

Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Stockton University (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

June 30, 2024 and 2023

# **DRAFT**

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Trustees Stockton University

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Stockton University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for opinions**

We conducted our audits of the financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.





#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

# Required supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 19 and the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, schedules of employer contributions, and schedules of proportionate share of other postemployment benefits liability on pages 60 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with US GAAS. These limited procedures consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our





inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

GRANT THORNTON LLP (signed manually)

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania December \_\_\_, 2024



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

### INTRODUCTION

Stockton University (the "University" or "Stockton") is proud to present its comparative financial statements for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, and its changes in financial position for the fiscal years then ended with fiscal year 2022 data presented for comparative purposes. This section of the University's financial statements presents the discussion and analysis of the University's financial performance. Since this discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, it should be read in conjunction with the University's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Stockton seeks to help its students develop the capacity for continuous learning and the ability to adapt to changing circumstances in a multicultural and interdependent world by insisting on breadth, as well as depth, in its curriculum. Stockton believes that the breadth inherent in an interdisciplinary approach to liberal education both prepares students for inevitable career changes and enriches their lives. Stockton is committed to the positive development of southern New Jersey. Through research and community service, the University actively seeks to take advantage of and to improve the unique physical and human environment in which it is located.

#### **UNIVERSITY OVERVIEW**

Founded in 1969, Stockton University ranks among the nation's finest educational institutions and among the top 100 public institutions in the U.S. Stockton proudly offers the academic, technological, and cultural advantages of a large institution combined with the community spirit of a small liberal arts college. As a public university, Stockton provides an environment for excellence to a diverse student body, including those from underrepresented populations, through an interdisciplinary approach to liberal arts, sciences, and professional education. The University's commitment to cultural diversity and its welcoming and vibrant community makes Stockton a great place to learn and work.

With nearly 9,000 undergraduate and graduate students and nearly 700 full-time and part-time faculty members, Stockton offers more than 160 undergraduate and graduate programs in its seven academic schools, as well as continuing education opportunities, in a primarily in-person learning environment. Stockton thrives as a distinctive institution, providing a diverse, values-based, student-centered environment of exceptional teaching and learning.

As an Anchor Institution in southern New Jersey, Stockton is committed to being in and of the community. To be a strong partner, Stockton collaborates with its neighbors to make a positive impact on the region. The Stockton approach to higher education includes a focus on civic engagement, developing its students to be leaders in their community through service-learning, social justice, and other experiential learning opportunities.

Stockton's mission is to develop engaged and effective citizens with a commitment to lifelong learning and the capacity to adapt to change in a multicultural, interdependent world. Its vision is to thrive as a distinctive regional institution, providing a diverse, values-based, student-centered environment of exceptional teaching and learning. As a community builder and partner in public service, Stockton University will remain committed to the positive development of New Jersey through scholarship and creative activity, civic engagement, and active stewardship.

Located one hour from Philadelphia and two hours from New York City, the University offers unique living and learning environments throughout southern New Jersey, including the 1,600-acre Galloway campus in the Pinelands National Reserve and Stockton University Atlantic City, located in the University District, just steps from the beach and the iconic Atlantic City Boardwalk.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The University's comparative financial statements include three basic financial statements: statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, which have been prepared following Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") principles. These statements present the University's operations as a whole, focusing on its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, expenses, and cash flows on an entity-wide basis.

### **SUMMARY OF NET POSITION**

The statements of net position present the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the University as of the end of the fiscal year. The statements of net position are point-in-time financial statements. The purpose of the statements of net position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the University. The statements of net position present end-of-the-year data concerning assets (current and noncurrent), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and noncurrent), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities minus deferred inflows of resources).

Net position is one indicator of the current financial condition of the University, while the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

From the data presented, readers of the statements of net position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the University. They are also able to determine how much the University owes vendors and lending institutions. Finally, the statements of net position provide a picture of the net position (assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities minus deferred inflows of resources) and their availability for expenditure by the University.

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, provides the equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the University, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt and deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The next net position category is restricted. Expendable restricted is available for expenditure by the University but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of those assets. Nonexpendable restricted net position is required to be maintained in perpetuity by donors and/or external entities. The final category is unrestricted. Unrestricted assets are available to the University for any lawful purpose of the University.

Effective July 1, 2014, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 ("GASB 68"), and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement 68* ("GASB 71"). These standards require all state and local governmental employers providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their proportionate share of the actuarially determined amount of the unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability. As required from the data provided by the State of New Jersey, the University recorded its portion of the pension liabilities and expenses from the New Jersey State-administered retirement system. The unfunded pension liability will change each year, resulting from the changes in plan assumptions about economic and demographic factors, differences between actual and expected experience, and differences between actual and expected investment earnings. The net pension liability was measured each fiscal year end with the latest measurement as of June 30, 2023, a one-year lag from the University's year-end reporting date (note: GASB 68 requires the net pension liability to be measured as of a date no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year).



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Effective July 1, 2017, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"). The primary objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). This statement replaced the requirements of Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. It established standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. This statement also identified the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. The State is legally required to pay for the OPEB benefit coverage for eligible retirees of the University. Since the University does not contribute directly to the plan, there is no total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources to record. Under the GASB 75 special funding situation, the University is required to record in its financial statements, as an expense and corresponding revenue, its proportionate share of the OPEB expense allocated to the State of New Jersey and include its proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability in its respective notes to the financial statements. The total OPEB liability is measured each fiscal year end with the latest measurement as of June 30, 2023, a one-year lag from the University's year-end reporting date.

As a result of the requirements in reporting for GASB 68 and GASB 75, the University has recorded its proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows of resources in the June 30, 2024 and 2023 financial statements for GASB 68 and its proportionate share of expense and corresponding revenue for GASB 75 in the June 30, 2024 and 2023 financial statements. The note disclosures regarding the pension and OPEB benefits include a discussion of applicable net pension liability and pension and OPEB expense. Finally, as part of required supplemental information, the University has included certain schedules of data. These accounting changes did not impact the University's funding requirements for the pension and OPEB plans.

The effect of GASB 68 was the recognition of net pension expense, changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and net pension liability. The effect of GASB 75 was the recognition of an expense and corresponding revenue of the University's proportionate share of the OPEB expense allocated to the State of New Jersey.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

# **Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

The following reflects the impact of GASB 68 and 75 on the University's financials at June 30, 2024:

	Excluding GASB 68 and 75	Recognition of GASB 68	Recognition of GASB 75	Including GASB 68 and 75
Statement of net position at June 30, 2024: Deferred outflows of				
resources - pension related	\$ -	\$ 33,652,980	\$ -	\$ 33,652,980
Net pension liability	-	193,778,061	<u>-</u>	193,778,061
Deferred inflows of resources -				.00,0,00.
pension related	_	7,298,926	_	7,298,926
Net position - unrestricted	116,130,791	(167,424,007)	_	(51,293,216)
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Total net position	237,813,828	(167,424,007)	-	70,389,821
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2024:  Operating expenses				
Instruction	69,201,474	932,568	_	70,134,042
Research	2,274,513	-	_	2,274,513
Public service	9,538,712	227,477	-	9,766,189
Academic support	21,838,878	2,047,292	_	23,886,170
Student services	26,369,391	1,137,385	_	27,506,776
Institutional support	41,302,622	5,005,000	_	46,307,622
Operation and maintenance	,,-	-,,		-,,-
of plant	22,414,982	2,820,799	-	25,235,781
Student aid	14,677,935	· · ·	-	14,677,935
Auxiliary enterprises	26,182,737	909,907	-	27,092,644
Depreciation and		·		, ,
amortization	24,574,085	-	-	24,574,085
OPEB benefit	<u> </u>		(8,368,332)	(8,368,332)
Total operating expenses	\$ 258,375,329	\$ 13,080,428	\$ (8,368,332)	\$ 263,087,425



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

# **Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

The following reflects the impact of GASB 68 and 75 on the University's financials at June 30, 2023:

	Excluding GASB 68 and 75	Recognition of GASB 68	Recognition of GASB 75	Including GASB 68 and 75
Statement of net position at June 30, 2023: Deferred outflows of				
resources - pension related	\$ -	\$ 39,915,823	\$ -	\$ 39,915,823
Net pension liability	· -	193,274,354	· -	193,274,354
Deferred inflows of resources -				
pension related	-	16,708,512	-	16,708,512
Net position - unrestricted	120,092,657	(170,067,043)	-	(49,974,386)
Total net position	239,470,006	(170,067,043)	-	69,402,963
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2023:  Operating expenses				
Instruction	64,569,207	300,664	_	64,869,871
Research	2,184,081	-	-	2,184,081
Public service	8,612,329	(26,579)	-	8,585,750
Academic support	19,666,573	1,388,705	-	21,055,278
Student services	22,724,861	952,382	-	23,677,243
Institutional support	32,491,075	3,348,955	-	35,840,030
Operation and maintenance				
of plant	25,429,061	1,227,850	-	26,656,911
Student aid	13,717,784	-	-	13,717,784
Auxiliary enterprises	23,578,715	300,664	=	23,879,379
Depreciation and				
amortization	23,058,698	-	-	23,058,698
OPEB benefit			(5,901,822)	(5,901,822)
Total operating expenses	\$ 236,032,384	\$ 7,492,641	\$ (5,901,822)	\$ 237,623,203



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

# Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

A summary of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 55,574,994	\$ 38,164,042	\$ 32,386,960
Capital assets	468,149,744	480,701,485	483,590,347
Other non-current assets	132,495,958	125,269,682	132,333,834
Total assets	656,220,696	644,135,209	648,311,141
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related	33,652,980	39,915,823	40,906,775
Loss on refunding debt	7,939,816	8,469,137	8,998,458
Total deferred outflows of resources	41,592,796	48,384,960	49,905,233
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	60,379,758	43,033,312	42,494,743
Noncurrent liabilities	556,757,840	560,299,554	563,651,585
Noticultent habilities		000,200,001	
Total liabilities	617,137,598	603,332,866	606,146,328
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related	7,298,926	16,708,512	35,166,444
Other long-term debt related	1,744,128	1,816,800	1,889,472
Lease related	1,198,780	1,203,729	1,067,996
Gain on refunding debt	44,239	55,299	66,359
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,286,073	19,784,340	38,190,271
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	109,224,480	108,092,130	94,281,263
Debt service and debt service reserves	12,458,557	11,285,219	10,845,319
Unrestricted	(51,293,216)	(49,974,386)	(51,246,807)
Total net position	\$ 70,389,821	\$ 69,402,963	\$ 53,879,775

Excluding GASB 68 and GASB 75, which require employers to report and disclose State of New Jersey obligations for pension and OPEB, the University's statements of net position reflect a prudent utilization of financial resources, management of investments, and utilization of debt to support the University's capital plan.

Current assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments, receivables, and the current portion of deposits held by bond trustees. Noncurrent assets consist primarily of investments, deposits held by bond trustees, and capital assets. Current liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable and accrued expenses, unearned revenue, compensated absences, and the current portion of long-term debt, leases, and subscriptions ("SBITAs") payable. Noncurrent liabilities consist primarily of long-term debt and net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68.



# DRAFT

# Stockton University (A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Total assets for the University increased by \$12,085,487 in fiscal year 2024. This increase is related to increases in deposits held by bond trustees of \$20,861,287 and investments of \$6,038,535 offset by decreases in capital assets of \$12,551,741, receivables of \$1,908,740, other assets of \$264,397, and cash and cash equivalents of \$89,457. The increase in deposits held by bond trustees can be attributed to an allocation of the proceeds of the Authority's revenue bond issues for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund and the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund to be used for the Library Learning Commons Project, the Library Learning Commons Equipment, and the Academic Classroom Technology Innovation Project. The increase in investments can be attributed to positive market performance, while the decrease in capital assets can be attributed to the current year depreciation net of asset additions and retirements. Total assets for the University decreased by \$4,175,932 in fiscal year 2023. This decrease is related to decreases in capital assets of \$2,888,862 and investments of \$9,254,041 offset by increases in cash and cash equivalents of \$4,136,165, receivables of \$3,215,570, deposits held by bond trustees of \$322,499, and other current assets of \$292,737. The decrease in capital assets can be attributed to current year depreciation net of asset additions and retirements, while the decrease in investments can be attributed to the use of short-term investments for operational and capital needs during the fiscal year.

The decrease in deferred outflows of \$6,792,164 is primarily attributable to changes related to GASB 68 pensions and includes the fiscal year 2024 contribution made on behalf of the University after the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other components of the pension related deferred outflows include changes in assumptions and the University's proportionate share of the liability from the previous year that will be recognized as a component of pension expense in future years.

Total liabilities increased by \$13,804,732 in fiscal year 2024. This increase is due to increases in unearned revenue of \$13,714,151, leases payable of \$3,349,034, other long-term debt of \$3,287,169, subscriptions payable of \$723,213, compensated absences of \$659,188, and net pension liability of \$503,707 offset by decreases in bonds payable of \$8,139,157, U.S. government grants refundable of \$194,927, and accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$97,646. The increase in unearned revenue is due to the new Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund and the Higher Education Leasing Fund issuance. The decline in bonds payable reflects the annual repayment of current debt obligations. Total liabilities decreased by \$2,813,462 in fiscal year 2023. This decrease is due to decreases in bonds payable of \$7,659,157, other long-term debt of \$4,094,157, leases payable of \$1,614,815, U.S. government grants refundable of \$289,220, and unearned revenue of \$450,264 offset by increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$1,026,152, compensated absences of \$11,386, net pension liability of \$9,736,776 and subscriptions payable of \$519,837. The decline in bonds payable and other long-term debt reflects the annual repayment of current debt obligations.

The decrease in deferred inflows of \$9,498,267 is mainly attributable to changes related to GASB 68 pensions. These deferred inflows are related to the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments and changes in the share of the University's net pension liability. These deferred inflows will be recognized as a component of pension expense in future years.

### SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Changes in total net position as presented in the statements of net position are based on the activity presented in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the institution, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the University, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains, and losses received or spent by the University.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

# **Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

Operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituents of the University. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the University. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided in exchange. For example, State of New Jersey appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the Legislature to the University without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services in exchange for those revenues. In accordance with GASB 75, OPEB expenses are recorded as operating expenses, while the corresponding revenue is recorded as nonoperating revenue.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present the University's results of operations. A summary of the University's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Operating revenues Net student revenues Governmental grants Other	\$ 115,775,710 41,685,836 10,511,526	\$ 117,364,691 31,762,114 9,558,145	\$ 124,821,159 29,657,796 9,885,638
Total operating revenues	167,973,072	158,684,950	164,364,593
Operating expenses	263,087,425	237,623,203	242,744,441
Operating loss	(95,114,353)	(78,938,253)	(78,379,848)
Non-operating and other revenues (expenses):			
State of New Jersey appropriations State of New Jersey - OPEB Pell grants Federal grants Investment return, net Capital grant revenue Disposal of capital assets, net Interest on capital related debt Other nonoperating expense  Net non-operating and other revenues	83,952,027 (8,368,332) 20,096,300 - 13,356,897 1,168,867 (20,896) (13,824,516) (259,136) 96,101,211	77,292,078 (5,901,822) 18,766,713 7,306,763 9,064,175 42,853 (11,810,288) (299,031) 94,461,441	64,073,082 2,833,482 17,817,334 21,217,938 (14,198,110) 2,940 (2,005,224) (12,482,858) (311,441) 76,947,143
Increase (decrease) in net position	986,858	15,523,188	(1,432,705)
Net position - beginning of year	69,402,963	53,879,775	55,312,480
Net position - end of year	\$ 70,389,821	\$ 69,402,963	\$ 53,879,775





# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### **REVENUES**

To fund its operations, the University receives revenues from a variety of sources including tuition and fees, grants and contracts, auxiliary services, State of New Jersey appropriations, and investment income. The University continues to seek additional funds from all possible sources to adequately fund operating activities.

#### **OPERATING REVENUES**

Operating revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$167,973,072, \$158,684,950, and \$164,364,593, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2024, student revenues net of scholarships were \$115,775,710, governmental grants were \$41,685,836, and other revenue totaled \$10,511,526. For the year ended June 30, 2023, student revenues net of scholarships were \$117,364,691, governmental grants were \$31,762,114, and other revenue totaled \$9,558,145. For the year ended June 30, 2022, student revenues net of scholarships were \$124,821,159, governmental grants were \$29,657,796, and other revenue totaled \$9,885,638.

Student revenues, which includes tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprises, are the primary source of operating revenue for the University. Tuition and fee revenues decreased from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023 by less than 1%. Tuition and fees increased from fiscal year 2023 to fiscal year 2024 by less than 1%. Auxiliary activities increased from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023 by approximately 10%. The 2023 increase was driven by increased housing occupancy coupled with housing rent increases. Auxiliary activities increased from fiscal year 2023 to fiscal year 2024 by approximately 5%. The 2024 increase was driven by increased housing rent and meal plan rates.

Operating revenues for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

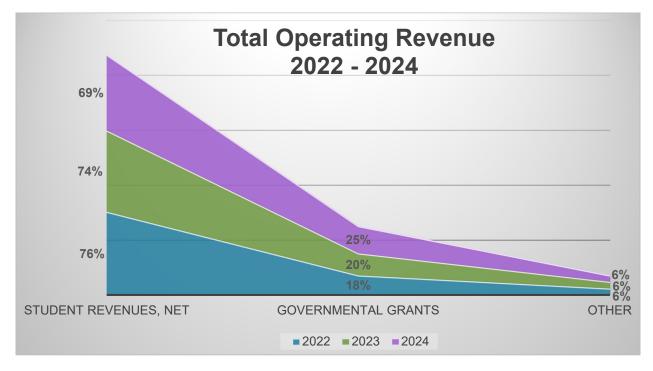
	2024	% Total	2023	% Total	2022	% Total
Student revenues, net Governmental grants Other	\$ 115,776 41,686 10,511	69% 25 6	\$ 117,365 31,762 9,558	74% 20 6	\$ 124,821 29,658 9,886	76% 18 6
Total operating revenues	\$ 167,973	100%	\$ 158,685	100%	\$ 164,365	100%



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Total operating revenue represented graphically for the three years is as follows:



# NONOPERATING AND OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES)

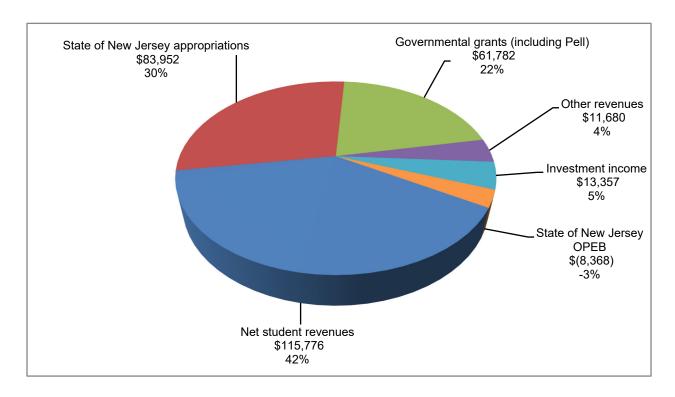
Net nonoperating and other revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$96,101,211, \$94,461,441, and \$76,947,143, respectively. The primary source of nonoperating revenue was the State of New Jersey appropriation, including fringe benefits, of \$83,952,027, \$77,292,078, and \$64,073,082, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022. The other components of net nonoperating revenues were Pell grant revenues of \$20,096,300, \$18,766,713 and \$17,817,334, investment return (loss), net of \$13,356,897, \$9,064,175, and (\$14,198,110), and interest expense on capital related debt of (\$13,824,516), (\$11,810,288), and (\$12,482,858) for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Included in other revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was capital grant revenue of \$1,168,867, \$0, and \$2,940, respectively. In compliance with GASB 75, the University recorded nonoperating OPEB (expense) revenue from the State of New Jersey of (\$8,368,332), (\$5,901,822), and \$2,833,482 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Also, for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, the University recorded Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief funding of \$0, \$7,306,763, and \$21,217,938, respectively.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Categories of both operating, nonoperating, and other revenues that support the University's core activities in 2024 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):



# **OPERATING EXPENSES**

Operating expenses are defined as expenses paid by the University to acquire or produce goods and services used to carry out its mission, in return for operating revenues. For the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, the University incurred operating expenses totaling \$263,087,425 (\$258,375,329 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75), \$237,623,203 (\$236,032,384 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75), and \$242,744,441 (\$232,669,428 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75), respectively. Operating revenues for these periods totaled \$167,973,072, \$158,684,950, and \$164,364,593, respectively, causing a loss from operations of (\$95,114,353) (loss of \$90,402,257 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75), (\$78,938,253) (loss of \$77,347,434 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75 and GASB 75), and (\$78,379,848) (loss of \$68,304,835 excluding the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75), respectively, prior to State appropriations, State OPEB revenue, and other nonoperating revenue.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

# Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

A summary of operating expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 is as follows (in thousands):

		% of		% of		% of
	2024	Total	2023	Total	2022	Total
Instruction	\$ 70,134	27%	\$ 64,870	27%	\$ 62,792	26%
Research	2,274	1	2,184	1	1.581	1
Public service	9,766	4	8,586	4	7,692	3
Academic support	23,886	9	21,055	9	19,216	8
Student services	27,507	10	23,677	10	21,008	9
Institutional support	46,307	18	35,840	15	35,835	15
Operation and maintenance						
of plant	25,236	10	26,657	11	24,454	10
Student aid	14,678	5	13,718	6	26,411	11
Auxiliary enterprises	27,093	10	23,879	10	20,381	8
Depreciation and						
amortization	24,574	9	23,059	10	20,541	8
OPEB (benefit) expense	(8,368)		(5,902)	3	2,833	1
Total operating						
expenses	\$263,087	100%	\$237,623	100%	\$242,744	100%

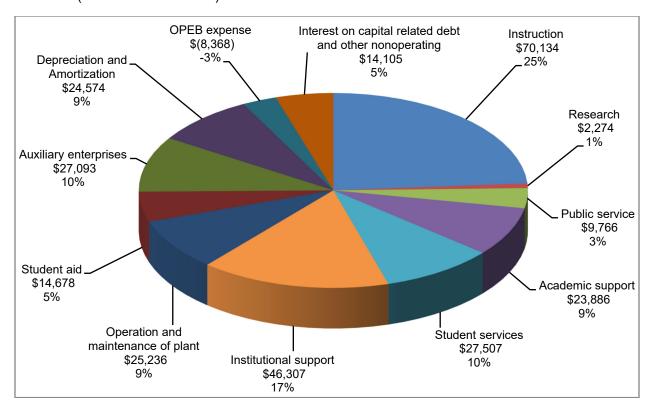
Based on the amounts reported above, expenses have remained fairly consistent for each of the categories over the past years. In complying with GASB 75, the University recorded OPEB benefit of (\$8,368,332) and (\$5,901,822) for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively; and OPEB expense of \$2,833,482 for the year ended June 30, 2022.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

## Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Categories of both operating and nonoperating expenses related to Stockton's core activities in 2024 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):



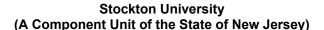
#### **CHANGE IN NET POSITION**

The University had an increase in net position of \$986,858 in fiscal year 2024, an increase in net position of \$15,523,188 in fiscal year 2023, and a decrease in net position of \$1,432,705 in fiscal year 2022. The changes in net position are the result of the operating revenue, operating expense, nonoperating revenue and expense, and other revenue activity that took place during the respective fiscal year.

## **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ACTIVITIES**

The University continues to manage its financial resources to ensure adequate financial flexibility to access the capital markets as needed. The University has a debt rating from Moody's Investor Services and Fitch Rating Ltd. of A3 and A, respectively.

The University has been advancing a master plan consistent with its strategic and Middle States reaccreditation plans, where the University intends to keep the existing campus in good repair and to ensure that it is prepared to meet the needs of future students. Included in those plans are numerous renovation and site improvement projects.





# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

Years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

### **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**

The populations of Atlantic and Ocean counties provide the majority of the University's student body, but the University's reputation for providing quality, value, and distinction attracts applicants from throughout New Jersey and beyond.

Stockton is among the Top 100 Public National Universities, according to the 2025 U.S. News & World Report College Rankings. Stockton ranked No. 81 out of 225 public colleges and universities in the nation and No. 152 out of 436 on the Best National Universities list. This is Stockton's third year in a row in the national rankings. Previously, Stockton was included on the top 10 Best Regional Universities-North.

Stockton was recognized as one of the top 60 national universities for Social Mobility. This category highlights schools that actively and effectively enroll and graduate large proportions of economically disadvantaged students awarded with Pell grants. Similarly, The New York Times released its College-Access Index in 2023 which ranks Stockton No. 11 out of the nation's 286 most-selective colleges for its share of first-year, first-time students receiving Pell grants.

Stockton was also named as a 2025 "Best Regional College" by The Princeton Review. Stockton is included in the Wall Street Journal Best College Rankings for 2025, Washington Monthly's 2024 National University Rankings, the Military Times' "Best for Vets: Colleges", Money Magazine's "Best Colleges for Your Money" 2024 edition, and Forbes' 2023 list of "Best Value Colleges".

Stockton's tuition and fees are competitive with New Jersey's seven other public master's and doctoral colleges and universities - and a great value compared to private institutions. Stockton's flat-rate tuition program enables full-time students to take between 12 and 20 credits and pay the same rate. Students who take 20 credits can graduate sooner and potentially save thousands of dollars on the cost of classes and housing or commuting.

On average, Stockton receives more than 15,000 applications. 1,453 new freshmen were enrolled for fall 2023. In addition, Stockton typically enrolls about 1,000 transfer students annually, most entering as juniors from area community colleges. Stockton also enrolls about 500 graduate students annually.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Division of Administration & Finance, Stockton University, 101 Vera King Farris Drive, Galloway, New Jersey 08205.



# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30,

		2024	2023		
ASSETS	Stockton Universit		Stockton University	Discretely Presented Component Units	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,917, <sup>-</sup>	701 \$ 978,781	\$ 12,007,158	\$ 1,019,802	
Receivables	Ψ 11,517,	701 ψ 570,701	Ψ 12,007,100	Ψ 1,013,002	
Students, less allowance of \$2,565,675 in 2024 and \$1,922,596 in 2023	1,277,	743 -	1,219,696	_	
Perkins Loans, less allowance of \$46,185 in 2024 and \$75,626 in 2023	204,		223,709	_	
Federal government	2,846,		1,666,978	_	
State of New Jersey	2,901,		2,611,247	_	
Due from component units	44,		369,157	_	
Lease receivables	216,	620 -	167,519	-	
Other receivables	5,941,	450 989,018	7,446,226	848,080	
Total receivables	13,433,	227 989,018	13,704,532	848,080	
Investments	8,959,	848 2,717,096	10,596,201	2,490,099	
Deposits held by bond trustees	19,672,	464 -	-	-	
Other current assets	1,591,	754 71,250	1,856,151	70,285	
Total current assets	55,574,9	994 4,756,145	38,164,042	4,428,266	
Noncurrent assets					
Investments	118,817,	568 57,247,071	111,142,680	50,684,936	
Deposits held by bond trustees	12,349,	723 -	11,160,900	-	
Perkins Loans, less allowance of \$56,148 in 2024 and \$137,242 in 2023	249,	158 -	405,972	-	
Note receivable from component unit			1,441,700	-	
Lease receivables	1,079,	509 -	1,118,430	-	
Other receivables		- 5,618,708	-	6,268,188	
Capital assets, net	468,149,	744	480,701,485	101,235	
Total noncurrent assets	600,645,	702 62,865,779	605,971,167	57,054,359	
Total assets	\$ 656,220,	696 \$ 67,621,924	\$ 644,135,209	\$ 61,482,625	
Deferred outflows of resources					
Pension related	\$ 33,652,9	980 \$ -	\$ 39,915,823	\$ -	
Loss on refunding debt	7,939,		8,469,137		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 41,592,	796\$	\$ 48,384,960	\$ -	



# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED

June 30,

	2024					2023			
		Stockton University		Discretely Presented Component Units		Stockton University		Discretely Presented Component Units	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	20,026,297	\$	66,086	\$	20,123,943	\$	42,762	
Due to University		-		44,864		-		369,157	
Unearned revenue		18,992,913		-		5,278,762		735,819	
Compensated absences		4,754,744		-		4,079,060		· -	
Leases payable		1,203,008		_		305,350		_	
SBITAs payable		2,023,357		_		2,168,239		_	
Bonds payable		9,424,157		_		8,139,157		_	
Other long-term debt		3,955,282				2,938,801			
Total current liabilities		60,379,758		110,950		43,033,312		1,147,738	
Noncurrent liabilities									
Compensated absences		636,036		-		652,532		_	
U.S. government grants refundable		924,405		-		1,119,332		_	
Net pension liability		193,778,061		_		193,274,354		_	
Leases payable		2,775,814		_		324,438		_	
SBITAs payable		2,216,753		_		1,348,658		_	
Bonds payable		191,541,511		_		200,965,668		_	
Other long-term debt		164,885,260				162,614,572		3,325,467	
Total noncurrent liabilities		556,757,840				560,299,554		3,325,467	
Total liabilities	\$	617,137,598	\$	110,950	\$	603,332,866	\$	4,473,205	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Pension related	\$	7,298,926	\$	-	\$	16,708,512	\$	-	
Other long-term debt related		1,744,128		-		1,816,800		-	
Lease related		1,198,780		-		1,203,729		-	
Gain on refunding debt		44,239				55,299			
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	10,286,073	\$		\$	19,784,340	\$		
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	109,224,480	\$	_	\$	108,092,130	\$	-	
Restricted	·	, , ,	·		,	, ,	•		
Nonexpendable		-		35,408,371		_		34,346,194	
Expendable				, -,-				, -,	
Scholarships		-		28,350,973		_		22,795,734	
Debt service and debt service reserves		12,458,557		-		11,285,219		-	
Unrestricted		(51,293,216)		3,751,630		(49,974,386)		(132,508)	
Total net position	\$	70,389,821	\$	67,510,974	\$	69,402,963	\$	57,009,420	



# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years ended June 30,

	20	)24	2023		
	Stockton University	Discretely Presented Component Units	Stockton University	Discretely Presented Component Units	
Operating revenues					
Student revenues					
Tuition and fees	\$ 142,621,837	\$ -	\$ 141,850,920	\$ -	
Auxiliary enterprises	38,682,646	=	36,695,415	-	
Less: scholarship allowances	(65,528,773)	<u> </u>	(61,181,644)		
Net student revenues	115,775,710		117,364,691		
Federal grants and contracts	7,740,752	-	6,643,951	-	
State and local grants and contracts	33,945,084	-	25,118,163	694,464	
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	2,176,987	-	1,357,517	-	
Lease revenues	22,289	-	241,746	-	
Other auxiliary enterprises revenues	4,127,897	-	3,859,574	-	
Other operating revenues	4,184,353	334,611	4,099,308	240,713	
In-kind contributions		1,323,749		1,134,611	
Total operating revenues	167,973,072	1,658,360	158,684,950	2,069,788	
Operating expenses					
Instruction	70,134,042	-	64,869,871	-	
Research	2,274,513	-	2,184,081	-	
Public service	9,766,189	=	8,585,750	-	
Academic support	23,886,170	-	21,055,278	-	
Student services	27,506,776	=	23,677,243	-	
Institutional support	46,307,622	1,499,425	35,840,030	2,485,528	
Operation and maintenance of plant	25,235,781	-	26,656,911	-	
Student aid	14,677,935	1,379,265	13,717,784	1,398,752	
Auxiliary enterprises	27,092,644	-	23,879,379	-	
Depreciation and amortization	24,574,085	_	23,058,698	_	
OPEB benefit	(8,368,332)	_	(5,901,822)	_	
In-kind expense		1,323,749		1,134,611	
Total operating expenses	263,087,425	4,202,439	237,623,203	5,018,891	
Operating loss	(95,114,353)	(2,544,079)	(78,938,253)	(2,949,103)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
State of New Jersey appropriations	42,179,000	-	42,486,000	-	
State of New Jersey appropriations - fringe benefits	41,773,027	-	34,806,078	-	
State of New Jersey - OPEB	(8,368,332)	-	(5,901,822)	-	
Pell grants	20,096,300	-	18,766,713	-	
Federal grants	_	-	7,306,763	-	
Gifts and contributions	_	1,738,593	-	1,363,121	
Investment return, net	13,356,897	6,628,817	9,064,175	4,635,950	
(Loss) gain on disposal of capital assets	(20,896)	-	42,853	-	
Interest on capital related debt	(13,824,516)	-	(11,810,288)	-	
Other nonoperating expense	(259,136)		(299,031)		
Total nonoperating revenues, net	94,932,344	8,367,410	94,461,441	5,999,071	
Other revenues					
Capital grant revenue	1,168,867	-	-	-	
Additions to permanent endowments		1,062,177		2,730,894	
Total other revenues	1,168,867	1,062,177		2,730,894	
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	986,858	6,885,508	15,523,188	5,780,862	
Net position - beginning of year	69,402,963	60,625,466	53,879,775	51,228,558	
Net position - end of year	\$ 70,389,821	\$ 67,510,974	\$ 69,402,963	\$ 57,009,420	



# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - UNIVERSITY ONLY)

### Years ended June 30,

	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Student revenue	\$ 120,184,751	\$ 120,265,249
Grants and contracts	43,562,313	32,566,096
Payments to suppliers	(77,935,876)	(72,664,788)
Payments for employee salaries and benefits	(168,119,138)	(156,096,113)
Other receipts	13,494,406	11,731,306
Other receipts	13,494,400	11,731,300
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(68,813,544)	(64,198,250)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Receipts from State of New Jersey appropriations	76,095,783	69,744,766
Pell grants	20,096,300	18,766,713
Federal grants	· · ·	7,306,763
Payments made for other nonoperating expenses	(259,136)	(299,031)
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities	95,932,947	95,519,211
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	40.055.000	
Capital grant proceeds	13,355,608	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(10,252,881)	(10,349,146)
Purchases of capital assets	(12,839,571)	(20,922,493)
(Loss) gain on sale of capital assets	(20,896)	42,853
Other long-term debt	(72,672)	(72,672)
Interest paid on capital debt	(7,804,365)	(12,829,196)
Leases	4,067,298	(959,245)
Change in deposits held by bond trustees	(20,861,287)	(322,499)
Net cash flows used in capital and related financing activities	(34,428,766)	(45,412,398)
Not oddi nono dodd in odpian dne roladd inanong douriddo	(04,420,100)	(40,412,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales of investments	30,131,583	53,385,286
Purchases of investments	(26,331,003)	(38,625,849)
Earnings from investments	3,419,326	3,468,165
Net cash flows provided by investing activities	7,219,906	18,227,602
. Tot sach none product by missing database		10,221,002
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(89,457)	4,136,165
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of year	12,007,158	7,870,993
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of year	\$ 11,917,701	\$ 12,007,158
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (95,114,353)	\$ (78,938,253)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	ψ (30,114,000)	Ψ (10,930,233)
	7.050.044	7.547.040
State-paid fringe benefit expense	7,856,244	7,547,312
OPEB benefit	(8,368,332)	(5,901,822)
Depreciation and amortization	24,574,085	23,058,698
Capital grant revenue	1,168,867	-
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	2,007,195	(3,124,955)
Other assets	264,397	(292,737)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	618,585	1,911,809
Unearned revenue	358,543	(450,264)
Compensated absences	659,188	11,386
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions	(3,146,743)	(17,466,980)
Net pension liability	503,707	9,736,776
U.S. government grants refundable	(194,927)	(289,220)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (68,813,544)	\$ (64,198,250)
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital financing activity:		
Change in capital asset additions in accounts payable	\$ (817,227)	\$ (752,657)





### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Organization

Stockton University (the "University") is primarily an undergraduate university of arts, sciences, and professional studies that provides undergraduate programs, including traditional and alternative approaches to education. The operations of management are vested in the University's Board of Trustees. In 1986, State College Autonomy legislation was enacted, which granted certain fiscal and financial responsibility to the University Board of Trustees. In 1994, the Higher Education Restructuring Act further expanded the role of the Board of Trustees. Under the law, the University is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey with a high degree of autonomy. However, for financial reporting purposes, the University is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State of New Jersey. Accordingly, the University's financial statements are included in the State of New Jersey's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The University is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(a) as an organization described under Section 501(c)(3).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, the University has determined that the Stockton University Foundation (the "Foundation") and the National Aerospace Research and Technology Park, Inc. ("NARTP") should be included in the University's financial statements as discretely presented component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the primary institution is financially accountable or to which the primary institution is closely related.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the University. The Foundation has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service concluding that it is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising entity to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The Board of Directors of the Foundation, which consists of at least five and no more than 40 persons, is self-perpetuating and consists of qualified persons elected by majority vote of the Board of Directors of the Foundation. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the resources, or income thereon, the Foundation holds investments that are used exclusively for the benefit, support, and promotion of the University for its educational activities. Because these resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

Separately issued financial statements are available for the Foundation by contacting the University Controller's Office.

NARTP was established in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:64-26, et seq. in September 2013. NARTP is a legally separate, tax-exempt 501(c)(3) organization. NARTP's purpose is to conduct research and development and to promote concept and product development using emerging technologies in a laboratory and operational environment. NARTP is a focal point for interaction and innovation among researchers, academia, government, and private industry in developing the next generation air traffic control system, which is critical to the nation's aviation system. Because of its relationship with the University, NARTP is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. On July 27, 2023, NARTP and the University entered into a Reorganization Agreement whereby NARTP agreed to take such action as necessary or appropriate to reorganize NARTP as a separate not-for-profit organization and nullify NARTP's status as an auxiliary organization of the University and the University agreed, subject to the approval of its Board of Trustees, to forgive the outstanding



### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

principal balance and accrued and unpaid interest on its loan to NARTP. On September 20, 2023, the University's Board of Trustees approved and authorized the forgiveness of the outstanding principal balance and accrued and unpaid interest on its loan to NARTP effective September 30, 2023. In addition, the University's Board of Trustees approved the assignment to NARTP of all of the University's interests in and to the aviation and research technology park pursuant to a General Assignment, and the transfer to NARTP of all accounts and assets of NARTP that are held or maintained by the University. The forgiveness of outstanding principal balance and accrued and unpaid interest on the loan, totaling \$1,819,722, is reflected as an operating expense within the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis of Presentation

The University's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by GASB.

#### Use of Estimates

The financial statements include estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the statements of net position dates, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years then ended. Significant estimates include but are not limited to depreciation, other post-retirement benefits, allowance for doubtful accounts, pension liabilities, and investments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and mature in three months or less from the date of purchase.

The University invests a certain portion of its cash in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. This is an interest-bearing account from which funds are available upon demand.

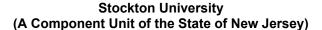
## Investments and Deposits Held with Trustees

The University follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Investments traded in active markets are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Hedge and other investment funds are carried at estimated fair value based on the net asset values reported by the fund managers, which are reviewed by management for reasonableness. Those estimated fair values may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, changes in the values of investment securities could occur. In the near term, such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Although legal title to certain academic buildings and equipment remains with the State of New Jersey, the University has been given exclusive use of the buildings and equipment through enabling legislation and has included their cost in the accompanying statements of net position. The University currently does not pay any rental fees to the State





### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

of New Jersey in connection with the aforementioned buildings and equipment and has not included any amount as revenue or expense in the accompanying financial statements of the University.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis. The University's capital assets policy establishes the following capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives:

Asset Category	Useful Life	 Capital hreshold
Buildings	40 to 60 Years	\$ 100,000
Infrastructure	20 to 40 Years	10,000
Land improvements	10 to 25 Years	10,000
Equipment	3 to 15 Years	5,000

Library book purchases are expensed annually.

#### Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recorded by the University as the present value of lease payments expected to be received under all leases other than those that are short term. Lease receivables are subsequently reduced over the life of the lease as cash is received in the applicable reporting period. Short-term leases, those with a maximum period of 12 months, are recognized as collected.

### Right-to-Use Assets

Right-to-use assets are recognized at the lease or subscription agreement commencement date and represent the University's right to use an underlying asset for the lease or subscription term. Right-to-use assets are measured at the initial value of the lease or subscription liability plus any payments made by the University before commencement and initial direct costs and are included within capital assets, net in the statement of net position.

### Leases Payable, Net

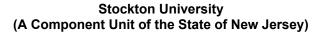
Lease liabilities represent the University's obligation to make lease payments arising from leases other than short term leases. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments over the remaining lease term. Present value of lease payments are discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the University. Short-term leases, those with a maximum period of 12 months, are expensed as incurred.

# SBITAs Payable, Net

Subscription-based information technology ("SBITA") liabilities represent the University's obligation to make subscription payments arising from information technology subscriptions other than short-term subscriptions. Subscription liabilities are recognized at the subscription commencement date based on the present value of future subscription payments over the remaining subscription term. Present value of subscription payments are discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the University. Short-term subscriptions, those with a maximum period of 12 months, are expensed as incurred.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources include





### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

differences between expected or projected results related to the University's proportionate share of net pension liability and contributions made to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources also include gains and losses resulting from refinancing of debt, which represents the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt and are amortized over the life of the related debt. Deferred inflows also include an amount recorded as a result of the University utilizing a portion of the Atlantic County Improvement Authority's Series 2016A Bonds towards the Atlantic City Academic project and amounts related to leases.

#### Net Pension and Other Postretirement Liabilities

The University is required to report its proportionate share of the pension and other postretirement plans' activities for the plans in which it participates. For the purposes of measuring the net pension and other postretirement liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postretirement liabilities, and pension and other postretirement expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension and other postretirement plans, and additions and deductions from the pension and other postretirement plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the University by those plans.

#### Classification of Net Position

The University classifies its resources into the following net position categories:

- Net investment in capital assets contains the land and land improvements, buildings and building
  improvements, equipment and other assets, and construction in progress of the University, net of
  depreciation, and the indebtedness incurred to finance their acquisition and construction, as well
  as capital assets acquired through research grants and contracts whose title remains with the
  University at the conclusion of the grant or contract period with the permission of the grantor;
- Restricted nonexpendable net position is comprised of donor-restricted endowment funds.
   Endowments are subject to restrictions of gift instruments requiring that the principal be invested in perpetuity;
- Restricted expendable net position includes gifts that are restricted to use for specific purposes by the donor, capital grants and gifts, endowment income and appreciation, and other restricted resources. Funds that are restricted are utilized only for the specified purposes; and
- Unrestricted net position is derived principally from student tuition and fees, gifts and bequests, and investment income, and is spent to meet the objectives of the University. The University's policy is to first utilize available restricted expendable, and then unrestricted resources in the conduct of its operations.

# Classification of Revenues and Expenses

The University's policy for defining operating activities in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those that serve the University's principal purpose and generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for services and payments made for the purchase of goods and services. Examples include (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) federal, state, and local grants and contracts. Non-operating revenues and expenses include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as appropriations from the State of New Jersey, Pell grants, Federal grants related to novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") relief funding, investment income and other activity that does not meet the definition of an



### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

operating activity. Other revenues arise from non-exchange transactions which provide funding for acquisitions of capital assets and additions to permanent endowments.

Interest expense is reported as a non-operating activity.

# Revenue Recognition

Student revenues are presented in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, net of scholarships applied to student accounts, while other payments made directly to students are presented as student aid expenses and are recognized in the period earned. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on students' behalf to the extent revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student services. Student revenues collected in advance of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue in the statements of net position.

Federal, state, and local grant and contract revenue is comprised mainly of grant revenues received from the federal government and the State of New Jersey and is recognized as the related expenses are incurred. Amounts received from grants, which have not yet been earned under the terms of the agreement, are recorded as deferred revenue in the statements of net position.

Investment income, which includes interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, is recognized on an accrual basis. Gains and losses on investments are determined using specific identification, except for mutual funds, which are based on average cost.

Gifts and bequests are recorded upon receipt by the University. Pledges, other than endowment, are recognized as gift income and recorded at their present value. Additions to permanent endowments are recognized upon their receipt.

### Risk Management

The University carries commercial insurance covering its risks of loss related to real and personal property, personal injuries, torts, errors and omissions, environmental damage, and natural and other unforeseen disasters.

### **Pending Accounting Standard**

The GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in June 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. University management is in the process of determining what, if any, impact implementation of this standard may have on the University's financial statements.



### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS HELD BY BOND TRUSTEES

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	4	2023
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash (bank accounts) New Jersey Cash Management Fund	\$ 11,828 89	8,646 \$ 9,055	11,922,691 84,467
Total	\$ 11,91	7,701 \$	12,007,158

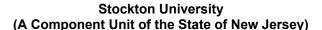
Cash balances maintained by banks amounted to \$13,807,643 and \$14,780,113 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, of which \$250,000 are Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured. Bank balances in excess of insured amounts of \$13,557,643 and \$14,530,113 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were collateralized in accordance with Chapter 64 of Title 18A of New Jersey Statutes.

The University participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts also contributed by other State entities are combined into a large-scale investment program. The cash management fund is unrated. Statutes of the State of New Jersey ("Statutes") and Regulations of the State Investment Council ("Regulations") authorize the New Jersey Division of Investment to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and municipal or political subdivisions of the State, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, revenue obligations of public authorities, debt instruments of banks, collateralized notes and mortgages, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, equity, convertible equity securities, and other common types of investment securities. Investee institutions and organizations are prescribed by the Statutes and Regulations based on such criteria as minimum capital, dividend paying history, credit history, and other evaluation factors.

#### Investments

Investments, at fair value, consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Money market accounts U.S. Treasury and agency obligations	\$ 10,899,942 1,607,544	\$ 10,393,994 1,508,088
Corporate bonds	1,607,544 1,634,335	1,571,235
U.S. government bonds Stocks	328,667 4,273,176	318,581 3,906,159
Mutual funds Alternative investments	90,849,334 18,184,418	86,585,530 17,455,294
Total	\$ 127,777,416	\$ 121,738,881





### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The University's investments are subject to custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is described in more detail below.

The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the University and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the University's name. The investment risk is that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the University will not be able to recover the sale of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University's investments were either insured, registered, or held by the University's investment custodian in the University's name and, accordingly, not subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit risk is the risk that an investment issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires that disclosure be made as to the credit rating of all fixed income securities except obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's, Fitch or Standard and Poor's ("S&P").

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with the amount of investments the University has with any one issuer or agreement with a counterparty that exceeds 5% or more of its total investments. The University's investment policy provides guidance pertaining to the diversification of the investment portfolio. The University's investment policy requires each investment manager to develop and propose a diversification strategy to the University's Investment Committee. The Investment Committee's agreement to the proposed strategy will not alter the investment manager's responsibility for the results of pursuing that diversification strategy.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The University's investment policy provides limitations in the maturities and composition of the various types of investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate fluctuations.

The following tables present the University's credit and interest rate risk on its fixed-income investments as of June 30. 2024 and 2023:

		June 30, 2024 Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	S&P Ratings	Fair Value	Less than 1		1 to 2		Greater than 2
U.S. Treasury and agency obligations Corporate bonds U.S. government bonds	AA to Aa AA to Ba AA to Aa	\$ 1,607,544 1,634,335 328,667	\$ 1,120,392 153,384 52,385	\$	125,673 228,409	\$	361,479 1,252,542 276,282
Total		\$ 3,570,546	\$ 1,326,161	\$	354,082	\$	1,890,303



### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

June 30, 2023 Investment Maturities (in Years)

Investment Type	S&P Ratings	Fair Value	Less than 1	_	1 to 2	Greater than 2
U.S. Treasury and agency obligations Corporate bonds U.S. government bonds	AA to Aa AA to Ba AA to Aa	\$ 1,508,088 1,571,235 318,581	\$ 981,367 73,854 124,593	\$	241,205 265,432 98,536	\$ 285,516 1,231,949 95,452
Total		\$ 3,397,904	\$ 1,179,814	\$	605,173	\$ 1,612,917

Fair value measurements and disclosures provide the framework for measuring fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The framework established for measuring fair value includes a hierarchy used to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in determining valuations into three levels. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Valuation techniques require maximization of observable inputs and minimization of unobservable inputs.

The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. A quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market provides the most reliable fair value measurement because it is directly observable to the market.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable. The nature of these securities includes investments for which quoted prices are available but traded less frequently and investments that are fair valued using other securities, the parameters of which can be directly observed.
- Level 3 Securities that have little to no pricing observability. These securities are measured using management's best estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value are not observable and require significant management judgment or estimation. Also included in Level 3 are investments measured using a net asset value ("NAV") per share, or its equivalent, that cannot be redeemed at the NAV or for which redemption at NAV is uncertain due to lockup periods or other investment restrictions.

The financial instruments' level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to the University's perceived risk of such investment.



# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following table sets forth, by level, the University's investments at fair value within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2024:

	Fair Value	Level 1	NAV
Investments by fair value level U.S. Treasury and agency obligations U.S. government bonds Debt mutual funds Money market accounts Domestic corporate bonds Foreign corporate bonds	\$ 1,607,544 328,667 45,717,509 10,899,942 1,550,776 83,559	\$ 1,607,544 328,667 45,717,509 10,899,942 1,550,776 83,559	\$ - - - - -
Total debt securities	60,187,997	60,187,997	-
Other securities Equity mutual funds Domestic stocks Foreign stocks	45,131,825 1,529,486 2,743,690	45,131,825 1,529,486 2,743,690	- - -
Total investments, by fair value level	109,592,998	109,592,998	
Investments measured at NAV Hedge funds - diversifying Limited partnerships	930,024 17,254,394	<u>.</u>	930,024 17,254,394
Total investments, measured at NAV	18,184,418		18,184,418
Total investments, measured at fair value	\$ 127,777,416	\$ 109,592,998	\$ 18,184,418

The following table lists investments measured at NAV by major investment category as of June 30, 2024 as follows:

	2024 Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Hedge funds - diversifying Limited partnerships	\$ 930,024 17,254,394	\$ - -	Quarterly N/A	60 to 65 days N/A
Total investments, measured at NAV	\$ 18,184,418	<u>\$ -</u>		



# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following table sets forth, by level, the University's investments at fair value within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2023:

	Fair Value	Level 1	NAV
Investments by fair value level U.S. Treasury and agency obligations U.S. government bonds Debt mutual funds Money market accounts Domestic corporate bonds Foreign corporate bonds	\$ 1,508,088 318,581 49,724,844 10,393,994 1,533,990 37,245	\$ 1,508,088 318,581 49,724,844 10,393,994 1,533,990 37,245	\$ - - - - -
Total debt securities	63,516,742	63,516,742	-
Other securities Equity mutual funds Domestic stocks Foreign stocks	36,860,686 1,481,878 2,424,281	36,860,686 1,481,878 2,424,281	- - -
Total investments, by fair value level	104,283,587	104,283,587	
Investments measured at NAV Hedge funds - diversifying Limited partnerships	2,288,563 15,166,731		2,288,563 15,166,731
Total investments, measured at NAV	17,455,294		17,455,294
Total investments, measured at fair value	\$ 121,738,881	\$ 104,283,587	\$ 17,455,294

The following table lists investments measured at NAV by major investment category as of June 30, 2023 as follows:

	_	2023 Fair Value	Unfur Commit		Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Hedge funds - diversifying Limited partnerships	\$	2,288,563 15,166,731	\$	<u>-</u>	Quarterly N/A	60 to 65 days N/A
Total investments, measured at NAV	\$	17,455,294	\$			



### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

# Deposits Held by Bond Trustees

Deposits held by bond trustees include restricted funds held by board-approved trustees. Deposits held by bond trustees are carried in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, and consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, deposits held by bond trustees included the following:

	2024	2023		
Deposits held by bond trustees	\$ 32,022,187	\$ 11,160,900		

The deposits held by trustees are held primarily in U.S. Treasury bills for debt service requirements and are considered Level 1 inputs.

The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the University and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the University's name. The University's deposits held with bond trustees are held in the University's name.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The above investments are current in nature, and interest rate risk is minimal, if any.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, deposits held by bond trustees were composed of funds held for the following purposes:

	2024	2023
Debt service and debt service reserves State capital grant programs	\$ 12,349,723 19,672,464	\$ 11,160,900 -
Total	\$ 32,022,187	\$ 11,160,900



# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

# **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

						Retirements		
						and		
		July 1, 2023		Additions	_	Adjustments	J	une 30, 2024
Nondepreciable assets:	Φ	40,000,000	Φ.		Φ	(4.570)	Φ	40 004 444
Land	\$	12,802,693	\$	3,647,846	\$	(1,579) (81,177,421)	\$	12,801,114
Construction in progress		80,369,927 1,807,158		3,047,040		(01,177,421)		2,840,352 1,807,158
Works of art		1,007,130			_			1,007,130
Total nondepreciable assets		94,979,778		3,647,846		(81,179,000)		17,448,624
Depreciable assets:								
Land improvements		20,901,278		3,199,020		_		24,100,298
Buildings and improvements		454,418,022		4,936,165		_		459,354,187
Leasehold improvements		82,310,333		64,825,500		-		147,135,833
Infrastructure		33,338,377		4,405,366		-		37,743,743
Equipment		46,521,001		3,280,204		(760,607)		49,040,598
Right to use asset - building		1,167,814		99,987		-		1,267,801
Right to use asset - equipment		3,611,940		4,481,467		(3,427,853)		4,665,554
Right to use asset - subscriptions		7,872,087		4,756,492		(1,709,377)	_	10,919,202
Total depreciable assets		650,140,852		89,984,201		(5,897,837)		734,227,216
Less accumulated								
depreciation/amortization:								
Land improvements		11,447,029		736,367		_		12,183,396
Buildings and improvements		176,178,636		10,858,321		-		187,036,957
Leasehold improvements		13,423,467		4,906,352		-		18,329,819
Infrastructure		18,191,380		693,345		-		18,884,725
Equipment		37,074,986		2,811,154		(731,785)		39,154,355
Right to use asset - building		641,500		241,671		-		883,171
Right to use asset - equipment		3,348,835		1,109,996		(3,351,281)		1,107,550
Right to use asset - subscriptions		4,113,312		3,216,879		(1,384,068)		5,946,123
Total accumulated								
depreciation/								
amortization		264,419,145		24,574,085		(5,467,134)		283,526,096
					_	, , , ,		
Depreciable assets, net		385,721,707		65,410,116		(430,703)		450,701,120
Capital assets, net	\$	480,701,485	\$	69,057,962	\$	(81,609,703)	\$	468,149,744

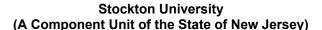


# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements and Adjustments	June 30, 2023
Nondepreciable assets: Land Construction in progress Works of art	\$ 12,879,123 69,149,135 1,797,158	\$ - 14,661,884 10,000	\$ (76,430) (3,441,092)	\$ 12,802,693 80,369,927 1,807,158
Total nondepreciable assets	83,825,416	14,671,884	(3,517,522)	94,979,778
Depreciable assets:     Land improvements     Buildings and improvements     Leasehold improvements     Infrastructure     Equipment     Right to use asset - building     Right to use asset - equipment     Right to use asset - subscriptions	20,234,134 453,198,418 81,544,149 33,048,665 45,363,590 2,800,186 413,680 4,838,885	667,144 1,219,604 766,184 289,712 1,475,814 - 3,198,260 3,043,134	(318,403) (1,632,372) - (9,932)	20,901,278 454,418,022 82,310,333 33,338,377 46,521,001 1,167,814 3,611,940 7,872,087
Total depreciable assets	641,441,707	10,659,852	(1,960,707)	650,140,852
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Leasehold improvements Infrastructure Equipment Right to use asset - building Right to use asset - equipment Right to use asset - subscriptions	10,781,415 165,338,396 10,646,041 17,560,079 34,357,354 645,922 724,591 1,622,978	665,614 10,840,240 2,777,426 631,301 3,033,961 (4,422) 2,624,244 2,490,334	(316,329) - - -	11,447,029 176,178,636 13,423,467 18,191,380 37,074,986 641,500 3,348,835 4,113,312
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	241,676,776	23,058,698	(316,329)	264,419,145
Depreciable assets, net	399,764,931	(12,398,846)	(1,644,378)	385,721,707
Capital assets, net	\$ 483,590,347	\$ 2,273,038	\$ (5,161,900)	\$ 480,701,485





June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### **NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES**

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	 2024	 2023
Accounts payable, construction	\$ 408,734	\$ 1,225,961
Accounts payable, other Accrued salaries, fringe benefits and withholdings	5,693,152 9,036,634	5,437,026 8,674,175
Accrued interest on bonds payable, other long-term debt, leases, and SBITAs	 4,887,777	 4,786,781
Total	\$ 20,026,297	\$ 20,123,943

#### **NOTE 5 - STATE PAID FRINGE BENEFITS**

The State of New Jersey, through separate appropriations, pays certain fringe benefits (principally health insurance and Federal Insurance Contributions Act taxes) on behalf of University employees. Such benefits amounted to \$41,773,027 and \$34,806,078 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are included in both the State of New Jersey appropriations revenue and operating expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PROGRAMS**

#### General Information about Pension Plans

The University participates in several retirement plans covering its employees - the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS"), the Police and Firemen's Retirement System ("PFRS"), and the Alternate Benefit Program ("ABP"), which are administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the "Division"). PERS and PFRS are defined benefit pension plans, and ABP is a defined contribution pension plan. Generally, all employees, except certain part-time employees, participate in one of these plans.

The State issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS and PFRS. These reports can be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625 0295, or obtained at www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

#### Public Employees' Retirement System

PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides coverage to substantially all full-time employees and certain part-time employees of the State or public agencies who are not members of another State-administered retirement system.





June 30, 2024 and 2023

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except for health care benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. Benefits are determined by member's tier (based on date of enrollment), as defined in the PERS plan documents, member's age, years of service, and final compensation.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The current employee contribution rate is 7.5% of base salary. Employer contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate, which was 32.9% and 29.2% of annual covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The annual employer contributions include funding for basic retirement allowances and noncontributory death benefits. The State's contribution on behalf of the University ("State Contribution") to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$12,229,230 and \$7,259,688, respectively, which is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources in the statements of net position.

### Police and Firemen's Retirement System

PFRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides coverage for substantially all permanent, full-time police officers and firemen in the State.

Membership is mandatory for eligible employees. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. PFRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, including post-retirement health care benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except for health care benefits, which vest after 25 years of service and disability benefits which vest after four years of service. Benefits are determined by member's tier (based on date of enrollment), as defined in the PFRS plan documents, member's age, years of service, and final compensation.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. The current employee contribution rate is 10.0% of base salary. Employer contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate, which was 96.0% and 83.2% of annual covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The annual employer contributions include funding for basic retirement allowances and noncontributory death benefits. The State contribution to PFRS for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$746,338 and \$462,248, respectively, which is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources in the statements of net position.



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

## Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources amounts recorded to reflect the provisions of GASB 68 are reflective of the respective plan's published financial statements and actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2023 ("Measurement Date"). The University's respective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension expense related to PERS and PFRS, at and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	PERS	PFRS	Total
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (\$) 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 182,554,780 181,610,259 172,451,219 171,147,251 164,700,547 164,511,244 186,353,409 199,651,829 157,129,973	\$ 11,223,281 11,664,095 11,086,359 9,374,648 10,173,510 17,849,912 9,167,389 6,341,900 6,709,530	\$ 193,778,061 193,274,354 183,537,578 180,521,899 174,874,057 182,361,156 195,520,798 205,993,729 163,839,503
2014	129,367,998	6,515,401	135,883,399
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (%)			
2023	0.813%	0.254%	
2022	0.811%	0.270%	
2021	0.797%	0.273%	
2020	0.770%	0.218%	
2019	0.716%	0.242%	
2018	0.694%	0.412%	
2017	0.727%	0.209%	
2016	0.679%	0.135%	
2015	0.662%	0.156%	
2014	0.643%	0.183%	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,196,940	\$ 3,456,040	\$ 33,652,980
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 5,783,194	\$ 1,515,732	\$ 7,298,926
Net pension expense	\$ 11,373,840	\$ 1,706,588	\$ 13,080,428

From July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2023, the University's proportionate share of each respective plan's net pension liability at each year was based on the State contribution relative to the total contributions for that year from all participating employers.



## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The components of pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at the Measurement Date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	PERS			PFRS	 Total	
Deferred outflows of resources:  Differences between expected and actual						
experience Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual	\$	4,047,614 185,043	\$	313,376 8,421	\$ 4,360,990 193,464	
investment earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportionate share		2,792,256 8,785,022		273,385 1,524,398	3,065,641 10,309,420	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		14,387,005		1,336,460	 15,723,465	
Total	\$	30,196,940	\$	3,456,040	\$ 33,652,980	
Deferred inflows of resources: Differences between expected and actual						
experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportionate share	\$	543,345 5,239,849 -	\$	183,377 269,634 1,062,721	\$ 726,722 5,509,483 1,062,721	
Total	\$	5,783,194	\$	1,515,732	\$ 7,298,926	



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The components of pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at the Measurement Date for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	PERS PFI			PFRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources:  Differences between expected and actual						
experience Changes of assumptions	\$	2,928,395 271,372	\$	86,825 11,771	\$	3,015,220 283,143
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		4,387,281		413,262		4,800,543
Changes in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to the measurement		14,399,602		2,194,469		16,594,071
date		13,640,026		1,582,820		15,222,846
Total	\$	35,626,676	\$	4,289,147	\$	39,915,823
Deferred inflows of resources: Differences between expected and actual						
experience .	\$	956,374	\$	288,716	\$	1,245,090
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportionate share		13,295,056 919,185		560,753 688,428	_	13,855,809 1,607,613
Total	\$	15,170,615	\$	1,537,897	\$	16,708,512

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the Measurement Date of \$14,387,005 for PERS and \$1,336,460 for PFRS will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as follows:

	PERS		PFRS		Total		
Years Ending:		_	 				
2025	\$	3,730,180	\$ 173,091	\$	3,903,271		
2026		3,484,438	140,279		3,624,717		
2027		2,091,188	66,291		2,157,479		
2028		668,166	331,389		999,555		
2029		52,769	(20,671)		32,098		
2030		-	(69,026)		(69,026)		
2031			 (17,505)		(17,505)		
Contributions paid subsequent to		10,026,741	603,848		10,630,589		
Contributions paid subsequent to measurement date		14,387,005	 1,336,460		15,723,465		
	\$	24,413,746	\$ 1,940,308	\$	26,354,054		





June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The University's net pension liability at the Measurement Date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

	PERS	PFRS
Inflation rate: Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%	2.75% 3.25%
Salary increases	2.75 - 6.55% based on years of service	3.25 - 16.25% based on years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%

For PERS, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

For PFRS, employee mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021 for PERS and PFRS.



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the New Jersey Division of Investments and New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees of each plan and the plans' actuaries. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's and PFRS's target asset allocations at the Measurement Date are summarized in the following table:

	PERS and PFRS				
		Long-Term			
	Target	Expected Real			
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return			
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.98%			
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	12.75%	9.22%			
International Small Cap Equity	1.25%	9.22%			
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	11.13%			
Private Equity	13.00%	12.50%			
Real Estate	8.00%	8.58%			
Real Assets	3.00%	8.40%			
High Yield	4.50%	6.97%			
Private Credit	8.00%	9.20%			
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	5.19%			
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	3.31%			
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	3.31%			
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	6.21%			

#### **Discount Rates**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023 for both PERS and PFRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments in determining the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plans calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% for both PERS and PFRS, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Р	ERS	F	FRS				
	Rate	Rate Amount		Amount Rate		Rate Amount		Amount
1% decrease	6.00%	\$ 208,743,210	6.00%	\$ 13,098,660				
Current discount rate	7.00%	182,554,780	7.00%	11,223,281				
1% increase	8.00%	160,322,230	8.00%	9,660,923				



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

#### Alternate Benefit Program Information

ABP is a defined contribution retirement program administered by the Division for eligible full-time employees in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:18A.

ABP provides retirement and death benefits for or on behalf of the full-time professional employees and faculty members participating in this retirement program. Participation eligibility as well as contributory and noncontributory requirements are established by the State of New Jersey Retirement and Social Security Law. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits vest after the completion of one year of service. Individually owned annuity contracts that provide for full ownership of retirement and survivor benefits are purchased at the time of vesting. ABP provides the choice of seven investment carriers, all of which are privately operated defined contribution retirement plans. The University assumes no liability for ABP members other than payment of contributions.

Participating University employees are required to contribute 5% of total base salary and may contribute a voluntary additional contribution of salary up to the maximum federal statutory limit, on a pretax basis. Employer contributions are 8% of base salary up to \$175,000. During the year ended June 30, 2024, ABP employer and employee contributions were \$5,422,485 and \$3,389,053, respectively, which were based on participating employee salaries of \$67,781,063. During the year ended June 30, 2023, ABP employer and employee contributions were \$5,130,105 and \$3,206,316, respectively, which were based on participating employee salaries of \$64,126,313. Employer contributions to ABP paid by the State of New Jersey are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as State of New Jersey appropriations revenue and as expenses.

#### **NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### General Information about Postemployment Plans Other than Pensions

The University's retirees participate in the State Health Benefit State Retired Employees Plan (the "Plan").

Plan Description Including Benefits Provided - The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan, which provides medical, prescription drug, and Medicare Part B reimbursements to retirees and their covered dependents. Although the Plan is a single-employer plan, it is treated as a cost-sharing multiple employer plan for standalone reporting purposes. In accordance N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32, the State of New Jersey (the "State") is required to pay the premiums and periodic charges for OPEB of State employees who retire with 25 years or more of credited service, or on a disability pension, from one or more of the following pension plans: the PERS, the ABP or the PFRS. In addition, Chapter 302, P.L. 1996 provides that for purposes of this plan, the University's employees retain any and all rights to the health benefits in the Plan, even though the University is considered autonomous from the State; therefore, its employees are classified as State employees. As such, the State is legally obligated for the benefit payments on behalf of the retirees of the University; therefore, the Plan meets the definition of a special funding situation as defined in GASB 75.

Retirees who are not eligible for employer-paid health coverage at retirement can continue in the program by paying the cost of the insurance for themselves and their covered dependents. Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage, who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011, will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their healthcare coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 years or more of pension service credit. The percentage



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible for will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

The Plan is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the definition of a trust as per GASB 75.

#### Total OPEB Liability and OPEB expense

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the State recorded a liability of \$209,141,386 and \$203,615,065, respectively, which represents the portion of the State's total proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability that is associated with the University (the "University's share"). The University's share was based on the ratio of its members to the total members of the Plan. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University's share was 3.779287% and 3.660662% of the special funding situation, respectively, and 0.996312% and 0.974814% of the Plan, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University recognized OPEB benefit of (\$8,368,332) and (\$5,901,822), respectively. As the State is legally obligated for benefit payments on behalf of the University, the University recognized expense related to the support provided by the State of (\$8,368,332) and (\$5,901,822), respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - the State's liability associated with the University at June 30, 2024 and 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, which was rolled forward to the measurement dates of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Discount rate 3.65% - June 30, 2023 3.54% - June 30, 2022

Salary increases 2.75% - 16.25%

The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Salary increases depend on the pension plan a member is enrolled in. In addition, they are based on age or years of service.

#### June 30, 2023 Measurement Period

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS/JRS), and "Safety" (PFRS/SPRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Future disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS/SPRS), "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), and "General" (PERS/JRS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State of New Jersey's defined benefit pension plans, including PERS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021), ABP (using the experience of the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund - July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021), and PFRS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021).





June 30, 2024 and 2023

Health Care Trend Assumptions - For pre-65 medical benefits, the trend is initially 6.50% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after eight years. For post-65 medical benefits (PPO and HMO), the actual fully insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2024 is reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 7.50% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.93% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For HMO the trend is initially 7.89% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 17.83% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, fiscal years 2024 and 2025 are separate for pre-65, post-65 and EGWP with initial rates of 14.00%, 9.50% and 14.28%, respectively. Starting in fiscal year 2026, each category is 7.50% and decreases to a 4.50% long-term trend rate after four years.

#### June 30, 2022 Measurement Period

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), "General" (PERS/JRS), and "Safety" (SPRS/PFRS) classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 "General" classification headcount-weighted mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Future disability mortality was based on the Pub-2010 "Safety" (PFRS/SPRS), "Teachers" (TPAF/ABP), and "General" (PERS/JRS) classification headcount-weighted disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021. Current disabled mortality table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies of the State of New Jersey's defined benefit pension plans, including PERS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021), ABP (using the experience of the Teacher's Pension and Annuity Fund - July 1 2018 through June 30, 2021), and PFRS (July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021).

Health Care Trend Assumptions - For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is initially 6.25% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2023 through 2024 are reflected. For PPO the trend is initially 6.36% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 14.35% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.5% after eight years. For HMO the trend is initially 6.53% in fiscal year 2025, increasing to 15.47% in fiscal year 2026 and decreasing to 4.5% after eight years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

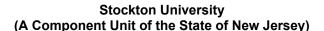
#### NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds payable and other long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

	Interest Rate	2024	2023
Bonds payable: New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority bonds Series 2016A Unamortized premium, net	3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 177,860,000 23,105,668	\$ 184,640,000 24,464,825
Total		200,965,668	209,104,825
Less: current portion		(9,424,157)	(8,139,157)
Bonds payable, noncurrent portion		\$ 191,541,511	\$ 200,965,668
Other long-term debt: Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund Series 2015E Series 2020A Dam Restoration Loan Atlantic County Improvement Authority Stockton University AC Campus (Phase 1) Atlantic County Improvement Authority Stockton University AC Campus (Phase 2) Casino Reinvestment Development Authority Loan Total	3.00 - 5.25% 5.00% 2.83% 2.14% 2.00% 4.21% 4.00 - 5.00% 3.00%	\$ 13,292,027 846,119 7,334,434 5,180,000 72,977 77,375,000 53,975,000 10,275,500 168,351,057	\$ 8,140,432 8,930,198 5,375,000 96,351 77,925,000 54,550,000 10,275,500 165,292,481
Unamortized premium, net		489,485	260,892
Total		168,840,542	165,553,373
Less: current portion		(3,955,282)	(2,938,801)
Other long-term debt, noncurrent portion		\$ 164,885,260	\$ 162,614,572

#### Bonds Payable

The University issued the Series 2016A Bonds on July 13, 2016, consisting of \$176,095,000 Serial Bonds and \$26,350,000 5.00% Term Bonds. The Serial Bonds bear interest at rates between 3.00%-5.00%, with the average being 4.71%. They are due annually each July 1 through 2037. The \$26,350,000 Term Bonds are due July 1, 2041. The Series 2016A Bonds were issued to finance the refunding of the outstanding Series 2006F Bonds, the advance refunding of the outstanding Series 2007G Bonds and outstanding Series 2008A Bonds, and the renovation, acquisition, installation and construction of certain capital improvements to the University's facilities. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$177,860,000 and \$184,640,000, respectively. The financing included a premium of \$33,978,925, which is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bonds. The unamortized premium on bonds payable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$23,105,668 and \$24,464,825, respectively.





June 30, 2024 and 2023

The Bond Series 2016A refunded Bond Series 2006F, 2007G and 2008A. \$210,219,046 was placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments. As a result, the refunded Series Bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability has been removed from the statements of net position. This transaction resulted in a loss on advance refunding which is presented as a deferred outflow and is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the defeased Series Bonds.

#### Other Long-Term Debt

#### Galloway Campus

During 2003, the University entered into a lease agreement with the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (the "Authority"), along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2002A Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund. The University was allocated \$17,204,000 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for academic campus exterior repairs, HVAC improvements, gallery safety rails, Housing II roof replacement, and F-Wing extension and renovation design. The terms of the agreement required one-third of the total allocation, or \$5,734,667, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2002A Bonds and related program expenses through 2022.

During 2004, the University entered into a lease agreement with the Authority, along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2004A Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund. The University was allocated \$3,848,250 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for Housing I exterior and Housing I HVAC. The terms of the agreement required one-third of the total allocation, or \$1,282,750, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2004A Bonds and related program expenses through 2024.

The 2002A and 2004A bonds were partially refunded by the 2005A and 2006A bonds. The 2004A bonds were also partially advance refunded by the 2014C bonds. In 2016, the Authority refunded the 2005A and 2006A with the 2016A bonds with a final maturity of September 1, 2024. The outstanding balance on the 2016A bonds as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$68,387 and \$146,868, respectively, which is included in the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund balance.

During 2014, the University entered into a lease agreement with the Authority, along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2014A Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund. The University was allocated \$10,600,000 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for the Arts and Science Renovations and an Energy Management Project. The terms of the agreement require one-third of the total allocation, or \$3,287,691, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2014A Bonds through 2034. The financing included a premium of \$245,288 which is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$2,091,476 and \$2,251,312, respectively, which is included in the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund balance.

During 2017, the University entered into a lease agreement with the Authority, along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2016B Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund. The University was allocated \$22,000,000 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for the Atlantic City academic building. The terms of the agreement require one-third of the total allocation, or \$7,332,600, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2016B Bonds and related program



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

expenses through 2036. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,446,826 and \$5,742,252, respectively, which is included in Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund balance.

In October 2023, the University entered into a lease agreement with the Authority, along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2023A Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund. The University was allocated \$17,723,697 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for the Library Learning Commons Project. The terms of the agreement require one-third of the total allocation, or \$5,907,899, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2023A Bonds through 2054. The financing included a premium of \$222,561 which is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,685,338 and \$0, respectively, which is included in Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund balance.

In October 2023, the University entered into a lease agreement with the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (the "Authority"), along with other colleges and universities. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority issued Series 2023A Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Higher Education Equipment Leasing Fund. The University was allocated \$3,611,570 of the total proceeds of the bond issue to be used for the Library Learning Commons Equipment and Academic Classroom Technology Innovation Project. The terms of the agreement require one-quarter of the total allocation, or \$902,893, to be repaid in annual rental payments equal to the University's allocable share of the Series 2023A Bonds through 2034. The financing included a premium of \$56,774 which is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$846,119 and \$0, respectively.

On June 12, 2015, the University issued \$18,830,826 of Tax-Exempt Series 2015E Revenue Refunding Bonds issued through the Authority. The 2015E issuance was issued as a direct loan with a fixed interest rate of 2.83% and a final maturity of July 1, 2028. The proceeds of the 2015E Bonds were used to refund Series 2005F Bonds originally issued October 27, 2005 including issuance costs of \$123,222. This transaction resulted in a gain on refunding which is a deferred inflow and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the 2015E Series Bonds. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$7,334,434 and \$8,930,198, respectively.

On February 12, 2020, the University issued \$5,935,000 of Tax-Exempt Series 2020A Revenue Refunding Bonds issued through the Authority. The 2020A issuance was issued as a direct loan with a fixed interest rate of 2.14% and a final maturity of February 1, 2035. The transaction structure is a direct placement with T.D. Bank, N.A. Proceeds from this transaction financed the University's acquisition of a 42-room residence facility located approximately two miles from the University's main campus in Galloway Township. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,180,000 and \$5,375,000, respectively.

During 2005, the University entered into a \$405,000 loan agreement with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection. Repayment began in 2008 with payments due semiannually through 2027 and bearing an interest rate of 2.00%. The loan was issued to finance the costs of rehabilitating the University's "Lake Fred" dam. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$72,977 and \$96,351, respectively.

## Atlantic City Campus

On September 22, 2016, the Atlantic County Improvement Authority ("ACIA") issued \$78,980,000 of its Revenue Notes, Series 2016A. The proceeds of the notes were loaned by ACIA to Island Campus Redevelopment Urban Renewal Associates LLC (the "Landlord"), whose sole and managing member is the Atlantic City Development Corporation ("ACDevco"), pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated September 30, 2016 to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction in connection with the establishment of the University's new Atlantic City campus. The Landlord is leasing the property



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

to the University pursuant to the Master Lease Agreement dated September 30, 2016. At the end of the term, title to the property will be transferred to the University upon payment of the outstanding amounts due on the ACIA's notes and on ACDevco's equity contribution. Leasehold improvements capitalized under this agreement totaled \$81,080,000 with the related accumulated depreciation of \$15,990,778 and \$13,288,111 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The University is the guarantor, and obligor under this financed purchase agreement, for the Atlantic County Improvement Authority's issuance on September 22, 2016, General Obligation Lease Revenue Series 2016A Bonds consisting of \$26,950,000 Serial Bonds and \$18,905,000 3.25% Term Bonds, \$22,650,000 4.00% Term Bonds, and \$10,475,000 5.00% Term Bonds. The Serial Bonds bear interest at rates between 2.125-5.00%, with the average being 4.40%. They are due annually each July 1 through 2036. The Term Bonds fully mature July 1, 2048. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$77,375,000 and \$77,925,000, respectively.

In September 2018, the University utilized \$2,180,246 of the bond funds towards the Atlantic City Academic project which is recorded as a deferred inflow of financial resources. This deferred inflow is amortized and recognized as a component of interest expense over the lease term. The balance of the deferred inflow was \$1,744,128 and \$1,816,800 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

On May 4, 2021, the ACIA issued \$54,550,000 of its Revenue Notes, Series 2021A. The proceeds of the notes were loaned by ACIA to Atlantic City University Housing Associates LLC (the "Landlord"), whose sole and managing member is ACDevco, pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated May 1, 2021 to finance the costs of the development and construction of an approximately 135,000 square foot building that will provide additional student housing for students of the University as part of the expansion of the University's campus in Atlantic City. The Landlord is leasing the Property to the University pursuant to the Master Lease Agreement dated May 13, 2021. At the end of the term, title to the property will be transferred to the University upon payment of outstanding amounts due on the ACIA's notes. Leasehold improvements capitalized under this agreement totaled \$64,825,000 with related accumulated depreciation of \$2,160,850 and \$0 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The University is the guarantor, and obligor under this financed purchase agreement, for the Atlantic County Improvement Authority's issuance on May 4, 2021, General Obligation Lease Revenue Series 2021A Bonds consisting of \$23,225,000 Serial Bonds, \$13,830,000 4.00% Term Bonds, and \$17,495,000 4.00% Term Bonds. The Serial Bonds bear interest at rates between 4.00-5.00%, with the average being 4.66%. They are due annually each July 1 through 2041. The Term Bonds fully mature July 1, 2047 and July 1, 2053, respectively. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$53,975,000 and \$54,550,000, respectively.

The University is the guarantor and obligor of a \$10,275,500 loan by and between the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority and Atlantic City University Housing Associates LLC, whose sole and managing member is ACDevco. The loan agreement is dated May 13, 2021. Repayment begins July 1, 2028 bearing an interest rate of 3.00%. Payments are due semiannually each July 1 and January 1 through 2053. The loan was issued to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction of an approximately 135,000 square foot building that will provide additional student housing for students of the University as part of the expansion of the University's campus in Atlantic City. The outstanding balance as of both June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$10,275,500.

The total unamortized premium on other long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$489,485 and \$260,892, respectively.



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

### Payments Due on Bonds Payable and Other Long-Term Debt

Payments due on bonds payable and other long-term debt excluding net unamortized premiums, and deferred gains and losses totaling \$17,443,704 subsequent to June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 11,986,754	\$ 14,854,870	\$ 26,841,624
2026	12,621,641	14,320,928	26,942,569
2027	13,358,153	13,756,940	27,115,093
2028	14,096,674	13,161,061	27,257,735
2029	13,335,054	12,718,680	26,053,734
2030 – 2034	83,920,120	53,093,753	137,013,873
2035 – 2039	93,564,910	32,127,464	125,692,374
2040 – 2044	50,737,885	16,671,250	67,409,135
2045 – 2055	52,589,866	9,190,605	61,780,471
Total	\$ 346,211,057	\$ 179,895,551	\$ 526,106,608

### **NOTE 9 - LINE OF CREDIT**

The University has available a \$50,000,000 revolving priority credit line with Wells Fargo Advisors which has no expiration and had no outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. Interest is payable monthly at a rate of 6.49% of the priority credit line outstanding, if any. The credit line is available for all purposes, with the exception of the purchase of additional securities, is fully collateralized by the investments of the University, and is due on demand. Interest expense was \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Activity in long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	Current Portion	
Compensated absences	\$ 4,731,592	\$ 4,738,248	\$ (4,079,060)	\$ 5,390,780	\$ 4,754,744	
Net pension liability	193,274,354	503,707	-	193,778,061	-	
U.S. government						
grants refundable	1,119,332	-	(194,927)	924,405	-	
Leases payable	629,788	4,503,983	(1,154,949)	3,978,822	1,203,008	
Subscriptions payable	3,516,897	4,347,620	(3,624,407)	4,240,110	2,023,357	
Bonds payable, net	209,104,825	-	(8,139,157)	200,965,668	9,424,157	
Other long-term debt,			,			
net	165,553,373	6,810,792	(3,523,623)	168,840,542	3,955,282	
Total	\$ 577,930,161	\$ 20,904,350	\$ (20,716,123)	\$ 578,118,388	\$ 21,360,548	



## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### June 30, 2024 and 2023

	July 1, 2022	Additions		Current Additions Reductions		June 30, 2023		Current Portion	
Compensated		 							
absences	\$ 4,720,206	\$ 4,031,452	\$	(4,020,066)	\$	4,731,592	\$	4,079,060	
Net pension liability	183,537,578	9,736,776		-		193,274,354		-	
U.S. government									
grants refundable	1,408,552	-		(289,220)		1,119,332		-	
Leases payable	2,244,603	248,608		(1,863,423)		629,788		305,350	
Subscriptions payable	2,997,060	3,254,376		(2,734,539)		3,516,897		2,168,239	
Bonds payable, net	216,763,982	-		(7,659,157)		209,104,825		8,139,157	
Other long-term debt,				, , ,					
net	169,647,530	-		(4,094,157)		165,553,373		2,938,801	
				<u> </u>				<del>.</del>	
Total	\$ 581,319,511	\$ 17,271,212	\$	(20,660,562)	\$	577,930,161	\$	17,630,607	

### **NOTE 11 - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS**

The following displays condensed combining information, which is presented in total in the accompanying statements of net position for the University's discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024						
		Foundation	NARTP		Total		
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	978,781	\$	-	\$	978,781	
Other receivables		989,018		-		989,018	
Investments		2,717,096		-		2,717,096	
Other current assets		71,250		-		71,250	
Noncurrent assets:							
Investments		57,247,071		-		57,247,071	
Other receivables		5,618,708		-		5,618,708	
Total assets	\$	67,621,924	\$	-	\$	67,621,924	
, otal doocle		<u> </u>					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	66,086	\$	_	\$	66,086	
Due to University	*	44,864	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	44,864	
Bue to University		,				,	
Total liabilities	\$	110,950	\$	_	\$	110,950	
rotal liabilities	<u> </u>	1.10,000	Ť		<u> </u>	,	
Net position:							
Restricted - nonexpendable	\$	35,408,371	\$	_	\$	35,408,371	
Restricted - expendable	Ψ	28,350,973	Ψ	_	Ψ	28,350,973	
Unrestricted		3,751,630		_		3,751,630	
Onesuicled		5,7 5 1,550				3,701,000	
Total not position	\$	67,510,974	\$	_	\$	67,510,974	
Total net position	Ψ	07,010,074	Ψ		Ψ	07,010,074	



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

## June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2023						
		Foundation	n NARTP			Total	
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	326,692	\$	693,110	\$	1,019,802	
Other receivables		845,167		2,913		848,080	
Investments		2,490,099		-		2,490,099	
Other current assets		42,121		28,164		70,285	
Noncurrent assets:							
Investments		50,684,936		-		50,684,936	
Other receivables		6,268,188		-		6,268,188	
Capital assets, net		-		101,235		101,235	
Total assets	\$	60,657,203	\$	825,422	\$	61,482,625	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	30,101	\$	748,480	\$	778,581	
Due to University		1,636		367,521		369,157	
Long-term liabilities to University		-		3,325,467		3,325,467	
,							
Total liabilities	\$	31,737	\$	4,441,468	\$	4,473,205	
Net position:							
Restricted - nonexpendable	\$	34,346,194	\$	_	\$	34,346,194	
Restricted - expendable		22,795,734		-		22,795,734	
Unrestricted		3,483,538		(3,616,046)		(132,508)	
Total net position	\$	60,625,466	\$	(3,616,046)	\$	57,009,420	



## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following displays condensed combining information, which is presented in total in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the University's discretely presented component units for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	F	oundation	NARTP		Total
Operating revenues: Other	\$	334,611	\$ -	\$	334,611
In-kind contributions		1,323,749	 -		1,323,749
Total operating revenues		1,658,360	-		1,658,360
Operating expenses:					
Institutional support		1,499,425	-		1,499,425
Student aid		1,379,265	-		1,379,265
In-kind expense		1,323,749	 		1,323,749
Total operating expenses		4,202,439	 -		4,202,439
Operating loss		(2,544,079)	-		(2,544,079)
Non-operating revenues:					
Gifts and contributions		1,738,593	_		1,738,593
Investment income		6,628,817	-		6,628,817
		8,367,410	-		8,367,410
Other revenues:					
Additions to permanent endowments		1,062,177	 -		1,062,177
Change in net position		6,885,508	-		6,885,508
Net position - beginning of year		60,625,466	 -		60,625,466
Net position - end of year	\$	67,510,974	\$ _	\$	67,510,974



## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2023							
	Foundation	NARTP	Total					
Operating revenues: Grants	\$ -	\$ 694,464	\$ 694,464					
Other	240,713	-	240,713					
In-kind contributions	1,066,953	67,658	1,134,611					
Total operating revenues	1,307,666	762,122	2,069,788					
Operating expenses:								
Institutional support	1,715,364	770,164	2,485,528					
Student aid	1,398,752	-	1,398,752					
In-kind expense	1,066,953	67,658	1,134,611					
Total operating expenses	4,181,069	837,822	5,018,891					
Operating loss	(2,873,403)	(75,700)	(2,949,103)					
Non-operating revenues:								
Gifts and contributions	1,363,121	-	1,363,121					
Investment income	4,635,950		4,635,950					
	5,999,071	-	5,999,071					
Other revenues:								
Additions to permanent endowments	2,730,894	<u>-</u>	2,730,894					
Change in net position	5,856,562	(75,700)	5,780,862					
Net position - beginning of year	54,768,904	(3,540,346)	51,228,558					
Net position - end of year	\$ 60,625,466	\$ (3,616,046)	\$ 57,009,420					

The following amounts are presented in the statements of net position of the respective entities as due to the University as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024							
	Foundation NARTP				Total			
Due to the University: Institutional support Services provided	\$	18,373 26,491	\$	- -	\$	18,373 26,491		
Total due to the University	\$	44,864	\$	_	\$	44,864		



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2023							
	Foundation NARTP				Total			
Due to the University: Interest on loan Services provided	\$	- 1,636	\$	367,521 -	\$	367,521 1,636		
Total due to the University	\$	1,636	\$	367,521	\$	369,157		

The Foundation provided support of \$2,360,609 and \$2,595,830 to the University for scholarships, academic, faculty, and facilities support for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The University provided in-kind finance and administrative services to the Foundation of \$1,284,249 and \$1,027,753 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

As of June 30, 2023, a note receivable in the amount of \$1,441,700 was reflected in the financial statements of the University relating to a line of credit issued to NARTP. The University's Board of Trustees approved and authorized the forgiveness of the outstanding principal balance of \$1,441,700 and accrued and unpaid interest in the amount of \$378,022 on its loan to NARTP effective September 30, 2023. In addition, the University's Board of Trustees approved the assignment to NARTP of all the University's interest in and to the aviation and research technology park pursuant to a General Assignment, and the transfer to NARTP of all accounts and assets of NARTP that were held or maintained by the University.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### Compensated Absences

The University recorded a liability for compensated absences in the amount of \$5,390,780 and \$4,731,592 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The liability is calculated based upon employees' accrued vacation leave as of year-end, as well as an estimated vested amount for accrued sick leave.

Payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payment is based on 50% of the employee's sick leave accumulation, at the pay rate in effect at the time of retirement up to a maximum of \$15,000. Employees separating from University service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances.

#### Litigation

The University is a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not possible, at this time, to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial statements.

#### **Grants**

The University receives support from federal government and State of New Jersey grant programs, primarily student financial assistance. Entitlement to these resources requires compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for allowable purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the respective sponsors. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the University believes that adjustments, if any, as a result of such audits would not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial statements.





June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### **Construction Contracts**

The University has outstanding construction commitments in the amount of \$983,007 as of June 30, 2024. These commitments are primarily related to projects on the Galloway campus. It is expected that \$870,347 will be allocated from the Higher Education Capital Improvement funds and \$112,660 will be allocated from unrestricted resources.

### Power Purchase Agreements

The University entered into various agreements with Stockton Blue Sky Power, LLC ("Blue Sky") related to the construction of a solar power plant at the University. Blue Sky owns and operates the solar power plant, and the University leases the space on campus where the solar power plant is located. The University agreed to purchase all of the energy produced by the solar power plant for a 15-year period at a fixed rate of \$0.03 per kWh, expiring on May 25, 2026.

The University entered into various agreements with Marina Energy LLC related to solar energy conversion services. The University agreed to purchase all of the solar energy produced for a 10-year period at the rate of \$0.09 per kWh with an increase of 2% per year after the first year. The latest agreement expires on October 21, 2029.

#### **NOTE 13 - LEASES & SUBSCRIPTIONS**

The University is a lessee for non-cancellable leases of building and equipment assets. A lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset with initial, individual undiscounted payments of the term of the lease value of \$5,000 or more is recognized. At the commencement of a lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The intangible right-to-use asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the intangible right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The University uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The borrowing rate varies from 0.9% to 5.57% depending on the length of the lease as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The tables below represent the schedule of maturity for current lessee and lessor arrangements as of June 30, 2024:

#### Lessee Maturity Schedule

Years Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$	1,203,008 1,030,519 886,350 852,831 6,114	\$	180,398 135,833 84,407 40,533 40	\$	1,383,406 1,166,352 970,757 893,364 6,154	
Total	\$	3,978,822	\$	441,211	\$	4,420,033	



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### Lessor Maturity Schedule

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total		
2025	\$	216,620	\$ 42,980	\$	259,600		
2026 2027		221,227 225.793	35,207 27,705		256,434 253,498		
2028		240,992	19,822		260,814		
2029		70,076	12,929		83,005		
2030-2034 2035-2039		78,069 16.486	50,070 46.096		128,139 62,582		
2040-2044		19,950	42,632		62,582		
2045-2049		24,122	38,460		62,582		
2050-2071		182,794	 92,567		275,361		
Total	\$	1,296,129	\$ 408,468	\$	1,704,597		

The University is a subscriber for non-cancellable contracts of another party's information technology ("IT"). A subscription liability and an intangible asset with initial, individual undiscounted payments of the term of the lease value of \$5,000 or more is recognized. At the commencement of a contract, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the intangible asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The University uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions. The borrowing rate varies from 0.9% to 6.03% depending on the length of the subscription as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The table below represents the schedule of maturity for current subscription contracts as of June 30, 2024:

#### Subscription Maturity Schedule

Years Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 2,023,357	\$ 212,218	\$	2,235,575	
2026	1,089,236	114,548		1,203,784	
2027	663,653	57,462		721,115	
2028	 463,864	 24,818		488,682	
Total	\$ 4,240,110	\$ 409,046	\$	4,649,156	



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability\* - Unaudited

June 30, 2024

## Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date,	the Net Pen	Proportion of sion Liability	Stockton's Covered	Stockton's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
June 30,)	%	\$	Employee Payroll	Employee Payroll	Liability
2024 (2023)	0.813%	182,554,780	38,568,178	473.33%	24.86%
2023 (2022)	0.811%	181,610,259	39,012,201	465.52%	23.19%
2022 (2021)	0.797%	172,451,219	36,943,055	466.80%	25.29%
2021 (2020)	0.770%	171,147,251	36,120,696	473.82%	21.39%
2020 (2019)	0.716%	164,700,547	37,652,697	437.42%	22.03%
2019 (2018)	0.694%	164,511,244	35,096,517	468.74%	22.11%
2018 (2017)	0.727%	186,353,409	31,211,750	597.06%	21.18%
2017 (2016)	0.679%	199,651,829	30,386,266	657.05%	19.02%
2016 (2015)	0.662%	157,129,973	30,400,613	516.86%	24.96%
2015 (2014)	0.643%	129,367,998	29,636,603	436.51%	30.06%

## Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement	Stockton's Prop Pension		Stockton's Covered	Stockton's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	
Date, June 30,)	%	\$	Employee Payroll	Employee Payroll	Liability	
2024 (2023)	0.254%	11,223,281	940,292	1,193.60%	28.93%	
2023 (2022)	0.270%	11,664,095	1,105,986	1,054.63%	27.20%	
2022 (2021)	0.273%	11,086,359	1,120,640	989.29%	29.72%	
2021 (2020)	0.218%	9,374,648	1,237,912	757.30%	24.81%	
2020 (2019)	0.242%	10,173,510	1,430,366	711.25%	26.06%	
2019 (2018)	0.412%	17,849,912	1,244,287	1,434.55%	25.84%	
2018 (2017)	0.209%	9,167,389	1,101,089	832.57%	25.99%	
2017 (2016)	0.135%	6.341.900	965.938	656.55%	24.70%	
2016 (2015)	0.156%	6,709,530	885,871	757.39%	29.07%	
2015 (2014)	0.183%	6,515,401	723,945	899.99%	34.70%	

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are intended to show information for 10 years.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedules of Employer Contributions\* - Unaudited

June 30, 2024

## Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
(1)	Contractually required contribution	\$14,387,005	\$13,640,026	\$13,565,938	\$ 9,288,136	\$ 6,907,920	\$ 5,637,853	\$ 4,389,336	\$ 4,994,131	\$ 2,184,725	\$ 1,022,366	
(2)	Contributions in relation to the contractually determined contribution	\$14,387,005	\$13,640,026	\$13,565,938	\$ 9,288,136	\$ 6,907,920	\$ 5,637,853	\$ 4,389,336	\$ 4,994,131	\$ 2,184,725	\$ 1,022,366	
(3)	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
(4)	Covered-employee payroll	\$38,568,178	\$39,012,201	\$36,943,055	\$36,120,696	\$37,652,697	\$35,096,517	\$31,211,750	\$30,386,266	\$30,400,613	\$29,636,603	
(5)	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	37.30%	34.96%	36.72%	25.71%	18.35%	16.06%	14.06%	16.44%	7.19%	3.45%	
Ро	Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)											
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
(1)	Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,336,460	\$ 1,582,820	\$ 1,728,896	\$ 1,212,917	\$ 828,521	\$ 780,005	\$ 563,191	\$ 602,447	\$ 185,988	\$ 218,158	
(2)	Contributions in relation to the contractually determined											
(0)	contribution	\$ 1,336,460	\$ 1,582,820	\$ 1,728,896	\$ 1,212,917	\$ 828,521	\$ 780,005	\$ 563,191	\$ 602,447	\$ 185,988	\$ 218,158	
(3)	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
(4)	Covered employee payroll	\$ 940,292	\$ 1,105,986	\$ 1,120,640	\$ 1,237,912	\$ 1,430,366	\$ 1,244,287	\$ 1,101,089	\$ 965,938	\$ 885,871	\$ 723,945	
(5)	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	142.13%	143.11%	154.28%	97.98%	57.92%	62.69%	51.15%	62.37%	20.99%	30.13%	

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are intended to show information for 10 years.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedules of Proportionate Share of Other Postemployment Benefits Liability\* - Unaudited

## June 30, 2024

		2024	 2023	_	2022		2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018
University's proportion of the total OPEB liability University's proportionate		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
share of the total OPEB liability State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability attributable to the University	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	_	209,141,386	 203,615,065	_	246,821,258	28	32,719,809	_	178,379,517	_	224,108,076		252,260,777
Total OPEB liability	\$	209,141,386	\$ 203,615,065	\$	246,821,258	\$ 28	32,719,809	\$	178,379,517	\$	224,108,076	\$ 2	252,260,777
University's covered-employee payroll	\$	92,750,825	\$ 90,343,879	\$	87,731,706	\$ 9	90,767,840	\$	89,890,453	\$	86,832,800	\$	70,831,270
University's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.