CS 2413 Test 1

- 1. [10] Write a sed command which will take a data file, data.in containing only numbers and strip off the first number of each line, writing the result to the file data.out. There may or may not be white space before the first number and all of the white space after the first number should be stripped. The sed command should be entirely on the command line.
- 2. [15] You are running portsentry which will detect tcp and udp connection attempts at a number of ports and will block connections from those sites. You want a list of all TCP and UDP connection attempts not to TCP port 80 from scanner.cs.utsa.edu and since they are logged in /var/log/messages you want a sed script to print out the date, scanner.cs.utsa.edu, the connection type (TCP or UDP) and the port. If the input looks like:

```
Mar 5 09:16:56 attackalert: Connect from: scanner.cs.utsa.edu to TCP port: 635
Mar 5 10:29:21 adminalert: Going into listen mode on TCP port: 4000
Mar 5 12:36:18 attackalert: Connect from: scanner.cs.utsa.edu to TCP port: 80
Mar 5 16:32:31 attackalert: Connect from: 129.115.11.71 to UDP port: 137
Mar 5 16:35:13 attackalert: Connect from: scanner.cs.utsa.edu to UDP port: 137
Mar 5 19:17:09 attackalert: Connect from: 129.115.11.57 to TCP port: 1080
Mar 5 19:17:26 attackalert: Connect from: ten43.cs.utsa.edu to TCP port: 79
```

then the output should look like:

```
Mar 5 09:16:56 scanner.cs.utsa.edu TCP 635
Mar 5 16:35:13 scanner.cs.utsa.edu UDP 137
```

Notice that only lines with attackalert have information to be printed. Write the sed script!

3. [15] The last command prints out the connection times of the users of the system in a form similar to the following:

```
maynard ftp 129.115.11.102 Wed Oct 11 9:10 - 10:15 65 minutes grader ftp 129.115.176.200 Wed Oct 11 10:18 - 1:18 180 minutes maynard pts/9 129.115.203.145 Sun Oct 15 10:13 - 20:22 609 minutes george pts/9 129.115.203.145 Mon Oct 16 2:03 - 2:23 20 minutes
```

You are curious about the activity of the user maynard connecting via ftp from the site 129.115.203.145 as well as other users who connecting via ftp from that site. Write an awk script to print out the following information:

- (a) The number of times and total time that maynard was connected from 129.115.203.145 on October 15 via ftp.
- (b) The number of times and total time that all users were connected from 129.115.203.145 on October 15 via ftp.
- (c) The number of times and total time that all users were connected from any site on October 15 via ftp.

The output should look like:

maynard	129.115.203.145	120 connections	427 minutes
all users	129.115.203.145	183 connections	613 minutes
all users	all sites	474 connections	2498 minutes

- 4. [15] Write a perl script which will print out the pathnames of all text files which are under any of the directories whose names are given in the files on the command line.
- 5. [15] Write a Perl script, pil, which will interleave the lines of a file with those of another file writing the result to a third file. If the files are a different length then the excess lines are written at the end. A sample invocation:

```
pil filein1 filein2 fileout
```

- 6. [15] Write a perl script which will print on stdout the names of all text files under any of the directories given on the command line which contain the string "sniffer". A file name should only be printed a maximum of one time.
- 7. [20] Suppose a perl program, tct, is invoked with the command:

```
tct -xt file1 file2
```

and suppose file1 contains the lines "dir1" and "dir2" while file2 contains the lines "dir3", "dir4", "dir5" and "dir6". Each string is on a separate line in the files. At the start of the program:

- (a) What is the list value of QARGV?
- (b) What is the value of \$ARGV[2]?
- (c) What is the value of \$#ARGV?
- (d) What value is used for CARGV in the condition test:

```
if ( @ARGV ) {
```

(e) After the following statements are executed,

```
$a = pop;
$b = shift;
$c = <>;
```

- i. What is the value of \$a?
- ii. What is the value of \$c?
- iii. What is the value of \$ARGV?
- (f) On the other hand if the following statements were to be executed first,

```
$a = shift;
@b = <>;
$c = shift @b;
```

- i. What is the value of \$a?
- ii. What is the value of @b?
- iii. What is the value of \$c?