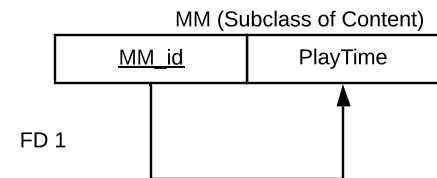
-- transaction for inserting

BEGIN;

MyInsert(\_author, \_title, \_posting\_date, \_location, \_category, \_data); -- subject to change

-- ROLLBACK for situation when function raises exception

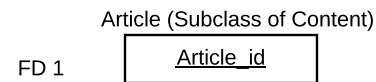
COMMIT;



MM

↓

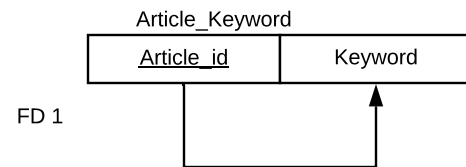
MM



Article

↓

Article



Article

↓

Article

