

# Functional Analysis (MA 8673) Homework 4

Kevin Ho

February 9, 2026

1. Consider the one-parameter unitary group given by  $U(t)f(x) = f(x - t \bmod 2\pi)$  for  $f \in L^2(0, 2\pi)$ . What is the generator of  $U$ ?
2. Suppose  $M$  is the Riemann surface of  $\sqrt{z}$  and  $\mathcal{H} \in L^2(M)$  with Lebesgue measure locally. Define the following two operators:

$$A = -i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \text{ and } -i \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

both with domain  $\mathcal{D} = \{f \in C^\infty(M) : \text{supp}(f) \text{ is compact, } 0 \notin \text{supp}(f)\}$ . Prove that both  $A$  and  $B$  are essentially self-adjoint, both  $A, B : \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ , and  $(AB)f = (BA)f$ ,  $\forall f \in \mathcal{D}$ . However show that  $\exp(itA)$  and  $\exp(itB)$  do not commute.

3. Let  $\mu$  be a finite complex Borel measure on  $\mathbb{R}$  and let

$$\hat{\mu}(t) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-it\lambda} d\mu(\lambda).$$

Prove that

$$\lim_{c \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{c} \int_0^c |\hat{\mu}(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{\lambda \in \mathbb{R}} |\mu(\{\lambda\})|^2$$

where the sum on the right hand side is finite.

*Proof.* So let's start by decomposing the LHS. □

4. Let  $A$  be a self-adjoint operator. Using the previous problem, prove that  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} U(t) = 0$  where  $U(t) = \exp(-itA)$
5. Let  $X$  be a infinite dimensional locally convex space and  $X^*$  its dual space. Prove that no weakly continuous semi-norm is actually a norm. (This shows semi-norms are essential tools.)
6. Let  $\{\rho_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$  be a family of semi-norms so that some finite sum  $\rho_{\alpha_1} + \dots + \rho_{\alpha_n}$  is actually a norm. Prove that  $\{\rho_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$  is equivalent to a family of norms.