

DuSIM

Release 1.0

User Guide

Notices

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CHAPTER 1

DuSIM overview

In the 5G New Radio (NR) transport architecture, the original LTE BBU functions are split into three parts: Central Unit (CU), Distributed Unit (DU), and Radio Unit (RU). The 3GPP *Higher Layer Split* (HLS) refers to the CU/DU split (over the F1 interface) and the CU-UP/CU-CP split (over the E1 interface).

Keysight DuSIM is a cloud-native gNB Distributed Unit (DU) simulator that provides comprehensive support for testing the performance and functionality of your gNB Central Units (CUs) in standalone (SA), non-standalone (NSA) and simulated-CU network topology. It simulates user plane and control plane traffic flowing over the F1 interface for SA mode and additionally S1 and X2 interface for NSA mode topology. Simulated-CU mode simulate Xn interface towards your gNB CU (the DUT) and it responds to traffic sent from your DUT to the simulated gNB DU.

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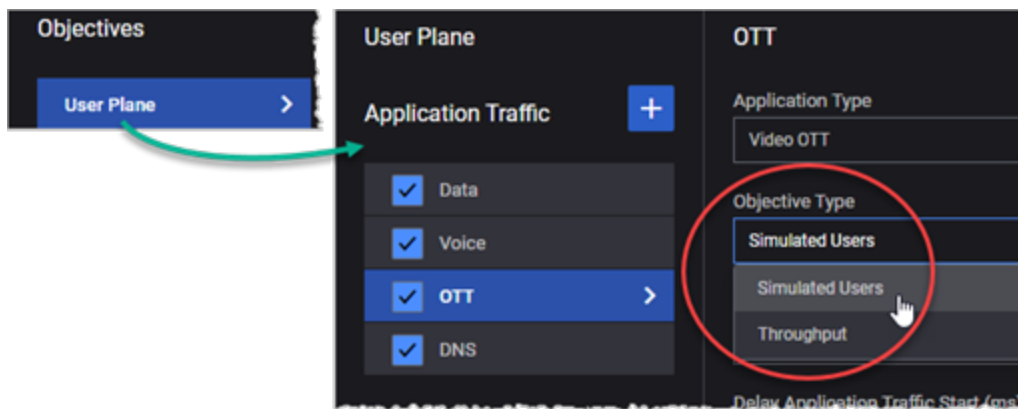
DuSIM feature summary

- Supports testing in 5G SA, NSA, and simulated-CU networks.
- Features a web-based user interface (UI) through which you manage all aspects of your DuSIM testing environment, including test creation, execution, and management; traffic agent deployment and management; statistical results and reporting; and user and license administrative control.
- Traffic agents generate traffic over the F1 U/S1-U/X2-U/Xn-U (user plane) and F1 C/S1-C/X2-C/Xn-C (control plane) interfaces. The agents are implemented as containers or virtual machines, depending upon the platform on which they are deployed. The supported platforms include:
 - public clouds: Amazon Web Services (AWS)
 - private clouds: VMware ESXi 6.5 and ESXi 6.7
 - containers: Kubernetes with OpenShift, Flannel, and Calico
- The agents can be horizontally scaled to support a very high level of application traffic throughput and control plane procedure rates.
- Uses a proprietary goal seeking algorithm to evaluate key performance indicators (such as bandwidth and connections per second) to help you evaluate the real performance of the network infrastructure and device under test (gNB-CU).
- Supports multi-thread control plane process flows.
- Provides extensive control plane and user plan statistics coverage.
- Provides support for scripting-based impairments.
- Is based on a REST API.

Objectives-based testing

The Keysight proprietary goal seeking algorithm allows DuSIM test agents to converge towards stable and consistent key performance indicators (KPIs) such as bandwidth and connections per second, which represents the real performance of the network infrastructure or device being tested with minimal user intervention. DuSIM's dual-objective support allows you to set multiple test objectives to determine if the underlying network infrastructure can achieve a specified throughput while maintaining a set number of simulated users. DuSIM can also gradually ramp-up the traffic load to the desired target in configurable increments for rate-based objectives (throughput and connections per second).

In this example, a subscriber range generates four application traffic streams and will configure an *Objective Type* for each stream. The OTT traffic type (shown in the image) can choose either Simulated Users or Throughput as its objective.



UI overview

The Keysight DuSIM web UI provides access to all of the tools, functions, and options that are needed to create, run, and manage tests; to view, analyze, and manage test results; to respond to system events; and to administer your DuSIM instance.

The major elements of the UI are:

- [Application framework elements below](#)
- [Dashboard page on the facing page](#)
- [Test overview page on the facing page](#)
- [Configuration properties pages on the facing page](#)
- [Statistics page on the facing page](#)

Application framework elements

DuSIM uses a web-based UI that is common to a number of Keysight applications, including LoadCore and CyPerf. The web page framework includes the following elements:

Title bar

The title bar, which is located across the top of the DuSIM window, is present on all pages, and provides key information and controls, including:

- Keysight logo: Click the Keysight logo from any point in the interface to return to the dashboard page.
- Session identifier: Shows the current session number and test config name. Clicking the session identifier returns you to the TEST OVERVIEW page.
- Events menu (🔔): Provides access to notifications and test events.
- Links to the OVERVIEW and STATISTICS pages.
- User profile menu: The user profile menu provides access to the current user's Edit Account screen in which you can edit your profile preferences, switch theme and .logout. (In the example shown below, the current user is admin.)
- Settings menu (⚙️): Provides access to a number of application and administrative functions and resources, including user Logout, License Manager, Agent Management, software update, diagnostics (test logs), product information, and more.

For example:



Tool bar

The tool bar is located directly under the title bar. It provides access to functions and content that are specific to your current application context. The **START TEST** and **STOP TEST** buttons are located on the tool bar.

Dashboard page

After you successfully log in, the **Dashboard** page opens. From this page, you can create new tests, access other test sessions (each test session tile displays the test name and status), browse among and manage previously run tests, and browse among and access test results from previously run tests. You can navigate to the other DuSIM pages to view and customize test setups, view real-time statistics, view and export test results, view events, logs, and other application and test-specific information.

Test overview page

When you create a test session based on any predefined, newly-created, or imported test configuration, DuSIM opens the **TEST OVERVIEW** page on which you can view a summary of the test configuration and a visual representation of the test topology. The Overview includes a test progress bar, timeline and objectives summary data, a link to the Global Settings, and the test topology section.

The test topology is an interactive graphical representation of the test network. From the topology, you access all of the configurable elements for the current test. These include the DUT (your gNB-CU), the DU (which is represented as a DU-CP node and a DU-UP node), the user endpoints (UEs), eNodeB and EPC for NSA mode, CU-Simulated, and 5G-CORE when Simulated CU is activated.

Configuration properties pages

You use a number of properties pages as you configure a test. They are presented as a series of cascading panels that reveal successively detailed settings for the elements in your test configuration.

Statistics page

Real-time statistics are immediately available while a test is running and can be accessed for tests that were previously run. The statistics page will contain multiple panels that display graphical or textual test run statistics. You can select from among the various tabs to view specific categories of statistics, including F1 setup, F1 UE Context setup, F1 UE Context release, RRC procedures, NAS procedures, HTTP requests, HTTP traffic throughput, among others.

DuSIM presents a default statistics dashboard, which is based on Grafana. You can change the dashboard to accommodate your own needs and select from many Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that the agent exposes towards the middleware.

Additional information and resources

All of the information in this User Guide is based on the assumption that DuSIM has already been successfully deployed in your network. The following resources provides information that is not covered in this guide:

Resource	Location
Software and documentation download page	Downloads & Updates
Keycloak user documentation	https://www.keycloak.org/documentation

CHAPTER 2

Initial administrator login

This chapter describes the actions that are required the first time you log in to DuSIM as the application administrator, following deployment.

- [Required information below](#)
- [Initial login and password change below](#)
- [Activate licenses using License Manager on the next page](#)
- [Configure the License Server on the next page](#)
- [Create regular user accounts on page 17](#)

Required information

- The IP address that you set for the DuSIM web interface during deployment.
- The IP address of the license server.
The license server is shipped as a separate .ova file. After deploying the .ova file, you can access it using a web browser.
- Your DuSIM license activation codes (or entitlement codes).

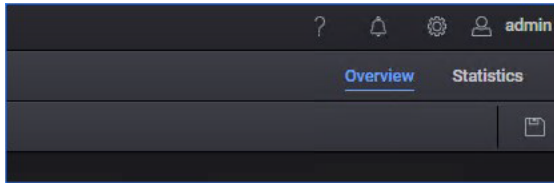
Initial login and password change

DuSIM provides a default administrator account, and you will use that account on your initial login and for subsequent administrative tasks.

To log in as the administrator:

1. Enter the IP address of your deployed DuSIM instance in your browser's address field.
DuSIM opens the Keysight login page.
2. Enter the default administrator login credentials:
 - user ID: **admin**
 - password: **admin**
3. Click **Login**.
Because this is the initial login, DuSIM requires that you change the password for the admin account.
4. Review and accept the Keysight Software End User License Agreement.

5. Change the default **admin** user password:
 - a. Click your account name (*admin*) in the DuSIM title bar.



DuSIM opens the **Edit Account** page in a new browser tab.

- b. Click **Password** in the navigation pane.
 - c. Enter the current password and your new password.
 - d. Click **Save**.

Next steps:

- Activate licenses
- Configure your license server
- Create user accounts

Activate licenses using License Manager

Once you have completed the initial admin login, you need to activate the licenses for this DuSIM deployment.

To activate your licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️).
2. Select **License Manager** from the **Administration** menu. DuSIM opens the **License Manager** page.
3. To activate your licenses:
 - a. Select **Activate licenses**.
DuSIM opens the **Activate Licenses** dialog.
 - b. Enter your license data in the dialog box.
You can use either activation codes or entitlement codes (one or more).
 - c. Select **Load Data**, indicate the number of licenses you want to activate, then click **Activate**.
Your new licenses—which should now be listed in the **License Manager** page—are now available for running tests.

Configure the License Server

If you are using an external License server, then you need to select and configure your license provider:

1. Select **Applications Settings** from the setup menu (⚙️).
DuSIM opens the **Application Settings** dialog.
2. Select your **License Provider** from the drop-down list.

3. Enter the **License Server IP** address (see [Required information on page 15](#), above).
4. Click **Update**.

Create regular user accounts

Before you and other members of your organization start building and running tests, it is recommended that you—logged in as the administrator—create a *regular user account* for each individual (including yourself). A *regular user* can create, manage, and run tests, but cannot perform access control functions (such as creating and managing user accounts). Further, it is recommended that you use the admin account only for administrative activities.

Refer to [Manage DuSIM users on page 159](#) for detailed information about user account management.

CHAPTER 3

User login and logout

Once the DuSIM application administrator has created user accounts for the individuals who will use DuSIM, those users can access the system and start to use its services.

Log in as a regular user

The user accounts that the DuSIM application administrator creates are known as regular user accounts. A *regular user* can create, manage, and run tests, but cannot perform access control functions (such as creating and managing user accounts).

1. Enter the DuSIM IP address in your browser's URL address field.
2. Press **Enter** to access the Keysight **Login** window.
3. Enter your DuSIM username and password, then click **Login**.
4. If you are logging in for the first time, you may be required to change your password:
 - a. Enter your **New Password**.
 - b. Enter the password again in the **Confirm Password** field.
 - c. Click **Submit**.

Upon successful login, DuSIM opens the dashboard.

Log out

To log out of DuSIM, select **Log Out** from the Settings menu (⚙️).

CHAPTER 4

Build and run a test

This chapter describes the sequence of actions needed to build and run a new DuSIM test.

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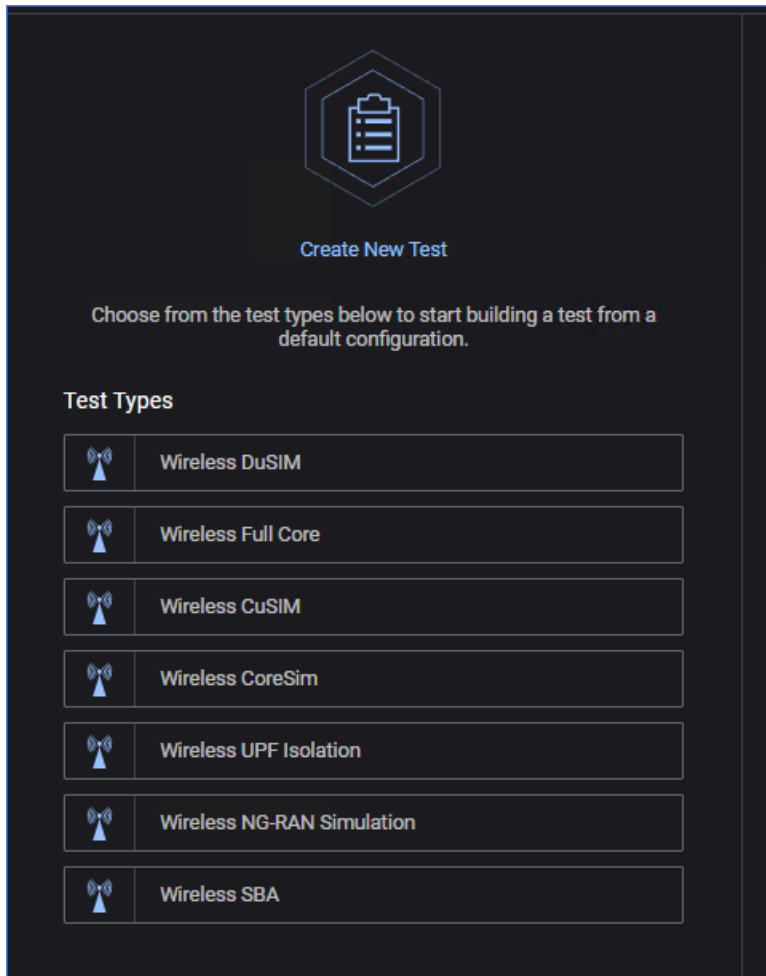
Step 1: Create a new test config

The first step in building a new test is to create a new config:

- [Create a config based on a template below](#)
- [Create a new config based on an existing config on the facing page](#)

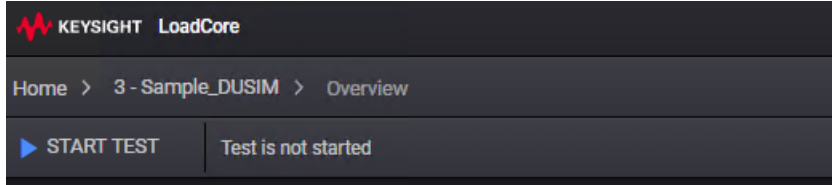
Create a config based on a template

1. Log in to DuSIM.
2. In the Dashboard page, select the **Wireless DuSIM** template from the **Create New Test** panel. For example:

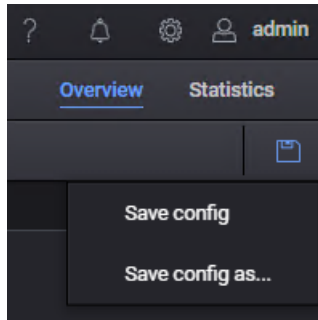


DuSIM opens the **Test Overview** page, which includes the graphical representation of the test topology. By default, SA topology is activated. User needs to select NSA or CU-Simulated node for another network topology.

DuSIM assigns a session number and temporary name to the test, and displays that information in the title bar. For example:



3. Assign a name to your new test config:
 - a. Select **Save config as...**



DuSIM opens the **Save config as** dialog.

- b. Enter a name for the config, then click **Save As**.

The new test config is immediately available.

NOTE

The terms *test config* and *test session* are not entirely synonymous. A "config" refers to a configuration definition file (JSON format), whereas a "session" is an instance of that file that is loaded in memory and is capable of being run. Refer to [Manage and use test sessions on page 144](#) for detailed information about managing config files and sessions.

Create a new config based on an existing config

Rather than creating a new config based on one of the DuSIM templates, you can create a config based on an existing test config. The only difference is that (in step 2 in the procedure shown above) you will select a test config from the **Browse Configs** panel, and that will be the source for your new config.

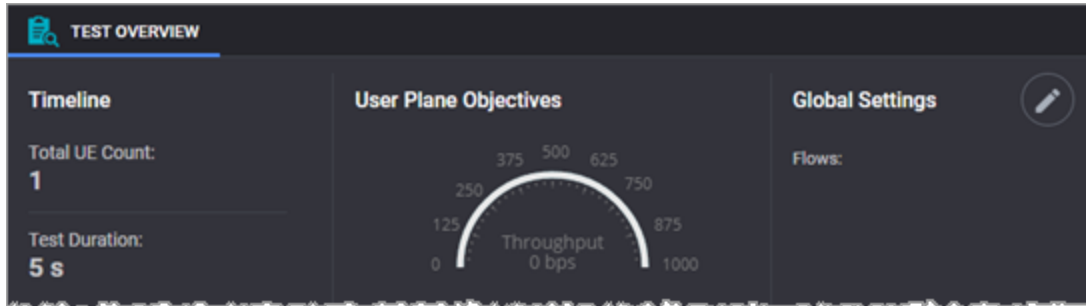
When planning the tests that you intend to run, you may want to create one or more "starter" configs of your own, rather than starting with a DuSIM template. In effect, you can create private templates that are pre-populated with configuration values that you will typically use in your testing.

Step 2: Configure Global Settings

Global Settings provide access to configuration properties that are applicable at the test level (versus the node or UE level).

To configure the Global Settings:

1. Navigate to the **Test Overview** window.



2. Click **Expand** if the Test Overview section is collapsed.
3. Click the **Edit** button on the Global Settings section.



This opens the **Global Settings** panel.

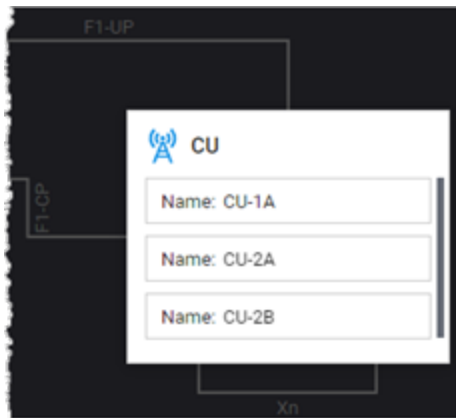
4. Configure the settings that you will need in your test.

Many of these settings are important for the proper execution of your tests and for establishing the parameters that control logging, captures, and statistics collection.

Refer to [Global Settings on page 44](#) for a description of all of the settings.

Step 3: Establish connectivity with your DUT

The DuSIM test topology includes a representation of your device under test (DUT).



The DUT will comprise one or more CU units that you are testing. For each CU unit, you need to configure IP values that enable communication with the DuSIM application.

In this step, you will:

1. Configure properties for the default CU node (CU-1) that is already present in the DuSIM test topology.
2. Optionally, add additional CU nodes to the topology, and configure each one.

For each CU node, you will specify the following configuration values:

- a name for the CU node (DuSIM provides a default name, which you can change),
- the gNB-CU identifier (CU-ID)
- the gNB-CU identifier length (CU-ID Length)
- the basic IP values for F1-C interface: address, prefix, and gateway. For NSA mode X2-C interface and Xn-C interface when connected to another simulated CU.

For detailed information, refer to [CU configuration settings on page 65](#).

Step 4: Configure DU-CP test nodes

The DuSIM test topology includes a representation of the simulated DU nodes in your test configuration. Each DU node is structured as two units: DU-CP and DU-UP.

To configure and manage DU-CP nodes for your test:

1. Select **DU-CP** from the topology window.
DuSIM opens the DU-CP **RANGES** panel. A new test will have one DU-CP range; you can add additional ranges.
2. Click the name of a range (such as DU-1) to access the configuration settings. For example:

The screenshot shows the 'DU-CP-Range' configuration window. On the left, the 'RANGES' panel lists two ranges: 'DU-Range-1' and 'DU-Range-2', each with a checked checkbox and a right arrow. A blue '+' button is at the top right of this panel. On the right, the 'RANGE' configuration panel has a trash icon at the top right. It contains the following fields: 'Associated CU' (a dropdown menu showing 'CU-1'), 'DU ID' (a text box with '1'), 'DU ID Length' (a text box with '22'), and 'Range Count' (a text box with '1'). Below these fields are two expandable sections: 'Range Settings' which includes 'Cells' and 'F1-CP Interface Settings'.

3. Configure each of the settings, which are described in [DU-CP configuration settings on page 68](#).
4. To add and configure additional DU-CP ranges:
 - a. Return to the DU-CP **RANGES** panel.
 - b. Click the **Add Range** button.

NOTE

DuSIM automatically creates one DU-UP range for each DU-CP range that you configure in the test.

- c. Configure the settings for the new range.
5. To select or deselect a range for the test:

- a. Return to the DU-CP **RANGES** panel.
 - b. Click the **Select** check box to toggle the range between *Selected* and *Deselected*, as required.
6. To delete a DU-CP range:
- a. In the DU-CP **RANGES** panel, click the range to open its properties panel.
 - b. Click the **Delete Range** button. DuSIM deletes the range from your test config.

NOTE

If you delete a DU-CP range, DuSIM automatically deletes the corresponding DU-UP range.

Step 5: Configure DU-UP test nodes

The DuSIM test topology includes a representation of the simulated DU nodes in your test configuration. Each DU node is structured as two units: DU-CP and DU-UP.

About DU-UP ranges

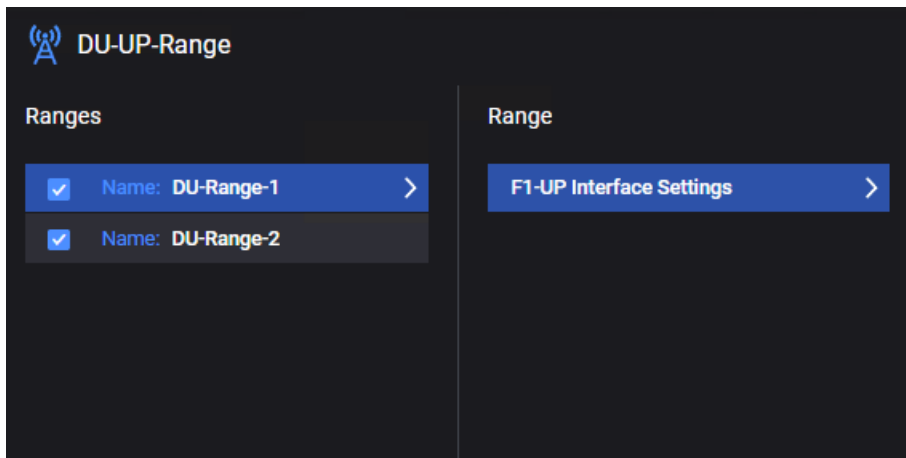
DuSIM manages DU-UP ranges as follows:

- DuSIM automatically creates one DU-UP range for each DU-CP range that you configure in the test.
- If you delete a DU-CP range, DuSIM automatically deletes the corresponding DU-UP range.
- Although you cannot directly delete a DU-UP range, you can deselect a range for the test session. When you deselect a DU-UP range, DuSIM does not deselect the corresponding DU-CP range.

How to configure DU-UP nodes

To configure and manage **DU-UP** nodes for your test:

1. Select **DU-UP** from the topology window.
DuSIM opens the DU-UP **RANGES** panel.
2. Click the name of a range (such as DU-1) to access the configuration settings. For example:



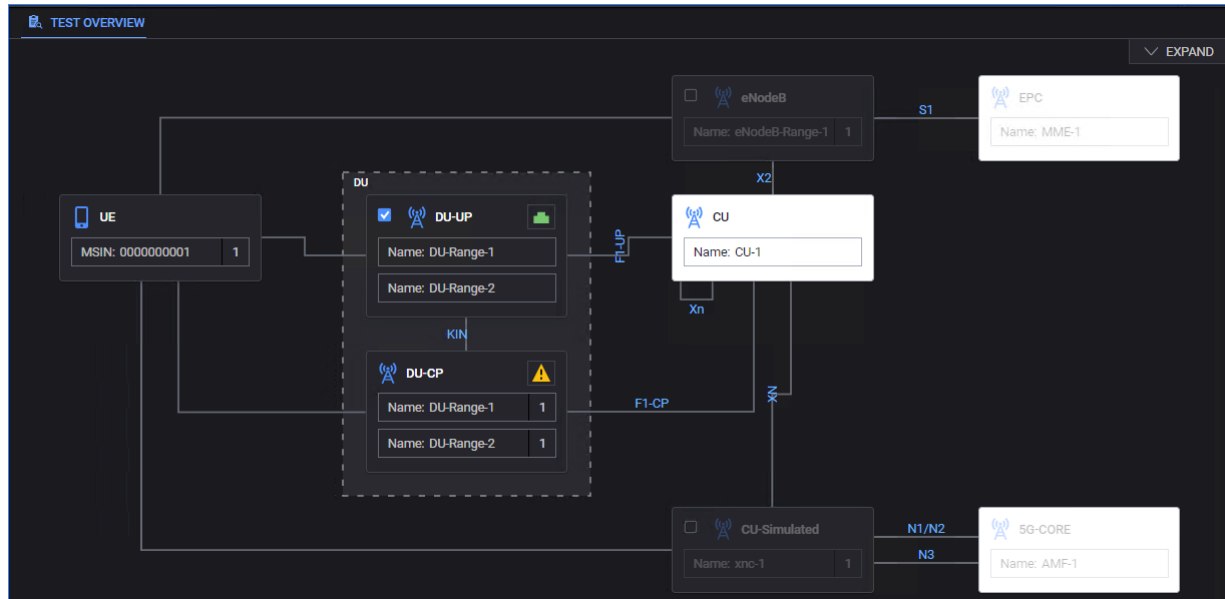
3. Configure each of the settings, which are described in [DU-UP Range panel on page 77](#).
4. To select or deselect a range for the rest:
 - a. Return to the DU-UP **RANGES** panel.
 - b. Click the **Select** check box to toggle the range between *Selected* and *Deselected*, as required.

Step 6: Assign agents to the DU test nodes



You cannot run a DuSIM test until you have assigned agents to all of the test nodes. To assign an agent to a node:

1. In the topology window, select the traffic agent icon on the top right corner of the node.

For example:



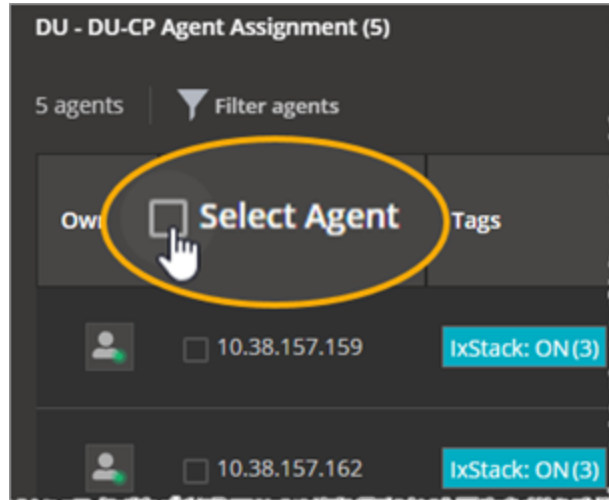
The icon that represents the agent can be any of the following:

-  — No agents are assigned to the node.
-  — One or more agents are assigned.

DuSIM opens the **Agents Assignment** window, which presents a list of agents. If the list has no filters set, then all agents are listed.

2. Assign specific agents or all available agents to the node:
 - To assign specific agents (one or more) to the node, select the check-box next to the agent's IP address.

To assign all available agents to the node, select the **Select Agent** check-box (located in the table header).



Note that you can display the agent ID by hovering over the IP address.

3. Select the F1 and KIN **Connections**, if required.
4. Click **Update**.

Agent Assignments window

The following table describes the content of each column displayed on the **Agents Assignment** window.

Column	Description
Owner	<p>Hover over the Owner icon to see the current agent ownership and status, which will be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The agent is owned by the user whose email address is listed. In this case, the agent is not available for assignment. The agent is offline. In this case, the agent is not available for assignment. The agent is available for assignment.
Select Agent	<p>Use the check box next to the IP address to select that agent for assignment. You can also select all available agents by selecting the Select Agent check box (in the table header).</p>
Tags	<p>This column displays the tags associated with each agent. Each tag indicates the number of agents to which it is associated.</p> <p>Refer to About traffic agents on page 57 for more information about tags.</p>
Connections	<p>The table displays the available interface and the MAC address for each wireless connection. The interface can be selected from the drop-down list.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>NOTE For the DuSIM nodes that have multiple interfaces, for each interface, you can change the interface type using the drill-down option.</p> </div>

NOTE

From the **Agents Assignment** window you can select other nodes from the list and configure the agents for those nodes also. In this way, you can configure agents for all your test nodes at the same time.

See also, [Assign and manage agents on page 56](#).

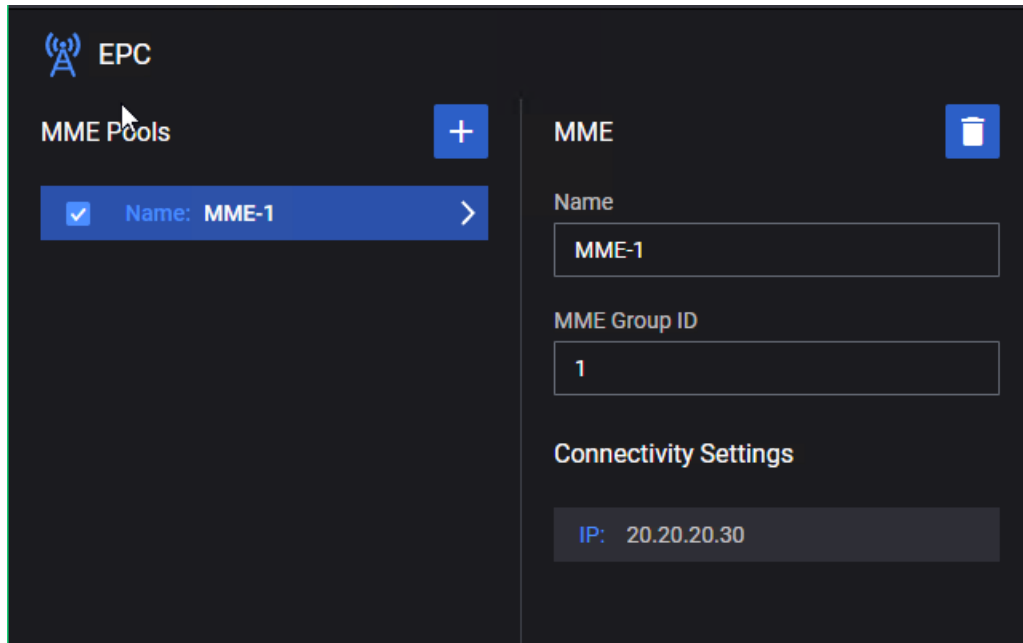
Configure eNodeB node

eNodeB node must be selected when the test topology is NSA mode. Once eNodeB is selected both eNodeB and EPC (4G Core) node will be activated in the Topology diagram.



The configuration window for the eNodeB node is shown. It has a dark blue header with an antenna icon and the text 'eNodeB'. The window is divided into two main sections: 'RANGES' on the left and 'RANGE' on the right. The 'RANGES' section has a '+' button and a list of ranges. One range is selected, showing 'Name: eNodeB-Range-1' with a checkmark and a right arrow. The 'RANGE' section has a trash icon and several input fields: 'Name' (eNodeB-Range-1), 'eNodeB ID' (1), 'Range Count' (1), and 'Associated MME' (MME-1 with a dropdown arrow).

- eNodeB does not need any Agent specifically to assign. It runs on previously assigned agents for DU-CP node.
- EPC needs to be configured when eNodeB is enabled. See [EPC configuration settings](#).

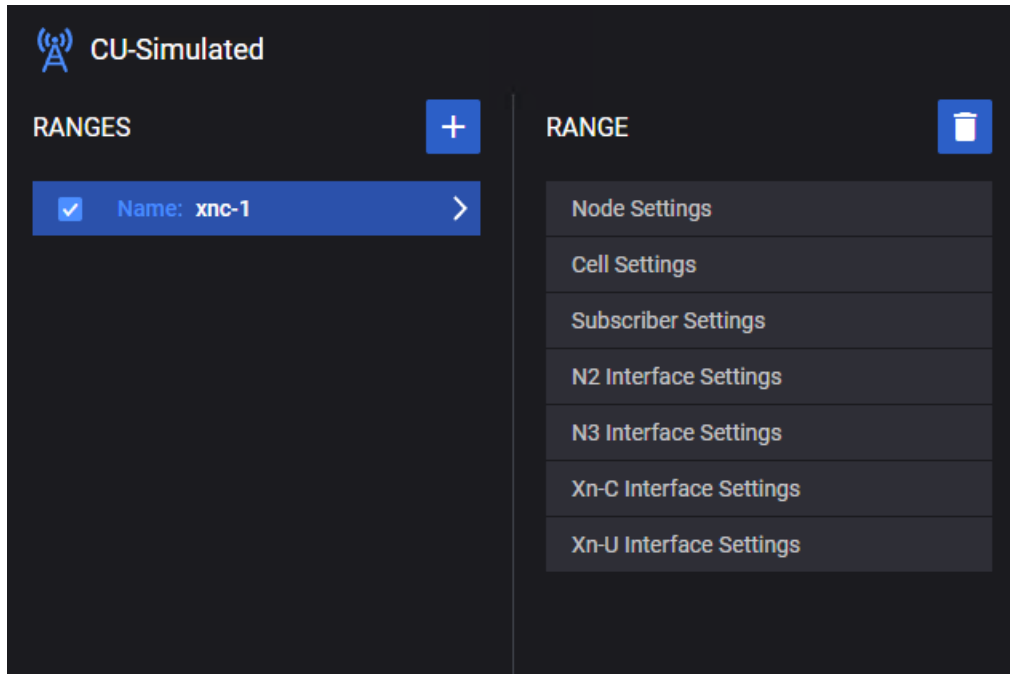


The screenshot shows the EPC configuration interface. On the left, under 'MME Pools', there is a list with one entry: 'Name: MME-1' with a checkmark and a right arrow. On the right, the 'MME' configuration details are shown. The 'Name' field is 'MME-1'. The 'MME Group ID' field is '1'. Under 'Connectivity Settings', the 'IP' field is '20.20.20.30'.

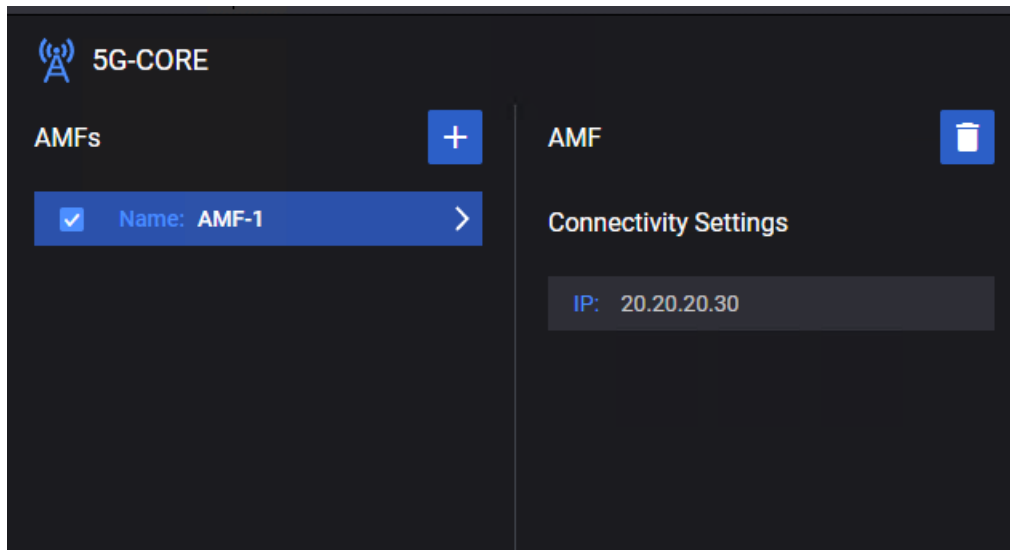
Configure CU-Simulated node

CU-Simulated node is selected when Xn interface towards DUT CU is simulated in SA mode. Once CU-Simulated node is selected both CU-Simulated and 5G-CORE node will be activated in the Topology diagram.



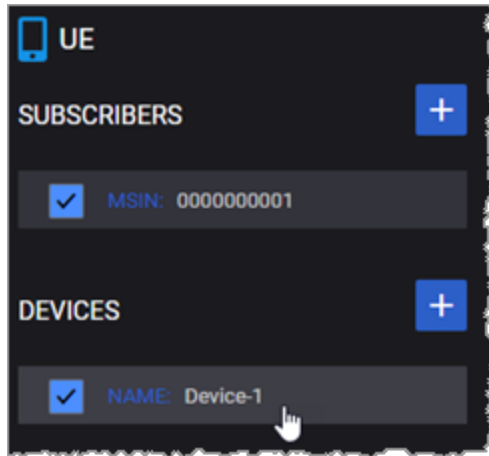


- CU-Simulated node does not need any Agent specifically to assign. It runs on same agents previously assigned for DU-CP node.
- 5G-CORE node needs to be configured when CU-Simulated node is enabled. See [5G-CORE configuration settings](#).



Step 7: Configure mobile device definitions

In a DuSIM test, each range of simulated subscribers will select a **DEVICE** range; each such range specifies the properties of a mobile device type that is used by all of the subscribers in the **SUBSCRIBERS** range. You can create as many device ranges as needed in a test, and each device range can be associated with multiple subscriber ranges.



To configure one or more ranges of mobile device definitions for a test:

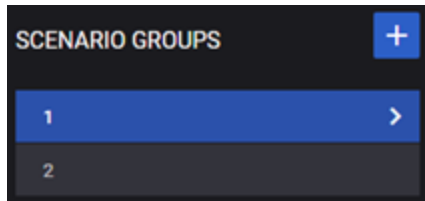
1. Select **UE** from the DuSIM topology window.
DuSIM opens the top-level (leftmost) UE properties window.
2. From the UE panel, click a **DEVICES** range (such as Device-1) to open its properties panel.
3. Configure the device settings, as described in [UE Device settings on page 116](#).
4. To add and configure additional device ranges:
 - a. Return to the UE **DEVICES** panel.
 - b. Click the **Add Range** button.
 - c. Configure the settings for the new range.
5. To select or deselect a range for the rest:
 - a. Return to the UE **DEVICES** panel.
 - b. Click the **Select** check box to toggle the range between *Selected* and *Deselected*, as required.
6. To delete a device range:
 - a. In the UE **RANGES** panel, click the range to open its properties panel.
 - b. Click the **Delete Range** button. DuSIM deletes the range from your test config.

Step 8: Create Scenario Groups



You access SCENARIO GROUPS from the top-level (leftmost) UE property panel. From this panel, you add scenario groups and access their properties panels.

Refer to [Scenario Group settings on page 132](#) for detailed descriptions of the configuration settings.



SCENARIO GROUPS define the detailed control plane traffic that enables the subscribers to access the network and successfully transmit user plane traffic.

The tasks involved with creating, configuring, and managing SCENARIO GROUPS are described in the following subtopics:

Step 8.1: Add and manage Scenario Groups	34
Step 8.2: Configure mobility	35
Step 8.3: Create Test Suites	36

Step 8.1: Add and manage Scenario Groups



You access SCENARIO GROUPS from the top-level (leftmost) UE property panel. From this panel, you add and manage the Scenario Groups that you need for your test.

This topic describes the following Test Suite actions:

- [Select a Scenario Group for editing below](#)
- [Add a new Scenario Group to your test below](#)
- [Delete a Scenario Group below](#)

Select a Scenario Group for editing

To select a Scenario Group for editing or viewing:

1. Click **UE** in the topology window to open the UE properties panel.
2. From the top-level (leftmost) **UE** property panel, click a **SCENARIO GROUPS** entry (DuSIM assigns each group a number). DuSIM opens its properties panels.

Add a new Scenario Group to your test

1. Click **UE** in the topology window to open the UE properties panel.
2. Click the **Add Scenario Group** button. DuSIM adds the new group and assigns it a number.

Delete a Scenario Group

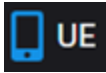
To delete a Scenario Group from your test:

1. Click **UE** in the topology window to open the UE properties panel.
2. Select the Scenario Group that you will delete.
3. Click the **Delete Scenario Group** button. DuSIM immediately removes it from the test configuration.

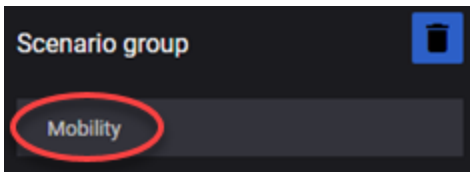
Step 8.2: Configure mobility

Each Scenario Group can configure UE mobility actions.

1. Click **UE** in the topology window to open the UE properties panel.



2. Select the **Scenario group** for which you are configuring mobility.
DuSIM opens its properties panel, which is where you access the Mobility settings.
3. Select **Mobility** from the Scenario group properties panel.



DuSIM displays the **Mobility** settings (which are described in [Mobility settings on page 134](#)).

4. Select the *DU-CP* node for which the mobility actions will occur.
5. Enter the desired number of *Hops*. This specifies the number of mobility steps that a UE can make.

For example, if the DU-CP has five cells and you specify a *Hops* values 4, the a UE can move from cell 1 to cell 2 (first hop), then to cell 3 (second hop), then to cell 4 (third hop), then to cell 5 (fourth hop): each move is a hop.

6. Select the desired handover procedure *Strategy*:
 - Intra DU indicates that the mobility steps are among cells in the same DU.
 - Inter DU indicates that the mobility steps are between cells in different DUs.

Notice that you do not select individual DUs for the attach and handover procedures. Depending on the mobility *Strategy* that you select, DuSIM chooses the DUs with which the UEs will perform the initial attach and handovers. With DuSIM automatically making these choices, it is not difficult to scale the mobility simulation for thousands of UEs and thousands of DUs.

Step 8.3: Create Test Suites

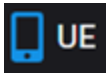
DuSIM Test Suites are defined and managed as part of the UE SCENARIO GROUPS settings.

This topic describes the following Test Suite actions:

- [Accessing the Test Suite settings below](#)
- [Add a Test Suite below](#)
- [Delete a Test Suite below](#)
- [Build a Test Procedures call flow on the facing page](#)

Accessing the Test Suite settings

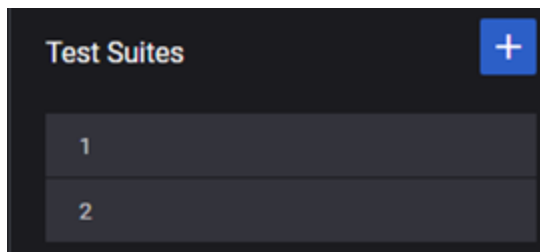
1. Click **UE** in the topology window to open the UE properties panel.



2. From the top-level (leftmost) UE property panel, click a Scenario Group (DuSIM assigns each group a number).

DuSIM opens its properties panel, which is where you create and access Test Suites settings.

Add a Test Suite



Each Scenario Group will have one or more Test Suites, each of which defines a procedural call flow for the test.

To add a Test Suite to a selected Scenario Group:

1. Select the Scenario Group to which you will add the new Test Suite.
2. Click the **Add Test Suite** button. DuSIM adds a new Test Suite and assigns it a number.
3. Click the new Test Suite to open its first properties panel.

Refer to [Test Suite settings on page 135](#) for a description of the Test Suite configuration settings.

Delete a Test Suite

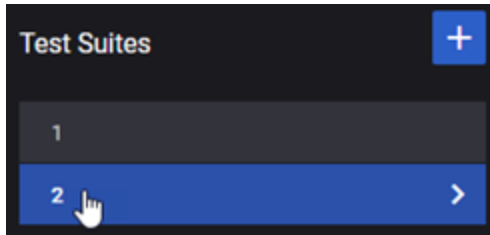
To delete a Test Suite from a selected Scenario Group:

1. Select the Scenario Group from which you will delete the Test Suite.
2. Click the **Test Suite** number to select it. DuSIM will open its properties panel.
3. Click the **Delete Test Suite** button to delete it from the Scenario Group.

Build a Test Procedures call flow

Each test suite needs a procedural call flow: a set of procedures that DuSIM will call, in order, during test execution. To build the call flow for a test suite:

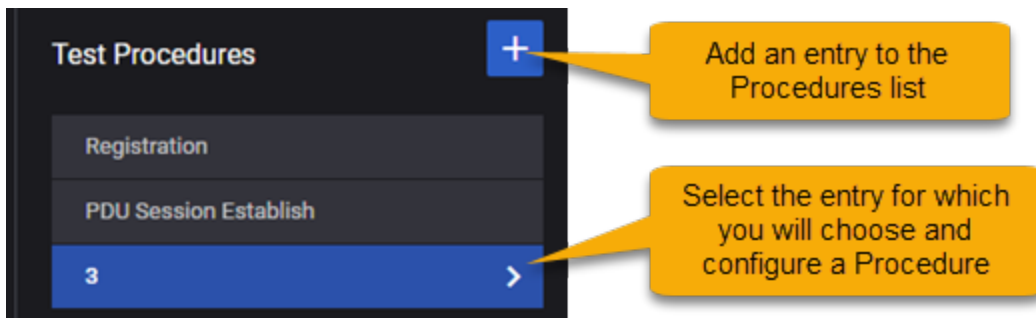
1. Select the desired suite from the list of Test Suites.



DuSIM opens the **Test Suite** properties panel.

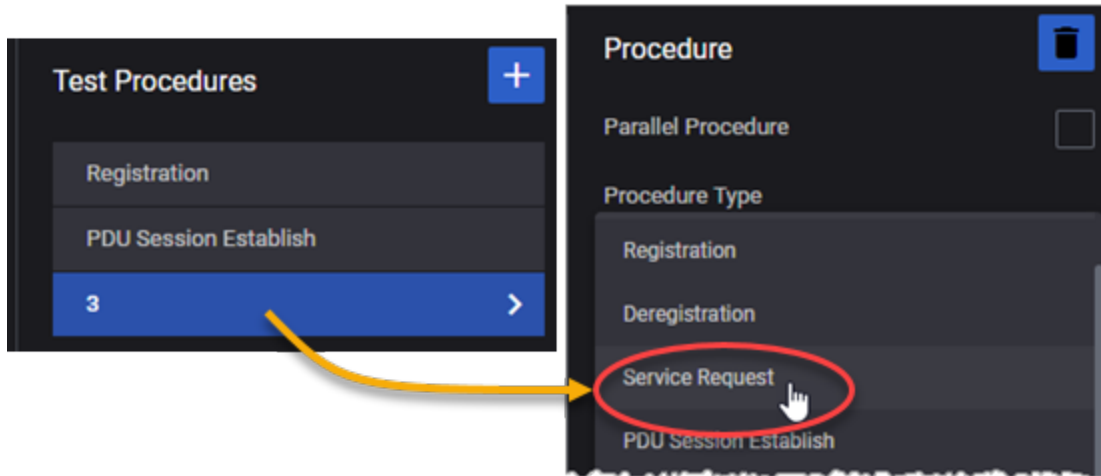
2. Configure the registration attempts and repetitions for the test suite:
 - Enter a *Call Attempt/s* value: the number of registration procedures to attempt per second.
 - Specify the number of times that the procedural call flow will repeat. You can set it for either a specific number of repetitions or a continuous loop.

Refer to [Test Suite settings on page 135](#) for detailed descriptions of these properties.
3. Select and configure the specific procedures that this test suite will execute:



- a. Click the **Add Test Procedure** button. DuSIM adds an entry to the list, and displays its sequence number.
- b. Select the newly-added procedure.
DuSIM opens the **Procedure** panel.

- c. Select a procedure from the *Procedure Type* drop-down list. For example:



DuSIM updates the call flow and displays the configuration settings for that specific procedure.

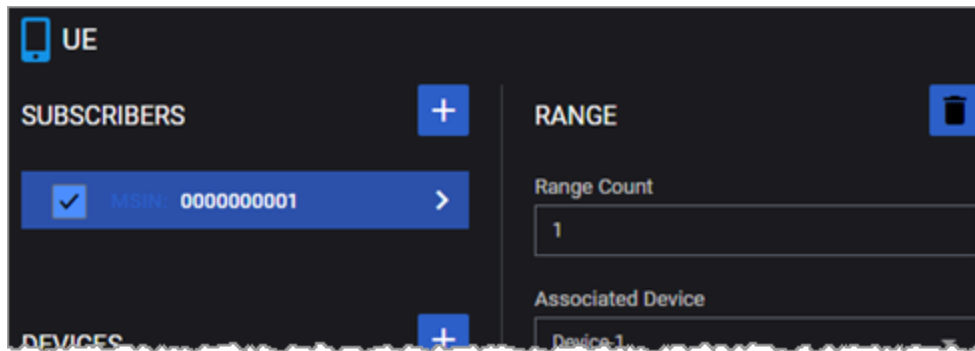
- d. Configure the settings for the newly-added procedure.
Refer to [Test Procedures on page 136](#) for a description of the Procedure configuration settings.
- e. Please contact Technical Support for assistance with the *Parallel Procedure* option.
- f. Repeat these steps to add additional entries to the call flow.

NOTE

The Registration/Attach procedure is required in every call flow.
Deregistration/Detach is recommended, and all others are optional.

4. To delete a procedure from the call flow, select it and then click the **Delete Test Procedure** button.

Step 9: Configure Subscribers



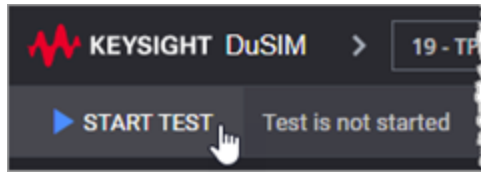
In a DuSIM test, *subscribers* refers to the test's simulated users who are attempting to access the test network and use its services.

To configure one or more ranges of mobile subscriber definitions for a test:

1. Select **UE** from the DuSIM topology window.
DuSIM opens the top-level (leftmost) UE properties window.
2. From the UE panel, click a **SUBSCRIBERS** range to open its properties panel. (Each range is identified by the MSIN assigned to the first subscriber in the range.)
DuSIM opens the **RANGE** for the selected subscriber.
3. Configure the subscriber settings. The configuration tasks for each range include:
 - a. Specify the number of subscribers to create for the range (the *Range Count* setting).
 - b. Select a range for each of the following: *Associated Device* and *Scenario Group*.
 - c. Configure the detailed settings, which include the subscriber range's Identity settings, SIM settings, ESM settings, EMM settings, DNN settings, Network Slicing settings, and NR provisioning.
Refer to [UE SUBSCRIBER configuration settings on page 102](#) for detailed descriptions.
 - d. Configure the Protocol Configuration Options in the ESM settings:
 - i. From the Subscriber **ESM** settings panel, select the **Configure** button in the *Protocol Configuration Options* field.
 - ii. Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
 - e. Configure **Objectives** for the range:
 - i. In the **RANGE** panel, click **User Plane** (in the **Objectives** section).
DuSIM opens the **User Plane** panel.
 - ii. Add each **Application Traffic** type that you need for the subscriber range.
The application traffic types include Stateless UDP, Data, Voice, Video OTT, and DNS Client.
Refer to [UE Test Objective settings on page 117](#) for a description of the properties that you can configure for each of the traffic types.
4. To add and configure additional subscriber ranges:
 - a. Return to the UE **SUBSCRIBERS** panel.
 - b. Click the **Add Range** button.
 - c. Configure the settings for the new range.

5. To select or deselect a range for the test:
 - a. Return to the UE **SUBSCRIBERS** panel.
 - b. Click the **Select** check box to toggle the range between *Selected* and *Deselected*, as required.
6. To delete a SUBSCRIBERS range:
 - a. Select the range from the UE **SUBSCRIBERS** panel.
DuSIM opens that subscriber **RANGE** panel.
 - b. Click the **Delete Range** button. DuSIM deletes the range from your test config.

Step 10: Start the test



Once you have configured all the properties needed for your test, click the **START TEST** button.

Once you start a test, the DuSIM tool bar displays the test status throughout its execution progress. In addition, each test session tile (located on the DuSIM Dashboard) displays that test's name and current status. The test status will be one of the following:

- **Test is not started:** The test session is created, the test configuration is loaded, but the test has not yet been started.
- **Test is initializing:** After clicking the **START TEST** button on the test progress bar, the initializing state is displayed on the progress bar and the test session tile. During this phase the hardware resources are allocated and the test is prepared for starting.
- **Test is configuring:** During this stage, the configuration is applied to the test.
- **Test is running:** During this stage, the nodes are connected, test iterations start one-by-one based on the configured parameters, traffic flows are connected, and traffic generation begins.
- **Test is stopping:** During this stage, traffic stops, traffic flows disconnect, logs are collected, ports are released, and the hardware disconnects.
- **Test is stopped:** The test is no longer running.

DuSIM will display a message in the tool bar if it cannot successfully initialize the test.

Once the test initialization and configuration phases have been successfully completed, DuSIM will:

- Start generating traffic (user plane and control plane).
- Display the **STOP TEST** button in the tool bar.
- Open the **STATISTICS** page.

The estimated total time it takes the test to complete and the current run time are also displayed on the progress bar.

If for any reason you want to stop the test before it completes, select the **STOP TEST** button on the progress bar. DuSIM will perform a graceful shutdown of the test, assuming that you have enabled the **Graceful Shutdown Enabled** option in the **Global Settings** window (one of the **Session Settings**).

Step 11: View real-time test results

When you successfully start a test, DuSIM immediately displays the **STATISTICS** page, where you can view real time statistics.

The specific groups of statistics that are collected depend upon several factors, including:

- The types of traffic that you have chosen in your **Objectives** settings.
- Whether or not you have selected **Enable User Plane Advanced Stats** in the **Global Settings** (one of the **Advanced Settings**).
- The procedural call flows that you have established in the **Test Suites** defined for the test.

Statistics page

The **Statistics** page has several panels, which can be dragged and dropped and rearranged on the dashboard. They can also be duplicated or removed, and there are a wide variety of formatting options for each panel. Inspecting a panel allows you to view or download results as CSV, JSON, Query, or just as a list of Stats.

NOTE

DuSIM presents a default statistics dashboard, which is based on Grafana. You can change the dashboard to accommodate your own needs and select from many Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that the agent exposes towards the middleware.

Statistics groupings

The statistics are organized into groups, which include Overview, Application Traffic, and Agent Statistics

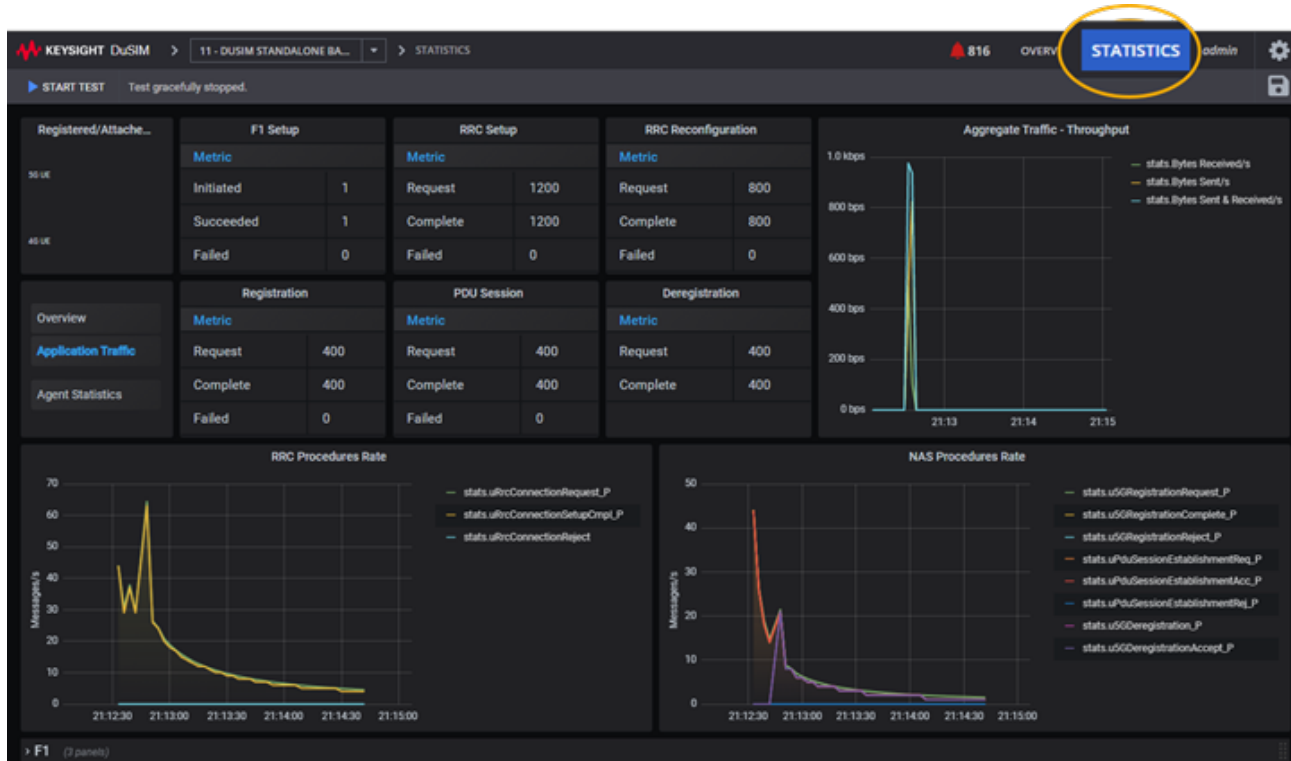
Overview statistics include:

- F1 Setup: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- RRC Setup: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- RRC Reconfiguration: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- Registration: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- PDU Session: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- Deregistration: number of procedures initiated, succeeded, and failed.
- Aggregate Traffic Throughput: number of bytes sent and received per second.
- RRC Procedure Rate: number of RRC connections requested, completed, and rejected per second.
- NAS Procedure Rate: number of NAS registrations and deregistrations requested, completed, and rejected per second; number of PDU session establishment requests made, accepted, and rejected.

Application Traffic statistics include:

- DU user plane Throughput Distribution: current and percentage BPS, per protocol.
- User Plane Throughput: DU user plane traffic, L2-3 Device Tx Traffic, L2-3 Device Rx Traffic (kbps).
- Application traffic detailed statistics, per protocol (TCP, GTPu, and so forth).

The **Agent statistics** display agent CPU and memory usage data.

Statistics page example

CHAPTER 5

Global Settings

The Global Settings are a list of parameters that have overall applicability to DuSIM tests and can be used to define resources or limits for nodes and UEs. It is recommended to configure the Global Settings before proceeding with the node or the UE configurations of your test.

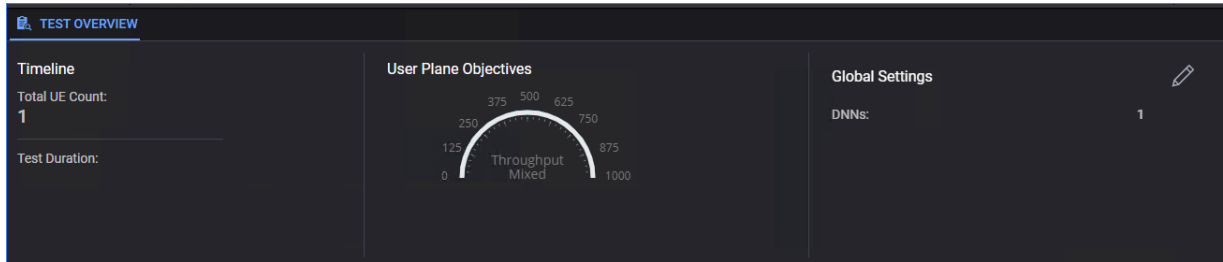
Chapter contents:

Access Global Settings	45
DNS Settings	46
Advanced Settings	47
Impairment Settings	52
Session Settings	53
DNNs Settings	53
TM Settings	54
CA Certificates Settings	55

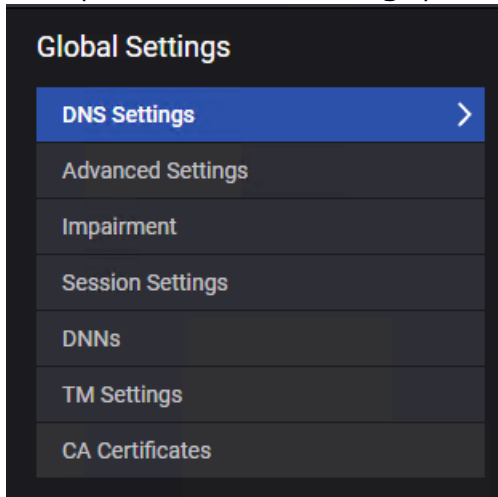
Access Global Settings

To access the **Global Settings** page, do the following:

1. Select the **Test Overview** tab:
2. Click **Expand** if the **Test Overview** section is collapsed.
3. Click the **Edit** button on the Global Settings section.





This opens the **Global Settings** panel.



DNS Settings

The following table describes the settings required for the DNS Resolver configuration.

Setting	Description
Cache Timeout (ms)	The amount of time (in milliseconds) the local DNS stores the address information.
<i>DNS Name Servers:</i>	
	Click the Add DNS Name Server button to add a new DNS server to your test configuration. Set the IP address of the DNS server.
	Click the Delete button to remove the DNS server from your test configuration.

Advanced Settings

The following table describes the settings required to enable user plane and control plane advanced statistics:

Setting	Description
Overwrite Capture Size for IxStack	Enable this option to overwrite the capture size for IxStack.
Custom Capture Size for IxStack	Set the custom value of the capture size for IxStack.
Enable Capture Circular Buffer for IxStack	Select this option to enable circular buffer capture for IxStack.
Enable Capture On Loopback Interface	Select this option to enable packet capture on the loopback interface.
Enable Control Plane Advanced Stats	Select this option to enable control plane latency statistics.
Enable User Plane Advanced Stats	<p>Select an option from the drill-down list for the user plane advanced statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None - no advanced statistics enabled. • One Way Delay - the time spent by the packet on the network from the moment it is sent until it is received. • Delay Variation Jitter - the per polling interval average delay variation jitter value calculated for all packets.
Automated Polling Interval	This option is enabled by default. The statistics are retrieved based on a predefined polling interval.
Custom Polling Interval (sec)	<p>This option becomes available only when <i>Automated Polling Interval</i> option is disabled.</p> <p>It allows you to create a custom polling interval.</p>

Logging Settings

The following tables describe log level and log components settings:

Agent

Setting	Description
Log level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.
Log Tags	<p>Log Tags are used to collect specific information in the logs; they work with Debug and with Info log levels. Rather than allowing the logs to collect information about everything, you can use Log Tags to collect specific information—such as SCTP or HTTP messages—during the test. This limits the amount of information that is collected, making it easier for you to extract the data that you need.</p> <p>Select one or more tags from the drop-down list.</p>

GTPU:

Setting	Description
Log level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical - Designates messages indicating that a major error has occurred that impacts system stability. • Error - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. • Warning - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability. • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.
Log Components	<p>These are different protocol pieces, or subcomponents, of the GPRS Tunnelling Protocol GTP overall functionality. This limits the amount of information that is collected, making it easier for you to extract the data that you need, as it does not log full packets that are received, but logs different events which helps in debugging on the selected component.</p> <p>Select one or more components from the drop-down list.</p>
Log Frame Components	<p>This option logs actual packets on the wire as the GPRS Tunnelling Protocol processes it, so here you can select which packet you want to log, like: Uplink packet, Downlink packet, ARP packet, etc.</p>

Setting	Description
	Select one or more components from the drop-down list.

Control Plane PDCP:

Setting	Description
Log level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical - Designates messages indicating that a major error has occurred that impacts system stability. • Error - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. • Warning - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability. • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level.
Log Components	<p>These are different protocol pieces , or subcomponents of the Packet Data Convergence Protocol overall functionality. This limits the amount of information that is collected, making it easier for you to extract the data that you need, as it does not log full packets that are received, but logs different events which helps in debugging on the selected component.</p> <p>Select one or more components from the drop-down list.</p>

User Plane PDCP:

Setting	Description
Log level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical - Designates messages indicating that a major error has occurred that impacts system stability. • Error - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. • Warning - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability. • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.
Log Components	<p>These are different protocol pieces , or subcomponents of the Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) overall functionality. This limits the amount of information that is collected, making it easier for you to extract the data that you need, as it does not log full packets that are received, but logs different events</p>

Setting	Description
	<p>which helps in debugging on the selected component.</p> <p>Select one or more components from the drop-down list.</p>

F1APSM - F1 Application Protocol (F1AP) State Machine

Setting	Description
Log level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical - Designates messages indicating that a major error has occurred that impacts system stability. • Error - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. • Warning - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability. • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.
Log Components	<p>Log Components are used to collect specific information in the logs. Rather than allowing the logs to collect information about everything, you can use Log Components to collect logging events related to the processing of the F1 Application Protocol. This limits the amount of information that is collected, making it easier for you to extract the data that you need.</p> <p>Select one or more components from the drop-down list.</p>

TM - Test Manager:

The Test Manager is a process that is responsible for the RRC and NAS protocol state machine and controls the full test.

Setting	Description
Log Level	<p>Select one of the options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None - The application does not collect any log information related to the TM. • Error - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. • Critical - Designates messages indicating that a major error has occurred that impacts system stability. • Info - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level. • Debug - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.

Setting	Description
Number of Secondary Processes	Specify the number of secondary processes. The TM works in primary-secondary process module , where primary processes distributes work on secondary processes. As we increase secondary processes, system performance can be increased at the cost of CPU cores that would be needed to scale the secondary processes.

Traffic Settings

The following table describes the settings on the Traffic Settings pane:

Setting	Description
<i>Reserved cores for RTP Tx:</i>	
Enable RTP	Select this option to enable RTP.
Cores	The number of cores reserved for RTP transmission.

KIN Interface Settings

The traffic agents of the DuSIM test nodes (DU-CP and DU-UP) communicate through an internal network called the Keysight Internal Network.



The following table describes the settings for the KIN interface:

Setting	Description
<i>Start IP Settings - Select the Start IP address to open the Start IP configuration panel for editing.</i>	
IP Address	The IP address for the KIN Interface to use for traffic on this interface.
IP Prefix Length	The IP address prefix that has been assigned to the KIN Interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.

Impairment Settings

Impairment is the deliberate insertion of anomalies into test network packet streams. By adding delays, drops, invalid flags, and so forth, you can evaluate how well your DUT responds to unexpected or malformed user plane or control plane traffic.

The following table describes the settings required to define the impairment profile.

Setting	Description
<i>Impairment Profiles:</i>	
	Click the Add impairment profile button to add a new profile to your test configuration.
<i>Impairment Profile:</i>	
	Click the Delete impairment profile button to remove the profile from your test configuration.
Name	Each impairment profile is uniquely identified by a name. You can accept the value provided by DuSIM or overwrite it with your own value.
Action Type	Select an option from the drop-down list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Custom script
Script file	It allows you to add a custom script, using the Upload button. To remove the script, select the Clear button.

Session Settings

The following table describes the settings of your test session, like controlling the length of the graceful shutdown process.

Setting	Description
Graceful Shutdown Enabled	Enable this option to allow for graceful shutdown of the test session.
Duration (s)	Specify the global test duration (in seconds). This value specifies the duration of the entire test session, which includes all of the Scenario Groups for all of the Subscribers configured in the test. This duration setting takes effect regardless of the traffic <i>Duration</i> values defined in each of the Test Procedures configured in the Test Suites. Once this duration value is reached, DuSIM closes any open UE sessions and stops the test.



DNNs Settings

In the 5G architecture, a Data Network Name (DNN) serves as the identifier for a data network. It is the equivalent of an APN (Access Point Name) in an LTE network. A DNN is used when selecting an SMF and UPF for a PDU session, selecting an N6 interface for a PDU session, and determining policies to apply to a PDU session.

The **DNN** panel contains the configuration settings for an individual DNN. In this panel, you can:

- Click the **Delete DNN** button to delete the DNN configuration.
- Edit the DNN settings.

The following table describes the DNN settings:

Setting	Description
<i>DNNs:</i>	
	Click the Add DNN button to add a new DNN to your test configuration.
<i>DNN:</i>	
	Click the Delete button to remove the DNN from your test configuration.
DNN	Enter the DNN value for this DNN definition. For example: <code>dnn.keysight.com</code> . A DNN (as is the case with an EPS APN) is composed of two parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A mandatory Network Identifier that defines the external network to which the UPF is connected.

Setting	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An optional Operator Identifier that defines the PLMN backbone in which the UPF is located. <p>A 5GS Data Network Name (DNN) is equivalent to an EPS APN. It is a reference to a data network, and it may be used to select an SMF or UPF for a PDU session and to determine policies applicable to the PDU session.</p> <p>The DNN field supports dynamic values. These values can be obtained with a sequence generator. The sequence can be added anywhere in the DNN name (beginning, middle or end). The syntax is [start_value-end_value,increment].</p> <div> <div>NOTE</div> <p>The start_value and end_value must have the same length. For example, we can configure dnn[008-999,1] and obtain dnn008,dnn009,...,dnn998,dnn999. Syntaxes dnn[8-999,1] or [008-1000,1] are not valid as the start and end value lengths are different.</p> </div> <p>The start value is mandatory. Omitting certain parameters results in behaviors as exemplified below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> dnn[4-9,] an implicit increment of 1 is used dnn[4-9] as above dnn[4-,1] is used as dnn[4-9,1], 9 being the maximum value with the configured length, length of 1 in this case dnn[4-,] as above dnn[4-] as above dnn[4] as above <p>UEs will use the DNN values from the pool in a round robin manner.</p> <div> <div>IMPORTANT</div> <p>If multiple sequence generators are configured and their pools overlap (for example: dnn[000-600,1].keysight.com dnn[500-999,1].keysight.com), for UEs that use the second DNN pool, the DNN generated values might not be allocated starting with the start_value (they might start with an intermediate value in the second pool).</p> </div>
PDU Type	Select the desired PDU type: IPv4, IPv6, IPv4v6 or Ethernet.

TM Settings

The following table describes the settings required for the Test Manager (TM) configuration.

Setting	Description
Subnet IPv6 Prefix	In static IPv6 configurations, you need to configure the network prefix for the UE's IP address. This is applicable when APN/DNN is IPv6 and Stateless Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC) is not used to discover the network prefix.

CA Certificates Settings

A CA (Certificate Authority) certificate is a digital certificate issued by a trusted third-party organization that confirms the identity of a website or an individual, and ensures secure and encrypted communication between the client (e.g., a web browser) and the server (e.g., a website). The CA certificate acts as a trusted intermediary, verifying the authenticity of a website or an individual's digital identity, and allowing secure communication by enabling encryption.

A signed certificate is a digital certificate that has been verified and signed by a trusted third-party certificate authority (CA). The CA acts as a trusted intermediary that verifies the identity of the certificate holder and the information contained in the certificate, and then signs the certificate to indicate that it has been verified.

User needs to upload signed root CA certificates under this Settings.

CHAPTER 6

Assign and manage agents

A DuSIM *agent* is the virtual machine or docker container on which the application traffic and control plane procedure simulation is performed. Assigning and managing traffic agents is one of the essential and required aspects of creating and executing DU simulation tests.

Chapter contents:

About traffic agents	57
Assigning agents to nodes	58
Agent management	60
Network Management	63

About traffic agents

DuSIM tests require the use of *agents* to generate traffic for both DU-UP (user plane) and DU-CP (control plane). The containers and virtual machines that act as agents can be horizontally scaled to support a very high level of application traffic throughput and control plane procedure rates.

Agent implementation

Agents are implemented as containers or virtual machines, depending upon the platform on which they are deployed.

Platform	Supported platforms	Implementation
Public clouds	Amazon Web Services (AWS)	virtual machines
Private clouds	VMware ESXi 6.5 and ESXi 6.7	virtual machines
Servers	Kubernetes with OpenShift, Flannel, and Calico	Container

Assigning tags to agents

Tags provide a flexible and simple method of assigning metadata to agents. There are two types of tags:

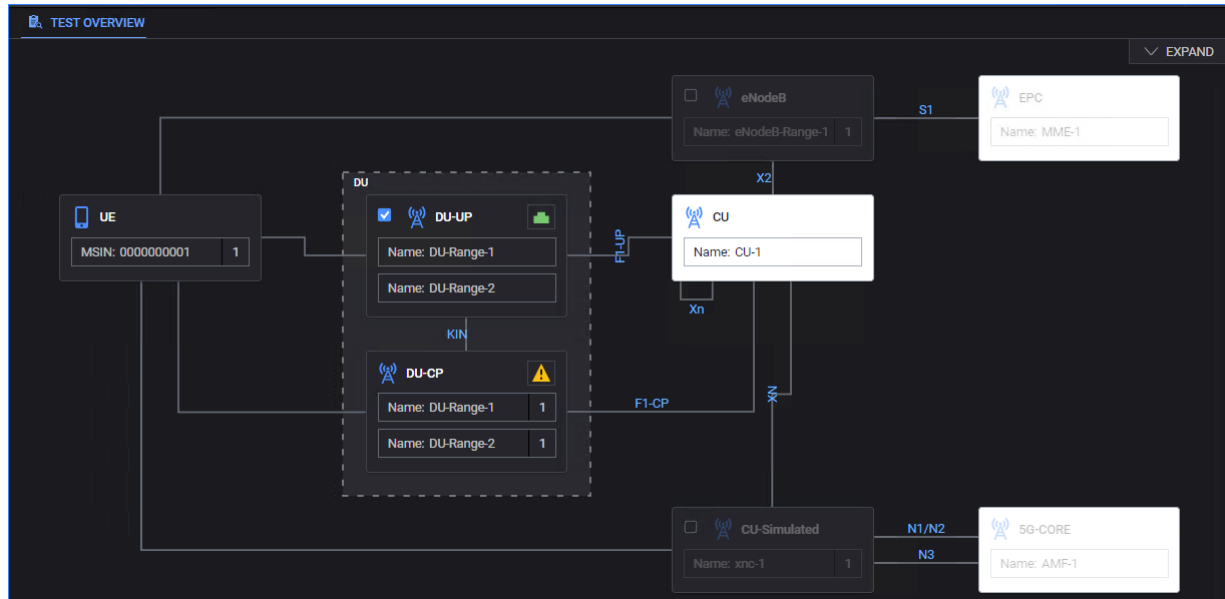
Type	Color	Description
System tag	Blue	These tags are defined by DuSIM. You can hover over the system tag icon to display the tag information.
User-defined tags	Gray	You can add custom tags from the Agent Management window. These are tags that you create; they are free-form, which gives you the ability to categorize or mark agents in any way that supports your test requirements. Refer to Agent management on page 60 for instructions.

Assigning agents to nodes



You cannot run a DuSIM test until you have assigned agents to all of the test nodes. To assign an agent to a node:

1. In the topology window, select the traffic agent icon on the top right corner of the node.

For example:



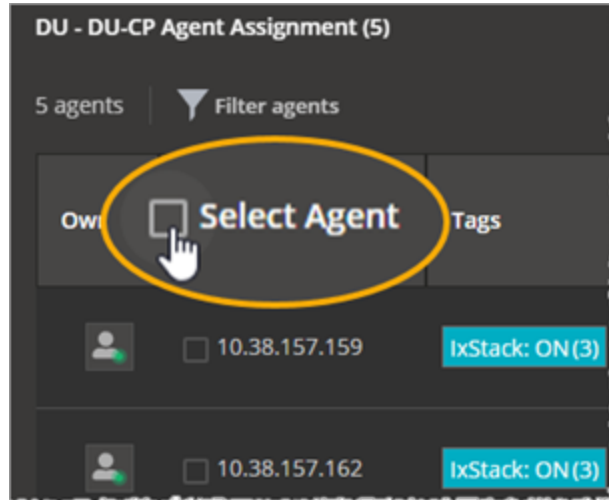
The icon that represents the agent can be any of the following:

-  — No agents are assigned to the node.
-  — One or more agents are assigned.

DuSIM opens the **Agents Assignment** window, which presents a list of agents. If the list has no filters set, then all agents are listed.

2. Assign specific agents or all available agents to the node:
 - To assign specific agents (one or more) to the node, select the check-box next to the agent's IP address.

To assign all available agents to the node, select the **Select Agent** check-box (located in the table header).



Note that you can display the agent ID by hovering over the IP address.

3. Select the F1 and KIN **Connections**, if required.
4. Click **Update**.

Agent Assignments window

The following table describes the content of each column displayed on the **Agents Assignment** window.

Column	Description
Owner	<p>Hover over the Owner icon to see the current agent ownership and status, which will be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The agent is owned by the user whose email address is listed. In this case, the agent is not available for assignment. The agent is offline. In this case, the agent is not available for assignment. The agent is available for assignment.
Select Agent	<p>Use the check box next to the IP address to select that agent for assignment. You can also select all available agents by selecting the Select Agent check box (in the table header).</p>
Tags	<p>This column displays the tags associated with each agent. Each tag indicates the number of agents to which it is associated.</p> <p>Refer to About traffic agents on page 57 for more information about tags.</p>
Connections	<p>The table displays the available interface and the MAC address for each wireless connection. The interface can be selected from the drop-down list.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>NOTE For the DuSIM nodes that have multiple interfaces, for each interface, you can change the interface type using the drill-down option.</p> </div>

NOTE

From the **Agents Assignment** window you can select other nodes from the list and configure the agents for those nodes also. In this way, you can configure agents for all your test nodes at the same time.

Agent management

You manage your DuSIM agents from the **Agent Management** window, which is accessed from the Setting menu (⚙️). This window displays detailed information for all or selected agents and provides all of the functionality needed to manage them.

- [Agent Management window below](#)
- [Selecting agents on the next page](#)
- [Search, select, and filter agent data on the next page](#)
- [Adding and removing tags on the next page](#)
- [Agent management actions on page 62](#)

Agent Management window

The Agent Management window displays a table that shows the current status of your agents.

Column	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The first column in the table contains a checkbox that you use when selecting individual agents for various operations.</p> <p>Note that you can use the <i>Agent IP</i> checkbox in the table header to select all agents.</p>
Agent IP	<p>Displays the IP address of the agent.</p> <p>To see the Agent ID, hover over the agent's IP IP address.</p>
Owner	Indicates whether the agent is assigned, available, or offline.
Status	Indicates the current status of the agent.
Tags	<p>This column displays the tags associated to each agent.</p> <p>There are two types of tags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • system tags (blue): these are defined by DuSIM. You can hover over a system tag to view more details. • user tags (gray): these are defined by dusim users. Refer to Adding and removing tags on the next page for more details. <p>Each tag indicates the number of agents to which it was associated.</p>
Test NICs	Displays the NICs for each agent and, on hover, it displays the MAC address.
Hostname	Displays the hostname.
Memory	Displays the amount of RAM memory allocated to the agent.
CPU info	Displays additional information about the CPU model, the frequency and the

Column	Description
	number of cores.
Last Run Data	Displays the nodes that were last run on the agent.
Last Run Timestamp	Displays the date and time of the last agent run.

Selecting agents

You can perform management actions on individually-selected agents (one or more) or on all agents:

- To select a specific agent, select the check-box associated with the agent's IP address. (When hovering over the IP address of an agent, the agent ID is displayed.)
- To select all agents currently listed in the table, select the *Agent IP* checkbox in the table header.

Search, select, and filter agent data

You can selectively locate and display agent data using the following functions:

Function	Description
Filter agents	<p>Use this option to filter the available agents by tag names:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select Filter agents. 2. Enter the name of the tag or select it from the available list. 3. Select Close. <p>The content on the Agent Management window is updated with the filtering results.</p> <p>To remove the filtering results, select Clear.</p>
Include offline agents	Set this option to either include or exclude offline agents from the list.
Search	Search by IP, Owner, hostname, or status.

Adding and removing tags

You can create and use tags to categorize agents in any way that suits your needs.

Add a custom tag:

1. Select one or more agents in the table.
2. Select **Tag as**.
3. Type the name of the tag in the **Search or add tag** field, then select **Add**.
4. Select **Update** to add the tag name.

Remove a tag:

1. Select one or more agents in the table.
2. Select **Tag as**.
3. Select **Remove tags**.
4. Use the search functionality to identify the tag name or select it from the list.
5. Select **Update** to remove the tag name.

Agent management actions

You can perform the following actions on the agents that are currently selected (selected via the selection checkbox in the first column of the table):

Function	Description
Clear ownership	Releases your ownership of the selected agents.
Hard reboot	Performs a hard reboot on the agent (the agent machine is power-cycled).
Delete	Removes the selected agent(s) from the Agent Management list.

Network Management

All of the agents selected in the **Agents Assignment** window are displayed on the **Network Management** window.

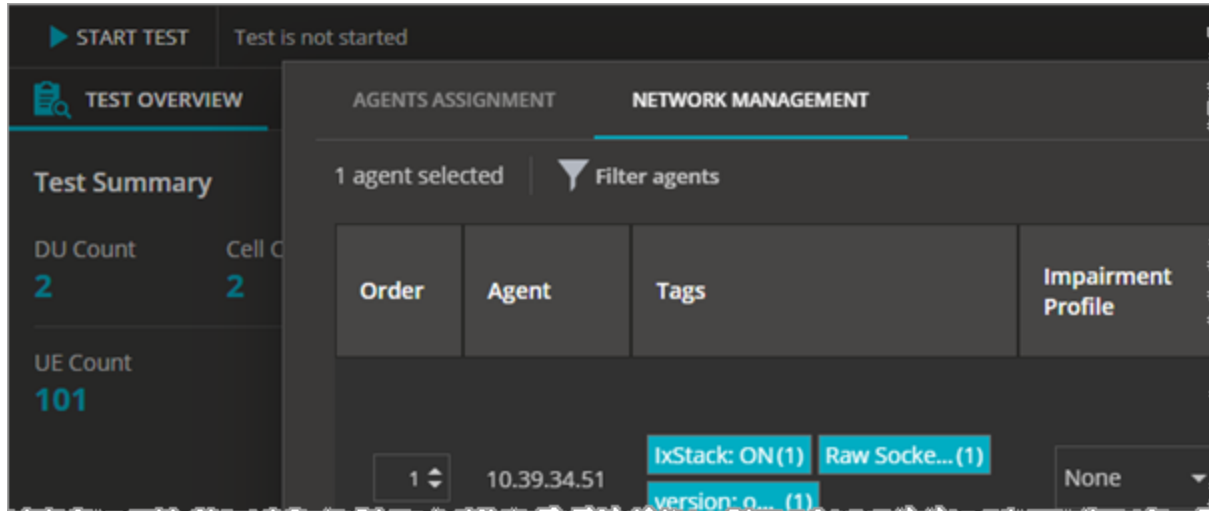


Table description

The following table describes the content of each column displayed on the **Network Management** window.

Column	Description
Order	This option allows you to select the agent distribution order when running with multiple agents on the same node (when you are not using a switch to connect all agents).
Agent	Displays the agent's IP address. When hovering over the IP address of the agent, the agent ID is displayed.
Tags	<p>This column displays the tags associated to each agent.</p> <p>There are two types of tags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> system tags (blue): these are defined by DuSIM. You can hover over a system tag to view more details. user tags (gray): these are defined by dusim users. Refer to Adding and removing tags on page 61 for more details. <p>Each tag indicates the number of agents to which it was associated.</p>
Impairment profile	Allows you the select an impairment profile from the drop-down list.
Agent Interface	Displays the agent's interface Name and MAC address.

Column	Description
Network Stack	<p>This option allows you to select the network stack used to run the test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linux Stack • IxStack over Raw Sockets • IxStack over DPDK <p>An agent compatible with IxStack is marked using an <code>IxStack: On/Off</code> system tag.</p>
SRIoV	<p>This option is disabled when <i>Network Stack</i> is set to Linux Stack. For IxStack over Raw Sockets or IxStack over DPDK, this option is enabled based on the selection (it can be enabled or disabled based on your agent's configuration).</p>
Traffic Capture	<p>This option allows you to enable or disable traffic capture on all or specific interfaces, based on your test configuration.</p>
Entity	<p>Displays the nodes on which the agent has been assigned. When hovering over the node, it displays the node's interface names.</p>

IMPORTANT

To run tests using IxStack over Raw Sockets or IxStack over DPDK you need at least two agents.

Filtering agents

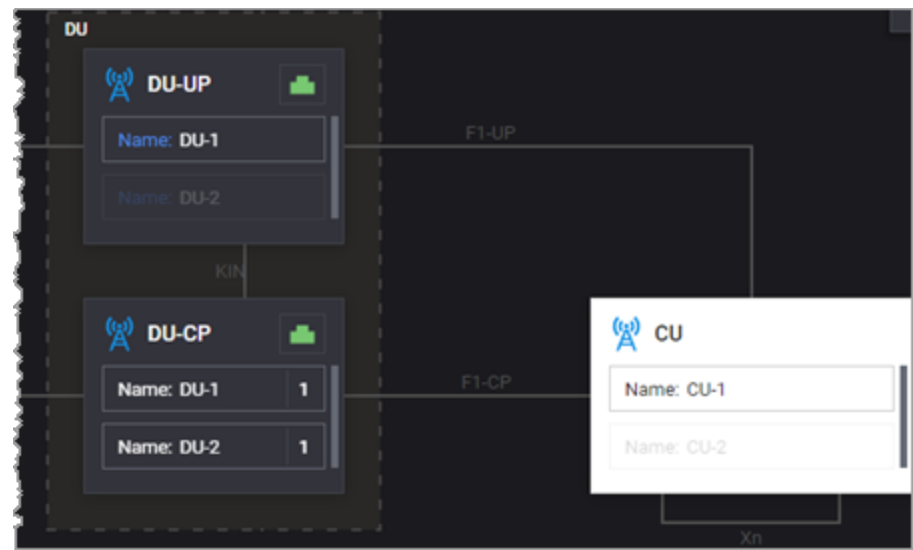
You can set filters (using tag names) to determine which agents are displayed in the table:

1. Select **Filter agents**.
2. Enter the name of the tag or select it from the available list.
3. Select **Close**.

The content on the **Network Management** window is updated to show only agents that are tagged with one of the tags selected in your filter setting.

CHAPTER 7

CU configuration settings



The gNB Central Unit (CU) is responsible for MC (mobility control), RRM (Radio Resource Management) and SM (Session Management). It hosts RRC, SDAP, and PDCP protocols of the gNB that controls the operation of one or more gNB-DUs. The gNB-CU terminates the F1 interface connected with the gNB-DU.

The CU is the device under test (DUT) in a Keysight DuSIM test configuration.

Chapter contents:

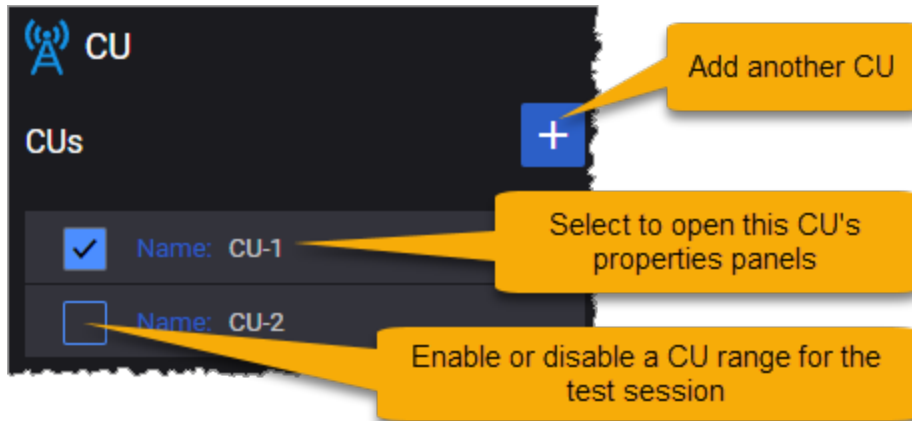
CUs panel	66
CU panel	66

CUs panel

The **CUs** panel opens when you select the CU node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new CU range to your test configuration.
- Open a CU range configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a range for the test session.

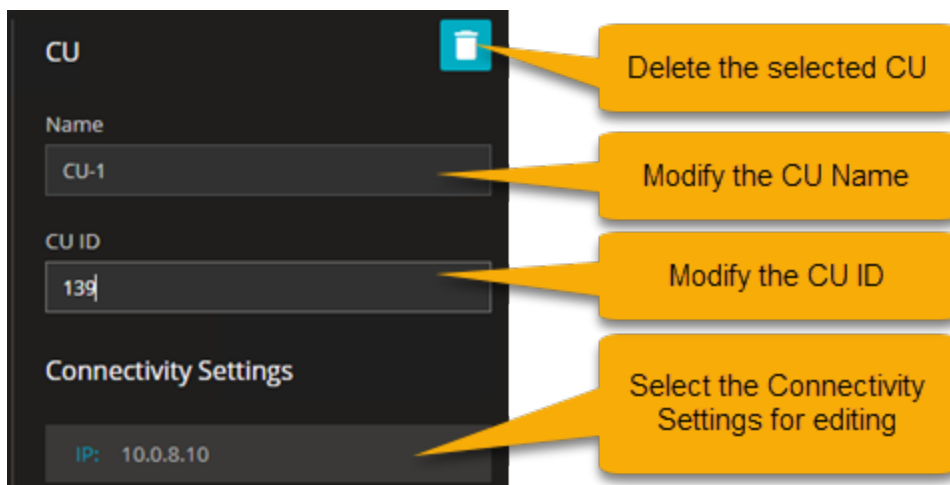
For example ...



CU panel

When you select a node from the **CUs** panel, DuSIM opens the **CU** panel, from which you can:

- Select the **Delete** button to delete the selected CU range from the test configuration.
- Modify the CU range name.
- Select **Connectivity Settings** to configure the connectivity settings for the CU range.



CU Identification settings

You can add multiple CUs in your test network. The following settings provide a unique identification for each of them.

Setting	Description
Name	DuSIM creates a default name for each CU in the test topology. You can change the names to give a more specific identification to each of them.
ID	The gNB-CU Identifier. It can be configured to use between 22 bits and 32 bits. The valid value range is 0 - 4,29,49,67,295.

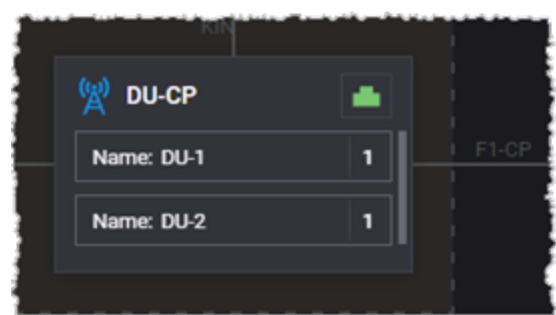
CU Connectivity Settings

Each CU range is identified by a unique IP address: this is the IP address of your CU node. The following table describes the available CU range **IP** configuration settings.

Setting	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address that the gNB-CU (the device under test) will use to communicate with the DuSIM DUs.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this CU IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway Address	The CU's gateway address.

CHAPTER 8

DU-CP configuration settings



The gNB Distributed Unit (gNB-DU) is a logical node hosting RLC, MAC, and PHY layers of the gNB, and its operation is partly controlled by a gNB-CU. One gNB-DU supports one or multiple cells, and it terminates the F1 interface connected with the gNB-CU.

In the DuSIM test topology, the gNB-DU is logically structured as two entities:

- DU-CP, which connects with the CU over the F1-C interface, which carries control plane traffic.
- DU-UP, which connects with the CU over the F1-U interface, which carries user plane traffic.

The chapter describes the **DU-CP** settings.

Chapter contents:

DU-CP RANGES panel	69
DU-CP RANGE panel	70
Cells settings	71
F1-CP Interface Settings	73

DU-CP RANGES panel

The **DU-CP RANGES** panel opens when you select the DU-CP node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new DU-CP range to your test configuration.
- Open a DU-CP range configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a range for the test configuration.

For example ...



DU-CP RANGE panel

DU-CP-Range

RANGES +

- ☒ Name: **DU-Range-1** >
- ☒ Name: **DU-Range-2**

RANGE 🗑️

Associated CU
CU-1

DU ID
1

DU ID Length
22

Range Count
1

Range Settings

Cells

F1-CP Interface Settings

When you select a DU-CP range from the **DU-CP RANGES** panel, DuSIM opens the **RANGE** panel, from which you can:

- Select the **Delete** button to delete the selected DU-CP range from the test configuration.
- Configure the settings for the selected DU-CP range.

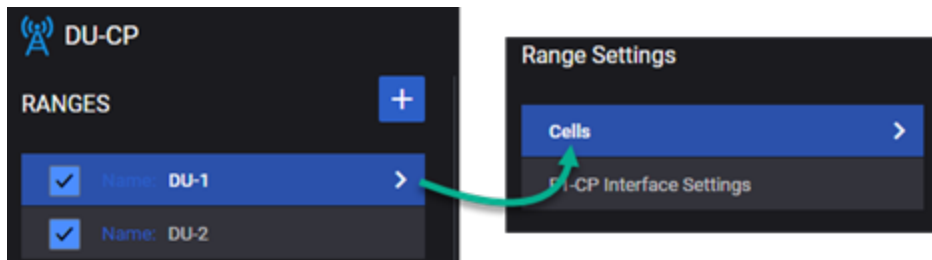
The following table describes the available settings that are required for each DU-CP range.

Setting	Description
Parent CU	Select the gNB CU range that controls this DU-CP range.
DU ID	Enter the gNB-DU ID for this DU-CP range. The gNB-DU ID uniquely identifies the gNB-DU within a gNB-CU. It is provided to the gNB-CU during the F1 Setup procedure, and is used only within F1AP procedures.
DU ID Length	The number of bits (from the NRCGI) to use for the DU ID. (The number of bits to use for the DU ID is a vendor decision.)
Range Count	By default, a DU-CP range contains one DU-CP node. If you want to create multiple DU-CP nodes for the range, enter the desired number in this field.

Setting	Description
<i>Range Settings:</i>	
Cells	Refer to Cells settings below .
F1-CP Interface	Refer to F1-CP Interface Settings on page 73 .

Cells settings

Each **DU-CP** range requires configuration of a group of **Range Settings**, which include the range's **Cells** settings.



These settings are organized in the following groups:

- [Cells below](#)
- [NSSAI on the facing page](#)
- [Cells Settings on the facing page](#)

Cells



Each DU-CP range requires configuration of a group of **Cells** settings, which are the cells that this gNB-DU supports:

Setting	Description
Cell ID	The NR Cell Global Identifier (NRCGI) for this DuSIM range.
Cell ID Increment	Enter the value by which DuSIM will increment each <i>Cell ID</i> if the <i>Cell Count</i> is greater than 1.
Cell Count	Each DU can have multiple cells. If you want to create multiple cells for the DU-CP range, enter the desired number in this field.
NR Sub Carrier Spacing	Select the subcarrier spacing value for the served cell. In 5G networks, the subcarrier spacing scales by $2\mu \times 15$ kHz to cover different services: QoS, latency requirements, and frequency ranges. 15, 30, and 60 kHz subcarrier spacing are used for the lower frequency bands, and 60, 120, and 240 kHz subcarrier spacing are used for the higher frequency bands.

Setting	Description
PLMN Identity	<p>The Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) in which this cell is located.</p> <p>The PLMN is a globally unique identifier that comprises the MCC and MNC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLMN MCC: The PLMN's mobile country code (MCC). • PLMN MNC: The PLMN's mobile network code (MNC).

NSSAI

Each DU-CP range requires configuration of a group of **NSSAI** settings, which are described in the following table:

Setting	Description
	<p>The following actions are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select the Add NSSAI button to add a new NSSAI to your test configuration. • Select UE NSSAI from the list to access the configuration settings.
<i>NSSAI panel:</i>	
	Select the Delete NSSAI button to delete this NSSAI from your test configuration.
SST	<p>The value that identifies the SST (Slice/Service Type) for this NSSAI. SST comprises octet 3 in the S-NSSAI information element. The standardized SST values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 (eMBB) 2 (URLCC) 3 (MIoT)
SD	The Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this NSSAI. SD is an optional information that differentiates amongst multiple Network Slices of the same Slice/Service type. The SD field comprises octets 4 through 6 in the S-NSSAI.
Mapped SST	The Mapped configured Slice/Service Type (SST) value for this NSSAI.
Mapped SD	The Mapped configured Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this NSSAI.

Cells Settings

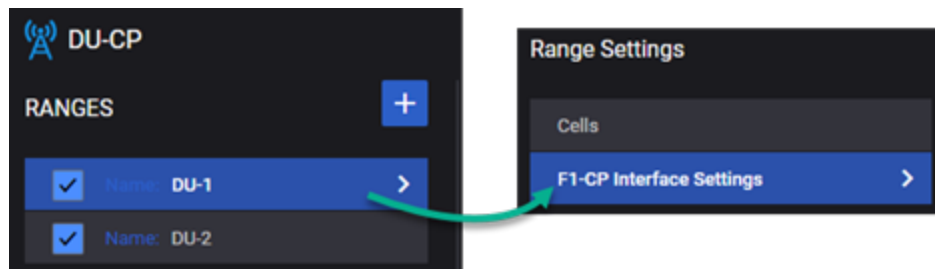
Each DU-CP range requires configuration of a group of **Cells Settings** settings, which are described in the following table. These value are used by each of the cells defined in this DU-CP range.

Setting	Description
TAC	The unique identifier of the Tracking Area Code (TAC) to which this cell belongs in the 5G system.

Setting	Description
DL-NR-ARFCN	Enter the desired downlink NR-ARFCN code for this cell range.
UL-NR-ARFCN	Enter the desired uplink NR-ARFCN code for this cell range.
NR Band	The NR Frequency Band for this cell. The default value is 11, the minimum is 1, and the maximum is 261. These correspond to the n1, n2, ..., n261 band designations.

F1-CP Interface Settings

Each **DU-CP** range requires configuration of a group of **Range Settings**, which include the range's **F1-CP Interface Settings**.



These settings enable communication between the simulated DUs and your DUT. They are grouped into **F1 Interface Settings** and **Connectivity Settings**.

F1 interface Settings

The F1 interface settings specify the F1 port number and the interface setup wait time.

Setting	Description
F1 Port	The port to use for the F1 connection. The default port number is 38472, which is an unassigned IANA port number. You can set this to a different value, if appropriate for your test requirements.
F1 Setup Wait Time (MS)	The amount of time (in milliseconds) that DuSIM will wait before establishing the connection on the F1 interface.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings comprise the interface's IP address and, optionally, outer and inner VLAN identifiers.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP Address	Enter the IP address that the first DuSIM DU node defined in this range will use to communicate with the gNB-CU (device under test).
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the DU-CP nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the <i>Range Count</i> RANGE value.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this DU-CP IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway Address	This DU-CP node's gateway address.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID .
Inner VLAN	When <i>Outer VLAN</i> is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional <i>Inner VLAN</i> setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID .

CHAPTER 9

DU-UP configuration settings



The gNB Distributed Unit (gNB-DU) is a logical node hosting RLC, MAC, and PHY layers of the gNB, and its operation is partly controlled by a gNB-CU. One gNB-DU supports one or multiple cells, and it terminates the F1 interface connected with the gNB-CU.

In the DuSIM test topology, the gNB-DU is logically structured as two entities:

- DU-CP, which connective with the CU over the F1-C interface, which carries control plane traffic.
- DU-UP, which connective with the CU over the F1-U interface, which carries user plane traffic.

The chapter describes the **DU-UP** settings.

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DU-UP RANGES panel

The **DU-UP RANGES** panel opens when you select the DU-UP node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Open a DU-UP range configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a range for the test configuration.

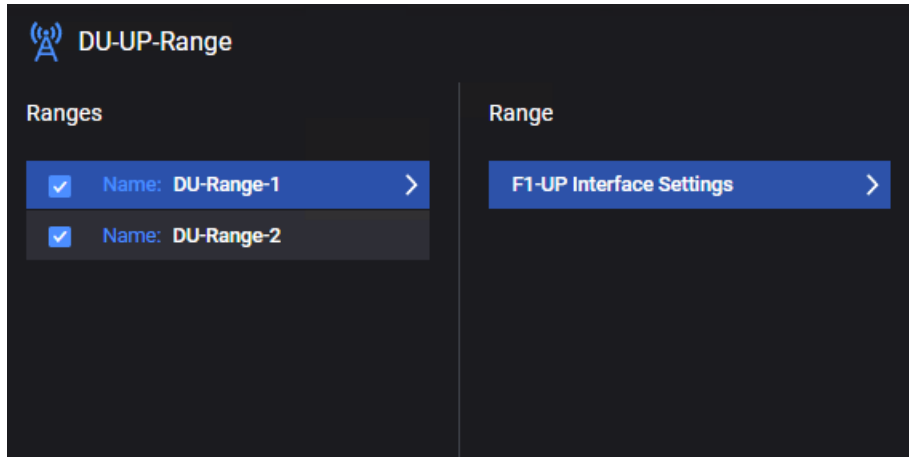
For example ...



DuSIM manages DU-UP ranges as follows:

- DuSIM automatically creates one DU-UP range for each DU-CP range that you configure in the test.
- If you delete a DU-CP range, DuSIM automatically deletes the corresponding DU-UP range.
- Although you cannot directly delete a DU-UP range, you can deselect a range for the test session. When you deselect a DU-UP range, DuSIM does not deselect the corresponding DU-CP range.

DU-UP Range panel



When you select a DU-UP range from the **DU-UP Ranges** panel, DuSIM opens the **Range** panel, from which you configure the F1-UP interface settings and connectivity settings.

F1 Interface Settings

The F1 interface settings specify the F1 port number and the MTU value for this interface.

Setting	Description
F1 Port	The port to use for the F1 connection. The DuSIM default port number is 2152, which is the registered GTP-U protocol port. You can set this to a different value, if appropriate for your test requirements.
MTU	The desired Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for the F1 interface. The MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings include the IP address values plus the layer 2 values for the user plane traffic.

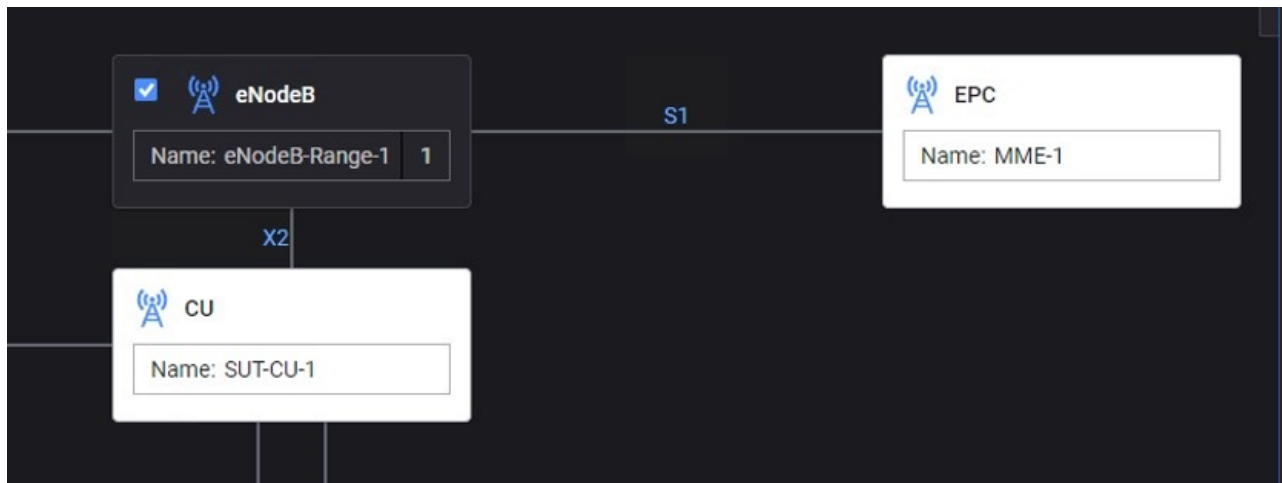
Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first DU-UP node in this range. This is the user plane IP address for the simulated DUs. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the DU-UP nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the <i>Range Count</i> value configured for the <i>Parent DU-CP</i> .

Setting	Description
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this DU-UP IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway Address	This DU-UP node's gateway address.
<i>MAC settings:</i>	
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the DU-UP node defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
MAC Increment	Specify the value (expressed as a 12-character alphanumeric MAC address value) by which the MAC addresses of all the DU-UP nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your application traffic, and then specify the VLAN ID .
Inner VLAN	When <i>Outer VLAN</i> is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional <i>Inner VLAN</i> setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs, and then specify the inner VLAN ID .

CHAPTER 10

eNodeB configuration settings

The eNodeB node is simulated Evolved NodeB (eNodeB) acts as anchor eNodeB (MeNB) for NSA network topology. One eNodeB supports one or multiple LTE cells, and it terminates the S1 interface connected with the LTE Core network (EPC) and X2 interface connected with gNB CU.

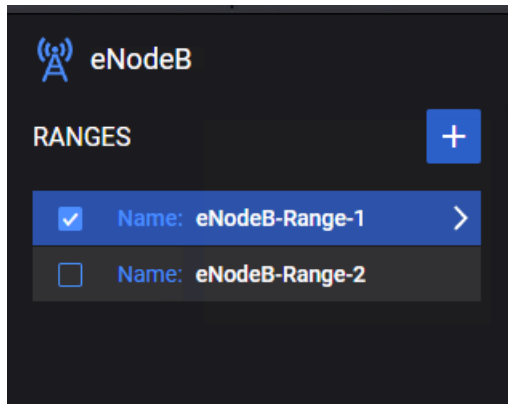


eNodeB RANGES panel

The eNodeB RANGES panel opens when you select the eNodeB node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new eNodeB range to your test configuration.
- Open a eNodeB range configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a range for the test configuration.

For example:



eNodeB RANGE panel

When you select a eNodeB range from the eNodeB RANGES panel, DuSIM opens the RANGE panel, from which you can:

- Select the Delete button to delete the selected eNodeB range from the test configuration.
- Configure the settings for the selected eNodeB range.

The following table describes the available settings that are required for each eNodeB range.

Setting	Description
Name	Simulated eNodeB Range Name. Default name is autogenerated.
eNodeB ID	This parameter specifies the simulated eNodeB Id in decimal format
Range Count	By default, a eNodeB range contains one eNodeB node. If you want to create multiple eNodeB nodes for the range, enter the desired number in this field.
Associated MME	This parameter specifies the name of the linked MME. Available MMEs are provided for selection. Available values correspond to the MME Name parameter values configured in the EPC Node, as described in Chapter X:EPC configuration setting
Associated gNodeB	This parameter specifies the name of the linked DUT gNB-CU. Available CU node names are provided for selection as described in Chapter 7.
Global ID Type	Macro eNodeB ID or Home eNodeB ID
Home MCC	The PLMN's mobile country code (MCC).
Home MNC	The PLMN's mobile network code (MNC).
Tracking Area Code	The unique identifier of the Tracking Area Code (TAC) to which this eNodeB belongs.

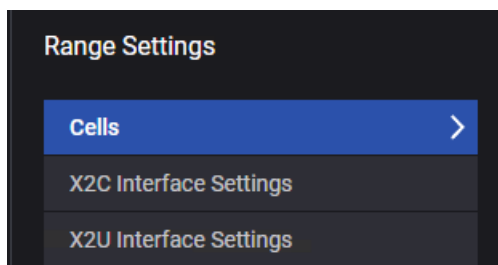
Range Settings:

See the following sections for various range settings:

LTE Cells settings	81
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X2U Interface Settings	83
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LTE Cells settings

Each eNodeB range requires configuration of a group of Range Settings, which include the range's Cells settings.



Cells

Each eNodeB range requires configuration of a group of Cells settings, which are the LTE cells that this eNodeB range is simulating.

The following table describes the available settings that are required for Cells range:

Setting	Description
Cell ID	This parameter specifies the identifier of the physical cell (PCI) of LTE cells for this eNodeB range.
Cell ID Increment	Enter the value by which DuSIM will increment each Cell ID if the Cell Count is greater than 1.
Cell Count	Each eNodeB can have multiple cells. If you want to create multiple cells for the eNodeB range, enter the desired number in this field.
Mode	This parameter specifies the LTE technology. It is possible to choose one of the following values from the drop-down list: FDD, TDD.
UL-EARFCN	This parameter specifies the uplink EARFCN of the cell.
DL-EARFCN	This parameter specifies the downlink EARFCN of the cell.
Bandwidth UL	This parameter specifies the uplink frequency bandwidth of the cell in Mhz. It is possible to change the setting by choosing a value from the drop-down list.

Setting	Description
Bandwidth DL	This parameter specifies the downlink frequency bandwidth of the cell in Mhz. It is possible to change the setting by choosing a value from the drop-down list.
Subframe Assignment	This parameter specifies the Subframe Assignment in decimal format; it is meaningful only if the Mode parameter is set to TDD. Valid values are included in the range of 0 to 6. Refer to 3GPP TS 36.423, subclause 9.2.8 for details.
Special Subframe Pattern	This parameter specifies the Special Subframe Pattern in decimal format; it is meaningful only if the Mode parameter is set to TDD. Valid values are included in the range of 0 to 8. Refer to 3GPP TS 36.423, subclause 9.2.8 for details.
Cyclic Prefix UL	This parameter specifies the type of cyclic prefix to be applied in uplink. It is possible to choose one of the following values from the drop-down list: Normal, Extended.
Cyclic Prefix DL	This parameter specifies the type of cyclic prefix to be applied in downlink. It is possible to choose one of the following values from the drop-down list: Normal, Extended.
Frequency band Indicator	This parameter specifies the Frequency Band Indicator in decimal format. Valid values are included in the range of 1 to 256. Refer to 3GPP TS 36.423 for details.

X2C Interface Settings

The X2-C interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information of X2 control plane interface connected with gNB-CU.

The following table describes the available settings that are required:

Setting	Description
MTU	The desired Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for the X2 Control Plane interface. The MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.
Initiated ENDC X2 Setup	This checkbox enables/disables initiating an SCTP association on the X2 interface.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings comprise the interface's IP address and, optionally, outer and inner VLAN identifiers.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP Address	Enter the IP address for X2AP interface that the first DuSIM eNodeB node defined in this range will use to communicate with the gNB-CU (device under test).

Setting	Description
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the eNodeB nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the Range Count RANGE value.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with X2AP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway Address	This eNodeB node's gateway address towards X2AP interface of gNB-CU.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

X2U Interface Settings

The X2-U interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information of X2 user plane interface connected with gNB-CU. The following table describes the available settings that are required:

Setting	Description
MTU	The desired Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for the F1 interface. The MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.
T3 Response Timer	T3 timer value for GTP Echo Response messages, in seconds. This is the maximum amount of time to wait for a response from a request message
N3 Requests	N3 counter value for Echo Request messages. This is the maximum number of retransmissions that will be permitted for a specific request message.
Echo Request Period	The time interval to use for sending periodic echo requests over the interface. This is the number of seconds to wait before sending the next Echo Request following receipt of the previous response.
Include Sequence Number	Select this option is you want DuSIM to include sequence numbers in T-PDUs.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings include the IP address values plus the layer 2 values for the user plane traffic.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP Address	Enter the IP address for the first eNodeB node in this range. This is the user plane IP address for the simulated eNodeBs for X2 interface. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the eNodeB nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the Range Count value configured for the Parent eNodeB.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this eNodeB X2 user plane IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
UDP Port	The UDP port number that will be used for this interface in this range. Default port is 2152.
UDP Checksum	Enable this option if you want DuSIM to perform checksum computation for this range.
Gateway Address	This eNodeB node's gateway address towards X2AP interface of gNB-CU.
<i>MAC settings:</i>	
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
MAC Increment	Specify the value (expressed as a 12-character alphanumeric MAC address value) by which the MAC addresses of all the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range will be incremented.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

S1C Interface Settings

The S1-C interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information of S1 control plane interface connected with EPC. The following table describes the available settings that are required:

Setting	Description
MTU	The desired Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for the F1 interface. The MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings comprise the interface's IP address and, optionally, outer and inner VLAN identifiers.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP Address	Enter the IP address for the first eNodeB node in this range. This is the user plane IP address for the simulated eNodeBs for X2 interface. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the eNodeB nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the Range Count value configured for the Parent eNodeB.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this eNodeB X2 user plane IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Port	Default S1AP port is 36412
Gateway Address	This eNodeB node's gateway address towards S1AP interface of EPC.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

S1U Interface Settings

The S1U interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information of S1 user plane interface connected with EPC. The following table describes the available settings that are required:

Setting	Description
MTU	The desired Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for the F1 interface. The MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.
T3 Response Timer	T3 timer value for GTP Echo Response messages, in seconds. This is the maximum amount of time to wait for a response from a request message
N3 Requests	N3 counter value for Echo Request messages. This is the maximum number of retransmissions that will be permitted for a specific request message.
Echo Request Period	The time interval to use for sending periodic echo requests over the interface. This is the number of seconds to wait before sending the next Echo Request following receipt of the previous response.
Include Sequence Number	Select this option if you want DuSIM to include sequence numbers in T-PDUs for this interface range.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings include the IP address values plus the layer 2 values for the user plane traffic.

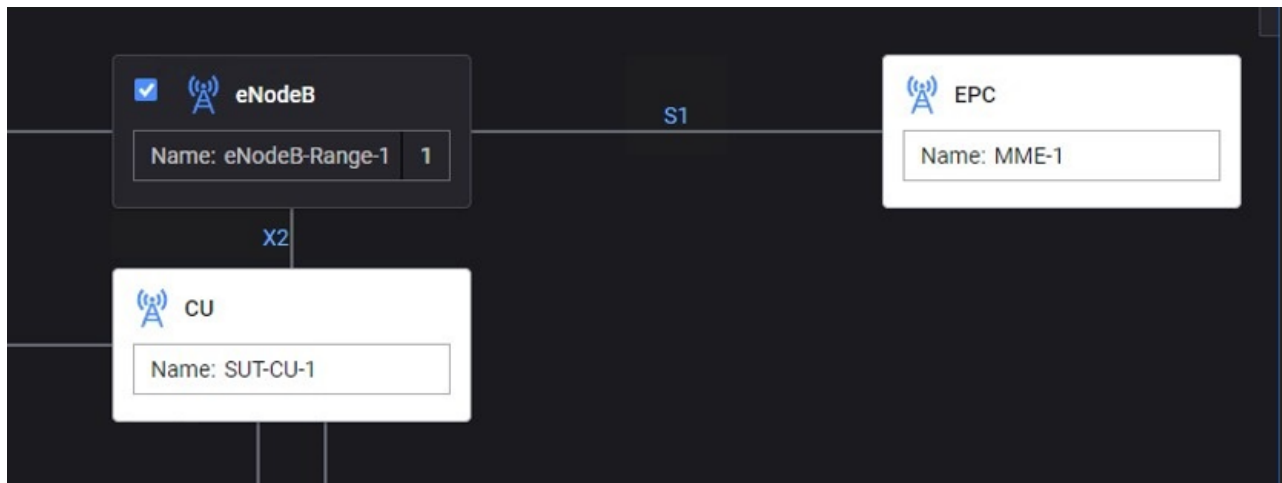
Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first eNodeB node in this range. This is the user plane IP address for the simulated eNodeB for S1 interface. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the eNodeB nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented. The number of IP addresses that will be created is determined by the Range Count value configured for the Parent eNodeB.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this eNodeB X2 user plane IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
UDP Port	The UDP port number that will be used for this interface in this range. Default port is 2152.
UDP Checksum	Enable this option if you want DuSIM to perform checksum computation for this range.
<i>Gateway Address</i>	
MAC settings:	MAC settings:

Setting	Description
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

CHAPTER 11

EPC configuration settings

EPC (Evolved Packet Core) is the 4G core network for NSA topology. The EPC is and an external entity and can be the device under test (DUT) in a Keysight DuSIM test configuration or simulated by Keysight CoreSIM product.

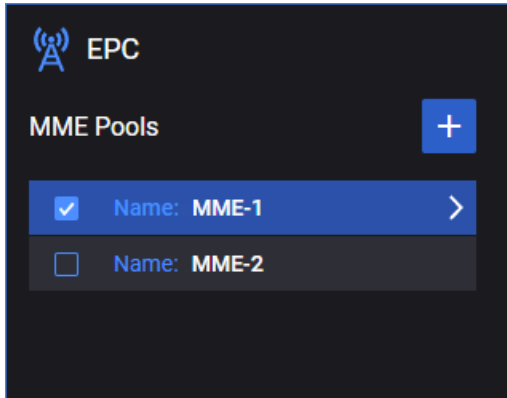


MME Pools panel

The MME Pools panel opens when you select the EPC node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new MME to your test configuration.
- Open a MME configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a MME for the test session.

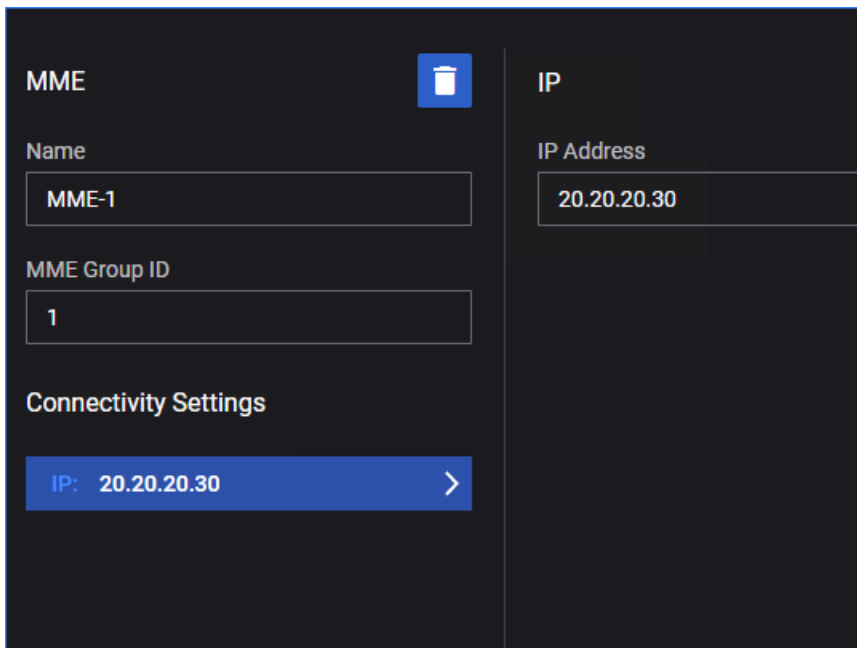
For example:



MME panel

When you select a node from the MME Pools panel, DuSIM opens the MME panel, from which you can:

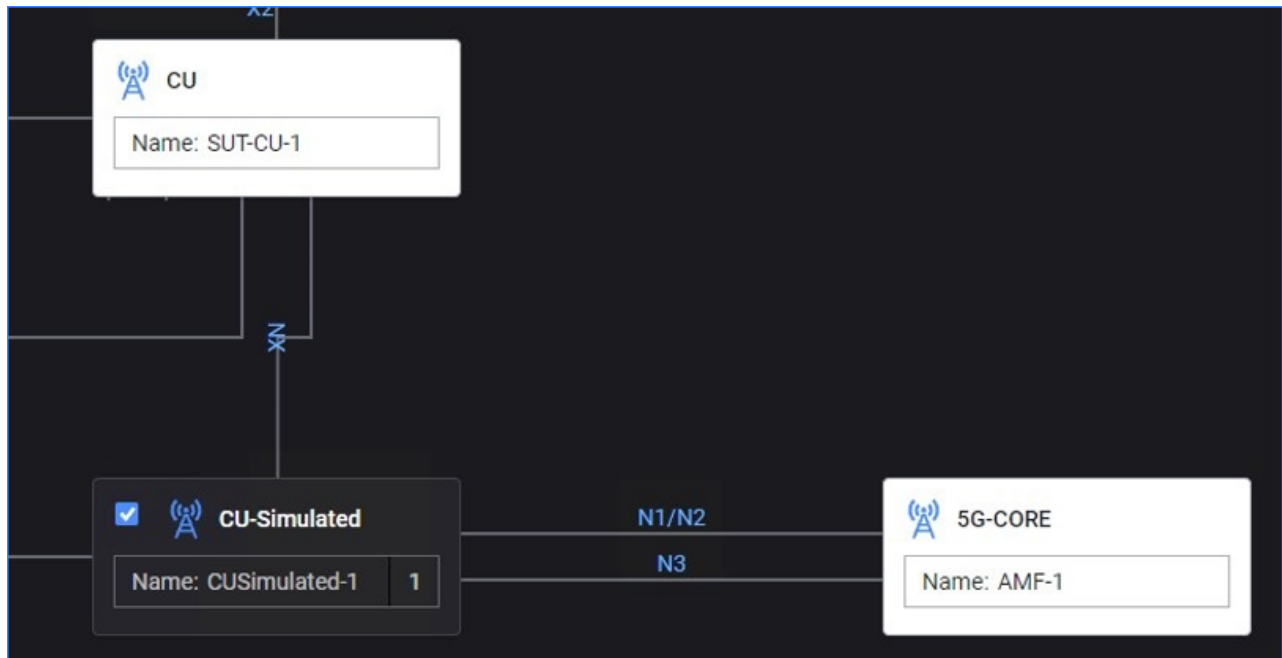
- Select the Delete button to delete the selected MME from the test configuration.
- Modify the MME name.
- Modify the MME Group ID value
- Select Connectivity Settings to configure the IP address for the MME.



CHAPTER 12

CU-Simulated configuration settings

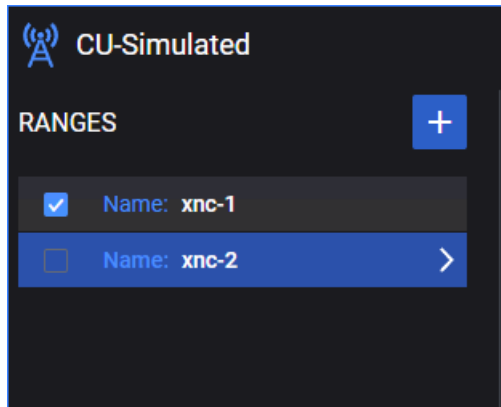
The CU-Simulated node acts as simulated endpoint of XN interface connected with gNB-CU DUT (device under test) and N2/N3 interface connected with 5G Core network.

**CU-Simulated RANGES panel**

The CU-Simulated RANGES panel opens when you select the CU-Simulated node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new CU-Simulated range to your test configuration.
- Open a CU-Simulated range configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a range for the test configuration.

For example:



CU-Simulated RANGE panel

When you select a CU-Simulated range from the CU-Simulated RANGES panel, DuSIM opens the RANGE panel, from which you can:

- Select the Delete button to delete the selected CU-Simulated range from the test configuration.
- Configure the settings for the selected CU-Simulated range.

The following table describes the available settings that are required for each CU-Simulated range:

- Node Settings: Refer to [CU-Simulated Node Settings](#).
- Cell Settings: Refer to [CU-Simulated Cells Settings](#).
- Subscriber Settings: Refer to [Subscriber Settings](#).
- N2 Interface Settings: Refer to [N2 Interface Settings](#).
- N3 Interface Settings: Refer to [N3 Interface Settings](#).
- Xn-C Interface Settings: Refer to [Xn-C Interface settings](#).
- Xn-U Interface Settings: Refer to [Xn-U Interface settings](#).

CU-Simulated Node Settings

Each CU-Simulated range requires configuration of node settings. The following table describes the available node settings that are required for each range:

Setting	Description
Name	Each Simulated CU node instance is identified by a Name. You can accept the value provided by DuSIM or overwrite it with your own value.
Associated CU	This parameter specifies the name of the linked DUT gNB-CU. Available CU node names are provided for selection.
PLMN MCC	The PLMN MCC for this Simulated CU range.
PLMN MNC	The PLMN MNC for this Simulated CU range.
Tracking Area Code	The Tracking Area Code to use for the nodes in this range.

Setting	Description
Region ID	The AMF Region ID to use. This ID identifies the region in which the node resides. The AMF Region ID addresses the case that there are more AMFs in the network than the number of AMFs that can be supported by AMF Set ID and AMF Pointer. It allows operators to re-use the same AMF Set IDs and AMF Pointers in different regions.
Set ID	The AMF Set ID to use. The Set ID uniquely identifies the AMF Set within the AMF Region.
Pointer	The AMF Pointer identifies one or more AMFs within the AMF Set.
CU ID	The Simulated gNB CU Identifier.
CU ID length	The number of bits (from the NRCGI) to use for the CU ID. (The number of bits to use for the DU ID is a vendor decision.) It can be configured to use between 22 bits and 32 bits.
CU ID Count	Number of CU IDs to use
CU ID Increment	Increment step for CU ID
Connection Timeout	Connection timeout in milliseconds (ms) for this node.



CU-Simulated Cells Settings

Each CU-Simulated range requires configuration of a group of Cells settings, which are the simulated cells for this node. The following table describes the available Cells settings that are required for each range:

Setting	Description
Cell ID	The NR Cell Global Identifier (NRCGI)
Cell ID Increment	Enter the value by which DuSIM will increment each Cell ID if the Cell Count is greater than 1.
Cell Count	Each simulated CU can have multiple cells. If you want to create multiple cells for the CU-Simulated range, enter the desired number in this field.
PLMN Identity	<p>The Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) in which this cell is located.</p> <p>The PLMN is a globally unique identifier that comprises the MCC and MNC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PLMN MCC: The PLMN's mobile country code (MCC). • PLMN MNC: The PLMN's mobile network code (MNC).

NSSAI

Each CU-Simulated range requires configuration of a group of NNSAI settings, which are described in the following table:

Setting	Description
	The following actions are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select the Add NNSAI button to add a new NNSAI to your test configuration. • Select NNSAI from the list to access the configuration settings.
<i>NNSAI panel:</i>	
	Select the Delete NNSAI button to delete this NNSAI from your test configuration.
SST	The value that identifies the SST (Slice/Service Type) for this NNSAI. SST comprises octet 3 in the S-NNSAI information element. The standardized SST values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (eMBB) • (URLCC) • (MIoT)
SD	The Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this NNSAI. SD is an optional information that differentiates amongst multiple Network Slices of the same Slice/Service type. The SD field comprises octets 4 through 6 in the S-NNSAI.
Mapped SST	The Mapped configured Slice/Service Type (SST) value for this NNSAI.
Mapped SD	The Mapped configured Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this NNSAI.

Subscriber Settings

Each CU-Simulated range requires configuration of a group of Subscriber settings.

The following table describes the available Subscriber settings that are required for each range:

Setting	Description
Allowed SSC Modes	The Session and Service Continuity (SSC) Mode for the PDU Sessions that UEs in this range will initiate. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSC Mode 1: The network preserves the connectivity service provided to the UE. The PDU Session IP address (IPv4, IPv6, IPv4v6) is preserved. • SSC Mode 2: The network may release the connectivity service delivered to the UE and release the corresponding PDU Sessions. The release of the PDU induces the release of the IP addresses (IPv4, IPv6, IPv4v6) that had been allocated to the UE. • SSC Mode 3: Changes to the user plane can be visible to the UE, while the



Setting	Description
	<p>network ensures that the UE suffers no loss of connectivity. A connection through a new PDU Session Anchor point is established before the previous connection is terminated to allow for better service continuity. The IP address (IPv4, IPv6, IPv4v6) is not preserved in this mode when the PDU Session Anchor changes.</p> <p>SSC mode associated with a PDU Session does not change during the lifetime of a PDU Session.</p>

DRBs Config

You use the DRBs Config panel to configure one or more Data Radio Bearers (DRBs) for this Subscriber Range.

From the panel, you can select a DRB Config for editing and also add additional DRB configurations. Select the **Add DRBs Config** button to add a new DRB configuration:

To configure DRBs for a subscriber range, opens the **DRBs** panel, from which you can add, delete, and select DRBs for the selected range of subscribers.

Setting	Description
<i>DRBs</i>	
	<p>The following actions are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select the Add DRB button to add a new DRB for the selected subscriber range.
	Select the Delete DRB button to remove this DRB from the selected subscriber range configuration.
RLC Mode	<p>RLC Mode identifies the NR RLC Mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TM: No RLC Header, Buffering at Tx Only, No Segmentation/Reassembly, No feedback UM: RLC Header, Buffering at both Tx and Rx, Segmentation/Reassembly, No feedback AM: RLC Header, Buffering at both Tx and Rx, Segmentation/Reassembly, Feedback (ACK/NACK)
PDCP Uplink/Downlink Sequence Number Size	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDCP Uplink Sequence Number Size PDCP Downlink Sequence Number Size
SDAP Uplink Header	Enable if SDAP header should be included for this DRB for Uplink Data. SDAP is responsible for mapping between a quality-of-service flow (QoS Flow) from the 5GCore network and data radio bearer (DRB).
SDAP Downlink	Enable if SDAP header should be included for this DRB for Downlink Data.

Setting	Description
Header	

N2 Interface Settings

The N2 interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information between this simulated CU range and 5G Core network.

The following table describes the available N2 interface settings that are required for each CU-Simulated range:

Setting	Description
Peer AMF	The IP address of the AMF node connected to (gNodeB) CU over the N2 interface.
Destination port	The destination Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) port for control plane messages (NG-AP signaling messages) on the N2 interface.
SCTP source port	The source SCTP port for control plane messages (NG-AP signaling messages). Each SCTP endpoint provides the other endpoint with a list of transport addresses through which that endpoint can be reached and from which it will originate SCTP packets. These transport addresses are composed of multiple IP addresses in combination with an SCTP port. The default port number is 38412, but you can change it.
MTU	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for this range. MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.
MSS	The Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for this range. MSS specifies the largest TCP segment that the IP device can transmit as a single, unfragmented unit.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings comprise the interface's IP address and, optionally, outer and inner VLAN identifiers.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first simulated CU node in this range. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the simulated CU nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this simulated CU IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway	This simulated CU node's gateway address towards 5G Core's AMF entity.

Setting	Description
Address	
<i>MAC settings:</i>	
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
MAC Increment	Specify the value (expressed as a 12-character alphanumeric MAC address value) by which the MAC addresses of all the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range will be incremented.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

N3 Interface Settings

N3 is the user plane interface between the simulated CU and 5G Core network's UPF entity.

The following table describes the available N3 interface settings that are required for each CU-Simulated range:

Setting	Description
MTU	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for this range. MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.
MSS	The Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for this range. MSS specifies the largest TCP segment that the IP device can transmit as a single, unfragmented unit.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings include the IP address values plus the layer 2 values for the user plane traffic.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first simulated CU node in this range. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the simulated CU nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented.

Setting	Description
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this simulated CU IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Gateway Address	This simulated CU node's gateway address towards 5G Core's UPF entity.
<i>MAC settings:</i>	
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
MAC Increment	Specify the value (expressed as a 12-character alphanumeric MAC address value) by which the MAC addresses of all the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range will be incremented.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

Xn-C Interface Settings

The Xn-C interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information between this simulated CU range and the gNB-CU under test.

The following table describes the available Xn-C interface settings that are required for each CU-Simulated range:

Setting	Description
Setup Wait Time(ms)	Time to wait (ms) before Xn link setup.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings comprise the interface's IP address and, optionally, outer and inner VLAN identifiers.

Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first simulated CU node in this range. This is the control plane IP address for the simulated CUs for Xn interface. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.

Setting	Description
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the simulated CU nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented.
IP Prefix Length	The subnet prefix length associated with this simulated CU IP interface. It specifies the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Port	SCTP port for XNAP. Default port is 38422.
Gateway Address	This simulated CU node's gateway address towards gNB-CU device under test.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

Xn-U Interface Settings

The Xn-U interface settings specify the properties and connectivity information between this simulated CU range and the gNB-CU under test.

The following table describes the available Xn-U interface settings that are required for each CU-Simulated range:

Setting	Description
MTU	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for this range. MTU specifies the largest packet that an Ethernet frame can carry.

Connectivity Settings

The connectivity settings include the IP address values plus the layer 2 values for the user plane traffic.

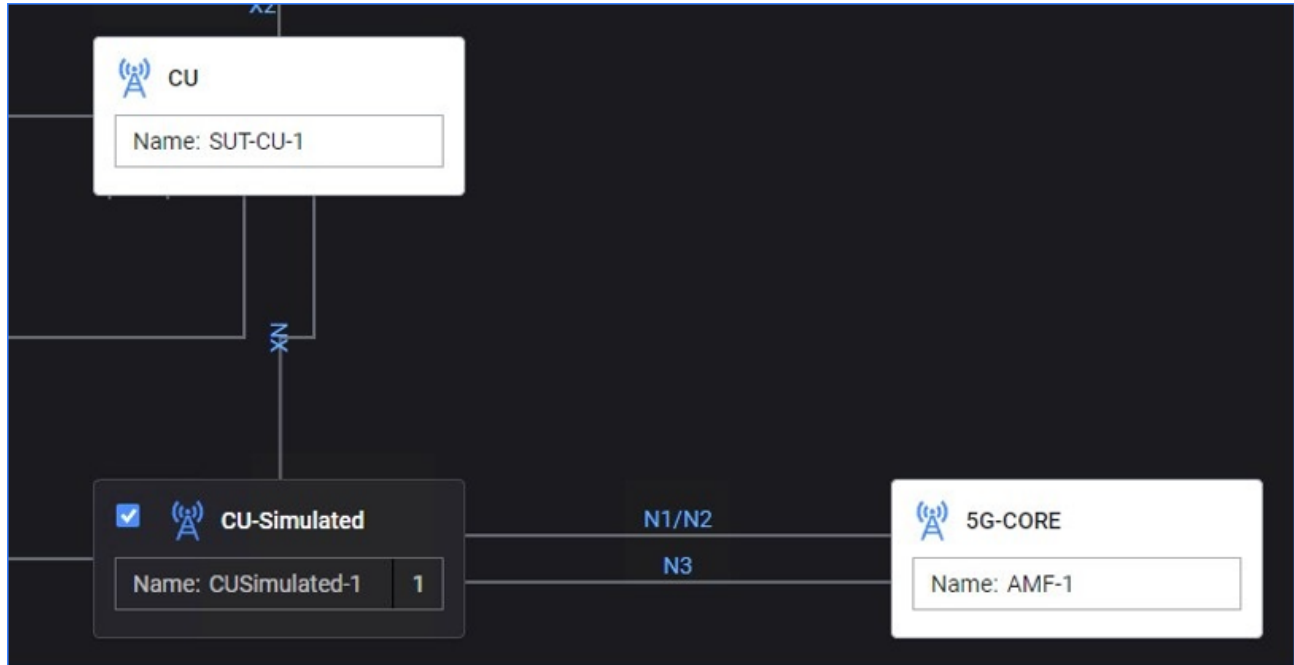
Setting	Description
<i>IP settings:</i>	
IP	Enter the IP address for the first simulated CU node in this range. It can be on its own subnet, as it has no relationship with any other IP addresses in the test config.
IP Address Increment	The value (expressed in IP address notation) by which the IP addresses of all the simulated CU nodes that are defined in this range will be incremented.
IP Prefix	The subnet prefix length associated with this simulated CU IP interface. It specifies

Setting	Description
Length	the number of leftmost bits in the address, which indicates the network portion of the address.
Port	The UDP port number that will be used for this interface in this range. Default port is 2152.
Gateway Address	This simulated CU node's gateway address towards gNB-CU device under test.
<i>MAC settings:</i>	
MAC	Specify the first media access control (MAC) address that will be assigned to the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range. The default value is an auto-generated address that you can change, if desired.
MAC Increment	Specify the value (expressed as a 12-character alphanumeric MAC address value) by which the MAC addresses of all the eNodeB X2 interface defined in this range will be incremented.
<i>VLAN settings:</i>	
Outer VLAN	Enable this setting if you need VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the VLAN ID.
Inner VLAN	When Outer VLAN is enabled, DuSIM exposes the optional Inner VLAN setting. Enable this setting if you need inner VLAN IDs for your test, and then specify the inner VLAN ID.

CHAPTER 13

5G-CORE configuration settings

5G Core is and an external entity and can be the device under test (DUT) in a Keysight DuSIM test configuration or entire 5G Core can be simulated by Keysight CoreSIM product.

**AMFs panel**


The AMFs panel opens when you select the 5G-CORE node from the network topology window. You can perform the following tasks from this panel:

- Add a new AMF to your test configuration.
- Open a AMF configuration for editing or viewing.
- Enable or disable a AMF for the test session.

AMF panel

When you select a node from the AMFs panel, DuSIM opens the AMF panel, from which you can:

- Select the Delete button to delete the selected AMF from the test configuration.
- Select Connectivity Settings to configure the IP address and SCTP Port for the AMF.

AMF

Connectivity Settings

IP: 20.20.20.30 >

IP

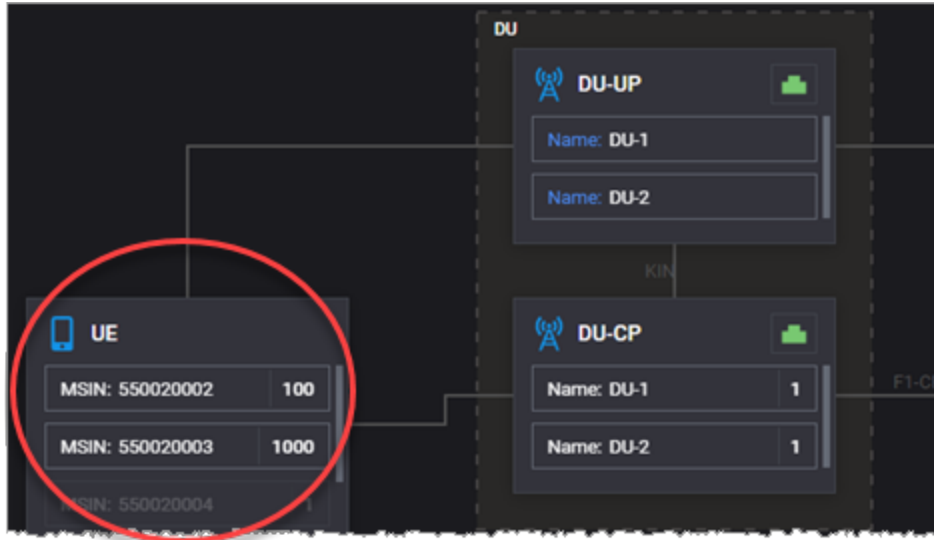
IP Address

20.20.20.30

Port

38412

CHAPTER 14

UE SUBSCRIBER configuration settings

When you select the **UE** object from the topology window, DuSIM opens the top-level (leftmost) UE properties window. The UE properties include all of the settings required to simulate large and varied groups of subscribers who are attempting to access the test network, establish connections to data networks, transmit (and receive) data of

various types, and travel amongst the cells contained within your test network.

This chapter describes the UE SUBSCRIBER properties, with the exception of the UE Objectives and UE Scenario Groups, which are described in separate chapters.

Refer to [UE SUBSCRIBER configuration settings above](#) for additional instructions.

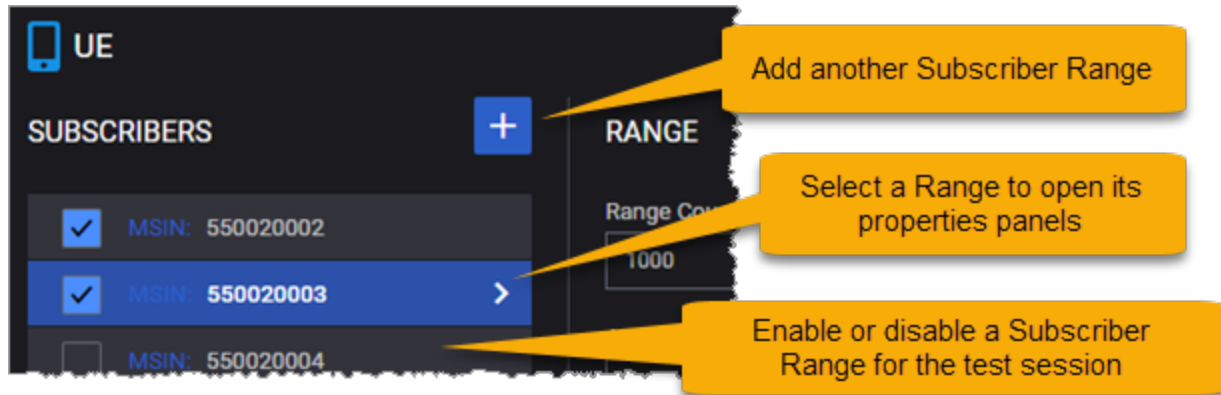
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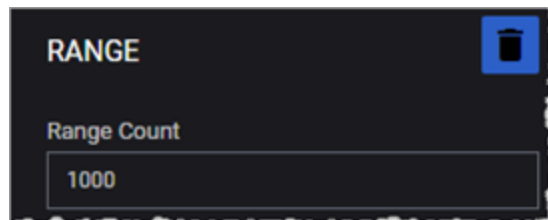
UE SUBSCRIBERS panel

The **UE** panel opens when you select the UE node from the network topology window. It provides access to properties panels with which you configure all of the settings needed to simulate one or more ranges of simulated subscribers.

You can perform the following **SUBSCRIBERS** tasks from the UE panel:




Subscriber RANGE settings



The Subscribers **RANGE** panel provides access to all of the properties that define a Subscriber range.

Except for *Range Count*, all of the other properties are configured on additional panels.

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Range icon to delete this range from your test configuration.
Range Count	Specify the number of subscribers to configure for this range.
Associated Device	Select the UE device range (UE Device settings on page 116) that this range of subscribers will use.
Scenario Group	Select a Scenario Group for this subscriber range: each Scenario Group defines the test case scenarios that the subscribers in the range will execute during the test run. Refer to Scenario Group settings on page 132 for detailed information.
Detailed subscriber	Configure detailed subscriber settings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subscriber Identification settings on page 105

Setting	Description
settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subscriber SIM settings on page 106 • Subscriber ESM settings on page 108 • Subscriber EMM settings on page 110 • Subscriber NR Provisioning on page 112 • Subscribers DNN settings on page 113
Network Slicing	Configure network slicing for this range of subscribers: Subscriber Network Slicing settings on page 114 .
Objectives	Configure objectives for this range of subscribers: UE Test Objective settings on page 117 .

Subscriber Identification settings

The Identification properties are assigned to each individual subscriber in a Subscriber range. Each subscriber will have a unique MSIN, MSISDN, and IMEI Serial Number value. The MCC and MNC values are shared by all the subscribers in a range.

Setting	Description
PLMN MCC	The Mobile Country Code (MCC) for this range of UEs.
PLMN MNC	The Mobile Network Code (MNC) for this range of UEs.
MSIN	The Mobile Subscriber Identification Number (MSIN) to assign to the first subscriber in the range. This value is incremented for each additional subscriber to ensure that each individual subscriber has a unique MSIN.
MSIN Increment	The increment value to create a unique MSIN for each subscriber in a range. The increment value to use for the second and all subsequent subscribers in the range, to ensure that each subscriber has a unique MSIN.
MSISDN	The first Mobile Station ISDN (MSISDN) value in this range.
MSISDN Increment	The increment value to use for the second and all subsequent subscribers in the range, to ensure that each subscriber has a unique MSISDN.
IMEI Serial Number	The Serial Number to use in the construction of the IMEI that will be assigned to the subscribers in the range. The SNR is a string of six decimal digits.
IMEI Serial Number Increment	The increment value to use for the second and all subsequent subscribers in the range, to ensure that each subscriber has a unique IMEI Serial Number.

Subscriber SIM settings

For each range of subscribers in your test, you configure values that are stored on a mobile device's subscriber identity module (SIM card).


Setting	Description
SMS-Center Address	<p>Enter the SMS center (SMSC) address, using international format. Typically, an SMSC address is a phone number.</p> <p>The E.164 international standard (ITU-T Recommendation) defines a general format for international telephone numbers, in which the number has a maximum of 15 digits (excluding the international call prefix) structured as Country Code + Subscriber Number. Country Code contains no more than three digits and the Subscriber Number contains no more than 12 digits.</p> <p>An SMS (short message service) center handles the SMS operations of a wireless network. When a UE sends an SMS message, that message is first directed to an SMS center. The SMS center then forwards the SMS message towards the destination.</p> <p>The standard practice is for the wireless network operator to preset the SMSC address in the SIM card.</p>
LTE Authentication Algorithm	<p>Use this parameter to select the LTE authentication algorithm used by the UE range. You can select from among the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milenage – OPc set: Milenage algorithm set with OPc; both the Authentication key and Authentication OPc parameters are required. • Milenage – OPc set: Milenage algorithm set with OP; both the Authentication key and Authentication OP parameters are required. • Test Algorithm: test algorithm for authentication, as defined in 3GPP TS 34.108; only the Authentication key parameter is required. <p>For additional details, refer to TS 35.206 for Milenage algorithm and TS 24.108 sub-clause 8.1.2 for Test algorithm.</p>
LTE Authentication Response Parameter	<p>Enter the numeric value (RES) that will be included in the IE Authentication response parameter in the AUTHENTICATION RESPONSE message.</p>
Authentication Key	<p>Enter the Authentication key value for the simulated subscriber identity module in this subscriber range.</p> <p>This is a 16-byte hexadecimal string, as described in 3GPP TS 33.401, subclauses 6.1 and 6.2.</p>
Authentication OP/OPc	<p>Enter the Authentication OP or OPc value for the simulated subscriber identity module in this subscriber range. (Either OP or OPc is stored on the SIM card, depending upon how an operator chooses to implement it.)</p> <p>This is a 16-byte hexadecimal string, as described in 3GPP TS 35.206, subclauses 2.3 and 5.1.</p>

Setting	Description
LTE Authentication Response Parameter Length	Enter the desired length of the authentication response (RES) value. The valid length range is from 4 octets through 16 octets.
Main Access Class	<p>Enter the desired main access class for this Subscriber range; the valid range is zero through nine.</p> <p>The 3GPP defines sixteen Access Classes for controlling access to the air interface. These classes establish a basic distinction between emergency sessions, high-priority users, and standard users.</p>
Force High Priority Access Establishment	<p>If the Subscriber range requires high-priority access establishment, select this option and then choose the specific class:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 11 – For PLMN use • 12 – For security services • 13 – For public utilities • 14 – For emergency services • 15 – For PLMN staff

Subscriber ESM settings

The EPS Session Management (ESM) protocol supports the establishment and handling of user data sessions in the Non-Access Stratum (NAS). This includes the establishment of Packet Data Network (PDN) connections and EPS bearers for the UEs accessing the network.

For each range of subscribers in your test, you configure ESM values that are needed when establishing subscriber sessions with the network.

Setting	Description
Request Type	<p>Select the ESM Request Type for this subscriber range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial Attach: Initial network attachment request. Handover: Requests a transfer of a PDN connection from non-3GPP access to 3GPP access (and vice versa). Emergency: Requests establishment of an emergency connection. Initial Request: Requests establishment of connectivity to a PDN for the first time. <p>The Request Type information element is described in TS 24.008, subclause 10.5.6.17.</p>
Packet Data Network Type	<p>Select the PDN Type to place in the PDN Type information element for this subscriber range: IPv4 Supported, IPv6 Supported, or IPv4V6 Supported.</p> <p>The purpose of the PDN Type information element is to indicate the IP version capability of the IP stack associated with the UE (as specified in TS 24.301, subclause 9.9.4.10).</p>
Access Point Name	<p>Enter the Access Point Name that will be placed in the Access Point Name information element for the subscribers in the range. The Access Point Name IE identifies the packet data network to which the subscriber wishes to connect.</p>
Protocol Configuration Options	<div>  Configure </div> <p>Click the Configure button if you need to configure Protocol Configuration Options (PCOs) for this Subscriber range. DuSIM will open the floating Protocol Configuration Options dialog in which you will configure the PCOs (refer to Protocol Configuration Options dialog on the next page).</p> <p>These values are placed in the Protocol Configuration Options information element. The options are described in TS 24.008, Table 10.5.154. The purpose of the Protocol Configuration Options information element is to transfer external network protocol options associated with a PDP context activation.</p>
ESM Information Transfer Flag	<p>Select one of the available options for the ESM Information Transfer Flag information element:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enabled: Send the ESM Information Transfer Flag IE, with the value set to 1. Disabled: Send the ESM Information Transfer Flag IE, with the value set to 0.

Setting	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not included: Do not send the ESM Information Transfer Flag IE. <p>The UE will include the ESM Information Transfer Flag IE in the PDN CONNECTIVITY REQUEST message sent during the attach procedure if the UE has protocol configuration options that need to be transferred (with security protection) or wants to provide an access point name for the PDN connection to be established during the attach procedure.</p> <p>The ESM Information Transfer Flag is described in TS 24.301, subclauses 8.3.20.2 and 9.9.4.5.</p>
PDU Session ID	<p>Enter the PDU Session ID for this range.</p> <p>Every PDU Session Establishment Request message sent to the network by a UE includes a PDU Session ID. The PDU Session ID is unique per UE and it is the identifier used to uniquely identify one of a UE's PDU Sessions.</p>

Protocol Configuration Options dialog

If you click the **Configure** button in the *Protocol Configuration Options* field of the Subscriber ESM Parameters properties panel, DuSIM opens the **Protocol Configuration Options** dialog. You use this dialog when you need to configure Protocol Configuration Options (PCOs) for this Subscriber range: a PCO list and/or an Additional Parameters List.

Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.

Subscriber EMM settings

For each range of subscribers in your test, you configure EPS Mobility Management (EMM) values that specify the required support and options for attach and detach procedures.

A UE attaches to a network by exchanging Non-Access Stratum (NAS) control signaling messages with the network. EMM encompasses the NAS procedures related to subscriber network attachment and mobility. These procedures include (among others) Attach, Detach, and Tracking Area Update (TAU).

Setting	Description
Attach Type	<p>Select the Attach Type value for the Attach procedures that the subscribers in the range will request.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EPS Attach: The UE requests an EPS attach. • Combined EPS-IMSI Attach: The UE requests a combined EPS/IMSI attach and informs the network that the UE is capable of and configured to use CS fallback and/or SMS over SGs. • EPS Emergency Attach: The UE requests an EPS Emergency attach.
Detach Type	<p>Select the type of Detach procedure that the subscribers in the range will request.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EPS Detach: The UE requests an EPS-only detach. • IMSI Detach: The UE requests an IMSI-only detach. • EPS IMSI Detach: The UE requests a combined EPS/IMSI detach.
Switch-Off at Detach	<p>When this option is enabled, the DETACH REQUEST message sent by the UE will contain the Detach type IE which indicates that the detach is due to a "switch off". In this case, the procedure is completed when the network receives the DETACH REQUEST message.</p>
Extended Periodic Timers Supported	<p>When this option is enabled, the UE will include the MS Network Feature Support IE in the Attach Request message to indicate support for extended periodic timer value.</p>
Enable Timer 3412 extended value	<p>When this option is enabled, the UE will request support for a particular T3412 value by including the T3412 Extended Value IE in the Attach Request message.</p> <p>If the network supports this feature, it may include the T3412 Extended Value IE in the Attach Accept message to provide the UE with a longer periodic tracking area update timer.</p>
Timer 3412 extended value	<p>Enter the Timer 3412 extended value. This is an integer in the range 0-31.</p> <p>The value is placed in the GPRS Timer 3 information element. The purpose of this IE is to specify GPRS specific timer values. Refer to TS 24.008, subclause 10.5.7.4a for additional detailed information.</p>
Attach Without PDN	<p>When this option is enabled, the UE specifies—in the Preferred Network Behaviour indication—that Attach Without PDN Connectivity is supported.</p>

Setting	Description
Enabled	When Attach Without PDN Connection is supported, the UE need not establish a PDN connection as part of the Attach procedure and the UE and MME may at any time release all the PDN connections and remain EPS-attached.
Force PLMN	Enable this option if you wish to configure the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) codes for this range. When it is enabled, the <i>Force MCC</i> and <i>Force MNC</i> fields are made available for configuration.
Force MCC	Enter the MCC (Mobile Country Code) for this range. This field is available for configuration only if <i>Force PLMN</i> is enable.
Force MNC	Enter the MNC (Mobile Network Code) for this range. This field is available for configuration only if <i>Force PLMN</i> is enable.
Enable eDRX	Select this option to enable eDRX for this subscriber range. When it is enabled, the <i>PTW WB-S1</i> , <i>eDRX S1</i> , and <i>Paging eDRX CRC Type</i> fields are made available for configuration.
PTW WB-S1	Enter the Paging Time Window (PTW) value for WB-S1 Mode, as defined in TS 24.008. The valid values range from zero through 15.
eDRX S1	Enter the value eDRX Value for S1 Mode (extended idle mode DRX cycle length), as defined in TS 24.008. The valid values range from zero through 15.
Paging eDRX CRC Type	Select the algorithm to use for computing the P-HSFN, starting from the UE identity. The default algorithm is CRC-32. The other option is crc32-bzip2.

Subscriber NR Provisioning

In the **NR Provisioning** settings, for each subscribers range, you configure the routing indicator (RI), the Serving Network Name, the Home Public Key ID, and the protection scheme ID.

About SUPI and SUCI ...

- **SUPI:** In the 5G system, the SUBscription Permanent Identifier (SUPI) is a globally unique identifier allocated to each subscriber. The serving network must authenticate the SUPI in the process of authentication and key agreement between UE and network. The serving network authorizes the UE through the subscription profile obtained from the home network; this UE authorization is based on the authenticated SUPI.
- **SUCI:** The SUPI is never transferred in clear text over the 5G-RAN; instead, the SUCI is used. the SUBscription Concealed Identifier (SUCI) is a privacy-preserving identifier containing the concealed SUPI. In the 5G core network, only the UDM has authority to deconceal the SUCI. For detailed information, refer to 3GPP TS 33.501 (Security architecture and procedures for 5G System).

Setting	Description												
Routing Indicator	<p>The Routing Indicator that is used in the construction of the SUCI.</p> <p>The Routing Indicator is used in combination with the MCC and MNC to route network signaling to AUSF and UDM instances that are capable of serving the subscriber. It contains four decimal digits, is assigned by the home network operator, and is provisioned in the USIM.</p>												
Serving Network Name	<p>The name of the serving network that will authenticate the SUPI in the process of authentication and key agreement between the UE and the network.</p>												
Home Network Public Key ID	<p>The Home Network Public Key Identifier that will be used to indicate which public/private key pair to use for SUPI protection and deconcealment of the SUCI.</p>												
Protection Scheme ID	<p>Select the desired SUCI Protection Scheme for the subscribers in the range. The available schemes are those listed in TS 33.501, Annex C.</p> <table><tr><th>Scheme</th><th>Identifier</th><th>Size of the scheme output</th></tr><tr><td>null-scheme</td><td>0x0</td><td>Size of the input (size of username used in case of NAI format or MSIN in case of IMSI)</td></tr><tr><td>Profile-A</td><td>0x1</td><td>Total of 256-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input</td></tr><tr><td>Profile-B</td><td>0x2</td><td>Total of 264-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input.</td></tr></table>	Scheme	Identifier	Size of the scheme output	null-scheme	0x0	Size of the input (size of username used in case of NAI format or MSIN in case of IMSI)	Profile-A	0x1	Total of 256-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input	Profile-B	0x2	Total of 264-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input.
Scheme	Identifier	Size of the scheme output											
null-scheme	0x0	Size of the input (size of username used in case of NAI format or MSIN in case of IMSI)											
Profile-A	0x1	Total of 256-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input											
Profile-B	0x2	Total of 264-bit public key, 64-bit MAC, and size of input.											

Subscribers DNN settings

For each range of subscribers in your test, you select at least one Data Network Name (DNN) from the pool of DNNs that have been configured for the test. These DNNs are the data networks to which subscribers establish connections during test execution.

Prerequisite

Before selecting DNNs for subscriber groups, you need to configure a pool of DNNs in the **Global Settings**.



Selecting DNNs for subscribers

To select DNNs for a subscriber range:

1. Select the range from the UE **SUBSCRIBERS** panel.
2. In the Subscribers **RANGE** panel, select **DNNs**.
DuSIM opens the **DNNs** panel, from which you can add, delete, and select DNNs for the selected range of subscribers.
3. To select a DNN value for one of the entries in the **DNNs** list:
 - a. Select the desired **DNNs** entry (they are numbered sequentially, starting with 1).
DuSIM displays the selected entry in the **DNN** panel.
 - b. Select the desired DNN value from the **DNN** drop-down list.
4. To add another DNN to the subscriber range:
 - a. Click the **Add DNN** button in the **DNNs** panel.
 - b. Select the desired DNN from the **DNN** drop-down list.

DNN settings

The DNN settings establish a mapping between DNNs and UE IPs, thereby enabling multiple PDU sessions for each subscriber in the range.

Setting	Description
<i>DNNs:</i>	
	The following actions are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select the Add DNN button to add a new DNN for the selected subscriber range. • Select a DN from the list to access the configuration settings.
<i>DNN settings:</i>	
	Select the Delete DNN button to remove this DNN from the selected subscriber range configuration.
DNN	Select one of the previously-defined DNNs from the drop-down list.

Subscriber Network Slicing settings

The UE Network Slicing settings configure one or more NSSAIs for a selected subscriber range.

To access the settings

To access the Network Slicing settings for a subscriber range:

1. Select the range from the UE **SUBSCRIBERS** panel.
2. In the Subscribers **RANGE** panel, select **UE NSSAI**.



DuSIM opens the **UE NSSAI** panel, from which you can add, delete, and configure UE NSSAIs for the selected range of subscribers.

UE NSSAI settings

Each UE Subscriber range requires at least one NSSAI range. These are Requested NSSAIs that are signaled (in NAS messages, including Registration and PDU Session Establishment) by the UE to the network. They enable the network to select the Serving AMF, Network Slice(s), and Network Slice instance(s) for the UE.

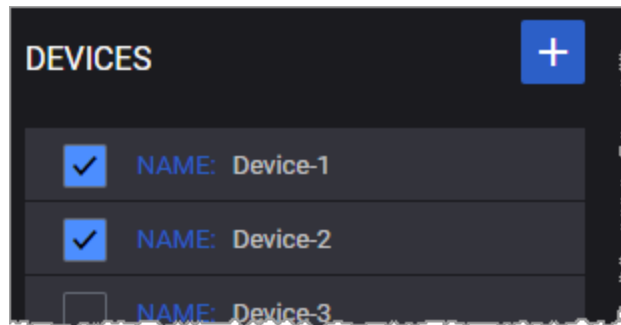
The S-NSSAI information element includes a mandatory Slice/Service Type (SST) field, an optional Slice Differentiator (SD) field, and it can also include an optional Mapped Configured SST and an optional Mapped Configured SD.

The following table describes the **UE NSSAI** settings.

Setting	Description
<i>UE NSSAI:</i>	
	<p>The following actions are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select the Add UE NSSAI button to add a new UE NSSAI to your test configuration. • Select a UE NSSAI from the list to access the configuration settings.
<i>UE NSSAI settings:</i>	
	Select the Delete UE NSSAI button to delete this UE NSSAI from your test configuration.
SST	<p>The value that identifies the SST (Slice/Service Type) for this S-NSSAI. SST comprises octet 3 in the S-NSSAI information element. The standardized SST values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 (eMBB) 2 (URLCC) 3 (MIoT)
SD	<p>The Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this S-NSSAI. SD is an optional information that differentiates amongst multiple Network Slices of the same Slice/Service type. The SD field comprises octets 4 through 6 in the S-NSSAI.</p>

Setting	Description
Mapped SST	The Mapped configured Slice/Service Type (SST) value for this S-NSSAI.
Mapped SD	The Mapped configured Slice Differentiator (SD) value for this S-NSSAI.

UE Device settings




Each Subscriber range selects a **Device** range, and each Device range defines the properties of a specific type of mobile device.

To define your device ranges, select **UE** from the topology window, and then add and configure the Device ranges that you will use in your test.

When you select a device range from the UE **DEVICES** pane (such as *Device-1* in the above example), DuSIM opens the properties panel for that range.

Device settings:

The following table describes the UE **Device** settings.

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Range icon to delete this range from your test configuration.
Name	A name that identifies the specific device.
3GPP Release	The 3GPP Release that the device supports.
IMEI TAC	The Type Allocation Code (TAC) assigned to the device model.
Software Version	The Software Version value identifies the IMEI Software Version Number (SVN) that is incorporated into the IMEI, as the final two digits. It indicates the software (or firmware) version that is present on the device.

EMM Parameters:

Each device requires the following EPS Mobility Management (EMM) parameters. EMM encompasses the NAS procedures related to subscriber network attachment and mobility.

Parameter	Description
UE Network Capability	A hex string that specifies the encoded UE network capabilities of the device. The default value is e0c0e0e0.
UE Security Capability	A hex string that specifies the encoded UE security capabilities of the device. The default value is 80800000.

CHAPTER 16

UE Test Objective settings

Each UE subscriber range defines its own test objectives. The objectives specify the properties of the application traffic that the subscribers in the range will generate and transmit over the user plane. Each range can create more than one type of application traffic, and for each type, you configure one of the available objective types. The objective types include throughput, concurrent connections, and connection rate.

As an example, for a given subscriber range, your test objective may be to achieve a 10 Gb throughput rate. For this objective, your test will select and configure an application type—such as HTTPS Get or FTP—and will configure all of the properties that enable simulation of realistic application traffic in your test network.

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User Plane panel

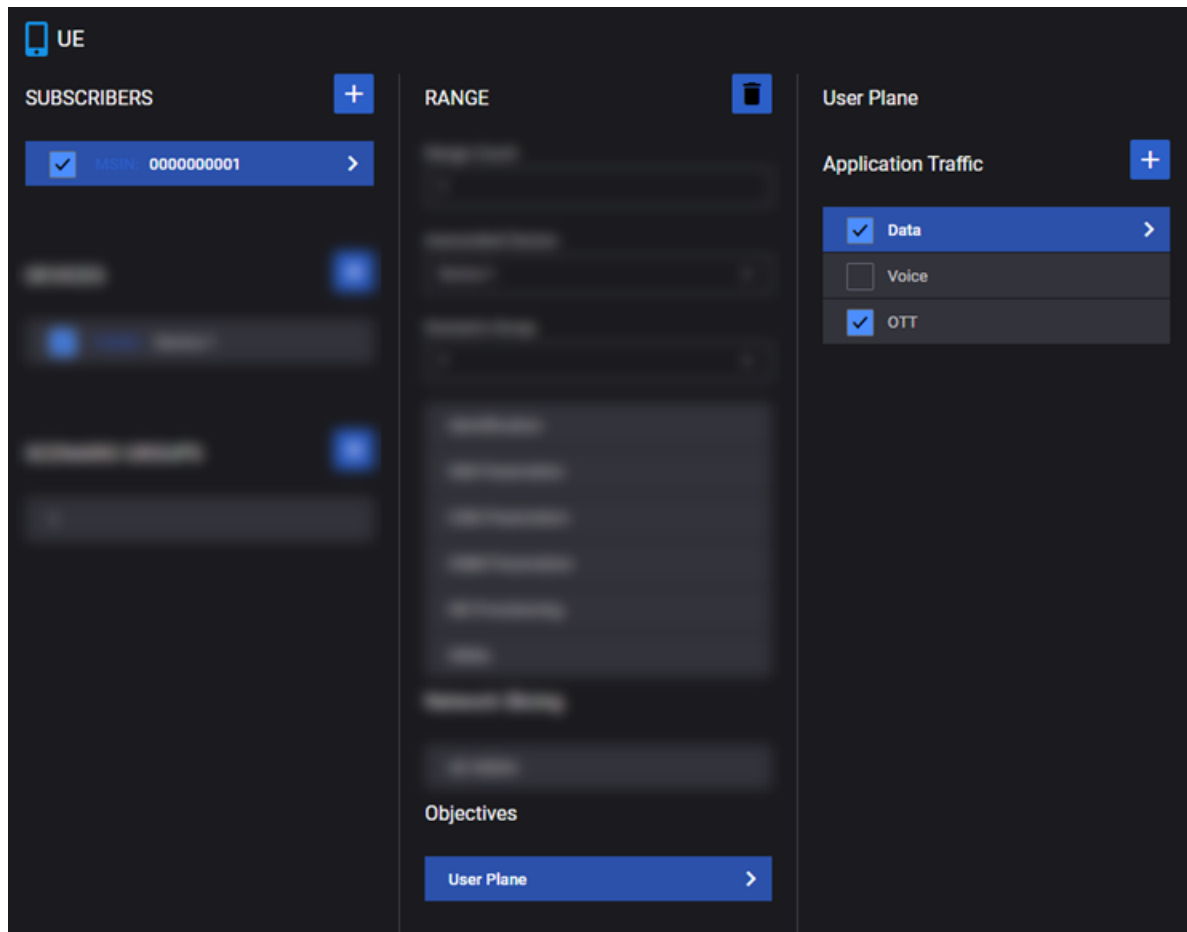
The User Plane Objectives focus on the rate and volume of user plane traffic that the simulated UEs are sending to the network.

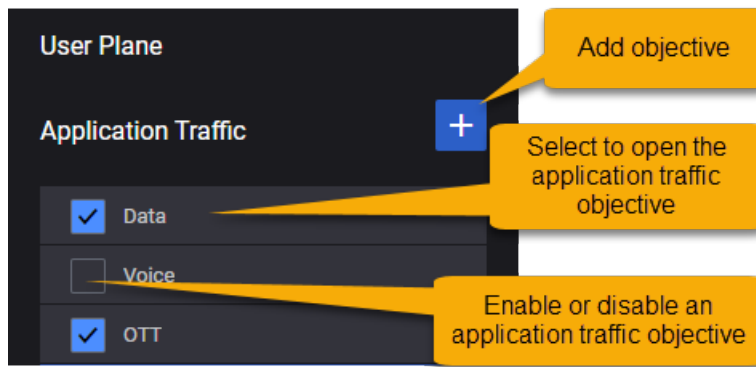
You define separate User Plane objectives for each UE subscriber range. Based on your test requirements, the configuration of the User Plane Objectives involve settings for the traffic generators on the UE.

From the **User Plane** panel, you can add additional traffic applications and access the properties panels for traffic applications that are already defined.



How to access the User Plane Objectives

1. Select the **Subscribers** panel in the UE node. This opens the Range panel:
2. Click **User Plane** in the Objectives section. This opens the **User Plane** panel.





The following table describes the Application Traffic generation parameters.

Parameter	Description
	Click the Add Objective button to add a new add a new application traffic objective.
	Click the Delete Objective button to remove the application traffic objective from your test configuration. <i>This button is available when you select the application traffic objective and you open the properties panel.</i>
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. The available traffic applications are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stateless UDP • Data • Voice • Video OTT • DNS Client <i>This field is available when you select the application traffic objective and you open the properties panel.</i>

Stateless UDP Traffic

Use the **Stateless UDP** generator if you want to generate IP packets that encapsulate UDP payload. The Stateless UDP generator configuration settings for the uplink traffic are described below.

The following table describes the Stateless UDP parameters.

Parameter	Description
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. In this case, this parameter must be set to Stateless UDP .
Flow Type	This field cannot be modified.
Packet Rate	The rate at which the test generates uplink packets, measured in packets per second (pps).
Payload Size	The size of the packet payload, in bytes.
Delay(s)	The time to wait before the application traffic flows start.
Destination IP Address	The destination IP address to place in the IP packet.
Destination UDP Port Start	The start destination port number to place in the UDP header.
Destination UDP Port Count	Total number of UDP ports in this range.
Source UDP Port	The source port number to place in the UDP header.
DNN ID	Select the DNN value for the drop-down list. For more details about DNN configuration, refer to DNNs Settings on page 53 .
MSS	The desired Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for the user plane traffic that will be generated for this UE range, specified in bytes.
Delay Application Traffic Start (ms)	The time (in milliseconds) to wait before the application traffic flows start.
IP Preference	Select the IP address preference: IPv4 or IPv6 .


Data Traffic

The following table describes the Data Traffic parameters.

Parameter	Description
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. In this case, this parameter must be set to Data .
Objective Type	Select an option from the drop-down list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Throughput • Concurrent Connections • Connections Rate
Throughput (kbps)	This parameter is available only when Objective Type is set to Throughput . The desired maximum throughput (in kbps) for the combined traffic flows that will be generated.
Concurrent Connections	This parameter is available only when Objective Type is set to Concurrent Connections . The maximum number of concurrent data traffic connections.
Connection duration (sec)	This parameter is available only when Objective Type is set to Concurrent Connections . The maximum duration for each data traffic connection.
Connections rate per second	This parameter is available only when Objective Type is set to Connections Rate . The maximum number of connections per second.
Connection multiplier (per UE)	Set the value for the connection multiplier.
MSS	The desired Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for the user plane traffic that will be generated for this UE range, specified in bytes.
Delay Application Traffic Start (ms)	The time (in milliseconds) to wait before the application traffic flows start.
IP Preference	Select the IP address preference: IPv4 or IPv6 .

Application Traffic Flows

You can add and delete traffic flows as needed to meet your test objectives. The Application Traffic Flow parameters are described in the following table.

Parameter	Description
	Click the Delete Flow button to remove the flow from your configuration.
Type	<p>Select the L4/L7 protocol type from the list of pre-defined flows. The available types include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HTTP GET, HTTP PUT, and HTTP POST • HTTPS GET, HTTPS PUT, and HTTPS POST • FTP • UDP Bidirectional (a flow in which a UDP client communicates with a server over a bidirectional datagram socket)
Port	The port used by the flow.
Iterations	The number of times the flow will run. It can be finite or infinite (set to zero). For example, a flow may have default actions: log in to a social media site, post a message, then log out. Iterations is the number of times you want this flow of actions to be executed.
Percentage	The percentage of the throughput will be of this type of flow.
Page Size (bytes)	The page size represents the size of the web page or data file that will be retrieved from or stored to an HTTP or HTTPS server.
Client Tx Count	This parameter is available only when the flow type is set to UDP Bidirectional .
Server Tx Count	This parameter is available only when the flow type is set to UDP Bidirectional .
URL	The URL that is being accessed by the flow's protocol.
Destination Hostname	Destination hostname of the server. If DNS hostname resolution is enabled for the flow and Name Servers are configured under Global Settings, this name will be resolved before being used as L7 destination IP for the flow and included in HTTP headers. If empty, the "Address" from the previous fly-out level will be used as L7 destination IP for the flow.
Close TCP Connection After Each Transaction	Select the check-box to terminate the TCP connection after each transaction.
Enable DNS	Select the check-box to process only one DNS query per TCP connection.

Parameter	Description
Query Per Connection	
DNN ID	Select the DNN for this flow. The DNNs are configured in the UE Range Settings (DNNsSettings)

Voice Traffic

The following table describes the Voice Traffic parameters.

Parameter	Description
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. In this case, this parameter must be set to Voice .
Objective Type	By default, this parameter is set to Simulated Users and cannot be changed.
Throughput (kbps)	This parameter is available only when Objective Type is set to Throughput . The desired maximum throughput (in kbps) for the combined traffic flows that will be generated.
MSS	The desired Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for the user plane traffic that will be generated for this UE range, specified in bytes.
Delay Application Traffic Start (ms)	The time (in milliseconds) to wait before the application traffic flows start.
IP Preference	Select the IP address preference: IPv4 or IPv6 .
Call Type	Select the type of call from the drop-down list. Available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Call • Basic Call Mo (Mobile Originated) • Basic Call Mt (Mobile Terminated)
Dial Plan	For the settings required to configure the dial plan, refer to Dial Plan on the facing page .
<i>Sip Settings:</i>	
Local Port	Set the local port number. You can accept the value provided by DuSIM or overwrite it with your own value.
Transport Protocol	Select the transport protocol. The available options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TCP - Transmission Control Protocol • TLS - Transport Layer Security
Domain	Provide the domain name.
Enable IPSEC	Select this option to enable IPSEC.
<i>RTP Settings</i>	
Local Port	Set the local port number. You can accept the value provided by DuSIM or overwrite it with your own value.



Parameter	Description
Local Port Increment	The value by which the local port number is incremented.
Enable OWD	If selected, one way delay statistics for audio RTP traffic are computed.
Enable RTCP	Select this option in order to enable RTCP.
<i>Media settings:</i>	<i>For the configuration of media settings, refer to Media Settings on the next page.</i>

Dial Plan

The parameters required to configure the dial plan are presented in the table below.

Parameter	Description
DNN ID	Select the DNN from the drop-down list.
Iterations	The number of times the Voice flow will be executed. It can be finite or infinite (set to zero).
UPDATE	Select this button in order to update IMSI and Source Phone with UE range identification settings.
IMSI	Read-only field, it displays the updated IMSI.
IMSI Phone Increment	The value by which the IMSI phone number is incremented.
Destination Phone	The destination phone number.
Destination Phone Increment	The value by which the destination phone number is incremented.
Source Phone	The source phone number.
Source Phone Increment	The value by which the destination phone number is incremented.
Destination IP	The destination IP address.
Destination IP Increment	The value by which the destination IP is incremented.
Destination Port	The destination port number.

Media Settings

Parameter	Description
Media Duration (ms)	Length of time to play the media stream. You can accept the value provided by DuSIM or overwrite it with your own value.
Enable Video	If selected, video traffic is enabled.
<i>Jitter Buffer Settings:</i>	
Initial Delay (ms)	Set the value of the initial delay until playback starts (ms).
<i>Audio Codecs</i>	
	Select this button to add the audio codec to your test configuration.
	Select this button to remove the audio codec from your test configuration.
Codec Name	<p>Select the audio codec from the drop-down list. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AMR/AMR-WB on the facing page - The Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR) is an audio data compression schemes optimized for speech coding, which have been adopted as the standard speech codec by 3GPP. • AMR/AMR-WB on the facing page - The Adaptive Multi-Rate Wide Band (AMR-WB) is an audio data compression schemes optimized for speech coding, which have been adopted as the standard speech codec by 3GPP. • EVS on the facing page - The EVS (Enhanced Voice Services) codec specified by 3GPP TS 26.445 compresses 20ms input blocks of audio samples. In addition to the EVS Primary mode, 3GPP TS 26.445 specifies that the codec implement the EVS AMR-WB IO mode for interoperability with AMR WB devices. • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 • PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729 on page 128 <p>The parameters of each audio codec are presented below.</p>

AMR/AMR-WB

Parameter	Description
Packet Time (ms)	Length of time in milliseconds represented by the media in a packet. AMR speech encoding is performed on 20 ms speech frames.
Payload Type	Specifies the audio payload type.
Payload Format	<p>For a given session, the payload format can be either bandwidth efficient or octet aligned, depending on the mode of operation that is established for the session via out-of-band means.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bandwidth efficient: In the bandwidth efficient format only the full payload is octet aligned, so fewer padding bits are added. • Octet aligned: In the octet-aligned format, all the fields in a payload, including payload header, table of contents entries, and speech frames themselves, are individually aligned to octet boundaries to make implementations efficient. All fields of an AMR payload (payload header, table of contents and speech) are individually octet aligned.
Bitrate	<p>Indicates the mode (bitrate) of the AMR codec.</p> <p>For AMR there are eight available modes. All these modes can be changed dynamically without negotiation, reflecting the main characteristics of this codec – adaptive rate.</p> <p>For AMR WB there are nine modes available.</p>

EVS

Parameter	Description
Packet Time (ms)	Length of time in milliseconds represented by the media in a packet.
Payload Type	Specifies the audio payload type.
Payload Format	<p>The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Header full - In this payload format, the payload consists of one or more coded frame(s). The packet headers contain the Table of Contents (ToC) byte(s) and the Change Mode Request (CMR) byte. • Compact - In this payload format a single codec data frame is sent in each RTP packet. The format uses protected payload sizes that uniquely identify the EVS codec bitrates for the EVS Primary or EVS AMR-WB IO mode.
Bitrate	Indicates the mode(bitrate) of the EVS codec. Select the value from the drop-down list.

PCMU/PCMA/iLBC/G722/G723/G729

Parameter	Description
Packet Time (ms)	Length of time in milliseconds represented by the media in a packet.
Payload Type	Specifies the audio payload type.

Video OTT

The following table describes the OTT (Over-the-Top) traffic parameters.


Parameter	Description
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. In this case, this parameter must be set to Video OTT .
Objective Type	Select an option from the drop-down list: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Simulated Users• Throughput
Throughput	The desired maximum throughput (in kbps) for the video traffic flow that will be generated.
MSS	The desired Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for the user plane traffic that will be generated for this UE range, specified in bytes.
Delay application traffic start (ms)	The time (in milliseconds) to wait before the application traffic flows start.

DNS Client Traffic

The following table describes the DNS Client Traffic parameters.

Parameter	Description
Application Type	Select the type of traffic you want to generate. In this case, this parameter must be set to DNS Client .
Objective Type	By default, this parameter is set to Simulated Users and cannot be changed.
Connection multiplier (per UE)	Set the value for the connection multiplier.
MSS	The desired Maximum Segment Size (MSS) for the user plane traffic that will be generated for this UE range, specified in bytes.
Delay application traffic start (ms)	The time (in milliseconds) to wait before the application traffic flows start.
IP Preference	Select the IP address preference: IPv4 or IPv6 .
Application Traffic Flows	<p>Each Application Traffic entry requires at least one traffic flow definition, and can support multiple such definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To select an existing traffic flow definition, click its name to open the Flow panel where you can view and modify the flow settings. • To add another traffic flow, click the Add Flow button. DuSIM will open the Flow panel where you will select the flow type and configure the flow settings. <p>Refer to Application Traffic Flows on the facing page (below) for a description of the configuration settings for these traffic flows.</p>

Application Traffic Flows

Parameter	Description
	Click the Delete Flow button to remove the flow from your configuration.
Type	By default, the type is set to DNS Client .
Port	The port used by the flow.
DNS Server IP	Set the DNS server IP address.
Number of DNS servers	Set the number of DNS servers.
Hostname	Set the hostname.
Query Type	<p>Defines the type of information that will be requested from the DNS Server. Select the query type from the drop-down list. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A - An address mapping (A) record is a DNS record which stores a hostname and its corresponding IPv4 address. • AAAA - An AAAA record is a DNS record that contains the IPv6 address for a domain. • CNAME - A Canonical Name (CNAME) record is a type of DNS resource record that maps one domain name (an alias) to another (the canonical name). • TXT - A text (TXT) record is a type of DNS record that contains text information for sources outside of the domain and also carries machine-readable data such as encryption, sender policy, etc. • PTR - A Reverse-lookup pointer (PTR) record is a DNS record type used for reverse IP lookups. • NS - The name server (NS) record is a type of DNS record that specifies the domain name of the name server.
Iterations	The number of times the flow will run. It can be finite or infinite (set to zero). For example, a flow may have default actions: log in to a social media site, post a message, then log out. Iterations is the number of times you want this flow of actions to be executed.
DNN ID	Select the DNN for this flow. The DNNs are configured in the UE Range Settings (DNNsSettings)

CHAPTER 17

Scenario Group settings

You access the Scenario Groups settings from the top-level (leftmost) **UE** property panel. From this panel, you can add additional Scenario Groups and access the properties panels for Scenario Groups that are already defined. Refer to [Create Scenario Groups on page 33](#) for detailed instructions.



A DuSIM *Scenario Group* comprises a set of *test suites* that the test will perform. For each test suite, you configure a procedural call flow: the procedures that will be sequentially initiated when the test starts. The procedures include Registration, Session Establishment, among others. For each procedure that you include in a call flow, you configure properties that simulate realistic network access behavior for the simulated subscribers in the test.

Once you have created the Scenario Groups that you need for the test, you will configure each UE range to choose one or more of the Scenario Groups. Each UE range can use any of the available Scenario Groups, and a Scenario Group can be used by more than one UE range.

Whereas the configured Test Objectives define the detailed properties of the simulated *user plane* traffic for the test, the Scenario Groups define the detailed *control plane* traffic that enables the subscribers to access the network and successfully transmit user plane traffic.

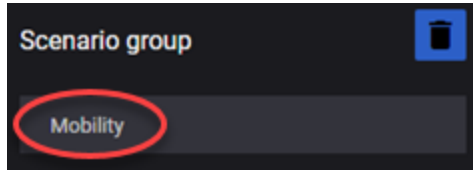
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Mobility settings

You define UE mobility for each Scenario Group. When a given Scenario Group is selected for a UE range, the subscribers in that range perform the mobility actions, as configured in the Mobility settings.



To access the mobility configuration settings, click **Mobility** from the **Scenario group** properties panel.

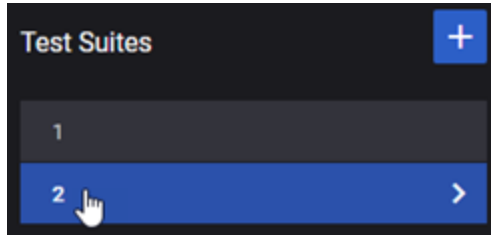
Refer to [Configure mobility on page 35](#) for instructions for configuring mobility, and for additional information about the mobility operation.

The following table describes the configuration settings in the **Mobility** properties panel.

Setting	Description
CU-CP	Select the <i>DU-CP</i> node for which the mobility actions will occur.
Hops	Enter the number of mobility steps that a UE can make. For example, if the DU-CP has five cells and you specify a <i>Hops</i> values 4, the a UE can move from cell1 to cell 2 (first hop), then to cell 3 (second hop), then to cell 4 (third hop), then to cell 5 (fourth hop): each move is a hop.
Strategy	Select the desired handover procedure <i>Strategy</i> : Intra DU indicates that the mobility steps are among cells in the same DU, and Inter DU indicates that the mobility steps are between cells in different DUs.

Test Suite settings


Each Scenario Group will have one or more Test Suites, each of which defines a set of procedures that will be sequentially executed during a test run.



You define one or more Test Suites for each of the Scenario Groups that you define for a test.

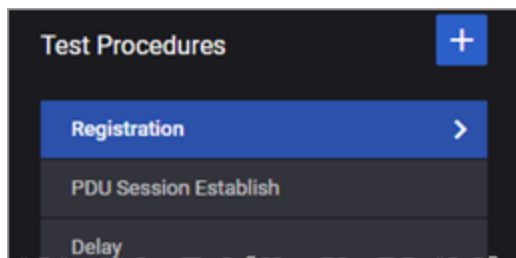
From a selected Scenario Group's **Test Suites** list, click an entry to open its **Test Suite** properties panel.

The following table describes the configuration settings in the **Test Suite** properties panel.

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Test Suite icon to delete this Test Suite from the selected Scenario Group.
Call Attempt/s	<p>The number of Registration procedures (the first procedure in the call flow) to attempt per second.</p> <p>For example, if you set value to 100 and your Subscriber range has 1000 UEs, then it will take 10 seconds to complete all of the UE registration attempts.</p> <p>The <i>Call Attempt/s</i> value should not be greater than the subscriber range's <i>Range Count</i> value.</p>
Repetition	<p>The number of times that the test will repeat the complete list of procedures defined in the Test Procedures call flow.</p> <p>The <i>Repetition</i> and <i>Repetition Delay</i> settings are ignored if the <i>Loop Enabled</i> setting is selected.</p>
Repetition Delay (ms)	<p>Specifies a delay (in milliseconds) between successive executions of the test procedures defined under this Test Suite.</p> <p>For example, if you set <i>Repetition</i> to 7 and the <i>Repetition Delay</i> to 1000, then the call flow will run seven times with a one second delay between successive repetitions.</p>
Loop Enabled	<p>Select <i>Loop Enabled</i> if you want the call flow to loop continuously throughout the test execution.</p> <p>When you select this option, DuSIM ignores the <i>Repetition</i> setting.</p>
Test Procedures	<p><i>Test Procedures</i> defines a procedural call flow: a set of procedures that are executed in the order listed. During test execution, DuSIM calls each procedure in turn.</p> <p>Refer to Test Procedures on the facing page for detailed information.</p>

Test Procedures

Each Test Suite requires the definition of a procedural call flow, which is an ordered set of procedures that are executed when the test is run. Each call flow must include the Registration procedure: other procedures can be included based on the test plan and intention.




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EPS Bearer Deactivation	143

Application Traffic

The Application Traffic procedure generates user plane traffic; the specific traffic that is generated is determined by the UE Test Objective settings. The presence of this procedure is optional in all Test Suite **Test Procedures** call flows.

Configuration settings


Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Procedure Type	Application Traffic
<i>NR Parameters:</i>	
PDU Session ID	The identifier of this PDU Session between a UE and the 5G network.
<i>Application Traffic Parameters:</i>	
Duration (s)	The number of seconds during which the application traffic flow will be active.

Deregistration

This test procedure allows the simulated UEs to deregister from the network, in compliance with the 5GMM Deregistration procedure defined in 3GPP TS 24 501, paragraph 5.5.2. The Deregistration procedure is used by a UE to inform the network that it no longer needs access to the 5G system; and it is used by the network to inform the UE that it no longer has access to the 5G system.

Deregistration is the recommended last procedure in a defined DuSIM Test Suite **Test Procedures** call flow.


Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Procedure Type	Deregistration
<i>Properties:</i>	
Deregistration at Power-Off	Select this option to indicate that the Deregistration Request type is set to "Switch Off".

Delay

The purpose of the Delay procedure is create a delay between successive procedures in the call flow. Its presence is optional in all Test Suite **Test Procedures** call flows.


Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Procedure Type	Delay.
Delay time (ms)	The number of milliseconds to wait before starting the next procedure in the procedure list.

PDU Session Establish

This test procedure complies with the 5GSM PDU session establishment procedure defined in 3GPP TS 24.501, paragraph 6.4.1. The PDU Session Establish procedure can be triggered by a UE or by the network. When initiated by a UE it is used in various circumstances, including establishment of a new PDU session, switching an existing PDU session between non-3GPP access and 3GPP access, and requesting a session for emergency services. Its presence is optional in all Test Suite **Test Procedures** call flows.

Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	This option enables parallel execution of threads other than the main thread (Thread-0).
Procedure Type	PDU Session Establish
<i>General:</i>	
Instance	The identifier of this PDU Session between a UE and the 5G network.
Abort Session on Error	Enable or disable the Abort Session on Error option for this session. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When this option is enabled, the test session aborts if this test procedure fails; if a Detach is scheduled in any subsequent test procedure, the Detach is executed before aborting the test session. When this option is not enabled, the test session continues to execute the

Setting	Description
	following test procedures, although the current test procedure fails.
Success Percentage Threshold	This parameter specifies the threshold at which the execution result of the test procedure becomes successful. It is the percentage ratio of the number of successful executions to the number of total executions.
<i>Access Point Name:</i>	
Access Point Name	The Access Point Name (APN) with which all the UEs in this range are associated.
<i>NR Parameters:</i>	
PDU Session ID	The identifier of this PDU Session between a UE and the 5G network.
<i>Parameters:</i>	
Request Type	<p>The request type PDU session establishment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial Request: establish a new PDU Session. Emergency: establish an emergency session with an Emergency APN.
PDU Type	<p>The Packet Data Unit (PDU) type to use for the PDU sessions in this range. The available options are IPv4, IPv6, and IPv4v6.</p> <p>When IPv4v6 is selected, the UEs in the range can acquire an IPv4 and an IPv6 IP address. The UEs will be able to run IPv4 and IPv6 traffic (simultaneous or separately).</p>
NRSM Info Transfer Flag	<p>This options specifies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if the ESM information transfer flag IE is included in the PDN CONNECTIVITY REQUEST message if ESM information, i.e. protocol configuration options or APN or both, is to be transferred security protected. <p>The ESM information transfer flag IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.301, subclause 9.9.4.5.</p> <p>It is possible to select one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disabled: the ESM information transfer flag IE is included but the security protected ESM information transfer is not required Enabled: the ESM information transfer flag IE is included and the security protected ESM information transfer is required Not included: no ESM information transfer flag IE is included in the PDN CONNECTIVITY REQUEST message.
PDU Session ID	The identifier of this PDU Session between a UE and the 5G network.


Setting	Description
S-NSSAI	The S-NSSAIs (Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information) information element for this PDU session.
APN	The Access Point Name (APN) on which to establish a Packet Data Network (PDN) connection. This parameter identifies the PDN to which the UEs in the range are requesting connection.
PCO	This parameter specifies the list of protocol configuration options in hexadecimal format, as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008, table 10.5.154. Refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.6.3 for further information about the Protocol Configuration Options IE.

Registration

This test procedure allows the simulated subscriber to register and attach to the network, in compliance with the 5GMM Registration procedure defined in 3GPP TS 24.501, paragraph 5.5.1. A UE initiates the registration procedure with a network to obtain authorization to receive services, enable mobility tracking, and enable reachability. The Registration procedure is used when the UE needs to perform Initial Registration to the 5G system, Mobility Registration Update, or Periodic Registration Update.

Registration is always the first procedure in a defined DuSIM Test Suite **Test Procedures** in SA mode.


Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Procedure Type	Registration.

Service Request

This test procedure allows the simulated UEs to send the SERVICE REQUEST message to the AMF, in compliance with the Service request procedure defined in 3GPP TS 24.501, paragraph 8.2.16. The Service Request procedure can be triggered by a UE or by the network. It is used by a UE in CM-IDLE state or by the 5GC to request the establishment of a secure connection to an AMF (Access and Mobility Function). The procedure is also used both when the UE is in CM-IDLE and in CMCONNECTED to activate a User Plane connection for an established PDU Session. Its presence is optional in all Test Suite **Test Procedures** call flows.

Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	The identifier of this PDU Session between a UE and the 5G network.
Procedure Type	Service Request
<i>General:</i>	
Instance	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Abort Session on Error	<p>Enable or disable the Abort Session on Error option for this session.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When this option is enabled, the test session aborts if this test procedure fails; if a Detach is scheduled in any subsequent test procedure, the Detach is executed before aborting the test session. When this option is not enabled, the test session continues to execute the following test procedures, although the current test procedure fails.
Success Percentage Threshold	This parameter specifies the threshold at which the execution result of the test procedure becomes successful. It is the percentage ratio of the number of successful executions to the number of total executions.
<i>EmergencyServicesFallback mode:</i>	
Service Type	<p>Select the service type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> data: The UE in CM-IDLE state initiates the Service Request procedure in order to send user data. emergency services: The UE sends the Service Request message indicating that it requires emergency services. emergency services fallback: The UE sends the Service Request message indicating that it requires emergency services fallback. high priority access: The UE sends the Service Request message indicating that it requires high priority access.

DU Initiated Release

This test procedure allows the simulated UEs to trigger a gNB-DU initiated UE Context Release Request as defined in 3GPP TS 38.472 section 8.3.2 towards the gNB-CU. It is used by a UE to move into CM IDLE state. Its presence is optional in all Test Suite Test Procedures call flows.


Attach

This test procedure allows the simulated UEs to attach to the LTE network in NSA mode. Attach is always the first procedure in a defined DuSIM Test Suite Test Procedures in NSA mode.

Detach

This test procedure allows the simulated UEs to detach from the LTE network. Detach is the recommended last procedure in a defined DuSIM Test Suite Test Procedures call flow in NSA mode.

Configuration settings

Setting	Description
	Select the Delete Procedure icon to delete this procedure from the call flow.
Parallel Procedure	Please contact Technical Support for assistance with this option.
Procedure Type	Detach
<i>Properties:</i>	
Detach at Power-Off	Select this option to indicate that the Detach Request type is set to "Switch Off".

PDN Connection Activation

This test procedure allows to activate the specified PDN connection for NSA mode.

PDN Connection Deactivation

This test procedure allows to deactivate the specified PDN connection for NSA mode.

SGNB Addition

This test procedure allows to perform a 5G Secondary gNB addition procedure, as defined in 3GPP TS 36.423.

To configure this test procedure, it's required:

- to select the EPS Bearer supported by the mobile equipment; at least one of the available EPS Bearer IDs must be selected to specifies the extension type to be enabled, if needed; each extension (except None) provides a set of associated parameters.

SCG Release

This test procedure allows to trigger Secondary 5G gNB node release. Its presence is optional in all Test Suite Test Procedures call flows.

EPS Bearer Activation

This test procedure allows to activate the specified EPS bearer for a specified period.

EPS Bearer Deactivation

This test procedure allows to activate the specified EPS bearer for a specified period.

*CHAPTER 18***Manage and use test sessions**

When you create a new test, DuSIM establishes a *test session* which remains available until such time as you decide to delete it (if ever). This way, you can access existing test configurations to change the settings and to view details, or to re-run a test session.

Chapter contents:

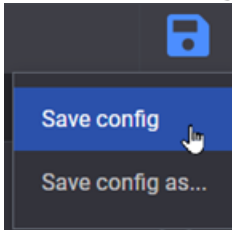
Save test sessions	145
Manage test sessions	146
Import and export sessions	150
Delete configs and sessions	152

Save test sessions

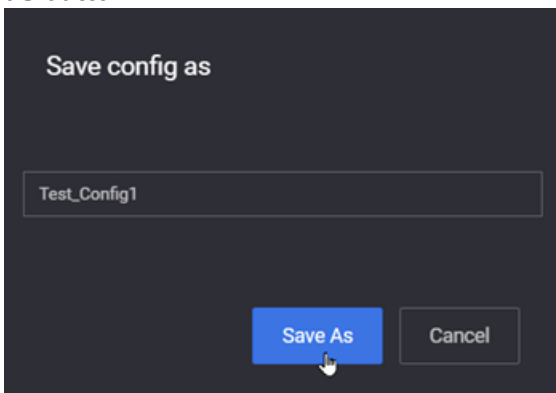
Once a test is configured (for details, refer to [Create a new test config on page 20](#)), you can record its configuration as a session, edit and save it for future use.

To save a configuration file, do the following:

1. Click the **Save** icon from the upper-right corner of the **Test Overview** page.
2. Click **Save config** to quickly save your test configuration.

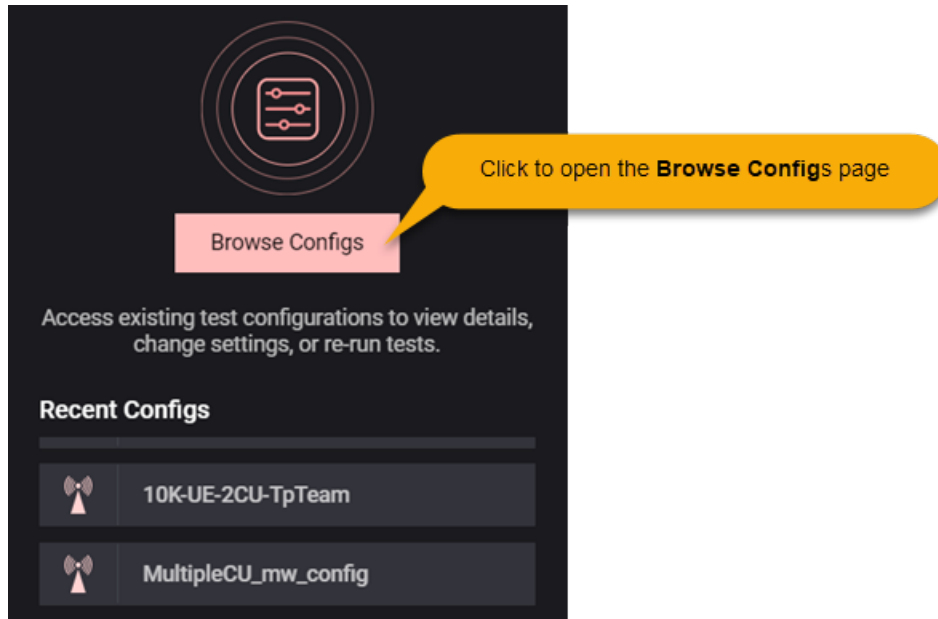


3. Click **Save config as** to save your test configuration with a specific name.
4. Provide the name for the test configuration in the **Save config as** window and click the **Save as** button.



Manage test sessions

Managing saved tests is done on the **Browse Configs** page. To access the page, click the **Browse Configs** button from the main DuSIM Dashboard.



The **Recent Configs** list contains default configurations plus previously loaded configurations. If you select one of the configurations (by clicking it) a new session is created with this configuration loaded inside of it.

NOTE

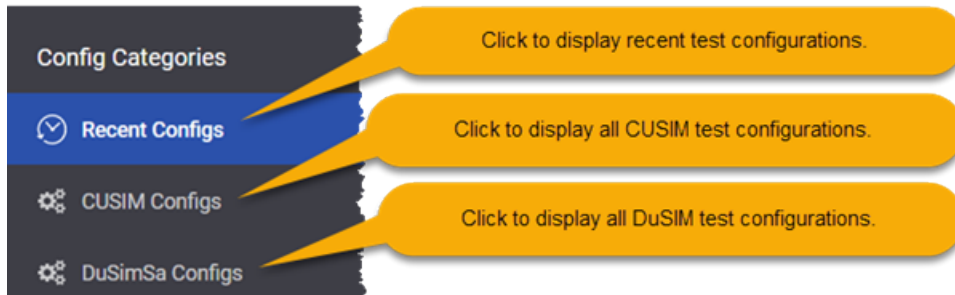
If the selected configuration is already opened in an existing session, a message is displayed allowing you to open that session or to create a new session based on the selected test configuration.

The **Browse Configs** page is split into two main sections, each one having a specific role in handling your tests configurations:

- [View configuration categories on the next page](#)
- [Manage configurations on the next page](#)

View configuration categories

The **Config Categories** area allows you to switch between displaying your recent test configurations or displaying them based on their category.



NOTE

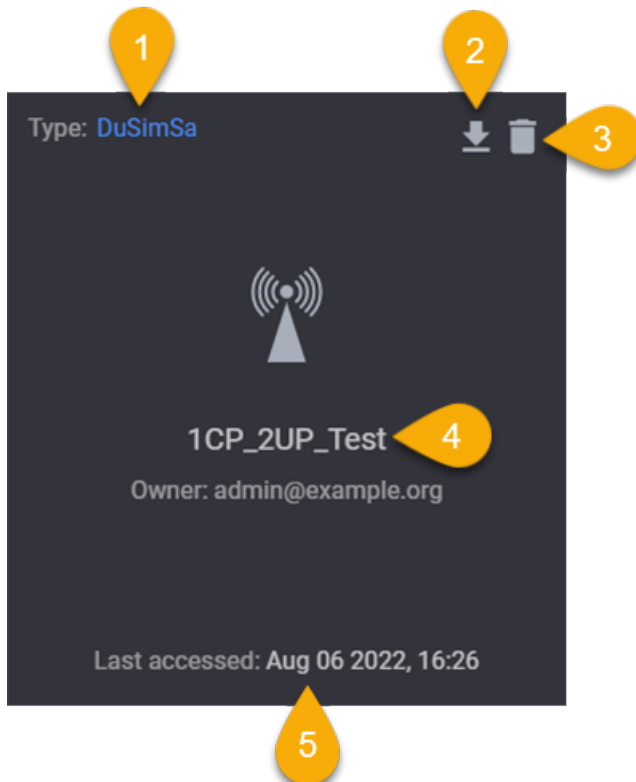
The **Recent Configs** category displays only the last twenty configurations in chronological order, the first being the most recent from all the categories listed above. In order to see all of your tests, you can display them sorted by category, by selecting a specific test category under **Recent Configs**.

Manage configurations

On this section, DuSIM displays your test configurations suite, offering you details on the specific test configuration and allowing you to delete it or to export it.

For each test category, test configurations can be displayed as tiles or rows.



A test configuration displayed as a tile

1	Indicates the test type
2	Click the button to export the test configuration
3	Click the button to delete the test configuration
4	Details on the test name and test owner
5	Timestamp of the last test session

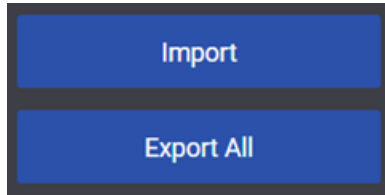
Test configurations displayed as rows

	1	2	3	4	5
	Config Name	Last accessed	Application	Config Type	Owner
6	<input type="checkbox"/> SC_50Cell_UE4000	Aug 23, 2022, 1:26:22 PM		DuSimSa	admin@example.org
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DuSIM Standalone Base Config	Aug 23, 2022, 12:20:34 PM		DuSimSa	system
	<input type="checkbox"/> Chanchal_MultiCell_test_3	Aug 22, 2022, 10:35:32 AM		DuSimSa	admin@example.org
	<input type="checkbox"/> 10K-UE-2CU-TpTeam	Aug 11, 2022, 9:56:37 PM		DuSimSa	admin@example.org
	<input type="checkbox"/> MultipleCU_mw_config	Aug 7, 2022, 7:18:20 AM		DuSimSa	admin@example.org
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1CP_2UP_Test	Aug 6, 2022, 4:26:49 PM		DuSimSa	admin@example.org
8	Delete	Export	9		

1	Details on the test name
2	Timestamp of the last test session
3	Indicates the test type
4	Indicates the test owner
5	Click the button to create a session based on the configuration
6	Use to select a test configuration
7	Indicates a base configuration <div>NOTE For the base configurations, the test owner is <i>system</i>.</div>
8	Click the button to delete the test configuration
9	Click the button to export the test configuration

Import and export sessions

You can import and export test configurations by clicking the **Import** or **Export all** buttons which are found on the **Config Categories** area of the **Browse Configs** page.

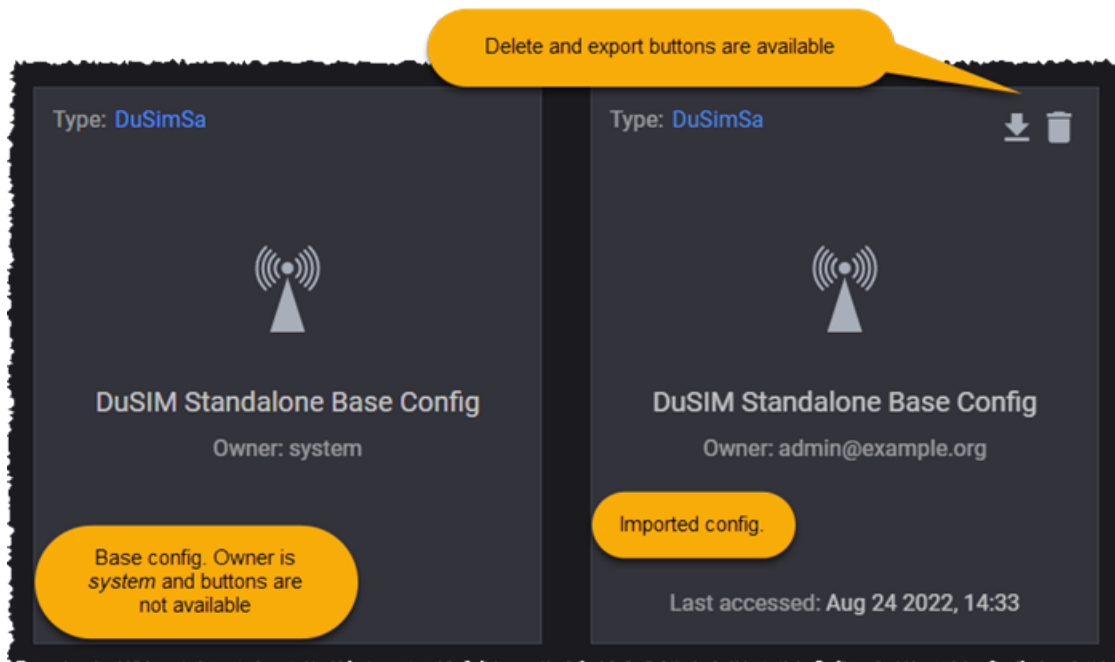


Import test configurations

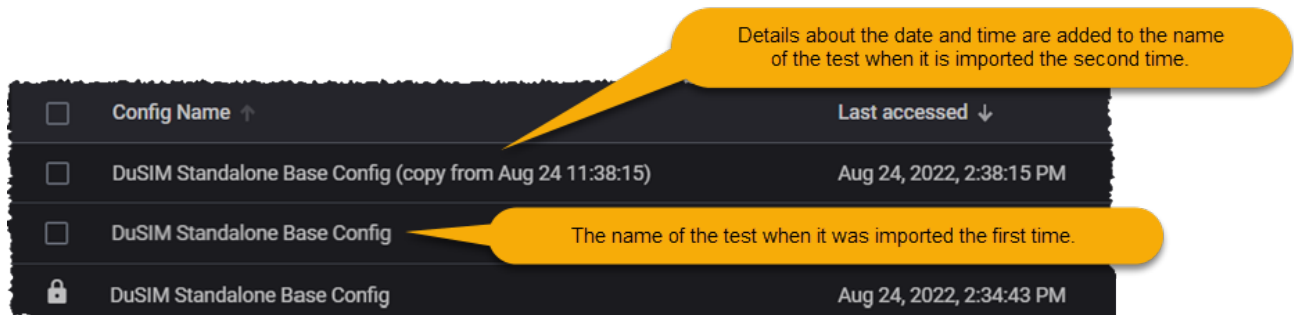
To import a saved test configuration from disk, do the following:

1. From the **Dashboard** page, click the **Browse Configs** button. The **Browse Configs** page appears.
2. From the **Test Categories** section, click the **Import** button.
3. Select the test configuration you want to import from the ones available at your download location.
4. Click **Open** to add the test configuration to the dashboard.

Imported tests can have any name, even the name of the base configuration tests. You can differentiate between a base configuration test and an imported test by the icons on the top-right corner of the test tile. The imported test is a user test that has the delete and export buttons on the top-right corner of the test tile. Also, each test will display the name of the test owner.



If a test is imported twice with the same name, the second time the test name will be displayed with details about the date and time of the import.



The screenshot shows a table with two columns: 'Config Name' and 'Last accessed'. It lists three configurations. Two callouts explain the naming: one points to the second row's name, stating that date and time are added upon second import, and another points to the third row's name, stating it's the name from the first import.

Config Name ↑	Last accessed ↓
<input type="checkbox"/> DuSIM Standalone Base Config (copy from Aug 24 11:38:15)	Aug 24, 2022, 2:38:15 PM
<input type="checkbox"/> DuSIM Standalone Base Config	
<input type="checkbox"/> DuSIM Standalone Base Config	Aug 24, 2022, 2:34:43 PM

NOTE

By default, when you import a new test, the displayed name is the name you have in the JSON file under `displayName` - in this case, the `displayName` is DuSIM Standalone Base Config. The second time it is imported, the test name is concatenated with *Imported* <date> <time>.

Export a saved test configuration

To export a saved configuration, do the following:

1. From the **Dashboard** page, click the **Browse Configs** button. The **Browse Configs** page appears.
2. From the **Test Categories** section, select the category containing the test to be downloaded.
3. Select the test configuration you want to download and click the **Export** button. When in tile view mode, click the **Download** button from the test tile.
4. Specify the download file name and select the download location.
5. Click **OK** to download the test configuration.

NOTE

The configuration file is exported as a JSON file.

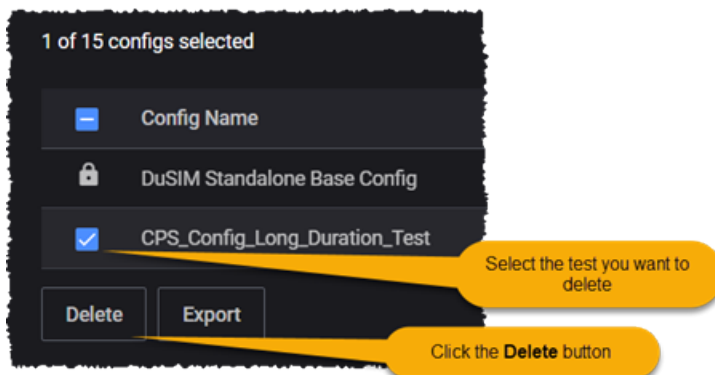
Delete configs and sessions

The terms *test config* and *test session* are not entirely synonymous. A "config" refers to a configuration definition file (JSON format), whereas a "session" is an instance of that file that is loaded in memory and is capable of being run.

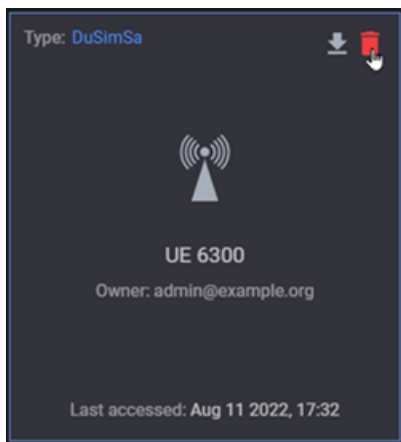
How to delete a DuSIM config

To delete a saved configuration from the **Browse Configs** page, do the following:

1. From the **Dashboard** page, click the **Browse Configs** button. The **Browse Configs** page appears.
2. From the **Test Categories** section, select the category containing the test to be deleted.
3. Select the test configuration you want to delete and click the **Delete** button.



When in tile view mode, click the **Delete** button from the test tile .



This will delete the configuration from the database, but not the session itself.

Important notes

Before deleting a session, be aware of the following application behaviors:

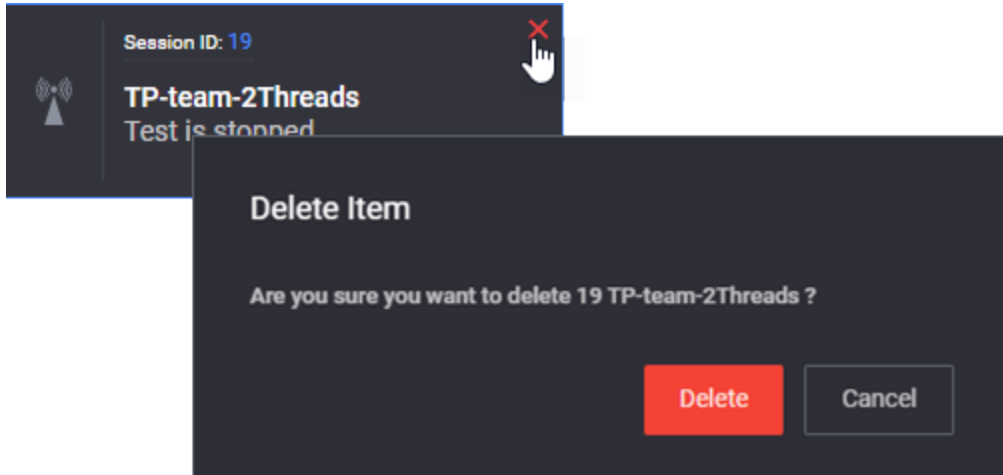
- The session will be permanently removed and cannot be recovered.
- However, when you delete a session, the session's config is not deleted. Therefore, you can create new sessions based on that config.

- If you have a session open, and you delete the config upon which the session is based, the session is not deleted. Therefore, you can open the session and save a new config from it.

How to delete a DuSIM session

You can also delete a test session from the Dashboard:

1. Go to the **Dashboard**. (Click the Keysight logo from any point in the interface to return to the dashboard page.)
2. Locate the tile for the session that you plan to delete, then click the **X** in the upper right corner. DuSIM opens a confirmation dialog.



3. Select **Delete** to confirm the action.

*CHAPTER 19***Manage DuSIM licenses**

DuSIM is a licensed product. You can manage licenses using either the integrated DuSIM License Manager or a centralized License server that is managed by your organization.

Chapter contents:

Licensing Requirements	155
License Manager	156
License server	158

Licensing Requirements

The license server is shipped as a separate `.ova` file.

After deploying the `.ova`, you will have access to a web interface for the license server (for example: <https://10.38.156.169>) .

You can:

- activate licenses by selecting the **Activate** button,
- sync licenses,
- generating a license request bin file by selecting **Offline Operations** and then **Generate Request**,
- import offline licenses by selecting **Offline Operations** and then **Import Licenses**,
- check the license statistics,
- deactivate Licenses by selecting the **Deactivate** button.

After activation, the licenses and features will be available in the DuSIM web UI.

License Manager

The first time you use DuSIM, you need to active at least one license. You activate and manage your licenses using the DuSIM **License Manager** functions, which are accessed from the setup menu.

- [How to open License Manager below](#)
- [Activate a license below](#)
- [Deactivate a license below](#)
- [Sync licenses below](#)
- [Reserve a license on the next page](#)
- [Get license statistics on the next page](#)
- [Perform offline license operations on the next page](#)

How to open License Manager

To access the DuSIM License Manager:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️).
2. Select **License Manager** (from the **Adminstration** menu).

Activate a license

To activate one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select **Activate licenses**.
DuSIM opens the **Activate Licenses** dialog.
3. Enter your license data in the dialog box.
You can use either activation codes or entitlement codes (one or more).
4. Select **Load Data**, indicate the number of licenses you want to activate, then click **Activate**.

Your new licenses—which should now be listed in the License Manager page—are now available for running tests.

Deactivate a license

To activate one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select **Deactivate licenses**, then and indicate a new quantity for each of the existing licenses.
3. Select **Perform the Activation** to complete the task.

Sync licenses

To synchronize one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select **Sync licenses**.

Reserve a license

To reserve one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select the **Manage Reservation** icon.
DuSIM opens a new window.
3. Select the license you wish to reserve.
4. Enter the number of desired licenses in **New Reserved Count** field.
5. Enter the duration of the reservation (in hours) in the **Duration to Reserve** field.

NOTE

The License Statistics display shows all reserved features, ordered by count and reserved time. The initial reserved count and duration is overwritten when a new reservation is performed.

Get license statistics

To activate one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select **License statistics**.

Perform offline license operations

Offline license management is required for cases in which your test network is operating in an isolated environment with no Internet access. To perform offline DuSIM license operations:

1. Select **Administration** from the setup menu (⚙️), then select **License Manager**.
2. Select **Offline operations**.
DuSIM opens the **Keysight Licensing Offline Operations** dialog.
3. Click **Generate request**.
4. Using a system that has Internet connectivity, access the KSM Offline Operations Page, and follow the steps provided for the desired operation.
5. From your offline system, return to the **Keysight Licensing Offline Operations** dialog, then click **Import license**.
6. Click **Finish** to complete the task.

License server

Rather than using the internal DuSIM License Manager, you can use a centralized License server that is managed by your organization.

Add a License Server

To add a license server in the DuSIM web UI:

1. Log in the DuSIM web UI.
2. Under the Settings Menu (⚙️), select License Servers.

The dialog shows the license server currently used.

NOTE

To see the list of installed licenses, you need to access the license server in a web browser: <https://<license-Server-IP>>

3. Enter the license server IP address in the empty license server field, then select the Add button (+) next to the field.
4. Select **CLOSE** to confirm your action and close the License server dialog.

Remove a License Server

To remove a license server that was previously added in the DuSIM web UI:

1. Log in the DuSIM web UI.
2. Under the Settings menu (⚙️), select License servers.
The license servers dialog opens. listing the previously-set license servers.
3. Select the **Delete** button next to the license server that you want to remove.
4. Select **CLOSE** to confirm your action and close the License server dialog.

Activate a license

To activate one or more DuSIM licenses:

1. From the Setting menu (⚙️), select **Application Settings**.
DuSIM opens the **Applications Settings** dialog.
2. Select a **License Provider** from the drop-down list.
3. Enter the IP address in the **License Server IP** field.
4. Click **Update**.

CHAPTER 20

Manage DuSIM users

Managing the users who can access the application is one of the primary DuSIM administrative requirements.

- [User categories below](#)
- [Creating users below](#)
- [Reset a user's password on the next page](#)
- [Disable a user account on the next page](#)
- [Delete a user account on page 161](#)
- [Additional user management functions on page 161](#)

User categories

DuSIM user accounts can be of one of the following types:

- **Administrative user:** Can access the Access Control functions and perform various administrative tasks, including the definition and management of other user accounts.
- **Regular user:** Can access the application and use all of the resources involved in test creation, execution, and analysis.

Creating users

Each user who requires access to the DuSIM application must have a user account. To add a user:

1. Select the settings menu (⚙️) and then select **Administration**.
2. Select **Access Control** from the **Administration** menu.
DuSIM opens the **Keycloak Admin Console** in a new browser tab.
3. Select **Users** from the list of **Manage** functions (in the navigation pane).
4. Select the **Add user** button.
5. Enter the required information in the **Add user** form, then select the **Save** button.

The following values are required for the new user:

- Username (which must be unique within the realm).
 - Email address
 - First and Last Name
 - *User Enabled* set to **ON**.
6. Select the **Save** button.
DuSIM adds the user and displays that user's information in the **Details** tab.

7. Set the initial password for the user:
 - a. Select the **Credentials** tab.
 - b. Enter the *Password*.
 - c. Re-enter the password in the *Password Confirmation* field.
 - d. Set *Temporary* **ON** if the user will be required to change the password upon initial log in.
 - e. Select the **Set Password** button.
DuSIM displays a confirmation dialog.
 - f. Select the **Set Password** button to confirm the action.

Reset a user's password

Administrative users can reset a user's password:

1. Select the settings menu (⚙️) and then select **Administration**.
2. Select **Access Control** from the **Administration** menu.
DuSIM opens the **Realm Settings** window.
3. Select **Users** from the list of **Manage** functions.
4. Select the user.
5. Select the **Credentials** tab.
6. Enter the new *Password*.
7. Re-enter the new password in the *Password Confirmation* field.
8. Set *Temporary* **ON** if the user will be required to change the password upon initial log in.
9. Select the **Reset Password** button.
DuSIM displays a confirmation dialog.
10. Select the **Reset Password** button to confirm the action.

Disable a user account

Administrative users can temporarily disable a user's account:

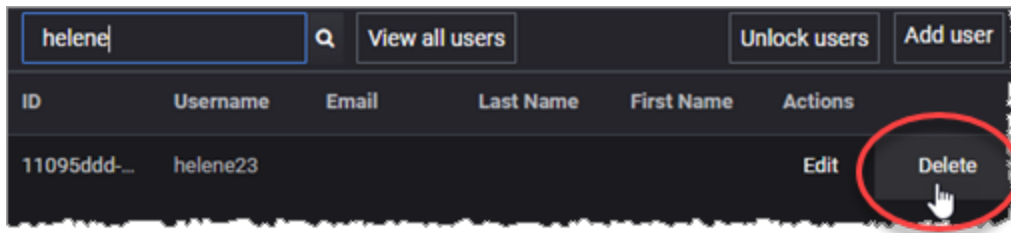
1. Select the settings menu (⚙️) and then select **Administration**.
2. Select **Access Control** from the **Administration** menu.
DuSIM opens the **Realm Settings** window.
3. Select **Users** from the list of **Manage** functions.
4. Select the user.
5. Set *User Enabled* to **OFF**.

This user account will not be able to log in until the account access is set to **ON**.

Delete a user account

Administrative users can reset a user's password:

1. Select the settings menu (⚙️) and then select **Administration**.
2. Select **Access Control** from the **Administration** menu.
DuSIM opens the **Realm Settings** window.
3. Select **Users** from the list of **Manage** functions.
4. View all users or search for the Username of the account that you will delete.
5. Click **Delete**.



6. DuSIM opens a confirmation dialog.
7. Select **Delete** to confirm that you are permanently deleting this user account.

Additional user management functions

Additional user management functions are available, in addition to those described in the procedures described above. Most of the functions provide a tool tip that describes its function and usage.

CHAPTER 21

DuSIM general settings

The **Settings** menu can be accessed by selecting the gear icon (⚙️) on the top right corner of the **Dashboard** page.



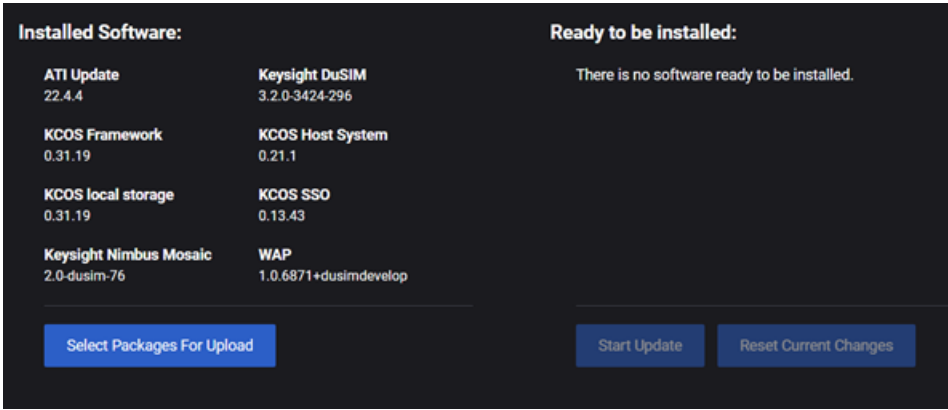
It contains the following menus:

- [Administration below](#)
- [Application Settings on the next page](#)
- [Collect Diagnostics on page 164](#)
- [Themes](#)
- [Help on page 164](#)

Administration

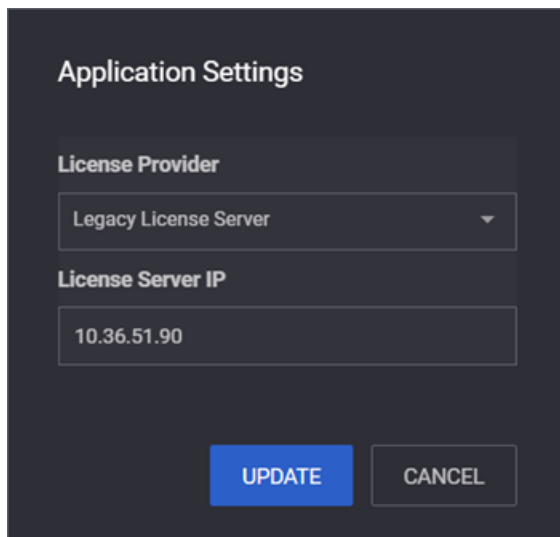
Provides access to a number of administrative functions and resources:

Setting	Description
License Manager	Select this option to open the License Manager on page 156 window.
Agent Management	Select this option to open the Agent management on page 60 window.
Access Control	This section handles server administration security configuration and also all the users settings. For more information on the Access Control options and configuration, refer to the official Keycloak documentation .

Setting	Description
Software Updates	<p>Select this option to open the Software Updates window.</p>  <p>To update to a newer version, do the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open the Settings menu (⚙️) and click on Software Updates. 2. Click Select Packages For Upload and open the folder containing the upgrade file. 3. Select the upgrade file and click Open. 4. Click Start Update to initiate the update process. 5. If needed, you can remove the update packages from the update section by clicking Reset Current Changes.

Application Settings

Select this option to open the **Application Settings** window. Here you can select the license provider and, if needed, to update the license server IP address.



The following options are available for **License Provider**:

- **Legacy License Server** - this option is set by default on DuSIM
- **External License Server** - select this option to set an external license server.
- **Embedded License Server** - the license server that is included in DuSIM MW.

If you want to activate licenses, go to [License Manager on page 156](#).

Collect Diagnostics

Select this option to open the [Collect Diagnostics on page 168](#) window. You can use this tool to generate a debug report, to identify specific problems and other essential information needed for troubleshooting.

Themes

This menu allows you to change the **Dashboard** theme. The DuSIM Dashboard theme is set to **Dark** theme, by default.

To change the dashboard theme, do the following:

1. Select **Themes** from the **Settings** menu. The Themes drop-down list is displayed.
2. From the list, select the theme you prefer.

Help

The Help menu provides access to the following functions:

- **EULA** - Select this option to revisit and accept Keysight Software End User License agreement.
- **About** - Select this option to display details regarding the DuSIM software version.

*CHAPTER 22***Troubleshooting**

DuSIM provides a number of tools and methods to help you evaluate, troubleshoot, and correct problems that may arise during test development and execution.

The main debugging tools that DuSIM provides are notification and event management, messages displayed during test execution, test diagnostics data, and log files.

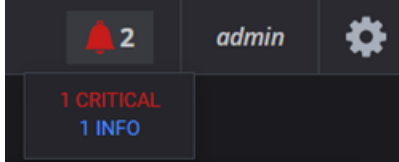
Chapter contents:

View Notifications and Test Events	166
Collect Diagnostics	168

View Notifications and Test Events

The navigation bar displays a notifications icon and a counter showing the total number of triggered notifications since the counter was last reset for the current DuSIM instance. The icon and the counter are visible from all the pages of the DuSIM web UI. The notification icon (🔔) indicates in real-time the number of registered events.

When a notification is triggered, a color-coded banner is displayed when you hover over the notification icon:



Blue - for informational messages

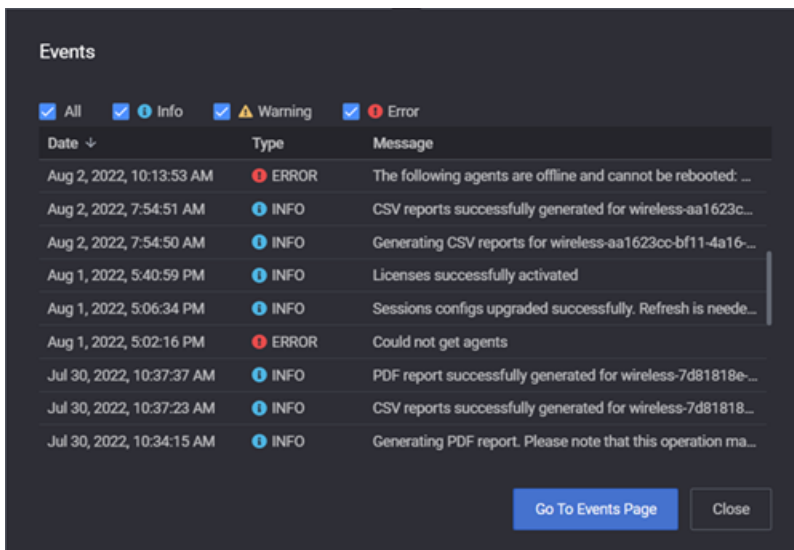
Orange - for messages informing you of actions you are not allowed to perform

Red - for error messages

Types of events:

- **ERROR** - An *error* notification indicates that an error has occurred that impacts application stability. The application is possibly in an unstable or indeterminate state, and the should either be restarted or should carry out error recovery or re-initialization routines.
- **INFO** - An *info* notification indicates a general-purpose notification, such as logging data or a heartbeat indicator.
- **WARNING** - A *warning* notification indicates an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability.

To view more details on the triggered events, select the notifications icon. The **Events** window is displayed.



Here you can view details on the registered events regarding the logging date, their severity type and description. You can choose to display all events or certain types of events, based on their severity, by selecting or clearing the associated check-box.

To view the events page, click the **Go to Events Page** button. Here you can search for events based on the available filtering criteria, like date, message, or event type.

Filter events by

Message	From	To	Notification type
<input type="text" value="Type keywords"/>	<input type="text" value="Select a date"/>	<input type="text" value="Select a date"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Info <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Warning <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Error

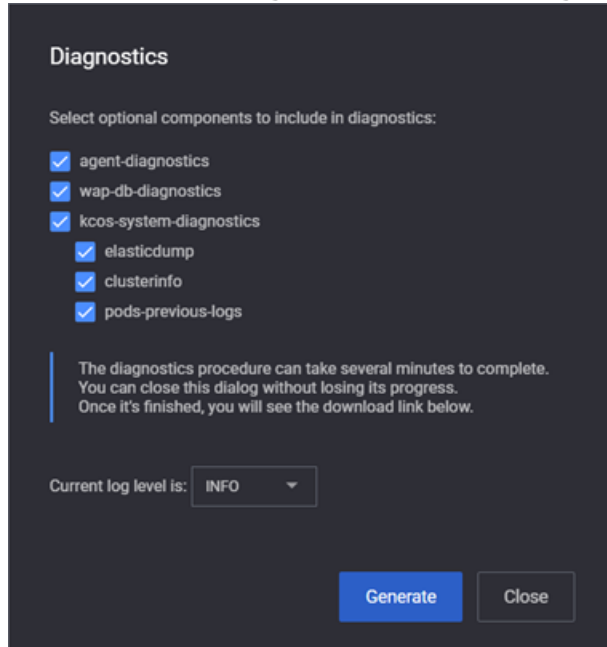
Date ↓	Type	Message
Aug 5, 2022, 7:35:55 PM	Error ERROR	Low disk space: 8.17%
Aug 5, 2022, 7:06:00 PM	Warning WARNING	Disk space is getting low: 17.35%
Aug 3, 2022, 9:37:10 AM	Error ERROR	The following agents are offline and cannot be rebooted: 10.36.51.88.
Aug 3, 2022, 9:35:18 AM	Error ERROR	The following agents are offline and cannot be rebooted: 10.36.51.88.
Aug 2, 2022, 7:24:54 PM	Error ERROR	Could not upload files for agent 10.36.51.88: https://10.36.51.133/api/v2/agent-diagnostics/2022-08-02-16-18-54
Aug 2, 2022, 7:20:14 PM	Error ERROR	Did not receive all UPLOAD FILES responses after 1m8s. 1 agents did not respond.
Aug 2, 2022, 12:23:40 PM	Error ERROR	Could not upload files for agent 10.36.51.88: write /tmp/keysight/portmanager/diagcache//2022-08-02-09-23-38
Aug 2, 2022, 12:09:18 PM	Error ERROR	Could not upload files for agent 10.36.51.88: write /tmp/keysight/portmanager/diagcache//2022-08-02-09-09-15
Aug 2, 2022, 10:52:26 AM	Info INFO	CSV reports successfully generated for wireless-de51d273-abfb-40f2-a9fb-ba353ce1f6e7.
Aug 2, 2022, 10:52:24 AM	Info INFO	Generating CSV reports for wireless-de51d273-abfb-40f2-a9fb-ba353ce1f6e7.
Aug 2, 2022, 10:16:50 AM	Error ERROR	The following agents are offline and cannot be rebooted: 10.36.51.98.
Aug 2, 2022, 10:13:53 AM	Error ERROR	The following agents are offline and cannot be rebooted: 10.36.51.98.
Aug 2, 2022, 7:54:51 AM	Info INFO	CSV reports successfully generated for wireless-aa1623cc-bf11-4a16-9cf8-2fffff63aae01.
Aug 2, 2022, 7:54:50 AM	Info INFO	Generating CSV reports for wireless-aa1623cc-bf11-4a16-9cf8-2fffff63aae01.
Aug 1, 2022, 5:40:59 PM	Info INFO	Licenses successfully activated

Collect Diagnostics

DuSIM diagnostics tool is used to collect debug logs and other essential information needed in troubleshooting any encountered issues.

To collect diagnostics, do the following:

1. Click on **Collect Diagnostics** in the **Settings** menu. The **Diagnostics** window appears.



2. If needed, select the optional components to include in the diagnostics report.
3. Select the log level used to collect diagnostics. Available options are:
 - **ERROR** - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that impacts application stability.
 - **WARN** - Designates messages indicating that an error has occurred that potentially impacts application stability.
 - **INFO** - Designates informational messages that highlight the progress of the application at coarse-grained level.
 - **DEBUG** - Designates fine-grained informational events that are most useful for debugging the application.
4. Click **Generate**. The diagnostics procedure can take several minutes to complete. Once it is finished, a download link will be displayed.
5. Select the download link in order to retrieve the diagnostics report.

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