Day 15: Linked List

Objective

Today we're working with *Linked Lists*. Check out the Tutorial tab for learning materials and an instructional video!

A *Node* class is provided for you in the editor. A *Node* object has an integer data field, data, and a *Node* instance pointer, next, pointing to another node (i.e.: the next node in a list).

A *Node insert* function is also declared in your editor. It has two parameters: a pointer, *head*, pointing to the first node of a linked list, and an integer *data* value that must be added to the end of the list as a new *Node* object.

Task

Complete the *insert* function in your editor so that it creates a new *Node* (pass data as the *Node* constructor argument) and inserts it at the tail of the linked list referenced by the head parameter. Once the new node is added, return the reference to the head node.

Note: If the *head* argument passed to the *insert* function is *null*, then the initial list is empty.

Input Format

The *insert* function has 2 parameters: a pointer to a *Node* named head, and an integer value, data. The constructor for *Node* has 1 parameter: an integer value for the data field.

You *do not* need to read anything from stdin.

Output Format

Your *insert* function should return a reference to the *head* node of the linked list.

Sample Input

The following input is handled for you by the locked code in the editor:

The first line contains *T*, the number of test cases.

The T subsequent lines of test cases each contain an integer to be inserted at the list's tail.

4			
2			
3			
4			
1			

Sample Output

The locked code in your editor prints the ordered data values for each element in your list as a single line of space-separated integers:

2 3 4 1

Explanation

T=4, so the locked code in the editor will be inserting 4 nodes.

The list is initially empty, so head is null; accounting for this, our code returns a new node containing the

data value 2 as the head of our list. We then create and insert nodes 3, 4, and 1 at the tail of our list. The resulting list returned by the last call to insert is [2,3,4,1], so the printed output is $2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 1$.

