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ASSIGNMENT #01-ML

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## Question # 01

Training Set Given :-

#	Label	Instance (pair)
$x_1$	1	+ $\{(male\ brown\ tall\ US), (female\ black\ short\ US)\}$
$x_2$	2	+ $\{(male\ brown\ short\ French), (female\ black\ short\ US)\}$
$x_3$	3	- $\{(female\ brown\ tall\ German), (female\ black\ short\ Indian)\}$
$x_4$	4	+ $\{(male\ brown\ tall\ Irish), (female\ brown\ short\ Irish)\}$

### @ Candidate-Elimination Algorithm :

$$S_0 : \{(\phi, \phi, \phi, \phi), (\phi, \phi, \phi, \phi)\}; G_0 : \{(\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}), (\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?})\}$$

$x_1$  :

$$S_1 : \{ (male\ brown\ tall\ US), (female\ black\ short\ US) \}$$

$$G_1 : \{ (\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}), (\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}) \}$$

$x_2$  :

$$S_2 : \{ (male, brown, ?, ?), (female, black, short, ?) \}$$

$$G_2 : \{ (\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}), (\text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}, \text{?}) \}$$

$X_3$ : neg ( $S_2 = S_3$ ) remains same.

$S_3$ :  $\{(male, \text{brown}, ?, ?) (female \text{black short US})\}$

pair wise \*

$G_3$ :  $\{(male, ?, ?, ?) ( ?, ?, ?, ?), ( ?, ?, ?, ?) ( ?, ?, ?, US)\}$

$\therefore S_3$  has male but neg has female  
So; gender = male in g will exclude  
the neg & still cover  $S_3$ .

$\therefore S_3$  has US but neg has Indian  
So; nationality  $\overset{=US}{in}$  g will exclude  
neg & still cover  $S_3$ .

$X_4$ :

$S_4$ :  $\{(male, \text{brown}, ?, ?) (female, ?, \text{short}, ?)\}$

$G_4$ :  $\{(male, ?, ?, ?) ( ?, ?, ?, ?)\}$

So;  $S_4$  and  $G_4$  are the final boundaries!

P.T.O

(b) How many distinct hypothesis from the given hypothesis space are consistent with the following single positive training example?

+ ((male black short Portuguese)  
(female blonde tall Indian))

As for each person it is either 3 or a specific value so;

Combined consistent hypothesis are:

$$2^4 \times 2^4 = 2^8 = 256$$

(c) As no. of queries = 8 ;  
and consistent hypothesis = 256 ;  
So, minimal # of binary answers required to pick one hypothesis out of 256 possibilities is :

$$\log_2(256)$$

Ans:-



## Question # 02

Consider the given example :

Example	citations	size	inlib	price	editions	buy
1	some	small	no	afford	many	no
2	many	big	no	expen	one	yes
3	some	big	always	expen	few	no
4	many	medium	no	expen	many	yes
5	many	small	no	afford	many	yes

(a) Concepts are possible for this bus. Space?

$$\text{Instance Space} = 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 72$$

(b) Hypothesis expressed?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Syntactically Distinct Hyp} &= 4 \times 5 \times 4 \times 4 \times 5 \\ &= 1600 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Semantically Distinct Hyp?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{S.D. Hyp} &= 1 + (3 \times 4 \times 3 \times 3 \times 4) \\ &\approx 433 \end{aligned}$$

(d) Find S Algorithm :

$$h_0 = \langle \phi, \phi, \phi, \phi, \phi \rangle$$

$\therefore h_1$  ignored due to being neg.

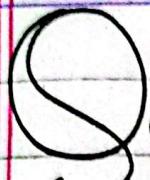
$$h_2 = \langle \text{many}, \text{big}, \text{no}, \text{exp}, \text{one} \rangle$$

$\therefore h_3$  ignored

$$h_4 = \langle \text{many}, ?, \text{no}, \text{exp}, ? \rangle$$

$$h_5 = \langle \text{many}, ?, \text{no}, ?, ? \rangle$$

maximally  
specified  
hypothesis



Question # 03

Consider the following example

	Size	Color	Shape	Class / Label
$x_1$	Big	Red	Circle	No
$x_2$	Small	Red	Triangle	No
$x_3$	Small	Red	Circle	Yes
$x_4$	Big	Blue	Circle	No
$x_5$	Small	Blue	Circle	Yes

- (@) Find all possible hypothesis for the given dataset using Candidate Elimination Algo

$$S_0 : (\phi, \phi, \phi) ; G_0 : (? , ? , ?)$$

- $X_1 :- (\text{Neg} : G \rightarrow S)$

$$G_1 : \{ <(\text{small}, ?, ?), (? , \text{blue}, ?), (? , ?, \text{triangle}) > \}$$

Twiste  
the  
opposite  
ones

$$S_1 : < \phi, \phi, \phi > \rightarrow \text{remains same}$$

It will  
be  
consistent  
as class is  
No

- $X_2 :- (\text{Neg} : G \rightarrow S)$

Hence  $(\text{small}, ?, ?)$  inconsistent

$$G_2 : < (\text{small}, \text{blue}, ?), (\text{small}, ?, \text{circle}),$$

Check  
each  
hyp of

consistent  
 $(?, \text{blue}, ?), (\text{big}, ?, \text{triangle}),$

$G_2$  if  
consistent

$$(&, \text{blue}, \text{triangle}) >$$

with  $X_2$   
write same  
else

$$S_2 : < \phi, \phi, \phi >$$

- $X_3 :- (\text{Positive} \rightarrow G \rightarrow S)$

$S_3 : (\text{small, red, circle})$

$G_3 : (\text{Small, ?, circle})$

[ $\because$  compare  $X_3$  with  $G_3$  and write the consistent ones]

- $X_4 :- (\text{Neg: } S \rightarrow G)$

consistent

$G_4 : (\text{Small, ?, circle})$

[ $\because$  compare  $G_4$  with  $X_4$  and write consistent same & non-consistent in sub-groups]

$S_4 : (\text{Small, Red, circle})$

↳ consistent ( $S_3$  with  $X_4$ )

So written same

- $X_5 :- (\text{pos: } G \rightarrow S)$

( $X_5$  not consistent with  $S_4$  so write?)

$S_5 : (\text{Small, ?, circle})$

$G_5 : (\text{Small, ?, circle}) \rightarrow G_3$  consistent to  $X_5$

$S = G : (\text{small, ?, circle})$

Ans



Question # 04

Consider the following :

	$X_1$	$X_2$	$X_1 \text{ OR } X_2$
1.	0	0	0
2.	0	1	1
3.	1	0	1

- (a) Find the Version Space for the given example using list-then-eliminate Algo.

$$X_1 \rightarrow 0, 0, 1$$

$$X_2 \rightarrow 0, 1, 0$$

- (b) Instance Space :  $\rightarrow$  2 classifications of each features!

$$2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ possibilities}$$

$$X = \{(0,0), (0,1), (1,0), (1,1)\}$$

- (c) Hypothesis Space :  $\rightarrow 4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ possibilities!}$

$$X_1 \rightarrow 0, 1, ?, \emptyset$$

$$X_2 \rightarrow 0, 1, ?, \emptyset$$

$$(0,0), (0,1), (0,?), (0,\emptyset)$$

$$(1,0), (1,1), (1,?), (1,\emptyset)$$

$$(\emptyset,0), (\emptyset,1), (\emptyset,?), (\emptyset,\emptyset)$$

$$(\emptyset,\emptyset), (1,1)$$

①

Version Space :-

$(0,0), (0,1), \dots, (0,?)$ ,  
 $(?,0), \dots, (1,1), (1,0), (1,?), (?,1)$ ,  
 $(?,?)$ ,  $(\phi, \phi)$

Now, training set given :-

$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_1 \text{ OR } x_2$
0	0	0 (neg)
0	1	1 (pos)
1	0	1 (pos)

So the Version Space consisting of all, consistent hypothesis will be Version Space

$\langle (?,?) \rangle$

Ans

②

Find the outcome of each hypothesis in Version Space for  $(1,1)$  input.

The outcome for the  $(1,1)$  can be both 0 or 1 as,

$(?,?)$  can accept any outcome

$? = 0 \text{ or } 1$