

WIA1002/WIB1002 Data Structures**Tutorial: Linked List & Doubly Linked List****Question 1**

```
1    public E xyz(int index,E e)
2    {
3        Node<E> current=head;
4        Node<E> temp;
5        if(index<0) return null;
6        else if(index>=size-1) {
7            this.addLast(e);
8            return null;
9        }
10       else if(index==0) {
11           temp=head;
12           head.element=e;
13           return temp.element;
14       }else{
15           for (int i = 1; i < index; i++) {
16               current=current.next;
17           }
18           temp=current.next;
19           current.next.element=e;
20           return temp.element;
21       }
22     }
```

Given method xyz with 2 arguments:

- Based on the above source code, explain what the lines of code do from line 10 – 21.
- What is the main purpose of the method xyz()?
- Obviously, there are some bugs in the source code. Debug the code and make it concise and simpler.

Question 2

```
1  else{
2      Node<E> temp = head;
3      for(int i=0; i<index; i++){
4          temp = temp.next;
5      }
6      element = temp.element;
7      temp.next.prev = temp.prev;
8      temp.prev.next = temp.next;
9      temp.next = null;
10     temp.prev = null;
11     size --;
12 }
```

Based on the source code above, assume the index given is 3

- a) Explain what the lines of code do from line 2-11.
- b) Draw the nodes for lines 7 - 10

Question 3

A doubly linked list keeps a set of characters. The head, the middle and the tail nodes respectively contains alphabet 'a', 'b' and 'c'. These nodes are in successive order. Create a new node that contains alphabet 'z'. Add this new node at the last location of this linked list. Draw all of these nodes including their correct references.