1) Univariate Normal Distribution

$$p(x;\mu,\delta^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta^2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (x-\mu)^2\right)$$

$$\propto \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu,\delta^2)$$

2 Multivariate Normal Pistribution

$$\chi = [x, x, x_{3}, \dots]^{T}$$

$$P(X, \mu, \Sigma) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi})^{n} |\Sigma|^{\frac{1}{2}}} e^{x} + (-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)^{T} \Sigma^{-1}(x-\mu))$$

$$\tilde{X} \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$$

(3) Bigriale Normal Pistribution

$$f_{xy}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2\pi6x6y\sqrt{1-p^2}} exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2Up^2} \left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{6x} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-y_x}{6y} \right)^2 - 2p \frac{\left(x-\mu_x x_y - \mu_y \right)}{6x6y} \right\} \right\}$$