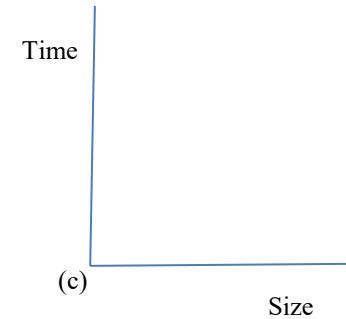
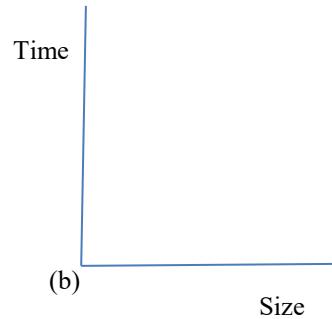
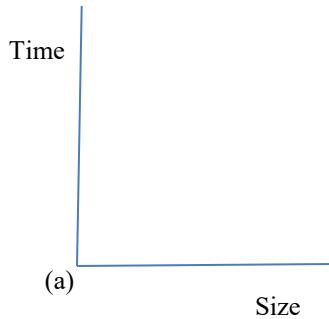


1.



2. (a)

(b)

3. (a1)

(a2)

((b1))

(b2)

(c1)

(c2)

4(a).

```
def closest(l:[int])->int:  
    a = set()  
  
    for i in range(len(l)):  
        for j in range(len(l)):  
            if i != j:  
                a.add(abs(l[i]-l[j]))  
  
    return min(a)
```

(b)

(c)

```
def closest(l:[int])->int:  
    a = sorted(l)  
  
    m = -1  
  
    for i in range(len(a)-1):  
        if m == -1 or abs(a[i+1]-a[i]) < m:  
            m = abs(a[i+1]-a[i])  
  
    return m;
```

(b)

(c)

5. (a)

(b)

6.

N = Problem Size	Complexity Class	Time to Solve on Old Machine (secs)	M Solvable in the same Time on a New Machine 2x as Fast
10^6	$O(\log_2 N)$	1	
10^6	$O(N)$	1	
10^6	$O(N \log_2 N)$	1	
10^6	$O(N^2)$	1	

