Not for Publication

Sun Java System Federated Access Manager 8.0 Developer's Guide

Beta



Sun Microsystems, Inc. 4150 Network Circle Santa Clara, CA 95054 U.S.A.

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◆ ◆ ◆ CHAPTER 1

Understanding the Client Software Development Kit

The Sun Java $^{\text{TM}}$ System Federated Access Manager Client Software Development Kit (Client SDK) provides Java libraries for integrating access management functionality within stand-alone applications and web applications. The Client SDK can be used in remote applications to take advantage of Federated Access Manager services such as authentication, single sign-on (SSO), authorization, auditing and logging, and Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML). This chapter contains the following sections:

- "About the Client SDK" on page 7
- "Using the Client SDK" on page 8
- "Running the Client SDK Samples" on page 9
- "Using AMConfig.properties with Client SDK" on page 12
- "Setting Up a Client SDK Identity" on page 23
- "Building Custom Web Applications" on page 23

About the Client SDK

Remark 1–1 Reviewer

This chapter talks only about Java SDK. What about .NET and C? Is there stuff I should be writing about an SDK for those languages?

The Federated Access Manager Client SDK contains Java packages and class files that can be used by developers to implement remote applications with Federated Access Manager services such as authentication, authorization, SSO, and SAML. The Client SDK is a streamlined version of the complete SDK installed with Federated Access Manager. The Client SDK includes only the client-side classes and configuration properties needed by remote applications to communicate with Federated Access Manager services. It is aimed at applications that use identity APIs at run time for authentication, SSO, policy evaluation and enforcement, and obtaining and setting user attributes. It is not for use by applications that perform policy management or identity management (creation and deletion of entries). From a deployment point of view, the Client SDK offers the following advantages over the full Federated Access Manager SDK:

It also includes samples to show how it can be used.

- The Client SDK is smaller than the full SDK, approximately 1 megabyte as compared to 10 megabytes.
- The Client SDK communicates directly with Federated Access Manager using XML (SOAP) over HTTP or HTTPS. In turn, Federated Access Manager communicates directly with the data store.
- The Client SDK does not require administrator credentials.
- Applications using the Client SDK can be deployed in demilitarized zones (DMZs), and a firewall can be placed between them and Federated Access Manager.

[Remark 1–2 Reviewer: Missing any packages here?] The following packages comprise the Client SDK.

- com.iplanet.am.sdk
- com.iplanet.am.util
- com.iplanet.sso
- com.sun.identity.authentication
- com.sun.identity.idm
- com.sun.identity.log
- com.sun.identity.policy
- com.sun.identity.policy.client
- com.sun.identity.saml
- com.sun.identity.sm



Caution – It is recommended that developers don't call com.iplanet.am.sdk, com.iplanet.am.util, com.sun.identity.policy, and com.sun.identity.sm directly.

Using the Client SDK

[Remark 1–3 Reviewer: More real world type examples for this section would be great!!!] There are many ways to use the Client SDK. Following is a list of some of them.

- Build a proprietary application framework in which the Client SDK is a part. The Client SDK features can allow independence from policy agents.
- Access profile data to perform authentication and authorization beyond what is offered out-of-the-box.
- Allow authenticated and non-authenticated users access to a login process with a registration option that, if accepted, would create a user account.

Running the Client SDK Samples

Federated Access Manager comes with samples and source code that can help developers understand how the Client SDK classes can be implemented. The samples, acting as standalone applications, can be run on the command-line and in a web browser to see the function being performed. By looking at the provided sample source code you can understand how the Client SDK classes were used to perform the sample function.

fam-client.zip is the Client SDK sample ZIP and located in the samples directory of the inflated Federated Access Manager ZIP. After inflating fam-client.zip to its core fam-client directory, you will find two subdirectories:

- sdk contains the command line samples and source code. You must compile this before using.
- war contains deployable WAR files comprised of the Client SDK and web-based samples.

The following sections further explain the two directories.

- "Web-based Samples" on page 9
- "Command Line Samples" on page 11

Web-based Samples

The web-based Client SDK samples are run by deploying a WAR file. The Client SDK WAR files are located in the samples/fam-client/war directory of the inflated Federated Access Manager download. They are:

- fam-client-jdk15.war requires Java Platform, Enterprise Edition 1.5.
- fam-client-jdk14.war requires Java 2, Standard Edition 1.4.2.

These WAR files contain the web-based samples and the Client SDK for use with them. Deploy either fam-client-jdk14.war or fam-client-jdk15.war to your web container, depending on the version of Java installed on the machine. After deploying, launching, and configuring the appropriate WAR, click the resulting link to proceed to the web-based samples Introduction page. This page contains links to the web-based samples.

For more information on configuring the Client SDK, see "Using AMConfig.properties with

Sun Java System Federated Access Manager

Introduction

Followings are the set of Federated Access Manager client samples.

- Access Management Samples
- Liberty ID-WSF 1.x Web Service Consumer Sample
- Security Token Service (WS-Trust) Client Sample

Click here to go to the sample configurator.

Client SDK" on page 12.

The table documents the web-based sample applications and their corresponding source file. Look in the samples directory for additional source code files not specifically called out below.

Note – The source files in this table are linked to the version on the OpenSSO web site.

TABLE 1-1 Web-based Client SDK Samples

| Sample | Function | Source |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| Service Configuration Sample Servlet | Retrieves and displays attributes of the entered service name | ServiceConfigServlet.java |

| Sample | ent SDK Samples (Co Function | Source |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| User Profile (Attribute) Sample Servlet | Retrieves and displays the attributes that correspond to the entered user ID | UserProfileServlet.java |
| Policy Evaluator Client Sample Servlet | Retrieves from the Policy Service a policy decision that would be passed to a web agent for enforcement | PolicyClientServlet.java |
| Single Sign-on Token Verification Servlet | Validates a session token and then displays the user profile associated with it | SSOTokenSampleServlet.java |
| Liberty ID-WSF 1.x Web Service Consumer Sample | Query and modify the Discovery Service and the Liberty Personal Profile Service | Source File Directory |
| Security Token Service (WS-Trust) Client Sample | Obtain security tokens from the Security Token Service | Source File Directory |

Command Line Samples

The command line samples are located in the samples/fam-client/sdk directory of the inflated Federated Access Manager download. These samples must be compiled before they can be used by running scripts/compile-samples.sh.



Caution – Be sure to run all the scripts discussed in this section from outside the scripts directory: scripts/setup.sh

The README in the sdk directory contains instructions on how to run the command line samples. The table documents the command line sample applications and their corresponding source file. Look in the samples directory for additional source code files not specifically called out below.

Note – The source files in this table are linked to the version on the OpenSSO web site.

TABLE 1-2 Command Line Client SDK Samples

| Sample | Function | Source |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| setup.sh | Create AMConfig.properties and populate it with values based on your deployment. | Main.java |
| Login.sh | Logs in and then logs out the user | Login.java |
| CommandLineSSO.sh | Demonstrates how to retrieve a user profile | CommandLineSSO.java |
| CommandLineIdrepo.sh | Perform operations on the Identity Repository; for example, create an identity, delete an identity and search or select an identity | Source File Directory |
| SSOTokenSample.sh | Verifies a session token from a SSOTokenID input | SSOTokenSample.java |
| run-policy-evaluation | n-Samples alpolicy decision based on console created user and configured policy | Source File Directory |
| run-xacml-client-samp | request, makes an authorization query, receives the decision, and prints out the response | XACMLClientSample.java |

Using AMConfig.properties with Client SDK

[Remark 1–4 Reviewer:] Although AMConfig.properties has been deprecated as the configuration data store for the Federated Access Manager application, the file is still used to store configuration data for the Client SDK. After deploying and launching one of the sample WAR files (as discussed in "Web-based Samples" on page 9), a Client SDK configuration page is displayed.

Sun Java System Federated Access Manager

Configuring Client Samples

Please provide the Federated Access Manager Server Information.

| Server Protocol: | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-------|---|--|
| Server Host: | | | | |
| Server Port: | | | | |
| Server Deployment | URI: | | | |
| Debug directory | | | | |
| Application user nar | me 📗 | | | |
| Application user pas | ssword | | | |
| | Configure | Reset | ſ | |

Entering the appropriate values and clicking Configure creates an AMConfig.properties file in the samples/sdk/resources directory of the inflated Federated Access Manager ZIP. This AMConfig.properties points to the instance of Federated Access Manager that will be used by the Client SDK samples.

Note – Both famclientsdk.jar and servlet.jar are required in the CLASSPATH of the machine on which the Client SDK is installed.

An AMConfig.properties file with, minimally, the information needed to point to the remote Federated Access Manager server must be accessible to the Client SDK from the machine on which the client application is hosted. The AMConfig.properties created by the sample WAR can be modified for this purpose. The following sections explain how to do this.

- "Federated Access Manager Properties for AMConfig.properties" on page 14
- "Initializing the AMConfig.properties Properties" on page 21

Note – An AMConfig.properties file is also created and populated with values when the setup.sh script is run as discussed in "Command Line Samples" on page 11.

Federated Access Manager Properties for

AMConfig.properties

Federated Access Manager properties used by the Client SDK are contained in the AMConfig.properties file generated by the Client SDK configured during installation. (See "Using AMConfig.properties with Client SDK" on page 12.) Additional properties can be added to this file as the client application can register for notification of changes to session and user attributes, and policy decisions. The following sections describe these properties.

Remark 1–5 Reviewer

Please review the properties in this section carefully. Let me know if any are missing or if any need to be removed. Also check the values: I modifed them from the opensso values I saw - mostly replacing opensso and amserver with fam. Finally, should the properties below match the properties in the AMConfig.properties file generated by the Client SDK configuration page?

- "Naming Properties" on page 15
- "Debug Properties" on page 15
- "Notification URL Property" on page 15
- "Security Credentials Properties" on page 16
- "Encryption Properties" on page 16
- "Cache Update Properties" on page 16
- "Client Services Properties" on page 16
- "Cookie Property" on page 17
- "Session Service Properties" on page 17
- "Certificate Database Properties" on page 17
- "Policy Client Properties" on page 18
- "Monitoring Framework Property" on page 18
- "Remote Client SDK Property" on page 19

• "Federation Properties" on page 19

Naming Properties

com.iplanet.am.naming.url

This is a required property. The value of this property is the URI of the Naming Service from which the Client SDK would retrieve the URLs of Federated Access Manager internal services. Example:

com.iplanet.am.naming.url=http://FAM_Host_Machine.domain_name:port/fam/namingserv

com.iplanet.am.naming.failover.url

This property can be used by any remote application developed with the Client SDK that wants failover in, for example, session validation or getting the service URLs. Example:

com.iplanet.am.naming.failover.url=http://FAM_Host_Machine.domain_name:port/fam/1

Debug Properties

com.iplanet.services.debug.level Specifies the debug level. Values are:

- **Off** specifies that no debug information is recorded.
- error specifies that there should be no errors in the debug files. This level is recommended for production environments.
- warning is not a recommended value at this time.
- message alerts to possible issues using code tracing. Most Federated Access Manager modules use this level to send debug messages.



Caution – warning and **message** should not be used in production. They cause severe performance degradation and an abundance of debug messages.

com.iplanet.services.debug.directory

The value of this property is the output directory for the debug information. The directory should be writable by the server process. Example:

com.iplanet.services.debug.directory=/fam/debug

Notification URL Property

com.iplanet.am.notification.url

The value of this property is the URI of the Notification Service running on the machine where the Client SDK is installed. Example:

com.iplanet.am.notification.url=http://SDK_Host_Machine.domain_name:port/fam/noti

Security Credentials Properties

com.sun.identity.agents.app.username

User with permission to read Federated Access Manager configuration data. Default:

com.sun.identity.agents.app.username=UrlAccessAgent

com.iplanet.am.service.password

Password of user with permission to read Federated Access Manager configuration data.

com.iplanet.am.service.secret

The encryption key used to encrypt the password. Example:

com.iplanet.am.service.secret=AQIC24u86rq9RRZGr/HN25OcIu06w+ne+0lG

Encryption Properties

am.encryption.pwd

The encryption key used to decrypt service configuration passwords. Example:

am.encryption.pwd=ENCRYPTION KEY

com.sun.identity.client.encryptionKey

Encryption key used to encrypt and decrypt data used locally within the client application. Example:

com.sun.identity.client.encryptionKey=ENCRYPTION_KEY_LOCAL

com.iplanet.security.encryptor

Property to set the default encrypting class. Values are:

- com.iplanet.services.util.JCEEncryption
- com.iplanet.services.util.JSSEncryption

Cache Update Properties

com.sun.identity.sm.cacheTime

Cache update time (in minutes) for service configuration data if notification URL is not provided. Example:

com.sun.identity.sm.cacheTime=1

com.iplanet.am.sdk.remote.pollingTime

Cache update time (in minutes) for user management data if notification URL is not provided. Example:

com.iplanet.am.sdk.remote.pollingTime=1

Client Services Properties

These properties are defined by the Client SDK configuration page.

```
com.iplanet.am.server.protocol
```

Protocol of machine on which Federated Access Manager is deployed. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.server.protocol=http
```

```
com.iplanet.am.server.host
```

Name and domain of machine on which Federated Access Manager is deployed. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.server.host=machine2.sun.com
```

```
com.iplanet.am.server.port
```

Port of machine on which Federated Access Manager is deployed. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.server.port=8080
```

```
com.iplanet.am.services.deploymentDescriptor
```

URI of the deployed instance of Federated Access Manager. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.server.protocol=fam
```

Cookie Property

```
com.iplanet.am.cookie.name
```

The name of the Federated Access Manager cookie. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.cookie.name=iPlanetDirectoryPro
```

Session Service Properties

```
com.iplanet.am.session.client.polling.enable
```

A value of true or false enables or disables, respectively, client-side session polling.

```
com.iplanet.am.session.client.polling.period
```

Specifies the number of seconds in the polling period. Example

```
com.iplanet.am.session.client.polling.period=180
```

Certificate Database Properties

```
com.iplanet.am.admin.cli.certdb.dir
```

Identifies the directory path to the certificate database for initializing the JSS Socket Factory when the Federated Access Manager web container is configured for SSL.

```
com.iplanet.am.admin.cli.certdb.passfile
```

Identifies the certificate database password file for initializing the JSS Socket Factory when the Federated Access Manager web container is configured for SSL. Example:

```
com.iplanet.am.admin.cli.certdb.passfile=/config/.wtpass
```

com.iplanet.am.admin.cli.certdb.prefix

Identifies the certificate database prefix for initializing the JSS Socket Factory when the Federated Access Manager web container is configured for SSL.

Policy Client Properties

com.sun.identity.agents.server.log.file.name Specifies name of the client's policy log file. Example:

com.sun.identity.agents.server.log.file.name=amRemotePolicyLog

com.sun.identity.agents.logging.level

Specifies the granularity of logging to the client's policy log file.

- **NONE** is the default value. Nothing is logged.
- ALLOW logs allowed access decisions.
- DENY logs denied access decisions.
- **BOTH** logs allowed and denied access decisions.
- DECISION

com.sun.identity.agents.notification.enabled

A value of true or false enables or disables, respectively, notifications from Federated Access Manager for updating the client cache.

com.sun.identity.agents.notification.url

Specifies the URL to which notifications from Federated Access Manager are sent.

com.sun.identity.agents.polling.interval

Specifies the number of minutes after which an entry is dropped from the Client SDK cache. Example:

com.sun.identity.agents.polling.interval=3

com.sun.identity.policy.client.cacheMode

Specifies the cache mode for the client policy evaluator. Values are:

- subtree specifies that the policy evaluator obtains policy decisions from the server for all
 the resources from the root of resource actually requested.
- **self** specifies that the policy evaluator obtains policy decisions from the server only for the resource actually requested.

com.sun.identity.policy.client.usePre22BooleanValues

Define and set this property to false if you do not want to use Boolean values. The default value is true if the property is not defined.

Monitoring Framework Property

com.sun.identity.monitoring=off

[Remark 1–6 Reviewer: How do I reword this? No JES, right?] Explicitly disables Java Enterprise System (JES) monitoring services in the sample client

applications.

Remote Client SDK Property

com.iplanet.amsdk.package

If you want to use a remote instance of the Client SDK, set the value of this property to **remote**.

The default value is ldap if not explicitly defined.

Federation Properties

You must manually add these federation properties to AMConfig.properties as needed. They are not automatically placed in the file when generated.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.soap.supportedActor
Supported SOAP actors. Each actor must be separated by a pipe (|). Example:

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.soap.supportedActors= http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/actor/next

- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspRedirectHandler
 Indicates the URL for WSPRedirectHandlerServlet to handle Liberty the WSF web service
 provider-resource owner. Interactions are based on user agent redirects. The servlet should
 be running in the same JVM where the Liberty service provider is running.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wscSpecifiedInteractionChoice
 Indicates whether the web service client should participate in an interaction. Valid values are
 interactIfNeeded | doNotInteract | doNotInteractForData. Default value is
 interactIfNeeded. Default value is used if an invalid value is specified.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wscWillInlcudeUserInteractionHeader Indicates whether the web service client should include userInteractionHeader. Valid values are yes and no (case ignored). Default value is yes. Default value is used if no value is specified.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wscWillRedirect
 Indicates whether the web service client will redirect user for an interaction. Valid values are
 yes and no. Default value is yes. Default value is used if no value is specified.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wscSpecifiedMaxInteractionTime Indicates the web service client preference for acceptable duration (in seconds) for an interaction. If the value is not specified or if a non-integer value is specified, the default value is 60.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wscWillEnforceHttpsCheck
 Indicates whether the web service client enforces that redirected to URL is HTTPS. Valid
 values are yes and no (case ignored). The Liberty specification requires the value to be yes.
 Default value is yes. Default value is used if no value is specified.

- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspWillRedirect
 - Indicates whether the web service provider redirects the user for an interaction. Valid values are yes and no (case ignored). Default value is yes. Default value is if no value is specified.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspWillRedirectForData
 Indicates whether the web service provider redirects the user for an interaction for data.
 Valid values are yes and no. Default value is yes. If no value is specified, the value is yes.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspRedirectTime Web service provider expected duration (in seconds) for an interaction. Default value if the value is not specified or is a non-integer value is 30.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspWillEnforceHttpsCheck Indicates whether the web service client enforces that returnToURL is HTTP. Valid values are yes and no (case ignored). Liberty specification requires the value to be yes. Default value is yes. If no value is specified, then the value used is yes.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wspWillEnforceReturnToHostEqualsRequestHost Indicates whether the web services client enforces that returnToHost and requestHost are the same. Valid values are yes and no. Liberty specification requires the value to be yes.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.htmlStyleSheetLocation Indicates the path to the style sheet used to render the interaction page in HTML.
- com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wmlStyleSheetLocation Indicates the path to the style sheet used to render the interaction page in WML.

Example:

com.sun.identity.liberty.interaction.wmlStyleSheetLocation=/opt/SUNWam/lib/is-wml.xsl

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.interaction.enable
Default value is false.

com.sun.identity.wss.provider.config.plugin=com.sun.identity.wss.provider.plugins.AgentPro Used by the web services provider to determine the plug-in that will be used to store the configuration.

Example:

 $\verb|com.sun.identity.wss.provider.config.plugin=com.sun.identity.wss.provider.plugins.Agentic and the composition of the compos$

com.sun.identity.loginurl

Used by the web services clients in ClientSDK mode. Example:

com.sun.identity.loginurl=https://hostName:portNumber/amserver/UI/Login

com.sun.identity.liberty.authnsvc.url Indicates the Liberty authentication service URL.

com.sun.identity.liberty.wsf.version

Used to determine which version of the Liberty identity web services framework is to be used when the framework can not determine from the inbound message or from the resource

offering. This property is used when Access Manager is acting as the web service client. The default version is 1.1. The possible values are 1.0 or 1.1.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.soap.certalias

Value is set during installation. Client certificate alias that will be used in SSL connection for Liberty SOAP Binding.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.soap.messageIDCacheCleanupInterval

Default value is 60000. Specifies the number of milliseconds to elapse before cache cleanup events begin. Each message is stored in a cache with its ownmessageID to avoid duplicate messages. When a message's current time less the received time exceeds the stale Time Limit value, the message is removed from the cache.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.soap.staleTimeLimit

Default value is 300000. Determines if a message is stale and thus no longer trustworthy. If the message timestamp is earlier than the current timestamp by the specified number of milliseconds, the message the considered to be stale.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.wsc.certalias

Value is set during installation. Specifies default certificate alias for issuing web service security token for this web service client.

com.sun.identity.liberty.ws.trustedca.certaliases

Value is set during installation. Specifies certificate aliases for trusted CA. SAML or SAML BEARER token of incoming request. Message must be signed by a trusted CA in this list. The syntax is:

```
cert alias 1[:issuer 1]|cert alias 2[:issuer 2]|.....
```

Example: myalias1: myissuer1|myalias2|myalias3: myissuer3. The value issuer is used when the token doesn't have a KeyInfo inside the signature. The issuer of the token must be in this list, and the corresponding certificate alias will be used to verify the signature. If KeyInfo exists, the keystore must contain a certificate alias that matches the KeyInfo and the certificate alias must be in this list.

Initializing the AMConfig.properties Properties

[Remark 1–7 Reviewer: Please check these three sections and make sure they still work as documented.] When you configure the Client SDK (as documented in "Using AMConfig.properties with Client SDK" on page 12) you are minimally configuring it to communicate with a remote instance of Federated Access Manager. The properties listed in "Federated Access Manager Properties for AMConfig.properties" on page 14 can also be initialized. The following sections describe different ways in which these properties can be initialized.

- "Using the AMConfig.properties Properties File" on page 22
- "Using the Java API" on page 22

• "Setting Individual Properties" on page 22

Using the AMConfig.properties Properties File

You can set properties in the AMConfig.properties properties file created during installation. The properties are formatted as follows:

```
property_name=property_value
```

Note – The properties files must be in the CLASSPATH. If necessary, declare the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) option as follows:

```
-Damconfig=properties_file_name
```

Using the Java API

[Remark 1–8 Reviewer: Code sample still valid?] The Client SDK properties can be set programmatically using the class com.iplanet.am.util.SystemProperties. The following code sample illustrates how this can be accomplished.

EXAMPLE 1-1 Setting Client SDK Properties Programmatically

Setting Individual Properties

You can set properties one at a time. For example, you can declare the following JVM option at run time to assign a value to a particular property:

```
-DpropertyName=propertyValue
```

Setting Up a Client SDK Identity

[Remark 1–9 Reviewer: Changed this section. Please review carefully. How does the client send the username/PW that is stored in AMConfig?] Some Federated Access Manager components (such as SAML, user management, and policy) require an identity to be authenticated before the client application can read configuration data. The client can provide either a username and password that can be authenticated, or an implementation of the com.sun.identity.security.AppSSOTokenProvider interface. Either option will return a session token which the client can then use to access Federated Access Manager configuration data.

- "To Set Username and Password Properties" on page 23
- "To Set an SSO Token Provider" on page 23

To Set Username and Password Properties

The following properties in AMConfig.properties can be used to set the username and password. The authenticated username should have permission to read the Federated Access Manager configuration data.

- The property to provide the user name is com.sun.identity.agents.app.username.
- The property to provide the plain text password is com.iplanet.am.service.password.

Note – If a plain text password is a security concern, an encrypted password can be provided as the value of com.iplanet.am.service.secret. If an encrypted password is provided, the encryption key must also be provided as the value of am.encryption.pwd.

To Set an SSO Token Provider

[Remark 1–10 Reviewer: I don't see this property in AMConfig. Is it still there? Has this option changed? Shouldn't the implementation be used in the client app? Please explain.] Provide the implementation of the com. sun.identity.security.AppSSOTokenProvider interface as the value of the com.sun.identity.security.AdminToken property.

Building Custom Web Applications

[Remark 1–11 Reviewer: It seems to me that this section should change. I need to speak with the appropriate engineer regard this.] The Client SDK is contained in a small Java archive (JAR) named famclientsdk.jar. If using the Client SDK to write client applications, download (or retrieve from the libraries/jars directory of the Federated Access Manager ZIP) famclientsdk.jar, and include it in the class path for the application.

The Client SDK package contains Makefile.clientsdk that you can use to generate and build samples and web applications. The makefile defines targets to build configuration properties, samples and web applications.

- "Building Stand-Alone Applications" on page 24
- "Targets Defined in clientsdk" on page 24

Building Stand-Alone Applications

Use this procedure for building identity-enabled web applications.

To Build a Stand-Alone Application

Install the Client SDK.

See "Running the Client SDK Samples" on page 9.

- 2 Copy servlet.jar to the lib directory.
- 3 Run the stand-alone application.

Change directory to respective components within clientsdk-samples. Each has a Readme.html file explaining the changes and a Makefile to rebuild and run the program.

Targets Defined in clientsdk

For web deployment, amclientwebapps.war is ready to be deployed. However, you can make changes in the clientsdk-webapps directory and the WAR file can be recreated.

Custom web applications can use the following as a template to build their identity enabled web application.

properties: Generates AMConfig.properties in the temp directory that can used as a template for setting AM SDK's properties

samples: Copies standalone samples and corresponding Makefiles to samples directory.

webapp: Generates amclientwebapps.war that can be deployed on any Servlet 2.3 compliant web container.

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