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## Module 5

#### What to learn

Inner join
Outer join
Left Outer Join
Right Outer join
Full Outer Join
Self-Join

#### **Practice Exercise**

#### Practice 1

## Practice Exercise: Using the UNION Clause

You are provided with two tables: Products and Services. The Products table contains the following columns: ProductID, ProductName, Category, and Price. The Services table contains the following columns: ServiceID, ServiceName, Category, and Cost. Write an SQL query using the UNION clause to list all the distinct names of products and services along with their categories. Ensure that column names in the result set match and are intuitive, such as Name and Category.

#### Practice 2

## Practice Exercise: Applying the EXCEPT Clause

You are given two tables: EnrolledStudents (columns: StudentID, Name) and GraduatedStudents (columns: StudentID, Name). Write an SQL query using the EXCEPT clause to identify students who are enrolled but have not graduated. Display their StudentID and Name in the result.

#### Practice 3

## Practice Exercise: Utilizing the INTERSECT Clause

You are provided with two

tables: CorporateEmails (columns: EmailID, EmailAddress, Status) and PersonalEmails (columns: EmailID, EmailAddress, Status). Write an SQL query using the INTERSECT clause to find EmailAddress values that exist in both tables and whose Status column is marked as 'Active'. Display the EmailAddress and Status in the result.

#### Practice 4

## Practice Exercise: Derived Tables for Aggregation

You have a SalesData table with the following columns: SalesID, Region, ProductCategory, and TotalSales. Write an SQL query that uses a derived table to calculate the total sales

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for each Region. The derived table should group the results by Region, and the main query should fetch the regional totals.

**Practice 5** 

## Practice Exercise: Building a Common Table Expression (CTE)

You have a table called EmployeeProjects with the following columns: EmployeeID, ProjectID, HoursWorked. Write an SQL query using a CTE to calculate the total hours worked by each employee across all projects. The main query should then display the EmployeeID and their TotalHours.

### **Assignment Exercise**

#### **Assignment 1**

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#### 1000000 <sup>01-JAN-13</sup> 1 **Abraham** John Banking **NULL** 12.00.00 AM 01-JAN-13 2 Michael Clarke 800000 1 Insurance 12.00.00 AM 01-FEB-13 3 Roy **Thomas** 700000 Banking 1 12.00.00 AM 01-FEB-13 4 600000 2 Tom Jose Insurance 12.00.00 AM 01-FEB-13 5 650000 3 Jerry Pinto Insurance 12.00.00 AM 01-JAN-13 750000 6 Philip Mathew Services 3 12.00.00 AM 01-JAN-13 7 TestNamel 123 650000 Services 2

600000

12.00.00 AM

12.00.00 AM

01-FEB-13

EMPLOYEE\_IDFIRST\_NAMELAST\_NAMESALARY JOINING\_DATE DEPARTMENT MANAGER\_ID

| EMPLOYEE_ | _REF_ | _IDINCENTIVE_ | _DATE INCENTIVE_ | _AMOUNT |
|-----------|-------|---------------|------------------|---------|
| 1         |       | 01-FEB-13     | 5000             |         |

TestName2 Lname%

| 2 | 01-FEB-13 | 3000 |
|---|-----------|------|
| 3 | 01-FEB-13 | 4000 |
| 1 | 01-JAN-13 | 4500 |
| 2 | 01-JAN-13 | 3500 |

2

Insurance

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Get difference between JOINING\_DATE and INCENTIVE\_DATE from employee and incentives table

### **Assignment 2**

Select first\_name, incentive amount from employee and incentives table for those employees who have incentives and incentive amount greater than 3000

#### **Assignment 3**

Select first\_name, incentive amount from employee and incentives table for all employees even if they didn't get incentives.

#### **Assignment 4**

Select EmployeeName, ManagerName from the employee table.

#### **Assignment 5**

Select first\_name, incentive amount from employee and incentives table for all employees even if they didn't get incentives and set incentive amount as 0 for those employees who didn't get incentives.

#### Assignment 6

# Assignment: Employee and Department Portal for Resource Management

Background: A company wants to manage employees and departments through a database. The database tracks employee details, their respective departments, and their project assignments. You must use SQL concepts including UNION, EXCEPT, INTERSECT, Derived Tables, and CTEs to query data for various business scenarios.

### **Tables Provided:**

Employees: EmployeeID (PK), FirstName, LastName, DepartmentID.

**Departments**: DepartmentID (PK), DepartmentName, ManagerID.

Projects: ProjectID (PK), ProjectName, DepartmentID.

ProjectAssignments: AssignmentID (PK), EmployeeID, ProjectID, HoursWorked.

## **Business Requirements:**

Create a query using UNION to list all unique Department Names from both the Employees and Departments tables.

Identify employees who are not assigned to any projects using EXCEPT queries.

Find employees who are assigned to the same projects using INTERSECT queries.

Write a query using a **Derived Table** to calculate the total hours worked on projects by department. The main query should fetch the department names along with their total hours.

Write a query using a CTE to generate a list showing each employee's name and the total hours they have contributed to all projects combined.

### **Output:**

You are expected to create and execute queries for the above requirements, ensuring accuracy and optimal performance. Provide screenshots of the result sets to confirm

your answers.

Online Reference

No online Reference

Introduction to Relational Databases

Introduction to Select Statement

Filtering Results with WHERE Statements

**Utilizing Joins** 

**Executing Sub queries and Unions** 

**Aggregating Data** 

**Advanced Data Aggregations** 

**Built in Functions** 

**Query Optimization** 

**Modifying Data** 

**Advanced Data Modification** 

**Stored Procedure** 

**Transaction** 

**Error handling** 

**Designing Tables** 

triggers