

## CS 2213 Advanced Programming Recitation – Exercise

Due date: check BB

!!!! NO LATE RECITATION WILL BE ACCEPTED !!!

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**Background:** General equation for a line in a plane is  $Ax + By + C = 0$ , where  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  are constants that will be given by the user.

Suppose we have two lines  $A_1x + B_1y + C_1 = 0$  and  $A_2x + B_2y + C_2 = 0$ .

The intersection point  $(x_0, y_0)$  of these two lines and the angle between them can be found by using the following formulas:

$$x_0 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} B_1 & C_1 \\ B_2 & C_2 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & B_1 \\ A_2 & B_2 \end{vmatrix}} \text{ and } y_0 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} C_1 & A_1 \\ C_2 & A_2 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & B_1 \\ A_2 & B_2 \end{vmatrix}} \text{ and}$$

$$\cos(\text{angle}) = \frac{A_1 * A_2 + B_1 * B_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2 + B_1^2} \sqrt{A_2^2 + B_2^2}}$$

Note that  $\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & B_1 \\ A_2 & B_2 \end{vmatrix}$  means Determinant and it is computed as  $A_1 * B_2 - A_2 * B_1$

If  $\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & B_1 \\ A_2 & B_2 \end{vmatrix}$  is 0, the lines are parallel, i.e., there is no intersection point.

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### HW Question:

Write a program that will get the coefficients for two lines and compute/print the intersection point  $(x_0, y_0)$  and the angle between them in terms of degrees if the lines are not parallel.

Design and implement this program in a similar way the textbook did `quadeq.c` as in Figure 2-1 (pg67-68 in the textbook). You can also get `quadeq.c` by following the link "[programs from the textbook](#)" in the class web page under Ch2 programs).

Specifically, you are asked to implement a function to read the coefficients of a line using call-by-reference. You can call it twice to asks user to enter  $A_1, B_1, C_1$  for the first line and  $A_2, B_2, C_2$  for the second line. Then you will write another function to compute the intersection point ( $x_0$  and  $y_0$  values) and the angle in terms of degrees. Note that we want to see the angle in terms of degree but trigonometric functions in C uses radian so make sure you make necessary conversions!

Your function should use **call-by-value** to pass  $A_1, B_1, C_1, A_2, B_2, C_2$  and use **call-by-reference** to get  $x_0, y_0$ , and angle back. If lines are parallel this function can give an error and quit.

### What to return:

!!!! NO LATE RECITATION ASSIGNMENT WILL BE ACCEPTED !!!

1. Follow the problem solving methodology, and solve the problem. Then convert your solution(s) to a C program. You can name your program as `rec3.c` /\* ADD COMMENTS \*/
2. Compile and run your program with different values.  
Copy/paste the results in an output file, say `out03.txt`.
3. Zip the whole directory and name it as `Lastname_Rec3.zip`
4. Go to BB, and submit your zip file before the deadline.