**Министерство образования и науки Российской Федерации**

**ФГБОУ ВО «Магнитогорский государственный технический университет им. Г.И. Носова» Кафедра иностранных языков по техническим направлениям**

**КОНТРОЛЬНАЯ РАБОТА №\_3\_ ВАРИАНТ 2**

**ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ *«Иностранный язык»***

***3 семестр***

Выполнил:

Студент группы курса

Специальность

(направление) Дата « » 20 г. Подпись

РЕЦЕНЗИЯ

Контрольная работа выполнена в объеме в соответствии с заданием. Замечания:

Оценка

Подпись преподавателя /

# Part I. Comprehensive Reading

**1. Read three texts and match the headings with texts Magnitogorsk Turns 70/ STORING AND PRESERVING FOOD/ Hurricanes**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Text1**  **Title** | **2.Read the text again and underline answers to these questions** | **3.Find words in the text with the following meaning** |
| ***1 mark for the correct answer /1*** |
| Be sure you have enough storage space at home for the groceries you buy and that you are able to use them up before they spoil. Although many people prefer to have, their dry and canned groceries in the kitchen, some families store food in cabinets in other areas, such as the basement or a pantry (a small room that is near the kitchen). If you purchase large amounts of canned and dry foods, such as flour, rice, or beans, you might want to date your purchases so you can use the oldest items first. Many people choose to freeze foods as a way to preserve summer’s bounty, have variety in a winter diet, and save money. If you grow string beans in your garden and have such a large amount that it would be impossible for your family to use them all now, you might freeze the extra. If you use special freezer containers or freezer wrap, the beans will stay fresh and wholesome in the freezer until they are used. Some vegetables that can be stored this way include peas, corn-on-the-cob, cauliflower, and broccoli. It is necessary to cook some vegetables before you freeze them. Examples are eggplant, tomatoes, peppers, and squash.  Berries are a good freezer choice, too. They can be frozen “as is” or cooked in light syrup con- sisting of water and sugar. Homemade applesauce also freezes well.  Drying is another way of preserving food. Drying works well with several fruits, such as peaches, apples, grapes, plums, and apricots. Some people use an electric dehydrator to remove all the water from the cut-up fruit. The fruit can then be stored in a dry place or in the refrigerator so that it can be eaten later.  Many people also choose to can summer bounty for winter use. But canning can be tricky. Home- canned foods have been the cause of food poisoning. If you decide to try canning your own food, get proper instructions and follow them to the letter. | 1. Why is it helpful to know who will be eating before you plan a meal? 2. Which types of food stores are likely to have especially low prices? Why? High prices? Why? 3. How can a shopping list help a food shopper? 4. Why do people freeze, dry, and can foods? 5. How must you can foods not to be poisoned? | 1. The food and other items that you buy in a food store or supermarket. 2. To buy something. 3. A part of a building consisting of rooms that is partly or completely below the level of the ground. 4. Made at home and not bought from a shop. 5. A closed metal container, especially cylinder- shaped, in which some types of drink and food are sold. |
| ***1 mark for each correct answer /5*** | ***1 mark for each correct answer /5*** |
|  | | ***Total /11*** |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Text2**  **Title** | **2.Read the text again and underline answers to these questions** | **3.Find words in the text with the following meaning** |
| ***1 mark for the correct answer /1*** |
| The construction of the Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Works (MMK) started in 1928. In the following year, iron ore mining started at the now famous Magnitnaya Mountain. A mere three years later on February 1st, 1932, the first blast furnace produced pig iron, thus making the birth of MMK.  By 1941 MMK had become the largest enterprise in the country’s steelmaking sector and has maintained that leading position ever since. It now ranks 17th among the world’s largest steel producers.  The Works has passed through several stages in its structural and technological development, each successive stage elevating it to an entirely new level.  The 1960s saw the commissioning of the 2500mm hot and cold rolling mills, two 2014m3 blast furnaces and the nation’s largest open-hearth furnace steel shop with twin-bath and Siemens-Martin steelmaking units.  The 70s through the 90s was a period of commissioning facilities which significantly broadened the Works’ range of products, such as lines for producing cold rolled strip, cold formed sections, galvanized sheet and electrolytic tinplate.  Over the 10-year period from 1990 to 2000 steelmaking production at the Works was radically modernized and most of the obsolete open-hearth furnace production replaced by oxygen converters (BOF). The BOF shop includes three 350 tons converters, continuous casters and a sophisticated automation process control system and steel refining facilities.  All this enabled the decommissioning and dismantling of 30 open-hearth furnaces with a total production capacity of 8 Mt/y. The site where the furnaces used to be is now an expanse of green lawn. Whereas prior to 1990 all steel had been made in open-hearth furnaces, now almost 80% is produced in oxygen converters and cast in continuous casters.  The Works’ rolling division has also been fundamentally renovated. In 1994 a new 2000mm hot rolling mill was put on stream with an annual capacity 5Mt of strip. This event changed the entire products structure of MMK shifting emphasis towards flat rolled steel, its share currently accounting for 75% of out-put, and includes coated steel products.  The long products division is also in the process of upgrading: two light section mills were decommissioned and a new wire rod mill put into operation in 2000.  Alongside new construction, the company is carrying out in-depth re-vamping of the existing facilities, such as blast furnaces, sinter plants, the Works’ utilities system and power plants. | 1. What date is considered to be the birth of MMK? 2. What role did each successive stage play in the Works development? 3. What broadened the Works’ range of products? 4. When were open- hearth furnaces changed and by what analogues? 5. What event changed the entire products structure of MMK shifting emphasis towards flat rolled steel? | 1. A container in which iron is produced by blowing extremely hot air through a mixture of iron ore, coke, and limestone. 2. Thin sheets of iron or steel covered with a thin layer of tin. 3. The process of making different products from a basic product, usually oil or sugar 4. To improve the quality or usefulness of something, or change it for something newer or of a better standard. 5. The use of machines and computers that can operate without needing human control. |
| ***1 mark for each correct***  ***answer /5*** | ***1 mark for each correct***  ***answer /5*** |
|  | | ***Total /11*** |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Text3**  **Title** | **2.Read the text again and underline answers to these questions** | **3.Find words in the text with the following meaning** |
| ***1 mark for the correct answer /1*** |
| Hurricanes are violent storms that cause millions of dollars in property damage and take many lives. They can be extremely dangerous, and too often people underestimate their fury.  Hurricanes normally originate as a small area of thunderstorms over the Atlantic Ocean west of the Cape Verde Islands during August or September. For several days, the area of the storm increases and the air pressure falls slowly. A center of low pressure forms, and winds begin to whirl around it. It is blown westward, increasing in size and strength.  Hurricane hunters then fly out to the storm in order to determine its size and intensity and to track its direction. They drop radiosonds, or instruments for recording temperature, air pressure, and humidity, into the storm. They also look at the size of waves on the ocean, the clouds, and the eye of the storm. The eye is a region of relative calm and clear skies in the center of the hurricane. People often lose their lives by leaving shelter when the eye has passed.  Once the forecasters have determined that it is likely the hurricane will reach shore, they issue a hurricane watch for a large, general area that may be in the path of the storm. Later, when probable point of landfall is clearer, they will issue a hurricane warning for a somewhat more limited area. People in these areas are wise to stock up on nonperishable foods, flashlight and radio batteries, candles, and other items they may need if electricity and water are not available after the storm. They should also try to hurricane-proof their houses by bringing in light-weight furniture and other items from outside and covering windows. People living in low-lying areas are wise to evacuate their houses because of the storm surge, which is a large rush of water that may come ashore with the storm.  Hurricanes generally lose power slowly while travelling over land, but many move out to sea, gather up force again, and return to land. As they move toward the north, they lose their identity as hurricanes. | 1. How can you define hurricanes? 2. Where do the hurricanes normally originate? 3. How do hurricane hunters determine its size and intensity and track its direction? 4. What must people prepare in these areas? 5. Is the hurricane power constant unit or not? | 1. A violent wind that has a circular movement, especially in the West Atlantic Ocean. 2. A storm with thunder and lightning and usually heavy rain. 3. (A building designed to give) protection from bad weather, danger, or attack. 4. A person who tells you what particular conditions are expected to be like. 5. Things such as chairs, tables, beds, cupboards, etc. that are put into a house or other building to make it suitable and comfortable for living or working in. |
| ***1 mark for each correct***  ***answer /5*** | ***1 mark for each correct answer /5*** |
|  | | ***Total /11*** |

# Part II Grammar Skills Check

**8. Выберите наиболее подходящий ответ! “What is she doing?”**

# Не is a company manager, he?

a) is; b) isn’t; c) are.

# is the process of buying a security for less than its face value.

a) Discounted; b) Discounting; c) Discounts.

.

# All transactions are to be in the general journal.

a) recording; b) recorded c) recordable

# Найдите неправильный глагол: to play, to smile, to see.

1. to play
2. to smile
3. to see

# При помощи какого суффикса может образовываться наречие в английском языке? От какой части речи?

1. При помощи суффикса «-ly» от глаголов.
2. При помощи суффикса «-ly» от прилагательных.
3. При помощи суффикса «-ed» от существительных.

# Укажите существительное, имеющее неправильную форму множественного числа.

1. lady
2. gentleman
3. son

# She finishes her work at 6, she?

does; b) is; c) doesn’t.

1. She is playing with the bunny.
2. She is a manager.
3. She cleans the house every day.

# Как совершается действие, выраженное глаголом в Present Continuous?

1. Действие совершается постоянно или регулярно в настоящем времени.
2. Действие только совершится в неопределенном будущем.
3. Действие совершается в данный момент или момент речи в настоящем времени.

# Karina never minds the movie again.

1. to watch
2. to be watched
3. watching

# The director meets customers in the morning, he?

a) do; b) does; c) doesn’t.

# Можно мне взять Ваш карандаш?

1. Can I take your pencil?
2. Must I take your pencil?
3. May I take your pencil?

# Марта никогда не слышала, как он говорит по-английски.

1. Martha never heard him spoke English.
2. Martha never heard him to speak English.
3. Martha has never heard him speak English.

# Я знаю его четыре года.

1. I know him four years.
2. I have been knowing him for four years.
3. I have known him for four years.

# Brighton is a large city, it?

a) isn’t; b) is; c) aren’t.

# I have butter, please, buy some.

1. little
2. many
3. few

# The taxi by 7 o’clock yesterday.

1. has arrived
2. had arrived
3. arrived

# Должно быть, он продал свою машину.

1. It must be that he has sold his car.
2. He must sold his car.
3. He must have sold his car.

# Prices fell as a result of excess supply, they?

a) did; b) didn’t; c) don’t.

# Какой же он умный мальчик!

1. What an intelligent boy is he!
2. What the intelligent boy is he!
3. What an intelligent boy he is!

# Find the incorrect sentence.

1. Though it was nine o’clock in the evening, there were not many people in the bar.
2. Although it is nine o’clock in the evening, there are not many people in the restaurant.
3. It was only nine o’clock in the morning, and there were too many people in the cafe.

# Какое из перечисленных ниже предложений нельзя перевести на русский язык

**как «Я читаю»?**

1. I read magazines every day.
2. I am reading a book.
3. Все варианты подходят.

# When Kate at Pier 90, it was crowded with football fans.

1. achieved
2. arrived
3. entered

# There was no one to cheer him ................. .

1. on
2. in
3. up

# 2. We discussed a new business.

a) open; b) opening; c) opened.

# 26. Marvin asked me ................. .

1. what was my favourite vegetable
2. what my favourite vegetable was
3. what is my favourite vegetable

# The accident happened our way home.

1. in
2. on
3. for

# If he were not so absent-minded, he you for your sister

**(yesterday).**

1. would not mistake
2. would not have mistaken
3. would not have been mistaken

# If Mike lived in the country house, he happier.

1. was
2. will be
3. would be

# that wierd man sitting over there?

1. Which
2. Whose
3. Who's

# How long his house?

1. has Mr Johnson had
2. does Mr Johnson have
3. had Mr Johnson had

# Ron has made up his to become a teacher.

1. brains
2. decision
3. mind

# If Deborah to dinner tomorrow, I'll be happy.

1. will come
2. comes
3. came

# Ask somebody for occupation.

1. his
2. her
3. their

# Kids shouldn't take those pills, and ................. .

1. neither should she
2. neither she should
3. she did either

# The doctor me that there would be no pain.

1. insured
2. reassured
3. ensured

# I am looking for an method of heating.

1. economics
2. economic
3. economical

# We try to be to the needs of the customer.

1. responsible
2. responsive
3. respondent

# We can't tell you what to do - it's a matter of ................. .

1. fact
2. consciousness
3. taste

# This particular college has a very selective policy.

1. admission
2. entrance
3. admissions

***1 mark for each correct answer /40***

# Part III

**General Knowledge Quiz**

# The full name is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern …

* + Island b)Ireland

c) Iceland

# This country is the second largest in the world.

* + Canada b)Spain

c) The US

# The Nobel Prize is never provided for the achievements in:

* + medicine
  + mathematics
  + economics

# Who discovered America?

* + Christopher Columbus
  + George Washington с) The pilgrims

# The idea of multistage rocket belongs to:

* + S.P.Korolev
  + Y.A.Gagarin
  + K.E.Tsiolkovsky

# The Statue of Liberty was a gift from:

* + Italy
  + England с) France

# The official name of our city-forming enterprise is:

* + The Open Joint Stock Company Magnitogorsk Iron & Steel Works
  + The Public Joint Stock Company Magnitogorsk Iron & Steel Works
  + The Magnitogorsk Iron & Steel Works

# Nosov Magnitogorsk State Technical University is named in honour of G.I. Nosov who was:

* + the director of the Iron and Steel Works during the Great Patriotic War
  + one of the builders of the Iron and Steel Works
  + the most famous steel-maker of the Works

# The hot rolling mill 5000 was put into operation in

a) 2005

b) 2009

c) 2013

# The Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Works was built near Magnitnaya Mountain because it was rich in:

* + gold
  + lead
  + iron ore

***1 mark for each correct answer /10***

# Part IV

**Writing (Приложение 1) Write essays on the following topics:**

1. Violence on TV should be prohibited.
2. With the help of technology, students nowadays can learn more information and learn it more quickly. What is your opinion?
3. Government should be responsible for people’s health.
4. Distant learning will become the only type of education in the future.

***Итого максимальный балл за задание – 17 баллов***

# Part V Translation (Приложение3)

(Текст для перевода предоставляется преподавателем группы индивидуально каждому студенту)