# THE TRUSTEES of INDIANA UNIVERSITY ("INDIANA UNIVERSITY") Annual Financial Information Disclosure Document December 17, 2024

This filing relates to the following bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2024 for the issues occurring in the month and year specified:

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series W-1 & W-2: January 2015

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series X: August 2016
Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Y: October 2018
Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Z-1 & Z-2: June 2020

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A: April 2015 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A: April 2016

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A & 2020B: March 2020

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A: June 2024

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2013A: March 2013

Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2015A: May 2015 Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2017A: March 2017

Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2020A & 2020B: March 2020

Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2018A: May 2018 Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2021A: April 2021 Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2023A: May 2023

Exhibit A – Audited Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Exhibit B – Certificate RE: Audited Financial Statements

Exhibit C – Certificate RE: Annual Financial Information Disclosure

Schedule I to Exhibits B and C

In accordance with the First Supplement to Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated as of June 1, 2024, supplementing the Second Amended and Restated Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2020, of The Trustees of Indiana University (the "University"), certain tables and related information historically set forth under the headings "Information from Financial Report," "Risk Management," "Retirement Plans," and "Postemployment Benefits" in prior continuing disclosure filings of the Appendix A component of the Annual Information and also in the University's Audited Financial Statements will henceforth be set forth only in the University's Audited Financial Statements. Certain information was removed that is no longer applicable, not readily obtainable, or circumstances have reduced the relevance of the information, including: "Administrative Officers of the University – President Emeriti," "Facilities/Services – Library Facilities," and "Student Quality – Undergraduate Beginner Average SAT Scores."

### INDIANA UNIVERSITY

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### INDIANA UNIVERSITY

#### Overview

Indiana University (the "University" or "IU") is a major public research institution and one of the largest universities in the nation. It was established by the Indiana General Assembly (the "General Assembly") in 1820 as Indiana Seminary located in Bloomington. It was designated as Indiana College by the General Assembly in 1828 and became Indiana University in 1838. The University has core campuses in Bloomington and Indianapolis (formerly known as Indiana University Purdue University, "IUPUI"). On July 1, 2024, all academic programs including the Luddy School of Informatics, Computing and Engineering (which offered new programs beginning in 2023, such as applied computer science) transitioned to IU Indianapolis with the exception of the Purdue School of Engineering and Technology and Computer Science within the School of Science, which will become part of Purdue University in Indianapolis. The Musical Arts and Technology Program in the Purdue School of Engineering and Technology transitioned to the IU Herron School of Art and Design. This is referred to as the Indiana University Indianapolis-Purdue realignment herein. IU Columbus (formerly Indiana University Purdue University Columbus), and IU Fort Wayne are extensions of IU's Indianapolis campus. Regional campuses serving other areas of Indiana are located in Gary ("Northwest"), Kokomo, New Albany ("Southeast"), Richmond ("East"), and South Bend (collectively, "Regionals"). Indiana University offers 189 online academic programs and majors marketed through the IU Online brand.

As of June 30, 2024, the various campuses of the University covered a total of 3,751 acres. The Bloomington campus is the oldest and largest campus of the University, occupying 2,002 acres, and is the primary residential campus. IU Indianapolis is the home of the Indiana University School of Medicine, the School of Dentistry, and the School of Nursing. IU's Global Gateway Network consists of the following gateways: ASEAN (Bangkok), China (Beijing), Europe (Berlin), Ghana (Accra), Mexico (Mexico City), and India (New Delhi). They support international engagement for faculty, students, alumni and staff aiming to create new opportunities for research, partnerships, conferences, workshops, study abroad, and internships.

United by an aspirational vision for IU's third century, IU 2030: The Indiana University Strategic Plan ("IU 2030") outlines an ambitious and shared path, reaffirming the university's rightful place within the highest tier of American public higher education. Its three foundational pillars include commitments to:

- Affordability and a student experience that equips graduates for resounding success in the workplace and beyond.
- The pursuit of discovery, creativity, and innovation that improves communities and changes lives.
- Engagement, partnership, and collaboration that strengthens the vitality of Indiana, the nation, and the world.

### **Forward-looking Statements**

Certain information within this document, including in particular, that titled "Student Enrollment," "Tuition and Fees - Student Budget," "Operating Budget and Related Procedures," and "State Appropriations to the University" contains "forward-looking statements" based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about and assumptions made by the University. These forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terms such as "may," "will," "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," "projects," "targets," "forecasts," and "seeks" or the negatives of such terms or other variations on such terms or comparable terminology. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially. These risks and uncertainties include demographic changes, demand for higher education services and other services of the University, competition with other higher education institutions and general domestic and international economic conditions including those of the State. Additionally, "Financial Operations of the University," and "Physical Plant" are from current and/or prior audited IU financial reports. The "Indiana University Foundation - Indiana University Foundation Financial Summary" is from the Indiana University Foundation or the current and/or prior audited financial reports of the Indiana University Foundation"). "Sources of Payment for Indebtedness" is from official statements for

consolidated revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or lease purchase obligations or offering memorandum or its supplement for commercial paper.

### **Accreditations and Memberships**

At Indiana University, each campus is fully accredited by the Higher Learning Commission. All programs of study are fully accredited by the appropriate accrediting agencies. The University has been a member of the Association of American Universities since 1909.

### Academic Colleges, Schools & Divisions of the University

The University offers courses in the colleges, schools, and divisions listed below. Many courses are available in online and hybrid formats. Additional programs include military science, professional practice, and special summer session programs. IU is home to renowned business and music schools, the world's first school of philanthropy, the nation's first school of informatics, which is in Bloomington and Indianapolis, and the largest medical school.

### University Schools, Colleges and Divisions 1

Bloomington

Advising and Major Exploration Services

College of Arts and Sciences

Eskenazi School of Art, Architecture + Design

Hamilton Lugar School of Global and

International Studies The Media School

Hutton Honors College

Jacobs School of Music

Kelley School of Business

Luddy School of Informatics, Computing, and

Engineering

Maurer School of Law

Paul H. O'Neill School of Public and

Environmental Affairs School of Education

School of Medicine - Bloomington

School of Nursing School of Optometry

School of Public Health - Bloomington

School of Social Work

University Graduate School Bloomington

Indianapolis

Herron School of Art + Design

Honors College IU Fort Wayne

Richard M. Fairbanks School of Public Health

School of Dentistry

School of Health and Human Sciences School of Medicine – Fort Wayne

School of Nursing School of Social Work

IU Columbus

Division of Business Division of Education Division of Health Sciences Division of Liberal Arts Division of Science

Honors Program University College Kelley School of Business

Lilly Family School of Philanthropy

Luddy School of Informatics, Computing, and

Engineering

Paul H. O'Neill School of Public and

Environmental Affairs

Richard M. Fairbanks School of Public Health

Robert H. McKinney School of Law

School of Dentistry School of Education

School of Health and Human Sciences

**Indianapolis continued** 

School of Liberal Arts

School of Medicine – Indianapolis <sup>2</sup>

School of Nursing School of Science <sup>2</sup> School of Social Work University College

University Graduate School Indianapolis

East

School of Business and Economics School of Humanities and Social Sciences School of Natural Science and Mathematics School of Nursing and Health Sciences

School of Social Work Division of Education

**Kokomo** 

School of Business School of Education

School of Humanities and Social Sciences School of Nursing and Allied Health Professions

School of Sciences

Northwest

College of Arts and Sciences School of the Arts

College of Health and Human Services

School of Medicine - Gary

School of Nursing

School of Public and Environmental Affairs

School of Social Work School of Business and Economics

School of Education

South Bend

College of Arts and Sciences

Ernestine M. Raclin School of the Arts School of Humanities and Social Sciences

School of Natural Sciences College of Professional Studies

> Vera Z. Dwyer School of Health Sciences Judd Leighton School of Business and

Economics
School of Education
School of Social Work
School of Medicine – South Bend

**Southeast** 

School of Arts and Letters School of Business School of Education School of Natural Sciences School of Nursing School of Social Sciences

<sup>1</sup> The Indiana University School of Medicine also operates in Evansville, Muncie, Terre Haute and West Lafayette.

<sup>2</sup> Starting in the fall of 2024, the new Bachelor's to MD ("medical doctor") program provides a direct path to admission to the IU School of Medicine for qualified beginning freshmen who are admitted to the School of Science. Students within the program will be supplied a foundation for medical education through special curriculum, academic advising, mentoring, MCAT preparation, and clinical or research experience.

### **Authorized Degree Programs and Degrees Conferred**

For the 2023-2024 academic year, 1,515 Indiana University degree and certificate programs, including some offered through online education, were authorized and implemented on the University's campuses. Four-year programs leading to baccalaureate degrees account for 527 programs. Advanced degrees (doctoral and professional) and master's degrees account for 552 programs. Associate degrees account for 17 programs. Certificates account for 419 programs.

During the 2023-2024 academic year ended, the University awarded a total of 20,279 degrees consisting of 200 associate degrees, 13,011 bachelor's degrees, 5,467 master's degrees, 1,601 professional and doctoral degrees, and also granted 6,388 undergraduate certificates, and 566 graduate certificates.

### The Board of Trustees of the University

The University is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees ("Trustees"), which under Indiana statutes has policy and decision-making authority to carry out the programs and missions of the University. Five of the members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Governor for three-year terms. Three trustees are elected by the alumni of the University for three-year terms, with one alumnus trustee being elected each year. One trustee position must be a full-time student of the University, who is appointed by the Governor for a two-year term. Certain officers of the Board of Trustees are not members.

The current members and officers of the Board of Trustees are listed below:

Board of Trustees Members				
W. Quinn Buckner	Vice President of Communications, Pacers Sports and Entertainment			
Jill Burnett	President, Maurer Family Foundation			
Cathy Langham	President and CEO, Langham Logistics, Inc.			
Cindy Lucchese	Chief Strategy Officer (retired), Penske Entertainment			
J. Timothy Morris	Founder and Partner, Proprium Capital Partners			
Kyle S. Seibert	MPA Student, O'Neill School, IU Bloomington			
Donna B. Spears	Associate Broker, Coldwell Banker Lingle.			
Isaac Torres	President and CEO of InterCambio Express			
Vivian Winston	Lecturer, Kelley School of Business, IU Bloomington (retired)			

<sup>-</sup> Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

Board of Trustees Officers				
W. Quinn Buckner	Chair of the Trustees			
Jason D. Dudich	Interim Assistant Treasurer of the Trustees			
Cindy Lucchese	Vice Chair of the Trustees			
Donald S. Lukes	Treasurer of the Trustees			
Andrea Havill	Secretary of the Trustees			
Anthony Prather	Assistant Secretary of the Trustees			

### **Administrative Officers of the University**

As the chief executive of the University, the President is appointed by the Trustees and is responsible for the operation of the entire University within the framework of policies approved by the Trustees. The President is responsible for accomplishing the objectives of the University, for determining missions and priorities for its various units, and for the effective and efficient planning, use, and management of its resources. The following is a list of University officers.

President
Executive Vice President for University Clinical Affairs
Executive Vice President and Chancellor, IU Indianapolis
Executive Vice President and Provost, Indiana University Bloomington
Vice President for International Affairs
Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics
Interim Vice President for Finance and Chief Financial Officer <sup>1</sup>
Vice President for University Relations
Vice President for Regional Campuses and Online Education
Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer
Vice President for Capital Planning and Facilities
Vice President for Research
Interim Vice President for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
Vice President and Chief Communications and Marketing Officer
Vice President for Student Success
Vice President and General Counsel
Chief Operating Officer and Acting Vice President for Human Resources <sup>1</sup>
Vice President for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
Chancellor of Indiana University Kokomo
Chancellor of Indiana University South Bend
Chancellor of Indiana University Southeast
Interim Chancellor of Indiana University Northwest
Chancellor of Indiana University East

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Executive searches are ongoing for the Executive Vice President & Chancellor Bloomington (new position), Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer (internal search), and the Vice President for Human Resources.

These are brief biographical sketches of certain officers:

PAMELA WHITTEN – Pamela Whitten is the 19th president of Indiana University and the first woman to lead IU, a world-class public research university with campuses throughout Indiana. She leads the implementation of IU 2030, a bold strategic plan built around three central pillars: advancing student success and opportunity, expanding

the university's research and creative activity, and strengthening its unwavering commitment to serving communities in Indiana and worldwide. Under her leadership, the university has accelerated its efforts to hire and retain diverse faculty and researchers, renewed its focus on student mental health, revamped academic advising to improve retention and persistence, increased research proposal submissions and funding with an associated increase in major funding for science and technology endeavors, and launched a university-wide initiative that expands support for students and faculty in creating and growing startup ventures. Whitten also led the transformation of Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis into IU Indianapolis, creating more opportunities for students and enhancing the campus' focus on research, innovation, and community engagement. Before joining IU, Whitten held various leadership roles in higher education, including at Michigan State University, the University of Georgia, and Kennesaw State University, where she served as president. Before transitioning into university administration, Whitten was an active researcher in the field of telemedicine. She holds a Ph.D. in communication studies and a Master of Arts in communication.

JASON D. DUDICH – Jason D. Dudich is the interim vice president and chief financial officer ("VPCFO") at Indiana University. Dudich will lead long-range financial and budget planning that supports IU 2030. Dudich has leadership of the Office of the Treasurer, University Controller's Office, University Budget Office, and the Office of Procurement. Prior to this role, he concurrently served as the Interim Associate Vice President ("AVP") for Budget and Planning for the University Budget Office while serving as the AVP for Fiscal and Economic Strategy for the Vice President for University Relations, both at Indiana University. Dudich started with IU in March of 2023. Dudich was a former vice president for finance and administration and treasurer at the University of Indianapolis and a former budget director for the state of Indiana. Dudich earned a Bachelor of Science degree in public affairs, with a focus on public policy and public finance, from the IU Paul H. O'Neill School of Public and Environmental Affairs.

DONALD S. LUKES – Donald Lukes was named University Treasurer in July 2015 and Treasurer of the Trustees effective August 2015, after previously serving as Associate Vice President & Associate Treasurer since April 2014 and Assistant Treasurer of the Trustees since August 2014. Lukes is responsible for Capital Finance, Insurance and Loss Control, Investments, Treasury Operations, and University Bursar. Before joining the staff of Indiana University, Lukes spent ten years in the energy and utility industry. Lukes also has four years' experience in public accounting and is a Certified Public Accountant. Lukes graduated with a B.S. in Accounting and an M.B.A. in Finance and Strategic Management from the IU Kelley School of Business.

### Facilities/Services

**Square Footage of Facilities** As of fall 2024, there were 860 buildings on the IU campuses, excluding Fort Wayne, encompassing 37.1 million gross square feet, of which approximately 20.2 million square feet are assignable to operating units. As of fall 2023, there were 822 buildings on the IU campuses, excluding Fort Wayne.

Information Technology Services University Information Technology Services ("UITS") is responsible for the continued development of a high-performance computing and communications infrastructure and the information technology environment that contains tools and services that support the University's academic, research, and administrative work, including a high-speed campus network with wireless access; central web hosting; tools and support for instruction and research; supercomputers for data analysis and visualization; thousands of virtual servers in the state-of-the-art, disaster-resistant Data Center; and hundreds of public-access, Internet-connected workstations. Interconnecting these resources is a high-speed statewide fiber optic network connecting all University campuses. The network is connected to national and international research and education networks, such as the Internet2 Network. UITS has offices at IU Bloomington, IU Columbus, IU East, IU Indianapolis, IU Kokomo, IU Northwest, IU South Bend, and IU Southeast. UITS is composed of eight divisions: Research Technologies; Learning Technologies; Client Technology Support; Enterprise Support Services; Enterprise Systems; Institutional Analytics; Regional Campuses; and Networks, all working together to support the University community in its use of information technology. UITS reports to the Office of the Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer, which provides leadership for the continued development of information technology at IU.

**Research Facilities** As of fall 2024, the University had approximately 1.2 million assignable square feet of laboratories and service areas used for research purposes, primarily on the Bloomington and Indianapolis campuses. The nature and function of this research space ranges from highly specialized to broad multi-disciplinary uses, with an emphasis on life and medical sciences.

**Housing Facilities** All undergraduate first-year students on the Bloomington campus are required to live in on-campus housing facilities, unless an exemption is granted. Residence halls are based on beds. The total number of beds and occupancy are summarized in the following table:

University Owned Housing and Occupancy								
Semester		Fall	2023			Fall	2024	
Campus 1	IUB	IUI	IUSB	IUS	IUB	IUI	IUSB	IUS
University Owned Beds Available	11,943	2,464	388	395	12,015	2,490	386	395
University Beds Filled	11,848	2,376	379	382	11,760	2,374	383	386
Occupancy Percentage	99%	96%	97%	97%	98%	95%	99%	98%

Source: Respective campus housing departments

On the Bloomington campus, as of fall 2024, approximately 8,005 undergraduate students participated in Sorority and Fraternity Life in 69 fraternities and sororities at Indiana University Bloomington (36 fraternities and 33 sororities). There are 19 fraternities and 21 sororities providing on-campus housing for 3,342 of their members.

On August 8, 2024, IU entered a ground lease with BPIU Partners, LLC (an affiliate of Buckingham Property Holdings, LLC). BPIU will design, construct and finance a six-story, approximate 400 bed housing project at the site of the former Poplars building on the Bloomington campus. The lease term is 60 years, with two potential 10-year extensions. IU will continue to own the land. The ground lease grants the right to BPIU or affiliates to operate and manage the facility. IU will receive ground rent of \$210,000 per year during construction. Ground rent increases to \$420,000 annually after rent commencement of the project. Rent shall increase every 5 years by the lesser of 22% or Midwest Urban CPI. IU will also receive 20% of all gross rent revenue above 96% in years where occupancy exceeds 96%. During the initial 5 years after rent commencement, IU will provide occupancy support to BPIU if occupancy is below 96%. Per agreement with Buckingham Property Holdings, IU's occupancy support during the initial 5-year period shall be capped by the sum of ground rent per the lease plus the cost of rent for 30 bedrooms on the premises. After the initial 5-year period, IU will provide occupancy support if occupancy is below 87%. In such case, support will be capped at the amount of ground rent due under the lease. The one, two, three, and four-bedroom apartments will be marketed primarily to IU graduate students, but faculty, staff, alumni, and IU undergrads may also lease units. The facility is expected to open in Fall 2026.

**Parking Facilities** Parking space is provided for faculty, staff, students and visitors on all University campuses. Use of all parking areas and parking facilities is generally limited to paid permit holders, except for those garages and surface lots provided for visitors that are controlled by daily parking rates. Parking is available at twenty-two garages on four campuses and at various surface lots on all University campuses.

Athletic Facilities Indiana University's Bloomington campus is home to the 52,626-seat Memorial Stadium for football (which includes Excellence Academy, Henke Hall of Champions, John Miller Training Room, Shuel Academics Center, Terry Tallen Indiana Football Complex, and the Wilkinson Performance Center) along with 17,222-seat Simon Skjodt Assembly Hall for basketball. Additional facilities include Andy Mohr Field, Bart Kaufman Field, Bill Armstrong Stadium (Jerry Yeagley Field and Jerry F. Tardy Center), Cook Hall, Dale England Rowing Center, Gladstein Fieldhouse, Deborah Tobias Field, John Mellencamp Pavilion, the Pfau Course at Indiana University, Robert C. Haugh Track & Field Complex (Hayes Track), Sam Bell Cross Country Course, Wilkinson Hall, varsity tennis outdoor courts, and other athletic facilities. The Indianapolis campus is home to the IU Natatorium

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> IUB is Bloomington campus. IUI is Indianapolis Campus. IUSB is South Bend campus. IUS is Southeast campus. Other Regionals have no student residence facilities.

and the Michael A. Carroll Track, Soccer Stadium, and other athletic facilities. Other Regionals have various athletic facilities.

*Other Facilities* Some of the University's other facilities include extensive science and medical teaching laboratories; observatories; television and radio studios; music, theatre, and performance facilities; fine art studios; museums of art and archaeology; Bradford Woods – a 2,500 acre outdoor educational facility; and several off-campus research and teaching preserves that are not included in on-campus acreage reported.

### **Faculty and Staff**

The following table shows the Full Time Equivalent ("FTE") Faculty and Staff of the University for the years shown:

Full Time Equivalent Faculty and Staff							
	Instructional Faculty and						
Fall Semester	Administrators 1	Staff <sup>2</sup>	<b>Total FTE</b>				
2020	6,522	13,172	19,694				
2021	6,632	12,623	19,255				
2022	7,099	12,739	19,838				
2023	6,950	13,251	20,201				
2024	6,864	13,596	20,460				

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

The percentages of faculty at the University's Bloomington and Indianapolis campuses who had tenure were 72% and 68%, respectively, as of the fall semester of 2024. Percent of tenured faculty is calculated by dividing the number of full-time faculty and administrators who are tenured by the total number of full-time faculty and administrators who are eligible for tenure. As of the fall semester of 2024, 97% of Bloomington campus faculty (including visiting faculty) and academic administrators with professional rank held a doctoral or professional degree. This percentage was 97% at Indianapolis and 86% at the other campuses.

Indiana University recognizes four employee unions, which include: the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees ("IATSE") for stagehand employees on the Bloomington campus; the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees ("AFSCME") Service Staff, for certain custodian, craft, maintenance and food service personnel on the Bloomington, Indianapolis, East, and South Bend campuses; AFSCME Police for certain police officers on the Bloomington, Indianapolis, East, Kokomo, Northwest, South Bend, and Southeast campuses; and the Communications Workers of America ("CWA") for certain clerical, technical, and support personnel on the Bloomington and Northwest campuses. In total, these four employee unions currently provide exclusive representation to approximately 3,000 University employees across all campuses, excluding Fort Wayne. University administration meets and confers with each union about specific working conditions under the framework of "Conditions for Cooperation," a policy statement adopted by the Trustees, but does not negotiate collective bargaining agreements. As an instrumentality of the State, the University and its employees are not subject to the provisions of the National Labor Relations Act, as amended, but are governed by State law, which prohibits strikes by public employees. Each union's status as exclusive representative of certain University employees is conditioned upon their disavowal of the right to strike in accordance with such law and Trustees policy.

### **Student Quality**

For fall 2024, of University beginner students (degree seeking undergraduate student enrolled in the fall semester that began this semester or in either of the preceding summer sessions, "Beginner"), 81.8% ranked in the upper 50% of their high school class, 47.6% ranked in the upper 25% of their high school class, and 20.4% ranked in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Instructional Faculty and Administrators are defined as Academic Staff who are Tenure/Tenure Track Faculty, Non Tenure Track Faculty and Executive/Administrators with faculty status.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Staff are defined as Academic Professionals, Executive/Administrators without faculty status, and Support Staff: Professional, Administrative (secretarial/clerical), Functional (paraprofessional/technical), and Infrastructure (skilled crafts, service/maintenance). University employees represented by unions are a subset of the reported staff figure.

the top 10% of their high school class. For fall 2024, of Bloomington campus beginning students, 93.1% ranked in the upper 50% of their high school class. During the same period, 62.2% of beginning students ranked in the upper 25% of their high school class, and 28.8% of beginning students ranked in the top 10% of their high school class.

#### **Student Admissions**

Of Indiana University's total fall 2024 degree-seeking enrollment, students come from all 50 states, Washington D.C., US Territories, and 166 foreign countries. Students from Indiana make up 63% of the student population. Out-of-state students make up 25% of the student population and international students make up 12% of the student population.

The following table sets forth the total number of beginning student applications received, applications accepted, percent accepted, and the percent of acceptances for beginning students who enrolled. These numbers are aggregate numbers, combined for all campuses.

### Undergraduate Applications and Enrollments 1,2

Fall Semester	Applications Received	Applicants Accepted	Percent Accepted	Percent of Accepted Enrolled
2020	72,415	58,039	80.1	25.9
2021	70,963	60,378	85.1	25.9
2022	75,476	62,371	82.6	25.5
2023	81,355	65,580	80.6	23.9
2024	95,057	74,141	78.0	21.0

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

#### **Student Enrollment**

Headcount enrollments ("HC") for Bloomington, Indianapolis and Regionals of the University for the fall semester are shown in the following table.

Total Official Headcount Enrollment by Campus <sup>1</sup>						
Fall Semester	Bloomington	Indianapolis <sup>2</sup>	Regionals	Total Enrollment IU Campuses <sup>2</sup>		
2020	43,064	29,390	20,082	92,536		
2021	45,328	27,690	18,066	91,084		
2022	47,005	25,979	17,081	90,065		
2023	47,527	25,497	17,120	90,144		
2024	48,424	22,534	17,532	88,490		

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures reflect all beginning students new to the University, regardless of class, excluding transfers. Beginning students are defined by their matriculation in the fall, or the preceding summer session, as degree-seeking students. Students who began taking college level coursework while in high school and are enrolled as a traditional beginning student during the fall or the preceding summer session are also included. This methodology is consistent with external reporting requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Applicants to Indianapolis may apply electronically via "Apply IU" or the Common Application.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures exclude high school students taking reduced fee dual credit courses while in high school referred to as the Advanced College Program ("ACP") students.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Indianapolis and IU Campuses show declines due to the 7/1/24 Indiana University Indianapolis-Purdue realignment.

Projected headcount enrollments for Bloomington, Indianapolis and Regionals of the University for the fall semesters are as shown in the following table.

<b>Projected Headcount Enrollment by Campus</b> <sup>1</sup>						
Fall Semester	Bloomington	Indianapolis <sup>2</sup>	Regionals	Total Enrollment IU Campuses <sup>2</sup>		
2025	48,677	23,237	17,261	89,175		
2026	48,285	23,695	17,433	89,413		
2027	48,312	23,977	17,485	89,774		
2028	48 563	24 426	17 257	90 246		

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

The following table sets forth the total official and projected headcount enrollment of undergraduate and graduate and professional students, combined for all campuses, for the fall semester of the years indicated. The table also includes full-time equivalent enrollment and fiscal year credit hours taken.

## Undergraduate and Graduate Headcount Enrollment, Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment and Total Fall Credit Hours Taken

Fall Semester Actual	Undergraduate Headcount	Graduate & Professional HC	Total HC Enrollment IU Campuses	Full-Time Equivalent IU Campuses	Fall Credit Hours IU Campuses
2020	72.047	20,489	92,536	80,559	1,177,271
2021	69,596	21,488	91,084	79,138	1,153,577
2022	68,682	21,383	90,065	79,145	1,153,042
2023	69,281	20,863	90,144	79,778	1,163,407
2024 <sup>2</sup>	68,390	20,100	88,490	78,864	1,150,804
Projected 1,2					
2025	68,986	20,189	89,175	80,393	1,158,280
2026	69,150	20,263	89,413	80,473	1,159,301
2027	69,528	20,246	89,774	80,816	1,164,517
2028	69,943	20,303	90,246	81,240	1,170,732

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

Students participating in online education are included in the section Student Enrollment presented above for which they are reported under their respective enrolled campuses. The following table shows the online participation over the past five years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The projections presented in this table were prepared based on the Fall 2024 Enrollment Study. No representation can be made as to the ability of the University to achieve these projections. The figures shown within the Total Official Headcount Enrollment by Campus table were used as the basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Indianapolis and IU Campuses show declines due to the 7/1/24 Indiana University Indianapolis-Purdue realignment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The projections presented in this table were prepared based on the Fall 2024 Enrollment Study which projects FTE enrollment by treating all doctoral research, professional (doctoral practice), or master's seeking students as graduates taking a standard course load of 12 credit hours per term. In contrast, IU's official term enrollment reports and Indiana Commission for Higher Education reporting efforts treat professional (doctoral practice) graduates as taking a standard course load of 15 credit hours per term and doctoral research graduates and master's as taking a standard course load of 12 credit hours per term. No representation can be made as to the ability of the University to achieve these projections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Indianapolis and IU Campuses show declines due to the 7/1/24 Indiana University Indianapolis-Purdue realignment.

### Total Students Enrolled in Distance Education 1

				Total HC	Full-Time	Fall Credit
	Bloomington	Indianapolis	Regionals	Enrollment	Equivalent	Hours
Fall Semester	Headcount	Headcount 2	Headcount	IU Campuses	IU Campuses <sup>3</sup>	IU Campuses
2020	40,078	26,072	18,048	84,198	55,517	815,222
2021	22,039	15,171	12,782	49,992	18,103	261,227
2022	19,978	13,962	12,092	46,032	16,283	234,402
2023	20,876	13,979	12,304	47,159	16,902	243,854
2024 4	21,194	12,362	13,087	46,643	17,101	246,798

Source: Office of Online Education

#### **Tuition and Fees**

Tuition and Fees were set following the State's adoption of the biennial budget in the spring prior to the biennium and were approved by the Board of Trustees in June 2023. The University divides the academic year into two academic semesters and an additional summer session. Tuition, fees and other costs of attending the University vary by campus and curriculum. Educational costs charged include instructional fees, fees associated with specific courses and/or academic programs, and room and board (if the student lives on campus). In addition, individual campuses charge other mandatory fees to support certain services. Payments may be made in full by a specified date or students may make partial payments with subsequent installments over the semester or session, depending on the plan offered, for a small service charge.

Regular Instructional Fee Rates The Trustees approve tuition and fee rates for on-campus classes on a biennial basis. The following two tables indicate tuition and fees for undergraduate and graduate & professional students by academic year. Undergraduate students at all campuses taking between 12 and 18 hours are assessed a banded instructional fee. Graduate students are assessed fees on a credit-hour basis, except students in the MBA, Law (J.D.), Medicine, Dentistry, Optometry (O.D.), and Architecture programs which pay higher flat fees. Rates for students in fully online programs vary by campus and are not listed under the Undergraduate Students Tuition and Fees nor the Graduate and Professional Students Tuition and Fees tables. All fully-online student tuition rates are subject to approval of the highest level financial officer of the University, to whom such authority has been delegated by the Trustees in order that rate approval will not be bound by the biennial fee approval schedule for on-campus tuition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Distance education includes asynchronous online and synchronous (live video) modalities. Fall 2020 particularly was affected by the COVID-19 (coronavirus disease 2019 or "COVID-19") pandemic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes Indianapolis, Columbus, and Fort Wayne.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> One FTE = 15 undergraduate or 12 graduate online credit hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Indianapolis and All IU Campuses Headcounts show declines due to the 7/1/24 Indiana University Indianapolis-Purdue realignment.

<b>Undergraduate Tuition and Required Fees per Student</b>								
Academic Year <sup>1</sup>	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025			
Bloomington								
Resident Tuition & Fees	\$11,221	\$11,333	\$11,447	\$11,790	\$12,144			
Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	37,601	38,353	39,120	40,482	41,891			
Indianapolis								
Resident Tuition & Fees	9,944	10,044	10,144	10,448	10,762			
Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	31,626	32,101	32,582	33,717	34,891			
Indiana Partner Tuition & Fees <sup>2</sup>	-	-	_	15,069	15,521			
Regionals								
Resident Tuition & Fees	7,715	7,827	7,941	8,179	8,424			
Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	20,574	20,934	21,301	22,043	22,811			
Indiana Partner Tuition & Fees <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	11,925	12,283			

Source: Office of the University Bursar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Midwest Student Exchange Program is a multi-state reciprocity program established by the Midwestern Higher Education Compact. Residents of select states will automatically receive the Indiana Partners rate, which represents a reduction in the out-of-state rate of tuition.

Graduate Tuition and Required Fees per Student 2					
Academic Year <sup>1</sup>	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Bloomington					
Graduate Resident Tuition & Fees	\$11,193	\$11,329	\$11,467	\$11,610	\$11,756
Graduate Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	33,304	33,353	33,367	33,410	33,454
MBA Resident Tuition & Fees	27,865	28,143	28,425	28,993	29,573
MBA Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	51,454	52,483	53,533	54,603	55,695
Law Resident Tuition & Fees	36,325	36,500	36,750	36,950	36,950
Law Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	57,000	57,500	58,000	58,000	58,000
Indianapolis					
Graduate Resident Tuition & Fees	10,239	10,389	10,538	10,856	11,180
Graduate Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	26,013	26,529	27,044	27,992	28,964
Graduate Indiana Partner Tuition & Fees <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	15,680	16,148
Dentistry Resident Tuition & Fees	38,973	41,744	42,579	42,945	44,454
Dentistry Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	86,798	93,444	95,312	97,047	99,985
Medicine Resident Tuition & Fees	36,036	36,576	37,088	37,553	38,872
Medicine Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	61,419	62,033	62,653	63,700	65,611
Regionals					
Graduate Resident Tuition & Fees	8,130	8,270	8,413	8,665	8,925
Graduate Non-Resident Tuition & Fees	18,274	18,592	18,916	19,574	20,256
Graduate Indiana Partner Tuition & Fees <sup>3</sup>	<u> </u>	-	-	12,655	13,034

Source: Office of the University Bursar

**Student Budget** The following Estimated Total Cost of Attendance is being used by the Bloomington campus for financial aid considerations and represents an estimate of standard per student costs for undergraduate on-campus first-year students at the Bloomington campus for the academic year shown.

Only the general on-campus undergraduate rates for fall and spring semesters are listed. Online programs have differing rates and some programs have additional program fees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Only general graduate rate and certain professional rates for fall and spring semesters combined, including mandatory fees for full-time students are listed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Graduate/professional tuition rates are set by quality, competition, ranking and markets. They vary by program. Only general graduate rate and certain professional rates are listed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Residents of certain states who are admitted to participating Indianapolis graduate and professional degree programs for the fall 2022 term (or later) also received the Indiana Partner tuition rate. Participating graduate and professional programs may have a specific GPA requirement for Indiana Partner eligibility.

## Estimated Total Cost of Attendance for the 2024-2025 Academic Year for an Undergraduate On-campus Full-time First-Year Student <sup>1, 2</sup>

Cost of Attendance	Resident	Non-Resident
Tuition and Fees <sup>3</sup>	\$12,142	\$41,890
Housing and Food <sup>4</sup>	13,984	13,984
<b>Total Direct Costs</b>	26,126	55,874
Books	1,250	1,250
Transportation	954	954
Personal Expenses	2,270	2,270
<b>Total Indirect Costs</b>	4,474	4,474
<b>Estimated Total Cost of Attendance</b>	\$30,600	\$60,348

Source: Office of Student Financial Assistance, Indiana University Bloomington

#### **Student Financial Assistance**

For the 2023-24 aid year, approximately 63% of the students at Indiana University receive financial aid that is processed through IU. The following table summarizes the financial aid (including parent loans) provided to IU students who were enrolled at any aid year term census date, or in any aid year term as of an end-of-year snapshot, or who received a degree in the 12-month period between September 1 and August 30 of each year. All figures include both degree-seeking and non-degree students, including dual credit high school students. A substantial portion of the funds provided are derived from sources outside of Indiana University, including federal, state, and private sources. Historically, federal loans, grants and other programs have provided a large portion of student financial assistance. All programs furnished by the federal and state governments are subject to appropriation and funding by the respective legislatures. There can be no assurance that the current amounts of federal and state financial aid for students will be available in the future at the same levels and under the same terms and conditions as presently apply.

Student Financial Assistance <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)					
Award Year	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Gifts and Grants	\$711,462	\$708,072	\$716,983	\$738,212	\$762,681
Loans	512,007	485,007	496,778	502,701	507,087
Work Study	5,409	3,699	3,718	3,777	4,532
Total Financial \$1,228,878 \$1,196,778 \$1,217,480 \$1,244,690 \$1,274,300					

Source: Indiana University Institutional Analytics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Tuition & Fees portion for students attending other campuses with the same residential status would be less. See "Tuition and Fees". Actual costs for housing and food, books, transportation, and personal expenses vary by student, based on student choices, travel habits, and academic program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total cost is based on student attendance of fall and spring semesters only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimated Total Cost of Attendance may not tie to Undergraduate Tuition and Fees per Student due to rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Housing allowances for students residing in institutionally owned or operated housing with or without dependents must be based on the average or median amount assessed to such residents for housing charges, whichever is greater. Housing and food shown exceeds standard housing and standard meal rates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figures displayed above exclude funds from the federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Funding ("HEERF") and institutional funds that a) were used to reimburse students for room, board, and tuition charges during the COVID-19 pandemic, and b) have no effect on students' estimated cost of attendance and financial aid eligibility, per guidance from the U.S. Department of Education as of November 20, 2020.

### **Financial Operations of the University**

The University's fiscal year ends on June 30th. The University's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The University reports on a consolidated basis with a comprehensive, entity-wide presentation of the University's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows. Significant intra-University transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. The University follows all applicable GASB pronouncements. Unless otherwise specified, amounts presented within the notes to financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousands.

The University reports as a special-purpose government entity engaged primarily in business-type activities, as defined by GASB. Accordingly, these financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Business type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

As a component unit of the State, the University is included as a discrete entity in the State of Indiana's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity: The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, as well as additional requirements of GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, provide criteria for determining whether certain organizations should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government and classifies reporting requirements for these organizations. Based on these criteria, the financial report includes the university and its blended and discretely presented component units.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position of the University, in table format for the fiscal years shown, was as follows:

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position <sup>5, 6</sup> (dollars in thousands)

	(dona	is iii tiiousaiius)			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Operating revenues			(as restated)		
Tuition and fees <sup>1</sup>	\$1,547,225	\$1,573,780	\$1,619,207	\$1,685,549	\$1,713,351
Less scholarship allowance	(313,068)	(328,028)	(332,073)	(349,535)	(341,829)
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance)	1,234,157	1,245,752	1,287,134	1,336,014	1,371,522
Federal grants and contracts	398,761	395,690	435,419	515,467	536,115
State and local grants and contracts	18,102	21,553	23,743	33,337	30,462
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	169,254	163,654	159,392	188,155	161,952
Sales, services of educational units, and other revenue <sup>2</sup>	384,379	353,649	361,905	356,682	401,282
Auxiliary enterprises <sup>3</sup>	318,924	251,004	372,499	407,277	395,243
Total operating revenues	2,523,577	2,431,302	2,640,092	2,836,932	2,896,576
Operating expenses					
Compensation and benefits	2,244,665	2,142,660	2,205,836	2,377,627	2,507,501
Student financial aid	180,596	176,192	242,397	157,587	167,414
Energy and utilities	72,106	70,339	80,738	88,975	84,121
Travel	46,632	9,628	30,916	57,208	66,142
Supplies and general expense	762,827	677,586	741,408	806,076	861,961
Depreciation and amortization expense	168,129	188,279	201,968	202,670	210,010
Total operating expenses	3,474,955	3,264,684	3,503,263	3,690,143	3,897,149
Total operating loss	(951,378)	(833,382)	(863,171)	(853,211)	(1,000,573)
Nonoperating revenues	(221,070)	(000,002)	(000,171)	(030,211)	(1,000,570)
(expenses)					
State appropriations	589,746	563,929	592,635	605,938	633,274
Grants and contracts	155,014	206,950	233,669	141,405	111,494
Investment income (loss)	102,199	368,232	(201,918)	192,816	304,791
Gifts	152,005	133,268	702,680	166,551	183,546
Interest income	132,003	174	229	271	283
Interest expense	(30,744)	(26,725)	(37,623)	(35,185)	(36,297)
Net nonoperating revenues	968,220	1,245,828	1,289,672	1,071,796	1,197,091
Income before other revenues,	16,842	412,446	426,501	218,585	196,518
expenses, gains, or losses					
Capital appropriations	20,036	21,288	19,481	17,158	19,098
Capital gifts and grants	154,599	9,860	2,611	6,766	9,463
Additions to permanent endowments	2,005	6	3,633	349	29
<b>Total other revenues</b>	176,640	31,154	25,725	24,273	28,590
Increase in net position	193,482	443,600	452,226	242,858	225,108
Net position, beginning of year	3,892,556	4,086,038	4,528,711	4,980,937	5,223,795
Adjustment per change in accounting principle <sup>4</sup>		(927)			
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		4,085,111			
Net position, end of year	\$4,085,111	\$4,528,711	4,980,937	\$5,223,795	\$5,448,903
		. , -, -	,		

Source: Audited IU annual financial reports for the respective fiscal years ended, reflective of subsequent Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years shown

- <sup>1</sup> Tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship allowance beginning with the audited IU Annual Financial Report 2021-2022. Tuition and fees are reflected as gross (prior to scholarship allowance) in all years shown.
- <sup>2</sup> The financial reports ended 2022 and later no longer show Other Revenue as a separate line item; the line item Other Revenue is shown within the line item Sales, Services of Educational Units and Other Revenue above.
- <sup>3</sup> Net of scholarship allowance of \$40,130; \$34,100; \$46,471; \$50,035; and \$58,504 (in thousands) for fiscal years 2020 through 2024, respectively.
- <sup>4</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2022, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted: The University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which has been reflected as of July 1, 2020. All prior periods of the financial statements and accompanying notes that were impacted by this Statement have been restated. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and right-to-use assets, and also includes receivables for the present value of payments expected to be received and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. Lease activity is further described in Note 5, Lease Receivables and Note 10, Lease Obligations. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 87. The University reported a \$927,000 decrease to net position as of July 1, 2020.
- <sup>5</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2022, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Blended Component Units: In September 2008, the Trustees of Indiana University directed, by resolution, that the Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) be formed to serve specific purposes on behalf of the University and designated that certain university administrative officers, by virtue of their titles, serve as directors and officers of IUBC. The sole purpose of IUBC is to assist the University in the financing and development of University facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the University on a lease-purchase basis. The IUBC is reported as a blended component unit of the University and is consolidated within the University's financial statements.
- <sup>6</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2023, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted: During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, with an implementation date of July 1, 2021. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and subscription-based IT assets. Subscription activity is further described in Note 10, Right-to-Use Assets and Obligations. The adoption of GASB 96 resulted in the recognition of subscription-based IT assets and liabilities in the amount of \$17,480,000 as of July 1, 2021. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB 96.

The University's net position is classified for financial reporting into three major categories: (1) Net investment in capital assets consists of the University's investment in capital assets, such as equipment, buildings, land, infrastructure, and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. (2) Restricted net position consists of amounts subject to externally imposed restrictions governing usage and is divided into two sub-categories: (a) Restricted non-expendable funds are subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be retained in perpetuity. These balances represent the corpus (historical value) of the University's permanent endowment funds. (b) Restricted expendable funds are available for expenditure by the University but must be spent according to restrictions imposed by third parties. (3) Unrestricted net position includes amounts institutionally designated or committed to support specific purposes.

<b>Total Net Position</b>	
(dollars in thousands	)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020	2021	2022 (as restated)	2023	2024
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,486,736	\$2,542,568	\$2,581,396	\$2,655,593	\$2,776,782
Restricted	480,317	505,674	928,679	831,813	691,290
Unrestricted <sup>1</sup>	1,118,058	1,480,469	1,470,862	1,736,389	1,980,831
<b>Total Net Position 2,3</b>	\$4,085,111	\$4,528,711	\$4,980,937	\$5,223,795	\$5,448,903
Net Investment in Capital Assets	60.9%	56.1%	51.8%	50.8%	51.0%
Restricted	11.7%	11.2%	18.7%	16.0%	12.7%
Unrestricted	27.4%	32.7%	29.5%	33.2%	36.3%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: Audited IU annual financial reports for the respective fiscal years ended, reflective of subsequent Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years shown

Discretely Presented Component Units ("Units") The Indiana University Foundation, Inc. ("IU Foundation") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana for the exclusive purpose of supporting the university by receiving, holding, investing, and administering property and making expenditures to or for the benefit of the university. As a tax-exempt organization that would be misleading to exclude, the IU Foundation is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation. The James Whitcomb Riley Memorial Association, Inc., d/b/a Riley Children's Endowment ("Riley") is organized as a not-forprofit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to fund and support the Riley Hospital for Children, fund medical research dedicated to the treatment and care of disabled and sick children in conjunction with the Riley Hospital, and to secure and maintain endowment funds to benefit children and other initiatives. The University has the ability to appoint the voting majority of Riley's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of Riley's board at will. The IU Medical Group Foundation, Inc. ("IUMG") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to acquire, manage, and distribute funds for the benefit of the Indiana University School of Medicine and Indiana University Health Care Associates. The University has the ability to appoint the voting majority of IUMG's board of directors, and there is a financial benefit relationship with IUMG. The Regenstrief Institute, Inc. ("Institute") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to integrate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The University's Unrestricted Net Position is the largest portion of the Available Funds balance. Available Funds are the source of payment for the University's Certificates of Participation, Lease Purchase Obligations, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, and commercial paper (see "Available Funds" and "Indebtedness of the University").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2022, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted: The University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which has been reflected as of July 1, 2020. All prior periods of the financial statements and accompanying notes that were impacted by this Statement have been restated. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and right-to-use assets, and also includes receivables for the present value of payments expected to be received and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. Lease activity is further described in Note 5, Lease Receivables and Note 10, Lease Obligations. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 87. The University reported a \$927,000 decrease to net position as of July 1, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2023, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted: During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, with an implementation date of July 1, 2021. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and subscription-based IT assets. Subscription activity is further described in Note 10, Right-to-Use Assets and Obligations. The adoption of GASB 96 resulted in the recognition of subscription-based IT assets and liabilities in the amount of \$17,480,000 as of July 1, 2021. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB 96.

research discovery, technological advances, and systems improvement into the practice of medicine. The University has the ability to appoint the voting majority of the Institute's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of the Institute's board at will. As a result, these Units are considered component units of the University, which require discrete presentation. The Units are not-for-profit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Units' financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position of the Discretely Presented Component Units, in table format for the fiscal years shown, was as follows:

Statement of Revenues, Expenses a	and Changes in Net (dollars in th		ly Presented Comp	onent Units <sup>1</sup>
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2021	2022	2023	2024
Operating revenues				
Federal grants and contracts	\$-	\$-	\$73	\$774
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	\$18,757	\$19,614	20,301	20,743
Sales, services of educational units, and other revenue	25,039	26,809	24,607	26,482
Total operating revenues	43,796	46,423	44,981	47,999
Operating expenses				
Compensation and benefits	47,007	47,023	53,507	62,719
Student financial aid	60,003	59,635	60,317	67,312
Energy and utilities	321	396	442	330
Travel	912	2,565	3,291	3,902
Supplies and general expense	191,417	359,474	224,085	207,555
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,924	3,798	3,711	3,978
Total operating expenses	303,584	472,891	345,353	345,796
Total operating loss	(259,788)	(426,468)	(300,372)	(297,797)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income (loss)	978,185	(72,020)	177,928	364,243
Gifts	135,177	179,958	194,379	94,348
Interest expense	(344)	(349)	(338)	(328)
Net nonoperating revenues	1,113,018	107,589	371,969	458,263
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	853,230	(318,879)	71,597	160,466
Additions to permanent endowments	141,802	104,681	87,463	136,869
Total other revenues	141,802	104,681	87,463	136,869
Increase in net position	995,032	(214,198)	159,060	297,335
Net position, beginning of year	3,295,743	4,290,775	4,076,577	4,235,637

Source: Most recent audited IU annual financial report and/or prior audited IU annual financial reports for the respective fiscal years ended as shown

\$4,076,577

\$4,235,637

\$4,532,972

\$4,290,775

Net position, end of year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this document, only years available are shown. Additional years for a total of five years may be presented as information becomes available.

The composition of net position of the Discretely Presented Component Units for the fiscal years shown was as follows:

Total Net Position - Discretely Presented Component Units <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2021	2022	2023	2024
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$64,529	\$70,872	\$73,068	\$87,242
Restricted	3,604,827	3,629,176	3,648,677	3,849,623
Unrestricted	621,419	376,529	513,892	596,107
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$4,290,775	\$4,076,577	\$4,235,637	4,532,972
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1.5%	1.8%	1.8%	1.9%
Restricted	84.0%	89.0%	86.1%	84.9%
Unrestricted	14.5%	9.2%	12.1%	13.2%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: Most recent audited IU annual financial report and/or prior audited IU annual financial reports for the respective fiscal years ended as shown

### **Operating Budget and Related Procedures**

The University adopts an operating budget for each fiscal year based on detailed budgets submitted by each of the University's responsibility centers. These budgets are reviewed by the President and senior administrative officers before final approval by the Trustees. In conjunction with its budgeting process, the University submits a biennial appropriation request to the State Budget Agency, the Indiana Commission for Higher Education and the General Assembly. The State appropriation includes various components for operations, fee replacement (a form of reimbursement of debt service from the State for debt associated with certain educational facilities), maintenance, research, public service and other special functions. For more information, see "State Appropriations to the University" below. The Trustees take into consideration the specific amounts of State appropriations authorized by the General Assembly, along with the University's budget requirements and other revenue sources when establishing student fees and other fees for each academic year.

The University has adopted a balanced operating budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The total Fiscal 2025 operating budget for all campuses of Indiana University, is approximately \$4.5 billion. Unrestricted funds are used for instruction, research, scholarships and fellowships, student services, and other institutional support. The use of restricted funds is determined by the funding source: federal, state, or local government; private industry; or foundation support. The auxiliary fund groups have been established by the Trustees to carry out activities supporting students and the University's teaching, research and public service missions. These activities include student housing, athletics, parking operations, and student unions, among other activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this document, only years available are shown. Additional years for a total of five years may be presented as information becomes available.

# **Summary of Operating Budget Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025** <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)

			Auxiliary	
Campus	Unrestricted <sup>3</sup>	Restricted 4	Enterprises	Total
Bloomington	\$1,467,689	\$279,544	\$381,886	\$2,129,118
Indianapolis <sup>2</sup>	1,116,606	681,567	99,818	1,897,991
Regionals	239,700	42,245	7,406	289,351
University Administration	52,575	38,234	44,042	134,851
Total	\$2,876,570	\$1,041,590	\$533,152	\$4,451,332

Source: University Budget Office

### **State Appropriations to the University**

State appropriations are set for the biennium. The University has historically received, and continues to expect to receive, appropriations from the General Assembly. Operating appropriations are disbursed on a monthly basis. Restricted Special and Fee Replacement are generally disbursed on a semi-annual basis. For biennial R&R, the University typically claims half near the beginning of the fiscal year. General Maintenance, certain R&R and Capital Cash receive reimbursements after expenditures. These appropriations are applied to the educational and general expenditures and certain capital construction activities of the University. The General Assembly has historically appropriated to the University an amount equal to the annual debt service requirements due on previously approved and outstanding Student Fee Bonds (the "Fee Replacement" appropriations). This appropriation is renewed on a biennial basis because the Constitution of the State prohibits a sitting General Assembly from binding subsequent General Assemblies to the continuation of any funds, including Fee Replacement appropriations. In the 50 plus years of making Fee Replacement appropriations, the State has never failed to fully fund or otherwise provide for a Fee Replacement obligation established by a prior General Assembly. The University expects that the policy of Fee Replacement appropriations will be continued in future years.

The tables below present State appropriations "As Appropriated" to and "As Received" by the University for the fiscal years shown, including the unrestricted general operating and restricted special appropriations, the Fee Replacement appropriations, and the general maintenance, repair and rehabilitation and capital appropriations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes capital projects, investment income not specifically budgeted as general fund support, most gifts, and scholarship allowance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes Indiana University Columbus and IU Fort Wayne.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Unrestricted includes general fund and designated fund include medical practice.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Restricted includes restricted fund and contracts and grants.

State Appropriations (dollars in thousands)					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 (est.)
As Appropriated					
Unrestricted General Operating & Restricted Special <sup>1</sup>	\$510,521	\$550,117	\$563,454	\$596,502	\$598,830
Fee Replacement <sup>2</sup>	53,135	42,097	41,994	36,324	36,293
General Maintenance, R&R and Capital Cash <sup>3</sup>	22,449	14,349	22,449	93,636	192,412
Total Appropriated	\$586,105	\$606,563	\$627,897	\$726,462	\$827,535
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 (est.)
As Received/ Estimated to be Received					
Unrestricted General Operating & Restricted Special <sup>1</sup>	\$510,521	\$550,117	\$563,454	\$596,502	\$596,650
Fee Replacement <sup>2</sup>	52,963	42,097	41,994	36,324	36,293
General Maintenance, R&R and Capital Cash <sup>3, 4</sup>	21,288	19,481	17,158	19,089	58,015
Total Received/ Estimated to be Received	\$584,772	\$611,695	\$622,606	\$651,915	\$690,958

Source: Office of the Treasurer; University Budget Office

#### Research

Indiana University has earned a reputation as a world-class research institution driving innovation for over 200 years. In fiscal year 2024, the University received \$785.4 million in public and private funding to support research and other activities, up 1% from \$777.7 million in sponsored funding to support research, instruction, and service in fiscal year 2023. The Fiscal year 2024 awards included \$552 million in federal and federal-pass-through grants and contracts, which includes \$359.3 million from the National Institutes of Health, \$49.7 million from the National Science Foundation, and \$85.8 million in sponsored funding from industry. Of fiscal year 2024 research funding awards, \$517.4 million were for the School of Medicine, up from \$471.6 million in fiscal year 2023. Note awards received are based on sponsored program activity over multiple years and are unaudited.

### **Indiana University Foundation**

The Foundation was incorporated in 1936 as a non-profit corporation, organized under the laws of the State, separate and distinct from the University. The Foundation is empowered to perform a wide range of services and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The general operating appropriation and line item appropriations were reduced by the State Budget Committee on June 17, 2020 for fiscal year 2021 to \$510,521,085 as shown under "As Appropriated" Unrestricted General Operating & Restricted Special. This represents a 7.0% reduction from the original "As Appropriated" for fiscal year 2021 due to financial impacts related to the COVID-19 pandemic on the State. The outcomes-based prospective model appropriations were reduced to \$3,751,379 from \$5,931,769.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The variances in "As Appropriated" and "As Received" for Fee Replacement primarily reflects issuance and refunding of student fee bonds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The variances in "As Appropriated" and "As Received" for General Maintenance, R&R and Capital Cash reflects reimbursements after expenditures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The State's 2023-25 State Biennium Budget provided capital cash of \$60,000,000 to IU for the Science Instructional and Research Lab Expansion and Renovation on the Indianapolis campus (fiscal year ended 2024 and fiscal year ending 2025 as appropriated each show half the amount), \$89,500,000 to IU for the Wells Quad and Public Health Renovation on the Bloomington campus (fiscal year ended 2024 and fiscal year ending 2025 as appropriated each show half the amount), and \$89,000,000 for the James T. Morris Arena on the Indianapolis campus, previously referred to as the IU Indianapolis Athletics Center or the Amateur Sports Facility (fiscal year ending 2025 as appropriated shows the full amount). No funds for those projects have been claimed or received yet.

conduct a variety of activities that support the University as it carries out its missions of teaching, research and public service. The Foundation conducts general and special purpose fundraising programs, receives and acknowledges gifts for the benefit of the University, administers those gifts to ensure that they are used as specified by the donor, invests those gifts intended for endowment purposes, serves as trustee for certain types of planned gift arrangements, and provides other services for the benefit of the University as requested from time to time.

The Foundation is governed by a Board of Directors, of which three members must be current members of the Trustees and one member must be the President of the University. The assets and income of the Foundation are held and accounted for separately from the funds of the University and are reported using Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards. As of June 30, 2024, the assets of the Foundation and the assets of the University managed by the Foundation had a fair value of approximately \$4,436,783,000 the majority of which consisted of funds restricted for University purposes.

Assets, net assets, and annual income of the Foundation and the annual distributions to the University for the fiscal years shown are set forth below.

# Indiana University Foundation Financial Summary (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Assets 1	Net Assets	Total Support and Other Revenue <sup>2</sup>	Total University Grants and Aid <sup>3</sup>
2020	\$3,105,177	\$2,693,104	\$197,285	\$168,606
2021	4,047,054	3,538,279	1,050,182	160,297
2022	4,146,757	3,392,472	221,471	316,587
2023	4,180,043	3,437,451	288,419	182,237
2024	4,436,783	3,657,500	468,614	190,228

Source: Indiana University Foundation - The Foundation financial statements as of June 30, 2024 may be obtained at: https://iufoundation.iu.edu/about/financial/index.html.

**Annual Fundraising** The Foundation, for the benefit of the University, conducts ongoing annual fundraising campaigns, as well as major gift and special development programs, to raise funds for endowments, research, student support, scholarships, awards, capital projects and special programs.

Assets that the Foundation held for the University and for University affiliates had corresponding liabilities reported on the Foundation's Statement of Financial Position for each of the fiscal years shown above. The portion of those assets held for the University and for University affiliates total \$258,641,047, \$350,149,375, \$513,790,738, \$517,973,492, and \$563,224,593 for the fiscal years shown, respectively. Additional information with respect to University endowment and quasi-endowment funds is contained within the section below. See "University-held Endowments and Quasi-endowments".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Primary sources of revenue and support are contributions and investment income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Differs from the Grants and aid to the University under the Indiana University Foundation Statement of Activities by amounts used for Foundation programs that benefit the University. In October 2021, the Foundation issued 30-year taxable bonds in the amount of \$150,000,000. The proceeds were used to provide unrestricted support to the University.

The following table summarizes the annual contributions to the Foundation for each of the fiscal years indicated:

Private Contributions to the Indiana University Foundation				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Number of Donors	Receipts (dollars in thousands)		
2020	94,002	\$195,486		
2021	107,302	235,023		
2022 1	101,060	627,877		
2023	96,674	187,015		
2024	92,782	209,816		

Source: Indiana University Foundation

### University-held Endowments and Quasi-endowments

Endowments are funds in which donors or other outside agencies have stipulated, as a condition of the gift, that the principal be maintained in perpetuity. Funds functioning as endowments, also referred to as "quasi-endowments," are resources which the University, rather than the donor, has determined to retain and manage like endowments. Funds that the University sets aside as quasi-endowments may be unrestricted or restricted as to the purpose.

The fair value of endowments and quasi-endowments held by the University are shown below for the fiscal years indicated.

University-held Endowments and Quasi-Endowments <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)		
Fiscal Year		
Ended June 30	Fair Value	
2020	\$240,607	
2021	316,556	
2022	485,445	
2023	489,669	
2024	537,815	

Source: Office of the Treasurer (unaudited)

### **Physical Plant**

As of June 30, 2024, the various campuses of the University covered a total of 3,751 acres. As of fall 2024, there were 860 buildings on the campuses, encompassing 37.2 million gross square feet, of which 20.4 million square feet is assignable to operating units. Not included in the assignable square feet are service, building and parking garage circulation and construction areas, restrooms, hallways, and wall thicknesses. Academic and administrative activities are assigned 11.2 million square feet; auxiliary enterprise services are assigned 9.2 million square feet. The following table sets forth the University's net capital assets, for each of the fiscal years shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Indiana University Foundation processes gifts received by Indiana University and these pass-through gifts are reported by IUF as receipts. The \$416,000,000 gift from Indiana University Health was processed by IUF and received by IU in this manner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes only University-held Endowments and Quasi-Endowments including endowments held for the benefit of Riley Children's Foundation of approximately \$2 million as of June 30, 2024 and real estate at fair value. The University directs giving to the Foundation and the fair value amounts of the Foundation-held Endowments and Quasi-Endowments are not shown.

# Capital Assets, Net 1,2,3 (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	
Ended June 30	Capital Assets, Net
2020	\$3,630,830
2021 4	3,782,215
2022 5	3,811,412
2023	3,810,550
2024	3,938,163

Source: Audited IU annual financial reports for the respective fiscal years ended, reflective of subsequent Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years shown

### **Capital Financing Plan**

The University has an ongoing capital improvement program consisting of new construction and the renovation of existing facilities. Capital improvement projects have historically been funded from a variety of sources, including but not limited to State appropriations, debt financing, gifts, and University funds.

In each biennium, the University prepares and updates its ten-year capital improvement plan. This provides the basis for a capital appropriation request which the University submits each biennium to the State Budget Agency, the Indiana Commission for Higher Education, and the General Assembly. The request identifies the projects and their respective purposes, priorities, amounts and funding sources. The General Assembly will approve or decline the various projects submitted by the University, and may include projects which were not on the initial capital plan request. For projects that receive General Assembly approval, specific funding sources for each project will be stipulated. General Assembly approval is required for projects that are to be financed by student fee bonds and projects that are not otherwise authorized by statute.

Indiana Code 21-32-2 permits the use of debt in the form of temporary borrowing in the form of commercial paper in anticipation of future long-term borrowing for capital projects, when such long-term borrowing is authorized under other sections of the Indiana Code. The university typically expects that capital projects temporarily financed with commercial paper would be long-term financed through the issuance of consolidated revenue bonds, obligations, or certain student fee bonds that are not eligible for fee replacement. The university's commercial paper program has an approved capacity of \$200,000,000. The university will not cause commercial paper maturities in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$50,000,000 to mature in any five-business-day period.

The State's 2023-25 State Biennium Budget provided capital cash appropriations of \$60,000,000 to IU for the Science Instructional and Research Lab Expansion and Renovation on the Indianapolis campus and \$89,500,000 to IU for the Wells Quad and Public Health Renovation on the Bloomington campus. The State's 2023-25 State Biennium Budget additionally provided \$89,000,000 for the James T. Morris Arena on the Indianapolis campus. See

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net of accumulated depreciation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the university adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which has been reflected as of July 1, 2020. All prior periods (fiscal year ended June 30, 2021) of the financial statements and accompanying notes that were impacted by this Statement have been restated. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and right-to-use assets, and also includes receivables for the present value of payments expected to be received and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. Lease activity is further described in Note 5, Lease Receivables and Note 10, Lease Obligations. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 87. The university reported a \$927,000 decrease to net position as of July 1, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the university adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, with an implementation date of July 1, 2021. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and subscription-based IT assets. Subscription activity is further described in Note 10, Right-to-Use Assets and Obligations. The adoption of GASB 96 resulted in the recognition of subscription-based IT assets and liabilities in the amount of \$17,480,000 as of July 1, 2021. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB 96.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Prior to restatement mentioned in footnote 2, the University's capital assets, net as of June 30, 2021 were \$3,668,555.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Prior to restatement mentioned in footnote 3, the University's capital assets, net as of June 30, 2022 were \$3,783,924.

"State Appropriations." As of December 1, 2024, there are no near-term capital projects approved by Indiana University that would require financing. Therefore, no table is shown.

### **Indebtedness of the University**

The University is authorized by various acts of the General Assembly to issue bonds for the purposes of financing the construction of academic and administrative facilities, research facilities, student housing facilities, student union buildings, athletic facilities, and parking facilities. This section refers to debt as bonds (student fee bonds and/or consolidated revenue bonds) or notes (certificates of participation, lease purchase obligations and/or commercial paper).

The University has never failed to pay punctually, and in full, all amounts due for principal of and interest on any indebtedness. All long term debt principal outstanding as of December 3, 2024 was fixed-rate debt while commercial paper principal outstanding as of December 3, 2024 was variable-rate debt, with no associated swaps.

A summary of the total outstanding bonded indebtedness (unaudited) as of December 3, 2024 follows.

### Facilities Indebtedness as of December 3, 2024 $^{1,2}$

(dollars in thousands)

Type of Issuance	Original Principal	Principal Outstanding	
Student Fee Bonds <sup>3</sup>	\$362,765	\$222,975	
Consolidated Revenue Bonds <sup>4</sup>	615,260	509,080	
Obligations <sup>4,5</sup>	236,470	191,875	
Commercial Paper <sup>4</sup>	116,935	5,683	
Total	\$1,331,430	\$929,613	

Source: Office of the Treasurer

#### Sources of Payment for Indebtedness (in alphabetical order by type of issuance)

Certificates of Participation and Lease Purchase Obligations, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, and commercial paper are payable from Available Funds. The language used to define Available Funds varies slightly between the applicable documents for Consolidated Revenue Bonds, commercial paper, and Obligations. However, the calculation for the balance of Available Funds set forth below reported as of June 30 of each fiscal year is the same, irrespective of the applicable documents.

Consolidated Revenue Bonds and Commercial Paper Available Funds; Exclusions; Balances. Available Funds are defined in the bond documents for Consolidated Revenue Bonds and commercial paper as (a) the net income of certain facilities, and (b) any and all other funds of the University legally available for transfer to the sinking fund. Available Funds include, but are not limited to, unrestricted operating fund balances, auxiliary fund balances, and certain other fund balances of the University and selected related entities, in each case without any priority among any such fund balances and only to the extent not pledged, restricted, or specifically authorized for other purposes, now or in the future, or otherwise restricted by law. Available Funds do not include (i) student fees pledged for other purposes or otherwise restricted by law; (ii) other specifically identified revenues or funds pledged or otherwise dedicated or restricted for other purposes; or (iii) moneys appropriated by the General Assembly and specifically authorized for other purposes or otherwise restricted by law. No assurance can be provided as to the availability or adequacy of any Available Funds as of any particular date. The University retains the right to use Available Funds for the payment of other obligations of the University and to use any or all Available Funds for other lawful corporate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This table does not reflect unamortized bond premium or deferred outflows and reflects bonds with varying Base CUSIP designations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes leases/right-to-use assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Secured by a pledge of student fees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Payable from certain legally available funds of the University.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Lease Purchase Obligations and Certificates of Participation.

purposes of the University. In particular, Available Funds may be used to pay costs of any facilities, financing expenses, amounts payable under any credit facility, and amounts payable (such as termination payments, etc.) under any derivative agreement.

Lease Purchase Obligations and Certificates of Participation Available Funds; Exclusions; Balances. Available Funds are defined in the Leases as any and all monies of the University which are legally available for the payment of any obligations thereunder, including unrestricted operating fund balances, auxiliary fund balances and certain other fund balances of the University, in each case without any priority among any such fund balances and only to the extent not pledged, restricted of specifically authorized for other purposes, now or in the future, or otherwise restricted by law, but excluding mandatory student fees or state appropriations, except to the extent that such funds are expressly authorized for this purpose by the General Assembly. No assurance can be provided as to the availability or adequacy of any Available Funds as of any date. The University retains the right to use Available Funds for the payment of other obligations of the University and to use any or all Available Funds for other lawful corporate purposes of the University. In particular. Available Funds may be used to pay cost of any facilities, financing expenses, amounts payable under any credit facility and amounts payable (such as termination payments, etc.) under any derivative agreement.

The following table presents certain Available Funds balances as of the end of the fiscal year for each of the past five years.

Available Funds <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30 Indiana University 2,3	<b>2020</b> \$1,118,058	<b>2021</b> <sup>4</sup> \$1,480,469	<b>2022</b> \$1,470,862	<b>2023</b> \$1,736,389	<b>2024</b> \$1,980,831
Indiana University Foundation	358,780	468,610	503,379	472,291	511,852
Available Funds	\$1,476,838	\$1,949,079	\$1,974,241	\$2,208,680	\$2,492,683

Sources: Audited IU annual financial report for the respective fiscal years ended, reflective of subsequent Management's Discussion and Analysis for the years shown; Indiana University Foundation (unaudited)

**Student Fee Revenues** Student fee bonds are payable from student fees. The General Assembly has historically appropriated to the University an amount equal to the annual debt service requirements due on previously approved and outstanding student fee bonds (the "fee replacement" appropriations). See "State Appropriations to the University". The total amount and composition of student fee revenues of the University, including instructional fees and other fees charged, for each of the last five fiscal years follow.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amounts include unrestricted net position of the University as of June 30 of each year. Amounts also include certain quasi-endowment funds held by the Foundation designated for general use by specific schools or departments, that could be used to replace other revenues budgeted for such schools or departments, allowing such budgeted revenues to be applied to debt service on outstanding obligations in the event other Available Funds are not sufficient to pay such debt service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Audited IU Annual Financial Report fiscal year 2022, Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted: The University adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which has been reflected as of July 1, 2020. All prior periods of the financial statements and accompanying notes that were impacted by this Statement have been restated. As a result, the Statement of Net Position now includes a liability for the present value of payments expected to be made and right-to-use assets, and also includes receivables for the present value of payments expected to be received and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. Lease activity is further described in Note 5, Lease Receivables and Note 10, Lease Obligations. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 87. The University reported a \$927,000 decrease to net position as of July 1, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Unrestricted Net Position is the largest component of Available Funds. See "Financial Operations of the University – Total Net Position".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Prior to restatement mentioned in footnote 2, the University's unrestricted net position was \$1,480,226 and \$1,117,918 as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Student Fee Revenues <sup>1</sup> (dollars in thousands)					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Student Fees Per Student Fee Bonds Indenture	\$1,547,225	\$1,573,780	\$1,619,207	\$1,685,549	\$1,713,351
Student Fees Per Financial Report					
Tuition and Fees	1,547,225	1,573,780	1,619,207	1,685,549	1,713,351
Less Scholarship Allowance	(313,068)	(328,028)	(332,073)	(349,535)	(341,829)
Tuition and Fees Net of Scholarship Allowance	\$1,234,157	\$1,245,752	\$1,287,134	\$1,336,014	\$1,371,522

Source: Audited IU annual financial report for the respective fiscal years ended as shown

### **Information from Financial Report**

- Please refer to the most recent audited Indiana University financial report under Exhibit A. -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship allowance beginning with the audited IU Annual Financial Report 2021-2022. Tuition and fees are reflected as gross (prior to scholarship allowance) in all years shown.



# **Indiana University**

# **Financial Report**

2023 - 2024



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### **Trustees and Administrative Officers of Indiana University**

### The Trustees of Indiana University

As of June 30, 2024

W. Quinn Buckner, Chair, Board of Trustees, Monroe County

Cathy A. Langham, Member, Hamilton County

Cynthia L. Lucchese, Vice Chair, Marion County

Jeremy A. Morris, Member, Marion County

J. Timothy Morris, Member, Nashville, TN

**Kyle S. Seibert**, Member, Monroe County (Student Trustee)

Donna B. Spears, Member, Wayne County

Isaac Torres, Member, St. Joseph County

Vivian H. Winston, Member, Monroe County

### Officers of the Board of Trustees

Andrea Havill, Secretary
Anthony Prather, Assistant Secretary
Donald S. Lukes, Treasurer
Dwayne Pinkney, Assistant Treasurer

### **Administrative Officers**

As of June 30, 2024

#### The Presidents and Vice Presidents

Pamela Whitten, President of the University

**Michael A. McRobbie**, President Emeritus of the University, Chancellor, Indiana University

**Adam W. Herbert**, President Emeritus of the University

**Thomas Ehrlich**, President Emeritus of the University

**Jay L. Hess**, Executive Vice President for University Clinical Affairs, and Dean & Walter J. Daly Professor IU School of Medicine

### Dwayne Pinkney (ending June 30, 2024),

Executive Vice President for Finance and Administration

**Jason D. Dudich (beginning July 1, 2024)**, Interim Vice President for Finance and Chief Financial Officer

**Latha Ramchand**, Executive Vice President and Inaugural Chancellor, IU Indianapolis

**Rahul Shrivastav**, Executive Vice President and Provost, IU Bloomington

Hannah Buxbaum, Vice President for International Affairs

**Scott Dolson**, Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics

Michael Huber, Vice President for University Relations

**Rob Lowden**, Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer

**Thomas A. Morrison**, Vice President for Capital Planning and Facilities

Russell J. Mumper, Vice President for Research

Nancy E. Paton, Vice President and Chief Communications and Marketing Officer

**Julie Payne-Kirchmeier**, Vice President for Student Success

Anthony Prather, Vice President and General Counsel

**Todd Richardson**, Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer

**Susan Sciame-Giesecke**, Vice President for Regional Campuses and Online Education

**James C. Wimbush**, Vice President for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

**Brenda Stopher**, Chief of Staff to the President and Vice President for Strategic Operations

### The Chancellors

**Dennis M. Rome**, Chancellor, Indiana University East (Richmond)

Susan Elrod, Chancellor, Indiana University South Bend

**Ken Iwama**, Chancellor, Indiana University Northwest (Gary)

Mark Canada, Chancellor, Indiana University Kokomo

**Deborah Ford**, Chancellor, Indiana University Southeast (New Albany)

### Other Officers and Senior Leaders

J Thomas Forbes, President and CEO, IU Foundation

**Patricia Riveire Stumpf**, Chief Executive Officer, IU Alumni Association

Donald S. Lukes, Treasurer, Indiana University

**MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT** 

The Honorable Eric J. Holcomb Governor, State of Indiana

State House, Room 206

200 West Washington Street

Indianapolis, IN 46204

Dear Governor Holcomb:

On behalf of the Indiana University Board of Trustees, I present the university's 2023-24 Financial Report. I am pleased to report that, through our continued efforts to judiciously manage state funds and tuition revenues, IU's financial position

remains robust.

This fall, across our campuses and through our online programs, we have welcomed nearly 90,000 students who comprise

one of the most academically accomplished and diverse student bodies in IU history. Our continued strong enrollment

shows the value and impact of an IU degree in the eyes of students and employers.

We are proud of our commitment to affordability. More than half of IU undergraduates leave the commencement stage

with no student loan debt. We have further strengthened our affordability by implementing a simplified fee structure that

is saving students \$14.5 million a year.

We have seen tremendous early progress toward achieving the goals of IU 2030, our bold seven-year strategic plan to

advance student success and opportunity, foster transformative research, and strengthen IU's unwavering commitment to

serving our state. To cite just a few examples:

• The successful Groups Scholars Program recently expanded to all IU campuses to support greater numbers of

first-generation and underrepresented students.

• IU Indianapolis has launched two new institutes that will drive transformative research in health, medicine, life

sciences, and technology.

• IU Innovates, our new university-wide initiative that expands support for students and faculty in creating and

growing startup ventures, is leading the charge in fostering a more vibrant culture of entrepreneurship across the

university.

As we look to the future, we remain dedicated to building on these successes, continually enhancing the quality and

accessibility of an IU education. With the state's continued support, we are confident that Indiana University will drive

innovation and prosperity across Indiana and beyond, making a lasting impact on our students and our community.

Sincerely,

Pamela Whitten

Famela White

President, Indiana University

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### MESSAGE FROM THE INTERIM VICE PRESIDENT FOR FINANCE AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Dear President Whitten and the Trustees of Indiana University:

I am pleased to present to you the Indiana University Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles. The accompanying notes and the Management's Discussion and Analysis are integral parts of the financial statements.

The statements are intended to provide a summary of the flow of the economic resources of the university during the fiscal year covering the period of July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024. The statements report the university's financial position at June 30, 2024, with comparative data from the previous fiscal year. In addition, financial results of the discretely presented component units are incorporated in the 2023-2024 financial report.

The financial statements have been audited by Plante Moran and their opinion on the financial statements appears after this letter.

The Indiana University Financial Report is a consolidated report incorporating all seven campuses for which Indiana University has fiscal responsibility and also includes all auxiliary operations. The information presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the financial report includes indicators that assess Indiana University's fiscal health. Overall, these indicators show that Indiana University continues to have a strong balance sheet reflecting sound and careful fiscal management across the institution.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the institution had an increase in net position of \$225,108,000, or 4%, over the prior year. This positive financial performance was primarily driven by a focus on affordability in conjunction with strong investment returns. Resident undergraduate tuition increased by 3% for all campuses for the 2023-2024 academic year. Complementing these moderate tuition increases was continued financial support for our students with \$567,747,000 provided in financial aid.

Affordability is also maintained through the continued financial support of donors and the state, combined with the fiscal stewardship of those across the University. This has allowed us to continue to invest in the programs and facilities required to educate and prepare students to contribute to the state, the nation, and the world in alignment with IU's 2030 strategic plan. In fiscal year 2024, state support for university operations was \$633,274,000, while state support for capital projects was \$19,098,000. Simultaneously, donor support brought into the University was \$183,546,000.

Indiana University is one of seven public universities that hold an Aaa long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, as well as an AAA rating from S&P Global Ratings. These ratings reflect not only IU's strong financial performance and focus on high standards and fiscal management, but also the effective governance of senior leadership and the Board of Trustees. These ratings also reflect the quality of our academic programs, our ability to plan for the future, and our continued focus on efficiency and affordability.

On behalf of all those responsible for the fiscal stewardship of Indiana University's resources, I submit the Indiana University Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Jason D. Dudich

FDRA

Interim Vice President for

Finance and Chief Financial

Officer

#### Plante & Moran, PLLC

plante \_\_\_\_ moran

Suite 100 1111 Michigan Ave. East Lansing, MI 48823 Tel: 517.332.6200 Fax: 517.332.8502 plantemoran.com

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Indiana University

#### Report on the Audits of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Indiana University (the "University"), a component unit of the State of Indiana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Indiana University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Indiana University as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units, which represent all of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The discretely presented component units were not audited under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the 2023 basic financial statements have been restated to correct a material misstatement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that audits conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing audits in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Additional Information

Management is responsible for the accompanying message from the president; message from the vice president and chief financial officer, trustees, and administrative officers of Indiana University; and additional information (as identified in the table of contents), which are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover such information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

To the Board of Trustees Indiana University

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2024 on our consideration of Indiana University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Indiana University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Indiana University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 29, 2024

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

### INTRODUCTION

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the consolidated financial position and activities of Indiana University ("university" or IU) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, with selected comparative information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements included in this Annual Financial Report.

Indiana University was founded in 1820 and is one of the largest state-supported universities in the United States. The university is a major multi-campus public research institution, grounded in the liberal arts and sciences, and a world-class leader in professional, medical, and technological education. IU's mission is to provide broad access to undergraduate and graduate education for students throughout Indiana, the United States, and the world, as well as outstanding academic and cultural programs and student services. The university seeks to create dynamic partnerships with the state and local communities in economic, social, and cultural development to contribute to economic prosperity in Indiana and beyond. The university offers leadership in creative solutions for 21st century problems and strives to achieve full diversity and to maintain a friendly, collegial, and humane environment with a strong commitment to academic freedom.

The university's Annual Financial Report includes three financial statements: Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and Statement of Cash Flows. The university's financial statements, related notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information, including management's discussion and analysis have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles. GASB required supplementary information is not audited and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The university's financial statements also contain the following component units:

The Indiana University Foundation (IU Foundation) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana for the exclusive purpose of supporting the university by receiving, holding, investing, and administering property and making expenditures to or for the benefit of the university. As a tax-exempt organization that would be misleading to exclude, the IU Foundation is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The James Whitcomb Riley Memorial Association, Inc., d/b/a Riley Children's Endowment (Riley) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to fund and support the Riley Hospital for Children, to fund medical research dedicated to the treatment and care of disabled or sick children in conjunction with the Riley Hospital, and to secure and maintain endowment funds to benefit children and other initiatives. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of Riley's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of Riley's board at will. As a result, Riley is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The IU Medical Group Foundation, Inc. (IUMG) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to acquire, manage, and distribute funds for the benefit of the Indiana University School of Medicine and Indiana

University Health Care Associates. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of IUMG's board of directors, and there is a financial benefit relationship from IUMG. As a result, IUMG is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The Regenstrief Institute, Inc. ("Institute") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to integrate research discovery, technological advances, and systems improvement into the practice of medicine. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of the Institute's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of the Institute's board at will. As a result, the Institute is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) serves specific purposes on behalf of the university and is shown in a blended presentation with the university's financial statements. The sole purpose of IUBC is to assist the university in the financing and development of university facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the university on a lease-purchase basis.

# **ABOUT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The **Statement of Net Position** is the university's balance sheet. The statement presents the university's financial position by reporting all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of the end of the fiscal year, with comparative information for the prior fiscal year. Net position is the residual value of the university's assets and deferred outflows of resources, after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted, and is one indicator of the financial condition of the university.

The **Statement of Revenues**, **Expenses**, **and Changes in Net Position** is the university's income statement. The statement presents the total revenues recognized and expenses incurred by the university during the fiscal year, along with the increase or decrease in net position with comparative information for the prior fiscal year. This statement depicts the university's revenue streams, along with the categories of expenses supported by that revenue. Changes in net position are an indication of improvement or decline in the university's overall financial condition.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** provides additional information about the university's financial results by presenting detailed information about cash inflows and outflows during the fiscal year, with comparative information for the prior fiscal year. The statement reports the major sources and uses of cash and is useful in the assessment of the university's ability to generate future net cash flows and to meet obligations as they come due.

The university adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, during fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and should be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practicable, for all prior periods presented. The most recent prior period of the financial statements and accompanying notes of the financial statements that were impacted by this Statement have been restated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The university reported an \$894,000 increase in net position as of July 1, 2022, as a result of the implementation of GASB 96.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the university recorded an adjustment to correct an error related to pending investment sales and pending investment purchases which were previously netted within Cash and Cash Equivalents. The adjustment impacted Cash and Cash Equivalents, Accounts Receivable, and Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities. All prior periods presented in the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statement that were impacted by this error have been adjusted. The impact to the earliest period presented in the Management's Discussion & Analysis is July 1, 2021, in which there was no impact to net position. See Note 1, Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information.

# **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

A comparison of the university's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, is summarized as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position (in thousands of dollars)							
Current assets	Jı \$	ne 30, 2024 790,331	June 30, 2023 \$ 894,865		ne 30, 2022 825,074		
Capital assets, net	4	3,938,163	3,810,550		3,811,412		
Other assets		2,786,765	2,529,888		2,395,138		
Total assets		7,515,259	7,235,303		7,031,624		
Deferred outflows of resources		72,335	77,020		79,869		
Current liabilities		653,998	663,196		637,845		
Noncurrent liabilities		1,404,100	1,348,143		1,373,326		
Total liabilities		2,058,098	2,011,339		2,011,171		
Deferred inflows of resources		80,593	77,189		119,385		
Net investment in capital assets		2,776,782	2,655,593		2,581,396		
Restricted net position		691,290	831,813		928,679		
Unrestricted net position		1,980,831	1,736,389		1,470,862		
Total net position	\$	5,448,903	\$ 5,223,795	\$	4,980,937		

#### **ASSETS**

#### **Current Assets**

Current assets include those that are used to support current operations and consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, current net receivables, and short-term investments. Cash balances support commitments to strategic initiatives, employee

benefit and retirement costs, self-liquidity requirements, and ongoing operational needs. The overall fluctuations in current assets are primarily a function of the university's revenue and expense cycles, along with investment activities.

Current assets decreased \$104,534,000, or 12%, and increased \$69,791,000, or 8%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease in 2024 was primarily attributable to a decrease in short-term investments of \$147,892,000 and a decrease in net receivables of \$21,753,000. This was partially offset by an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$70,586,000. The decrease in short-term investments was driven by the timing of investment purchases and sales, as well as operational needs. The decrease in net receivables was primarily driven by pending investment sales but was partially offset by an increase related to the timing of receivables realization, especially concerning foundation revenue which experienced increased activity compared to prior year. The increase in cash and cash equivalents was driven by the proceeds from the Series 2024A bond issuance as well as the liquidation of short-term investments.

The increase in 2023 was primarily attributable to an increase in net receivables of \$99,961,000 as well as an increase in short-term investments of \$52,601,000. This was partially offset by a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$80,507,000. The increase in net receivables was primarily driven by pending investment sales and the timing of receivables realization. The increase in short-term investments was driven by the appreciation of equity and fixed income investments. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents was driven by the timing of investment purchases and sales, as well as operational needs.

#### Noncurrent Assets

Major components of noncurrent assets are endowments, operating investments, and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Noncurrent assets increased \$384,490,000, or 6%, and increased \$133,888,000, or 2%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2024 was primarily attributable to an increase in long-term investments of \$225,706,000 as well as an increase in capital assets of \$127,613,000. The increase in long-term investments was driven by the appreciation of equity and fixed income investments. The increase in capital assets was primarily attributable to capitalized costs related to the construction of IU School of Medicine Medical Education building and the Wright Quad renovation (See Note 6, Capital Assets).

The increase in 2023 was primarily attributable to an increase in long-term investments of \$139,728,000, partially offset by a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$6,660,000. The increase in long-term investments was driven by the appreciation of equity and fixed income investments.

#### Capital Assets

The university's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, which includes land, art and museum objects, infrastructure, equipment, buildings, and right-to-use assets increased \$127,613,000 and decreased \$862,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Additions to capital assets are comprised of new construction and renovations, as well as major investments in equipment and information technology. Funding for capital assets consists of use of capital appropriations, gifts designated for capital purposes, and debt proceeds (see Note 6, Capital Assets).

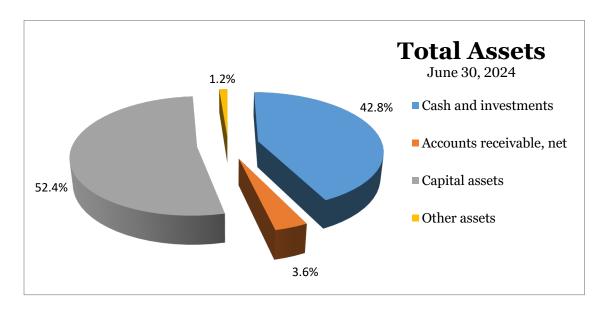
The university continues to focus on reinvesting in existing facilities through renovations and upgrades as needed to support academic programming and research. Utilization of these facilities provides students, faculty, and staff with new learning and research spaces via fiscally responsible methods that encourage efficient management and reuse of existing space, as well as new construction when appropriate.

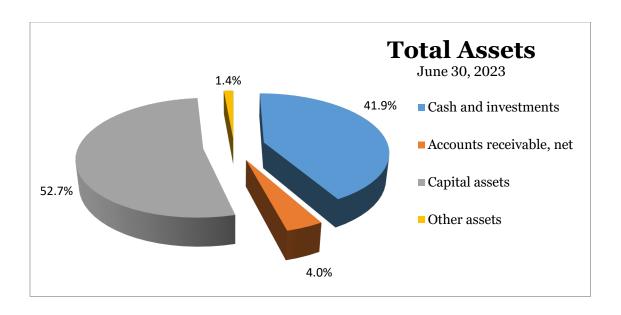
The increase to capital assets, net of depreciation, in 2024 was primarily attributable to capitalized construction in progress (CIP) costs of \$131,461,000 (see Note 6, Capital Assets). These costs included, but were not limited to, two major projects at the university. The first being the IU School of Medicine Medical Education and Research building in Indianapolis which will create a new primary site for medical education programs, including classrooms, high-tech teaching labs and simulation rooms, and offices and support areas as well as research activities. This project incurred \$78,000,000 in 2024. The second major project was the Wright Quad renovation on the Bloomington campus to upgrade existing systems and improve accessibility. This project incurred \$49,000,000 in 2024.

Significant completed projects in 2024 also contributed to the increase in capitalized costs. These included the renovation of the Nursing Skills and Simulation Laboratory on the Indianapolis campus and the renovation of Parkside Hall on the South Bend campus. Both of these completed projects totaled \$11,116,000 in capitalized costs for 2024.

The following table and charts represent the composition of total assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

		<b>Total Assets</b>	•			
(in thousands of dollars)						
		June 30, 2024	!		June 30, 2023	}
Cash and investments	\$	3,213,513	42.8%	\$	3,028,288	41.9%
Accounts receivable, net		270,574	3.6%		292,327	4.0%
Capital assets, net		3,938,163	52.4%		3,810,550	52.7%
Other assets		93,009	1.2%		104,138	1.4%
Total assets	\$	7,515,259	100.0%	\$	7,235,303	100.0%





#### **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of resources applicable to a future reporting period, but do not require a further exchange of goods or services. Deferred outflows represent the consumption of net position applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as expenses or expenditures until then. Certain changes in resources related to the net pension liability (see Note 12, Retirement Plans) and the OPEB liability (see Note 13, Postemployment Benefits) are reported as deferred outflows of resources. The amounts recorded also include accumulated deferred charges on refundings of capital debt.

Deferred outflows decreased \$4,685,000, or 6%, and decreased \$2,849,000, or 4%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Changes in deferred outflows are related primarily to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, changes in lease receivables, and changes in actuarial assumptions (See Notes 12, Retirement Plans and 13, Postemployment Benefits).

### **LIABILITIES**

#### **Current Liabilities**

Current liabilities are those expected to become due and are payable over the course of the next fiscal year. Current liabilities consist of accounts payable, accrued compensation, compensated absences, unearned revenue, current portion of long-term debt and other obligations, and current portion of total other postemployment benefits obligations.

Current liabilities decreased \$9,198,000, or 1%, and increased \$25,351,000, or 4%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease in 2024 was primarily attributable to a decrease in the current portion of long-term debt and other obligations of \$16,511,000. This was offset by an increase in unearned revenue of \$7,892,000 and accounts payable and accrued liabilities

of \$4,084,000. The decrease in the current portion of long-term debt and other obligations was primarily driven by principal payments (see Debt and Financing Activity section below for additional information). The increase in unearned revenue was primarily driven by an increase to student fee revenues deferred to future academic terms. The increase to accounts payable and accrued liabilities was primarily driven by the timing of receipt of invoices.

The increase in 2023 was primarily attributable to increases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$92,301,000. This was partially offset by decreases in unearned revenue of \$41,101,000 and the current portion of long-term debt and other obligations of \$22,212,000. The increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was primarily driven by pending investment purchases at year end. The decrease in unearned revenue was primarily driven by a decrease in the current portion of unearned revenue associated with nongovernmental grants and contracts. The decrease in the current portion of long-term debt and other obligations was primarily driven by principal payments (see Debt and Financing Activity section below for additional information).

### Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities increased \$55,957,000, or 4%, and decreased \$25,183,000, or 2%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2024 was primarily attributable to increases in long-term debt and other obligations of \$63,627,000 and net pension liability of \$5,326,000. This was partially offset by a decrease to federal loans payable of \$3,364,000. The increase in long-term debt and other obligations was primarily due to the issuance of the Series 2024A revenue bonds in June 2024 (see Debt and Financing Activity section below for additional information). The increase in net pension liability was primarily due to low market returns as of the measurement date on June 30, 2023 (see Note 12, Retirement Plans). The decrease in federal loans payable was primarily driven by continued repayment of federal government loan obligations.

The decrease in 2023 was primarily attributable to decreases in long-term debt and other obligations of \$52,986,000 and the noncurrent portion of unearned revenue of \$9,965,000. The decrease in long-term debt and other obligations was primarily due to principal payments (see Debt and Financing Activity section below for additional information). The decrease in the noncurrent portion of unearned revenue was primarily driven by a decrease in the noncurrent portion of unearned revenue associated with nongovernmental grants and contracts. This was partially offset by an increase in net pension liability of \$33,228,000 as a result of low market returns during the applicable reporting period.

# **Debt and Financing Activity**

Institutional borrowing capacity is a valuable resource that is actively managed in support of the institutional mission. Total bonds, notes, and right-to-use obligations were \$1,213,857,000 and \$1,171,889,000 at June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively (see Note 8, Other Liabilities).

The university had debt and financing activity related to bonds and notes occur within fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 (see Note 9, Bonds and Notes Payable).

Commercial paper notes are issued by the university to provide for the temporary financing or refinancing of costs related to certain facilities on all the Indiana University campuses, including costs of issuance of the notes. The university has no credit facilities and no lines or letters of credit for repayment of commercial paper. The university has a self-liquidity backed commercial paper program which guarantees the payment of the maturity amount of any commercial paper notes that are not placed to investors. The university will not cause commercial paper maturities in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$50,000,000 to mature in any five-business-day period.

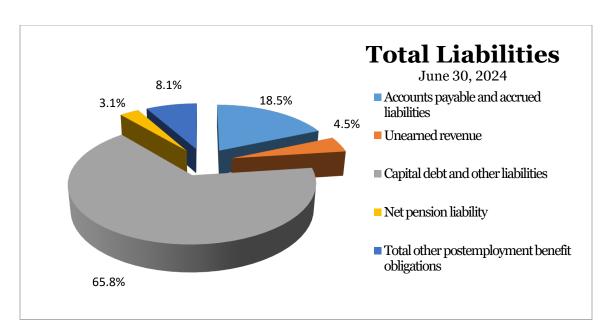
On May 10, 2024, both Moody's Investors Service and S&P Global Ratings reaffirmed their ratings for the university's student fee bonds, consolidated revenue bonds, lease-purchase obligations, certificates of participation, and the commercial paper program. The university's outlook is stable under both rating agencies.

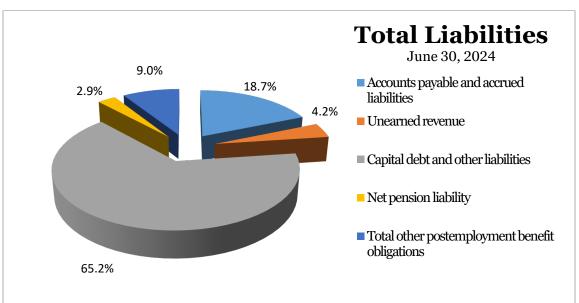
Debt ratings	S&P	Moody's
Student fee bonds	AAA	Aaa
Consolidated revenue bonds	AAA	Aaa
Lease-purchase obligations	AAA	Aaa
Certificates of participation	AAA	Aaa
Commercial paper	A-1+	P-1
Outlook	Stable	Stable

On June 13, 2024, the university issued fixed rate Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A ("CRB 2024A") with a par amount of \$102,245,000 which included a current refunding of commercial paper notes. The CRB 2024A proceeds financed the construction of the Research Laboratory Renovations and partially financed the construction of Wright Quadrangle Renovation on the Bloomington campus and were used to defease certain Commercial Paper Notes Series 2021A and certain Commercial Paper Notes Series 2023A. The CRB 2024A proceeds were also used to pay costs to issue the bonds, including underwriters' discount.

The following table and charts represent the composition of total liabilities as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

<b>Total Liabilities</b> (in thousands of dollars)							
June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	379,979	18.5%	\$	375,895	18.7%	
Unearned revenue		92,191	4.5%		84,440	4.2%	
Capital debt and other liabilities		1,355,095	65.8%		1,311,343	65.2%	
Net pension liability		63,355	3.1%		58,029	2.9%	
Total other postemployment benefit obligations		167,478	8.1%		181,632	9.0%	
Total liabilities	\$	2,058,098	100.0%	\$	2,011,339	100.0%	





## **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of resources applicable to a future reporting period, but do not require a further exchange of goods or services. Deferred inflows represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period and will not be recognized as revenue until then. Included in these amounts are lease receivables under GASB 87 (see Note 5, Lease Receivable), the net pension liability (see Note 12, Retirement Plans), and the OPEB liability (see Note 13, Postemployment Benefits).

Deferred inflows increased \$3,404,000, or 4%, and decreased \$42,196,000, or 35%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Changes in deferred inflows are related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, changes in actuarial assumptions, and changes related to lease receivables.

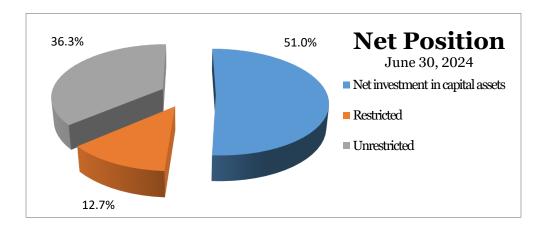
### **NET POSITION**

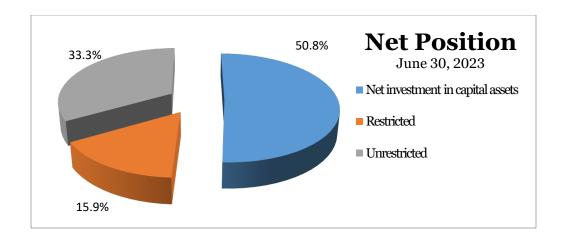
Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in the Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified into three major categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the university's investment in capital assets, such as equipment, buildings, land, infrastructure, and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- Restricted net position consists of amounts subject to externally imposed restrictions governing usage and is divided into two sub-categories:
  - Restricted non-expendable funds are subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be retained in perpetuity. These balances represent the corpus (historical value) of the university's permanent endowment funds.
  - Restricted expendable funds are available for expenditure by the university but must be spent according to restrictions imposed by third parties.
- Unrestricted net position includes amounts institutionally designated or committed to support specific purposes.

The following table and chart represent the composition of net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

<b>Total Net Position</b> (in thousands of dollars)						
		June 30, 20	24		June 30, 202	3
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,776,782	51.0%	\$	2,655,593	50.8%
Restricted		691,290	12.7%		831,813	15.9%
Unrestricted		1,980,831	36.3%		1,736,389	33.3%
Total net position	\$	5,448,903	100.0%	\$	5,223,795	100.0%





The university's net investment in capital assets reflects the institutional capital investment in sustaining and enhancing the university's mission and strategic plans. The net investment in capital assets increased \$121,189,000, or 5%, and \$74,197,000, or 3%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Growth in this area is managed according to the university's long-range capital plans.

Restricted net position decreased \$140,523,000, or 17%, and decreased \$96,866,000, or 10%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease in both 2024 and 2023 was primarily due to the timing of spending restricted gifts.

Unrestricted net position is subject to internal designations and commitments for academic and research initiatives, capital projects, and unrestricted quasi- and term-endowment spending plans. Unrestricted net position represents resources available for ongoing operational needs and for funding ongoing obligations, as well as providing flexibility to support the university's mission in changing economic environments. Unrestricted net position increased \$244,442,000, or 14%, and increased \$265,527,000, or 18%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Net position increased \$225,108,000, or 4%, in 2024 and increased \$242,858,000, or 5%, in 2023.

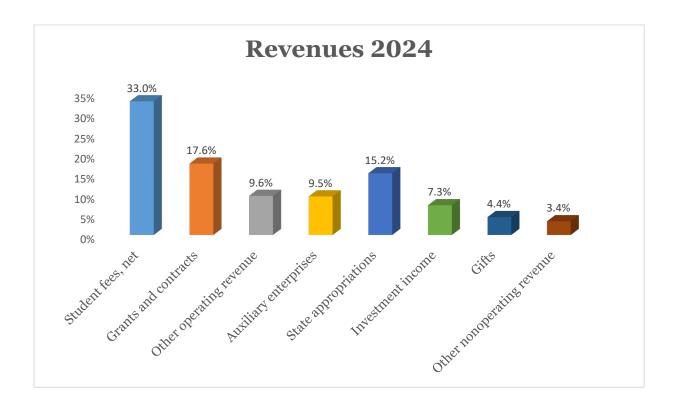
# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

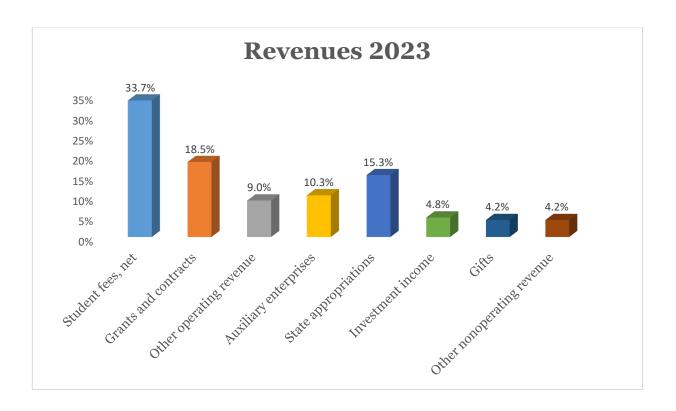
Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating in accordance with GASB principles for classification into these categories. Trends in the relationship between operating revenues and expenses are important indicators of financial condition. Generally, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services and include tuition and fees, grants and contracts, sales and services, and auxiliary revenues. Scholarship discounts and allowances are calculated as the difference between the stated charges for goods and services provided by the university and the amounts paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of students. Nonoperating revenues include state appropriations, revenue from certain grants and contracts, gifts, and net investment income. Operating expenses are those incurred to conduct the normal operations of the university. Indiana University, as a public university, is required by GASB standards to report certain revenue sources that are an integral part of operations as nonoperating revenues.

A summarized comparison of the university's revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars)							
	Fiscal Year Ended						
	Ju	ne 30, 2024	June	30, 2023	Jur	ne 30, 2022	
Operating revenues	\$	2,896,576	\$	2,836,932	\$	2,640,092	
Operating expenses		(3,897,149)		(3,690,143)		(3,503,263)	
Total operating loss		(1,000,573)		(853,211)		(863,171)	
Nonoperating revenues		1,233,388		1,106,981		1,529,213	
Nonoperating expenses		(36,297)		(35,185)		(239,541)	
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses		196,518		218,585		426,501	
Other revenues		28,590		24,273		25,725	
Increase in net position		225,108		242,858		452,226	
Net position, beginning of year		5,223,795		4,980,937		4,528,711	
Net position, end of year	\$	5,448,903	\$	5,223,795	\$	4,980,937	

The following charts represent revenues by major source for fiscal years 2024 and 2023:





Operating revenues increased \$59,644,000 or 2%, and increased \$196,840,000 or 7%, during 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university supports its operations with diverse revenue sources, of which the largest single source is student tuition and fees. Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, increased \$35,508,000 and \$48,880,000 during 2024 and 2023, respectively. Tuition and fee revenue is affected by a combination of changes in tuition rates, enrollment, and the mix of student levels and residency. Resident undergraduate tuition increased by 3% in 2024 and 2025 for all campuses. For the 2022-2023 academic year, resident undergraduate tuition rates increased by approximately 1% across all campuses. These increases remain below the rate of inflation and further demonstrate Indiana University's commitment to affordability. The revenue from these modest increases will go to further IU's efforts to recruit and retain an excellent faculty and to support student success. Total operating grant and contract revenues decreased \$8,430,000, or 1%, and increased \$118,405,000, or 19%, during 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2023 was primarily attributable to increased federal, state, and nongovernmental operating grant and contract activity. Sales and services of education units and other revenue, including hospital and practice plan support for School of Medicine research and other initiatives, increased \$44,600,000, or 13%, and decreased \$5,223,000, or 1%, for 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2024 was primarily attributable to increased clinical activity at IU School of Medicine. Auxiliary enterprises decreased \$12,034,000, or 3%, and increased \$34,778,000, or 9%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease in 2024 was primarily attributable to changes in the meal plan structure. The increase in 2023 was primarily attributable to the increased activity from resuming normal operations after the pandemic.

Operating expenses increased \$207,006,000, or 6%, and increased \$186,880,000, or 5%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively (see Note 14, Functional Expenses). Compensation and benefits, at 64% of total operating expenses in 2024, represents the largest single university expense. Compensation and benefits expense increased \$129,874,000, or 5%, and \$171,791,000, or 8%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in both 2024 and 2023 was primarily attributable to increased benefit

costs, headcount, and wages. University benefit plans play a significant role in attracting and retaining employees and the university has implemented initiatives in recent years to control costs without compromising the competitiveness of the benefit package. The university closely monitors benefit plan costs, trends, and benchmarks and implements changes annually to keep plan structures competitive and cost effective. The university's High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) lowers employer premiums while providing employees with greater control over healthcare spending. Of those enrolled in the health plan, approximately 92% of employees were enrolled in a HDHP in 2024.

The combination of student financial aid expense and scholarship allowances increased \$10,590,000, or 2%, and decreased \$67,348,000, or 12%, and totaled \$567,747,000 and \$557,157,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2024 was due to a general increase in total institutional resources provided as financial aid. The decrease in 2023 was due to the reduction of Higher Education Emergency Relief Funding (HEERF) compared to prior year. Supplies and general expenses increased \$55,885,000, or 7%, and increased \$64,668,000, or 9%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. In addition to payment timing differences, the fluctuations in 2024 and 2023 were spread primarily across auxiliary enterprise, research, academic instruction, and capital facilities functions. Travel expenses increased \$8,934,000, or 16%, and increased \$26,292,000, or 85%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in 2024 was due to high inflation rates and increased travel associated with athletics. The increase in 2023 was primarily attributed to increased travel activities, as operations began to normalize post-pandemic, coupled with high inflation rates.

Net nonoperating revenues increased \$125,295,000, or 12%, and decreased \$217,876,000, or 17%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Investment income increased \$111,975,000, or 58%, and increased \$394,734,000, or 195%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. In 2024, the allocation to equities contributed to investment performance, as stocks experienced significant growth worldwide due to easing inflationary pressures and slower interest rate growth. IU's equity investments appreciated 20.4% in fiscal year 2024 and appreciated 17.3% in fiscal year 2023. Interest rates rose in fiscal year 2024, but slower than in fiscal year 2023 as inflation eased. IU's fixed income investments experienced a return of approximately 4.5%. Overall, IU's operating investments increased 10.2% in fiscal year 2024, compared to an increase of 7.3% in fiscal year 2023. Grants, contracts, and other awards decreased \$29,911,000, or 21% and decreased \$92,264,000, or 39% in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decreases in 2024 and 2023 were primarily due to the exhaustion of HEERF funding as 2024 and 2023 experienced decreases in funding from the prior fiscal years. State operating appropriations are comprised of appropriations to support the primary general educational mission of the university and student fee replacement appropriations for the purpose of reimbursing a portion of the university's debt service for certain academic facilities. The State of Indiana appropriates operating funds to the state's colleges and universities on a performance-based funding model focused on key student success measures. Non-capital state appropriations increased \$27,336,000, or 5%, and increased \$13,302,000, or 2%, in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The university recognized \$19,098,000 and \$17,158,000 in capital appropriations for repairs, renovations, and improvements across all campuses in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Capital appropriations and capital gifts and grants fluctuate according to the availability of capital appropriations and the timing of funding to the university according to the needs of the schools and campuses.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the university's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash during the fiscal year. The statement assists in evaluating the university's ability to generate future net cash flows to meet its obligations as they become due and aids in analysis of the need for external financing. The statement is divided into four sections based on major activity: operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing. A fifth section reconciles the operating income or loss on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position to the net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.

A summarized comparison of the university's changes in cash and cash equivalents (including restricted) is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (In thousands of dollars)						
				al Year Ended		
_	Jun	e 30, 2024	Jun	e 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Net cash provided by (used in)						
Operating activities	\$	(760,468)	\$	(739,443)	\$	(666,722)
Noncapital financing activities		927,261		911,964		1,532,656
Capital and related financing Activities		(347,168)		(356,427)		(292,472)
Investing activities		287,786		96,739		(579,338)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (including restricted)		107,411		(87,167)		(5,876)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents (including restricted)		244,934		332,101		337,977
Ending cash and cash equivalents (including restricted)	\$	352,345	\$	244,934	\$	332,101

The university's cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, increased \$107,411,000 and decreased \$87,167,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Net cash flows from operating activities consists primarily of tuition and fees, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprise receipts. Payments to employees represent the largest use of cash for operations. Significant sources of nonoperating cash, as defined by GASB, include state appropriations, federal Pell grants, and private noncapital gifts used to fund operating activities. Fluctuations in capital and related financing activities reflect decisions made relative to the university's capital and financing plans. Cash flows from investing activities include the effects of shifts between cash equivalents and longer-term investments.

# STATE ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

For fiscal year 2023, state revenue collections were slightly below estimates, by only 0.1%. For fiscal year 2024, revenue missed state estimates by \$14,600,000 based on December 2023 projections; however, year-over-year growth increased substantially by \$426,400,000, a 2.0% increase in general fund revenue.

For fiscal year 2024, positive drivers of revenue included individual income tax, which was \$84,200,000 higher than estimates, and interest earnings which was \$178,800,000 higher than estimates. Sales tax revenues missed estimates by \$85,400,000, corporate tax collections were lower by \$181,500,000 and other smaller revenue sources for the state were \$10,780,000 less than estimates (gaming taxes, cigarette taxes, and vehicle use taxes).

Comparing fiscal year 2023 to fiscal year 2024, the \$426,400,000 revenue variance was primarily driven by higher individual income tax of \$520,400,000 and interest earnings of \$285,100,000. This was offset by declines in sales tax revenue of \$94,800,000, corporate taxes of \$265,500,000, and gaming revenue of \$38,800,000. Sales tax revenues were impacted year-over-year by no longer being distributed to the General Fund, while the corporate tax decline is attributed to the repeal of the utility receipts tax and utility services tax, as well as other factors such as timing of payments and refunds, along with additional changes in state law.

While the state's general fund surplus ended fiscal year 2023 with \$2,926,200,000 in reserves, fiscal year 2024 reserves ended the year with \$2,551,300,000 in reserve funds. The \$2,551,300,000 represents approximately 11.9% of the net combined reserve balance as a percentage of the fiscal year 2024 operating budget. The change in the reserve balance year-over-year was driven by impacts from legislative changes in revenue sources and additional expenses related to state health care programs. The state targets between an 11% to 14% reserve in its general fund, which places the State in a strong financial position. Recent projections by the state indicate the 2025 budget is projected to end with \$2,344,300,000, or 10.4% in reserves.

(in thousands of dollars)	Indiana U	Jniversity	Discretely	Presented ent Units
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 304,298	\$ 233,712	\$ 176,105	\$ 126,703
Collateral under securities lending agreement	_	_	_	23,214
Accounts receivable, net	270,574	292,327	71,126	59,527
Current portion of notes receivable	11,306	9,147	_	-
Current portion of lease receivable	2,336	2,653	_	_
Short-term investments	164,615	312,507	_	_
Other assets	37,202	44,519	226	418
Total current assets	790,331	894,865	247,457	209,862
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	48,047	11,222	_	-
Notes receivable	30,320	34,627	_	-
Accounts receivable, net	_	_	204,251	232,143
Lease receivable	11,845	13,192	_	_
Investments	2,696,553	2,470,847	4,779,971	4,465,458
Capital assets, net	3,938,163	3,810,550	87,242	81,994
Other assets	_	_	43,044	39,851
Total noncurrent assets	6,724,928	6,340,438	5,114,508	4,819,446
Total assets	7,515,259	7,235,303	5,361,965	5,029,308
Deferred outflows of resources	72,335	77,020	_	_
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	379,979	375,895	61,711	48,112
Current portion of unearned revenue	86,970	79,078	_	, _
Collateral under securities lending agreement	_	_	_	23,214
Current portion of long-term debt and other obligations	174,080	190,591	8,927	324
Current portion of total other postemployment benefit	12,969	17,632	_	_
obligations <b>Total current liabilities</b>	653,998	663,196	70,638	71,650
Noncurrent liabilities				
Federal loans payable	44,295	47,659	_	_
Unearned revenue	5,221	5,362	_	_
Assets held for the University and Affiliates			565,429	521,606
Long-term debt and other obligations	1,136,720	1,073,093	149,216	158,114
Net pension liability	63,355	58,029	_	_
Total other postemployment benefit obligations	154,509	164,000	_	_
Other noncurrent liabilities	_	_	43,710	42,301
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,404,100	1,348,143	758,355	722,021
Total liabilities	2,058,098	2,011,339	828,993	793,671
Deferred inflows of resources	80,593	77,189	_	_
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	2,776,782	2,655,593	87,242	73,068
Restricted for:				
Nonexpendable - endowments	45,988	46,267	2,507,742	2,377,157
Expendable:				
Scholarships, research, instruction, and other	442,900	519,369	1,185,916	1,114,691
Loans	30,832	26,256	_	_
Capital projects	106,574	222,923	155,965	156,829
Debt service	64,996	16,998	_	_
Unrestricted	1,980,831	1,736,389	596,107	513,892
Total net position	\$ 5,448,903	\$ 5,223,795	\$ 4,532,972	\$ 4,235,637

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# **Indiana University**

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

(in thousands of dollars)	Indiana University Fiscal Year Ended		Compon	Presented ent Units
			June 30,	ear Ended June 30,
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	2024	2023
Operating revenues				
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowance of \$341,829 in 2024 and \$349,535 in 2023)	\$ 1,371,522	\$ 1,336,014	\$ -	\$ -
Federal grants and contracts	536,115	\$ 1,550,014 515,467	774	73
State and local grants and contracts	30,462	33,337	_	,
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	161,952	188,155	20,743	20,301
Sales, services of educational units, and other revenue	401,282	356,682	26,482	24,607
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowance of \$58,504 in 2024 and \$50,035 in 2023)	395,243	407,277	_	_
	<u> </u>			
Total operating revenues	2,896,576	2,836,932	47,999	44,981
Operating expenses				
Compensation and benefits	2,507,501	2,377,627	62,719	53,507
Student financial aid	167,414	157,587	67,312	60,317
Energy and utilities	84,121	88,975	330	442
Travel	66,142	57,208	3,902	3,291
Supplies and general expense	861,961	806,076	207,555	224,085
Depreciation and amortization expense	210,010	202,670	3,978	3,711
Total operating expenses	3,897,149	3,690,143	345,796	345,353
Total operating loss	(1,000,573)	(853,211)	(297,797)	(300,372)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
State appropriations	633,274	605,938	_	_
Grants and contracts	111,494	141,405	_	-
Investment income (loss)	304,791	192,816	364,243	177,928
Gifts	183,546	166,551	94,348	194,379
Interest income	283	271	_	-
Interest expense	(36,297)	(35,185)	(328)	(338)
Net nonoperating revenues	1,197,091	1,071,796	458,263	371,969
Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	106 519	210 505	160.466	71 505
gams, or rosses	196,518	218,585	160,466	71,597
Capital appropriations	19,098	17,158	-	-
Capital gifts and grants	9,463	6,766	_	-
Additions to permanent endowments	29	349	136,869	87,463
Total other revenues	28,590	24,273	136,869	87,463
Increase (decrease) in net position	225,108	242,858	297,335	159,060
Net position, beginning of year	5,223,795	4,980,937	4,235,637	4,076,577
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,448,903	\$ 5,223,795	\$4,532,972	\$4,235,637

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(in thousands of dollars)

	Fiscal Fe	ar Ended
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Student fees	\$ 1,380,618	\$ 1,327,184
Grants and contracts	733,240	677,084
Sales and services of educational activities, and other revenue	371,899	357,460
Auxiliary enterprise charges	398,673	404,251
Payments to employees	(2,501,900)	(2,378,390)
Payments to suppliers	(978,935)	(971,118)
Student financial aid	(166,910)	(159,198)
Student loans collected	5,628	9,499
Student loans issued	(2,808)	(6,243)
Direct lending receipts	493,510	491,456
Direct lending payments	(493,483)	(491,428)
Net cash used in operating activities	(760,468)	(739,443)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
State appropriations	633,274	605,938
Nonoperating grants and contracts	111,494	141,405
Gifts and grants received for other than capital purposes	182,493	164,621
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	927,261	911,964
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital appropriations	19,098	17,158
Capital grants and gifts received	4,681	8,369
Purchase of capital assets	(313,293)	(231,698)
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt, including refunding and other long-term obligations	143,711	13,463
Interest received on lease receivable	283	271
Payments received on lease receivable	2,849	2,838
Principal payments on capital debt	(119,119)	(88,814)
Principal paid on leases and subscriptions	(42,915)	(34,506)
Interest paid on capital debt, leases, and subscriptions	(42,463)	(43,508)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(347,168)	(356,427)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	3,321,638	3,193,876
Investment income	137,579	77,925
Purchases of investments	(3,171,431)	(3,175,062)
Net cash provided by investing activities	287,786	96,739
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (including restricted)	107,411	(87,167)
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted), beginning of year	244,934	332,101
Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted), end of year	\$ 352,345	\$ 244,934
-		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.}$ 

**Fiscal Year Ended** 

(continued from previous page)

# Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position:

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended
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	<b>June 30, 2024</b>	June 30, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents in current assets	\$ 304,298	\$ 233,712
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	48,047	11,222
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 352,345	\$ 244,934

# Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:

(in thousands of dollars)

<b>Fiscal</b>	Year	<b>Ended</b>
---------------	------	--------------

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Operating loss	\$ (1,000,573)	\$ (853,211)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating		
activities:		
Amortization of deferred inflows lease receivable	(1,980)	(3,134)
Depreciation and amortization expense	210,010	202,670
Loss on disposal of capital assets	3,567	2,177
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows:		
Accounts receivable	(15,083)	(20,584)
Other assets	7,317	9,551
Notes receivable	2,146	2,679
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	24,381	(24,102)
Unearned revenue	7,750	(50,796)
Federal loans payable	(3,365)	(1,990)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	1,278	(2,568)
Postemployment benefits liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	(1,451)	(4,282)
Other noncurrent liabilities	5,535	4,147
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (760,468)	\$ (739,443)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# **Supplemental Noncash Activities Information**

The university had significant noncash activities related to right-to-use assets acquired with right-to-use obligations of \$69,173,000 and \$41,357,000 during fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**ORGANIZATION:** Indiana University (the "university") is a major public research institution with fiscal responsibility for operations on seven campuses. Core campuses are located in Bloomington and Indianapolis ("IU Indianapolis"), and regional campuses are located in Richmond ("IU East"), Kokomo ("IU Kokomo"), Gary ("IU Northwest"), South Bend ("IU South Bend"), and New Albany ("IU Southeast"). The financial statements include the individual schools, colleges, and departments as part of the comprehensive reporting entity. The university was established by state legislative act in 1838, changing the name of its predecessor, Indiana College, to Indiana University. The university's governing body, the Trustees of Indiana University (the "trustees"), comprises nine members charged by Indiana statutes with policy and decision-making authority to carry out the programs and missions of the university. Six of the members are appointed by the Governor of Indiana, and three are elected by university alumni. The university is a state-sponsored institution and is classified as exempt from federal income tax as an integral part of the State of Indiana. Certain revenues of the university may be subject to federal income tax as unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Sections 511 to 514.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION: The university's fiscal year ends on June 30th. All references herein for the years 2024 and 2023 represent the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The university reports on a consolidated basis with a comprehensive, entity-wide presentation of the university's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows. Significant intra-university transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. The university follows all applicable GASB pronouncements. Unless otherwise specified, amounts presented within the notes to financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousands.

The university reports as a special-purpose government entity engaged primarily in business-type activities, as defined by GASB. Accordingly, these financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

As a component unit of the State, the university is included as a discrete entity in the State of Indiana's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

**USE OF ESTIMATES:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**REPORTING ENTITY:** The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, as well as additional requirements of GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity:* 

*Omnibus*, provide criteria for determining whether certain organizations should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government and classifies reporting requirements for these organizations. Based on these criteria, the financial report includes the university and its blended and discretely presented component units.

**DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS:** The Indiana University Foundation, Inc. (IU Foundation) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana for the exclusive purpose of supporting the university by receiving, holding, investing, and administering assets and making expenditures to or for the benefit of the university. As a tax-exempt organization that would be misleading to exclude, the IU Foundation is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The IU Foundation is a not-for-profit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the IU Foundation's financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences. The IU Foundation distributed \$190,228,000 and \$182,236,000 to the university during fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. Complete financial statements for the IU Foundation can be obtained from: Indiana University Foundation, Attn: Controller, 1500 N. State Road 46 Bypass, Bloomington, IN 47408.

The James Whitcomb Riley Memorial Association, Inc., d/b/a Riley Children's Endowment (Riley) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to fund and support the Riley Hospital for Children, fund medical research dedicated to the treatment and care of disabled and sick children in conjunction with the Riley Hospital, and securing and maintaining endowment funds to benefit children and other initiatives. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of Riley's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of Riley's board at will. As a result, Riley is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

Riley is a not-for-profit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Riley's financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences. Complete financial statements for Riley can be obtained from: 500 North Meridian Street, Suite 100, Indianapolis, IN 46204-3509.

The IU Medical Group Foundation, Inc. (IUMG) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to acquire, manage, and distribute funds for the benefit of the Indiana University School of Medicine and Indiana University Health Care Associates. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of IUMG's board of directors, and there is a financial benefit relationship with IUMG. As a result, IUMG is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

IUMG is a not-for-profit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain asset and revenue

recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the IUMG's financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences. Complete financial statements for IUMG can be obtained from: 340 W 10th St # Fs5100, Indianapolis, IN 46202.

The Regenstrief Institute, Inc. ("Institute") is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana to integrate research discovery, technological advances, and systems improvement into the practice of medicine. The university has the ability to appoint the voting majority of the Institute's board of directors and to remove appointed directors of the Institute's board at will. As a result, the Institute is considered a component unit of the university, which requires discrete presentation.

The Institute is a not-for-profit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB asset and revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Institute's financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences. Complete financial statements for the Institute can be obtained from: 1101 West 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46202.

**BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS:** In September 2008, the Trustees of Indiana University directed, by resolution, that the Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) be formed to serve specific purposes on behalf of the university and designated that certain university administrative officers, by virtue of their titles, serve as directors and officers of IUBC. The sole purpose of IUBC is to assist the university in the financing and development of university facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the university on a lease-purchase basis. The IUBC is reported as a blended component unit of the university and is consolidated within the university's financial statements. IUBC activity is not material to the university's financial statements.

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:** Cash and cash equivalents includes highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less that bear little or no market risk. Restricted cash contains proceeds received from debt issues for the purpose of financing major capital projects.

**ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:** Accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts due from students, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprises and are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

LEASE RECEIVABLES: The university is a lessor for noncancelable leases of tangible property. The university recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the university initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of fixed payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the lease term. The university monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Key estimates and judgments include how the university determines the lease term and the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. The university uses the actual rate charged to lessees as the discount rate for leases. When the interest rate is not provided in the agreement, the university generally uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

**NOTES RECEIVABLE:** Notes receivable consists primarily of student loan repayments due to the university.

**INVESTMENTS:** Investments are stated at fair value, which represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The university values its investments using a hierarchy of valuation inputs based upon the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported as a component of investment income in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

**DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS:** Under Indiana law set forth in Indiana code 30-2-12, *Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA)*, the Board acts in a fiduciary capacity with respect to its endowment funds. UPMIFA requires that the Board exercise its fiduciary duties prudently and consider both the charitable purposes and needs of the university and the purposes of the specific endowment regarding current expenditures and preservation of the purchasing power of the funds.

The majority of the university endowment and quasi-endowment funds are invested in the IU Foundation's Pooled Long-Term fund. The spending policy of the IU Foundation is to distribute 4.5%, banded for inflation, of the twelve-quarter rolling average of pooled long-term fund share values multiplied by the current number of shares held. For university endowment and quasi-endowment funds not held at IU Foundation, the university uses a spending policy that mirrors the IU Foundation spending policy.

The amounts of net appreciation on investments of donor-restricted endowments that are available for expenditure are \$53,398,000 and \$51,102,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These amounts are reported as restricted, expendable for scholarships, research, instruction, and other in net position.

**CAPITAL ASSETS:** Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or estimated acquisition value at the date of contribution in the case of gifts. Right-to-use assets, which include lease assets and subscription assets are recorded at the present value of the contract payments. The university capitalizes equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets also include land improvements and infrastructure costing in excess of \$75,000. Buildings and building renovations that increase the useful life of the building costing \$75,000 or more are capitalized. Intangible assets with a cost of \$500,000 or more are subject to capitalization. Art and museum objects purchased by or donated to the university are capitalized if the value is \$5,000 or greater. Subscription assets are capitalized if the present value of the contract payments is \$100,000 or more. Interest costs incurred during construction are expensed. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, generally three to twenty years for equipment, ten years for library books, ten to forty years for infrastructure and land improvements, and fifteen to forty years for buildings and building improvements. Right-to-use assets are amortized over the term of the contract, which is typically between two to forty

years. Useful lives for capital assets are established using a combination of the American Hospital Association guidelines, Internal Revenue Service guidelines, and documented university experience. Land and capitalized art and museum collections are not depreciated.

**RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS:** The university recognizes right-to-use obligations and intangible right-to-use assets in the financial statements stemming from leases of tangible property and subscriptions of intangible information technology assets. Right-to-use obligations are reported with long-term debt and other obligations on the statement of net position, and right-to-use assets are reported with other capital assets.

At the commencement of a lease, the university initially measures the lease obligation at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the university reasonably expects to exercise. Subsequently, the lease obligation is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease obligation, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over 1) its remaining useful life if transfer of ownership is expected at the end of the term, or 2) shorter of the contract term or remaining useful life. For nondepreciable assets, such as land, the right-to-use asset is not amortized.

At the commencement of a subscription, the university initially measures the subscription obligation at the present value of fixed payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription obligation is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription obligation, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus initial implementation costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

The university monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its right-to-use obligations and will remeasure the right-to-use asset and obligation if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the obligation.

Key estimates and judgments related to right-to-use obligations include how the university determines the contract term and the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value. The term includes the noncancelable period of the contract. The university uses the interest rate charged by the lessor or vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged is not provided, the university generally uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

**DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:** In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of resources that are applicable to a future reporting period, but do not require a further exchange of goods or services. Deferred outflows for the university were as follows:

#### (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to:	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Accumulated deferred charges on refundings of capital debt	\$ 4,529	\$ 5,944
Net pension liability under GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (see Note	25,870	23,167
12, Retirement Plans)		
Total OPEB liability under GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment	41,936	47,909
Benefits Other Than Pensions (see Note 13, Postemployment Benefits)		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 72,335	\$ 77,020

**COMPENSATED ABSENCES:** Liabilities for compensated absences are recorded for vacation leave based on actual earned amounts for eligible employees who qualify for termination payments. Liabilities for sick leave are recorded for employees who are eligible for and have earned termination payments for accumulated sick days upon termination or retirement.

**UNEARNED REVENUE:** Unearned revenue is recorded for current cash receipts of student tuition and fees and certain auxiliary goods and services that are received in advance of providing services. Also included are amounts received from contract and grant sponsors that have not yet been earned.

**DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:** In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of resources that are applicable to a future reporting period, but do not require a further exchange of goods or services. Deferred inflows for the university were as follows:

### (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to:	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Lease receivable under GASB No. 87, Leases	\$ 12,841	\$ 14,821
Net pension liability under GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (see Note	6,699	8,044
12, Retirement Plans)		
Total OPEB liability under GASB No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment	61,053	54,324
Benefits Other Than Pensions (see Note 13, Postemployment Benefits)		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 80,593	\$ 77,189

**NET POSITION:** The university's net position is classified for financial reporting in the following categories:

- *Net investment in capital assets:* This component of net position includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal debt balances related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted—nonexpendable: Assets included in the nonexpendable restricted net position category are subject to externally
  imposed stipulations that the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing
  present and future income, which may be either expended or added to principal. Such assets include permanent
  endowment funds.

- Restricted—expendable: Resources classified as restricted and expendable are those for which the university is legally
  obligated to spend in accordance with externally imposed stipulations or those stipulations that expire with the passage of
  time.
- *Unrestricted:* Unrestricted resources are not subject to externally imposed restrictions and are primarily used for meeting expenses for academic and general operations of the university.

When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the university's policy is to apply the most appropriate fund source based on the relevant facts and circumstances.

**REVENUES AND EXPENSES:** University revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating as follows:

- *Operating revenues:* Operating revenues result from exchange transactions, such as student tuition and fees (net of scholarship discounts and allowances), government and other grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship discounts and allowances).
- *Operating expenses:* Operating expenses are incurred to support exchange transactions resulting in operating revenue. Examples include compensation and benefits, student financial aid, and supplies and general expense.
- Nonoperating revenues and expenses: Nonoperating revenues and expenses include those derived from non-exchange transactions such as gifts, certain federal and state grants, and interest expense. Nonoperating revenues include significant revenue sources that are relied upon for operations, such as state appropriations, federal Pell grants, and investment income.

**SCHOLARSHIP DISCOUNTS AND ALLOWANCES:** Student tuition and fees and other student revenues are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are calculated as the difference between the stated charges for goods and services provided by the university and the amounts paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of students.

**RESTATEMENT:** During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the university recorded an adjustment to correct an error related to pending investment sales and pending investment purchases which were previously netted within Cash and Cash Equivalents. The reclassification impacted Cash and Cash Equivalents, Accounts Receivable, and Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities for all periods presented. Pending investment purchases are classified as payables and pending investment sales are classified as receivables (gross) under trade date accounting. The amount reclassified from Cash to Accounts Receivable was \$120,850,000 for the fiscal year June 30, 2023. The amount reclassified from Cash to Accounts Payable was \$202,659,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. There was no impact to net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

**ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS RECENTLY ADOPTED:** During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the university adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The university had a reclassification in the financial statements which is further described within Note 1, Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the university adopted paragraphs 4 through 10 of GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. These provisions establish or amend accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to financial guarantees and derivative instruments. The adoption of this guidance by the university did not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

**ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED:** In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which improves the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information for decision making and assessing accountability and addresses certain application issues. The provisions of this statement are effective for the university's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026. The university is in the process of determining the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.

In December 2023, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This statement establishes financial reporting requirements for risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The provisions of this statement are effective for the university's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025. The university is in the process of determining the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the university 's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025. The university is in the process of determining the full impact of this standard on its financial statements.

# Note 2—Deposits and Investments

**DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:** The trustees have acknowledged responsibility as a fiduciary body for the invested assets of the university. Indiana Code 30-4-3-3 requires the trustees to "exercise the judgment and care required by Indiana Code 30-4-3.5," the *Indiana Uniform Prudent Investor Act*. That act requires the trustees to act "as a prudent investor would, by considering the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the trust. In satisfying this standard, the trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution." The trustees have the responsibility to ensure the assets are prudently invested in a manner consistent with the university's investment policy. The trustees have delegated the day-to-day responsibilities for overseeing the investment program to the Office of the Treasurer.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university had deposits and investments, including endowment funds, as shown below:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	304,298	\$ 233,712
Short-term investments	164,615	312,507
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	48,047	11,222
Investments	2,696,553	2,470,847
Total deposits and investments	\$ 3,213,513	\$ 3,028,288

At June 30, 2024, pending purchases consisted of \$181,922,000 in payables and receivables of \$82,616,000 related to unsettled trades. At June 30, 2023, pending purchases consisted of \$202,659,000 in payables and receivables of \$120,850,000 related to unsettled trades.

**CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – DEPOSITS:** The combined bank balances of the university's demand deposits were \$8,644,000 and \$14,363,000 with balances subject to custodial credit risk in the amount of \$4,548,000 and \$10,144,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Of this amount, \$873,000 and \$6,982,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, while \$3,675,000 and \$3,162,000 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The university does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk, however, the university monitors the credit rating and certain financial performance metrics of its custodial and commercial banks on a quarterly basis.

**CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – INVESTMENTS:** The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The university manages custodial credit risk through the types of investments that are allowed by investment policy. The university also monitors the credit rating and certain financial performance metrics of its custodial and commercial banks. The university had \$722,000 and \$720,000 exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university had \$6,370,000 and \$10,098,000 where custodial credit risk could not be determined at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The remainder of the university's investments is not exposed to custodial credit risk and reflects either investment securities registered in the name of the university, investment securities loaned for collateral received, or other types of investments not exposed to custodial credit risk.

**INTEREST RATE RISK:** Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a deposit or investment. The university's policy for controlling its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates is to constrain average portfolio duration within ranges of a target portfolio duration set for each portfolio of operating fund investments. The portfolios may seek to enhance returns by attempting to time movements of interest rates within the allowable ranges. The university invests in asset-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage pass-through securities, interest rate swaps, and swaptions that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes.

The university had fixed-rate debt securities with the following maturities at June 30, 2024:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fair Value	Fair ValueMaturities (in years				
Investment Type	June 30, 2024	Less than 1	1–5	6-10	More than 10	
Corporate bonds	\$ 404,796	\$ 79,949	\$ 233,841	\$ 61,431	\$ 29,575	
Asset-backed securities	380,957	4,178	213,795	32,123	130,861	
Government bonds	257,871	36,659	86,611	55,496	79,105	
Government issued asset-backed securities	202,972	2,518	10,737	9,422	180,295	
Other fixed income funds	77,212	_	3,415	1,957	71,840	
Total	1,323,808	\$ 123,304	\$ 548,399	\$ 160,429	\$ 491,676	
Investments not subject to interest rate risk:						
U.S. equities	766,068					
External investment pools	525,889					
Money market funds	323,365					
International equities	201,528					
All other	72,855					
Total investments	\$3,213,513	=				

The university had fixed-rate debt securities with the following maturities at June 30, 2023:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fair Value		Maturities (in years)				
Investment Type	June 30, 2023	Less than 1	1–5	6-10	More than 10		
Corporate bonds	\$ 449,866	\$ 98,123	\$ 244,739	\$ 71,712	\$ 35,292		
Government bonds	351,949	61,301	105,911	64,464	120,273		
Asset-backed securities	342,990	6,732	171,608	41,008	123,642		
Government issued asset-backed securities	168,628	452	5,474	5,399	157,303		
Other fixed income funds	64,200	248	5,468	69	58,415		
Total	1,377,633	\$ 166,856	\$ 533,200	\$ 182,652	\$ 494,925		
Investments not subject to interest rate risk:			-		_		
U.S. equities	621,755						
External investment pools	483,180						
Money market funds	229,522						
International equities	181,548						
All other	134,650						
Total investments	\$ 3,028,288	=					

**CREDIT RISK:** Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The weighted average credit quality of each portfolio of university operating funds investments must be at least 'A+/A1' for Defensive Managers, 'A/A2' for Core Plus Managers, or as specified in each manager's guidelines.

The credit ratings for the university's investments subject to credit risk as of June 30, 2024 are shown below:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

					222		Below	Not
Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	BB	Rated
Corporate bonds	\$ 404,796	\$ 4,776	\$ 5,633	\$147,438	\$207,925	\$29,619	\$ 9,040	\$ 365
Asset-backed securities	380,957	330,801	7,356	4,964	2,511	676	1,444	33,205
Money market funds	323,365	257,946	_	_	_	_	_	65,419
Government bonds	257,871	10,605	227,534	591	13,380	1,834	927	3,000
Government issued	202,972	158	181,995	14,038	6,677	104	_	_
asset-backed securities								
Other fixed income funds	77,212	_	_	369	63	1,621	2,880	72,279
Total	1,647,173	\$604,286	\$422,518	\$167,400	\$230,556	\$33,854	\$14,291	\$174,268
Percentage subject to	•	36.69%	25.65%	10.16%	14.00%	2.06%	0.86%	10.58%
credit risk								
Not subject to credit risk	1,566,340							
Total investments	\$3,213,513							

The credit ratings for the university's deposits and investments subject to credit risk as of June 30, 2023 are shown below:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

							Below	Not
Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	BB	Rated
Corporate bonds	\$ 449,866	\$ 1,460	\$ 20,195	\$183,652	\$205,450	\$30,357	\$ 5,140	\$ 3,612
Government bonds	351,949	43,841	284,943	1,555	16,381	1,541	1,014	2,674
Asset-backed securities	342,990	286,459	15,436	6,393	3,901	618	2,103	28,080
Money market funds	229,522	156,751	_	_	-	_	_	72,771
Government issued	168,628	7,082	150,244	6,979	4,286	37	_	_
asset-backed securities								
Other fixed income funds	64,200	_	_	_	476	1,572	3,381	58,771
Total	1,607,155	\$495,593	\$470,818	\$198,579	\$230,494	\$34,125	\$11,638	\$165,908
Percentage subject to	•	30.84%	29.30%	12.36%	14.34%	2.12%	0.72%	10.32%
credit risk								
Not subject to credit risk	1,421,133							
Total investments	\$3,028,288							

**CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:** Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The university's investment policy requires that investments are to be diversified to the extent that the securities of any single issuer shall be limited to 3.5% of the market value in a particular manager's portfolio or as specified in each manager's guidelines. The individual issuer limit does not apply to securities within a broadly-diversified, passively-managed index fund designed to represent a broad market.

**FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK:** Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a government's deposits and investments. The university's policy for controlling exposure to foreign currency risk is to constrain deposits and investments in non-U.S. dollar denominated debt to 25% of an individual manager's portfolio or as specified in each manager's guidelines. Minimal foreign currency exposure could occur if one of the university's investment

managers purchases non-U.S. dollar holdings and does not hedge the currency. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university had insignificant amounts of deposits and investments exposed to foreign currency risk.

ENDOWMENTS: University endowment funds are managed pursuant to an Investment Agency Agreement between The Trustees of Indiana University and the IU Foundation dated November 14, 2005, which delegates investment management responsibilities to the IU Foundation. University endowment and quasi-endowment funds are invested in the IU Foundation's Pooled Long-Term and Short-Term Funds which is considered an external investment pool to the university. This external investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Investment Committee of the IU Foundation Board of Directors oversees the pool. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, all university endowment funds held with the IU Foundation were invested in pooled funds. The fair value of the university's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pooled shares.

# **Note 3—Fair Value Measurements**

The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant, other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant, unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. Certain money market funds are excluded as they are valued at amortized cost, totaling \$253,039,000 and \$163,125,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
	June 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	" Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments by fair value level:	<i>bune 50, 202 1</i>	(Eccti 1)	(Betti 2)	(Eccci 5)			
Debt securities							
Collateralized obligations and mortgage-backed securities	\$ 574,790	\$ -	\$ 572,513	\$ 2,277			
Corporate bonds	403,613	-	403,613	_			
Government bonds	271,879	4,717	267,040	122			
Commingled funds	65,095	56,564	_	8,531			
Inflation index-linked notes	20,585	-	20,585	-			
Notes, deposits and commercial paper	6,952	-	6,952	_			
Bank loans	5,104	-	5,104	_			
Municipal and provincial bonds	1,091	-	1,091	-			
Total debt securities	1,349,109	61,281	1,276,898	10,930			
Equity securities	967,597	967,597	_	-			
Real estate	11,735	_	_	11,735			
All other	8,308	-	8,308	_			
Total investments by fair value level	2,336,749	\$ 1,028,878	\$ 1,285,206	\$ 22,665			
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):							
External investment pool	524,228						
Venture capital	191						
Total investments measured at the NAV	524,419	_					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 2,861,168						

The university had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	•	Fair Value Measurements Using					
	June 30, 2023	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Investments by fair value level:		<del>,</del>					
Debt securities							
Collateralized obligations and mortgage-backed securities	\$ 511,683	\$ -	\$ 508,721	\$ 2,962			
Corporate bonds	449,866	-	446,966	2,900			
Government bonds	414,165	39,262	374,903	_			
Commingled funds	58,415	53,346	_	5,069			
Notes, deposits and commercial paper	34,974	_	34,974	-			
Inflation index-linked notes	7,785	-	7,785	-			
Bank loans	5,785	-	5,785	-			
Municipal and provincial bonds	3,382	-	3,382	-			
Total debt securities	1,486,055	92,608	1,382,516	10,931			
Equity securities	803,303	803,303	_	-			
Real estate	6,269	-	_	6,269			
All other	8,355	-	8,355	-			
Total investments by fair value level	2,303,982	\$ 895,911	\$ 1,390,871	\$ 17,200			
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):				-			
External investment pool	479,152						
Venture capital	220						
Total investments measured at the NAV	479,372	_					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 2,783,354						

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The university's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability. Changes in valuation techniques, if any, from prior year did not have a significant impact.

Debt securities classified in Level 1 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of debt securities at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The university estimates the fair value of these investments using observable, market-based inputs. Observable inputs are those that market

participants would use in pricing the asset based on market data obtained from independent sources such as quoted market prices, reported sales of similar securities, and reference data.

The fair value of debt securities at Level 3 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are determined using extrapolated data, proprietary models, indicative quotes, or similar techniques taking into account the characteristics of the asset.

The fair value of equity securities at Level 1 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for those securities.

The university holds several parcels of real estate for investment purposes. The fair values of these properties are based on appraisals.

The fair value of all other investments at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The university estimates the fair value of these investments using observable, market-based inputs.

The university holds shares or interests in commingled funds where the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment company as a practical expedient. There is no unfunded commitment, and the investments can be redeemed twice a month with a 15-day redemption notice period.

The university holds shares or interests in a venture capital investment company where the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment company as a practical expedient. The company invests in venture capital firms with the objective that 60% of these are in Indiana and 60% are in the life sciences field. The unfunded commitment was approximately \$4,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. This investment cannot be redeemed until the earlier of December 31, 2024, or one year after the date on which all of the fund's investments have been liquidated.

The fair value of the external investment pool at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is determined using a monthly valuation assigned to the shares of the pool which is a net asset value per share equivalent. There is no unfunded commitment, and the investments can be redeemed daily with no redemption notice period. A significant portion of the investment pool, approximately \$521,197,000 and \$474,714,000 respectively at June 30, 2024 and 2023, was held at the IU Foundation. The fair value hierarchy of the foundation's investments is included in the aggregate discretely presented component unit table below.

The aggregate discretely presented component units had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

 $(dollar\ amounts\ presented\ in\ thousands)$ 

		Fair Value Measurements Using							
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024 Level 1 Level 2			NAV				
Investments by fair value level:									
Cash equivalents	\$ 51,351	\$ 48,802	\$ 2,549	\$ -	\$ -				
Equities:									
Public equities	1,457,456	879,867	1,027	_	576,562				
Mutual funds	71,014	71,014	_	_	_				
Commingled funds	100,004	_	_	_	100,004				
Fixed income:									
US government	105,982	104,991	991	_	_				
Corporate bonds	87,607	84,681	2,926	_	_				
Mutual funds	10,533	10,533	_	_	_				
Other fixed income	598,534	142,532	199,736	_	256,266				
Real estate	12,722	_	_	12,722	_				
Alternative investments:									
Hedged equity funds	105,378	_	_	_	105,378				
Absolute return funds	593,776	_	_	4,014	589,762				
Private equities	542,548	_	_	_	542,548				
Venture capital	477,463	_	_	_	477,463				
Real estate/real assets	513,208	10,487	_	3,188	499,533				
Beneficial interests in trust	55,236	_	_	55,236	-				
Total investments	4,782,812	\$ 1,352,907	\$ 207,229	\$ 75,160	\$ 3,147,516				
Other assets	35,303								

Total investments and other

\$4,818,115

assets

The aggregate discretely presented component units had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023 Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	NAV			
Investments by fair value level:								
Cash equivalents	\$ 35,913	\$ 33,837	\$ 2,076	\$ -	\$ -			
Equities:								
Public equities	1,387,236	835,820	964	_	550,452			
Mutual funds	78,146	78,146	_	_	_			
Commingled funds	80,512	_	_	_	80,512			
Fixed income:								
US government	101,994	99,654	2,340	_	_			
Corporate bonds	89,863	86,409	3,454	_	_			
Mutual funds	14,667	14,667	_	_	_			
Other fixed income	488,019	77,875	185,288	_	224,856			
Real estate	17,187	_	_	17,187	_			
Alternative investments:								
Hedged equity funds	109,286	_	_	_	109,286			
Absolute return funds	541,037	_	_	5,539	535,498			
Private equities	478,955	_	_	_	478,955			
Venture capital	460,173	_	_	_	460,173			
Real estate/real assets	524,579	9,143	_	7,373	508,063			
Beneficial interests in trust	50,565	_	_	50,565	-			
Total investments	4,458,132	\$ 1,235,551	\$ 194,122	\$ 80,664	\$ 2,947,795			
Other assets	35,303							

Total investments and other

assets

# Note 4—Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Student accounts	\$ 76,945	\$ 70,655
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	85,245	66,685
Federal, state, and other grants and contracts	22,893	30,369
Capital appropriations and gifts	_	2,470
Receivables for investment sales	82,616	120,850
Other	17,019	13,365
Current accounts receivable, gross	284,718	304,394
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	(14,144)	(12,067)
Current accounts receivable, net	\$ 270,574	\$ 292,327

<sup>\$4,493,435</sup> 

# Note 5—Lease Receivable

The university leases certain assets to various third parties in the following asset classes: buildings, land improvements, and land. Payments are generally fixed monthly. Variable payments based on the Consumer Price Index are appropriately excluded from the measurement of the lease receivable.

The university also subleases certain assets that it initially leases from a third party. The noncancelable terms of these leasing arrangements mature between 2026 and 2052. The discount rates applicable to these leasing arrangements range from 1.81% to 2.56%. Payments are generally fixed with escalated payments based on percentage increase included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university recognized lease revenue of \$3,102,000 and \$3,134,000 and interest income of \$283,000 and \$271,000 related to its lessor agreements, respectively. In addition, the university recognized insignificant inflows from variable payments that were properly excluded from the initial measurement of the lease receivable in both fiscal years.

# Note 6—Capital Assets

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

	Bal	ance								Balance
	June 3	80, 2023	A	Additions	Trc	ınsfers	Ret	irements	Jι	ıne 30, 2024
Assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	95,430	\$	1,622	\$	_	\$	_	\$	97,052
Art & museum objects	]	118,885		8,046		_		40		126,891
Construction in progress	]	105,344		175,315	(4	3,678)		176		236,805
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3	19,659		184,983	(43	,678)		216		460,748
Other capital assets:										
Infrastructure	4	274,025		3,633		862		_		278,520
Intangibles		9,076		_		_		_		9,076
Land improvements	]	125,798		7,631		465		_		133,894
Equipment	Ę	580,975		30,606		8,475		37,343		582,713
Right-to-use assets	4	223,273		69,173		_		34,786		257,660
Library books		79,096		3,719		_		15,548		67,267
Buildings	5,3	313,474		45,924	3	33,876		3,520		5,389,754
Total other capital assets	6,6	05,717		160,686	4	3,678		91,197	(	6,718,884
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure	]	189,175		6,356		_		_		195,531
Intangibles		9,033		43		_		_		9,076
Land improvements		59,300		6,092		_		_		65,392
Equipment	2	122,692		42,646		_		35,142		430,196
Right-to-use assets		87,216		35,129		_		30,080		92,265
Library books		51,142		7,310		_		15,548		42,904
Buildings	2,2	296,268		112,434		_		2,597		2,406,105
Total accumulated depreciation, other	3,1	14,826		210,010		_		83,367	;	3,241,469
capital assets										
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,8	10,550	\$	135,659	\$	_	\$	8,046	\$ :	3,938,163

# (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Вс	ılance						Balance
	June	30, 2022	Additions	Trans	fers	Retirements	j	une 30, 2023
Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	92,168	\$ 3,262	\$	_	\$ -	\$	95,430
Art & museum objects		114,843	4,042		_	_		118,885
Construction in progress		226,460	48,442	(169,5	510)	48		105,344
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4	433,471	55,746	(169,5	10)	48		319,659
Other capital assets:								
Infrastructure		269,820	2,806	1,	399	_		274,025
Intangibles		11,766	_		_	2,690		9,076
Land improvements		119,193	4,626	1,	979	_		125,798
Equipment		551,613	42,857	5,	171	18,666		580,975
Right-to-use assets		189,308	41,357		_	7,392		223,273
Library books		82,637	3,567		_	7,108		79,096
Buildings	5	5,100,174	56,155	160,	961	3,816		5,313,474
Total other capital assets	6,	324,511	151,368	169,	510	39,672		6,605,717
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		182,944	6,231		_	_		189,175
Intangibles		11,638	85		_	2,690		9,033
Land improvements		53,565	5,735		_	_		59,300
Equipment		400,123	40,604		_	18,035		422,692
Right-to-use assets		59,394	32,178		_	4,356		87,216
Library books		50,486	7,764		-	7,108		51,142
Buildings	2	2,188,420	110,073		-	2,225		2,296,268
Total accumulated depreciation, other	2,	946,570	202,670		_	34,414		3,114,826
capital assets								
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,	811,412	\$ 4,444	\$	_	\$ 5,306	\$	3,810,550

# Note 7—Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Accrued payroll	\$ 23,567	\$ 24,198
Interest payable	7,579	7,140
Vendor payables	128,751	104,834
Investment purchases payable	181,922	202,659
Other payables	38,160	37,064
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 379,979	\$ 375,895

# **Note 8—Other Liabilities**

Other liability activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, is summarized as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Balance					
	June 30, 2023		Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024	Current
Bonds and notes payable:						
Bonds payable	\$ 768,960	0 \$	118,711	\$ 59,395	\$ 828,276	\$ 61,605
Notes payable	268,293	2	25,000	69,270	224,022	21,557
Total bonds and notes payable	1,037,252	2	143,711	128,665	1,052,298	83,162
Other liabilities:						
Lease obligations	120,273	3	21,557	15,189	126,641	12,308
SBITA obligations	14,36	4	48,295	27,741	34,918	17,303
Compensated absences	91,143	3	24,142	18,607	96,678	61,208
Other	652	2	_	387	265	99
Total other liabilities	\$ 1,263,684	4	\$ 237,705	\$ 190,589	\$ 1,310,800	\$ 174,080

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Balance			Balance	
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	Current
Bonds and notes payable:					
Bonds payable	\$ 833,381	\$ -	\$ 64,421	\$ 768,960	\$ 59,316
Notes payable	288,857	13,463	34,028	268,292	54,136
Total bonds and notes payable	1,122,238	13,463	98,449	1,037,252	113,452
Other liabilities:					
Lease obligations	105,979	28,688	14,394	120,273	10,586
SBITA obligations	21,877	12,669	20,182	14,364	8,672
Compensated absences	88,329	20,817	18,003	91,143	57,755
Other	28,724	414	28,486	652	126
Total other liabilities	<b>\$ 1,367,147</b>	\$ 76,051	\$ 179,514	\$ 1,263,684	\$ 190,591

# Note 9—Bonds and Notes Payable and Other Obligations

The university is authorized by acts of the Indiana General Assembly to issue bonds, notes, and other forms of indebtedness for the purpose of financing construction of facilities that include academic and administrative facilities, research facilities on the Bloomington and Indianapolis campuses, athletic facilities, parking facilities, student housing, health service facilities, student union buildings, and energy savings projects. At June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, the university had serial bonds and term bonds with maturities that extend to June 1, 2060. The university has both tax-exempt and taxable bonds and notes outstanding.

Fee replacement appropriations are a specific state appropriation to the university that the Indiana General Assembly authorizes on a biennial basis, for the purpose of reimbursing a portion of the debt service payments on bonds issued under IC 21-34-6 as student fee bonds for certain academic facilities, such as classrooms, libraries, laboratories, and other academic support facilities as designated by the Indiana General Assembly that are received from the state on a semi-annual basis. Fee replacement appropriations are renewed and supplemented on a biennial basis because state statutes prohibit a sitting General Assembly from binding subsequent General Assemblies with respect to future appropriation of funds. The outstanding principal balances that are eligible for fee replacement appropriations as of June 30, 2024, and 2023, are \$232,860,000 and \$258,755,000, respectively.

Indiana Code 21-35-2 and 21-35-3, as supplemented by 21-35-5 permits the use of debt in the form of revenue bonds. Consolidated revenue bonds are unsecured obligations of the university that carry a promise of repayment that will come first from net income generated from housing facilities, parking facilities, and other auxiliary facilities along with certain research, health service facilities, and athletic revenues; and second, from other legally available funds of the university.

Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) is an affiliated single-purpose Indiana not-for-profit entity that was formed by the Trustees of Indiana University in 2008 with the sole purpose of assisting the university in the financing and development of university facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the university on a lease-purchase basis under Indiana Code 21-33-3-5 as either Certificates of Participation or Lease-Purchase Obligations (collectively, "Obligations"). The leases are not subject to abatement or reduction. The leases are subject to early termination under certain circumstances, including the exercise of an option by the university to purchase the leased property or the condemnation of the leased property. When the debt obligations are fully repaid, all the leases are terminated and the real estate, facilities, and all subsequent improvements revert to the ownership of the university.

Indiana Code 21-32-2 permits the use of debt in the form of temporary borrowing in anticipation of future long-term borrowing for capital projects, when such long-term borrowing is authorized under other sections of the Indiana Code. As of June 30, 2024, and 2023, the university has commercial paper outstanding. Commercial paper notes are issued by the university to provide for the temporary financing or refinancing of costs related to certain facilities on all the university campuses, including costs of issuance of the notes. The university typically expects that capital projects temporarily financed with commercial paper would be long-term financed through the issuance of consolidated revenue bonds, obligations, or certain student fee bonds that are not eligible for fee replacement. The university's commercial paper program has an approved capacity of \$200,000,000. The university may issue tax-exempt and/or taxable commercial paper. The university has no credit facilities and no lines or letters of credit for repayment of commercial paper. The university has a self-liquidity backed commercial paper program that guarantees the payment of the maturity amount of any commercial paper notes that are not placed to investors. The university will not cause

commercial paper maturities in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$50,000,000 to mature in any five-business-day period. The interest rate and term of the notes are subject to market conditions on the maturity date of the notes. The number of days to maturity may not exceed 270 days, with the final maturity of the notes being May 1, 2038. The commercial paper notes are not subject to redemption prior to their respective maturities or to acceleration of maturities. As of June 30, 2024, the university has no variable rate bonds outstanding.

The types of debt described above have the following associated pledges:

Type of Debt	Pledge	Terminology in Bond Documents
Student Fee Bonds	(Irrevocable) Student fees for principal, premium (if any), and interest	The pledge of student fees for the Student Fee Bonds will constitute a lien on, and security interest in, student fees.
Consolidated Revenue Bonds	No pledge	Not applicable
Lease-Purchase Obligations		Any real or personal property pledged, mortgaged, or assigned by IUBC to
and Certificates of	Certain financed property	the trustee bank, or in which IUBC grants to the trustee bank a security
Participation		interest, under any indenture
Commercial Paper	No pledge	Not applicable

The university is not party to any swap agreements. Obligations have terms related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences and subjective acceleration clauses as follows:

Upon the happening and continuance of any event of default, the trustee bank may, in its discretion, declare the principal of and interest accrued on all outstanding Obligations immediately due and payable, and, upon such declaration, such principal and interest shall thereupon become and be immediately due and payable; subject, however, to the rights of the holders of 51% in principal amount of all the outstanding Obligations, by written notice to IUBC and the trustee bank, to annul such declaration if all agreements with respect to which default shall have been made shall be fully performed and all such defaults have been cured, and all arrears of interest on all outstanding Obligations and the reasonable expenses and charges of the trustee bank and all other indebtedness secured by the Indenture (except the principal of and interest on any Obligations not then due by their terms) have been paid or the amount thereof has been paid to the trustee bank for the benefit of those entitled thereto. Events of Default under Obligations are as follows:

- (a) the university's failure to perform or observe any of its obligations under a lease or the university's continuing breach of any representation or warranty after 30 days written notice;
- (b) the making by the university of an assignment for the benefit of its creditors;
- (c) an injunction on or against the leased property not released or discharged within 90 days;
- (d) proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for the reorganization, liquidation or dissolution of the university, bankruptcy or insolvency, or appointment of a receiver of the property, and under involuntary proceedings, no dismissal and no discharge, within 90 days of any receiver, trustee bank or liquidator appointed;
- (e) the failure of the university to pay an installment of rent within ten days after written notice.

Upon occurrence of an Event of Default under any of the leases, IUBC, at the option of IUBC, has certain rights and remedies, one of which is that IUBC may terminate such lease upon notice to the university.

As of June 30, 2024, and 2023, outstanding ("O/S") indebtedness from bonds, notes, and other obligations follow, none of which are direct borrowings or placements:

Issue Type/Series  Indiana Code 21-34-6 (Bonds: Student I W-1: Franklin, Arts/Sciences W-2: Refunding of Series R and S X: Old Crescent II; Refunding of Series U Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	Issue Date Fee Bonds):  1/14/15  1/14/15  8/4/16  10/3/18  6/24/20  6/24/20	Original Issue (\$)  58,960 62,765 71,710 69,470 81,265	A.00-5.00 4.00-5.00 3.00-5.00 4.00-5.00	Maturity Date  8/1/34 8/1/32 8/1/35	O/S June 30, 2023 41,425 44,965	O/S June 30, 2024 38,780 37,255
Indiana Code 21-34-6 (Bonds: Student I W-1: Franklin, Arts/Sciences W-2: Refunding of Series R and S X: Old Crescent II; Refunding of Series U Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	Fee Bonds): 1/14/15 1/14/15 8/4/16 10/3/18 6/24/20	58,960 62,765 71,710 69,470	4.00-5.00 4.00-5.00 3.00-5.00	8/1/34 8/1/32	41,425	38,780
W-1: Franklin, Arts/Sciences W-2: Refunding of Series R and S X: Old Crescent II; Refunding of Series U Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	1/14/15 1/14/15 8/4/16 10/3/18 6/24/20	62,765 71,710 69,470	4.00-5.00 3.00-5.00	8/1/32	,	,
W-2: Refunding of Series R and S X: Old Crescent II; Refunding of Series U Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	1/14/15 8/4/16 10/3/18 6/24/20	62,765 71,710 69,470	4.00-5.00 3.00-5.00	8/1/32	,	,
X: Old Crescent II; Refunding of Series U Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	8/4/16 10/3/18 6/24/20	71,710 69,470	3.00-5.00		44,965	37 255
Y: Ballantine Hall, Geology Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	10/3/18 6/24/20	69,470		8/1/35		
Z-1: Bicentennial R&R Plan Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1	6/24/20		4.00-5.00		49,760	46,205
Z-2: Refunding Series T-2 and V-1		81,265		8/1/37	59,975	57,190
	6/24/20		3.00-5.00	8/1/29	66,535	60,590
		18,595	0.63-1.15	8/1/26	17,045	11,825
Subtotal Student Fee Bonds					279,705	251,845
Add unamortized bond premium					35,030	31,148
<b>Total Student Fee Bonds</b>					314,735	282,993
Indiana Code 21-35-3 (Bonds: Consolid	ated Revenue Bon	nds):				
2015A: Read Hall II, North Hall; Refunding of Series 2008A and 2009A	4/1/15	146,960	3.00-5.00	6/1/42	87,155	73,570
2016A: Wells Quad; Refunding of Series 2008A, 2009A, and 2011A	4/5/16	93,070	2.75-5.00	6/1/41	85,655	83,960
2020A: Refunding of 2010B and 2011A	3/3/20	51,175	4.00-5.00	6/1/35	43,475	40,650
2020B: Persimmon A & B; Chestnut C & D; McNutt Central; Foster/McNutt; Refunding of Series 2012A	3/3/20	221,810	1.77-3.07	6/1/60	214,335	208,655
2024A: Collins Living-Learning Center, Wright Quad Reno., Research Lab Reno.	6/13/24	102,245	5.00	6/1/34	-	102,245
Subtotal Consolidated Revenue Bonds					430,620	509,080
Add unamortized bond premium					23,605	36,203
Total Consolidated Revenue Bonds					454,225	545,283
Subtotal bonds					710,325	760,925
Add unamortized bond premium					58,635	67,351
Total bonds					768,960	828,276
Indiana Code 21-33-3-5 Obligations (No	otes: Certificates o	of Participation/Le	ase Purchas	se Obligation		,
2013A: Global & International Studies	3/8/13	22,515	3.00-5.00	6/1/33	13,825	12,700
2015A: Simon Skjodt Assembly Hall	5/13/15	31,025	3.13-5.00	6/1/34	22,300	20,700
2017A: Memorial Stadium Excellence Academy/Stadium Reno; Sidney & Lois Eskenazi Museum of Art	3/8/17	74,575	3.00-5.00	6/1/44	65,935	63,915
2020A: Wilkinson/Innovation Halls; The Health Sciences Bldg; Refunding of Certificates of Participation Series 2009B	3/10/20	79,545	4.00-5.00	6/1/45	71,895	69,085
2020B: Refunding of Certificates of Participation Series 2012A; Lease- Purchase Obligations Series 2014A	3/10/20	28,810	1.74-2.62	6/1/37	27,410	25,475
Subtotal Obligations					201,365	191,875

Add unamortized bond premium					24,077	22,281
<b>Total Obligations</b>					225,442	214,156
Indiana Code 21-32-2 (Notes: Commercia	al Paper):					
2018A: Studio Arts Annex/The Pfau Course at Indiana University/George Thomas Clubhouse	6/5/24	11,769	3.65	8/29/24	6,183	5,683
2021A: Studio Arts Annex/Ferguson International Ctr/Collins Living-Learning Center/Wright Quad	6/5/24	23,720	3.65	8/29/24	23,204	720
2023A: Ferguson International Ctr./Wright Quad	6/5/24	13,463	3.65	8/29/24	13,463	3,463
Subtotal Commercial Paper					42,850	9,866
Add unamortized bond premium					_	_
Total Commercial Paper					42,850	9,866
Subtotal notes					244,215	201,741
Add unamortized bond premium					24,077	22,281
Total notes					268,292	224,022
Subtotal bonds and notes payable and other	her obligations				954,540	962,666
Add unamortized bond premium					82,712	89,632
Total bonds and notes payable and other	obligations				\$ 1,037,252	\$ 1,052,298

The principal and interest requirements to maturity for fixed-rate bonds and notes payable follow:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

							Total Debt
Fiscal Year	Bond	Note	Total	Bond	Note	Total	Service
Ending June 30	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Interest	Interest	Payments
2025	\$ 52,440	\$ 9,895	\$ 62,335	\$ 29,976	\$ 8,045	\$ 38,021	\$ 100,356
2026	52,555	10,335	62,890	28,030	7,614	35,644	98,534
2027	54,630	10,780	65,410	25,741	7,158	32,899	98,309
2028	47,255	11,265	58,520	23,535	6,680	30,215	88,735
2029	42,860	11,745	54,605	21,469	6,185	27,654	82,259
2030 - 2034	263,870	56,945	320,815	85,782	24,265	110,047	430,862
2035 - 2039	79,570	37,960	117,530	33,416	14,675	48,091	165,621
2040 - 2044	11,920	38,535	50,455	24,797	6,387	31,184	81,639
2045 - 2049	_	4,415	4,415	23,896	199	24,095	28,510
2050 - 2054	_	_	_	23,896	_	23,896	23,896
2055 - 2059	_	_	_	23,896	_	23,896	23,896
2060	155,825	_	155,825	4,779	_	4,779	160,604
Total	\$760,925	\$191,875	\$952,800	\$349,213	\$81,208	\$430,421	\$1,383,221

Of the debt service payments to maturity, \$289,301,000 are from bonds eligible for fee replacement appropriations.

In prior years, the university has redeemed several bond and note issues by issuing new debt. United States Treasury obligations or federal agency securities have been purchased and deposited in irrevocable trusts using escrow funds in amounts sufficient to

pay principal and interest payments when due, through the call dates of the defeased bonds and notes. The bonds or notes redeemed and the related trusts balances are not reflected within principal outstanding, total debt service, or the university's liabilities.

As of June 30, 2024, and 2023, the following amounts of principal have been redeemed:

#### (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Defeased O/S		Def	eased O/S	
Bonds or Notes Redeemed	June 30, 2023		Jun	e 30, 2024	Call Date(s)
Commercial Paper, Series 2021A	\$	-	\$	21,945	9/9/2024
Commercial Paper, Series 2023A		_		35,000	8/29/2024; 9/9/2024
Total bonds and notes redeemed	\$	_	\$	56,945	

Commercial paper activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is summarized as follows:

#### (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

			Principal	Payments	CP Issu	ıed Year	CP Defe	ased Year		
Tax Exempt Commercial	В	alance	Year l	Ended	En	ded	Er	nded	Bala	ance
Paper (CP)	June	e 30, 2023	June 3	0, 2024	June 3	0, 2024	June 3	30, 2024	June 3	0, 2024
Series 2018A	\$	6,183	\$	(500)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,683
Series 2021A		23,204		(539)		_		(21,945)		720
Series 2023A		13,463		_		25,000		(35,000)		3,463
Total	\$	42,850	\$	(1,039)	\$	25,000	\$	(56,945)	\$	9,866

The total outstanding commercial paper notes at June 30, 2024 are \$9,866,000 at an interest rate of 3.65%, and at June 30, 2023 are \$42,850,000 at interest rates ranging from 3.30% to 3.55% based upon when issued and by maturity, respectively.

On June 13, 2024, the university issued fixed rate Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A ("CRB 2024A") with a par amount of \$102,245,000 as new money which included a current refunding of commercial paper notes which is also considered new money. The CRB 2024A new money proceeds financed the construction of the Research Laboratory Renovations and partially financed the construction of Wright Quadrangle Renovation on the Bloomington campus and were used to legally defease certain Commercial Paper Notes Series 2021A and certain Commercial Paper Notes Series 2023A which financed the construction of the Collins Living Learning Center and partially financed the construction of the Wright Quadrangle Renovation on the Bloomington campus. The CRB 2024A proceeds were also used to pay costs to issue the bonds, including the underwriters' discount. The all-in true interest cost for CRB 2024A was 3.18%. CRB 2024A new money bonds are at a ten-year term. The increase in debt service payments as a result of this defeasement is \$16,460,000 over the life of the bonds through 2034. The economic gain as a result of this transaction was \$300,000. Commercial paper was used as interim financing for the Wright Quadrangle and Collins Living Learning Center projects. The CRB2024A bonds were used to convert the financing of these projects to a fixed rate.

# Note 10—Right-to-Use Assets and Obligations

The university has obligations from leases and subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs). These contracts convey control of the right to use another party's asset. The university has right-to-use assets in the following asset classes: buildings, land, land improvements, equipment, vehicles, and subscription assets.

The lease liability includes fixed payments that are generally paid monthly. Variable payments based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) are included in the lease liability and measured using the index in effect at the commencement of the lease term. However, any subsequent changes to the payment resulting from a change in the CPI are recognized as outflows or reductions of outflows of the period. The SBITA liability includes fixed payments that are generally paid annually. Variable payments based on the number of users, amount of data, etc. are appropriately excluded from the measurement of the SBITA liability.

Certain vehicle leases contain residual value guarantees that are excluded from the measurement of the lease liability totaling approximately \$3,400,000 and \$2,917,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The residual values are based on a designated percentage of the fair market value of the asset given a specific term and vehicle type.

The university also leases certain assets that are subsequently subleased by the university to a third party. The noncancelable term of these leasing arrangements matures between 2042 and 2062. The discount rate applicable to these leasing arrangements range from 0.65% to 4.50%. Payments are fixed and included in the measurement of the lease liability.

Right-to-use asset activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2024
Right-to-use asset class:				
Buildings	\$ 151,169	\$ 4,922	\$ 21,722	\$ 134,369
Land	620	621	_	1,241
Land improvements	2,052	632	_	2,684
Equipment	6,259	11,953	657	17,555
Vehicles	11,510	3,385	1,400	13,495
Subscription assets	51,663	47,660	11,007	88,316
Total right-to-use asset cost	223,273	69,173	34,786	257,660
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Buildings	47,810	9,230	17,972	39,068
Land improvements	202	81	_	283
Equipment	3,891	1,583	642	4,832
Vehicles	5,142	1,918	1,309	5,751
Subscription assets	30,171	22,317	10,157	42,331
Total accumulated amortization	87,216	35,129	30,080	92,265
Right-to-use assets, net	\$ 136,057	\$ 34,044	\$ 4,706	\$ 165,395

Right-to-use asset activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2023
Right-to-use asset class:				
Buildings	\$ 131,897	\$ 24,661	\$ 5,389	\$ 151,169
Land	_	620	_	620
Land improvements	2,052	_	_	2,052
Equipment	6,322	_	63	6,259
Vehicles	9,587	3,407	1,484	11,510
Subscription assets	39,450	12,669	456	51,663
Total right-to-use asset cost	189,308	41,357	7,392	223,273
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Buildings	40,282	10,305	2,777	47,810
Land improvements	123	79	_	202
Equipment	2,379	1,577	65	3,891
Vehicles	4,648	1,818	1,324	5,142
Subscription assets	11,962	18,399	190	30,171
Total accumulated amortization	59,394	32,178	4,356	87,216
Right-to-use assets, net	\$ 129,914	\$ 9,179	\$ 3,036	<b>\$ 136,057</b>

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university recognized insignificant outflows from variable payments and residual value guarantees that were properly excluded from the initial measurement of the right-to-use obligations.

Future principal and interest payment requirements related to the university's lease and SBITA obligations at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Leas	se	SBIT	'A	v	ht-to-Use ations
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 12,309	\$ 3,983	\$ 17,303	\$ 568	\$ 29,612	\$ 4,551
2026	11,014	3,588	8,648	311	19,662	3,899
2027	10,211	3,215	5,159	141	15,370	3,356
2028	10,102	2,848	2,768	59	12,870	2,907
2029	9,723	2,485	412	18	10,135	2,503
2030-2034	35,375	8,395	628	15	36,003	8,410
2035-2039	23,604	3,187	_	_	23,604	3,187
2040-2044	7,011	657	_	_	7,011	657
2045-2049	1,941	209	_	_	1,941	209
2050-2054	2,005	145	_	_	2,005	145
2055-2059	2,071	79	_	_	2,071	79
2060-2064	1,275	14	_	_	1,275	14
Total	\$ 126,641	\$ 28,805	\$ 34,918 \$	3 1,112	\$ 161,559	\$ 29,917

# Note 11—Risk Management

The university is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, jobrelated illnesses or injuries to employees, and health care claims on behalf of students, employees, and their dependents. The university manages these risks through a combination of risk retention and commercial insurance, including coverage from internally maintained funds, as well as from a wholly-owned captive insurance company, Old Crescent Insurance Company (OCIC). The university is self-funded for damage to buildings and building contents for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$1,900,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC (\$400,000 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023), with commercial excess property coverage above this amount. The university is self-funded for comprehensive general liability and automobile liability for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$1,900,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC and with supplementary commercial liability umbrella policies. The university has a malpractice and professional liability policy in the amount of \$500,000 for each claim and \$1,500,000 annually in aggregate provided by OCIC. The university is self-funded for the first \$1,000,000 for each Workers' Compensation claim (\$850,000 for each claim and \$125,000 in the aggregate for all claims in excess of \$850,000 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023). Workers' Compensation claims above these amounts are covered by commercial insurance and are subject to statutory limits. The university is self-funded for the first \$1,000,000 (\$850,000 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023) for employer liability claims with an additional \$1,000,000 in coverage through commercial insurances. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The university has two health care plans for full-time appointed active employees and one plan for under-65 retirees not yet eligible for Medicare. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, there were three health care plans for full-time appointed active employees. All of the employee plans are self-funded. The university records a liability for incurred but unpaid claims for

university-sponsored, self-funded health care plans. This liability totals \$29,710,000 and \$28,656,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These amounts are reported within accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Changes in the balances of accrued insurance liabilities for full-time appointed active employees and under-65 retirees not yet eligible for Medicare were as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

		Claims Incurred and		
Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	Ending Balance
2024	\$ 28,656	\$ 284,707	\$ 283,653	\$ 29,710
2023	30,482	301,329	303,155	28,656
2022	27,502	276,779	273,799	30,482

All organizational units of the university are charged fees based on estimates of the amounts necessary to pay health care coverage costs, including premiums and claims.

The university also provides health care plans for graduate assistants, fellowship recipients, and medical residents. These plans are either fully insured or self-funded with a stop/loss provision. For these groups, the university has recorded a liability for incurred but unpaid claims for university-sponsored, self-funded health care plans in the amount of \$2,873,000 and \$3,734,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Changes in the balances of accrued insurance liabilities for graduate assistances, fellowship recipients, and medical residents were as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

		Claims Incurred and		
Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	Ending Balance
2024	\$ 3,734	\$ 24,559	\$ 25,420	\$ 2,873
2023	2,148	32,036	30,450	3,734
2022	1,855	22,866	22,573	2,148

These plans are funded by direct charges to the associated schools and/or departments.

# **Note 12—Retirement Plans**

The university provided retirement plan coverage to 20,283 and 19,861 active employees as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, in addition to contributions per Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) as required by law.

#### RETIREMENT AND SAVINGS PLAN

All support and service employees with at least a 50% full-time equivalent (FTE) appointment and temporary with retirement employees scheduled to work at least 900 hours or more in a calendar year hired on or after July 1, 2013, participate in the Retirement and Savings Plan. This is a defined contribution plan under IRC 401(a). The university contributed \$15,622,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and \$12,741,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, to Fidelity Investments for the plan. Under this plan, there were 3,870 and 3,602 active participants as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL STAFF EMPLOYEES

Appointed academic and professional staff employees with at least 50% FTE are covered by the IU Retirement Plan. This is a defined contribution plan under IRC 403(b). The university contributed \$127,959,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and \$120,306,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, to Fidelity Investments for the IU Retirement Plan. Under this plan, there were 15,102 and 14,789 active participants as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In addition to the above, the university provides early retirement benefits to full-time appointed academic and professional staff employees who were in positions Grade 16 and above on or before June 30, 1999. There were 485 and 542 active employees on June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, covered by the IU Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (IUSERP), a defined contribution plan in compliance with IRC 401(a), with participant accounts at Fidelity Investments. The university contributed \$1,526,000 and \$1,629,000 to IUSERP during fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The same class of employees covered by the IU Retirement Plan 15% Level of Contributions on or before July 14, 1988, is covered by the IU 18/20 Retirement Plan. The IU 18/20 Retirement Plan allows this group of employees to retire as early as age 64, provided the individual has at least 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan and at least 20 years of continuous university service.

# INDIANA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND

The university contributes to the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF), a defined benefit pension plan with a defined contribution account benefit. Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) administers the cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit plan. PERF was established to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to full-time employees of the State of Indiana not covered by another plan, those political subdivisions that elect to participate in the retirement plan, and certain INPRS employees. The university participates in the PERF Hybrid Plan which was established by the Indiana Legislature in 1955 and is governed by the INPRS Board of Trustees in accordance with Indiana Code (IC) 5-10.2, IC 5-10.3, and Title 35 of the Indiana Administrative Code. There are two aspects to the PERF Hybrid Plan defined benefit structure. The first portion is the monthly defined benefit pension. The second portion is the defined contribution component, known as Public Employees' Hybrid Members Defined Contribution Account. Both components are funded by employer contributions. Support staff and part-time employees who normally work at least 50% FTE appointment hired prior to July 1, 2013, participate in the PERF Hybrid Plan. There were 1,311 and 1,470 active university employees covered by this retirement plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Per IC 5-10.2-4-4, key elements of the pension formula include years of PERF creditable service multiplied by average annual compensation multiplied by 1.1%, resulting in an annual lifetime benefit. Cost of living adjustments for members in pay status are not guaranteed by statute but may be granted by the Indiana General Assembly on an ad hoc basis. Refunds of employee contributions are included in total benefit payments. Participants must have at least ten years of PERF creditable service to have a vested right to the defined pension benefit. The defined contribution account consists of contributions set by state statute at 3.0% of compensation plus the earnings credited to members' accounts. Participants are

100% vested from inception in the defined contribution account. INPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The financial report and corresponding fiduciary net position is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). INPRS applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its operations. INPRS investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The INPRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for 2023 may be obtained by writing the Indiana Public Retirement System, One North Capitol, Suite 001, Indianapolis, IN 46204, by calling 1-844-464-6777, or by reviewing the Annual Report online at <a href="https://www.in.gov/inprs/annualreports.htm">www.in.gov/inprs/annualreports.htm</a>.

Required and actual contributions made by the university totaled \$8,825,000 and \$9,896,000 for fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This represented an 11.2% university pension benefit contribution for fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and a 3.0% university contribution for the defined contribution account provisions each year.

# PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund: At June 30, 2024, the university reported a liability of \$63,355,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as compared to \$58,029,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The June 30, 2024, net pension liability of \$63,355,000 at the measurement date was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to June 30, 2023. The university's proportion of the net pension liability was based on wages reported by the university relative to the collective wages of the plan. This basis measures the proportionate relationship of an employer to all employers and is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. At June 30, 2023, the university's proportion was 1.80%, a decrease of 0.04 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, which was 1.84%. The university's June 30, 2022 proportion decreased 0.04 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021, which was 1.88%. Pension expense of the university as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$10,103,000 and \$7,328,000, respectively.

At June 30, 2024, the university reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

PERF		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,296	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	3,455	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	14,521	-
Changes in proportion and differences between university contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	6,699
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,598	-
Total	\$ 25,870	\$ 6,699

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$6,598,000 related to pensions resulting from university contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

At June 30, 2023, the university reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERF		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,251	\$ 221
Changes of assumptions	7,860	2,482
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan Investments	7,161	-
Changes in proportion and differences between university contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	5,341
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,895	-
Total	\$ 23,167	\$ 8,044

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Fiscal Year Endina June 30	PERF
2024	\$ 3,300
2025	(1,239)
2026	8,534
2027	1,978
2028	_
Thereafter	_
Total	<b>\$ 12,573</b>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, based on the results of actuarial valuation dates of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and rolled forward, respectively, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, which were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	PERF	
	Measurement Date as of June 30, 2023	Measurement Date as of June 30, 2022
	FY 2026-2033 - 0.4%	FY 2024-2033 – 0.4%
Cost of living	FY 2034-2038 – 0.5%	FY 2034-2038 – 0.5%
	FY 2039 and thereafter – 0.6%	FY 2039 and thereafter – 0.6%
Inflation	2.00%, average	2.00%, average
Future salary increases	2.65% to 8.65%	2.65% to 8.65%
Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of investment expense	6.25%, net of investment expense
	Based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans	Based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans
3.6 ( 12)	Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted) with a fully	Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted) with a fully
Mortality rates	generational projection of mortality improvements	generational projection of mortality improvements
	using SOA Scale MP-2019	using SOA Scale MP-2019

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuations of June 30, 2023, were adopted by the Indiana Public Retirement System Board pursuant to the experience studies that reflected the period from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2019. Member census data as of June 30, 2022, was used in the valuation and adjusted, where appropriate, to reflect changes between June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2023. Standard actuarial roll forward techniques were then used to project the total pension liability computed as of June 30, 2022, to the June 30, 2023 measurement date.

There were no significant changes to the assumptions listed above for the pension plan since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	PERF				
		Measureme	nt Date as of	Measureme	nt Date as of
		June 3	0, 2023	June 3	0, 2022
			Long-Term		Long-Term
		Target	Expected	Target	Expected
	F	$\Lambda llocation^{1}$	Real Rate of	$Allocation^1$	Real Rate of
			Return		Return
Public equity		20.0%	3.7%	20.0%	3.6%
Private markets		15.0%	6.4%	15.0%	7.3%
Fixed income – ex inflation-linked		20.0%	2.2%	20.0%	1.5%
Fixed income – inflation-linked		15.0%	0.5%	15.0%	(0.3)%
Commodities		10.0%	1.1%	10.0%	0.9%
Real estate		10.0%	3.4%	10.0%	4.2%
Absolute return		5.0%	1.6%	5.0%	2.1%
Risk parity		20.0%	5.9%	20.0%	3.8%
Cash and Cash Overlay		(15.0)%	_	(15.0)%	(1.7)%
Total		100.0%	-	100.0%	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The defined benefit plans target allocation for total exposure is 115%. For the long-term expected rate of return calculation, an additional-15% is allocated to the cash and cash overlay global asset class

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25% and 6.25% at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the university's proportionate share of the PERF net pension liability. The following table presents the university's proportionate share of the PERF net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.25% and 6.25% at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, as well as what the university's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	PERF		
Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
June 30, 2024 (6.25%)	\$ 103,249	\$ 63,355	\$ 30,092
June 30, 2023 (6.25%)	98,032	58,029	24,663

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS financial report.

#### PAYABLE TO THE PENSION PLAN

The university reported a payable of \$1,437,000 at June 30, 2024, and \$1,207,000 at June 30, 2023, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# **Note 13—Postemployment Benefits**

#### PLAN DESCRIPTION

The university provides postemployment benefits for certain retired employees. The IU 18/20 Plan, medical, and life insurance benefits are presented for financial statement purposes as a consolidated plan (the "Plan").

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by Indiana University. The 18/20 Plan provides interim benefits to full-time appointed academic and professional staff employees who meet the following eligibility requirements: covered by the IU Retirement Plan 15% level on or before July 14, 1988, and has 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan 15% level, at least 20 years of continuous full-time university service, and at least 64 years of age. This group of employees is eligible to receive monthly payments based on a hypothetical monthly annuity amount at age 70, up to the amount of terminal base salary, calculated as the average budgeted base salary for the five 12-month periods immediately preceding retirement. The 18/20 Plan was adopted by the Trustees of Indiana University ("trustees") and is closed to new entrants.

The university provides medical care coverage to individuals with retiree status and their eligible dependents. The cost of the coverage is borne fully by the individual. However, retiree medical care coverage is implicitly more expensive than active-employee coverage, which creates an implicit rate subsidy. The university provides retiree life insurance benefits in the amount of \$6,000 to terminated employees with retiree status. The health and life insurance plans have been established and may be amended under the authority of the trustees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### **FUNDING POLICY**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the university are established and may be amended by the trustees. The university contribution to the 18/20 Plan and retiree life insurance is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Plan members do not make contributions.

The medical plans are self-funded and each plan's premiums are updated annually based on actual claims. Retirees receiving medical benefits paid \$1,445,000 and \$1,033,000 in premiums in the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university contributed \$17,632,000 and \$21,269,000 to the consolidated OPEB Plan in fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The university does not maintain a separate legal trust to house assets used to fund postemployment benefits.

As of the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation date, the number of plan participants consisted of the following:

	Retiree Health 18/20 Plan Insurance		Retiree Life Insurance
Active employees	31	17,878	19,663
Inactive employees receiving benefits	69	258	6,903
Total	100	18,136	26,566

#### OPEB LIABILITY, OPEB EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university reported \$167,478,000 and \$181,632,000 for its total OPEB liability, respectively. The current portion of the OPEB liability was \$12,969,000 and \$17,632,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the university reported \$16,180,000 and \$16,987,000 for its total OPEB expense, respectively. The June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. Liabilities as of June 30, 2024 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2024 with no adjustments to get to the June 30, 2024 measurement date. Liabilities as of June 30, 2023 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2022 projected to June 30, 2023, reflecting actual premiums and contributions.

Changes in the total reported liability for postemployment benefits obligations and total OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	18/20 Plan	Retiree Health	Retiree Life	Total
	16/20 Fluit	Insurance		Total
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 28,053	\$ 115,132	\$ 38,447	\$ 181,632
Service cost	300	8,209	879	9,388
Interest	930	5,006	1,593	7,529
Changes in assumptions	(60)	7,192	(455)	6,677
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	(822)	(18,417)	(877)	(20,116)
Benefit payments	(11,777)	(4,329)	(1,526)	(17,632)
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 16,624	\$ 112,793	\$ 38,061	\$ 167,478
Current portion of OPEB liability				\$ 12,969
OPEB expense	\$ (439)	\$ 14,824	\$ 1,795	\$ 16,180

Changes in the total reported liability for postemployment benefits obligations and total OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

# (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	18/20 Plan	Retiree Health	Retiree Life	Total	
	16/20 Fluit	Insurance	Insurance	Total	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 43,844	\$ 97,422	\$ 37,742	\$ 179,008	
Service cost	533	7,396	865	8,794	
Interest	1,476	4,225	1,549	7,250	
Changes in assumptions	(13)	(385)	(233)	(631)	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	(1,056)	9,536	_	8,480	
Benefit payments	(16,731)	(3,062)	(1,476)	(21,269)	
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 28,053	\$ 115,132	\$ 38,447	\$ 181,632	
Current portion of OPEB liability				\$ 17,632	
OPEB expense	\$ 450	\$ 14,635	\$ 1,902	\$ 16,987	

The discount rate changed from 4.13% as of June 30, 2023, to 4.21% as of June 30, 2024. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%. The university has not had a recent experience study.

At June 30, 2024, the university reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Changes in Assumptions:				
18/20 Plan	\$	1,109	\$	915
Retiree health insurance		11,154		9,025
Retiree life insurance		4,522		9,256
Differences between expected and actual experience	e:			
18/20 Plan		-		6,106
Retiree health insurance		24,981		34,133
Retiree life insurance		170		1,618
Total	\$	41,936	\$	61,053

At June 30, 2023, the university reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Changes in Assumptions:				
18/20 Plan	\$	1,490	\$	1,087
Retiree health insurance		6,594		10,821
Retiree life insurance		5,948		10,685
Differences between expected and actual experience	e:			
18/20 Plan		_		7,102
Retiree health insurance		33,647		23,608
Retiree life insurance		230		1,021
Total	\$	47,909	\$	54,324

These amounts will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	18/20 Plan	Retiree Health Insurance	Retiree Life Insurance	Total
2025	\$ (1,669)	\$ 1,610	\$ (678)	\$ (737)
2026	(1,669)	1,610	(678)	(737)
2027	(860)	(4,908)	(851)	(6,619)
2028	(808)	(2,627)	(1,551)	(4,986)
2029	(552)	(1,046)	(2,062)	(3,660)
Thereafter	(354)	(1,662)	(362)	(2,378)
Total	\$ (5,912)	\$ (7,023)	\$ (6,182)	\$ (19,117)

Actuarial Assumptions. Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the university's total OPEB liability were:

	Measurement Date as of June 30, 2024	Measurement Date as of June 30, 2023
Payroll growth (medical/life plan)	3.0%	3.0%
Payroll growth (18/20 plan)	2.5%	2.5%
Inflation	3.0%	2.5%
Health care cost trend rates	8.0% for fiscal year 2025 to	7.0% for fiscal year 2023 to
freatth care cost frend rates	4.5% for fiscal year 2032 and thereafter Based on SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount	4.5% for fiscal year 2029 and thereafter Based on SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount
Mortality rates	Weighted Mortality Table fully generational	Weighted Mortality Table fully generational
	using Scale MP-2021	using Scale MP-2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary	Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary

Discount rate. The discount rate used in valuing OPEB liabilities as of June 30, 2024, was 4.21% and 4.13% as of June 30, 2023. The discount rate must be based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The S&P 20-year municipal bond index was used for the current discount rate.

Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to the discount rate. The following table presents the June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability using the discount rate of 4.21% as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability	1% Decrease (3.21%)	June 30, 2024 Discount Rate (4.21%)	1% Increase (5.21%)
18/20 plan	\$ 16,761	\$ 16,624	\$ 16,478
Retiree health insurance	122,835	112,793	103,628
Retiree life insurance	44,404	38,061	33,018
Total	\$ 184,000	\$ 167,478	\$ 153,124

Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to the discount rate. The following table presents the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability using the discount rate of 4.13% as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

## (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability	1% Decrease (3.13%)	June 30, 2023 Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase (5.13%)	
18/20 plan	\$ 28,381	\$ 28,053	\$ 27,719	
Retiree health insurance	125,187	115,132	105,934	
Retiree life insurance	44,975	38,447	33,269	
Total	\$ 198,543	\$ 181,632	\$ 166,922	

Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to the health care trend rate. The following table presents the university's retiree health insurance OPEB liability for both years as well as what the retiree health insurance OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Sensitivity of Retiree Health Insurance OPEB Liability*	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase
June 30, 2024 (8.0% decreasing to 4.5%)	\$ 100,326	\$ 112,793	\$ 127,520
June 30, 2023 (7.0% decreasing to 4.5%)	101,676	115,132	131,099

<sup>\*</sup>The 18/20 and retiree life insurance plans are not included above as they do not have a health care component.

# **Note 14—Functional Expenses**

The university's operating expenses by functional classification were as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2024

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Natural Classification							
	Compensation &	Scholarship &	Supplies &					
Functional Classification	Benefits	Fellowships	Expenses	Depreciation	Total			
Instruction	\$ 1,050,015	\$ 19,487	\$ 264,939	\$ -	\$ 1,334,441			
Research	242,237	2,840	142,276	_	387,353			
Public service	102,551	1,378	56,970	_	160,899			
Academic support	474,492	2,782	162,310	_	639,584			
Student services	105,227	908	38,882	_	145,017			
Institutional support	142,790	94	65,394	_	208,278			
Physical plant	110,689	2	83,383	_	194,074			
Scholarships & fellowships	19,320	134,412	9,525	_	163,257			
Auxiliary enterprises	260,180	5,511	188,545	_	454,236			
Depreciation	_	_	_	210,010	210,010			
Total operating expenses	\$ 2,507,501	\$ 167,414	\$ 1,012,224	\$ 210,010	\$ 3,897,149			

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Natural Classification						
	Compensation &	Scholarships &	Supplies &				
Functional Classification	Benefits	Fellowships	Expenses	Depreciation	Total		
Instruction	\$ 1,057,302	\$ 20,619	\$ 275,238	\$ -	\$ 1,353,159		
Research	234,948	3,047	139,913	_	377,908		
Public service	101,999	1,662	52,527	_	156,188		
Academic support	394,698	2,864	149,860	_	547,422		
Student services	100,342	864	33,704	_	134,910		
Institutional support	130,387	308	57,069	_	187,764		
Physical plant	99,269	1	75,543	_	174,813		
Scholarships & fellowships	19,877	122,965	3,162	_	146,004		
Auxiliary enterprises	238,805	5,257	165,243	_	409,305		
Depreciation	_	_	_	202,670	202,670		
Total operating expenses	\$ 2,377,627	\$ 157,587	\$ 952,259	\$ 202,670	\$ 3,690,143		

# **Note 15—Commitments and Loss Contingencies**

The university had outstanding commitments for capital construction projects of \$158,638,000 and \$201,471,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The university is a party in a number of legal actions. While the final outcome in these legal actions cannot be determined at this time, management is of the opinion that the liability, if any, for these legal actions will not have a significant adverse effect on the university's financial position.

# **Note 16—Discretely Presented Component Units**

Condensed financial statement information related to the University's component units for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows: (dollar amounts presented in thousands)

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)	Indiana University Foundation	Riley Children's Endowment	IU Medical Group Foundation	Regenstrief Institute, Inc.	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 158,642	\$ 12,865	\$ 2,057	\$ 2,541	\$ 176,105
Collateral under securities lending agreement	_	-	_	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	44,008	21,801	1,601	3,716	71,126
Other assets	_	_	-	226	226
Total current assets	202,650	34,666	3,658	6,483	247,457
Noncurrent assets					
Accounts receivable, net	204,251	-	-	_	204,25
Investments	3,955,425	427,769	367,106	29,671	4,779,97
Capital assets, net	74,457	1,280	-	11,505	87,242
Other assets	_	43,044	_	_	43,044
Total noncurrent assets	4,234,133	472,093	367,106	41,176	5,114,508
Total assets	4,436,783	506,759	370,764	47,659	5,361,965
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	23,961	34,595	_	3,155	61,711
Collateral under securities lending agreement	_	_	-	-	-
Current portion of long-term debt	_	-	_	8,927	8,927
Total current liabilities	23,961	34,595	-	12,082	70,638
Noncurrent liabilities					
Long-term debt	149,216	-	_	-	149,216
Assets held for the university	519,802	2,204	_	-	522,000
Assets held for university affiliates	43,423	-	_	-	43,423
Other noncurrent liabilities	42,881	829	_	-	43,710
Total noncurrent liabilities	755,322	3,033	-	_	758,355
Total liabilities	779,283	37,628	-	12,082	828,993
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	74,457	1,280	-	11,505	87,242
Restricted for:					
Nonexpendable – endowments	2,368,604	139,138	-	-	2,507,742
Expendable:					
Scholarships, research, instruction, other	1,079,052	87,452	8,082	11,330	1,185,910
Capital projects	146,423	9,542	-	-	155,965
Unrestricted	(11,036)	231,719	362,682	12,742	596,107
Total net position	\$ 3,657,500	\$ 469,131	\$ 370,764	\$ 35,577	\$ 4,532,972

	Indiana	Riley	IU Medical	Regenstrief	
	University	Children's	Group	Institute,	
	Foundation	Endowment	Foundation	Inc.	Total
Operating revenues					
Federal grants and contracts	\$ -	\$ 774	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 774
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	_	-	-	20,743	20,743
Sales, services, and other revenue	26,292	89	-	101	26,482
Total operating revenues	26,292	863	-	20,844	47,999
Operating expenses					
Compensation and benefits	37,275	8,535	_	16,909	62,719
Student financial aid	67,312	_	_	_	67,312
Energy and utilities	252	13	_	65	330
Travel	3,067	111	_	724	3,902
Supplies and general expense	137,515	49,566	11,306	9,168	207,555
Depreciation and amortization	3,144	124	_	710	3,978
Total operating expenses	248,565	58,349	11,306	27,576	345,796
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment income (loss)	272,989	50,758	38,594	1,902	364,243
Gifts	32,464	55,638	3,143	3,103	94,348
Interest expense	_	_	-	(328)	(328)
Net nonoperating revenues	305,453	106,396	41,737	4,677	458,263
Other					
Additions to permanent endowments	136,869	_	-	_	136,869
Total other	136,869	_	_	-	136,869
Increase (decrease) in net position	220,049	48,910	30,431	(2,055)	297,335
Net position, beginning of year	3,437,451	420,221	340,333	37,632	4,235,637
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,657,500	\$ 469,131	\$ 370,764	\$ 35,577	\$ 4,532,972

-	Indiana University Foundation	Riley Children's Endowment	IU Medical Group Foundation	Regenstrief Institute, Inc.	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 114,717	\$ 6,746	\$ 3,419	\$ 1,821	\$ 126,703
Collateral under securities lending agreement	23,214	_	_	-	23,214
Accounts receivable, net	39,518	10,078	1,388	8,543	59,527
Other assets	_	_	_	418	418
Total current assets	177,449	16,824	4,807	10,782	209,862
Noncurrent assets					
Accounts receivable, net	232,143	-	-	-	232,143
Investments	3,701,826	401,225	335,526	26,881	4,465,458
Capital assets, net	68,625	1,317	-	12,052	81,994
Other assets		39,851	_	_	39,851
Total noncurrent assets	4,002,594	442,393	335,526	38,933	4,819,446
Total assets	4,180,043	459,217	340,333	49,715	5,029,308
Liabilities					
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,905	34,374	_	2,833	48,112
Collateral under securities lending agreement	23,214	_	-	_	23,214
Current portion of long-term debt		_	-	324	324
Total current liabilities	34,119	34,374	-	3,157	71,650
Noncurrent liabilities					
Long-term debt	149,188	_	-	8,926	158,114
Assets held for the university	476,120	3,633	-	_	479,753
Assets held for university affiliates	41,853	-	-	-	41,853
Other noncurrent liabilities	41,312	989		_	42,301
Total noncurrent liabilities	708,473	4,622	_	8,926	722,021
Total liabilities	742,592	38,996	_	12,083	793,671
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	68,625	1,317	_	3,126	73,068
Restricted for:					
Nonexpendable – endowments Expendable:	2,245,441	131,716	_	_	2,377,157
Scholarships, research, instruction, other	1,026,869	61,947	12,917	12,958	1,114,691
Capital projects	147,566	9,263	_	_	156,829
Unrestricted	(51,050)	215,978	327,416	21,548	513,892
Total net position	\$ 3,437,451	\$ 420,221	\$ 340,333	\$ 37,632	\$ 4,235,637

	Indiana	Riley	IU Medical	Regenstrief	
	University	Children's	Group	Institute,	
	Foundation	Endowment	Foundation	Inc.	Total
Operating revenues					
Federal grants and contracts	\$ -	\$ 73	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	-	_	_	20,301	20,301
Sales, services, and other revenue	22,749	28	_	1,830	24,607
Total operating revenues	22,749	101	-	22,131	44,981
Operating expenses					
Compensation and benefits	30,017	7,317	_	16,173	53,507
Student financial aid	60,317	_	_	_	60,317
Energy and utilities	314	16	_	112	442
Travel	2,471	103	_	717	3,291
Supplies and general expense	147,617	40,431	26,318	9,719	224,085
Depreciation and amortization	2,704	180	_	827	3,711
Total operating expenses	243,440	48,047	26,318	27,548	345,353
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment income (loss)	114,985	38,449	23,624	870	177,928
Gifts	63,222	38,526	89,131	3,500	194,379
Interest expense	-	-	_	(338)	(338)
Net nonoperating revenues	178,207	76,975	112,755	4,032	371,969
Other					
Additions to permanent endowments	87,463	-	_	_	87,463
Total other	87,463	_	_		87,463
Increase (decrease) in net position	44,979	29,029	86,437	(1,385)	159,060
Net position, beginning of year	3,392,472	391,192	253,896	39,017	4,076,577
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,437,451	\$ 420,221	\$ 340,333	\$ 37,632	\$ 4,235,637

# **Note 17—Subsequent Events**

Indiana University and Purdue University issued a joint memorandum of understanding on August 12, 2022, to separate Indiana University Purdue University Indianapolis (IUPUI) into two institutions. On June 14, 2023, Indiana University and Purdue University signed the Program Transfer Agreement. Effective July 1, 2024, IUPUI became two separate institutions: Indiana University Indianapolis and Purdue University in Indianapolis.

The expected reduction in revenue from programs transitioning to Purdue University is anticipated to be largely offset by the reduction of expenses for operating those same programs. In addition, Indiana University Indianapolis expects to receive revenues for services, such as emergency services, environmental health and safety, student health center, and use of library among others, provided to Purdue University. Ownership of the ground and buildings remains with Indiana University. As a result, the university does not anticipate a material change in financial position or results of operation as a result of the transition.

# Required Supplementary Information - Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund

Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (last 10 years):

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

(dollar amounts prese	nitou in inouounus)	TT . ' '1. 2.		TT .''	DI C'I
		University's		University's proportionate	Plan fiduciary net
		proportionate share		share of the net liability as	position as a percentage
Measurement	University's proportion of	of the net pension	University's covered	a percentage of its covered	of the total pension
Date as of:	the net pension liability	liability	payroll	payroll	liability
June 30, 2023	1.80%	\$63,355	\$61,283	103.38%	80.80%
June 30, 2022	1.84%	\$58,029	\$79,916	72.61%	82.50%
June 30, 2021	1.88%	\$24,801	\$84,371	29.39%	92.50%
June 30, 2020	1.93%	\$58,280	\$94,664	61.56%	81.40%
June 30, 2019	1.97%	\$65,254	\$101,364	64.38%	80.10%
June 30, 2018	2.02%	\$68,576	\$124,694	55.00%	78.90%
June 30, 2017	2.06%	\$92,066	\$128,504	71.64%	76.60%
June 30, 2016	2.11%	\$95,689	\$139,508	68.59%	75.30%
June 30, 2015	3.30%	\$134,565	\$156,848	85.79%	77.30%
June 30, 2014	3.85%	\$101,229	\$185,019	54.71%	84.30%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of the University's Contributions for the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (last 10 years):

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

		Contributions in relations			Contributions as a
	Contractually required	to the contractually	Contribution	University's covered	percentage of covered
Fiscal Year	contribution	required contribution	deficiency	payroll	payroll
2024	\$6,847	\$(6,847)	-	\$62,788	10.91%
2023	\$6,409	\$(6,409)	-	\$61,283	10.46%
2022	\$8,824	\$(8,824)	-	\$79,916	11.04%
2021	\$9,154	\$(9,154)	-	\$84,371	10.85%
2020	\$10,583	\$(10,583)	-	\$94,664	11.18%
2019	\$11,170	\$(11,170)	-	\$101,364	11.02%
2018	\$13,978	\$(13,978)	-	\$124,694	11.21%
2017	\$13,980	\$(13,980)	_	\$128,504	10.88%
2016	\$15,637	\$(15,637)	_	\$139,508	11.21%
2015	\$17,484	\$(17,484)	_	\$156,848	11.15%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Notes to RSI:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the years presented.

Changes in Assumptions:

FY 2024:

None

FY 2023:

Non8

FY 2022:

The Interest Rate / Investment Return and Discount Rate assumption changed from 6.75% to 6.25%.

The inflation assumption changed from 2.25% to 2.00%.

The Future Salary Scale assumption changed from 2.75% - 8.75% to 2.65% - 8.65%.

#### FY 2021:

 $The future \ salary \ increase \ assumption \ changed \ from \ an \ age-based \ table \ ranging \ from \ 2.50\% \ to \ 4.25\% \ to \ a \ service-based \ table \ ranging \ from \ 2.75\% \ to \ 8.75\%.$ 

The mortality assumption changed from the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set Mortality Tables projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019. Specific mortality table variants and adjustments are used for different subpopulations.

The retirement assumption was updated based on recent experience and was updated from an age- and service-based table to an age-based table dependent on eligibility for a reduced benefit or unreduced benefit. Additionally, for actives who are eligible for early retirement (reduced benefit), 30% are now assumed to commence benefits immediately and 70% are assumed to commence benefits at unreduced retirement eligibility. Previously 33% of actives were assumed to commence benefits with early retirement while 67% were assumed to wait for unreduced retirement eligibility.

The termination assumption was updated based on recent experience. For state members, the tables were combined from being split by salary and sex to being one unisex service-based table. For members in political subdivisions earning more than \$20,000, the sex-distinct tables were combined to one unisex service-based table. For members in political subdivisions earning less than \$20,000, the sex-distinct age-based table was maintained, and the rates were updated based on experience.

The disability assumption was updated based on recent experience.

The marital assumption was updated based on recent experience: 80% of male members and 65% of female members are assumed to be married or to have a dependent beneficiary. Previously, 75% of male members and 60% of female members were assumed to be married or to have a dependent beneficiary.

The load placed on the final average earnings to account for additional wages received upon termination, such as severance pay or unused sick leave, decreased from \$400 to \$200.

#### FY 2020:

None

#### FY 2019:

For the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, the Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) assumption was changed due to passage of Senate Enrolled Act No. 373. In lieu of a 1.0% COLA beginning on January 1, 2020, INPRS assumes the COLA will be replaced by a 13th check for 2020 and 2021. The COLA assumption thereafter, would be 0.4% beginning on January 1, 2022, changing to 0.5% beginning on January 1, 2034, and ultimately 0.6% beginning on January 1, 2039.

#### FY 2018

For the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, an actuarial audit was completed which included updating the following assumptions: adding a load on final average salary of \$400 to reflect unused sick leave accumulated at termination of employment for active and inactive vested members. Additionally, for disabled members, the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Disability Mortality tables are assumed instead of the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set Mortality tables.

#### FY 2017:

None

#### FY 2016:

The inflation assumption changed from 3.00% to 2.25% per year.

The future salary increase assumption changed from an age-based table ranging from 3.25% to 4.50% to an age-based table ranging from 2.50% to 4.25%.

The mortality assumption changed from the 2013 IRS Static Mortality projected five (5) years with Scale AA to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set Mortality Tables projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The retirement assumption was updated based on recent experience. Additionally, for actives who are eligible for early retirement (reduced benefit), 33% are assumed to commence benefits immediately and 67% are assumed to commence benefits at unreduced retirement eligibility. 100% of actives were assumed to commence benefits immediately upon early retirement eligibility in the prior year.

The termination assumption was updated based on recent experience. For members earning less than \$20,000, the tables were updated from a select and ultimate table to just an ultimate table as there is little correlation with service. For members earning more than \$20,000, the tables were updated from using a 5-year select period to a 10-year select period to correspond with the vesting schedule.

The disability assumption was updated based on recent experience.

The ASA Annuitization assumption was updated from 50% of members assumed to annuitize their ASA balance to 60% of members assumed to annuitize their ASA balance prior to January 1, 2017.

#### FY 2015:

Assumptions concerning ASA withdrawal and annuitization were added pursuant to the addition of IC 5-10.5-4-2.5 and 2.6 in accordance with the 2014 House Enrolled Act No. 1075.

All other assumptions are the same as the June 30, 2013 valuation.

# **Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Plans**

Schedule of the University's Total Liability for Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (last 10 years¹) Under GASB 75:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Service Cost	Interest	Changes in Assumptions	Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	Benefit Payments	Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability, Beginning of Year	Total OPEB Liability, End of Year	Covered Payroll	Total Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
FY 2024:		+ 000	+ ((0)	+(000)	. (44 ===)	+ (4.4 .40.0)	+ 00 0 <b>=</b> 0			224.224
18/20 Plan Retiree Health	\$ 300	\$ 930	\$ (60)	\$(822)	\$ (11,777)	\$(11,429)	\$ 28,053	\$ 16,624	\$ 5,095	326.3%
Insurance	8,209	5,006	7,192	(18,417)	(4,329)	(2,339)	115,132	112,793	1,486,173	7.6%
Retiree Life Insurance	879	1,593	(455)	(877)	(1,526)	(386)	38,447	38,061	1,486,173	2.6%
Total	\$ 9,388	\$ 7,529	\$ 6,677	\$ (20,116)	\$ (17,632)	\$ (14,154)	\$ 181,632	\$ 167,478		
FY 2023:										
18/20 Plan	\$ 533	\$ 1,476	\$ (13)	\$(1,056)	\$ (16,731)	\$(15,791)	\$ 43,844	\$ 28,053	\$ 6,694	419.1%
Retiree Health Insurance	7,396	4,225	(385)	9,536	(3,062)	17,710	97,422	115,132	1,374,581	8.4%
Retiree Life Insurance	865	1,549	(233)	_	(1,476)	705	37,742	38,447	1,374,581	2.8%
Total	\$ 8,794	\$ 7,250	\$ (631)	\$ 8,480	\$ (21,269)	\$ 2,624	\$ 179,008	\$ 181,632		
FY 2022:										
18/20 Plan	\$ 1,298	\$ 1,187	\$ (1,082)	\$ (1,378)	\$ (18,107)	\$ (18,082)	\$ 61,926	\$ 43,844	\$ 8,775	499.6%
Retiree Health Insurance	8,652	2,256	(13,978)	7,685	(3,133)	1,482	95,940	97,422	1,334,545	7.3%
Retiree Life Insurance	1,718	1,144	(13,570)	(1,361)	(1,435)	(13,504)	51,246	37,742	1,334,545	2.8%
Total	\$ 11,668	\$ 4,587	\$ (28,630)	\$ 4,946	\$ (22,675)	\$ (30,104)	\$ 209,112	\$ 179,008		
FY 2021:										
18/20 Plan	\$ 1,657	\$ 1,965	\$ 381	\$ (2,431)	\$ (23,584)	\$ (22,012)	\$ 83,938	\$ 61,926	\$ 13,233	468.0%
Retiree Health Insurance	9,024	2,848	3,648	(16,300)	(2,654)	(3,434)	99,374	95,940	1,347,071	7.1%
Retiree Life Insurance	1,430	1,240	4,087	=	(1,402)	5,355	45,891	51,246	1,347,071	3.8%
Total	\$ 12,111	\$ 6,053	\$ 8,116	\$ (18,731)	\$ (27,640)	\$ (20,091)	\$ 229,203	\$ 209,112		
FY 2020:										
18/20 Plan	\$ 2,442	\$ 3,344	\$ 2,014	\$ (2,431)	\$ (28,297)	\$ (22,928)	\$ 106,866	\$ 83,938	\$ 20,425	411.0%
Retiree Health Insurance	8,746	4,052	3,852	(22,099)	(3,690)	(9,139)	108,513	99,374	1,307,836	7.6%
Retiree Life Insurance	1,118	1,391	5,188	413	(1,469)	6,641	39,250	45,891	1,307,836	3.5%
Total	\$ 12,306	\$ 8,787	\$ 11,054	\$ (24,117)	\$ (33,456)	\$ (25,426)	\$ 254,629	\$ 229,203		

FY 2019:

18/20 Plan	\$ 2,209	\$ 4,571	\$ 653	\$ (3,203)	\$ (26,277)	\$ (22,047)	\$ 128,913	\$ 106,866	\$ 24,322	439.4%
Retiree Health Insurance	8,427	4,243	3,257	(6,325)	(4,552)	5,050	103,463	108,513	1,248,265	8.7%
Retiree Life Insurance	974	1,410	2,134	_	(1,435)	3,083	36,167	39,250	1,248,265	3.1%
Total	\$ 11,610	\$ 10,224	\$ 6,044	\$ (9,528)	\$ (32,264)	\$ (13,914)	\$ 268,543	\$ 254,629		
FY 2018:										
18/20 Plan	\$ 3,442	\$ 5,169	\$ (790)	\$ (3,625)	\$ (32,188)	\$ (27,992)	\$ 156,905	\$ 128,913	\$ 23,729	543.3%
Retiree Health Insurance	3,111	1,494	3,498	58,618	(3,714)	63,007	40,456	103,463	1,211,908	8.5%
Retiree Life Insurance	1,095	1,301	(909)	69	(1,286)	270	35,897	36,167	1,211,908	3.0%
Total	\$ 7,648	\$ 7,964	\$ 1,799	\$ 55,062	\$ (37,188)	\$ 35,285	\$ 233,258	\$ 268,543		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>GASB Statement No. 75 requires disclosure of a 10-year schedule. The financial statement information was not available for years prior to 2018. Additional years will be included in future reports as data becomes available.

#### Notes to RSI:

No assets were accumulated in a trust.

#### FY 2024:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2024.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate increased to 4.21% as of June 30, 2024. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.

#### FY 2023:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2023.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate increased to 4.13% as of June 30, 2023. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 7.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.

#### FY 2022:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2022.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate increased to 4.09% as of June 30, 2022. The inflation rate decreased to 2.50% per year as of June 30, 2022. The mortality table has been updated from headcount-weighted, fully generational using Scale MP-2019 to headcount-weighted, fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

#### FY 2021:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2021.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate decreased to 2.19% as of June 30, 2021. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 7.5% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%.

#### FY 2020:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2020.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate decreased to 2.66% as of June 30, 2020. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%. The mortality table has been updated from fully generational using Scale MP-2017 to headcount-weighted, fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

#### FY 2019:

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2019.

**Changes in Assumptions:** The discount rate decreased to 3.51% as of June 30, 2019. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 8.5% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.0%.

# FY 2018:

**Changes of Benefit Terms:** There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended June 30, 2018; however, the medical plan available to retirees has been changed from the PPO \$900 Deductible plan (which is no longer offered) to the Anthem PPO HDHP plan.

Changes in Assumptions: The discount rate was 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, and 3.58% as of July 1, 2017. The actuarial cost method was updated from Projected Unit Credit with linear proration to decrement to Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary. The mortality table has been updated from SOA RPH-2015 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2015 to SOA RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017. The health care trend rates have been reset to an initial rate of 9.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.0%.

# Additional copies of this report may be obtained from:

Indiana University Finance Bryan Hall 212 107 S. Indiana Avenue Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405-7000 https://finance.iu.edu

To print a PDF file of this report, go to

https://finance.iu.edu/resources/ annual-reports.html

# For additional information:

# **General Information**

Vice President for Government Relations 201 N. Indiana Avenue Bloomington, IN 47408 https://gov.iu.edu

# **Financial Reporting**

Associate Vice President and University Controller Office of the University Controller 1024 E 3<sup>rd</sup> St. Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405 https://controller.iu.edu

# Admissions

Vice Provost for Enrollment Management Office of Admissions 940 E. Seventh Street Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405-7108 https://oem.indiana.edu

#### **Gifts**

Indiana University Foundation Showalter House 1500 N. State Road 46 Bypass Bloomington, IN 47408 https://iufoundation.iu.edu/

#### **Grants**

Vice President for Research Bryan Hall 300 107 S. Indiana Avenue Bloomington, IN 47405 https://research.iu.edu

#### **Athletics**

Athletics Media Relations Simon Skjodt Assembly Hall 1001 E. 17th Street Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47408-1590 https://iuhoosiers.com/

#### Alumni

Alumni Association Virgil T. DeVault Alumni Center 1000 E. 17th Street Bloomington, IN 47408-1521 http://alumni.iu.edu

# **EXHIBIT B**

# CERTIFICATE RE: AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The undersigned, on behalf of The Trustees of Indiana University, as Obligor under the First Supplement to Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated as of June 1, 2024, supplementing the Second Amended and Restated Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2020, (the "First Supplement" to the "Second Restated Undertaking") hereby certifies that the enclosed herewith are the audited financial statements which are required to be provided pursuant to Section 5(a)(l) of the Second Restated Undertaking.

Dated: December 17, 2024

THE TRUSTEES OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY, as Obligor

Lorald & Likes

By:

Name: Donald S. Lukes

Title: Treasurer

# **EXHIBIT C**

# CERTIFICATE RE: ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

The undersigned, on behalf of The Trustees of Indiana University, as Obligor under the First Supplement to Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated as of June 1, 2024, supplementing the Second Amended and Restated Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2020, (the "First Supplement" to the "Second Restated Undertaking") hereby certifies that the information enclosed herewith constitutes the Annual Information (as defined in the Second Restated Undertaking) which is required to be provided pursuant to Section 5(a)(2) of the Second Restated Undertaking.

Dated: December 17, 2024

THE TRUSTEES OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY, as Obligor

Lorald & Lukes

By:

Name: Donald S. Lukes

Title: Treasurer

#### Schedule I to Exhibits B and C

# THE TRUSTEES of INDIANA UNIVERSITY ("INDIANA UNIVERSITY")

This filing relates to the following bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2024 for the issues occurring in the month and year specified:

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series W-1 & W-2: January 2015 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series X: August 2016 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Y: October 2018 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Z-1 & Z-2: June 2020

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A: April 2015 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A: April 2016 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A & 2020B: March 2020 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2024A: June 2024

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2013A: March 2013

Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2015A: May 2015 Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2017A: March 2017 Indiana University Lease Purchase Obligations, Series 2020A & 2020B: March 2020

Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2018A: May 2018 Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2021A: April 2021 Indiana University Commercial Paper, Series 2023A: May 2023