

Keysight Open RAN Simulators, Cloud Edition 5.2

Troubleshooting Guide

Notices

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France	0800-917228	8h30 – 17h30
Germany	0800-0824099	8h30 – 17h30
India	1800-18-02552	8h30 – 17h30
Ireland	1800-949245	8h30 – 17h30
Israel	1-809-454975	8h30 – 17h30
Italy	0800-790571	8h30 – 17h30
Luxembourg	0800-25112	8h30 – 17h30
Netherlands	0800-022-9086	8h30 – 17h30

Romania	0213 015 699	8h30 – 17h30
Spain	800-654386	8h30 – 17h30
Sweden	0201-202266	8h30 – 17h30
United Kingdom	0800-0293882	8h30 – 17h30
<i>Asia and Australia</i>		
Australia	1-800-370-558	8h30 – 17h00
China Mainland	800-810-0005	8h30 – 17h30
	400-810-0005	8h30 – 17h30
Hong Kong	800-931-613	9h00 – 18h00
Japan	0120-421-621	9h00 – 17h30
Malaysia	1800-819 092	8h30 – 17h30
South Korea	080-770-0800	8h30 – 17h30
Singapore	800-101-3797	8h30 – 17h30
Taiwan	0800-699-880	9h00 – 18h00
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CHAPTER 1

Troubleshooting Topics

This *Troubleshooting Guide* presents the most common errors or issues and their associated resolution (if available).

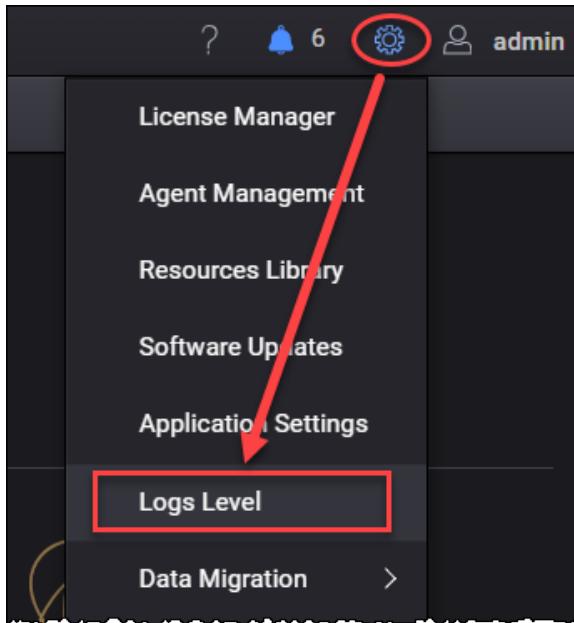
Topics:

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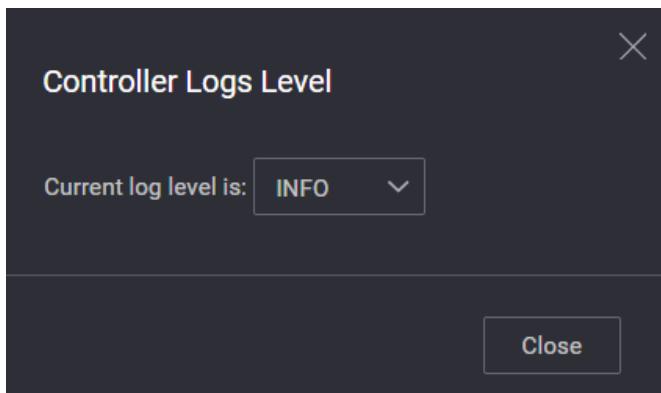
How to collect diagnostics from Middleware, License Server and from specific test results

Middleware diagnostics

From the Middleware UI, before collecting diagnostics, the log level can be checked/changed, by selecting the Settings menu (⚙) on the upper right corner, and then selecting **Logs Level**:



The default log level is set to **Info**.

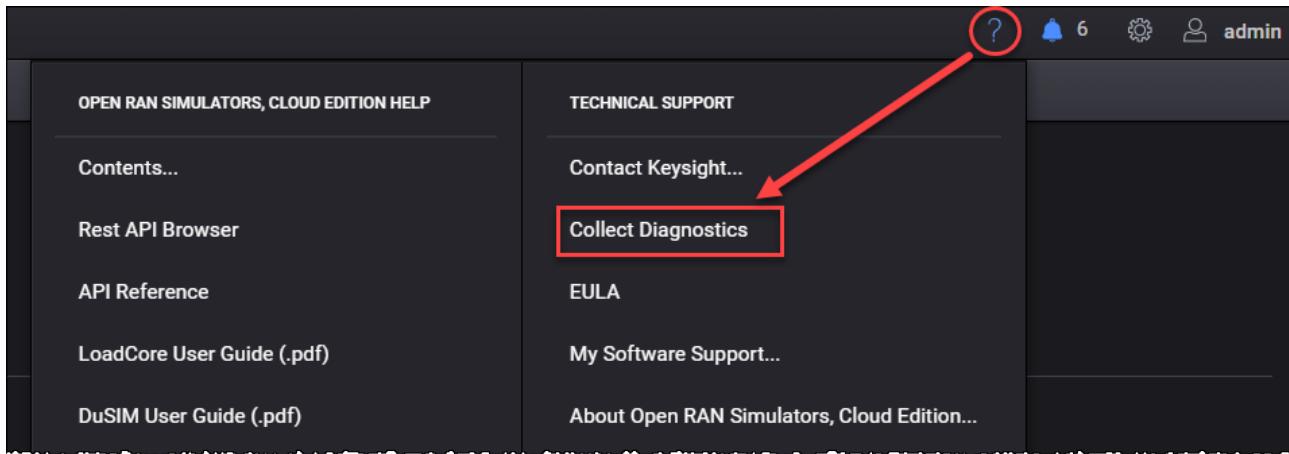


It is recommended to use **Debug** level only if it is needed for detailed troubleshooting, as it consumes more resources on the Middleware.

The log level change takes effect the moment it is applied.

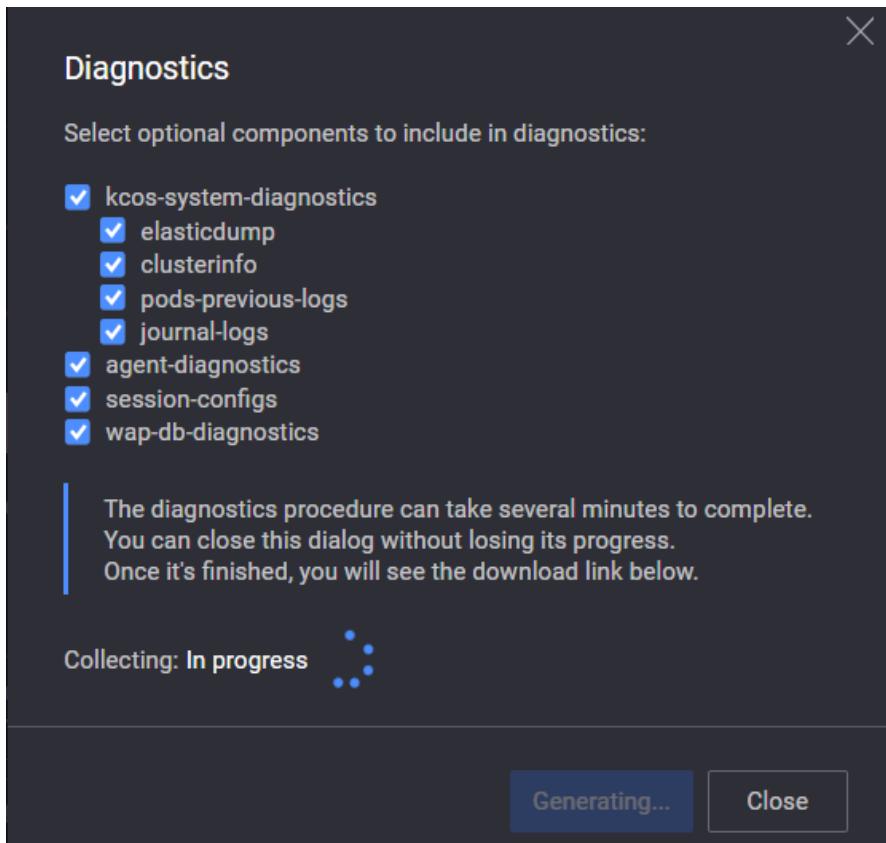
If downloading diagnostics concerning a previously encountered issue, changing log level will not affect the concerning logs.

Select the Help menu (question mark icon) on the upper right corner and select **Collect Diagnostics**:



By default all components will be enabled and included in the diagnostics archive.

Selecting **Generate** will start the collection process which can take a few minutes. After it is complete, a download link will be displayed for the archive (which can be a few hundred MBs in size).



Middleware logs can also be collected by ssh-ing to its IP and using `kcoss` commands (for details, refer to the *KCOS CLI Reference Guide*).

To start the generation of the diagnostics archive file, issue the command:

```
kcos logs diagnostics collect
```

To show the diagnostics file previously generated, issue the command:

```
kcos logs diagnostics show
```

To download the file, issue the following command with the archive id:

```
kcos logs diagnostics download -i
```

```
admin@kcos-framework-shell-db6c8b97-ltvw2:~$ kcos logs diagnostics show
ID      FILENAME           TIMESTAMP          STATE    MESSAGE
--      -----
1      system_logs-2023-10-23-07-40-27-1.zip  2023-10-23 07:47:59.478599305 +0000 UTC  SUCCESS  Operation finished successfully
--      -----
```

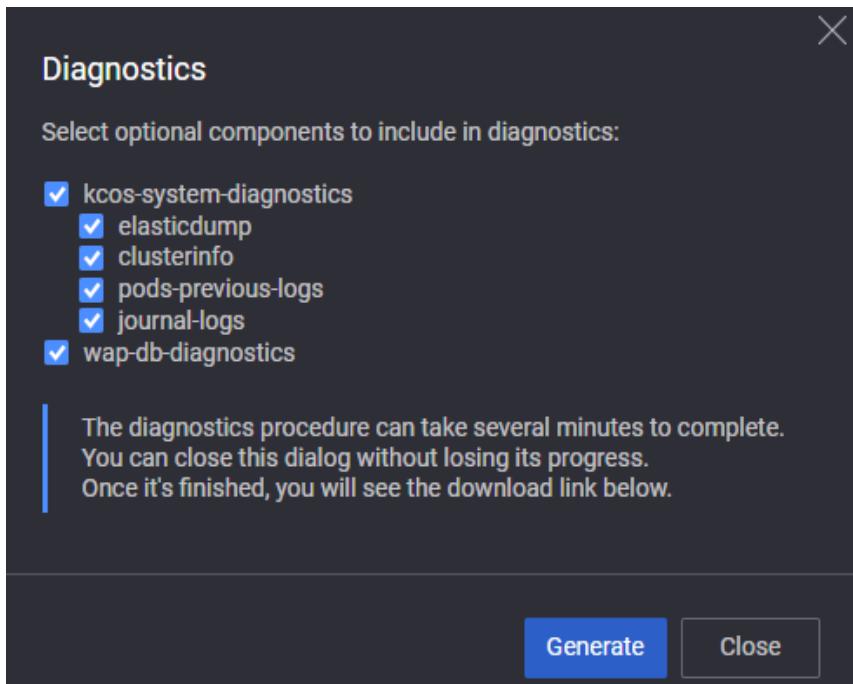


```
admin@kcos-framework-shell-db6c8b97-ltvw2:~$ kcos logs diagnostics download -i 1
Logs downloaded successfully
File Path /tmp/logs-2023-10-23-07-51-13.zip
scp admin@<machine-ip>:/tmp/logs-2023-10-23-07-51-13.zip <desired-local-folder>
```

License Server diagnostics

For license server the process is almost identical to the one presented in the Middleware [section](#) (less components in the archive).

Select the Help menu (question mark icon) on the upper right corner and select **Collect Diagnostics** > **Generate**.



Also `kcos logs diagnostics` commands are the same as for Middleware [section](#).

NOTE

It is recommended that, whenever collecting diagnostics from Middleware or License Server, to deselect the *elasticdump* option, because the generation time and the resulting archive size do increase considerably. Select this option only when specifically requested.

Specific test diagnostics

To collect specific test diagnostics, go to Browse Results menu, select the specific test, and select **Test Diagnostics**:

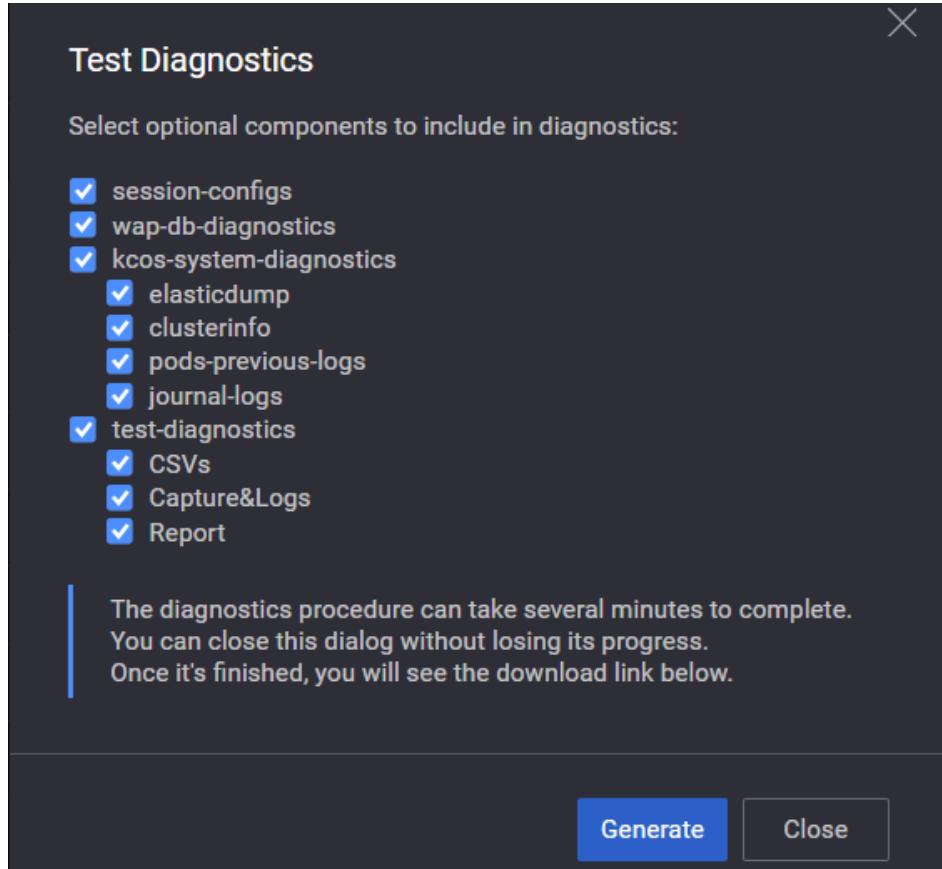
1 of 73 test results selected ⓘ All unlocked results will be automatically deleted after two weeks

Filter Tags Tag as Search results

Config Name	Status	Started On	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Size	User	User Tags
8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	In Progress	Oct 23, 2023, 9:51:44 AM			admin@example.org	Add user tags
8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 4:58:57 PM	64:52:16	11MB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 4:47:30 PM	00:11:04	5MB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 3:40:55 PM	01:04:34	5MB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 2:33:50 PM	00:56:26	15MB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:56:01 PM	00:37:10	655MB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:43:51 PM	00:00:15	784KB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:43:14 PM	00:00:14	0B	admin@example.org	Add user tags

Load Download Delete Items per page: 15 1 – 15 of 73

Be aware that the Test Diagnostics archive will include all logs, even from Middleware. The process will take a few minutes to generate and the archive will be a few hundred MBs in size.



Unless it is requested for detailed troubleshooting or it is presumed there is an issue with the Middleware, it is better/faster to collect only captures/logs for a specific test:

	Config Name	Status	Started On	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Size	User
<input type="checkbox"/>	8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	In Progress	Oct 23, 2023, 9:51:44 AM			admin@example.org
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 4:58:57 PM	64:52:16	11MB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	8 - JMA CoreSIM RuSIM Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 4:47:30 PM	00:11:04	5MB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 3:40:55 PM	01:04:34	5MB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 2:33:50 PM	00:56:26	15MB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:56:01 PM	00:37:10	655MB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:43:51 PM	00:00:15	784KB	admin@example.org
<input type="checkbox"/>	Config 19cc	Completed	Oct 20, 2023, 1:43:14 PM	00:00:14	0B	admin@example.org

Load **Download** Delete Items per page: 15

Middleware pods, their roles and useful kubectl commands

The Middleware and license server use separate kubernetes pods for their services.

These can be checked only when logged in as `root`.

IMPORTANT The `root` key/procedure is only provided on request and if it is needed to troubleshoot Middleware/license server issues.

Important pods and their roles:

- `kcos-deployment-service` – its logs contain messages related to the Middleware initial start/deployment and upgrade
- `kcos-framework-v1-kcos-eula` – related to the license agreement asked about after the installation of the Middleware
- `kcos-system-diagnostics` – supports the collection of diagnostics, `exec` command can be used on the pod to collect certain logs
- `kcos-licensing` – is in charge of the integrated License Server on the MW or the license service on an external License Server
- `keycloak-0` – holds the keycloak framework, used for Access Control (authentication and authorization)
- `authproxy-kcos-keycloak` – pod needed for authentication of the users
- `agent-controller` – used for communication, registration and management of the agents
- `agent-diagnostics` – used to access the diagnostics and logs from the agents
- `agent-diagnostics-clean-up-cronjob` – cronjob that cleans up agent diagnostics every 6 hours
- `es-cluster-0` – very important pod, needed for elastic search; holds indexes for other pods
- `grafana` – pod related to the display of the statistics in the LC UI
- `license-service` – in charge of asking for test licenses from the License Server (not to be confused with `kcos-licensing`)
- `migration-service` – service in charge of migrating data (users, test configs ...) from one MW to another
- `nats` – service used for communication between MW and the agents
- `notification-service` – in charge of notifications like test starting, stopping, errors
- `notifications-clean-up-cronjob` – cronjob that deletes old notifications every 3 days
- `pdf-report-generator-service` – in charge of generating the PDF file with the test summary
- `rest-api-browser-v1` – in charge of the REST API browser page, which can be used to access certain tests and session information
- `results-cleanup-cronjob` – cronjob that deletes unpinned test results every 3 days
- `session-manager` – in charge of the test sessions
- `test-results-service` – manages test results (after the test has ended)
- `traffic-controller` – responsible for tests starting/running/completing and also sessions

- **wap-ntp-server** – in charge of the NTP service and also acts as NTP server for the agents
- **wap-db-postgresql-0** – database with multiple tables, for sessions, configs and test results; exec and psql commands can be used to check it
- **core-dns** – serves as the Kubernetes cluster DNS
- **weave-net** – responsible for the networking/communication between the pods, inside the kubernetes cluster

NAMESPACE	NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS GATES
kcos-deployment	kcos-deployment-service-wl-5c949c8d9b-5brm8	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.58	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-shell-configuration-577b58884-hp7wp	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.30	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-shell-dbscb9b7-ltvw2	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.50	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-vl-kcos-eula-54855b784-8j7nt	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.35	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-vl-naas-0	3/3	Running	72 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.46	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-vl-postgresql-0	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.33	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-framework-vl-vital-6db06ed96-djk5l	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.32	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-ingress-vl-cmm-77444bbb78-mm7js	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.12	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-ingress-vl-ingress-nginx-controller-dgqmz	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-local-storage-vl-6484c5969f-7shdb	1/1	Running	24	3d	10.32.0.53	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-logging-framework-79cd59948-s9xxz	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.10	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-logging-rotate-29khg	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.18	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	kcos-system-diagnostics-55cf7f086f-cwgqg	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.7	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-framework	nfs-server-provisioner-v2-0	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.52	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-licensing	kcos-licensing-vl-7ff1bcb4b-hrtws	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.57	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-metrics-service	kcos-metrics-service-vl-metrics-servers-796c5605996-t62x7	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.5	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-sso	auth-proxy-kcos-keycloak-764d47f85-hbcxr	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5dih	10.32.0.25	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-sso	kcos-licensing-vl-rbac-setup-job--l-csfsp	0/1	Completed	1	5dih	10.32.0.4	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-sso	keycloak-lock-0	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5dih	10.32.0.34	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-sso	keycloak-operator-f788b8f4-tppgm	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5dih	10.32.0.19	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kcos-sso	keycloak-postgresql-56b595d9b-p6mbz	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5dih	10.32.0.3	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-nimbusmosaic	countersmodule-54fd496596-9qdaw	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.27	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-nimbusmosaic	exec-edit-mob-9d965c795-tqgjm	3/3	Running	6 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.29	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-nimbusmosaic	gateway-756bd3f99c-yppmf	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.44	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-nimbusmosaic	perspective-5bddf76bc9-wkfrn	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.24	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-nimbusmosaic	tstmcmonitor-5676f8640-f91bq	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.26	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	agent-controller-65966b9767-l04sg	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.6	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	agent-diagnostics-7d65ddfd167-lwzbs	1/1	Running	3 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.36	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	agent-diagnostics-c-clean-up-cronjob-28300680--1-jbsw6	0/1	Completed	0	6h14m	10.32.0.63	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	config-service-bf947795-flm6	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.41	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	datasq-service-69f89d077-hns56	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.4	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	es-cluster-0	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.62	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	es-curator-cronjob-28300500--1-bkjgw	0/1	Completed	0	6h14m	10.32.0.64	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	fluent-bit-tghcl	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.43	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	grafana-779f7fb47-8tsrx	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.31	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	license-service-659c748d8-1q5bz	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.39	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	migration-service-5bcff69rbw-v9njb	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.22	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	nats-0	2/2	Running	48 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.61	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	nats-1	2/2	Running	48 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.11	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	nats-2	2/2	Running	48 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.54	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	nats-http-proxy-service-786af69cb-hd9vf	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.42	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	notification-service-6f549b56d-966pz	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.15	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	notifications-cleanup-cronjob-28300500--1-5tpg9	0/1	Completed	0	6h14m	10.32.0.63	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	pdf-report-generator-service-d8f6affbd-tsrpc	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.38	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	rest-api-browser-helper-7cc679bd5f-bskgd	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.20	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	rest-api-browser-up-ul-1-75b5fdd04-mo8dw	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.8	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	rest-stat-service-7b670d85999-pcnf5	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.55	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	result-service-5c747c7979c-xj7fb	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.49	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	result-cleanup-cronjob-28300500--1-cggmw	0/1	Completed	0	6h14m	10.32.0.65	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	session-manager-64869cf0fc-kf085	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.56	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	stats-55d4bb2fd4-1nh54	1/1	Running	3 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.17	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	stats-dashboard-cronjob-28300500--1-5tgc	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.23	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	system-monitor-557469d47d-1df1f4469-bc5v4	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.33	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	test-results-service-6658995b76-dwpt5	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.2	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	traffic-control-58519574d1c5h5	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.40	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-apache-data-del-5698b1fc7f-922zp	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.21	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-apache-restful-service-557469d0b7-tw29x	1/1	Running	4 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.68	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-diagnostic-ics-5d7b5b7998-5admj	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.37	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-db-postgresql1-0	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.14	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-ntp-server-7ff7d5d47d-blksp	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.16	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-storage-minilo-7ff6d6d47d-blksp	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.55	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wap-tunnel-server-fcc65f55f-xjrhb	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.51	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wapui-7975d9af5999-cpxrs	1/1	Running	1	5d	10.32.0.60	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	websocket-service-65c04ccf75-28tgc	1/1	Running	1 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.47	mgmt	<none>	<none>
keysiight-wap	wireless-data-model-647f59b7f8-7dvxl	1/1	Running	2 (4d23h ago)	5d	10.32.0.45	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	coredns-55995c9469-9rqh6	2/2	Running	48 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.9	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	coredns-55995c9468-pvp99	2/2	Running	48 (4d23h ago)	3d	10.32.0.28	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	etcd-5gnm	1/1	Running	25 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	kube-apiserver-mgmt	1/1	Running	25 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	kube-controller-manager-mgmt	1/1	Running	25 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	kube-proxy-phbm	1/1	Running	24 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	kube-scheduler-mgmt	1/1	Running	25 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>
kube-system	weave-net-swkt	3/3	Running	73 (4d23h ago)	3d	192.168.99.1	mgmt	<none>	<none>

It can be confirmed that all the pods are working, by checking their statuses, either running and all ready, or in completed status for the pods that are in charge of cronjobs. It is highly recommended after starting the MiddlewareVM , to leave it untouched for aprox. 5 minutes and then try to login to it.

NOTE

Even if the login browser page has loaded, it doesn't necessarily mean that all services are running.

Examples of useful kubectl commands:

- `kubectl cluster-info`
- `kubectl get configmaps -n keysight-wap` #displays the configmaps in the namespace
- `helm list --all-namespaces` #displays all helm charts
- `kubectl get pods -A -o wide`
- `kubectl top pod -n keysight-wap` #shows the CPU and RAM usage for the pods in the namespace
- `kubectl get svc -n keysight-wap`
- `kubectl logs -n keysight-wap es-cluster-0`
- `kubectl logs -n kcos-sso keycloak-0 -p` #previous log of the pod
- `kubectl describe pods -n keysight-wap nats-core-1`
- `kubectl get events -n kcos-sso` #displays events concerning the namespace
- `kubectl get pods -A -o custom-columns=NAME:metadata.namespace,POD:metadata.name,PodIP:status.podIP,READY-true:status.containerStatuses[*].ready`

```
root@kcos-8254007d7119r:~# kubectl get pods -A -o custom-columns=NAME:metadata.namespace,POD:metadata.name,PodIP:status.podIP,READY-true:status.containerStatuses[*].ready
NAME          POD           PodIP      READY-true
kcos-deployment   kcos-deployment-service-5c949cb0d9-5brm8   10.32.0.58   true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-shell-1be0bd97-1vwv2   10.32.0.30   true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-v1-kcos-eula-54855b784-8j7nt  10.32.0.50   true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-v1-kcos-eula-54855b784-8j7nt  10.32.0.38   true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-v1-postgresql1   10.32.0.37   true, true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-v1-postgresql1   10.32.0.33   true
kcos-framework   kcos-framework-vital-0b0dd6d86-djk51  10.32.0.32   true
kcos-framework   kcos-ingress-v1-mm-77444bb7b8-wm7j5  10.32.0.12   true
kcos-framework   kcos-ingress-v1-mm-77444bb7b8-wm7j5  192.168.99.1  true
kcos-framework   kcos-local-logging-nginx-controller-dgm27  10.32.0.11   true
kcos-framework   kcos-local-logging-nginx-controller-dgm27  10.32.0.10   true
kcos-framework   kcos-logging-framework-7900d599b-9xxz  10.32.0.10   true
kcos-framework   kcos-logging-rotate-28kh9   10.32.0.18   true
kcos-framework   kcos-system-diagnostics-55c7f788ef-cwpjq  10.32.0.7    true
kcos-framework   nfs-server-provisioner-v2-0   10.32.0.52   true
kcos-licensing   kcos-licensing-v1-nginx-https   10.32.0.57   true
kcos-licensing-service kcos-licensing-service-v1-metrics-server-796c56859e-le2x7  10.32.0.5   true
kcos-sso         authproxy-kcos-keycloak-764db47285-hcxgr  10.32.0.25   true
kcos-sso         kcos-licensing-v1-rbac-setup-job-881-csfsp 10.32.0.4    false
kcos-sso         keycloak-k   10.32.0.34   true
kcos-sso         kcos-logger-keycloak-f7859b5f-cpxpm  10.32.0.19   true
kcos-wap         kcos-wap-postgresql-56b595a9b-f6mbz  10.32.0.4    true
kcos-wap         kcos-wap-postgresql-56b595a9b-f6mbz  10.32.0.27   true
keysight-nimbusmosaic  counteramodule-54fd9e5956-0pdw  10.32.0.29   true, true, true
keysight-nimbusmosaic  exec-edit-mob-9d965c795-tqrmj  10.32.0.44   true
keysight-nimbusmosaic  gateway-756bd9799c-vppmf   10.32.0.24   true
keysight-nimbusmosaic  perspective-708070804-0kfn   10.32.0.50   true
keysight-wap        agent-controller-65564fb4-51bq1  10.32.0.6    true
keysight-wap        agent-controller-65564fb4-51bq1  10.32.0.36   true
keysight-wap        agent-diagnostics-7d6df4d47-1wzbs  10.32.0.63   false
keysight-wap        agent-diagnostics-clean-up-cronjob-28310760--1-99hmt 10.32.0.41   true
keysight-wap        config-service-bf947795-flm6d   10.32.0.4   true
keysight-wap        data-service-699739d77-ehs56  10.32.0.4   true
keysight-wap        es-curator-cronjob-28310580--1-5j5fg 10.32.0.63   false
keysight-wap        fluent-bit-tqhol   10.32.0.43   true
keysight-wap        grafana-77977dc7-8tinx   10.32.0.31   true
keysight-wap        license-service-659c7488d8-lq5bz  10.32.0.39   true
keysight-wap        master-service-5bdf2f64fb-v8njb  10.32.0.38   true
keysight-wap        nats-1   10.32.0.61   true, true
keysight-wap        nats-1   10.32.0.11   true, true
keysight-wap        nats-2   10.32.0.54   true, true
keysight-wap        nats-2   10.32.0.42   true
keysight-wap        nats-2   10.32.0.23   true
keysight-wap        notifications-clean-up-cronjob-28310580--1-stchm9 10.32.0.64   false
keysight-wap        pdf-report-generator-service-d9f64ffdd-terpo 10.32.0.38   true
keysight-wap        rest-api-browser-helper-7cc679b5f-tskpd  10.32.0.20   true
keysight-wap        rest-api-browser-v1-458fd9dd4-m3ldw  10.32.0.8    true
keysight-wap        rest-state-service-6570d889-pcmf5   10.32.0.59   true
keysight-wap        result-cleanup-57c47c7959-jpf   10.32.0.49   true
keysight-wap        results-cleanup-cronjob-1e-6756f  10.32.0.65   false
keysight-wap        session-manager-64869cf8fc-kfc85  10.32.0.56   true
keysight-wap        stats-55d4bb0bf794-5ht54   10.32.0.17   true
keysight-wap        stats-55d4bb0bf794-5ht54   10.32.0.23   true
keysight-wap        sysmon-ml-0-0-65f14fb25d-55jyj   10.32.0.13   true
keysight-wap        test-results-e653995b76-dqpt5  10.32.0.2   true
keysight-wap        traffic-controller-0549574d4c-tkv89  10.32.0.40   true
keysight-wap        wan-appsec-data-model-5695b7f767-e822p  10.32.0.21   true
keysight-wap        wan-appsec-resource-service-557466dfb7-ew2xk 10.32.0.48   true
keysight-wap        wan-appsec-utility-service-d65b5d799b-5dmj  10.32.0.37   true
keysight-wap        wan-postgresql-0   10.32.0.14   true
keysight-wap        wan-tp-server-787d59d97-smmq   10.32.0.16   true
keysight-wap        wan-storage-minio-7fffd64d-blksp  10.32.0.55   true
keysight-wap        wan-tunnel-server-fc685f5ff-xjrbh  10.32.0.51   true
keysight-wap        wgpu-7379d4f999-rgp9v   10.32.0.40   true
keysight-wap        wireless-data-model-6175b74f9s-7dwx1  10.32.0.47   true
keysight-wap        wireless-data-model-6175b74f9s-7dwx1  10.32.0.45   true
kube-system       coredns-55995c9468-9ph6   10.32.0.9    true, true
kube-system       coredns-55995c9468-9ph6   10.32.0.28   true, true
kube-system       etcd-mgmt   192.168.99.1  true
kube-system       kube-apiserver-mgmt   192.168.99.1  true
kube-system       kube-controller-manager-mgmt  192.168.99.1  true
kube-system       kube-proxy-qvmv   192.168.99.1  true
kube-system       kube-scheduler-mgmt  192.168.99.1  true
kube-system       weave-net-swket  192.168.99.1  true, true, true
```

How to collect logs manually from Middleware (or License Server)

In case the UI is not working, or generating diagnostics does not work, it is possible to collect logs manually.

Login as `root` (`root` key/procedure needed), copy/paste the following script (as text) and run it. Make sure enough privileges are given to the script before running it.

```
#!/bin/bash

kubectl describe nodes mgmt > mgmt.out
kubectl get pods -A -o wide > pods.out
kubectl top pods -A > top_pods.out
helm list -A > helm.out
df -h > df.out
for i in $(kubectl get namespaces | grep -v NAME | awk '{print $1}'); do
    for j in $(kubectl get pods -n $i | grep -v NAME | awk '{print $1}'); do
        kubectl logs -n $i $j > "$j.out"
        kubectl logs -p -n $i $j > "$j.out"
    done
done
for j in $(kubectl get pods -A | awk '{ print $1 }' | uniq | tail -8); do
    for i in $(kubectl get pods -n $j | awk '{ print $1 }' | grep -v NAME); do
        kubectl describe pods -n $j $i | grep 'Image:' >> pod_images.out
    done
done
tar cvzf logs.tar.gz /* --remove-files
```

An archive file `logs.tar.gz` will result from the script and will contain most of the needed logs. This file can be then downloaded from Middleware with any SCP service.

NOTE If, when displaying kubernetes pods or the *mgmt* node, "*The connection to the server 192.168.99.1:6443 was refused - did you specify the right host or port?*" error message appears, disable swap memory, and make this setting permanent:

```
swapoff -a
sed -i '/ swap / s/^.*$/#\1/g' /etc/fstab
```

How to remove a test result that was stuck *In Progress*

1. Go to REST API Browser, to results table and click on the one with 0 in ItemEndTime, which means it did not end (also in tags still showing *Running*).

The screenshot shows the 'Browse Results' page of the Keysight Open RAN Simulators, Cloud Edition. It displays a table of 4 test results. One result, '1-CoreSim_Radios', is highlighted with a red circle around its 'Status' column, which shows 'In Progress'. Another red arrow points from the 'Rest API Browser' link in the sidebar to the 'Help' section of the main menu.

Config Name	Status	Started On	Duration (hh:mm:ss)	Size	User	User Tags
24 - oreSim_VNIR_09012023.bkp	Completed	Oct 3, 2023, 1:38:33 PM	00:00:02	0B	admin@example.org	Add user tags
34 - coreSim_VNIR_09012023 575d	Completed	Oct 3, 2023, 1:29:42 PM	00:00:02	324KB	admin@example.org	Add user tags
24 - oreSim_VNIR_09012023.bkp	Completed	Oct 1, 2023, 11:31:58 AM	49:40:46	0B	admin@example.org	Add user tags
1 - CoreSim_Radios	In Progress	Aug 18, 2023, 5:09:48 AM			admin@example.org	Add user tags

2. Edit the test result by changing `activeSession` to "", pinned to `false`, endTime to a number value higher than startTime and modify the tags from *Running* to *Completed*.

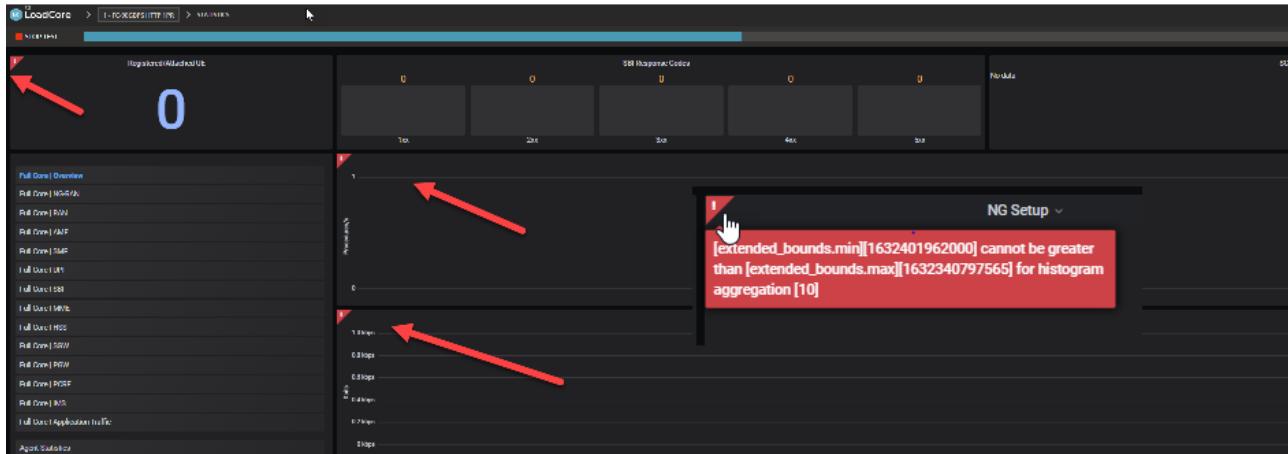
The screenshot shows the 'results' table in the Keysight API Browser. The 'Table View' tab is selected. A red arrow points to the 'Table View' tab itself. The table lists various test results with columns for 'Name', 'Description', and 'Details'. The 'Details' column contains detailed information about each result, such as URLs and configuration details.

3. Back in Middleware UI, save the config from the session, delete the session and then a new working session can be created from the saved config.

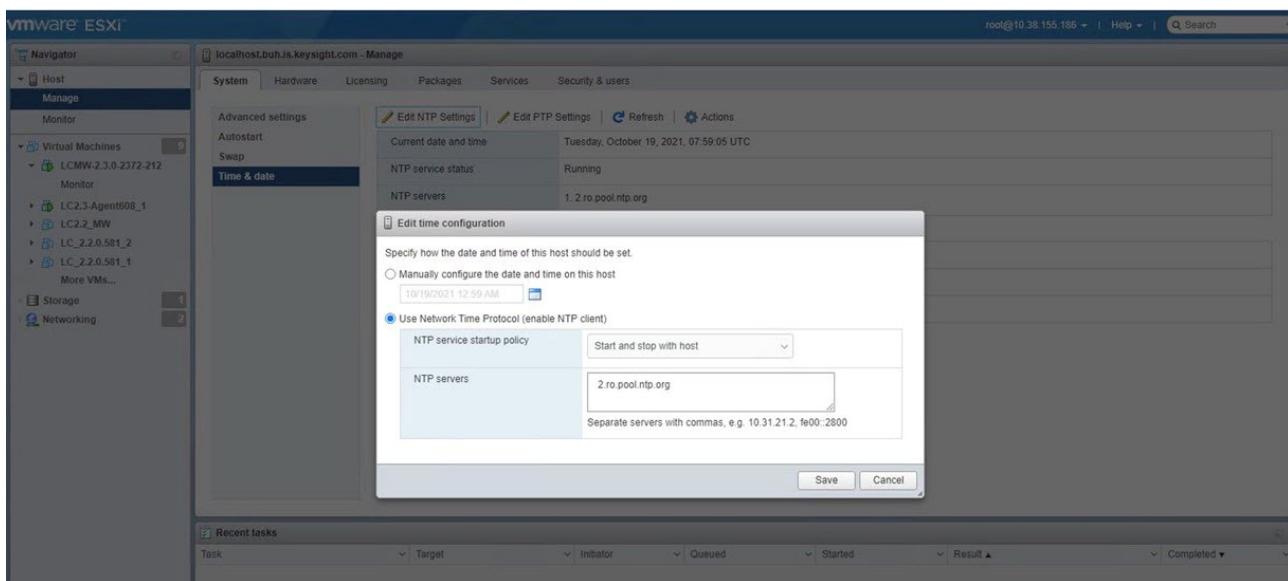
How to troubleshoot statistics not being displayed properly or not at all in Middleware UI

NTP issue

If you are experiencing issues with UI statistics appearing delayed or not showing at all, the cause might be related to NTP.



If you are using ESX make sure the NTP server is set:



To check if the time is in sync on the Middleware and agents, you can run the following commands:

- on agents:

```
date
```

```
ntpq -p
```

```
sudo systemctl status ntp
```

- on middleware:

```
date
kcos date-time time-zone show
kcos date-time ntp-servers show
```

You can also try to disable and enable NTP settings on the middleware:

```
kcos date-time ntp disable kcos date-time ntp enable
```

The default NTP for LoadCore Middleware is `ntp.ubuntu.com`. If you are using a local or another NTP server it is best to change it with:

`kcos date-time ntp-servers set` (it should also be the same as the one set in ESX)

NOTE On Middleware, logged in as `root`, the NTP server can be double-checked with:

```
timedatectl timesync-status
```

IMPORTANT Start the NTP service on the agents (usually done when `agent-setup.sh` is run) only after setting the clock/NTP server on the middleware. Setting the clock on the middleware after the `btpservice` started on the agents can lead to it panicking (agent side) on big adjustments on sync. Restarting ntp agent side (`sudo systemctl restart ntp`) should fix this.

If NTP was already configured properly and VMs were synchronized, but the statistics are still not displayed while the test is still running, check that the agents are generating statistics.

This can be done by accessing the agent REST API browser page (type the agent IP in the browser window), then select statistics from the menu. Use the first query from the list, GET statistics and click **Execute**. If the response has accurate values it means the problem is not with the agent.

```

curl -X GET "http://10.14.91.177/api/v1/statistics" -H "accept: application/json"
  
```

Request URL
http://10.14.91.177/api/v1/statistics

Server response

Code	Details
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{ "publisher": "amf-nudg-over-udp", "stats": [{ "name": "Control Packets Rx", "value": 3358 }, { "name": "Control Packets Tx", "value": 3358 }, { "name": "Data Packets Rx", "value": 0 }, { "name": "Data Packets Tx", "value": 23323020 }] }</pre>

Download the CSVs at the end of the test, and, if these are empty, there is a problem with the statistics service on the Middleware. Collect diagnostics from Middleware and, while no test is running, connect as `root` and delete the stats pod (change the stats pod name accordingly):

```
kubectl delete pods -n keysight-wap stats-55d4bbbbfb4-5ht54
```

Once the pod is back up, run a new test and statistics should be showing.

How to generate a certificate in case Middleware UI does not open

It is a rare occurrence, but sometimes the browser does not accept the certificate from the Middleware.

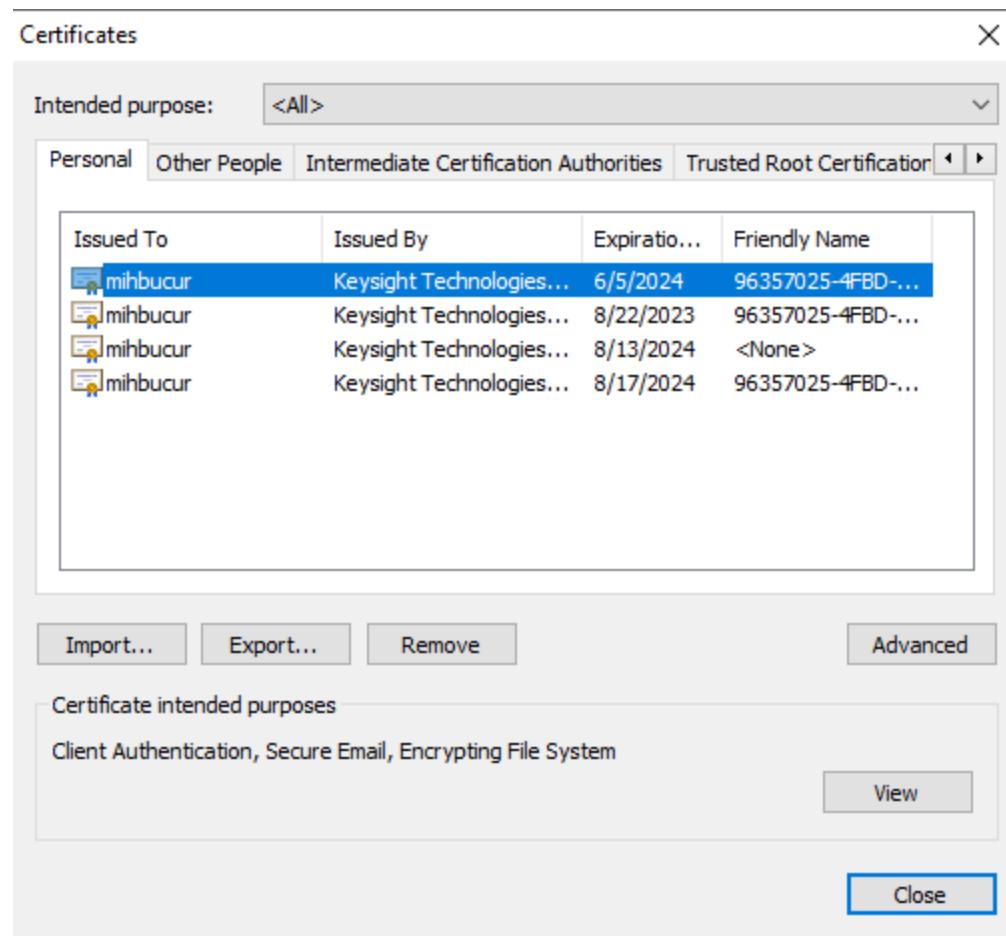
In this case, logged in as `root`, add the following script in a file and run it.

```
#!/bin/bash

export vital_IP=$(kubectl get svc -A | grep vital | awk '{print $4}')
export TMPHOST=$(curl -s $vital_IP/v1/hostname | jq -r '.name')
openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -subj "/CN=${TMPHOST}"
export CERT_DATA=$(base64 -w 0 ca.crt)
export KEY_DATA=$(base64 -w 0 ca.key)
curl -v -X POST "$vital_IP/v1/certs/ingress/upload/file" -F "cert=@ca.crt" -F "key=@ca.key" -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data"
```

```
root@kcos-5254007d7119:~/# ./cert_vital_2.sh
Generating a RSA private key
.....+++++
.....+++++
writing new private key to 'ca.key'
-----
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
*   Trying 192.168.250.2:80...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 192.168.250.2 (192.168.250.2) port 80 (#0)
> POST /v1/certs/ingress/upload/file HTTP/1.1
> Host: 192.168.250.2
> User-Agent: curl/7.68.0
> Accept: /*/
> Content-Length: 3188
> Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=-----cc2d5dda4353086d
> Expect: 100-continue
>
* Mark bundle as not supporting multiuse
< HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
* We are completely uploaded and fine
* Mark bundle as not supporting multiuse
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 201 CREATED
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 87
< Server: Werkzeug/1.0.1 Python/3.9.7
< Date: Mon, 30 Oct 2023 14:04:06 GMT
<
{"message":"File <ca.crt> successfully uploaded\nFile <ca.key> successfully uploaded"}
* Closing connection 0
```

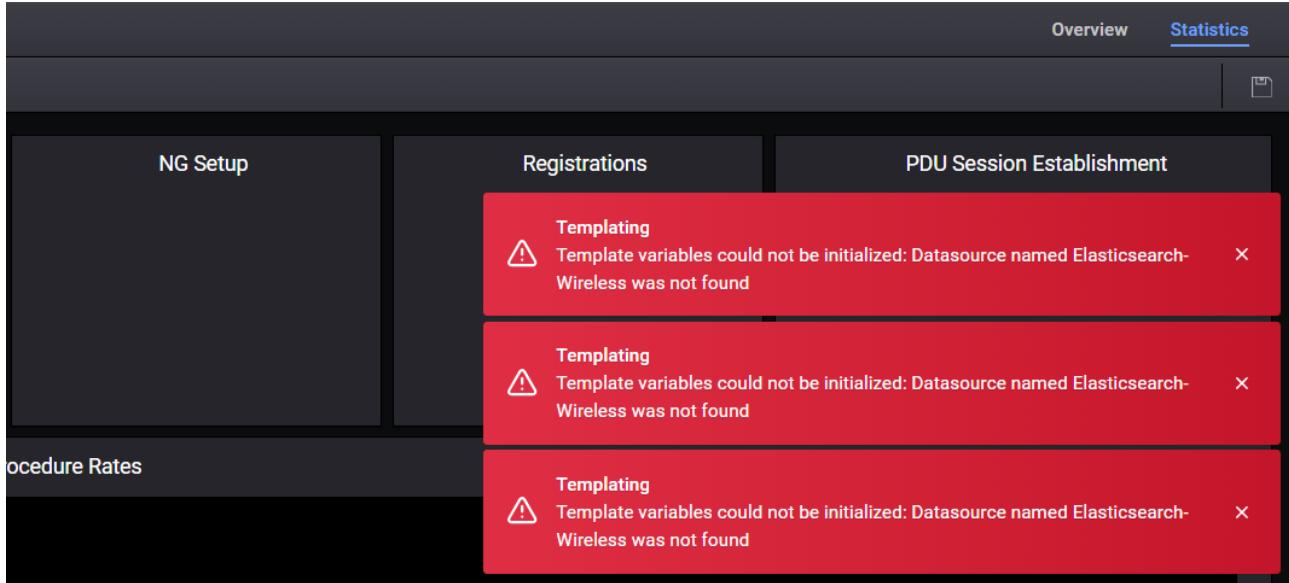
If this still does not solve the problem, download the `ca.crt` file just generated from Middleware (with any SCP program) and upload it to the browser. As shown in the example below, the web browser should have a Manage certificate page and there the `ca.crt` could be imported.



Refresh the page after the certificate is loaded.

How to solve "**Template variables could not be initialized: Datasource named Elasticsearch-Wireless was not found**" error

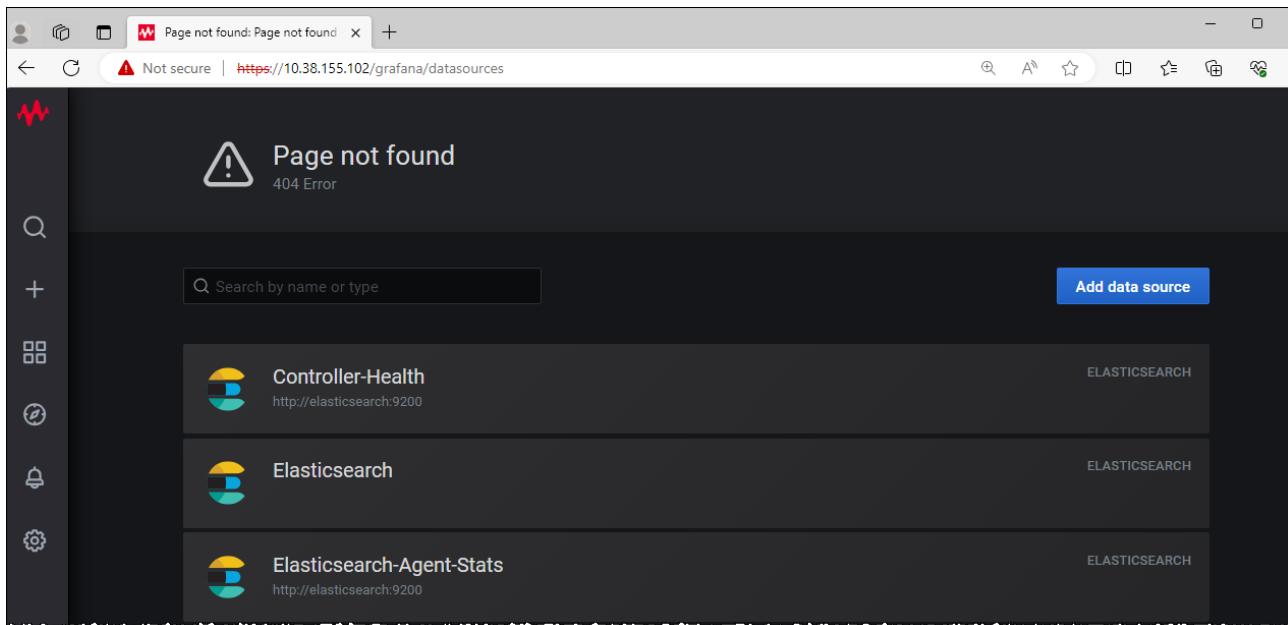
It is possible that after an upgrade has been applied to the ORAN SIM CE MW, the following error will be displayed in the UI (statistics screen): *Template variables could not be initialized: Datasource named Elasticsearch-Wireless was not found*.



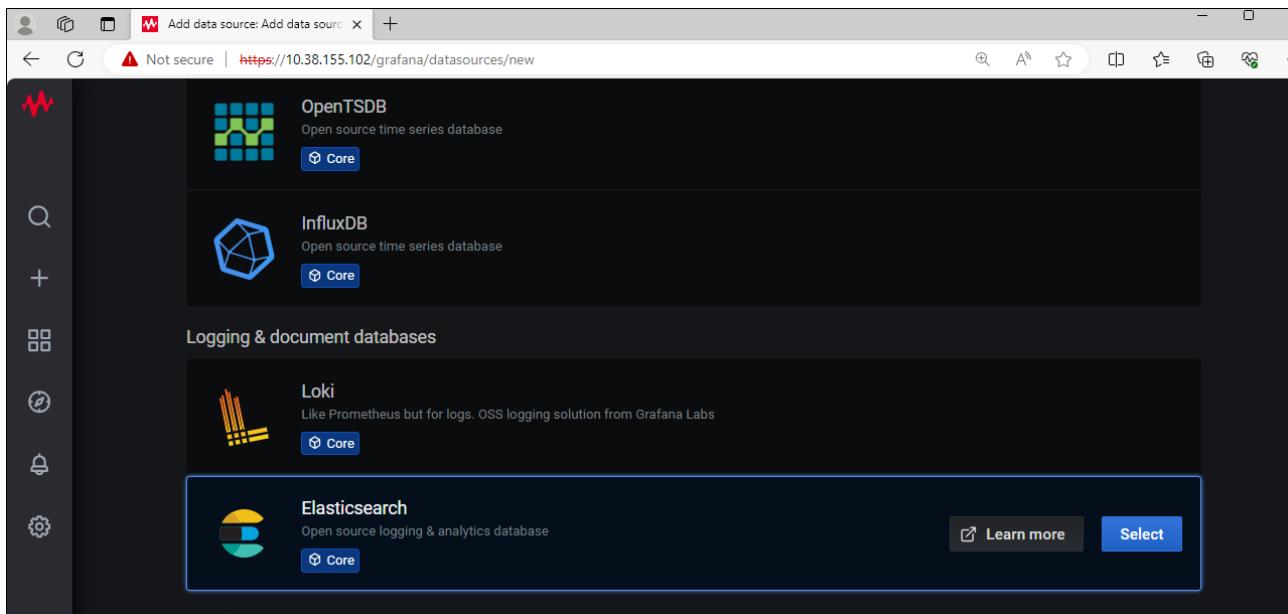
Go to <https://<IP>/grafana/datasources> (replace **IP** with the appropriate MW IP address) and select **Add data source**.

NOTE

The user must have *admin* permissions to access this section.



Scroll down and select **Elasticsearch**.



Fill in the **Name** and **URL** as shown below.

The screenshot shows the Grafana interface for editing a data source. The URL is <https://10.38.155.102/grafana/datasources/edit/12/>. The title is "Data Sources / Elasticsearch-1" and the type is "Elasticsearch". The "Settings" tab is selected. The "Name" field contains "Elasticsearch-Wireless". The "Default" switch is off. Under the "HTTP" section, the "URL" is set to "http://elasticsearch:9200", "Access" is "Server (default)", and there is a "Whitelisted Cookies" input field with an "Add" button. Under the "Auth" section, "Basic auth" and "With Credentials" are both turned off. "TLS Client Auth" and "With CA Cert" are also turned off. "Skip TLS Verify" and "Forward OAuth Identity" are turned off. A message at the top right says "Document was last saved: Just now".

Then, fill the **Index name** and **Time field name** and select **Save & Test**.

Elasticsearch details

Index name	wireless_stats	Pattern	No pattern ▾
Time field name	timestamp		
Version	5.x ▾		
Min time interval	10s		

Logs

Message field name	_source
Level field name	

Data links

Add links to existing fields. Links will be shown in log row details next to the field value.

+ Add

Save & Test Delete Back

Now the MW UI should display the statistics without any issues.

How to check/collect logs directly from the agent

Most important logs on an agent regarding a test run will be found in `/opt/5gc-test-engine/logs`.

```
root@Agent4:/opt/5gc-test-engine/logs# ls -lh
total 528K
-rw----- 1 root root 467K Oct 24 12:46 lizard-agent.log
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root    25 Oct 24 09:51 service.log -> service.log-231024-095139
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root  52K Oct 24 12:02 service.log-231024-095139
```

Service log holds the message information regarding the various 4G/5G nodes, their configuration and communication throughout the test. If there were tests that stopped running suddenly, because of various reasons or errors, multiple service log files will be generated. It might be needed to check the previous service log file for the reason of the test crash, and an error or Stack backtrace should appear.

The first line of the service log shows agent version information. After starting the test from the Middleware UI, the service log on the agent will show that, first, the interfaces on the agents are configured, either with Linux stack or with IxStack, then the nodes are getting configured and then the objectives are starting.

After the duration of the test has reached its end, the objectives will finish, the nodes and packet sources will be stopped, and the IP addresses will be released.

```
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.447] [I] Common::Application::Start()::lambda() Stopping secondary objectives for application ng-ram on subscriber set 1 (/lizard/src/application/common/Application.cpp:176)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.447] [I] Common::Application::Start()::lambda() Stopping triggerable objectives for application ng-ram on subscriber set 1 (/lizard/src/application/common/Application.cpp:285)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.456] [I] Common::Application::Start()::lambda() Primary objective for application ng-ram on subscriber set 1 finished (/lizard/src/application/common/Application.cpp:292)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.456] [I] Common::AppConfig::StopAllNodes() Stopping nodes for application ng-ram... (/lizard/src/application/common/AppConfig.cpp:331)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.456] [I] Common::AppConfig::StopAllNodes() Stopped all nodes for application ng-ram (/lizard/src/application/common/AppConfig.cpp:332)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.506] [I] API::Capture::Capture::stop() Stopped linux packet capture processes (/lizard/src/api/application/rest-service/api/Capture.cpp:338)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] IXStack::Capture::Dump()::lambda() mutable: Packets captured dumped to file 'captures/ens11.pcap' (/lizard/src/ixstack/Capture.cpp:224)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] API::Network::DeleteAddress() Received request for removing address with ID 101400100A from interface en89 (/lizard/src/api/network/Network.cpp:162)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] API::Network::DeleteAddress() Received request for removing address with ID 101400100A from interface en89 (/lizard/src/api/network/Network.cpp:162)
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] API::Network::DeleteAddress() Received request for removing address with ID 101400100A from interface en89 (/lizard/src/api/network/Network.cpp:162)
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[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] API::Network::DeleteAddress() Received request for removing address with ID 101400100A from interface en89 (/lizard/src/api/network/Network.cpp:162]
[0x7f6af9fd7000 2023/10/30 07:52:15.505] [I] API::Network::DeleteAddress() Received request for removing IXStack address range with ID 0 from device with ID 1 (/lizard/src/api/application/rest-service/api/network/Network.cpp:513)
```

These are the usual messages that will appear in the service.log if the log level was set to **Info** (marked with [I]). If the log level is changed to **Debug** (from **Global Settings > Advanced Settings**), the service log will be filled with messages about every node, call flow message, statistics, etc. These will be marked with [D]. This log level is concerning only the agent and is not to be confused with the log level set on the Middleware (mentioned in [this](#) chapter).

The `lizard-agent.log` shows similar messages that can be correlated to those in service log, but may include other useful information, for example the percentage of empty disk space on the agent:

The syslog files are found in `/var/log`. They contain messages concerning *portmanager*, in charge of the agent's connection to the Middleware. Heartbeats are sent to the Middleware every 10 seconds:

In case a test keeps failing because of an agent, and the above logs do not display the cause, it is also worth checking (`systemctl status 5GCTE`) or restarting the 5GCTE service (`systemctl restart 5GCTE`). This is the service responsible for running the tests on the agent.

```
root@LC_agent_17_4:/var/log# systemctl status SGCTE
● SGCTE.service - 5G Core Test Engine Service
  Loaded: loaded (/etc/systemd/system/SGCTE.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
  Active: active (running) since Mon 2023-10-30 07:49:47 UTC; 58min ago
    Main PID: 2214 (SGTestEngineSer)
      Tasks: 144 (limit: 4915)
     CGroup: /system.slice/SGCTE.service
             └─2214 /opt/Sgo-test-engine/SGTestEngineService /http-port=80 /https-port=443

Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: len = 1
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: kmem_cache_flags: 0 total_size 1392 base_size 208
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: __appsim2_i4_start
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Skip calling ixstack_i4_init from tiger/activity when running with external controller or internal control plane
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: ixtcp_init: RETURNED
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Tput Constrained? 0
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: kmem_cache_flags: 0 total_size 1232 base_size 208
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Tput Constrained? 0
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: IN [kone_activity_reset] activity [range-0-traffic-0-dnn-1]
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: [kone_activity_reset] achieve_cc_first_flag 0
```

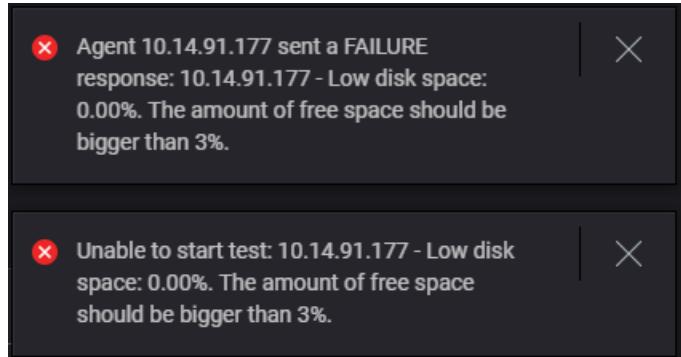
Detailed information about SGCTE status can be found with journalctl command:

```
root@LC_agent_17_4:/var/log# journalctl -u SGCTE | tail -20
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: setting TigerProcessUserIoEventsCb since ssl_async event flag is always true
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: appsim2_tcp_get_group
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: appsim2_tcp_get_group: calling appsim2_tcp_config_update
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: setting TigerProcessUserIoEventsCb since ssl_async event flag is always true
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: appsim2_tcp_get_group
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: appsim2_tcp_get_group: calling appsim2_tcp_config_update
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: setting TigerProcessUserIoEventsCb since ssl_async event flag is always true
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: num_segments = 2
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: len = 1
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: num_segments = 2
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: len = 1
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: kmem_cache_flags: 0 total_size 1392 base_size 208
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: >>> DEBUG: __appsim2_i4_start
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Skip calling ixstack_i4_init from tiger/activity when running with external controller or internal control plane
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: ixtcp_init: RETURNED
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Tput Constrained? 0
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: kmem_cache_flags: 0 total_size 1232 base_size 208
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: Tput Constrained? 0
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: IN [kone_activity_reset] activity [range-0-traffic-0-dnn-1]
Oct 30 10:00:33 LC_agent_17_4.0 SGTestEngineService[2214]: [kone_activity_reset] achieve_cc_first_flag 0
```

All files on the agent can be downloaded manually with an SCP service. Agent log files can also be downloaded from the Middleware UI (from Browse Results or Collect Diagnostics menus).

How to free and increase disk space on the agent

In case at the start or during a test errors about low disk space or offline agents are encountered, it is worth checking the space on the agents and clearing it.



First it is worth to check and disable from the test any debug log or capture.

Then, check and delete any big files from:

- /opt/5gc-test-engine/logs
- /opt/5gc-test-engine/logs-backup
- /opt/5gc-test-engine/captures

Delete extra syslog files from:

- /var/log

If you want to increase the disk space on the agent, from ESXi, Edit Virtual Machine settings, then select the storage and expand it, for example from 16 GB (default for agent) to 64 GB.

After the VM space is increased from ESXi, login on the LC agent and do the following commands.

- `lsblk` shows the disk and partition size.
- `growpart` increases the partition size to occupy the disk.
- `resize2fs` increases the filesystem size to occupy the partition.

```
lsblk
sudo growpart /dev/vda 1
lsblk df -hT
sudo resize2fs /dev/vda1
df -hT
```

IMPORTANT `growpart` command has a space between `vda` and `1` and `resize2fs` is issued without this space (`/dev/vda1` in a single line).

When increasing agent storage size on a KVM setup, turn off the VM, `ssh` to the hypervisor and issue the below commands. This will show the location of the LC_agent VM:

```
virsh domblklist --domain LC_agent
```

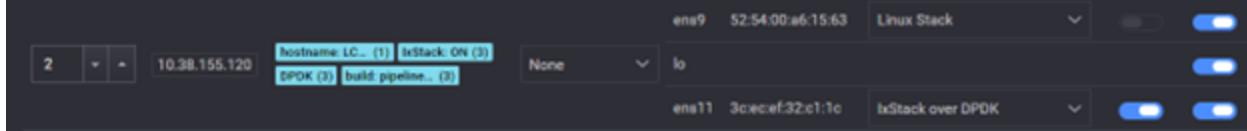
The following command will increase the size of the VM agent, by 48GB, so from 16GB to 64GB:

```
qemu-img resize /home/admin/Downloads/LoadCore-Agent-3.2.0.6-eb1d63b274-  
20220419T172201Z.qcow2 +48G
```

After this is done, start the agent the next commands are the same as for the ESXi setup.

How to ping from and check an IxStack interface

An interface is configured to be used with IxStack during the test from the Network Management section.



While the test is running, that interface will no longer appear with normal linux networking commands.

```
root@LC_agent_17_4:/var/log# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens9: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 52:54:00:a6:15:63 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 20.0.2.10/16 scope global ens9
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet 20.0.26.10/16 scope global secondary ens9
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet 20.0.11.10/16 scope global secondary ens9
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::5054:ff:fea6:1563/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
4: ens3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 52:54:00:9a:55:dd brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.38.155.120/22 brd 10.38.155.255 scope global dynamic ens3
        valid_lft 25184sec preferred_lft 25184sec
    inet6 fe80::5054:ff:fe9a:55dd/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
8: ens10: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,ALLMULTI,PROMISC,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 52:54:00:2c:27:44 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet6 fe80::5054:ff:fe2c:2744/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Instead, the IxStack can be accessed by first typing `telnet localhost`. Then to show the interfaces and the assigned IPs type:

```
cat /proc/net/ixstack/subnets
```

```
root@LC_agent_17_4:/var/log# telnet localhost
Trying ::1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
# # # # ixrte shell # # # #
# cat /proc/net/ixstack/subnets
subnet=0, port=0, parser="ixstack:eth-range"
start=3c:ec:ef:32:c1:1c, incr=00:00:00:00:01, count=1, MTU=1500, eth_flags=0x0
-----
subnet=1, port=0, parser="ixstack:ip-range"
ipver=IPv4, ip_start=20.0.3.10, ip_incr=0.0.0.1, net_mask=16, count=1, gw_start=0.0.0.0, gw_incr=0.0.0.0, MSS=1460, ip_flags=0x1
-----
subnet=2, port=0, parser="lizard:udp"
-----
subnet=3, port=0, parser="ixstack:udp-lite"
-----
subnet=4, port=0, parser="lizard:gtpu"
-----
subnet=6, port=0, parser="ixstack:ipsec"
-----
subnet=5, port=0, parser="ixstack:ip-map"
ipver=IPv4, count=2, max_vlans=0, ip_flags=0x0
-----
subnet=7, port=0, parser="tiger:rtp"
-----
Pre RX hooks: { name="lizard_capture", priority=UNFILT_PCAP_PRIO(-20) }
Post RX hooks: <None>
TX hooks: { name="lizard_capture", priority=UNFILT_PCAP_PRIO(-20) }
```

Here *subnet 1* will be seen, which has IP 20.0.3.10. You can ping by typing the destination IP and the source subnet id, in this case 1.

```
# ping 20.0.30.10 1
ping 20.0.3.10 => 20.0.30.10: sending 59(87) bytes of data
[ press Enter to stop ]
59 bytes from 20.0.30.10: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=0ms
59 bytes from 20.0.30.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0ms
59 bytes from 20.0.30.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0ms
59 bytes from 20.0.30.10: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0ms
```

Some extra info regarding the IPs assigned to the IxStack interfaces (in this case 172.16.0.11 and 172.16.0.21 are UE IPs) can be found with the command:

```
cat /proc/net/ixstack/ifaces
```

```
# cat /proc/net/ixstack/ifaces
subnet=0, port=0, parser="ixstack:eth-range"
start=3c:c:f:32:c:l:c, incr=00:00:00:00:00:01, count=1, MTU=1500, eth_flags=0x0
-----
iface=0, mac=3c:c:e:c:f:32:c:l:c
=====
subnet=1, port=0, parser="ixstack:ip-range"
ipver=IPv4, ip_start=20.0.3.10, ip_incr=0.0.0.1, net_mask=16, count=1, gw_start=0.0.0.0, gw_incr=0.0.0.0, MSS=1460, ip_flags=0x1
-----
iface=0, parent_iface=0, IP=20.0.3.10, GW=0.0.0.0
=====
subnet=2, port=0, parser="lizard:udp"
-----
subnet=3, port=0, parser="ixstack:udp-lite"
-----
subnet=4, port=0, parser="lizard:gtpu"
-----
subnet=6, port=0, parser="ixstack:ipsec"
-----
subnet=5, port=0, parser="ixstack:ip-map"
ipver=IPv4, count=2, max_vlans=0, ip_flags=0x0
-----
iface=0, parent_iface=0, bound_iface=0, IP=172.16.0.11, state=0x3, net_mask=32, MSS=1416
iface=1, parent_iface=1, bound_iface=0, IP=172.16.0.21, state=0x3, net_mask=32, MSS=1416
-----
subnet=7, port=0, parser="tiger:rtp"
-----
Pre RX hooks: { name="lizard_capture", priority=UNFILT_PCAP_PRIO(-20) }
Post RX hooks: <None>
TX hooks: { name="lizard_capture", priority=UNFILT_PCAP_PRIO(-20) }
```

Information regarding the interface, like the driver, and the number of packets received can be found using the command:

```
cat /proc/net/ixnam/<if-name>
```

```
# cat /proc/net/ixnam/ens11
Device name      : ens11                                Port ID      : 0
Dev info         : 8086:1583                            Driver       : net_i40e
MTU              : 1500                                 Caps        : 0x300000009f
RX queues        : 15                                    TX queues   : 16
RX packets        : 2538                                 TX packets  : 2533
RX packet rate   : 0                                    TX packet rate : 0
RX bytes          : 408774                             TX bytes    : 408659
RX bit rate       : 0                                    TX bit rate : 0
KNI RX packets   : 0                                    KNI TX packets : 0
KNI RX errors    : 0                                    oerrors     : 0
ierrors           : 0                                    rx_nombuf  : 0
imissed          : 0
```

To quit the IxStack command line, type `exit`.

How to avoid duplicate node id problems caused by cloning an agent VM

On some setups it is easier to deploy the first agent VM and make clones out of it, instead of defining the VM configuration/parameters each time. This is specifically useful in case that more than a few agents are needed, and they all have the same resource/network configuration.

However, all the agents will have the same node id and will lead to agent reservation errors or other conflicts when tests are initiated from the Middleware.

To solve this, ssh to each of the cloned agents, and rename the `node_id.txt` (or remove it since it is the same on all clones):

```
sudo mv /etc/portmanager/node_id.txt /etc/portmanager/node_id_old.txt
```

Then, restart the *portmanager* service and the `node_id.txt` file will be generated with a new id:

```
sudo systemctl restart port-manager
```

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